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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3578/90
of 11 December 1990
amending Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 fixing the conversion rates to be applied
in agriculture

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the conversion rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the agricultural conversion rates currently applicable were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3300/90 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas, in the case of Portugal, the first stage of the specific transitional arrangements for milk and milk products, beef and veal, cereals and rice, wine, pigmeat, poultry products and fresh fruit and vegetables, referred to

in Article 260 of the Act of Accession, ends on 31 December 1990; whereas an agricultural conversion rate corresponding to actual economic circumstances must be fixed for the products in question with effect from 1 January 1991, taking account of the rate applicable to other products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Annex X to Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 is hereby replaced by the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 December 1990.

For the Council

The President

V. SACCOMANDI

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 317, 16. 11. 1990, p. 23.

ANNEX X

PORTUGAL

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Esc ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Esc ...	Applicable from
Milk and milk products	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
Beef and veal	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
Sheepmeat and goatmeat	200,843	6. 1. 1991	208,676	7. 1. 1991
Sugar and isoglucose	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Cereals	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
Rice	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
Eggs, poultrymeat, ovalbumin and lactalbumin	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
Pigmeat ⁽¹⁾	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
Wine	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
Fishery products	200,843	31. 12. 1990	208,676	1. 1. 1991
Tobacco	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Seeds	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Olive oil	200,843	31. 10. 1990	208,676	1. 11. 1990
Oil seeds:				
— colza and rapeseed	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— sunflower and linseed	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— soya beans	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Dried fodder	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Field beans and peas and sweet lupins	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Grain legumes	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Flax and hemp	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Silkworms	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Cotton	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Fruit and vegetables:				
— cherries	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— cucumbers	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— tomatoes	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— aubergines	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— courgettes	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— cauliflowers	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— plums	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— apricots	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— peaches and nectarines	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— table grapes	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— pears	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— lemons	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— broad-leaved (Batavian) endives	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— cabbage lettuce	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— apples	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— nuts and locust beans	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— mandarins and satsumas	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— clementines	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— sweet oranges	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— artichokes	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991
— other fresh fruit and vegetables	—	—	208,676	1. 1. 1991

(¹) Subject to Article 6a of Regulation (EEC) No 1677/85.

Products	Agricultural conversion rates			
	ECU 1 = Esc ...	Applicable until	ECU 1 = Esc ...	Applicable from
Processed fruit and vegetables :				
— cherries preserved in syrup	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— tinned pineapples	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— processed lemons	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— processed oranges	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— tomatoes :				
— peeled, whether or not cooked, preserved by freezing	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— flakes	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— prepared or preserved	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— juices	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— peaches preserved in syrup	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— dried figs	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— Williams pears preserved in syrup	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— dried grapes	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— prunes derived from 'Prunes d'Ente'	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
— other processed fruit and vegetables	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
Amounts unrelated to price fixing	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990
All other products	206,902	10. 10. 1990	208,676	11. 10. 1990

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3579/90

of 12 December 1990

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1340/90⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1801/90⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 11 December 1990;

Whereas the aforesaid corrective factor affects the entire calculation basis for the levies, including the equivalence coefficients;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1801/90 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1990.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1990, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 167, 30. 6. 1990, p. 8.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 December 1990 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Levies	
	Portugal	Third country
0709 90 60	29,58	142,64 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
0712 90 19	29,58	142,64 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
1001 10 10	24,85	199,74 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
1001 10 90	24,85	199,74 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁵⁾
1001 90 91	29,99	167,45
1001 90 99	29,99	167,45
1002 00 00	55,10	156,16 ⁽⁶⁾
1003 00 10	46,40	149,84
1003 00 90	46,40	149,84
1004 00 10	38,04	145,90
1004 00 90	38,04	145,90
1005 10 90	29,58	142,64 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
1005 90 00	29,58	142,64 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
1007 00 90	46,40	146,39 ⁽⁴⁾
1008 10 00	46,40	64,22
1008 20 00	46,40	128,48 ⁽⁴⁾
1008 30 00	46,40	75,10 ⁽⁵⁾
1008 90 10	(7)	(7)
1008 90 90	46,40	75,10
1101 00 00	55,84	247,51
1102 10 00	90,99	233,30
1103 11 10	51,84	323,40
1103 11 90	59,40	266,40

- (¹) Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,60/tonne.
- (²) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 715/90 the levies are not applied to products imported directly into the French overseas departments, originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.
- (³) Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by ECU 1,81/tonne.
- (⁴) Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is applied in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 715/90.
- (⁵) Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,60/tonne.
- (⁶) The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 (OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10) and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71 (OJ No L 271, 10. 12. 1971, p. 22).
- (⁷) The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within CN code 1008 90 10 (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3580/90

of 12 December 1990

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1340/90⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1802/90⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 11 December 1990;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from Portugal shall be zero.

2. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1990.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1990, p. 1.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 167, 30. 6. 1990, p. 11.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 December 1990 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Current	1st period	2nd period	3rd period
	12	1	2	3
0709 90 60	0	0	0	0
0712 90 19	0	0	0	0
1001 10 10	0	0	0	0
1001 10 90	0	0	0	0
1001 90 91	0	24,62	24,62	23,05
1001 90 99	0	24,62	24,62	23,05
1002 00 00	0	0	0	0
1003 00 10	0	0	0	0
1003 00 90	0	0	0	0
1004 00 10	0	0	0	0
1004 00 90	0	0	0	0
1005 10 90	0	0	0	0
1005 90 00	0	0	0	0
1007 00 90	0	0	0	0
1008 10 00	0	0	0	0
1008 20 00	0	0	0	0
1008 30 00	0	0	0	0
1008 90 90	0	0	0	0
1101 00 00	0	34,48	34,48	32,27

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Current	1st period	2nd period	3rd period	4th period
	12	1	2	3	4
1107 10 11	0	43,82	43,82	41,03	41,03
1107 10 19	0	32,74	32,74	30,66	30,66
1107 10 91	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 99	0	0	0	0	0
1107 20 00	0	0	0	0	0

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3581/90
of 11 December 1990**

**re-establishing the levying of the customs duties applicable to the products of
CN code 2940 00 90 originating in China, to which the preferential tariff
arrangements of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3896/89 apply**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3896/89 of 18 December 1989 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1990 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 9 thereof,

Whereas, in pursuance of Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 3896/89, customs duties on certain products originating in each of the countries or territories listed in Annex III are totally suspended, and the products as such are, as a general rule, subject to statistical surveillance every three months on the reference base referred to in Article 8;

Whereas, as provided for in Article 8, where the increase of preferential imports of these products, originating in one or more beneficiary countries, threatens to cause economic difficulties in a region of the Community, the levying of customs duties may be re-established, once the Commission has had an appropriate exchange of information with the Member States; whereas for this purpose the reference base to be considered is equal, as a general rule, to 6% of the total importations into the Community, originating from third countries in 1987;

Whereas, in the case of the products of CN code 2940 00 90 originating in China, the reference base is fixed at ECU 688 000; whereas that reference base was reached on 10 July 1990 by charges of imports into the Community of the products in question originating in

China; whereas the exchange of information organized by the Commission has demonstrated that continuance of the preference threatens to cause economic difficulties in a region of the Community; whereas, therefore, customs duties for the products in question must be re-established with regard to China,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 16 December 1990, the levying of customs duties, suspended in pursuance of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3896/89, shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products, originating in China:

CN code	Description
2940 00	Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose, lactose, maltose, glucose and fructose; sugar ethers and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of heading No 2937, 2938 or 2939:
2940 00 90	— Other

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 December 1990.

For the Commission
Christiane SCRIVENER
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 383, 30. 12. 1989, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3582/90

of 12 December 1990

fixing for Great Britain the level of the variable slaughter premium for sheep and the amounts to be charged on products leaving region 1

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 of 25 September 1989 on the common organization of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 of 8 June 1984 laying down detailed rules for applying the variable slaughter premium for sheep and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 2661/80⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1075/89⁽³⁾, and in particular Articles 3 (1) and 4 (1) thereof,

Whereas the United Kingdom is the only country which grants the variable slaughter premium, in region 5, within the meaning of Article 22 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 whereas it is necessary therefore for the Commission to fix, for the week beginning 19 November 1990, the level of the premium and the amount to be charged on products leaving that region;

Whereas Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 stipulates that the level of the variable slaughter premium is to be fixed each week by the Commission;

Whereas Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 lays down that the amount to be charged on products leaving region 1 shall be fixed weekly by the Commission;

Whereas in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3618/89 of 1 December 1989 on the application of the guarantee limitation arrangements for sheepmeat and goatmeat⁽⁴⁾ the weekly amounts of the guide level are set out pursuant to Article 25 of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89;

Whereas, pursuant to the provisions of Article 24 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89, for the week beginning 19 November 1990, the variable slaughter premium

for sheep certified as eligible in the United Kingdom is to be in accordance with the amounts fixed in the Annexes hereto; whereas, for that week, in the light of the Judgment of the Court of Justice of 9 February 1988 in Case 61/86, the provisions of Article 9 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 and of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 lead to the amounts to be charged on products, leaving region 1, being fixed in accordance with those Annexes;

Whereas, as regards the controls necessary for the application of the provisions relating to the said amounts, the system of controls provided for by Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 should be maintained without prejudice to the preparation of any more specific provisions;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For sheep or sheepmeat certified as eligible in the United Kingdom in region 1, within the meaning of Article 22 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89, for the variable slaughter premium during the week beginning 19 November 1990, the level of the premium is fixed at ECU 76,298 per 100 kilograms of estimated or actual dressed carcase weight within the limits laid down by Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84.

Article 2

For products referred to in Article 1 (a) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 which left the territory of region 1 during the week beginning 19 November 1990, the amounts to be charged shall be equivalent to those fixed in the Annexes hereto.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 19 November 1990.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 289, 7. 10. 1989, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 154, 9. 6. 1984, p. 27.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 114, 27. 4. 1989, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 351, 2. 12. 1989, p. 18.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1990.

