Official Journal of the European Union



English edition

Legislation

Contents

II Non-legislative acts

REGULATIONS

*	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1914 of 19 October 2017 concerning the authorisation of salinomycin sodium (Sacox 120 microGranulate and Sacox 200 microGranulate) as a feed additive for chickens for fattening and chickens reared for laying and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1852/2003 and (EC) No 1463/2004 (holder of authorisation Huvepharma NV) (1)	1
*	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1915 of 19 October 2017 prohibiting the introduction into the Union of specimens of certain species of wild fauna and flora	7
	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1916 of 19 October 2017 fixing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities covered by the applications for import licences lodged from 1 to 7 October 2017 under the tariff quotas opened by Regulation (EC) No 341/2007 for garlic	25
	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1917 of 19 October 2017 fixing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities covered by applications for import licences lodged until 9 October 2017 under the tariff quotas opened by Regulation (EC) No 891/2009 in the sugar sector and suspending the submission of applications for such licences	27
	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1918 of 19 October 2017 fixing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities on which applications for import licences and applications for import rights lodged from 1 to 7 October 2017 are based and establishing the quantities to be added to the quantity fixed for the sub-period from 1 April to 30 June 2018 under the tariff quotas opened by Regulation (EC) No 616/2007 for poultrymeat	30
	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1919 of 19 October 2017 on the minimum selling price for skimmed milk powder for the 13th partial invitation to tender within the tendering procedure opened by Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/2080	33

(1) Text with EEA relevance.

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Acts whose titles are printed in light type are those relating to day-to-day management of agricultural matters, and are generally valid for a limited period.

The titles of all other acts are printed in bold type and preceded by an asterisk.

Volume 60

20 October 2017

L 271

DIRECTIVES

DECISIONS

*	Council Decision (EU) 2017/1921 of 16 October 2017 on the position to be adopted on behalf of the European Union within the Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, as regards the establishment of a list of arbitrators	38
*	Council Decision (EU) 2017/1922 of 16 October 2017 on the position to be adopted on behalf of the European Union within the Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, as regards the amendment of Annex IX to Protocol I	41

ACTS ADOPTED BY BODIES CREATED BY INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS

Π

(Non-legislative acts)

REGULATIONS

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2017/1914

of 19 October 2017

concerning the authorisation of salinomycin sodium (Sacox 120 microGranulate and Sacox 200 microGranulate) as a feed additive for chickens for fattening and chickens reared for laying and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1852/2003 and (EC) No 1463/2004 (holder of authorisation Huvepharma NV)

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION.

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on additives for use in animal nutrition (1), and in particular Article 9(2) and 13(3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1)Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 provides for the authorisation of additives for use in animal nutrition and for the grounds and procedures for granting such authorisation. Article 10 of that Regulation provides for the reevaluation of additives authorised pursuant to Council Directive 70/524/EEC (2).
- (2) Salinomycin sodium 120 g/kg (Sacox 120 microGranulate) was authorised for 10 years in accordance with Directive 70/524/EEC as feed additive for chickens reared for laying by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1852/2003 (3) and for chickens for fattening by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1463/2004 (4). That additive was subsequently entered in the Register of feed additives as an existing product, in accordance with Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.
- In accordance with Article 10(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 in conjunction with Article 7 thereof, an (3) application was submitted for the re-evaluation of salinomycin sodium 120 g/kg (Sacox 120 microGranulate) as a feed additive for chickens for fattening and chickens reared for laying. In accordance with Article 7 of that Regulation, an application was submitted for the authorisation of the new formulation of salinomycin sodium 200 g/kg (Sacox 200 microGranulate) requesting that additive to be classified in the additive category 'coccidiostats and histomonostas'. In accordance with Article 13(3) of that Regulation, an application was submitted requesting the reduction of the withdrawal time before slaughter from one to zero days and requesting a modification of the Maximum Residue Levels ('MRLs') for that additive from 5 µg/kg of all wet tissues to 0,150 mg/kg of liver, 0,040 mg/kg of kidney, 0,015 mg/kg of muscle and 0,150 mg/kg of skin/fat. Those applications were accompanied by the particulars and documents required under Article 7(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.

OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 29. Council Directive 70/524/EEC of 23 November 1970 concerning additives in feedingstuffs (OJ L 270, 14.12.1970, p. 1).

Commission Regulation (EC) No 1852/2003 of 21 October 2003 authorising the use for 10 years of a coccidiostat in feedingstuffs (OJ L 271, 22.10.2003, p. 13).

Commission Regulation (EC) No 1463/2004 of 17 August 2004 concerning the authorisation for 10 years of the additive 'Sacox 120 microGranulate' in feedingstuffs, belonging to the group of coccidiostats and other medicinal substances (OJ L 270, 18.8.2004, p. 5).

L 271/2 EN

(4)	The European Food Safety Authority ('the Authority') concluded in its opinion of 6 December 2016 (1) that,
	under the proposed conditions of use, the salinomycin sodium 120 g/kg (Sacox 120 microGranulate) and
	salinomycin sodium 200 g/kg (Sacox 200 microGranulate) do not have an adverse effect on animal health,
	human health or the environment. The Authority further concluded that the use of the salinomycin sodium
	120 g/kg (Sacox 120 microGranulate) and of salinomycin sodium 200 g/kg (Sacox 200 microGranulate) is
	effective in the control of coccidiosis in chickens for fattening and that, by the provided studies, the conclusion is
	extended to chickens reared for laying. The Authority also concluded that the exposure estimates at the highest
	use level indicated an acceptable withdrawal time of zero days. The Authority also concluded that it is not
	necessary to set MRLs. The Authority does not consider that there is a need for specific requirements of post-
	market monitoring. It also verified the report on the method of analysis of the feed additive in feed submitted by
	the Reference Laboratory set up by Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.

- (5) However for control reasons, MRLs, as applied for, should be set for liver, kidney, muscle and skin/fat. It was also considered that field monitoring of *Eimeria* spp. resistance to salinomycin sodium shall be undertaken, preferably during the latter part of the period of authorisation.
- (6) The assessment of the salinomycin sodium (Sacox 120 microGranulate and Sacox 200 microGranulate) shows that the conditions for authorisation, as provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, are satisfied. Accordingly, the use of that preparation should be authorised as specified in the Annex to this Regulation.
- (7) Regulations (EC) No 1852/2003 and (EC) No 1463/2004 should be repealed.
- (8) Since safety reasons do not require the immediate application of the modifications to the conditions of authorisation, it is appropriate to allow a transitional period for interested parties to prepare themselves to meet the new requirements resulting from the authorisation.
- (9) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Authorisation

The preparations specified in the Annex, belonging to the additive category 'coccidiostats and histomonostas' are authorised as a coccidiostat in animal nutrition, subject to the conditions laid down in the Annex.

Article 2

Repeal of Regulation (EC) No 1852/2003

Regulation (EC) No 1852/2003 is repealed.

Article 3

Repeal of Regulation (EC) No 1463/2004

Regulation (EC) No 1463/2004 is repealed.

Article 4

Transitional measures

The preparation specified in the Annex and feed containing that preparation, which are produced and labelled before 9 May 2018 in accordance with the rules applicable before 9 November 2017 may continue to be placed on the market and used until the existing stocks are exhausted.

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) EFSA Journal 2017; 15(1):4670.

Article 5

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 2017.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

Identifi-	Name of the			Canadian an		Minimum content	Maximum content		End of	Maximum Residue
cation number of the additive	Name of the holder of authorisation	Additive (trade name)	Composition, chemical formula, description, analytical method	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	mg of active ce/kg of co feedingstu a moisture o 12	complete uff with content of	Other provisions	period of authoris- ation	Limits (MRLs) in the relevant food- stuffs of animal origin

Coccidiostats and histomonostats

51766 Huvepharma NV.	Salinomycin sodium 120 g/kg	Additive composition (Sacox120 microGranulate):	Chickens for fatten- ing		50	70	1. The additives shall be in- corporated in compound feed in the form of a pre- mixture.	9 Novem- ber 2027	150 μg salinomy- cin sodium/kg of liver;	ç
	(Sacox 120 microGranu- late) Salinomycin sodium 200 g/kg (Sacox 200 microGranu- late)	Salinomycin sodium: 114- 132 g/kg Silicon dioxide: 10-100 g/kg Calcium carbonate: 500- 700 g/kg Solid form (Sacox 200 microGranulate): Salinomycin sodium: 190- 220 g/kg Silicon dioxide: 50-150 g/kg Calcium carbonate: 50- 150 g/kg Solid form Characterisation of the active substance Salinomycin sodium, $C_{42}H_{69}Na O_{11}$, CAS number: 55721-31-8,	Chickens reared for laying	12 weeks	50	50	 mixture. The following shall be indicated in the instructions for use: Dangerous for equines and turkeys. This feedingstuff contains an ionophore: simultaneous use with certain medicinal substances (e.g. tiamulin) can be contra-indicated'. Salinomycin sodium shall not be mixed with other coccidiostats. A post-market monitoring program on the resistance to bacteria and <i>Eimeria</i> spp. shall be planned and executed by the holder of authorisation. 		40 μg salinomy- cin sodium/kg of kidney; 15 μg salinomy- cin sodium/kg of muscle, and 150 μg salinomy- cin sodium/kg. skin/fat.	слима) онглаг от гис тагорсал одноги

