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English edition

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(Non-legislative acts)

REGULATIONS

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2015/1100

of 7 July 2015

on the reporting obligations of the Member States in the framework of rail market monitoring

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Directive 2012/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 November 2012 establishing a single European railway area (1), and in particular Article 15(6) thereof,

Whereas:

- For the purposes of rail market monitoring, Article 15(5) of Directive 2012/34/EU imposes a reporting (1)obligation on the Member States regarding the use of networks and the evolution of framework conditions in the rail sector.
- On the basis of the information submitted by the Member States, the Commission should report to the European (2)Parliament and the Council every two years on the subjects referred to in Article 15(4) of Directive 2012/34/EU.
- (3) Member States had already been providing the Commission with the necessary information on a voluntary basis for a number of years. In order to ensure consistency and comparability between the data submitted by the Member States, detailed rules on the content and format of those data are necessary.
- (4) This Regulation sets up a questionnaire to be filled annually by the Member States for the purpose of monitoring the technical and economic conditions and market developments in the Union rail transport sector.
- (5) To compile the data required in the questionnaire, Member States should cooperate with social partners, users, regulatory bodies and other relevant competent authorities at national level.
- (6) When deciding on the content of the data to be submitted by the questionnaire, the Commission takes into account existing data sources and data already provided under current reporting obligations in order to minimise the additional burden to rail industry and Member States. In particular, the Commission, where possible, makes use of data reported under following legal acts:
 - Regulation (EEC) No 1108/70 of the Council (2), as regards the data on investments in railway infrastructure,
 - Regulation (EC) No 91/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (³), as regards the data on traffic volumes on the rail network, and the data on accidents,

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 343, 14.12.2012, p. 32.

Regulation (EEC) No 1108/70 of the Council of 4 June 1970 introducing an accounting system for expenditure on infrastructure in respect of transport by rail, road and inland waterway (OJ L 130, 15.6.1970, p. 4). Regulation (EC) No 91/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2002 on rail transport statistics (OJ L 14,

^{21.1.2003,} p. 1).

- Commission Regulation (EC) No 1708/2005 (1), in particular its Annexes I and II, as regards the data on passenger rail transport,
- Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council (2), as regards annual reports to be published by railway undertakings on service quality performance, and
- Commission Regulation (EU) No 1300/2014 (3), as regards the inventories of assets to be established by Member States for monitoring and evaluation the accessibility of Union's rail system for persons with disabilities and reduced mobility.
- (7) The European Network of Rail Regulatory Bodies should be closely involved in the implementation of the reporting obligations under Article 15 of Directive 2012/34/EU as well as in updating the methodology for data collection.
- The questionnaire included in the Annex should be used to collect data as of the reporting year 2015. For the (8) first two years of reporting, a transitional period is necessary, given that Member States may need to adjust existing data collection mechanisms following the entry into force of this Regulation. In order to avoid misinterpretation, it is important that during the transitional period Member States inform the Commission about the differences in the data content or format in the relevant sections of the questionnaire.
- Upon request of the railway undertaking concerned, and if justified by the need for commercial confidentiality, (9) Member States may submit to the Commission the data requested in point 7 of the questionnaire in pseudonymous form.
- (10)Data collected under this Regulation should be made available to all interested parties, except where the need to protect commercial confidentiality precludes this.
- Methodologies, definitions and methods of collecting data may evolve over the time as a result of technical and (11)scientific progress. Similarly, developments in the rail market and improvements in data availability may make it desirable to either reduce or extend the scope of the questionnaire. The Annex to this Regulation should therefore be updated regularly, in order to take account of these developments in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 62(3) of Directive 2012/34/EU.
- (12)The Commission has consulted the railway sector's social partners and users through the Rail Market Monitoring Working Group. It has also consulted the European Network of Rail Regulatory Bodies.
- (13)The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee referred to in Article 62(1) of Directive 2012/34/EU,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Subject matter

This Regulation establishes content and format of the data to be submitted to the Commission by the Member States under their reporting obligations for rail market monitoring purposes.