For the Commission
Ray MAC SHARRY
Member of the Commission

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 December 1990 fixing for Great Britain the level of the variable slaughter premium for sheep and the amounts to be charged on products leaving region 1

(ECU/100 kg)

CN code	Amounts	
	A. Products qualifying for the premium specified in Article 24 of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89	B. Products specified in Article 4 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 ⁽¹⁾
	Live weight	Live weight
0104 10 90	35,860	0
0104 20 90		0
	Net weight	Net weight
0204 10 00	76,298	0
0204 21 00	76,298	0
0204 50 11		0
0204 22 10	53,409	
0204 22 30	83,928	
0204 22 50	99,187	
0204 22 90	99,187	
0204 23 00	138,862	
0204 30 00	57,224	
0204 41 00	57,224	
0204 42 10	40,057	
0204 42 30	62,946	
0204 42 50	74,391	
0204 42 90	74,391	
0204 43 00	104,148	
0204 50 13		0
0204 50 15		0
0204 50 19		0
0204 50 31		0
0204 50 39		0
0204 50 51		0
0204 50 53		0
0204 50 55		0
0204 50 59		0
0204 50 71		0
0204 50 79		0
0210 90 11	99,187	
0210 90 19	138,862	
1602 90 71 :		
— unboned (bone-in)	99,187	
— boned or boneless	138,862	

⁽¹⁾ Eligibility for these reduced amounts is subject to compliance with the conditions laid down in the second subparagraph of Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3583/90
of 12 December 1990

fixing the maximum export refund for white sugar for the 33rd partial invitation to tender issued within the framework of the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 983/90

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1069/89⁽²⁾, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 19 (4) (b) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 983/90 of 19 April 1990 on a standing invitation to tender to determine levies and/or refunds on exports of white sugar⁽³⁾ requires partial invitations to tender to be issued for the export of this sugar;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 9 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 983/90, a maximum export refund shall be fixed, as the case may be, account being taken in particular of the state and foreseeable development of the Community and world markets in sugar, for the partial invitation to tender in question;

Whereas, following an examination of the tenders submitted in response to the 33rd partial invitation to tender, the provisions set out in Article 1 should be adopted;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 33rd partial invitation to tender for white sugar issued pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 983/90 the maximum amount of the export refund is fixed at ECU 40,759 per 100 kilograms.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1990.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 114, 27. 4. 1989, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 100, 20. 4. 1990, p. 9.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3584/90

of 12 December 1990

altering the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1069/89 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 19 (4) thereof,

Whereas the refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3513/90 ⁽³⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 3513/90 to the information known to the Commission that the export refunds

at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81, undenatured and exported in the natural state, as fixed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3513/90 are hereby altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1990.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 114, 27. 4. 1989, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 340, 6. 12. 1990, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 December 1990 altering the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state

(ECU)

Product code	Amount of refund	
	per 100 kg	per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question
1701 11 90 100	34,77 ⁽¹⁾	
1701 11 90 910	34,66 ⁽¹⁾	
1701 11 90 950	⁽²⁾	
1701 12 90 100	34,77 ⁽¹⁾	
1701 12 90 910	34,66 ⁽¹⁾	
1701 12 90 950	⁽²⁾	
1701 91 00 000		0,3780
1701 99 10 100	37,80	
1701 99 10 910	38,15	
1701 99 10 950	38,15	
1701 99 90 100		0,3780

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the refund applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68.

⁽²⁾ Fixing suspended by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2689/85 (OJ No L 255, 26. 9. 1985, p. 12), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3251/85 (OJ No L 309, 21. 11. 1985, p. 14).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3585/90
of 12 December 1990
fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
 Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3499/90⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 of 11 June 1985 fixing the conversion rates to be applied in agriculture⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3578/90⁽⁴⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza, rape and sunflower seed⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2206/90⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2828/90⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3520/90⁽⁸⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2828/90 to the infor-

mation known to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered to the amount set out in the Annexes hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The amount of the subsidy and the exchange rate referred to in Article 33 (2) and (3) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2681/83⁽⁹⁾ are as set out in the Annexes hereto.

2. The amount of the compensatory aid referred to in Article 14 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 475/86⁽¹⁰⁾ is as set out in Annex III for sunflower seed harvested in Spain.

3. The amount of the special subsidy provided for by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1920/87⁽¹¹⁾, for sunflower seed harvested and processed in Portugal is as set out in Annex III.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1990.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1990.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 338, 5. 12. 1990, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11.

⁽⁴⁾ See page 1 of this Official Journal.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 11.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 268, 29. 9. 1990, p. 76.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 340, 6. 12. 1990, p. 20.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 266, 28. 9. 1983, p. 1.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 53, 1. 3. 1986, p. 47.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 183, 3. 7. 1987, p. 18.

ANNEX I

Aids to colza and rape seed other than 'double zero'

(amounts per 100 kg)

	Current 12	1st period 1	2nd period 2	3rd period 3	4th period 4	5th period 5
1. Gross aids (ECU):						
— Spain	0,000	0,000	0,000	0,000	0,000	0,000
— Portugal	0,000	28,135	28,101	28,379	28,657	28,492
— Other Member States	21,768	21,165	21,131	21,409	21,687	21,522
2. Final aids:						
(a) Seed harvested and processed in:						
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	51,25	49,83	49,75	50,40	51,06	50,71
— Netherlands (Fl)	57,74	56,14	56,05	56,79	57,53	57,13
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	1 056,97	1 027,69	1 026,04	1 039,54	1 053,04	1 045,04
— France (FF)	171,87	167,11	166,84	169,04	171,23	169,93
— Denmark (Dkr)	195,47	190,06	189,75	192,25	194,75	193,27
— Ireland (£ Irl)	19,129	18,599	18,569	18,814	19,058	18,913
— United Kingdom (£)	16,582	16,084	16,048	16,253	16,471	16,295
— Italy (Lit)	38 343	37 281	37 221	37 711	38 201	37 855
— Greece (Dr)	4 643,85	4 482,18	4 436,47	4 466,37	4 529,20	4 383,24
(b) Seed harvested in Spain and processed:						
— in Spain (Pta)	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
— in another Member State (Pta)	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
(c) Seed harvested in Portugal and processed:						
— in Portugal (Esc)	0,00	5 878,21	5 866,77	5 912,92	5 970,96	5 905,85
— in another Member State (Esc)	6 003,52	5 878,21	5 866,77	5 912,92	5 970,96	5 905,85

ANNEX II

Aids to colza and rape seed 'double zero'

(amounts per 100 kg)

	Current 12	1st period 1	2nd period 2	3rd period 3	4th period 4	5th period 5
1. Gross aids (ECU):						
— Spain	0,000	1,475	1,441	1,719	1,997	1,832
— Portugal	1,030	30,635	30,601	30,879	31,157	30,992
— Other Member States	24,268	23,665	23,631	23,909	24,187	24,022
2. Final aids:						
(a) Seed harvested and processed in:						
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	57,13	55,71	55,63	56,29	56,94	56,59
— Netherlands (Fl)	64,37	62,77	62,68	63,42	64,16	63,76
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	1 178,36	1 149,08	1 147,43	1 160,93	1 174,43	1 166,43
— France (FF)	191,61	186,85	186,58	188,78	190,97	189,67
— Denmark (Dkr)	217,92	212,51	212,20	214,70	217,20	215,71
— Ireland (£ Irl)	21,326	20,796	20,766	21,011	21,255	21,110
— United Kingdom (£)	18,531	18,033	17,997	18,202	18,420	18,244
— Italy (Lit)	42 747	41 685	41 625	42 115	42 604	42 259
— Greece (Dr)	5 201,11	5 039,44	4 993,73	5 023,64	5 086,46	4 940,50
(b) Seed harvested in Spain and processed:						
— in Spain (Pta)	0,00	276,48	269,42	305,17	347,58	302,39
— in another Member State (Pta)	365,89	276,48	269,42	305,17	347,58	302,39
(c) Seed harvested in Portugal and processed:						
— in Portugal (Esc)	214,94	6 399,90	6 388,46	6 434,61	6 492,65	6 427,54
— in another Member State (Esc)	6 525,21	6 399,90	6 388,46	6 434,61	6 492,65	6 427,54

ANNEX III

Aids to sunflower seed

(amounts per 100 kg)

	Current 12	1st period 1	2nd period 2	3rd period 3	4th period 4
1. Gross aids (ECU):					
— Spain	8,600	29,530	28,992	29,323	29,654
— Portugal	0,000	38,457	37,935	38,266	38,597
— Other Member States	26,203	26,217	25,695	26,026	26,357
2. Final aids:					
(a) Seed harvested and processed in ⁽¹⁾ :					
— Federal Republic of Germany (DM)	61,69	61,72	60,49	61,27	62,05
— Netherlands (Fl)	69,51	69,54	68,16	69,04	69,91
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	1 272,32	1 273,00	1 247,65	1 263,73	1 279,80
— France (FF)	206,89	207,00	202,88	205,49	208,11
— Denmark (Dkr)	235,30	235,43	230,74	233,71	236,68
— Ireland (£ Irl)	23,027	23,039	22,580	22,871	23,162
— United Kingdom (£)	19,952	19,954	19,520	19,763	20,023
— Italy (Lit)	46 155	46 180	45 260	45 843	46 427
— Greece (Dr)	5 585,41	5 569,36	5 398,19	5 433,38	5 508,18
(b) Seed harvested in Spain and processed:					
— in Spain (Pta)	1 314,91	4 563,03	4 480,81	4 524,79	4 575,28
— in another Member State (Pta)	4 617,88	4 620,92	4 541,14	4 585,29	4 635,78
(c) Seed harvested in Portugal and processed:					
— in Portugal (Esc)	0,00	8 033,01	7 919,34	7 974,63	8 043,74
— in Spain (Esc)	8 209,35	8 212,51	8 096,30	8 152,83	8 223,48
— in another Member State (Esc)	8 029,92	8 033,01	7 919,34	7 974,63	8 043,74
3. Compensatory aids:					
— in Spain (Pta)	4 589,78	—	—	—	—
4. Special aid:					
— in Portugal (Esc)	8 029,92	—	—	—	—

(¹) For seed harvested in the Community as constituted at 31 December 1985 and processed in Spain, the amounts shown in 2 (a) to be multiplied by 1,0223450.

ANNEX IV

Exchange rate of the ecu to be used for converting final aids into the currency of the processing country when the latter is a country other than the country of production

(value of ECU 1)

	Current 12	1st period 1	2nd period 2	3rd period 3	4th period 4	5th period 5
DM	2,042730	2,040240	2,037810	2,035720	2,035720	2,029880
Fl	2,305750	2,302950	2,300350	2,297960	2,297960	2,291490
Bfrs/Lfrs	42,318900	42,272000	42,231700	42,194599	42,194599	42,106300
FF	6,931370	6,926180	6,923240	6,921590	6,921590	6,915780
Dkr	7,864610	7,861020	7,859990	7,858350	7,858350	7,855960
£Irl	0,767392	0,767676	0,767199	0,767298	0,767298	0,767365
£	0,709395	0,711363	0,712879	0,713881	0,713881	0,716199
Lit	1 540,41	1 542,55	1 544,39	1 546,08	1 546,08	1 551,72
Dr	211,97400	213,96100	216,39700	218,83000	218,83000	225,99500
Esc	180,59500	181,11200	181,82400	182,68400	182,68400	184,82100
Pta	130,61700	131,03000	131,42000	131,78100	131,78100	132,89900

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DECISION

of 3 December 1990

authorizing the Federal Republic of Germany to grant an exemption from Articles 14 and 15 of the Sixth Directive 77/388/EEC on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to turnover taxes for Soviet armed forces stationed on the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany

(90/640/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Sixth Council Directive 77/388/EEC of 17 May 1977 on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to turnover taxes — Common system of value-added tax : uniform basis of assessment ⁽¹⁾, hereafter referred to as the 'Sixth Directive', as last amended by the Eighteenth Directive 89/465/EEC ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 30 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Federal Republic of Germany has requested a derogation from Articles 14 and 15 of the Sixth Directive resulting from an obligation in the context of the Treaty between the Federal Republic of Germany and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the conditions under which Soviet armed forces are to stay for a limited period in the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany and on the arrangements for their planned withdrawal from that territory;

Whereas the background to and the prospects for the above Treaty justify such a derogation;

Whereas in the light of recent political changes an equal VAT treatment for the armed forces stationed on the territory of the old Länder of the Federal Republic of

Germany and referred to in Article 14 (1) (g) third indent and in Article 15 (10) third indent of the Sixth Directive and the Soviet armed forces stationed on the territory of the new Länder of the Federal Republic of Germany is justified,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION :

Article 1

By way of derogation from Article 14 (1) (g) third indent and Article 15 (10) third indent of the Sixth Directive, the Federal Republic of Germany is hereby authorized to exempt, with refund of the tax paid at the preceding stage, the following transactions :

- imports of equipment of the Soviet armed forces as well as import of proper quantities of food, supply goods and other goods to be used by the Soviet armed forces, their members or the families of these members;
- supplies of goods and services to the Soviet armed forces ordered by an official procurement office of the Soviet army to be used or consumed by the Soviet armed forces, their members or the families of these members.