ANNEX

Official Journal of the European Union

L 271/4

Identifi-						Minimum content	Maximum content		End of	Maximum Residue	20.10.2017
cation number of the additive	Name of the holder of authorisation	Additive (trade name)	Composition, chemical formula, description, analytical method	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	ce/kg of feedings a moisture	ve substan- complete tuff with content of	Other provisions	period of authoris- ation	Limits (MRLs) in the relevant food- stuffs of animal origin	
			sodium salt of a polyether monocarboxylic acid produced by fermentation of <i>Streptomyces azureus</i> (DSM 32267) Related impurities: — ≤ 10 mg elaiophylin/kg salinomycin sodium. — ≤ 2 g 17-epi-20-desoxy- salinomycin/kg salinomycin sodium. — ≤ 10 g 20- desoxysalinomycin/kg salinomycin sodium. — ≤ 10 g 18,19- dihydrosalinomycin/kg salinomycin sodium. — ≤ 10 g methylated salinomycin in the feed additive: High Performance Liquid Chromatography using post-column derivatisation coupled to spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-PCD-UV-Vis).					 Zero days of withdrawal time. For users of the additive and premixtures, feed business operators shall establish operational procedures and organisational measures to address potential risks resulting from its use. Where those risks cannot be eliminated or reduced to a minimum by such procedures and measures, the additive and premixtures shall be used with personal protective equipment, including breathing, eyes and skin protections. 			EN Official Journal of the European Union L
											. 271/5

1/5

Identifi- cation number of the additive	Name of the holder of authorisation	Additive (trade name)	Composition, chemical formula, description, analytical method	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	ce/kg of feedings a moisture	Maximum content ve substan- complete tuff with content of 2 %	Other provisions	End of period of authoris- ation	Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs) in the relevant food- stuffs of animal origin	L 271/6
			For the quantification of salinomycin in premixtures and feedingstuffs:								EN
			High Performance Liquid Chromatography using post-column derivatisation coupled to spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-PCD-UV-Vis) — EN ISO 14183.								Offici
(1) Details	of the analytical	methods are availa	ble at the following address of the R	eference Labora	atory: https://	ec.europa.eu	jrc/en/eurl/fe	ed-additives/evaluation-reports	1	1	al Jou

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2017/1915

of 19 October 2017

prohibiting the introduction into the Union of specimens of certain species of wild fauna and flora

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97 of 9 December 1996 on the protection of species of wild fauna and flora by regulating trade therein (¹), and in particular Article 4(6) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The purpose of Regulation (EC) No 338/97 is to protect species of wild fauna and flora and to guarantee their conservation by regulating trade in animal and plant species listed in its Annexes. The species listed in the Annexes include the species set out in the Appendices to the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora signed in 1973 (²) (the Convention) as well as species whose conservation status requires that trade from, into and within the Union be regulated or monitored.
- (2) Article 4(6) of Regulation (EC) No 338/97 provides that the Commission may establish restrictions to the introduction of specimens of certain species into the Union in accordance with the conditions laid down in points (a) to (d) thereof.
- (3) On the basis of recent information, the Scientific Review Group established pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 338/97 has concluded that the conservation status of certain species listed in Annex B to Regulation (EC) No 338/97 would be seriously jeopardised if their introduction into the Union from certain countries of origin is not prohibited. The introduction into the Union of specimens of the following species should therefore be prohibited:

Macaca fascicularis from Laos;

Kinyongia fischeri and Kinyongia tavetana from Tanzania;

Trioceros quadricornis from Cameroon;

Hippocampus algiricus from Guinea and Senegal;

Ornithoptera priamus from Solomon Islands (wild and ranched specimens)

Pandinus imperator (ranched specimens) from Ghana;

Phelsuma borai, Phelsuma gouldi, Phelsuma hoeschi and Phelsuma ravenala from Madagascar.

(4) The Scientific Review Group has also concluded that, on the basis of the most recent available information, the prohibition of the introduction into the Union of certain species listed in Annex A to Regulation (EC) No 338/97 should no longer be required for specimens of the following species:

Falco cherrug from Bahrain.

(5) The Scientific Review Group has also concluded that, on the basis of the most recent available information, the prohibition of the introduction into the Union of certain species listed in Annex B to Regulation (EC) No 338/97 should no longer be required for specimens of the following species:

Saiga borealis, Cypripedium macranthos, Orchis coriophora, Orchis pallens and Orchis ustulata from Russia;

Hexaprotodon liberiensis, Cercopithecus pogonias, Cercopithecus preussi, Lophocebus albigena, Euoticus pallidus and Arctocebus calabarensis from Nigeria;

Profelis aurata, Cercopithecus mona, Cercopithecus petaurista, Perodicticus potto and Chamaeleo gracilis (wild and ranched specimens (with snout to vent length greater than 8 cm)) from Togo;

Hydrictis maculicollis from Tanzania;

Zaglossus bartoni from Indonesia and Papua New Guinea;

Zaglossus bruijni from Indonesia;

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 61, 3.3.1997, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ https://cites.org/sites/default/files/eng/disc/CITES-Convention-EN.pdf

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Alouatta guariba from Argentina, Bolivia and Brazil;

Ateles belzebuth from Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru and Venezuela;

Ateles fusciceps from Colombia, Ecuador and Panama;

Ateles geoffroyi from Belize, Colombia, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico and Panama;

Ateles hybridus, Lagothrix lugens and Podocnemis lewyana from Colombia and Venezuela;

Lagothrix lagotricha from Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru;

Lagothrix poeppigii from Brazil, Ecuador and Peru;

Cercopithecus erythrogaster from Benin and Nigeria;

Cercopithecus erythrotis from Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea and Nigeria;

Cercopithecus hamlyni from Democratic Republic of the Congo, Rwanda and Uganda;

Colobus vellerosus from Nigeria and Togo;

Macaca cyclopis from Japan and Taiwan (POC);

Piliocolobus badius from Côte d'Ivoire, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea Bissau, Liberia, Senegal and Sierra Leone;

Galago matschiei and Balearica regulorum from Rwanda;

Pithecia pithecia and Paleosuchus trigonatus from Guyana;

Gyps bengalensis from Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Iran, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Russia, Thailand and Viet Nam;

Gyps indicus from Pakistan;

Gyps tenuirostris from Bangladesh, Cambodia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Thailand and Vietnam;

Leucopternis lacernulatus and Aratinga auricapillus from Brazil;

Bugeranus carunculatus from South Africa;

Charmosyna diadema, Hippopus hippopus, Tridacna maxima and Tridacna squamosa from New Caledonia;

Agapornis nigrigenis from Botswana, Namibia, Zambia and Zimbabwe;

Hapalopsittaca amazonina from Colombia, Ecuador and Venezuela;

Hapalopsittaca pyrrhops from Ecuador and Peru;

Leptosittaca branickii from Colombia, Ecuador and Peru;

Poicephalus gulielmi from Côte d'Ivoire;

Poicephalus robustus from Nigeria and Uganda;

Psittrichas fulgidus from Indonesia and Papua New Guinea;

Uromastyx dispar and Ophrys pallida from Algeria;

Calumma ambreense, Calumma capuroni, Calumma cucullatum, Calumma furcifer, Calumma guibei, Calumma hilleniusi, Calumma linota, Calumma peyrierasi, Calumma tarzan, Calumma tsaratananense, Calumma vatosoa, Furcifer angeli, Furcifer balteatus, Furcifer belalandaensis, Furcifer monoceras, Furcifer nicosiai, Furcifer tuzetae, Phelsuma abbotti, Phelsuma antanosy, Phelsuma barbouri, Phelsuma berghofi, Phelsuma flavigularis, Phelsuma guttata, Phelsuma hielscheri, Phelsuma klemmeri, Phelsuma malamakibo, Phelsuma masohoala, Phelsuma modesta, Phelsuma mutabilis, Phelsuma pronki, Phelsuma pusilla, Phelsuma seippi, Phelsuma serraticauda, Uroplatus ebenaui, Uroplatus fimbriatus, Uroplatus guentheri, Uroplatus henkeli, Uroplatus lineatus, Uroplatus malama, Uroplatus phantasticus, Uroplatus pietschmanni, Uroplatus sameiti, Uroplatus sikorae, Mantella bernhardi, Mantella expectata and Mantella milotympanum from Madagascar;

Trioceros eisentrauti from Cameroon;

Phelsuma comorensis, Phelsuma laticauda and Phelsuma v-nigra from Comoros;

Phelsuma dubia from Comoros and Madagascar;

Boa constrictor from Honduras;

Python natalensis (ranched specimens) and Stigmochelys pardalis from Mozambique;

Python reticulatus from Malaysia (Peninsular);

Python sebae from Mauritania;

Batagur borneoensis from Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia and Thailand;

Gopherus agassizii from the United States;

Gopherus berlandieri from Mexico and the United States;

Tridacna derasa from New Caledonia and Philippines;

Galanthus nivalis from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Switzerland and Ukraine;

Anacamptis pyramidalis, Barlia robertiana, Dactylorhiza romana, Ophrys holoserica, Ophrys tenthredinifera, Ophrys umbilicata, Orchis italica, Orchis morio, Orchis punctulata, Orchis purpurea, Orchis tridentata, Serapias cordigera, Serapias parviflora, Serapias vomeracea, Cyclamen intaminatum, Cyclamen mirabile, Cyclamen pseudibericum and Cyclamen trochop-teranthum from Turkey;

Cypripedium japonicum from Japan and North Korea;

Cypripedium margaritaceum from China;

Euphorbia guillauminiana, Pachypodium inopinatum, Pachypodium rosulatum and Pachypodium sofiense from Madagascar

Orchis mascula (wild and ranched specimens) from Albania;

Orchis simia from Bosnia and Herzegovina, former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Turkey.