⁽¹⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 1708/2005 of 19 October 2005 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 2494/95 as regards the common index reference period for the harmonised index of consumer prices, and amending Regulation (EC) No 2214/96 (OJ L 274, 20.10.2005, p. 9).

Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on rail passengers' rights and obligations (OJ L 315, 3.12.2007, p. 14). Commission Regulation (EU) No 1300/2014 of 18 November 2014 on the technical specifications for interoperability relating to

accessibility of the Union's rail system for persons with disabilities and persons with reduced mobility (OJ L 356, 12.12.2014, p. 110).

Article 2

Definitions

For the purposes of this Regulation the definitions provided for in Article 2(e) of Regulation (EC) No 1370/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council (1), Article 2(2)(a) of Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council (2) and Article 3 of Directive 2012/34/EU shall apply.

The following definitions shall also apply:

- 'track access charges' (TACs) means charges collected for the minimum access package referred to in point 1 of (a) Annex II to Directive 2012/34/EU;
- 'high-speed services' means rail passenger services provided by high-speed rolling stock, including tilting trains, that (b) travel at least 200 km/h for at least part of the service; the use of high-speed infrastructure is not always necessary;
- 'conventional long-distance services' means rail passenger transport services other than urban, suburban, regional (c) or high-speed services;
- 'station' means a location on a railway where a passenger train service can start, stop or end; (d)
- (e) 'freight terminal' means a place equipped for the transhipment and storage of intermodal transport units, where at least one of the modes of transport is rail;
- (f)'total compensation from the state' in the context of contractual agreements means the total amount which the state has agreed to pay to the infrastructure manager as funding over the entire contractual period;
- (g) 'monitoring body' means a body that, according to national legislation, verifies the infrastructure manager's compliance with the contractual agreement;
- (h)'track' means a pair of rails over which rail-borne vehicles can travel;
- 'dedicated high-speed line' means a line specially built to allow traffic to travel at speeds generally equal to or (i) greater than 250 km/h on its main segments; it may include connecting segments where speeds are reduced to take account of local conditions;
- (i) 'node' means an important point on the rail network where multiple railway lines are interconnected;
- 'international passenger service' means a passenger service where the train crosses at least one border of a Member (k) State and where the service carries passengers between stations located in different states;
- (1) 'domestic passenger service' means a passenger service operated exclusively within the borders of one Member State:
- (m) 'domestic freight service' means a freight service operated exclusively within the borders of one Member State;
- 'path allocation' means a decision on the allocation of individual train path(s) for operations; path allocation for (n) each train service operating as part of a scheduled regular service counts as a separate path allocation;
- 'scheduled train path', means a path allocated according to scheduling rules provided for in Article 45 of Directive (0)2012/34/EU;
- 'ad hoc train path' means a path allocated according to path request as referred to in Article 48 of Directive (p)2012/34/EU;
- 'rejected path allocation' means a request for a path that is rejected by the infrastructure manager following the (q) coordination process laid down in Article 46(1) of Directive 2012/34/EU; each cancellation of train service operating as part of a scheduled regular service counts as a rejected path allocation;

⁽¹⁾ Regulation (EC) No 1370/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on public passenger transport services by rail and by road and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) Nos 1191/69 and 1107/70 (OJ L 315, 3.12.2007, p. 1). (2) Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2010 concerning a European rail

network for competitive freight (OJ L 276, 20.10.2010, p. 22).