Article 2

The Federal Republic of Germany shall adopt such provisions as are necessary to prevent any fraud resulting from the transactions referred to in Article 1.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 145, 13. 6. 1977, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 226, 3. 8. 1989, p. 21.

Article 3

Done at Brussels, 3 December 1990.

This Decision is addressed to the Federal Republic of Germany.

This Decision shall apply from 3 October 1990. It shall expire on the date of the definitive departure of the Soviet armed forces from the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany.

For the Council

The President

G. CARLI

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE

of 4 December 1990

on the operational protection of outside workers exposed to the risk of ionizing radiation during their activities in controlled areas

(90/641/Euratom)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Articles 31 and 32 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission, submitted following consultation with a group of persons appointed by the Scientific and Technical Committee from among scientific experts in the Member States, as laid down in Article 31 of the Treaty,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽²⁾,

Whereas, Article 2 (b) of the Treaty provides that the Community shall establish uniform safety standards to protect the health of workers and of the general public and ensure that they are applied in accordance with the procedures laid down in Chapter III of Title II of the Treaty;

Whereas, on 2 February 1959, the Council adopted Directives laying down the basic standards for the protection of the health of workers and of the general public against the dangers arising from ionizing radiations ⁽³⁾, as amended by Directives 80/836/Euratom ⁽⁴⁾ and 84/467/Euratom ⁽⁵⁾;

Whereas Title VI of Directive 80/836/Euratom lays down the fundamental principles governing operational protection of exposed workers;

Whereas Article 40 (1) of that Directive provides that each Member State shall take all necessary measures to ensure the effective protection of exposed workers;

Whereas Article 20 and 23 of that Directive establish a classification of areas of work and categories of exposed workers according to the level of exposure;

Whereas the workers performing activities in a controlled area within the meaning of the said Articles 20 and 23 can belong to the personnel of the operator or be outside workers;

Whereas Article 3 of Directive 80/836/Euratom concerning the activities referred to in Article 2 of that Directive provides that they should be reported or subject to

prior authorization in cases decided upon by each Member State;

Whereas outside workers are liable to be exposed to ionizing radiation in several controlled areas in succession in one and the same Member State or in different Member States; whereas these specific working conditions require an appropriate radiological monitoring system;

Whereas any radiological monitoring system for outside workers must provide protection equivalent to that offered the operator's established workers, by means of common provisions;

Whereas, pending the introduction of a uniform Community-wide system, account should also be taken of the radiological monitoring systems for outside workers which may exist in the Member States;

Whereas, to optimize the protection of outside workers, it is necessary to define clearly the obligations of outside undertakings and operators, without prejudice to the contribution that outside workers themselves have to make to their own protection;

Whereas the system for the radiological protection of outside workers also applies as far as practicable to the case of a self-employed worker with the status of outside undertaking,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

TITLE I

Purpose and definitions*Article 1*

The purpose of this Directive is to supplement Directive 80/836/Euratom thereby optimizing at Community level operational protection arrangements for outside workers performing activities in controlled areas.

Article 2

For the purposes of this Directive:

— 'controlled area' means any area subject to special rules for the purposes of protection against ionizing radiation and to which access is controlled, as specified in Article 20 of Directive 80/836/Euratom;

⁽¹⁾ Opinion delivered on 11 October 1990 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 56, 7. 3. 1990, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 11, 20. 2. 1959, p. 221/59.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 246, 17. 9. 1980, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 265, 5. 10. 1984, p. 4.

- 'operator' means any natural or legal person who under national law, is responsible for a controlled area in which an activity required to be reported under Article 3 of Directive 80/836/Euratom is carried on ;
- 'outside undertaking' means any natural or legal person, other than the operator, including members of his staff, performing an activity of any sort in a controlled area ;
- 'outside worker' means any worker of category A, as defined in Article 23 of Directive 80/836/Euratom, performing activities of any sort in a controlled area, whether employed temporarily or permanently by an outside undertaking, including trainees, apprentices and students within the meaning of Article 10 of that Directive, or whether he provides services as a self-employed worker ;
- 'radiological monitoring system' means measures to apply the arrangements set out in Directive 80/836/Euratom, and in particular in Title VI thereof, during the activities of outside workers.
- 'activities carried out by a worker' means any service or services provided by an outside worker in a controlled area for which an operator is responsible.

TITLE II

Obligations of Member States' competent authorities

Article 3

Each Member State shall make the performance of the activities referred to in Article 2 of Directive 80/836/Euratom by outside undertakings subject to reporting or prior authorization as laid down in accordance with Title II of the aforementioned Directive, in particular Article 3 thereof.

Article 4

1. Each Member State shall ensure that the radiological monitoring system affords outside workers equivalent protection to that for workers employed on a permanent basis by the operator.

2. Pending the establishment, at Community level, of a uniform system for the radiological protection of outside workers, such as a computer network, recourse shall be had :

- (a) on a transitional basis, in accordance with the common provisions set out in Annex I, to
 - a centralized national network, or
 - the issuing of an individual radiological monitoring document to every outside worker, in which

case the common provisions of Annex II shall also apply ;

- (b) in the case of cross-frontier outside workers, and until the date of establishment of a system within the meaning of paragraph 2, to the individual document referred to in (a).

TITLE III

Obligations of outside undertakings and operators

Article 5

Outside undertakings shall, either directly or through contractual agreements with the operators, ensure the radiological protection of their workers in accordance with the relevant provisions of Titles III to VI of Directive 80/836/Euratom, and in particular :

- (a) ensure compliance with the general principles and the limitation of doses referred to in Articles 6 to 11 thereof ;
- (b) provide the information and training in the field of radiation protection referred to in Article 24 thereof ;
- (c) guarantee that their workers are subject to assessment of exposure and medical surveillance under the conditions laid down in Articles 26 and 28 to 38 thereof ;
- (d) ensure that the radiological data of the individual exposure monitoring of each of their workers within the meaning of Annex I, part II to this Directive are kept up to date in the networks and individual documents referred to in Article 4 (2).

Article 6

1. The operator of a controlled area in which outside workers perform activities shall be responsible, either directly or through contractual agreements, for the operational aspects of their radiological protection which are directly related to the nature of the controlled area and of the activities.

2. In particular, for each outside worker performing activities in a controlled area, the operator must :

- (a) check that the worker concerned has been passed as medically fit for the activities to be assigned to him ;
- (b) ensure that, in addition to the basic training in radiation protection referred to in Article 5 (1) (b), he has received specific training in connection with the characteristics of both the controlled area and the activities ;
- (c) ensure that he has been issued with the necessary personal protective equipment ;
- (d) also ensure that he receives individual exposure monitoring appropriate to the nature of the activities, and any operational dosimetric monitoring that may be necessary ;

- (e) ensure compliance with the general principles and limitation of doses referred to in Articles 6 to 11 of Directive 80/836/Euratom ;
- (f) ensure or take all appropriate steps to ensure that after every activity the radiological data of individual exposure monitoring of each outside worker within the meaning of Annex I, Part III, are recorded.

TITLE IV

Obligations of outside workers

Article 7

Every outside worker shall be obliged to make his own contribution as far as practicable towards the protection that the radiological monitoring system referred to in Article 4 is intended to afford him.

TITLE V

Final provisions

Article 8

1. Member States shall bring into force not later than 31 December 1993, the laws, regulations and administra-

tive provisions necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof.

2. When Member States adopt the measures referred to in paragraph 1, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or shall be accompanied by such reference on the occasion of their official publication. The methods of making such a reference shall be laid down by the Member States.

3. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the main provisions of domestic law which they adopt in the field governed by this Directive.

Article 9

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 December 1990.

For the Council

The President

G. DE MICHELIS

*ANNEX I***PROVISIONS COMMON TO THE NETWORKS AND INDIVIDUAL DOCUMENTS
REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 4 (2)****PART I**

1. Any radiological monitoring system of the Member States for outside workers must comprise the following three sections:
 - particulars concerning the outside workers' identity;
 - particulars to be supplied before the start of any activity;
 - particulars to be supplied after the end of any activity.
2. The competent authorities of the Member States shall take the measures necessary to prevent any forgery or misuse of, or illegal tampering with, the radiological monitoring system.
3. Data on the outside worker's identity must also include the worker's sex and date of birth.

PART II

Before the start of any activity, the data to be supplied via the radiological monitoring system to the operator or his approved medical practitioner by the outside undertaking or an authority empowered to that end must be as follows:

- the name and address of the outside undertaking;
- the medical classification of the outside worker in accordance with Article 35 of Directive 80/836/Euratom;
- the date of the last periodic health review;
- the results of the outside worker's individual exposure monitoring.

PART III

The data which the operator must record or have recorded by the authority empowered to that end in the radiological monitoring system after the end of any activity must be as follows:

- the period covered by the activity;
 - an estimate of any effective dose received by the outside worker;
 - in the event of non-uniform exposure, an estimate of the dose-equivalent in the different parts of the body;
 - in the event of internal contamination, an estimate of the activity taken in or the committed dose.
-

*ANNEX II***PROVISIONS ADDITIONAL TO THOSE OF ANNEX I CONCERNING THE INDIVIDUAL
RADIOLOGICAL MONITORING DOCUMENT**

1. The individual radiological monitoring document issued by the Member States' competent authorities for outside workers shall be a non-transferable document.
 2. Pursuant to Annex I, Part I (2), individual documents shall be issued by the Member States' competent authorities, which shall give each individual document an identification number.
-

CORRIGENDA

Corrigendum to Commission Directive 90/128/EEC of 23 February 1990 relating to plastics materials and articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 75 of 21 March 1990)

On page 19 et seq., the text of the Directive is hereby replaced by the following:

'COMMISSION DIRECTIVE

of 23 February 1990

relating to plastics materials and articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs

(90/128/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 89/109/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to materials and articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Directive 89/109/EEC lays down that materials and articles, in their finished state, must not transfer their constituents to foodstuffs in quantities which could endanger human health or bring about an unacceptable change in the composition of the foodstuffs;

Whereas, in order to achieve this objective in the case of plastics materials and articles, a suitable instrument is a specific Directive within the meaning of Article 3 of Directive 89/109/EEC, the general provisions of which are also applicable to the case in question;

Whereas the scope of this Directive must coincide with that of Council Directive 82/711/EEC⁽²⁾;

Whereas since the rules established in this Directive are not suitable for ion-exchange resins, these materials and articles will be covered by a subsequent specific Directive;

Whereas the establishment of a list of approved substances accompanied by a limit on overall migration and, where necessary, by other specific restrictions will be sufficient to achieve the objective laid down in Article 2 of Directive 89/109/EEC;

Whereas the stage reached in the work at Community level does not yet permit adoption of a complete list of the authorized substances applicable to all types of plastics materials and articles and therefore the substances which are currently used in at least one Member State can continue to be used pending a decision on inclusion in the Community list; whereas this Directive will accordingly be extended in due course to the substances and sectors provisionally excluded;

Whereas the overall migration limit is a measure of the inertness of the material and prevents an unacceptable change in the composition of the foodstuffs, and, moreover, reduces the need for a large number of specific migration limits or other restrictions, thus giving effective control;

Whereas Directive 82/711/EEC lays down the basic rules necessary for testing migration of the constituents of plastics materials and articles and Council Directive 85/572/EEC⁽³⁾ establishes the list of simulants to be used in the migration tests;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 40, 11. 2. 1989, p. 38.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 297, 23. 10. 1982, p. 26.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 372, 31. 12. 1985, p. 14.