(6) The species Chitra chitra, Manis temminckii, Manis tricuspis, Macaca sylvanus, Psittacus erithacus and Psittacus erithacus timneh have recently been included in Appendix I to the Convention as well as in Annex A to Regulation (EC) No 338/97. The prohibition of the introduction into the Union for specimens of these species formerly listed in Annex B to Regulation (EC) No 338/97 is therefore no longer required:

Chitra chitra from Malaysia,

Manis temminckii from the Democratic Republic of the Congo;

Manis tricuspis fom Guinea;

Macaca sylvanus from Algeria and Morocco;

Psittacus erithacus from Benin, Equatorial Guinea, Liberia and Nigeria

Psittacus erithacus timneh from Guinea and Guinea-Bissau.

(7) The species Trachemys scripta elegans, Callosciurus erythraeus, Sciurus carolinensis, Sciurus niger, Oxyura jamaicensis and Lithobates catesbeianus have been removed from the Annex B to Regulation (EC) No 338/97. The prohibition of the introduction into the Union for specimens of these species formerly listed in Annex B to Regulation (EC) No 338/97 is therefore no longer required:

Trachemys scripta elegans, Callosciurus erythraeus, Sciurus carolinensis, Sciurus niger, Oxyura jamaicensis and Lithobates catesbeianus from all countries of origin.

- (8) The countries of origin of the species which are subject to new restrictions to the introduction into the Union have all been consulted bilaterally or through the multilateral processes under the Convention.
- (9) At the 17th Conference of the Parties to the Convention, new nomenclatural references (splitting/lumping/renaming of taxa) for animals were adopted and should be reflected accordingly in Union legislation. These changes concern the species Poicephalus robustus/fuscicollis, Calumma linota/linotum, Cordylus/Smaug mossambicus, Cuora bourreti/galbinifrons/picturata, Geochelone/Centrochelys sulcata, Kinixys belliana/nogueyi/zombensis, Pandinus imperator/roesli, Tridacna maxima/noae, Trioceros quadricornis/eisentrauti as well as the class name Actinopteri.
- (10) The list of species for which the introduction into the Union is prohibited should therefore be updated and Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/736 (¹) should, for reasons of clarity, be replaced.

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/736 of 7 May 2015 prohibiting the introduction into the Union of specimens of certain species of wild fauna and flora (OJ L 117, 8.5.2015, p. 25).

- (11) The Scientific Review Group has been consulted on this Regulation.
- (12) Applications for import permits for specimens of species for which import is restricted pursuant to Article 4(6) of Regulation (EC) No 338/97 shall be treated by Member States in accordance with Article 71 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 865/2006 (¹).
- (13) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee on Trade in Wild Fauna and Flora established pursuant to Article 18 of Regulation (EC) No 338/97,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The introduction into the Union of specimens of the species of wild fauna and flora set out in the Annex to this Regulation from the countries of origin indicated therein is prohibited.

Article 2

Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/736 is repealed.

References to the repealed Implementing Regulation shall be construed as references to this Regulation.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 2017.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) Commission Regulation (EC) No 865/2006 of 4 May 2006 laying down detailed rules concerning the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97 of the protection of species of wild fauna and flora by regulating trade therein (OJ L 166, 19.6.2006, p. 1).

ANNEX

I. Specimens of species included in Annex A to Regulation (EC) No 338/97 whose introduction into the Union is prohibited

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
FAUNA				
CHORDATA				
MAMMALIA				
ARTIODACTYLA				
Bovidae				
Capra falconeri	Wild	Hunting trophies	Uzbekistan	(a)
CARNIVORA				
Canidae				
Canis lupus	Wild	Hunting trophies	Belarus, Mongolia, Tajikistan, Turkey	(a)
Ursidae				
Ursus arctos	Wild	Hunting trophies	Canada (British Columbia), Kazakhstan	(a)
Ursus thibetanus	Wild	Hunting trophies	Russia	(a)
PROBOSCIDEA				
Elephantidae				
Loxodonta africana	Wild	Hunting trophies	Cameroon	(a)

II. Specimens of species included in Annex B to Regulation (EC) No 338/97 whose introduction into the Union is prohibited

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
FAUNA				
CHORDATA				
MAMMALIA				
ARTIODACTYLA				
Bovidae				
Ovis vignei bochariensis	Wild	All	Uzbekistan	(b)
Cervidae				
Cervus elaphus bactrianus	Wild	A11	Uzbekistan	(b)

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Hippopotamidae				
Hippopotamus amphibius	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)
Moschidae				
Moschus moschiferus	Wild	All	Russia	(b)
CARNIVORA				
Eupleridae				
Cryptoprocta ferox	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Felidae				
Panthera leo	Wild	All	Ethiopia	(b)
Profelis aurata	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
Odobenidae				
Odobenus rosmarus	Wild	All	Greenland	(b)
PRIMATES				
Cercopithecidae				
Cercopithecus dryas	Wild	All	Democratic Republic of the Congo	(b)
Macaca fascicularis	Wild	All	Laos	(b)
Piliocolobus badius (synonym Colobus badius)	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Pitheciidae				
Chiropotes chiropotes	Wild	All	Guyana	(b)
AVES				
CICONIIFORMES				
Balaenicipitidae				
Balaeniceps rex	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
FALCONIFORMES				
Accipitridae				
Accipiter erythropus	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Accipiter melanoleucus	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Accipiter ovampensis	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)

20.10.2017

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Aquila rapax	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Aviceda cuculoides	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Gyps africanus	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Gyps bengalensis	Wild	All	Afghanistan, India	(b)
Gyps indicus	Wild	All	Afghanistan, India	(b)
Gyps rueppellii	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Gyps tenuirostris	Wild	All	India	(b)
Hieraaetus ayresii	Wild	All	Cameroon, Guinea, Togo	(b)
Hieraaetus spilogaster	Wild	All	Guinea, Togo	(b)
Lophaetus occipitalis	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Macheiramphus alcinus	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Polemaetus bellicosus	Wild	All	Cameroon, Guinea, Tanzania, Togo	(b)
Spizaetus africanus	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Stephanoaetus coronatus	Wild	All	Côte d'Ivoire, Guinea, Tanzania, Togo	(b)
Terathopius ecaudatus	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
Torgos tracheliotus	Wild	All	Cameroon, Sudan, Tanzania	(b)
Trigonoceps occipitalis	Wild	All	Côte d'Ivoire, Guinea	(b)
Urotriorchis macrourus	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Falconidae				
Falco chicquera	Wild	All	Guinea, Togo	(b)
Sagittariidae				
Sagittarius serpentarius	Wild	All	Cameroon, Guinea, Tanzania, Togo	(b)

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
GRUIFORMES				
Gruidae				
Balearica pavonina	Wild	All	Guinea, Mali, South Sudan, Sudan	(b)
Balearica regulorum	Wild	All	Botswana, Burundi, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Kenya, South Africa, Tanzania, Zambia, Zimbabwe	(b)
Bugeranus carunculatus	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
PSITTACIFORMES				
Psittacidae				
Agapornis fischeri	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
Agapornis pullarius	Wild	All	Democratic Republic of the Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Guinea, Mali, Togo	(b)
Coracopsis vasa	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Deroptyus accipitrinus	Wild	All	Suriname	(b)
Poicephalus fuscicollis	Wild	All	Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Guinea, Mali, Togo	(b)
Poicephalus gulielmi	Wild	All	Cameroon, Congo, Guinea	(b)
Pyrrhura caeruleiceps	Wild	All	Colombia	(b)
Pyrrhura pfrimeri	Wild	All	Brazil	(b)
Pyrrhura subandina	Wild	All	Colombia	(b)
STRIGIFORMES				
Strigidae				
Asio capensis	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Bubo lacteus	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Bubo poensis	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Glaucidium capense	Wild	All	Rwanda	(b)