- (r) 'maintenance' means non-capital expenditure that the infrastructure manager carries out in order to maintain the condition and capability of the existing infrastructure;
- (s) 'renewals' means capital expenditure on a major substitution work on the existing infrastructure which does not change its overall performance;
- (t) 'upgrades' means capital expenditure on a major modification work of the infrastructure which improves its overall performance;
- (u) 'new infrastructure' means capital expenditure on the projects for construction of new infrastructure installations;
- (v) 'public funds' in the context of infrastructure expenditure means funds sourced directly from public investments grants;
- (w) 'own funds' means funds from revenue earned by infrastructure managers or operators of service facilities through access charges and by other means;
- (x) 'revenue' means the total fees collected from the provision of rail transportation services during the reporting period; it excludes other income such as revenue from catering, station services and on-board services;
- (y) 'transit' means transport through a country between the place of loading/embarkation and the place of unloading/ disembarkation, both being outside that country;
- (z) 'railway traffic on national territory' means any movement of railway vehicles within the borders of one country irrespective of the country in which the vehicles are registered;
- (aa) 'delay' means the difference in time between the time specified in the timetable of a train and the actual time at which it passes a specific location on the train's route at which travelling data are captured;
- (bb) 'cancelled service' means a train cancelled in the operations phase due to rail-service related reasons, including missing a scheduled stop if a train is rerouted or replacing a rail service with a road service;
- (cc) 'average timetable speed' means the speed calculated by dividing the total length of a journey by the time the journey is expected to take according to the timetable;
- (dd) 'public service obligation compensation' or 'PSO compensation' means the financial benefits granted, during the reporting period, directly or indirectly by a competent authority from public funds for the operation of rail services under a public service obligation;
- (ee) 'commercial services' means all passenger services that do not fall within the scope of services provided under public service obligations;
- (ff) 'principal railway undertaking' means the largest undertaking in terms of passenger-km or tonne-km;
- (gg) 'active licence' means a licence granted to a railway undertaking that has started and not ceased operations within the periods fixed by the Member State in accordance with Article 24(4) of Directive 2012/34/EU;
- (hh) 'passive licence' means a licence granted to a railway undertaking that has not started or has ceased operations within the periods fixed by the Member State in accordance with Article 24(4) of Directive 2012/34/EU, and licences which have been suspended or revoked;
- (ii) 'fee to obtain a licence' means all fees charged by a licensing authority in respect of the processing of the application;
- (jj) 'time for obtaining a licence' means the length of time between the date on which a complete application for a licence is submitted and the date of the final decision;
- (kk) 'full time equivalents' means total hours, including over-time, worked in a job over a year divided by the average number of hours worked per year in a full-time job;
- (II) 'marshalling yard' means a site or a part of a site equipped with a number of tracks or other equipment used for railway vehicle marshalling operations, including switching.

Article 3

Data collection and submission

1. By 31 December each year, Member States shall submit to the Commission the data specified in the questionnaire included in the Annex in respect of the preceding year.

2. Each Member State shall submit to the Commission the data relating to rail transport on its territory.

3. Where a railway undertaking operates in more than one Member State, it shall provide the national authorities with separate data for each Member State in which it operates.

4. Member States may obtain the necessary data from a combination of the following sources:

(a) mandatory surveys;

(b) administrative data, including data collected by statistical offices and other authorities;

(c) statistical estimations, while explaining methods used;

(d) data supplied by relevant industry organisations or other concerned parties; and

(e) ad hoc studies.

The entities holding the relevant data shall provide it when requested.

5. In order to help Member States ensure the quality and comparability of their data, the Commission may develop methodological guidance materials taking into account the best practices adopted by national authorities and professional organisations in the railway industry.

6. Member States shall submit the data to the Commission using the electronic form of the questionnaire to be made available by the Commission on its website.

7. Member States and the Commission shall respect the commercial confidentiality of information provided to them.

Article 4

Transitional provisions

1. Member States shall ensure that their data collection arrangements allow the data to be reported according to the content and format defined in the Annex for the reporting year 2017 at the latest. Where Member States have identified substantial difficulties in the alignment of data collection arrangements or raised concerns about the relevance or necessity of certain data categories, the need for adjusting the Annex shall be assessed.

2. Where, during the transitional period, Member States cannot provide the data according to the content and format as defined in the Annex, they shall report data in a closest available format and indicate discrepancies when submitting the data.