Whereas Council Directive 78/142/EEC⁽¹⁾ lays down limits for the quantity of vinyl chloride present in plastics materials and articles prepared with this substance and for the quantity of vinyl chloride released by these materials and articles, and Commission Directives 80/766/EEC⁽²⁾ and 81/432/EEC⁽³⁾ establish the Community methods of analysis for controlling these limits;

Whereas Commission Directive 80/590/EEC⁽⁴⁾ determines the symbol that may accompany any material and article intended to come into contact with foodstuffs;

Whereas in view of potential liability, there is a need for the written declaration provided for in Article 6 (5) of Directive 89/109/EEC whenever professional use is made of plastics materials and articles which are not by their nature clearly intended for food use;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 of Directive 89/109/EEC, the Scientific Committee for Food has been consulted on the provisions liable to affect public health;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Directive are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Foodstuffs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

1. This Directive is a specific Directive within the meaning of Article 3 of Directive 89/109/EEC.

2. This Directive shall apply to plastics materials and articles and parts thereof:

- (a) consisting exclusively of plastics; or
- (b) composed of two or more layers of materials, each consisting exclusively of plastics, which are bound together by means of adhesives or by any other means,

which, in the finished product state, are intended to come into contact or are brought into contact with foodstuffs and are intended for that purpose.

3. For the purposes of this Directive, 'plastics' shall mean the organic macromolecular compounds obtained by polymerization, polycondensation, polyaddition or any other similar process from molecules with a lower molecular weight or by chemical alteration of natural macromolecules. Silicones and other similar macromolecular compounds shall also be regarded as plastics. Other substances or matter may be added to such macromolecular compounds.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 44, 15. 2. 1978, p. 15.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 213, 16. 8. 1980, p. 42.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 167, 24. 6. 1981, p. 6.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 151, 19. 6. 1980, p. 21.

However, the following shall not be regarded as 'plastics':

- (i) varnished or unvarnished regenerated cellulose film, covered by Council Directive 83/229/EEC⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Directive 86/388/EEC⁽⁶⁾;
- (ii) elastomers and natural and synthetic rubber;
- (iii) paper and paperboard, whether modified or not by the addition of plastics;
- (iv) surface coatings obtained from:
 - paraffin waxes, including synthetic paraffin waxes, and/or micro-crystalline waxes,
 - mixtures of the waxes listed in the first indent with each other and/or with plastics;
- (v) ion-exchange resins.

4. This Directive shall not apply, until further action by the Commission, to materials and articles composed of two or more layers, one or more of which does not consist exclusively of plastics, even if the one intended to come into direct contact with foodstuffs does consist exclusively of plastics.

Article 2

Plastics materials and articles shall not transfer their constituents to foodstuffs in quantities exceeding 10 milligrams per square decimetre of surface area of material or article (mg/dm²) (overall migration limit). However, this limit shall be 60 milligrams of the constituents released per kilogram of foodstuff (mg/kg) in the following cases:

- (a) articles which are containers or are comparable to containers or which can be filled, with a capacity of not less than 500 millilitres (ml) and not more than 10 litres (l);
- (b) articles which can be filled and for which it is impracticable to estimate the surface area in contact with foodstuffs;
- (c) caps, gaskets, stoppers or similar devices for sealing.

Article 3

1. Only those monomers and other starting substances listed in Annex II, Sections A and B may be used for the manufacture of plastics materials and articles subject to the restrictions specified.

2. From the date of notification of this Directive, the list in Annex II, Section A may be amended:

- either by adding substances listed in Annex II, Section B, according to the criteria in Annex II of Directive 89/109/EEC, or
- by including 'new substances', i.e. substances which are listed neither in Section A nor in Section B of Annex II, according to Article 3 of Directive 89/109/EEC.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 123, 11. 5. 1983, p. 31.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 228, 14. 8. 1986, p. 32.

3. From the date of notification of this Directive no Member State shall authorize any new substance for use within its territory except under the procedure in Article 4 of Directive 89/109/EEC.

4. As from 1 January 1993, only those monomers and other starting substances listed in Annex II, Section A shall be used for the manufacture of plastics materials and articles, subject to the restrictions specified therein. However, before 1 January 1992 it may be decided that, in some justified cases, for certain substances listed in Annex II, Section B, this time limit will be postponed.

5. However the lists appearing in Annex II, Sections A and B do not yet include monomers and other starting substances used only in the manufacture of:

- surface coatings obtained from resinous or polymerized products in liquid, powder or dispersion form, such as varnishes, lacquers, paints, etc.,
- silicones,
- epoxy resins,
- products obtained by means of bacterial fermentation,
- adhesives and adhesion promoters,
- printing inks.

Article 4

The specific migration limits in the list set out in Annex II are expressed in mg/kg. However, such limits are expressed in mg/dm² in the following cases:

- (a) articles which are containers or are comparable to containers or which can be filled, with a capacity of less than 500 ml or more than 10 l;
- (b) sheet, film or other materials which cannot be filled or for which it is impracticable to estimate the relationship between the surface area of such materials and the quantity of foodstuff in contact therewith.

In these cases, the limits set out in Annex II, expressed in mg/kg shall be divided by the conventional conversion factor of 6 in order to express them in mg/dm².

Article 5

1. Verification of compliance with the migration limits shall be carried out in accordance with the rules laid

down in Directives 82/711/EEC and 85/572/EEC and the further provisions set out in Annex I.

2. The verification of compliance with the specific migration limits provided for in paragraph 1 shall not be compulsory, if it can be established that compliance with the overall migration limit laid down in Article 2 implies that the specific migration limits are not exceeded.

Article 6

1. At the marketing stages other than the retail stages, the plastics materials and articles which are intended to be placed in contact with foodstuffs shall be accompanied by a written declaration in accordance with Article 6 (5) of Directive 89/109/EEC.

2. Paragraph 1 does not apply to plastics materials and articles which by their nature are clearly intended to come into contact with foodstuffs.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive not later than 31 December 1990. They shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof.

2. Member States shall:

- permit the trade in and use of plastics materials and articles complying with this Directive before 1 January 1991,
- prohibit trade in and use of plastics materials and articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs and which do not comply with this Directive as from 1 January 1993.

Article 8

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 February 1990.

For the Commission

Martin BANGEMANN

Vice-President

ANNEX I

FURTHER PROVISIONS APPLICABLE WHEN CHECKING COMPLIANCE WITH THE
MIGRATION LIMITS

General provisions

1. When comparing the results of the migration tests specified in the Annex to Directive 82/711/EEC, the specific gravity of all the simulants should conventionally be assumed to be 1. Milligrams of substance(s) released per litre of simulant (mg/l) will thus correspond numerically to milligrams of substance(s) released per kilogram of simulant and, taking into account the provisions laid down in Directive 85/572/EEC, to milligrams of substance(s) released per kilogram of foodstuff.
2. Where the migration tests are carried out on samples taken from the material or article or on samples manufactured for the purpose, and the quantities of foodstuff or simulant placed in contact with the sample differ from those employed in the actual conditions under which the material or article is used, the results obtained should be corrected by applying the following formula :

$$M = \frac{m \cdot a_2}{a_1 \cdot q} \cdot 1\,000$$

Where :

- M is the migration in mg/kg ;
 m is the mass in mg of substance released by the sample as determined by the migration test ;
 a₁ is the surface area in dm² of the sample in contact with the foodstuff or simulant during the migration test ;
 a₂ is the surface area in dm² of the material or article in real conditions of use ;
 q is the quantity in grams of foodstuff in contact with the material or article in real conditions of use.
3. The determination of migration is carried out on the material or article or, if that is impracticable, using either specimens taken from the material or article or, where appropriate, specimens representative of this material or article.

The sample shall be placed in contact with the foodstuff or simulant in a manner representing the contact conditions in actual use. For this purpose, the test shall be performed in such a way that only those parts of the sample intended to come into contact with foodstuffs in actual use will be in contact with the foodstuff or simulant. This condition is particularly important in the case of materials and articles comprising several layers, for closures, etc.

The migration testing of caps, gaskets, stoppers or similar devices for sealing must be carried out on these articles by applying them to the containers for which they are intended in a manner which corresponds to the conditions of closing in normal or foreseeable use.

It shall in all cases be permissible to demonstrate compliance with migration limits by the use of a more severe test.

4. In accordance with the provisions set out in Article 5 of the present Directive, the sample of the material or article is placed in contact with the foodstuff or appropriate simulant for a period and at a temperature which are chosen by reference to the contact conditions in actual use, in accordance with the rules laid down in Directives 82/711/EEC and 85/572/EEC. At the end of the prescribed time, the analytical determination of the total quantity of substances (overall migration) and/or the specific quantity of one or more substances (specific migration) released by the sample is carried out on the foodstuff or simulant.
5. Where a material or article is intended to come into repeated contact with foodstuffs, the migration test(s) shall be carried out three times on a single sample in accordance with the conditions laid down in Directive 82/711/EEC using another sample of the food or simulant(s) on each occasion. Its compliance shall be checked on the basis of the level of the migration found in the third test. However, if there is conclusive proof that the level of the migration does not increase in the second and third tests and if the migration limit(s) is (are) not exceeded on the first test, no further test is necessary.

Special provisions relating to overall migration

6. If the aqueous simulants specified in Directives 82/711/EEC and 85/572/EEC are used, the analytical determination of the total quantity of substances released by the sample may be carried out by evaporation of the simulant and weighing of the residue.

If rectified olive oil or any of its substitutes is used, the procedure given below may be followed.

The sample of the material or article is weighed before and after contact with the simulant. The simulant absorbed by the sample is extracted and determined quantitatively. The quantity of simulant found is subtracted from the weight of the sample measured after contact with the simulant. The difference between the initial and corrected final weights represents the overall migration of the sample examined.