20.10.2017

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Glaucidium perlatum	Wild	All	Cameroon, Guinea	(b)
Ptilopsis leucotis	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
Scotopelia bouvieri	Wild	All	Cameroon	(b)
Scotopelia peli	Wild	All	Guinea	(b)
REPTILIA				
SAURIA				
Agamidae				
Uromastyx dispar	Wild	All	Mali, Sudan	(b)
Uromastyx geyri	Wild	All	Mali, Niger	(b)
Chamaeleonidae				
Brookesia decaryi	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Chamaeleo africanus	Wild	All	Niger	(b)
Chamaeleo gracilis	Wild	All	Benin, Ghana	(b)
	Ranched	All	Benin	(b)
Chamaeleo senegalensis	Wild	All	Benin, Ghana, Togo	(b)
	Ranched	Snout to vent length greater than 6 cm	Benin, Togo	(b)
Furcifer labordi	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Kinyongia fischeri	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
Kinyongia tavetana	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
Trioceros camerunensis	Wild	All	Cameroon	(b)
Trioceros deremensis	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
Trioceros feae	Wild	All	Equatorial Guinea	(b)
Trioceros fuelleborni	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
Trioceros montium	Wild	All	Cameroon	(b)
Trioceros perreti	Wild	All	Cameroon	(b)

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Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Trioceros quadricornis	Wild	All	Cameroon	(b)
Trioceros serratus	Wild	All	Cameroon	(b)
Trioceros werneri	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
Trioceros wiedersheimi	Wild	All	Cameroon	(b)
Cordylidae				
Cordylus rhodesianus	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)
Cordylus tropidosternum	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)
Cordylus vittifer	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)
Smaug mossambicus	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)
Gekkonidae				
Phelsuma borai	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Phelsuma breviceps	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Phelsuma gouldi	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Phelsuma hoeschi	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Phelsuma ravenalla	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Phelsuma standingi	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Scincidae				
Corucia zebrata	Wild	All	Solomon Islands	(b)
Varanidae				
Varanus albigularis	Wild	All	Tanzania	(b)
Varanus beccarii	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Varanus dumerilii	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Varanus exanthematicus	Wild	All	Benin, Togo	(b)
	Ranched	Greater than 35 cm total length	Benin, Togo	(b)

20.10.2017

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Varanus jobiensis (synonym V. karlschmidti)	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Varanus niloticus	Wild	All	Benin, Togo	(b)
	Ranched	Greater than 35 cm total length	Benin	(b)
	Ranched	All	Тодо	(b)
Varanus ornatus	Wild	All	Тодо	(b)
	Ranched	All	Тодо	(b)
Varanus salvadorii	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
/aranus spinulosus	Wild	All	Solomon Islands	(b)
SERPENTES				
Boidae				
Calabaria reinhardtii	Wild	All	Тодо	(b)
	Ranched	All	Benin, Togo	(b)
Candoia carinata	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Colubridae				
Elapidae				
Naja atra	Wild	All	Laos	(b)
Naja kaouthia	Wild	All	Laos	(b)
Naja siamensis	Wild	All	Laos	(b)
Pythonidae				
Liasis fuscus	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Morelia boeleni	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Python bivittatus	Wild	All	China	(b)
Python molurus	Wild	All	China	(b)
Ython regius	Wild	All	Benin, Guinea	(b)
restudines				
Emydidae				
Chrysemys picta	All	Live	All	(d)

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Geoemydidae				
Cuora amboinensis	Wild	All	Indonesia, Malaysia	(b)
Cuora bourreti	Wild	All	Laos	(b)
Cuora galbinifrons	Wild	All	China, Laos	(b)
Heosemys annandalii	Wild	All	Laos	(b)
Heosemys grandis	Wild	All	Laos	(b)
Heosemys spinosa	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Leucocephalon yuwonoi	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Malayemys subtrijuga	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Notochelys platynota	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Siebenrockiella crassicollis	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Podocnemididae				
Erymnochelys madagascariensis	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Peltocephalus dumerilianus	Wild	All	Guyana	(b)
Podocnemis unifilis	Wild	All	Suriname	(b)
Testudinidae				
Centrochelys sulcata	Ranched	All	Benin, Togo	(b)
Indotestudo forstenii	Wild	All	All	(b)
Indotestudo travancorica	Wild	All	All	(b)
Kinixys erosa	Wild	All	Democratic Republic of the Congo, Togo	(b)
Kinixys homeana	Wild	All	Benin, Ghana, Togo	(b)
	Ranched	All	Benin	(b)
	Ranched	Greater than 8 cm straight carapace length	Тодо	(b)

20.10.2017

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Kinixys nogueyi	Wild	All	Benin, Ghana	(b)
	Ranched	Greater than 5 cm straight carapace length	Benin	(b)
Kinixys spekii	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)
Kinixys zombensis	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)
Manouria emys	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Manouria impressa	Wild	All	Vietnam	(b)
Stigmochelys pardalis	Wild	All	Democratic Republic of the Congo, Uganda	(b)
Testudo horsfieldii	Wild	All	Kazakhstan	(b)
Trionychidae				
Amyda cartilaginea	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Pelochelys cantorii	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
AMPHIBIA				
ANURA				
Conrauidae				
Conraua goliath	Wild	All	Cameroon	(b)
Dendrobatidae				
Hyloxalus azureiventris	Wild	All	Peru	(b)
Ranitomeya variabilis	Wild	All	Peru	(b)
Ranitomeya ventrimaculata	Wild	All	Peru	(b)
Mantellidae				
Mantella aurantiaca	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Mantella cowani	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Mantella crocea	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Mantella pulchra	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Mantella viridis	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Microhylidae				
Scaphiophryne gottlebei	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
ACTINOPTERI				
PERCIFORMES				
Labridae				
Cheilinus undulatus	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
SYNGNATHIFORMES				
Syngnathidae				
Hippocampus algiricus	Wild	All	Guinea, Senegal	(b)
Hippocampus barbouri	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Hippocampus comes	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Hippocampus erectus	Wild	All	Brazil	(b)
Hippocampus histrix	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Hippocampus kelloggi	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Hippocampus kuda	Wild	All	China, Indonesia, Vietnam	(b)
Hippocampus spinosissimus	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
ARTHROPODA				
ARACHNIDA				
SCORPIONES				
Scorpionidae				
Pandinus imperator	Wild	All	Benin, Ghana, Togo	(b)
	Ranched	All	Benin, Ghana, Togo	(b)
Pandinus roeseli	Wild	All	Benin, Ghana, Togo	(b)
	Ranched	All	Benin, Ghana, Togo	(b)
INSECTA				
LEPIDOPTERA				
Papilionidae				
Ornithoptera croesus	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Ornithoptera priamus	Wild	All	Solomon Islands	(b)

20.10.2017

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Ornithoptera priamus	Ranched	All	Solomon Islands	(b)
Ornithoptera victoriae	Wild	All	Solomon Islands	(b)
	Ranched	All	Solomon Islands	(b)
MOLLUSCA				
BIVALVIA				
VENEROIDA				
Tridacnidae				
Hippopus hippopus	Wild	All	Tonga, Vanuatu, Vietnam	(b)
Tridacna crocea	Wild	All	Cambodia, Fiji, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Vanuatu, Vietnam	(b)
Tridacna derasa	Wild	All	Fiji, Palau, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Vanuatu, Vietnam	(b)
Tridacna gigas	Wild	All	Marshall Islands, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Vietnam	(b)
Tridacna maxima	Wild	All	Cambodia, Fiji, Marshall Islands, Micronesia, Mozambique, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Vanuatu, Vietnam	(b)
Tridacna noae	Wild	All	Fiji, Micronesia, Solomon Islands, Vanuatu	
Tridacna rosewateri	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)
Tridacna squamosa	Wild	All	Cambodia, Fiji, Mozambique, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Vanuatu, Vietnam	(b)
Tridacna tevoroa	Wild	All	Tonga	(b)
GASTROPODA				
MESOGASTROPODA				
Strombidae				
Strombus gigas	Wild	All	Grenada, Haiti	(b)
CNIDARIA				
ANTHOZOA				
HELIOPORACEA				
Helioporidae				
Heliopora coerulea	Wild	All	Solomon Islands	(b)
SCLERACTINIA				
Scleractinia spp.	Wild	All	Ghana	(b)

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Agariciidae				
Agaricia agaricites	Wild	All	Haiti	(b)
Caryophylliidae				
Catalaphyllia jardinei	Wild	All	Solomon Islands	(b)
Euphyllia divisa	Wild	Live corals except maricultured specimens attached to artificial substrates	Indonesia	(b)
Euphyllia fimbriata	Wild	Live corals except maricultured specimens attached to artificial substrates	Indonesia	(b)
Euphyllia paraancora	Wild	Live corals except maricultured specimens attached to artificial substrates	Indonesia	(b)
Euphyllia paradivisa	Wild	Live corals except maricultured specimens attached to artificial substrates	Indonesia	(b)
Euphyllia yaeyamaensis	Wild	Live corals except maricultured specimens attached to artificial substrates	Indonesia	(b)
Plerogyra discus	Wild	All except maricultured specimens attached to artificial substrates	Indonesia	(b)
Plerogyra simplex (Plerogyra taisnei)	Wild	All except maricultured specimens attached to artificial substrates	Indonesia	(b)
Faviidae				
Favites halicora	Wild	All	Tonga	(b)
Platygyra sinensis	Wild	All	Tonga	(b)
Mussidae				
Acanthastrea hemprichii	Wild	All	Tonga	(b)
Blastomussa merleti	Wild	All except maricultured specimens attached to artificial substrates	Indonesia	(b)

