INFORMATION ON UNPUBLISHED DECISIONS

Judgment of the Court (Sixth Chamber) of 21 December 2011 — ACEA v Commission

(Case C-319/09 P)

(Appeal — State aid — Aid granted to public utilities — Tax exemptions — Decision declaring the aid scheme incompatible with the common market — Action for annulment — Admissibility — Locus standi — Legal interest — Article 87 EC — Concept of 'aid' — Article 88 EC — Concept of 'new aid' — Regulation (EC) No 659/1999 — Articles 1 and 14 — Lawfulness of a recovery order — Duty to state reasons)

- 1. Actions for annulment Natural or legal persons Measures of direct and individual concern to them Commission decision prohibiting a sectoral aid scheme Action brought by an undertaking having received individual aid granted under that scheme and that must be recovered Admissibility (Art. 230, fourth para., EC) (see paras 54-59)
- 2. Actions for annulment Legal interest in bringing proceedings Condition Action capable of procuring an advantage for the party bringing it Commission decision on the recovery of State aid (see paras 67-69)
- 3. Appeals Pleas in law Inadequate statement of reasons Reliance by the Court of First Instance on implied reasoning Whether permissible Conditions (Art. 225 EC; Statute of the Court of Justice, Arts 36 and 53, first para.) (see para. 82)
- 4. Appeals Pleas in law Mistaken assessment of the facts Inadmissibility Review by the Court of the assessment of the facts and evidence Possible only where the clear sense of the evidence has been distorted (Art. 225 EC; Statute of the Court of Justice, Art. 58, first para.) (see paras 114-116)
- 5. Appeals Pleas in law Plea directed against a ground of the judgment not necessary in order to support the operative part Plea in law ineffective (see para. 120)

Re:

Appeal brought against the judgment of the Court of First Instance (Eighth Chamber, Extended Composition) of 11 June 2009 in Case T-297/02 ACEA v Commission by which that court dismissed the action brought for annulment of Articles 2 and 3 of Commission Decision 2003/193/EC of 5 June 2002 on State aid granted by Italy in the form of tax exemptions and subsidised loans to public utilities with a majority public capital holding (OJ 2003 L 77, p. 21).

Operative part

The Court:

- 1. Dismisses the main appeal and the cross-appeal;
- 2. Orders ACEA SpA to pay the costs of the main appeal;
- 3. Orders the European Commission to pay the costs of the cross-appeal;
- 4. Orders Iride SpA to pay its own costs.

Judgment of the Court (Sixth Chamber) of 21 December 2011 — A2A, formerly AEM v Commission

(Case C-320/09 P)

(Appeal — State aid — Aid granted to public utilities — Tax exemptions — Decision declaring the aid scheme incompatible with the common market — Action for annulment — Admissibility — Locus standi — Legal interest in bringing proceedings — Article 87 EC — Concept of 'aid' — Article 88 EC — Concept of 'new aid' — Article 10 EC — Duty to cooperate in good faith — Regulation (EC) No 659/1999 — Articles 1 and 14 — Lawfulness of a recovery order — Principle of legal certainty — Duty to state reasons)