Where a material or article is intended to come into repeated contact with foodstuffs and it is technically impossible to carry out the test described in paragraph 5, modifications to that test are acceptable, provided that they enable the level of migration occurring during the third test to be determined. One of these possible modifications is described below.

The test is carried out on three identical samples of the material or article. One of these shall be subjected to the appropriate test and the overall migration determined (M_1). The second and third samples shall be subjected to the same conditions of temperature but the period of contact shall be two and three times that specified and overall migration determined in each case (M_2 and M_3 , respectively).

The material or article shall be deemed to be in compliance provided that either M_1 or $M_3 - M_2$ do not exceed the overall migration limit.

7. A material or article that exceeds the overall migration limit by an amount not greater than the analytical tolerance mentioned below should therefore be deemed to be in compliance with this Directive.

The following analytical tolerances have been observed:

- 20 mg/kg or 3 mg/dm² in migration tests using rectified olive oil or substitutes,
- 6 mg/kg or 1 mg/dm² in migration tests using the other simulants referred to in Directives 82/711/EEC and 85/572/EEC.

8. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 3 (2) of Directive 82/711/EEC, migration tests using rectified olive oil or substitutes shall not be carried out to check compliance with the overall migration limit in cases where there is conclusive proof that the specified analytical method is inadequate from a technical standpoint.

In any such case, for substances exempt from specific migration limits or other restrictions in the list provided in Annex II, a generic specific migration limit of 60 mg/kg or 10 mg/dm², according to the case, is applied. However the sum of all specific migrations determined shall not exceed the overall migration limit.

ANNEX II

LIST OF MONOMERS AND OTHER STARTING SUBSTANCES WHICH MAY BE USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF PLASTIC MATERIALS AND ARTICLES

General introduction

1. This Annex contains the list of monomers or other starting substances. The list includes :
 - substances undergoing polymerization, which includes polycondensation, polyaddition or any other similar process, to manufacture macromolecules,
 - natural or synthetic macromolecular substances used in the manufacture of modified macromolecules, if the monomers or the other starting substances required to synthesize them are not included in the list,
 - substances used to modify existing natural or synthetic macromolecular substances.
2. The list does not include the salts (including double salts and acid salts) of aluminium, ammonium, calcium, iron, magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc of the authorized acids, phenols or alcohols which are also authorized. However, names containing '... acid(s), salts' appear in the lists if the corresponding free acid(s) is (are) not mentioned. In such cases the meaning of the term 'salts' is 'salts of aluminium, ammonium, calcium, iron, magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc'.
3. The list also does not include the following substances although they may be present :
 - (a) substances which could be present in the finished product as :
 - impurities in the substances used,
 - reaction intermediates,
 - decomposition products ;
 - (b) oligomers and natural or synthetic macromolecular substances as well as their mixtures, if the monomers or starting substances required to synthesize them are included in the list ;
 - (c) mixtures of the authorized substances.

The materials and articles which contain the substances indicated under (a), (b) and (c) shall comply with the requirements stated in Article 2 of Directive 89/109/EEC.
4. Substances shall be of good technical quality.
5. The list contains the following information :
 - column 1 (PM/REF. No): the EEC packaging material reference number of the substances on the list,
 - column 2 (CAS No): the CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) Registry number,
 - column 3 (Name): the chemical name,
 - column 4 (Restrictions). These may include :
 - specific migration limit (SML),
 - maximum permitted quantity of the 'residual' substance in the material or article (QM),
 - any other restriction specifically mentioned.
6. If a substance appearing on the list as an individual compound is also covered by a generic term, the restrictions applying to this substance shall be those indicated for the individual compound.
7. Where there is any inconsistency between the CAS number and the chemical name, the chemical name shall take precedence over the CAS number. If there is an inconsistency between the CAS number reported in EINECS and the CAS Registry, the CAS number in the CAS Registry shall apply.

8. A number of abbreviations or expressions are used in column 4 of the table, the meanings of which are as follows :

DL = detection limit of the method of analysis ;

FP = finished material or article ;

NCO = isocyanate moiety ;

QM = maximum permitted quantity of the 'residual' substance in the material or article ;

QM (T) = maximum permitted quantity of the 'residual' substance in the material or article expressed as total of moiety or substance(s) indicated ;

SML = specific migration limit in food or in food simulant, unless it is specified otherwise ;

SML (T) = specific migration limit in food or in food simulant expressed as total of moiety or substance(s) indicated.

SECTION A

LIST OF AUTHORIZED MONOMERS AND OTHER STARTING SUBSTANCES

PM/REF. No	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
10030	000514-10-3	Abietic acid	
10060	000075-07-0	Acetaldehyde	
10090	000064-19-7	Acetic acid	
10120	000108-05-4	Acetic acid, vinyl ester	SML = 12 mg/kg
10150	000108-24-7	Acetic anhydride	
10210	000074-86-2	Acetylene	
10690	000079-10-7	Acrylic acid	
10780	000141-32-2	Acrylic acid, n-butyl ester	
10810	002998-08-5	Acrylic acid, sec-butyl ester	
10840	001663-39-4	Acrylic acid, tert-butyl ester	
11470	000140-88-5	Acrylic acid, ethyl ester	
	000818-61-1	Acrylic acid, hydroxyethyl ester	See 'Acrylic acid, monoester with ethyleneglycol'
11590	00106-63-8	Acrylic acid, isobutyl ester	
11680	000689-12-3	Acrylic acid, isopropyl ester	
11710	000096-33-3	Acrylic acid, methyl ester	
11830	000818-61-1	Acrylic acid, monoester with ethyleneglycol	
11980	000925-60-0	Acrylic acid, propyl ester	
12100	000107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	SML = not detectable (DL = 0,020 mg/kg, analytical tolerance included)
12130	000124-04-9	Adipic acid	
12310		Albumin	
12340		Albumin, coagulated by formaldehyde	
12375		Alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, saturated, linear, primary (C4-C22)	
12820	000123-99-9	Azelaic acid	
13000	001477-55-0	1,3-Benzenedimethanamine	SML = 0,05 mg/kg
13090	000065-85-0	Benzoic acid	
13150	000100-51-6	Benzyl alcohol	
	000111-46-6	Bis(2-hydroxyethyl) ether	See 'Diethyleneglycol'
	000077-99-6	2,2-Bis(hydroxymethyl)-1-butanol	See '1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane'
13390	000105-08-8	1,4-Bis(hydroxymethyl)cyclohexane	
13480	000080-05-7	2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane	SML = 3 mg/kg
13510	001675-54-3	2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane-bis(2,3-epoxypropyl) ether	QM = 1 mg/kg in FP or SML = not detectable (DL = 0,020 mg/kg, analytical tolerance included)
	000110-98-5	Bis(hydroxypropyl) ether	See 'Dipropyleneglycol'
	005124-30-1	Bis(4-isocyanatocyclohexyl)methane	See 'Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate'

PM/REF. No	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
13600	047465-97-4	3,3-Bis(3-methyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)2-indolinone	SML = 1,8 mg/kg
	000080-05-7	Bisphenol A	See '2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane'
	001675-54-3	Bisphenol A bis(2,3-epoxypropyl) ether	See '2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane bis(2,3-epoxypropyl) ether'
13630	000106-99-0	Butadiene	QM = 1 mg/kg in FP or SML = not detectable (DL = 0,020 mg/kg, analytical tolerance included)
13690	000107-88-0	1,3-Butanediol	
13840	000071-36-3	1-Butanol	
13870	000106-98-9	1-Butene	
13900	000107-01-7	2-Butene	
14110	000123-72-8	Butyraldehyde	
14140	000107-92-6	Butyric acid	
14170	000106-31-0	Butyric anhydride	
14200	000105-60-2	Caprolactam	SML(T) = 15 mg/kg
14230	002123-24-2	Caprolactam, sodium salt	SML(T) = 15 mg/kg (expressed as caprolactam)
14320	000124-07-2	Caprylic acid	
14350	000630-08-0	Carbon monoxide	
14380	000075-44-5	Carbonyl chloride	QM = 1 mg/kg in FP
14410	008001-79-4	Castor oil (food grade quality)	
14500	009004-34-6	Cellulose	
14530	007782-50-5	Chlorine	
	000106-89-8	1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	See 'Epichlorohydrin'
14680	000077-92-9	Citric acid	
14710	000108-39-4	<i>m</i> -Cresol	
14740	000095-48-7	<i>o</i> -Cresol	
14770	00106-44-5	<i>p</i> -Cresol	
	000105-08-8	1,4-Cyclohexanedimethanol	See '1,4-Bis(hydroxymethyl)cyclohexane'
14950	003173-53-3	Cyclohexyl isocyanate	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
15100	000112-30-1	1-Decanol	
	000107-15-3	1,2-Diaminoethane	See 'Ethylenediamine'
	000124-09-4	1,6-Diaminohexane	See 'Hexamethylenediamine'
15700	005124-30-1	Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
15760	000111-46-6	Diethyleneglycol	SML(T) = 30 mg/kg alone or with ethyleneglycol
15880	000120-80-9	1,2-Dihydroxybenzene	SML = 6 mg/kg
15910	000108-46-3	1,3-Dihydroxybenzene	SML = 2,4 mg/kg
15940	000123-31-9	1,4-Dihydroxybenzene	SML = 0,6 mg/kg
15970	000611-99-4	4,4'-Dihydroxybenzophenone	SML = 6 mg/kg
16000	000092-88-6	4,4'-Dihydroxybiphenyl	SML = 6 mg/kg
16150	000108-01-0	Dimethylaminoethanol	SML = 18 mg/kg
16240	000091-97-4	3,3'-Dimethyl-4,4'-diisocyanatobiphenyl	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)

PM/REF. No	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
16480	000126-58-9	Dipentaerythritol	
16570	004128-73-8	Diphenyl ether 4,4'-diisocyanate	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
16600	005873-54-1	Diphenylmethane 2,4'-diisocyanate	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
16630	000101-68-8	Diphenylmethane 4,4'-diisocyanate	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
16660	000110-98-5	Dipropylene glycol	
16750	000106-89-8	Epichlorohydrin	QM = 1 mg/kg in FP
16780	000064-17-5	Ethanol	
16950	000074-85-1	Ethylene	
16960	000107-15-3	Ethylenediamine	SML = 12 mg/kg
16990	000107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	SML(T) = 30 mg/kg alone or with diethylene glycol
17005	000151-56-4	Ethyleneimine	SML = not detectable (DL = 0,010 mg/kg)
17020	000075-21-8	Ethylene oxide	QM = 1 mg/kg in FP
17170	061788-47-4	Fatty acids, coco	
17200	068308-53-2	Fatty acids, soya	
17230	061790-12-3	Fatty acids, tall oil	
17260	000050-00-0	Formaldehyde	SML = 15 mg/kg
17290	000110-17-8	Fumaric acid	
17530	000050-99-7	Glucose	
18010	000110-94-1	Glutaric acid	
18100	000056-81-5	Glycerol	
18310	036653-82-4	1-Hexadecanol	
18460	000124-09-4	Hexamethylenediamine	SML = 2,4 mg/kg
18640	000822-06-0	Hexamethylene diisocyanate	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
18670	000100-97-0	Hexamethylenetetramine	
	000123-31-9	Hydroquinone	See '1,4-Dihydroxybenzene'
18880	000099-96-7	P-Hydroxybenzoic acid	
19000	000115-11-7	Isobutene	
19510	011132-73-3	Lignocellulose	
19540	000110-16-7	Maleic acid	SML(T) = 30 mg/kg
19960	000108-31-6	Maleic anhydride	SML(T) = 30 mg/kg (expressed as maleic acid)
	000108-78-1	Melamine	See '2,4,6-Triamino-1,3,5-tri- azine'
20020	000079-41-4	Methacrylic acid	
20110	000097-88-1	Methacrylic acid, butyl ester	
20140	002998-18-7	Methacrylic acid, sec-butyl ester	
20170	000585-07-9	Methacrylic acid, tert-butyl ester	
20890	000097-63-2	Methacrylic acid, ethyl ester	
21010	000097-86-9	Methacrylic acid, isobutyl ester	
21100	004655-34-9	Methacrylic acid, isopropyl ester	
21130	000080-62-6	Methacrylic acid, methyl ester	
21340	002210-28-8	Methacrylic acid, propyl ester	
21460	000760-93-0	Methacrylic anhydride	
21490	000126-98-7	Methacrylonitrile	SML = not detectable (DL = 0,020 mg/kg, analytical tolerance included)
21550	000067-56-1	Methanol	