20.10.2017

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Cynarina lacrymalis	Wild	All except maricultured specimens attached to artificial substrates	Indonesia	(b)
Scolymia spp.	Wild	All	Tonga	(b)
Pocilloporidae				
Seriatopora stellata	Wild	All	Indonesia	(b)
Trachyphylliidae				
Trachyphyllia geoffroyi	Wild	All	Fiji	(b)
FLORA				
Cycadaceae				
Cycadaceae spp.	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)
Euphorbiaceae				
Euphorbia ankarensis	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia banae	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia berorohae	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia bongolavensis	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia bulbispina	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia duranii	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia fianarantsoae	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia iharanae	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia kondoi	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia labatii	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia lophogona	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia millotii	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia neohumbertii	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)

Species	Source(s) covered	Specimen(s) covered	Countries of origin	Basis in Article 4(6), Point:
Euphorbia pachypodioides	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia razafindratsirae	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia suzannae- marnierae	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Euphorbia waringiae	Wild	All	Madagascar	(b)
Orchidaceae				
Cypripedium japonicum	Wild	All	China, South Korea	(b)
Cypripedium macranthos	Wild	All	South Korea,	(b)
Cypripedium micranthum	Wild	All	China	(b)
Dendrobium bellatulum	Wild	All	Vietnam	(b)
Dendrobium nobile	Wild	All	Laos	(b)
Dendrobium wardianum	Wild	All	Vietnam	(b)
Myrmecophila tibicinis	Wild	All	Belize	(b)
Phalaenopsis parishii	Wild	All	Vietnam	(b)
Stangeriaceae				
Stangeriaceae spp.	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)
Zamiaceae				
Zamiaceae spp.	Wild	All	Mozambique	(b)

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2017/1916

of 19 October 2017

fixing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities covered by the applications for import licences lodged from 1 to 7 October 2017 under the tariff quotas opened by Regulation (EC) No 341/2007 for garlic

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 (¹), and in particular Article 188(1) and (3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Regulation (EC) No 341/2007 (²) opened annual tariff quotas for imports of garlic.
- (2) The quantities covered by the applications for 'A' import licences lodged in the first seven calendar days of October 2017, for the subperiod from 1 December 2017 to 28 February 2018, for certain quotas, exceed those available. The extent to which 'A' import licences may be issued should therefore be determined by establishing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities requested, calculated in accordance with Article 7(2) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006 (³).
- (3) In order to ensure the efficient management of the measure, this Regulation should enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The quantities covered by the applications for 'A' import licences lodged under Regulation (EC) No 341/2007 for the subperiod from 1 December 2017 to 28 February 2018 shall be multiplied by the allocation coefficient set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 2017.

For the Commission, On behalf of the President, Jerzy PLEWA Director-General

Directorate-General for Agriculture and Rural Development

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671.

⁽²⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 341/2007 of 29 March 2007 opening and providing for the administration of tariff quotas and introducing a system of import licences and certificates of origin for garlic and certain other agricultural products imported from third countries (OJ L 90, 30.3.2007, p. 12).

^{(&}lt;sup>3</sup>) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006 of 31 August 2006 laying down common rules for the administration of import tariff quotas for agricultural products managed by a system of import licences (OJ L 238, 1.9.2006, p. 13).

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ANNEX

Origin	Reference number	Allocation coefficient — applications lodged for the subperiod from 1.12.2017 to 28.2.2018 (%)
Argentina		
— Traditional importers	09.4104	—
— New importers	09.4099	—
China		
— Traditional importers	09.4105	—
— New importers	09.4100	0,481701
Other third countries		
— Traditional importers	09.4106	—
- New importers	09.4102	—

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2017/1917

of 19 October 2017

fixing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities covered by applications for import licences lodged until 9 October 2017 under the tariff quotas opened by Regulation (EC) No 891/2009 in the sugar sector and suspending the submission of applications for such licences

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 (¹), and in particular Article 188(1) and (3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Regulation (EC) No 891/2009 (²) opened annual tariff quotas for imports of sugar products.
- (2) The quantities covered by import licence applications lodged until 9 October 2017 at 13.00 for the subperiod from 1 to 31 October 2017 are, for order number 09.4321, greater than those available. The extent to which import licences may be issued should therefore be determined by fixing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities requested, calculated in accordance with Article 7(2) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006 (³). The submission of further applications for import licences under that order number should be suspended until the end of the quota period.
- (3) In order to ensure efficient management of the measure, this Regulation should enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The quantities covered by import licence applications lodged under Regulation (EC) No 891/2009 until 9 October 2017 at 13.00 shall be multiplied by the allocation coefficient set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

2. The submission of further applications for import licences under the order numbers indicated in the Annex shall be suspended until the end of the 2017/2018 quota period.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671.

^{(&}lt;sup>2</sup>) Commission Regulation (EC) No 891/2009 of 25 September 2009 opening and providing for the administration of certain Community tariff quotas in the sugar sector (OJ L 254, 26.9.2009, p. 82).

⁽³⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006 of 31 August 2006 laying down common rules for the administration of import tariff quotas for agricultural products managed by a system of import licences (OJ L 238, 1.9.2006, p. 13).

EN

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 2017.

For the Commission, On behalf of the President, Jerzy PLEWA Director-General Directorate-General for Agriculture and Rural Development

ANNEX

'CXL concessions sugar' 2017/2018 Quota period Applications lodged until 9 October 2017 at 13.00

Order No	Country	Allocation coefficient (%)	Further applications
09.4317	Australia	—	
09.4318	Brazil	—	
09.4319	Cuba	—	
09.4320	Any third country	—	
09.4321	India	2,631578	Suspended
09.4329	Brazil	—	
09.4330	Brazil	Available in 2022/20	23 and 2023/2024

'Balkans sugar' 2017/2018 Quota period Applications lodged until 9 October 2017 at 13.00

Order No	Country	Allocation coefficient (%)	Further applications
09.4324	Albania		
09.4325	Bosnia and Herzegovina	_	
09.4326	Serbia	—	
09.4327	Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	—	

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2017/1918

of 19 October 2017

fixing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities on which applications for import licences and applications for import rights lodged from 1 to 7 October 2017 are based and establishing the quantities to be added to the quantity fixed for the sub-period from 1 April to 30 June 2018 under the tariff quotas opened by Regulation (EC) No 616/2007 for poultrymeat

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 (1), and in particular Article 188 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1)Commission Regulation (EC) No 616/2007 (2) opened annual tariff quotas for imports of poultrymeat products originating in Brazil, Thailand and other third countries.
- (2)The quantities on which applications for import licences lodged from 1 to 7 October 2017 for the sub-period from 1 January to 31 March 2018 are based relate, for some quotas, to quantities exceeding those available. The extent to which import licences may be issued should therefore be determined by fixing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities requested, calculated in accordance with Article 7(2) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006 (³).
- (3) The quantities on which applications for import rights lodged from to 1 to 7 October 2017 for the sub-period from 1 January to 31 March 2018 are based relate, for some quotas, to quantities exceeding those available. The extent to which import rights may be issued should therefore be determined by fixing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities requested, calculated in accordance with Article 6(3) in conjunction with Article 7(2)of Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006.
- (4)The quantities on which applications for import licences and import rights lodged from 1 to 7 October 2017 for the sub-period from 1 January to 31 March 2018 are based relate, for some quotas, to quantities less than those available. The quantities for which applications have not been lodged should therefore be determined, and these should be added to the quantity fixed for the following quota sub-period.
- In order to ensure the efficient management of the measure, this Regulation should enter into force on the day of (5) its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The quantities on which applications for import licences lodged pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 616/2007 for the sub-period from 1 January to 31 March 2018 are based shall be multiplied by the allocation coefficient set out in part A of the Annex hereto.

The quantities for which applications for import licences have not been lodged pursuant to Regulation (EC) 2. No 616/2007, to be added to the sub-period from 1 April to 30 June 2018, are set out in part A of the Annex hereto.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 616/2007 of 4 June 2007 opening and providing for the administration of Community tariff quotas in the sector of poultrymeat originating in Brazil, Thailand and other third countries (OJ L 142, 5.6.2007, p. 3). Commission Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006 of 31 August 2006 laying down common rules for the administration of import tariff

quotas for agricultural products managed by a system of import licences (OJ L 238, 1.9.2006, p. 13).

Article 2

1. The quantities on which applications for import rights lodged pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 616/2007 for the sub-period from 1 January to 31 March 2018 are based shall be multiplied by the allocation coefficient set out in part B of the Annex hereto.

2. The quantities for which applications for import rights have not been lodged pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 616/2007, to be added to the sub-period from 1 April to 30 June 2018, are set out in part B of the Annex hereto.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 2017.