Article 5

Entry into force and application

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply from 1 January 2016.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 July 2015.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

ANNEX

RAIL MARKET MONITORING QUESTIONNAIRE Background information

Member State:	
DE BG CZ DK DE EE IE EL ES FR HR IT CY I AT PL TT RO SI SK FI SE UK	.V 🔲 LT 🔄 LU 🔄 HU 🔄 MT 🔄 NL 📋
□ NO	
Reporting period:	
Responsible authority:	
Contact email address:	

Member States whose national currency is not the euro should use the average exchange rate over the reporting period to convert monetary values from their currency into euros. The exchange rate used should be indicated below.

Questions marked with an asterisk (*) are optional.

Where the reporting obligations in this Annex refer to railway undertakings, they shall not apply to railway undertakings which only operate urban, suburban or regional services on local and regional stand-alone networks as referred to in Article 2(1) of Directive 2012/34/EU.

1. Infrastructure charging

1.1. Average track access charges (TACs) per train-km for different categories of train

The table should be filled in only for the categories of train in use in the reporting Member State. Where arithmetic averages cannot be calculated, an estimate of the TACs of different categories of train can be given. The method used to calculate or estimate the TACs should be explained in box 1.5 (¹).

Train category (only if in use in the reporting Member State)	Track access charge, excluding mark-ups (euros/train-km)
Passenger services:	
Passenger train providing suburban and regional services	
Passenger train providing conventional long-distance services	
Passenger train providing high-speed services on dedicated high-speed lines	

(1) Given the variety of possible approaches which could be taken when calculating the TACs, the data provided in this table by different Member States will not necessarily be comparable and will mainly be useful for monitoring trends within each Member State.

1.2.

EN

Train category (only if in use in the reporting Member State)	Track access charge, excluding mark-ups (euros/train-km)					
Freight services:						
1 000 gross tonne freight train						
1 600 gross tonne freight train						
6 000 gross tonne freight train						
Infrastructure managers' revenue from infrastructure, station and terminal charges						
Only charges collected by infrastructure managers need to be reported. These inclu freight terminals owned or managed by infrastructure managers.	ide charges collected for station facilities and					

	Revenue (thousand euros)
Passenger services:	
Total revenue from track access charges, including mark-ups	
Total revenue from station charges	
Of which:	
Station charges for suburban and regional trains (*)	
Station charges for conventional long-distance and high-speed trains (*)	
Other charges collected from passenger train operators	
Freight services:	
Total revenue from track access charges, including mark-ups	
Total revenue from freight terminal charges	
Other charges collected from freight train operators	
Total revenue collected by infrastructure managers	

1.3. Main characteristics of the contractual agreements concluded pursuant to Article 30(2) of Directive 2012/34/EU

Infrastruc- ture man- ager (name)	Length of the network covered (km)	Start date	End date	agree	ce indicators been ed? (¹) ase specify	Total compensa- tion from the state (thousand euros)	the co If yes, plea	nitoring body of ntract? ase specify <i>me</i>)
				YES NO			YES NO	
				YES NO			YES 🗌 NO	

Infrastruc- ture man- ager (name)	Length of the network covered (km)	Start date	End date	Have performanc agree If yes, plea	e indicators been ed? (¹) ase specify	Total compensa- tion from the state (thousand euros)	the co If yes, plea	nitoring body of ntract? ase specify <i>me</i>)
				🗌 YES 🗌 NO			🗌 YES 🗌 NO	
				🗌 YES 🗌 NO			YES NO	
				🗌 YES 🗌 NO			YES 🗌 NO	
(1) As specified in point 3 of Annex V to Directive 2012/34/EU.								

1.4. Noise abatement

Are there mandatory rules (either in force or to be introduced) obliging rail operators and/or infrastructure managers to take measures to reduce the exposure of the population to rail noise? These measures could include limits on volumes of traffic, noise barriers or noise differentiated TACs aiming to accelerate the retrofitting of freight wagons with 'silent' brake blocks.