PM/REF. No	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
22150	000691-37-2	4-Methyl-1-pentene	
22420	003173-72-6	1,5-Naphthalene diisocyanate	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
22450	009004-70-0	Nitrocellulose	
22480	000143-08-8	1-Nonanol	
22570	000112-96-9	Octadecyl isocyanate	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
22600	000111-87-5	1-Octanol	
22660	000111-66-0	1-Octene	SML = 15 mg/kg
22780	000057-10-3	Palmitic acid	
22840	000115-77-5	Pentaerythritol	
22870	000071-41-0	1-Pentanol	
22960	000108-95-2	Phenol	
23050	000108-45-2	1,3-Phenylenediamine	QM = 1 mg/kg in FP
	000075-44-5	Phosgene	See 'Carbonyl chloride'
23170	007664-38-2	Phosphoric acid	
		Phthalic acid	See 'Terephthalic acid'
23380	000085-44-9	Phthalic anhydride	
23470	000080-56-8	alpha-Pinene	
23500	000127-91-3	beta-Pinene	
23590	025322-68-3	Polyethyleneglycol	
23650	025322-69-4	Polypropyleneglycol (Molecular weight greater than 400)	
23740	000057-55-6	1,2-Propanediol	
23800	000071-23-8	1-Propanol	
23830	000067-63-0	2-Propanol	
23860	000123-38-6	Propionaldehyde	
23890	000079-09-4	Propionic acid	
23950	000123-62-6	Propionic anhydride	
23980	000115-07-1	Propylene	
24010	000075-56-9	Propylene oxide	QM = 1 mg/kg in FP
	000120-80-9	Pyrocatechol	See '1,2-Dihydroxybenzene'
24070	073138-82-6	Resin acids and rosin acids	
	000108-46-3	Resorcinol	See '1,3-Dihydroxybenzene'
24100	008050-09-7	Rosin	
24130	008050-09-7	Rosin gum	
24160	008052-10-6	Rosin tall oil	
24190	009014-63-5	Rosin wood	
24250	009006-04-6	Rubber, natural	
24280	000111-20-6	Sebacic acid	
24490	000050-70-4	Sorbitol	
24520	008001-22-7	Soybean oil	
24550	000057-11-4	Stearic acid	
24610	000100-42-5	Styrene	
24820	000110-15-6	Succinic acid	
24880	000057-50-1	Sucrose	
24910	000100-21-0	Terephthalic acid	SML = 7,5 mg/kg
24970	000120-61-6	Terephthalic acid, dimethyl ester	
25090	000112-60-7	Tetraethyleneglycol	

PM/REF. No	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
25150	000109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	SML = 0,6 mg/kg
25180	000102-60-3	N,N,N',N'-Tetrakis(2-hydroxypropyl)ethylenediamine	
25210	000584-84-9	2,4-Toluene diisocyanate	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
25240	000091-08-7	2,6-Toluene diisocyanate	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
25270	026747-90-0	2,4-Toluene diisocyanate dimer	QM(T) = 1 mg/kg in FP (expressed as NCO)
25360		Trialkyl(C5-C15)acetic acid, 2,3-epoxypropyl ester	SML = 6 mg/kg
25420	000108-78-1	2,4,6-Triamino-1,3,5-triazine	SML = 30 mg/kg
25510	000112-27-6	Triethyleneglycol	
25600	000077-99-6	1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane	SML = 6 mg/kg
25960	000057-13-6	Urea	
26050	000075-01-4	Vinyl chloride	See Council Directive 78/142/EEC
26110	000075-35-4	Vinylidene chloride	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP or SML = not detectable (DL = 0,05 mg/kg)

SECTION B

LIST OF MONOMERS AND OTHER STARTING SUBSTANCES WHICH MAY CONTINUE TO BE USED PENDING A DECISION ON INCLUSION IN SECTION A

PM/REF No	CAS No	Name	Restrictions	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
	000542-02-9	Acetoguanamine	See '2,4-Diamino-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazine'	
10180	000556-08-1	<i>p</i> -(Acetylamino)benzoic acid		
10240		Acids, aliphatic, dicarboxylic, esters with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric		
10270		Acids, aliphatic, dicarboxylic (C 3-C 12), esters with alcohols, unsaturated (C 3-C 18)		
10300		Acids, aliphatic, dicarboxylic, saturated (C 4-C 18)		
10330		Acids, aliphatic, dicarboxylic, unsaturated (C 4-C 12)		
10360		Acids, aliphatic, dicarboxylic, unsaturated, esters with polyethyleneglycol		
10390		Acids, aliphatic, dicarboxylic, unsaturated, esters with polypropyleneglycol		
10420		Acids, aliphatic, mono- and dicarboxylic (C 2-C 20), vinyl esters		
10450		Acids, aliphatic, monocarboxylic (C 3-C 12), esters with alcohols, unsaturated (C 3-C 18)		
10480		Acids, aliphatic, monocarboxylic, saturated (C 2-C 24)		
10510		Acids, aliphatic, monocarboxylic, unsaturated (C 3-C 24)		
10540		Acids, aliphatic, monocarboxylic, unsaturated (C 3-C 8), esters with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, saturated (C 2-C 12)		
10570		Acids, aliphatic, monocarboxylic, unsaturated, esters with polypropyleneglycol		
10600		Acids, linear, with an even number of carbon atoms (C 8-C 22), and the dimers and trimers of the unsaturated acids		
10630		000079-06-1		Acrylamide
10660		015214-89-8		Acrylamidomethylpropanesulphonic acid
10720		000999-55-3		Acrylic acid, allyl ester
10750		002495-35-4		Acrylic acid, benzyl ester
10870		002206-89-5		Acrylic acid, 2-chloroethyl ester
10900		Acrylic acid, cyclohexylaminoethyl ester		
10930	003066-71-5	Acrylic acid, cyclohexyl ester		
10960	016868-13-6	Acrylic acid, cyclopentyl ester		
10990	002156-96-9	Acrylic acid, decyl ester		
11020	019485-03-1	Acrylic acid, diester with 1,3-butanediol		
11050	001070-70-8	Acrylic acid, diester with 1,4-butanediol		
11080	004074-88-8	Acrylic acid, diester with diethyleneglycol		
11110	002274-11-5	Acrylic acid, diester with ethyleneglycol		
11140	013048-33-4	Acrylic acid, diester with 1,6-hexanediol		

PM/REF No	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
11170	026570-48-9	Acrylic acid, diester with polyethyleneglycol	
11200	002426-54-2	Acrylic acid, 2-(diethylamino)ethyl ester	
11230	002439-35-2	Acrylic acid, 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester	
11260	000106-90-1	Acrylic acid, 2,3-epoxypropyl ester	QM(T) = 5 mg/kg in FP (expressed as epoxy)
11290		Acrylic acid, esters with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, saturated (C 1-C 21)	
11320		Acrylic acid, esters with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, unsaturated (C 4-C 18)	
11350		Acrylic acid, esters with alcohols, aliphatic, polyhydric (C 2-C 21)	
11380		Acrylic acid, esters with etheralcohols	
11410		Acrylic acid, esters with glycolethers obtained from mono- and/or diglycols with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric (C 1-C 18)	
11440	044992-01-0	Acrylic acid, ester with trimethylethanolammonium chloride	
11500	000103-11-7	Acrylic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester	
11530	000999-61-1	Acrylic acid, 2-hydroxypropyl ester	
11560	005888-33-5	Acrylic acid, isobornyl ester	
11620	001330-61-6	Acrylic acid, isodecyl ester	
11650	029590-42-9	Acrylic acid, isooctyl ester	
11740	010095-13-3	Acrylic acid, monoester with 1,3-butanediol	
11770	002478-10-6	Acrylic acid, monoester with 1,4-butanediol	
11800	013533-05-6	Acrylic acid, monoester with diethyleneglycol	
11860		Acrylic acid, monoester with propyleneglycol	
11890	002499-59-4	Acrylic acid, n-octyl ester	
11920	005048-82-8	Acrylic acid, phenylaminoethyl ester	
11950	000937-41-7	Acrylic acid, phenyl ester	
12010	040074-09-7	Acrylic acid, 2-sulphoethyl ester	
12040	039121-78-3	Acrylic acid, sulphopropyl ester	
12070	002177-18-6	Acrylic acid, vinyl ester	
12160	002998-04-1	Adipic acid, diallyl ester	
12190	000105-97-5	Adipic acid, didecyl ester	
12220	027178-16-1	Adipic acid, diisodecyl ester	
12250	000123-79-5	Adipic acid, dioctyl ester	
12280	002035-75-8	Adipic anhydride	
12370		Alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, saturated, linear, secondary or tertiary (C 4-C 22)	
12400		Alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, unsaturated (up to C 18)	
12430		Alcohols, aliphatic, polyhydric (up to C 18)	
12460		Alcohols, cycloaliphatic, mono- and/or polyhydric, substituted (up to C 18)	
12490		Aldehydes (C 4)	
12520		Alkadienes	
12550		n-Alkenes (up to C 16)	