For the Commission, On behalf of the President, Jerzy PLEWA Director-General Directorate-General for Agriculture and Rural Development EN

ANNEX

PART A

Group No	Order No	Allocation coefficient — applications lodged for the sub-period from 1 January to 31 March 2018 (%)	Non-requested quantities to be added to the quantities available for the sub-period from 1 April to 30 June 2018 (in kg)
1	09.4211	0,388838	_
2	09.4212	—	13 622 005
4A	09.4214 09.4251 09.4252	0,709344 20,408202 1,407574	
6A	09.4216 09.4260	0,270271 0,297978	
7	09.4217	—	47 043 200
8	09.4218	—	9 276 800

PART B

Group No	Order No	Allocation coefficient — applications lodged for the sub-period from 1 January to 31 March 2018 (%)	Non-requested quantities to be added to the quantities available for the sub-period from 1 April to 30 June 2018 (in kg)
5A	09.4215	0,455581	_
	09.4254	0,479158	—
	09.4255	1,779372	—
	09.4256	—	6 250 002

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2017/1919

of 19 October 2017

on the minimum selling price for skimmed milk powder for the 13th partial invitation to tender within the tendering procedure opened by Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/2080

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 (1),

Having regard to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1240 of 18 May 2016 laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to public intervention and aid for private storage (2), and in particular Article 32 thereof,

Whereas:

- Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/2080 (3) has opened the sale of skimmed milk powder by (1)a tendering procedure.
- (2)In the light of the tenders received for the 13th partial invitation to tender, a minimum selling price should be fixed.
- The Committee for the Common Organisation of Agricultural Markets has not delivered an opinion within the (3) time limit laid down by its Chair,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 13th partial invitation to tender for the selling of skimmed milk powder within the tendering procedure opened by Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/2080, in respect of which the period during which tenders were to be submitted ended on 17 October 2017, the minimum selling price shall be 144,05 EUR/100 kg.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 2017.

For the Commission, On behalf of the President, Jerzy PLEWA Director-General Directorate-General for Agriculture and Rural Development

 ^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671.
 (²) OJ L 206, 30.7.2016, p. 71.
 (³) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/2080 of 25 November 2016 opening the sale of skimmed milk powder by a tendering procedure (OJ L 321, 29.11.2016, p. 45).

EN

DIRECTIVES

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DIRECTIVE (EU) 2017/1920

of 19 October 2017

amending Annex IV to Council Directive 2000/29/EC as regards the movement of seeds of Solanum tuberosum L. originating in the Union

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community (¹), and in particular point (d) of the second paragraph of Article 14 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 5(1) of Directive 2000/29/EC in conjunction with point 18.3 of Section II of Part A of Annex IV to that Directive, provides for special requirements concerning the movement of plants of stolon or tuber-forming species of *Solanum* L., or their hybrids, intended for planting, other than those tubers of *Solanum tuberosum* L. specified in points 18.1., 18.1.1. or 18.2. of Section II of Part A of Annex IV to that Directive, and other than culture maintenance material being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections.
- (2) Certain Member States have requested for more specific requirements for the movement of seeds of *Solanum tuberosum* L., commonly also referred to as 'true potato seeds', originating in the Union (hereafter 'the specified seeds'). Those requirements should ensure phytosanitary protection of the Union territory from harmful organisms potentially hosted by the specified seeds.
- (3) Seeds which are plants of stolon, or tuber-forming species of *Solanum* L., or their hybrids, intended for planting, being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections, should not be considered as specified seeds, because they are intended for research and conservation purposes.
- (4) As Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival, Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al., Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. and Potato spindle tuber viroid present the major phytosanitary risk for the specified seeds, and taking into account the pest risk analysis of the Netherlands Food and Consumer Product Safety Authority of 2015 (²), it is appropriate to provide that either the specified seeds should originate in areas known to be free from those organisms, or the specified seeds and their production sites should be subject to specific requirements.
- (5) The measures provided for in this Directive are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC is amended in accordance with the Annex to this Directive.

Article 2

1. Member States shall adopt and publish, by 31 March 2018 at the latest, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the text of those provisions.

They shall apply those provisions from 1 April 2018.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 169, 10.7.2000, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ PŔA EU internal movement of True Potato Seeds of official varieties, NVWA, June 2015.

When Member States adopt those provisions, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. Member States shall determine how such reference is to be made.

2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

Article 3

This Directive shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

Article 4

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 October 2017.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

ANNEX

Section II of Part A of Annex IV to Directive 2000/29/EC is amended as follows:

(1) Point 18.3 is replaced by the following:

- '18.3. Plants of stolon or tuber-forming species of Solanum L., or their hybrids, intended for planting, other than those tubers of Solanum tuberosum L. specified in points 18.1, 18.1.1 or 18.2, other than culture maintenance material being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections, and other than seeds of Solanum tuberosum L. specified in point 18.3.1.
- (a) The plants shall have been held under quarantine conditions and shall have been found free of any harmful organisms in quarantine testing;
- (b) the quarantine testing referred to in (a) shall:
 - (aa) be supervised by the official plant protection organisation of the Member State concerned and executed by scientifically trained staff of that organisation or of any officially approved body;
 - (bb) be executed at a site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain harmful organisms and maintain the material including indicator plants in such a way as to eliminate any risk of spreading harmful organisms;
 - (cc) be executed on each unit of the material,
 - by visual examination at regular intervals during the full length of at least one vegetative cycle, having regard to the type of material and its stage of development during the testing programme, for symptoms caused by any harmful organisms,
 - by testing, in accordance with appropriate methods to be submitted to the Committee referred to in Article 18:
 - in the case of all potato material at least for
 - Andean potato latent virus,
 - Arracacha virus B. oca strain,
 - Potato black ringspot virus,
 - Potato spindle tuber viroid,
 - Potato virus T,
 - Andean potato mottle virus,
 - common potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Y^o , Y^n und Y^c) and Potato leaf roll virus,
 - Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al.,
 - Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al.;
 - in the case of seeds of Solanum tuberosum L., other than those specified in point 18.3.1, at least for the viruses and viroid listed above;
 - (dd) by appropriate testing on any other symptom observed in the visual examination in order to identify the harmful organisms having caused such symptoms;
- (c) any material, which has not been found free, under the testing specified under (b) from harmful organisms as specified under (b) shall be immediately destroyed or subjected to procedures which eliminate the harmful organism(s);
- (d) each organisation or research body holding this material shall inform their official Member State plant protection service of the material held.'

(2) The following point 18.3.1 is inserted after point 18.3:

point 18.4.

'18.3.1. Seeds of *Solanum tuberosum* L., Official statement that: other than those specified in The goods during from plan

The seeds derive from plants complying, as applicable, with the requirements set out in points 18.1., 18.1.1, 18.2 and 18.3;

- and
- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival, Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al., Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. and Potato spindle tuber viroid;
 - or
- (b) the seeds comply with all of the following requirements:
 - they have been produced in a site where, since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, no symptoms of disease caused by the harmful organisms referred to in point (a) have been observed;
 - (ii) they have been produced at a site where all of the following actions have been taken:
 - (1) separation of the site from other solanaceous plants and other host plants of Potato spindle tuber viroid;
 - (2) prevention of contact with staff and items, such as tools, machinery, vehicles, vessels and packaging material, from other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants of Potato spindle tuber viroid, or appropriate hygiene measures concerning staff or items from other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants of Potato spindle tuber viroid to prevent infection;
 - (3) only water free from all harmful organisms referred to in this point is used.'

DECISIONS

COUNCIL DECISION (EU) 2017/1921

of 16 October 2017

on the position to be adopted on behalf of the European Union within the Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, as regards the establishment of a list of arbitrators

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 207(4), in conjunction with Article 218(9) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) The Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part (¹) ('the Agreement'), was signed on 15 October 2008, and has been applied provisionally since 29 December 2008.
- (2) In accordance with Article 221 of the Agreement, a list of 15 individuals with specialised knowledge of or experience in law and international trade, who are willing to serve as arbitrators, should be established. It is necessary to implement the dispute settlement provisions of the Agreement.
- (3) The Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council ('the Joint Council'), at its fourth meeting on 17 November 2017, is to adopt a decision on the establishment of that list.
- (4) In the Joint Council, the Union is to be represented by the Commission in accordance with Article 17(1) of the Treaty on European Union (TEU). The Member States are to support the position of the Union in accordance with Article 4(3) TEU.
- (5) It is appropriate to establish the position to be adopted on behalf of the Union within the Joint Council.
- (6) The position of the Union within the Joint Council should therefore be based on the attached draft Decision,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The position to be adopted on behalf of the European Union within the Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council at its fourth meeting on 17 November 2017 as regards the establishment of a list of arbitrators shall be based on the draft Decision of the Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council attached to this Decision.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Commission and the Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 16 October 2017.

For the Council The President F. MOGHERINI

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 289, 30.10.2008, p. 3.