🗌 YES 🗌 NO

	If yes,	please	specify
--	---------	--------	---------

1.5. Additional comments (*):

Please add any further comments on the following points:

- During the transitional period referred to in Article 4 of the Regulation, provide information in case the data reported does not fully comply with the content and/or format requested.
- Explain how the average TACs per train-km in Table 1.1 have been calculated, including which components of the charges are included.
- Specify whether mark-ups are applied on top of the reported TACs.
- Where sampling or estimations have been used to compile the data, explain briefly the approach taken.
- Indicate whether ERTMS (1) differentiated TACs have been applied.

2. Capacity allocation

2.1. Congested sections of the infrastructure

Please provide the following information relating to congested sections, as defined in Article 47(1) of Directive 2012/34/EU, in respect of the situation at the end of the reporting period.

Total length of tracks affected by congestion (km)				
Of which:				
Dedicated high-speed lines (km)				
Rail freight corridors (km)				
Number of congested nodes				

2.2. Priority services

Please give the ranking (1 meaning the highest priority) of the rail services when the reporting Member State has to prioritise for allocating infrastructure capacity, e.g. within the scheduling and coordination process and in the events of temporary capacity limitations or disturbance. If any of the listed services is not eligible to priority rules, please put a cross ('x') in the box.

Services provided under pub Domestic high-speed service Other domestic passenger serv International passenger serv Domestic freight services International freight services	ervices ices
Other	Please specify:

2.3. Successful and rejected path allocations for various services

The table should be filled in only for the categories of train in use in the reporting Member State. Please provide the following information relating to the situation after the scheduling and coordination processes set out in Articles 45 and 46 of Directive 2012/34/EU.

	Scheduled train paths		Ad hoc train paths	
Service	Successful path allocations (number)	Rejected path allocations (number)	Successful path allocations (number)	Rejected path allocations <i>(number)</i>
Total passenger ser- vices:				
Domestic suburban and regional				
Domestic conven- tional long-distance				

	Scheduled train paths		Ad hoc train paths	
Service	Successful path allocations (number)	Rejected path allocations (number)	Successful path allocations (number)	Rejected path allocations (number)
Domestic high-speed				
International				
Total freight ser- vices:				
Domestic freight				
International freight				

Of which:

2.4. Additional comments (*):

Please add any further comments, including the following points:

- During the transitional period referred to in Article 4 of the Regulation, provide information in case the data reported does not fully comply with the content and/or format requested.
- Where sampling or estimations have been used to compile the data, explain briefly the approach taken.
- Provide a brief description of the priority criteria used by the infrastructure managers for path allocations in relation to the circumstances in which these criteria are applied, e.g. within the scheduling and coordination process and in the event of temporary capacity limitation or disturbance.
- Specify whether scarcity charging, as provided for in Article 31(4) of Directive 2012/34/EU, has been used.
- Specify whether capacity enhancement plans, as provided for in Article 51 of Directive 2012/34/EU, have been prepared and implemented.

3. Expenditure on infrastructure

Please indicate the expenditure incurred during the reporting period by the main railway infrastructure managers and by other owners of stations and freight terminals. In fragmented markets, the scope of reporting can be limited to the expenditure of the owners of main stations and freight terminals (¹). For intra-modal stations and terminals, include only the part of the expenditure relating to rail transport.

3.1. Overview of expenditure on railway infrastructure

				(thousand EUR)
	Maintenance	Renewals	Upgrades	New infrastructure
Conventional lines				
Dedicated high-speed lines				
Major stations				
Major freight ter- minals				
Total expenditure				

3.2. Source of funding for expenditure on different components of infrastructure $(^2)$

			(thousand EUR)
	Public funds	EU funds	Own funds
Existing infrastructure , including major stations and freight terminals			

New infrastructure

Conventional and dedicated high-speed lines		
Major stations		
Major freight terminals		
Total expenditure		

3.3. Additional comments (*):

Please add any further comments, including the following points:

During the transitional period referred to in Article 4 of the Regulation, provide information in case the data reported does
not fully comply with the content and/or format requested.