PM/REF No	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
12580		<i>p</i> -Alkyl(C 4-C 9) phenols	
12610	000107-18-6	Allyl alcohol	
12640	000106-92-3	Allyl 2,3-epoxypropyl ether	QM(T) = 5 mg/kg in FP (expressed as epoxy)
12670	002855-13-2	1-Amino-3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexane	
12700	000150-13-0	<i>p</i> -Aminobenzoic acid	
12730	000060-32-2	6-Aminocaproic acid	
12760		omega-Aminocarboxylic acids, aliphatic, linear (C 6-C 12)	
12790	000080-46-6	<i>p</i> -tert-Amylphenol	
12850	029602-44-6	Azelaic acid, bis(2-hydroxyethyl) ester	
12880	000123-98-8	Azelaic acid dichloride	
12910	001732-10-1	Azelaic acid, dimethyl ester	
12940	004080-88-0	Azelaic acid, diphenyl ester	
12970	004196-95-6	Azelaic anhydride	
13030	000539-48-0	1,4-Benzenedimethanamine	
	000528-44-9	1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid	See "Trimellitic acid"
13060	004422-95-1	1,3,5-Benzenetricarboxylic acid trichloride	
	000091-76-9	Benzoguanamine	See '2,4-Diamino-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine'
13120	000769-78-8	Benzoic acid, vinyl ester	
13180	000498-66-8	Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene	
13210	001761-71-3	Bis(4-aminocyclohexyl)methane	
13240	003377-24-0	2,2-Bis(4-aminocyclohexyl)propane	
13300	038050-97-4	1,4-Bis(4',4''-dihydroxytriphenylmethyl)benzene	
13330		Bis(2-hydroxyethyl) ether of hydroquinone and its condensation products with propylene oxide	
13360	001620-68-4	2,6-Bis(2-hydroxy-5-methylbenzyl)-4-methylphenol	
13420	000843-55-0	1,1-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexane	
13450	000125-13-3	3,3-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-indolinone	
13570	000141-07-1	1,3-Bis(methoxymethyl)urea	
	000080-09-1	Bisphenol S	See '4,4'-Dihydroxydiphenylsulphone'
13660	000584-03-2	1,2-Butanediol	
13720	000110-63-4	1,4-Butanediol	
13750	000513-85-9	2,3-Butanediol	
13780	002425-79-8	1,4-Butanediol bis(2,3-epoxypropyl) ether	QM(T) = 5 mg/kg in FP (expressed as epoxy)
13810	000505-65-7	1,4-Butanediol formal	
13930	006117-91-5	2-Buten-1-ol	
13960	001852-16-0	N-(Butoxymethyl)acrylamide	
13990	005153-77-5	N-(Butoxymethyl)methacrylamide	
14020	000098-54-4	4-tert-Butylphenol	
14050	000111-34-2	Butyl vinyl ether	
14080	000926-02-3	tert-Butyl vinyl ether	
14260	000502-44-3	Caprolactone	
14290		Caprolactone, substituted	
14440	064147-40-6	Castor oil, dehydrated	

PM/REF No	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
14470	008001-78-3 000115-28-6	Castor oil, hydrogenated Chlorendic acid	See 'Hexachloroendomethylene- te-trahydrophthalic acid'
14560	000126-99-8	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	
14590	000615-67-8	Chlorohydroquinone	
14620	057981-99-4	Chlorohydroquinone diacetate	
14650	000079-38-9	Chlorotrifluoroethylene	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP
14800	003724-65-0	Crotonic acid	
14830		Crotonic acid, esters with alcohols, mono- and polyhydric	
14860		Cycloalkenes	
14920	002842-38-8	2-(Cyclohexylamino)ethanol	
14980	001631-25-0	N-Cyclohexylmaleimide	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP
15010	001131-60-8	<i>p</i> -Cyclohexylphenol	
15040	000542-92-7	1,3-Cyclopentadiene	
15070	001647-16-1	1,9-Decadiene	
15130	000872-05-9	1-Decene	
15160	000765-05-9	Decyl vinyl ether	
15190		Diamines, aliphatic, linear (C 2-C 12)	
15250	000110-60-1	1,4-Diaminobutane	
15280	000542-02-9	2,4-Diamino-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazine	
15310	000091-76-9	2,4-Diamino-6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine	
15340	000109-76-2	1,3-Diaminopropane	
15370	003236-53-1	1,6-Diamino-2,2,4-trimethylhexane	
15400	003236-54-2	1,6-Diamino-2,4,4-trimethylhexane	
15430	003749-77-7	4,4'-Dicarboxydiphenoxybutane	
15460	003753-05-7	4,4'-Dicarboxydiphenoxyethane	
15490	002215-89-6	4,4'-Dicarboxydiphenyl ether	
15520	004919-48-6	4,4'-Dicarboxydiphenyl sulphide	
15550	002449-35-6	4,4'-Dicarboxydiphenyl sulphone	
15580	001653-19-6	2,3-Dichloro-1,3-butadiene	
15610	000080-07-9	4,4'-Dichlorodiphenyl sulphone	
15640	000156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	
15670	000156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	
15730	000077-73-6	Dicyclopentadiene	
15790	000111-40-0	Diethylenetriamine	
16030	001965-09-9	4,4'-Dihydroxydiphenyl ether	
16060	002664-63-3	4,4'-Dihydroxydiphenyl sulphide	
16090	000080-09-1	4,4'-Dihydroxydiphenyl sulphone	
16120	000110-97-4	Diisopropanolamine	
16180	005205-93-6	N-(Dimethylaminopropyl)methacry- lamide	
16210	006864-37-5	3,3'-Dimethyl-4,4'- diaminodicyclohexylmethane	
16270	000526-75-0	2,3-Dimethylphenol	
16300	000105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	
16330	000095-87-4	2,5-Dimethylphenol	
16360	000576-26-1	2,6-Dimethylphenol	
16390	000126-30-7	2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediol	
16420	000123-91-1	Dioxane	
16450	000646-06-0	1,3-Dioxolane	
16510	000138-86-3	Dipentene	
16540	000102-09-0	Diphenyl carbonate	

PM/REF No	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
16690	001321-74-0	Divinylbenzene	
16720	000826-62-0	Endomethylenetetrahydrophthalic anhydride	
16810		Ether alcohols	
16840		Ethers of N-methylolacrylamide	
16870		Ethers of N-methylolmethacrylamide	
16900	013036-41-4	N-(Ethoxymethyl)acrylamide	
16930	000075-00-3	Ethyl chloride	
17050	000104-76-7	2-Ethyl-1-hexanol	
17080	000103-44-6	2-Ethylhexyl vinyl ether	
17110	016219-75-3	5-Ethylidenebicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene	
17140	000109-92-2	Ethyl vinyl ether	
17320	002807-54-7	Fumaric acid, diallyl ester	
17350	000105-75-9	Fumaric acid, dibutyl ester	
17380	000623-91-6	Fumaric acid, diethyl ester	
17410		Fumaric acid, esters with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, saturated (C 1-C 18)	
17440		Fumaric acid, esters with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, unsaturated (C 3-C 18)	
17470		Fumaric acid, esters with alcohols, polyhydric	
17500	000098-01-1	Furfural	
17560		Glucosides obtained from glucose and 1,3-butanediol	
17590		Glucosides obtained from glucose and 1,4-butanediol	
17620		Glucosides obtained from glucose and diethyleneglycol	
17650		Glucosides obtained from glucose and 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol	
17680		Glucosides obtained from glucose and ethyleneglycol	
17710		Glucosides obtained from glucose and glycerol	
17740		Glucosides obtained from glucose and 1,6-hexanediol	
17770		Glucosides obtained from glucose and 1,2,6-hexanetriol	
17800		Glucosides obtained from glucose and pentaerythritol	
17830		Glucosides obtained from glucose and polyethyleneglycol (molecular weight greater than 200)	
17860		Glucosides obtained from glucose and polypropyleneglycol (molecular weight greater than 400)	
17890		Glucosides obtained from glucose and propanediol	

PM/REF- No.	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
17920		Glucosides obtained from glucose and sorbitol	
17950		Glucosides obtained from glucose and sucrose	
17980		Glucosides obtained from glucose and 1,1,1-trimethylolpropane	
18040	029733-18-4	Glutaric acid, diisodecyl ester	
18070	000108-55-4	Glutaric anhydride	
18130	004371-64-6	1,1-Heptadecanedicarboxylic acid	
18160	025339-56-4	Heptene	
18190	000592-76-7	1-Heptene	
18220	068564-88-5	N-Heptylaminoundecanoic acid	
18250	000115-28-6	Hexachloroendomethylenetetrahydrophthalic acid	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP
18280	000115-27-5	Hexachloroendomethylenetetrahydrophthalic anhydride	
18340	000822-28-6	Hexadecyl vinyl ether	
18370	000592-45-0	1,4-Hexadiene	
18400	000592-42-7	1,5-Hexadiene	
18430	000116-15-4	Hexafluoropropylene	
18490	015511-81-6	Hexamethylenediamine adipate	
18520	038775-37-0	Hexamethylenediamine azelate	
18550		Hexamethylenediamine dodecanedicarboxylate	
18580		Hexamethylenediamine heptadecanedicarboxylate	
18610	006422-99-7	Hexamethylenediamine sebacate	
18700	000629-11-8	1,6-Hexanediol	
18730	002935-44-6	2,5-Hexanediol	
18760	000106-69-4	1,2,6-Hexanetriol	
18790	025264-93-1	Hexene	
18820	000592-41-6	1-Hexene	
18850	000107-41-5	Hexyleneglycol	
18910	000288-32-4	Imidazole	
18940	000095-13-6	Indene	
18970	000078-83-1	Isobutanol	
19030	016669-59-3	N-(Isobutoxymethyl)acrylamide	
19060	000109-53-5	Isobutyl vinyl ether	
19090	000078-84-2	Isobutyraldehyde	
19120	025339-17-7	Isodecanol	
19140	026952-21-6	Isooctanol	
19150	000121-91-5	Isophthalic acid	
19180	000099-63-8	Isophthalic acid dichloride	
19210	001459-93-4	Isophthalic acid, dimethyl ester	
19240	000744-45-6	Isophthalic acid, diphenyl ester	
	000078-79-5	Isoprene	See '2-Methyl-1,3-butadiene'
19270	000097-65-4	Itaconic acid	
19300	002155-60-4	Itaconic acid, dibutyl ester	
19330	007748-43-8	Itaconic acid, 2,3-epoxypropyl diester	QM(T) = 5 mg/kg in FP (expressed as epoxy)
19360		Itaconic acid, 2,3-epoxypropyl monoester	QM(T) = 5 mg/kg in FP (expressed as epoxy)