DRAFT

DECISION No .../2017 OF THE JOINT CARIFORUM-EU COUNCIL

established by the Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part

of ...

as regards the establishment of a list of arbitrators

THE JOINT CARIFORUM-EU COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, and in particular Article 221(1) thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

The list of fifteen arbitrators provided for in Article 221(1) annexed to this Decision is adopted by the Parties.

Article 2

Article 1

The CARIFORUM-EU Trade and Development Committee may amend the list of arbitrators annexed to this Decision.

Article 3

This Decision shall enter into force on

Done at ...,

For the CARIFORUM States

For the EU Party

ANNEX

List of arbitrators referred to in Article 221(1) of the Agreement

Arbitrators selected by the CARIFORUM States:

- Ms. Tracy BENN-ROBERTS (Antigua and Barbuda)
- Ms. Nicole FOSTER (Barbados)
- Ms. Bertha COOPER ROSSEAU (The Bahamas)
- Ms. Michelle A. BROWN (Jamaica)
- Ms. Fabiola MEDINA GARNES (Dominican Republic)
- Arbitrators selected by the EU:
- Mr. Jacques BOURGEOIS (Belgium)
- Mr. Claus Dieter EHLERMANN (Germany)
- Mr. Pieter Jan KUIJPER (Netherlands)
- Mr. Giorgio SACERDOTI (Italy)
- Mr. Ramon TORRENT (Spain)
- Arbitrators jointly selected by the Parties:
- Mr. Frederick ABBOTT (United States)
- Mr. James BACCHUS (United States)
- Mr. Armand DE MESTRAL (Canada)
- Ms. Claudia OROZCO (Colombia)
- Mr. Helge SELAND (Norway)

COUNCIL DECISION (EU) 2017/1922

of 16 October 2017

on the position to be adopted on behalf of the European Union within the Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council of the Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, as regards the amendment of Annex IX to Protocol I

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 207(4), in conjunction with Article 218(9) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) The Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part (¹) ('the Agreement'), was signed on 15 October 2008, and has been applied provisionally since 29 December 2008.
- (2) Pursuant to Article 229(1) and (2) of the Agreement, the Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council ('the Joint Council') may adopt decisions that are binding on the Parties and the Signatory CARIFORUM States, which shall take all the measures necessary to implement them in accordance with internal rules of each Party and of each Signatory CARIFORUM State.
- (3) The Joint Council, at its fourth meeting on 17 November 2017, is to adopt a decision on the amendment of Annex IX to Protocol I of the Agreement ('Annex IX') that includes the list of Overseas Countries and Territories ('OCTs').
- (4) In light of the change of status of three territories, that amendment aims to update the list of OCTs set out in Annex IX and harmonise it with the one set out in the Annex II to the Treaty.
- (5) In the Joint Council, the Union is to be represented by the Commission in accordance with Article 17(1) of the Treaty on European Union (TEU). The Member States are to support the position of the Union in accordance with Article 4(3) TEU.
- (6) It is appropriate to establish the position to be adopted on behalf of the Union in the Joint Council.
- (7) The position of the Union within the Joint Council should teherefore be based on the attached draft Decision,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The position to be adopted on behalf of the European Union within the Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council at its fourth meeting on 17 November 2017 as regards the amendment of Annex IX to Protocol I to the Agreement shall be based on the draft Decision of the Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council attached to this Decision.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Commission and to the Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 16 October 2017.

For the Council The President F. MOGHERINI

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 289, 30.10.2008, p. 3.

DRAFT

DECISION No .../2017 OF THE JOINT CARIFORUM-EU COUNCIL

established by the Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part,

of ...

concerning the amendment of Annex IX to Protocol I: Overseas countries and territories

THE JOINT CARIFORUM-EU COUNCIL

Having regard to the Economic Partnership Agreement between the CARIFORUM States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part ('the Agreement'), and in particular Article 41 of Protocol I thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Protocol I of the Agreement Concerning the Definition of the Concept of 'Originating Products' and Methods of Administrative Cooperation defines Overseas Countries and Territories (OCTs) to mean the Overseas Countries and Territories set out in Annex IX thereto;
- (2) Following the change of status of Mayotte (¹) and Saint-Barthélemy (²), and the entry into force of Council Decision 2013/755/EU on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Union (³), the list of overseas countries and territories in Annex IX to Protocol I of the Agreement should be updated,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

Annex IX to Protocol I is replaced by the Annex which is annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on ...

Done at ...,

For the CARIFORUM States

For the EU Party

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) Council Decision 2012/419/EU of 11 July 2012 amending the status of Mayotte with regard to the European Union (OJ EU L 204, 31.7.2012, p. 131).

 ^{(&}lt;sup>2</sup>) Council Decision 2010/718/EU of 29 October 2010 amending the status with regard to the European Union of the island of Saint-Barthélemy (OJ EU L 325, 9.12.2010, p. 4).
 (³) Council Decision 2013/755/EU of 25 November 2013 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European

^{(&}lt;sup>3</sup>) Council Decision 2013/755/EU of 25 November 2013 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Union (OJ EU L 76, 15.3.2014, p. 56).

ANNEX IX to Protocol I

Overseas countries and territories

For the purposes of this Protocol 'overseas countries and territories' means the following countries and territories referred to in Annex II to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union listed below:

(This list is without prejudice to the status of these countries and territories, or future changes in their status.)

- 1. Overseas countries and territories that have special relations with the Kingdom of Denmark:
 - Greenland.
- 2. Overseas countries and territories that have special relations with the French Republic:
 - New Caledonia and Dependencies,
 - French Polynesia,
 - Saint Pierre and Miquelon,
 - Saint Barthélemy,
 - French Southern and Antarctic Territories,
 - Wallis and Futuna.
- 3. Overseas countries and territories that have special relations with the Kingdom of the Netherlands:
 - Aruba,
 - Bonaire,
 - Curaçao,
 - Saba,
 - Sint Eustatius,
 - Sint Maarten.
- 4. Overseas countries and territories that have special relations with the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland:
 - Anguilla,
 - Bermuda,
 - Cayman Islands,
 - Falkland Islands,
 - South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands,
 - Montserrat,
 - Pitcairn,
 - Saint Helena and Dependencies,
 - British Antarctic Territory,
 - British Indian Ocean Territory,
 - Turks and Caicos Islands,
 - British Virgin Islands.

ACTS ADOPTED BY BODIES CREATED BY INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS

DECISION No 1/2017 OF THE ESA-EU CUSTOMS COOPERATION COMMITTEE

of 2 October 2017

on a derogation from the rules of origin laid down in Protocol 1 to the Interim Agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between the Eastern and Southern Africa States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, to take account of the special situation of the Eastern and Southern Africa States with regard to preserved tuna and tuna loins [2017/1923]

THE CUSTOMS COOPERATION COMMITTEE,

Having regard to the Interim Agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between the Eastern and Southern Africa States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, and in particular Article 41(4) of Protocol I thereto,

Whereas:

- The Interim Agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between the Eastern (1)and Southern Africa States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part (1) (the interim EPA) applies provisionally as from 14 May 2012 between the Union and the Republic of Madagascar, the Republic of Mauritius, the Republic of Seychelles and the Republic of Zimbabwe.
- (2)Protocol 1 to the interim EPA concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation contains the rules of origin for the importation of products originating in the ESA States into the Union.
- (3)In accordance with Article 42(8) of Protocol 1 to the interim EPA, derogations from those rules of origin are granted automatically within an annual quota of 8 000 tonnes for canned tuna and of 2 000 tonnes for tuna loins.
- On 29 November 2012 the ESA-EU Customs Cooperation Committee adopted Decision No 1/2012 (2) granting (4)an automatic derogation from the rules of origin with regard to canned tuna and tuna loins imported into the Union in accordance with Article 42(8) of Protocol 1 to the interim EPA from 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2017.
- (5) In order to permit the effective and full utilisation of the quota available, Mauritius, Seychelles and Madagascar requested a derogation covering the annual quantities of 8 000 tonnes of canned tuna and of 2 000 tonnes of tuna loins imported into the Union from 1 January 2018.
- (6) Since the annual quota is granted automatically upon request of the ESA States, the Customs Cooperation Committee should allocate the global quota to the ESA States. Therefore, a derogation should be granted to the ESA States in respect of 8 000 tonnes of canned tuna and 2 000 tonnes of tuna loins.

 ^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 111, 24.4.2012, p. 2.
 (²) Decision No 1/2012 of the ESA-EU Customs Cooperation Committee of 29 November 2012 on a derogation from the rules of origin laid down in Protocol 1 to the Interim Agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between the Eastern and Southern Africa States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, to take account of the special situation of the Eastern and Southern Africa States with regard to preserved tuna and tuna loins (OJ L 347, 15.12.2012, p. 38).