PM/REF- No.	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
19390		Itaconic acid, esters with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, saturated (C 1-C 18)	
19420		Itaconic acid, esters with alcohols, polyhydric	
19450		Lactams of omega-aminocarboxylic acids aliphatic, linear (C 7-C 12)	
19480	002146-71-6	Lauric acid, vinyl ester	
19570	000999-21-3	Maleic acid, diallyl ester	
19600	000105-76-0	Maleic acid, dibutyl ester	
19630	071550-61-3	Maleic acid, diester with 1,2-propanediol	
19660	000141-05-9	Maleic acid, diethyl ester	
19690	014234-82-3	Maleic acid, diisobutyl ester	
19720	001330-76-3	Maleic acid, diisooctyl ester	
19750	000624-48-6	Maleic acid, dimethyl ester	
19780	002915-53-9	Maleic acid, dioctyl ester	
19810		Maleic acid, esters with alcohols, aliphatic, saturated (C 1-C 18)	
19840		Maleic acid, esters with alcohols, polyhydric	
19870		Maleic acid, ester with 1,3-butanediol	
19900	002424-58-0	Maleic acid, monoallyl ester	
19930		Maleic acid, monoesters with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, unsaturated (C 3-C 18)	
19990	000079-39-0	Methacrylamide	
20050	000096-05-9	Methacrylic acid, allyl ester	
20080	002495-37-6	Methacrylic acid, benzyl ester	
20200	001888-94-4	Methacrylic acid, 2-chloroethyl ester	
20230		Methacrylic acid, cyclohexylaminoethyl ester	
20260	000101-43-9	Methacrylic acid, cyclohexyl ester	
20290	016868-14-7	Methacrylic acid, cyclopentyl ester	
20320	003179-47-3	Methacrylic acid, decyl ester	
20350		Methacrylic acid, (di-tert-butylamino)ethyl ester	
20380	001189-08-8	Methacrylic acid, diester with 1,3-butanediol	
20410	002082-81-7	Methacrylic acid, diester with 1,4-butanediol	
20440	000097-90-5	Methacrylic acid, diester with ethyleneglycol	
20470	025852-47-5	Methacrylic acid, diester with polyethyleneglycol	
20500	000105-16-8	Methacrylic acid, 2-(diethylamino)ethyl ester	
20530	002867-47-2	Methacrylic acid, 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester	
20560	000142-90-5	Methacrylic acid, dodecyl ester	
20590	000106-91-2	Methacrylic acid, 2,3-epoxypropyl ester	QM(T) = 5 mg/kg in FP (expressed as epoxy)
20620		Methacrylic acid, esters with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, saturated (C 1-C 21)	
20650		Methacrylic acid, esters with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, unsaturated (C 4-C 18)	
20680		Methacrylic acid, esters with alcohols, polyhydric (C 2-C 21)	
20710		Methacrylic acid, esters with etheralcohols	
20740	039670-09-2	Methacrylic acid, ester with ethoxytriethyleneglycol	

PM/REF- No.	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
20770		Methacrylic acid, esters with glycol-ethers obtained from mono- and/or diglycols with alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric (C 1-C 18)	
20800	024493-59-2	Methacrylic acid, ester with methoxytriethyleneglycol	
20830		Methacrylic acid, esters with 1,2-propanediol	
20860		Methacrylic acid, ester with trimethylethanolammonium chloride	
20920	000688-84-6	Methacrylic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester	
20950	000923-26-2	Methacrylic acid, 2-hydroxypropyl ester	
20980	007534-94-3	Methacrylic acid, isobornyl ester	
21040	029964-84-9	Methacrylic acid, isodecyl ester	
21070	028675-80-1	Methacrylic acid, isooctyl ester	
21160		Methacrylic acid, monoester with 1,3-butanediol	
21190	000868-77-9	Methacrylic acid, monoester with ethyleneglycol	
21220	032360-05-7	Methacrylic acid, octadecyl ester	
21250	002157-01-9	Methacrylic acid, n-octyl ester	
21280	002177-70-0	Methacrylic acid, phenyl ester	
21310	003683-12-3	Methacrylic acid, phenylethyl ester	
21370	010595-80-9	Methacrylic acid, 2-sulphoethyl ester	
21400	054276-35-6	Methacrylic acid, sulphopropyl ester	
21430	004245-37-8	Methacrylic acid, vinyl ester	
21520	001561-92-8	Methallylsulphonic acid, sodium salt	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP
21580	003644-11-9	N-(Methoxymethyl)acrylamide	
21610	003644-12-0	N-(Methoxymethyl)methacrylamide	
21640	000078-79-5	2-Methyl-1,3-butadiene	
21670	000563-46-2	2-Methyl-1-butene	
21700	000513-35-9	2-Methyl-2-butene	
21730	000563-45-1	3-Methyl-1-butene	
21760	000694-91-7	5-Methylenebicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene	
21790	000110-26-9	Methylenebisacrylamide	
21820	013093-19-1	Methylenebiscaprolactam	
	000505-65-7	1,4-(Methylenedioxy)butane	See '1,4-Butanediol formal'
21850	000095-71-6	Methylhydroquinone	
21880	000717-27-1	Methylhydroquinone diacetate	
21910	000814-78-8	Methyl isopropenyl ketone	
21940	000924-42-5	N-Methylolacrylamide	
21970	000923-02-4	N-Methylolmethacrylamide	
22000	001118-58-7	2-Methyl-1,3-pentadiene	
22030	001115-08-8	3-Methyl-1,4-pentadiene	
22060	000926-56-7	4-Methyl-1,3-pentadiene	
22090	000763-29-1	2-Methyl-1-pentene	
22120	000760-20-3	3-Methyl-1-pentene	
22180	004461-48-7	4-Methyl-2-pentene	
22210	000098-83-9	alpha-Methylstyrene	
22240	000622-97-9	p-Methylstyrene	
22270	000107-25-5	Methyl vinyl ether	
22300	000078-94-4	Methyl vinyl ketone	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP
22330	001822-74-8	Methyl vinyl thioether	
22360	001141-38-4	2,6-Naphthalenedicarboxylic acid	
	000126-30-7	Neopentylglycol	See '2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediol'
22510	027215-95-8	Nonene	

PM/REF- No.	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
22540	000104-40-5	4-Nonylphenol	See 'Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene'
	000498-66-8	Norbornene	
22580	000930-02-9	Octadecyl vinyl ether	
22630	025377-83-7	Octene (except 1-octene)	
22690	001806-26-4	4-Octylphenol	
22720	000140-66-9	4-tert-Octylphenol	
22750	000929-62-4	Octyl vinyl ether	
22810	000504-60-9	1,3-Pentadiene	
22900	000109-67-1	1-Pentene	
22930		Perfluoroalkyl(C 1-C 3) vinyl ethers	
22990		Phenols, mono- and dihydric, alkoxy- lated or hydrogenated	See 'Iso- or o-Phthalic acid'
23020	028994-41-4	alpha-Phenyl- <i>o</i> -cresol	
23080	001079-21-6	Phenylhydroquinone	
23110	058244-28-3	Phenylhydroquinone diacetate	
23140	000092-69-3	4-Phenylphenol	
		Phthalic acids	
23200	000088-99-3	<i>o</i> -Phthalic acid	
23230	000131-17-9	Phthalic acid, diallyl ester	
23260	000088-95-9	<i>o</i> -Phthalic acid dichloride	
23290		Phthalic acids, halogenated derivatives	
23320		Phthalic acids, hydrogenated	
23350		Phthalic acids, hydrogenated substi- tuted, endosubstituted, and their halo- genated derivatives	
23410		Phthalic anhydride, hydrogenated	
23440	000111-16-0	Pimelic acid	
23530	025190-06-1	Poly(1,4-butyleneglycol) (molecular weight greater than 1 000)	
23560		Polyethers based on ethylene oxide, propylene oxide and/or tetrahydro- furan, containing free hydroxyl groups	
23620	025190-06-1	Polyols derived from phenols and bisphenols, hydrogenated and/or condensed with epoxyalkanes and/or arylepoxyalkanes possibly haloge- nated, alkoxyated, aryloxyated	
23680	009002-89-5	Polyvinylalcohols	
23710	063148-65-2	Polyvinylbutyrals	
23770	000504-63-2	1,3-Propanediol	
23920	000105-38-4	Propionic acid, vinyl ester	
24040	000764-47-6	Propyl vinyl ether	
24220	009006-03-5	Rubber, chlorinated	
24310	000111-19-3	Sebacic acid dichloride	
24340	002432-89-5	Sebacic acid, didecyl ester	
24370	000106-79-6	Sebacic acid, dimethyl ester	
24400	002918-18-5	Sebacic acid, diphenyl ester	
24430	002561-88-8	Sebacic anhydride	
24640		Styrene, substituted by alkyl groups (alpha)	
24670		Styrene, substituted in the benzene ring	
24700		Styrene, substituted by halogens (alpha or beta)	
24730		Styrene, substituted in the vinyl group	

PM/REF- No.	CAS No	Name	Restrictions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
24760	026914-43-2	Styrenesulphonic acid	
24790	000505-48-6	Suberic acid	
24850	000108-30-5	Succinic anhydride	
24940	000100-20-9	Terephthalic acid dichloride	
25000	001539-04-4	Terephthalic acid, diphenyl ester	
25030	016646-44-9	Tetra(allyloxy)ethane	
25060	000632-58-6	Tetrachlorophthalic acid	
25120	000116-14-3	Tetrafluoroethylene	
25300	000088-19-7	<i>o</i> -Toluenesulphonamide	
25330	000070-55-3	<i>p</i> -Toluenesulphonamide	
25390	000101-37-1	Triallyl cyanurate	
25450	026896-48-0	Tricyclodecanedimethanol	
25480	000102-71-6	Triethanolamine	
25540	000528-44-9	Trimellitic acid	QM(T) = 5 mg/kg in FP
25550	000552-30-7	Trimellitic anhydride	QM(T) = 5 mg/kg in FP (expressed as trimellitic acid)
25570	000067-48-1	Trimethylethanolammonium chloride	
25630	037275-47-1	1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane diacrylate	
25660	019727-16-3	1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane dimethacrylate	
25690		1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane maleates	
25720	007024-08-0	1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane monoacrylate	
25750	007024-09-1	1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane monomethacrylate	
25780	025723-16-4	1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane, propoxylated	
25810	015625-89-5	1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane triacrylate	
25840	003290-92-4	1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate	
25870	000107-39-1	2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene	
25900	000110-88-3	Trioxane	
	000102-71-6	Tris(2-hydroxyethyl)amine	See 'Triethanolamine'
25930	001067-53-4	Tris(2-methoxyethoxy)vinylsilane	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP
25990	000689-97-4	Vinylacetylene	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP
26020	001484-13-5	N-Vinylcarbazole	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP
26080		Vinyl ethers of alcohols, aliphatic, monohydric, saturated (C 2-C 18)	
26140	000075-38-7	Vinylidene fluoride	
26170	003195-78-6	N-Vinyl-N-methylacetamide	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP
26200	002867-48-3	N-Vinyl-N-methylformamide	
26230	000088-12-0	Vinylpyrrolidone	
26260	001184-84-5	Vinylsulphonic acid	
26290	025013-15-4	Vinyltoluene	
	000622-97-9	<i>p</i> -Vinyltoluene	See ' <i>p</i> -Methylstyrene'
26320	002768-02-7	Vinyltrimethoxysilane	QM = 5 mg/kg in FP
	000105-67-9	<i>m</i> -Xylenol	See '2,4-Dimethylphenol'
	000526-75-0	<i>o</i> -Xylenol	See '2,3-Dimethylphenol'
	000095-87-4	<i>p</i> -Xylenol	See '2,5-Dimethylphenol'

**Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3534/90 of 6 December 1990 fixing
production refunds in the cereals and rice sectors**

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 343 of 7 December 1990)

On page 37, Article 2 should read as follows :

'Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

At the request of the party concerned, it shall apply from 1 December 1990.'

**Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3566/90 of 6 December 1990 establi-
shing the list of products processed from fruit and vegetables the granting of import
licences for which is covered by special rules**

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 347 of 12 December 1990)

In the contents, and the title on page 17 :

for: '... 6 December 1990 ...',

read: '... 12 December 1990'.

On page 19, date of signature :

for: '... 6 December 1990.',

read: '... 12 December 1990.'