- (7) The reference in Article 42(8) of Protocol 1 to the interim EPA to 'canned tuna' is to be understood as to cover tuna preserved in vegetable oil or in other ways. For those types of tuna, Annex I to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 (¹) ('the Combined Nomenclature') refers to the term 'preserved'. The term 'preserved tuna' comprises canned tuna, but also tuna vacuum-packed in plastic bags or other containers. It is therefore appropriate to use the term 'preserved tuna'.
- (8) In the interest of clarity, it is appropriate to set out explicitly that the non-originating tuna to be used for the manufacture of preserved tuna of CN codes 1604 14 21, 31 and 41, 1604 14 28, 38 and 48, ex 1604 20 70 and tuna loins of CN code 1604 14 26, 36 and 46 should be tuna of HS Headings 0302 or 0303, in order for the preserved tuna and tuna loins to benefit from the derogation.
- (9) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447 (²) lays down rules for the management of tariff quotas. Those rules should be applied to the management of the quantity in respect of which the derogation is granted by this decision.
- (10) The derogation should be granted for a period of 5 years as foreseen in Article 42(10) point (a) of Protocol 1 to the interim EPA.
- (11) In order to allow efficient monitoring of the operation of the derogation, the authorities of the ESA States should communicate regularly to the Commission details of the EUR.1 movement certificates issued,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

By way of derogation from Protocol 1 to the interim EPA and in accordance with Article 42(8) of that Protocol, preserved tuna and tuna loins of HS Heading 1604 manufactured from non-originating tuna of HS Headings 0302 or 0303 shall be regarded as originating in an ESA State in accordance with the terms set out in Articles 2 to 4 of this Decision.

Article 2

The derogation provided for in Article 1 shall apply on an annual basis to the products and the quantities set out in the Annex to this Decision which are declared for release for free circulation into the Union from an ESA State during the period of 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2022.

Article 3

The quantities set out in the Annex shall be managed in accordance with Articles 49 to 54 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447.

Article 4

1. The customs authorities of the ESA States shall carry out quantitative checks on exports of the products referred to in Article 1.

2. Before the end of the month following each quarter, the customs authorities of those countries shall forward to the Commission, via the Secretariat of the Customs Cooperation Committee, a statement of the quantities in respect of which movement certificates EUR.1 have been issued pursuant to this Decision and the serial numbers of those certificates.

3. Box 7 of movement certificates EUR.1 issued under this Decision shall contain one of the following indications:

'Derogation — Decision No 1/2017 of the ESA-EU Customs Cooperation Committee of 2 October 2017';

'Dérogation — Décision nº 1/2017 du comité de coopération douanière AfOA-UE du 2 octobre 2017';

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff (OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1).

^{(&}lt;sup>2</sup>) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447 of 24 November 2015 laying down detailed rules for implementing certain provisions of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the Union Customs Code (OJ L 343, 29.12.2015, p. 558).

Article 5

1. The ESA States and the Union shall take the measures necessary on their part to implement this Decision.

2. Where the Union has made a finding, on the basis of objective information, of irregularities or fraud or of a repeated failure to respect the obligations laid down in Article 4, the Union may seek temporary suspension of the derogation referred to in Article 1 in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 22(5) and (6) of the interim EPA.

Article 6

This Decision shall enter into force on 1 January 2018.

Done at Antananarivo, 2 October 2017.

Mr M. R. NABEE ESA Representative on behalf of the ESA States Mr J. G. SANCHEZ European Commission on behalf of the European Union

ANNEX

Order No	CN Code	Description of goods	Period	Net weight (in tonnes)
09.1618	1604 14 21, 31 and 41 1604 14 28, 38 and 48 ex 1604 20 70 (¹)	Preserved tuna (²)	1.1.2018-31.12.2018	8 000
			1.1.2019-31.12.2019	8 000
			1.1.2020-31.12.2020	8 000
			1.1.2021-31.12.2021	8 000
			1.1.2022-31.12.2022	8 000
09.1619	1604 14 26, 36 and 46	Tuna loins	1.1.2018-31.12.2018	2 000
			1.1.2019-31.12.2019	2 000
			1.1.2020-31.12.2020	2 000
			1.1.2021-31.12.2021	2 000
			1.1.2022-31.12.2022	2 000

(1) TARIC codes 1604 20 70 30, 1604 20 70 40, 1604 20 70 50, 1604 20 70 92 and 1604 20 70 94.

(2) In any form of packaging whereby the product is considered as preserved within the meaning of HS Heading 1604.

DECISION No 2/2017 OF THE ESA-EU CUSTOMS COOPERATION COMMITTEE

of 2 October 2017

on a derogation from the rules of origin laid down in Protocol 1 to the Interim Agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between the Eastern and Southern Africa States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, to take account of the special situation of Mauritius with regard to salted snoek [2017/1924]

THE CUSTOMS COOPERATION COMMITTEE,

Having regard to the Interim Agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between the Eastern and Southern Africa States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part, and in particular Article 41(4) of Protocol 1 thereto,

Whereas:

- (1) The Interim Agreement establishing a framework for an Economic Partnership Agreement between the Eastern and Southern Africa States, of the one part, and the European Community and its Member States, of the other part (¹) ('the interim EPA') applies provisionally as from 14 May 2012 between the Union and the Republic of Madagascar, the Republic of Mauritius, the Republic of Seychelles and the Republic of Zimbabwe.
- (2) Protocol 1 to the interim EPA concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation contains the rules of origin for the importation of products originating in the ESA States into the Union.
- (3) In accordance with Article 42(1) of Protocol 1 to the interim EPA, derogations from those rules of origin are granted where the development of existing industries in the ESA States justifies them.
- (4) Mauritius has requested a derogation from the rules of origin with regard to 120 tonnes of salted snoek (barracouta) of CN code 0305 69 80 imported into the Union from April 2017 to April 2018 in accordance with Article 42 of Protocol 1 to the interim EPA. Mauritius indicates in its request that there is no availability of snoek originating in the EU or Mauritius, and that snoek from other ACP States does not meet the requirements regarding quality and regular supply. Therefore, Mauritius needs to source non-originating snoek for its processing industry.
- (5) The derogation would contribute to the development of Small and Medium Enterprises and would allow diversification of the Mauritian seafood sector, which is predominantly based on tuna products. Mauritius has indicated that the value of the anticipated exports under derogation amounts to EUR 468 000. The value of imports of fisheries products of HS Chapter 03 from Mauritius into the Union amounted to EUR 21 571 300 in 2015. The low quantities, representing only 2,15 % in value, and the limited period requested for the derogation are not such as to cause serious injury to an economic sector of the Union or of one or more Member States.
- (6) It is therefore appropriate to provide Mauritius with a derogation for 120 tonnes of salted snoek, which respects the ability of the existing industry to continue its exports to the Union, limited to a period of one year.
- (7) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447 (²) lays down rules for the management of tariff quotas. Those rules should be applied to the management of the quantity in respect of which the derogation is granted by this decision.
- (8) In order to allow efficient monitoring of the operation of the derogation, the Mauritian authorities should communicate regularly to the Commission details of the EUR.1 movement certificates issued,

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 111, 24.4.2012, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447 of 24 November 2015 laying down detailed rules for implementing certain provisions of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the Union Customs Code (OJ L 343, 29.12.2015, p. 558).

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

By way of derogation from Protocol 1 to the interim EPA and in accordance with Article 42(1) of that Protocol, salted snoek of HS Heading 0305 69 (CN code 0305 69 80) manufactured from non-originating snoek (barracouta) of HS Heading 0303 89 shall be regarded as originating in Mauritius in accordance with the terms set out in Articles 2 to 5 of this Decision.

Article 2

The derogation provided for in Article 1 shall apply to the product and the quantity set out in the Annex to this Decision, declared for release for free circulation into the Union from Mauritius for a period limited to one year from the date of adoption of this Decision.

Article 3

The quantity set out in the Annex shall be managed in accordance with Articles 49 to 54 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447.

Article 4

The customs authorities of Mauritius shall carry out quantitative checks on exports of the products referred to in Article 1.

Before the end of the month following each quarter, the customs authorities of Mauritius shall forward to the Commission, via the Secretariat of the Customs Cooperation Committee, a statement of the quantities in respect of which movement certificates EUR.1 have been issued pursuant to this Decision and the serial numbers of those certificates.

Article 5

Box 7 of movement certificates EUR.1 issued under this Decision shall contain one of the following indications:

'Derogation — Decision No 2/2017 of the ESA-EU Customs Cooperation Committee of 2 October 2017;

'Dérogation — Décision nº 2/2017 du comité de coopération douanière AfOA-UE du 2 octobre 2017'.

Article 6

1. Mauritius and the Union shall take the measures necessary on their part to implement this Decision.

2. Where the Union has made a finding, on the basis of objective information, of irregularities or fraud or of a repeated failure to respect the obligations laid down in Article 4, the Union may seek temporary suspension of the derogation referred to in Article 1 in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 22(5) and (6) of the interim EPA.

Article 7

This Decision shall enter into force on 2 October 2017.

Done at Antananarivo, 2 October 2017.

Mr M. R. NABEE ESA States Representative on behalf of the ESA States Mr J. G. SANCHEZ European Commission on behalf of the European Union

ANNEX

Order No	CN Code	TARIC code	Description of goods	Period	Net weight (in tonnes)
09.1611	ex 0305 69 80	25	snoek (barracouta), salted	2.10.2017-1.10.2018	120

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