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) For the purpose of this questionnaire, stations serving over 10 000 passengers per weekday are considered to be 'major stations', and freight terminals with a capacity of over 100 000 containers per year or over 1 million tonnes per year are considered to be 'major freight terminals'.

⁽²⁾ The total of the expenditure reported in Tables 3.1 and 3.2 should generally be approximately equal.

- Where sampling or estimations have been used to compile the data, explain briefly the approach taken.
- Make reference to the national infrastructure development strategy published pursuant to Article 8(1) of Directive 2012/34/EU.

4. **Revenue and traffic volumes**

4.1. Revenue and volumes of passenger and freight services

To ensure that the volume of services and reported revenue correspond, only revenue generated from railway traffic on a country's national territory should be reported in this table. Statistical estimations can be used, if necessary. If official statistics on traffic volumes are not yet available, preliminary values can be given, and then adjusted at a later date.

Passenger services:	
Total revenue of railway undertakings from transport services (thousand euros)	
Total volume of services (thousand train-km)	
Total volume of services (million passenger-km)	
Volume of domestic services (million passenger-km)	
Volume of international services (million passenger-km)	
Volume of transit services (*) (million passenger-km)	

Revenue from and volumes of PSO and commercial services

PSO services:

Revenue from fares (thousand euros)	
PSO compensation (thousand euros) (1)	
Volume of services (million passenger-km) (2)	

Commercial services:

Revenue from fares (thousand euros)	
Volume of services (million passenger-km)	

Freight services:

Total revenue of railway undertakings from transport services (thousand euros)	
Total volume of services (thousand train-km)	
Total volume of services (million tonne-km)	
Volume of domestic services (million tonne-km)	
Volume of international services (million tonne-km)	
Volume of transit services (*) (million tonne-km)	

(1) The figure reported here should be the same as that reported in Table 6.1. Concession payments from an operator to a public authority should be treated as 'negative' PSO compensations.

(2) The figure reported here should be the same as that reported in Table 6.1

4.2. Additional comments (*):

Please add any further comments, including the following points:

- During the transitional period referred to in Article 4 of the Regulation, provide information in case the data reported does
 not fully comply with the content and/or format requested.
- State whether the values provided for revenue generated from railway traffic on national territory are reported figures or estimates. Where sampling or estimates have been used, explain briefly the approach taken.
- Specify whether there were any gaps or inconsistencies in the input data.

9.7.2015 EN

5. **Quality of rail services**

The tables should be filled in only for the categories of train in use in the reporting Member State.

5.1. Punctuality and cancellations of passenger services

Passenger services:	Total number of services	Number of trains arriving on time (delay of 5 minutes or less)	Number of services cancelled
Suburban and regional services			
Conventional long-distance and high- speed services			

5.2. Punctuality and cancellations of freight services (1)

Freight services:	Total number of services	Number of trains arriving on time (delay of 15 minutes or less)	Number of services cancelled
Domestic services			
International services			

5.3. Average timetable speed of freight services (*)

Freight services:	Average timetable speed (km/h)
Domestic services	
International services	

5.4. Additional comments (*):

Please add any further comments, including the following points:

- During the transitional period referred to in Article 4 of the Regulation, provide information in case the data reported does
 not fully comply with the content and/or format requested.
- Where sampling or estimations have been used to compile the data, explain briefly the approach taken.
- Explain how the 'delay' of a train has been measured (e.g. only at the final stop or as an average over all scheduled stops).

⁽¹⁾ For timetabled services only.

 Provide references for performance reports and satisfaction surveys published by the rail freight corridor management board pursuant to Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council (¹).

- Provide reference for any other surveys on the quality of freight and passenger services that have been conducted recently.

6. Public service obligations (PSOs)

6.1. Volume of services and compensation paid for services provided under PSOs in different market segments

The table should be filled in only for the categories of train in use in the reporting Member State.

		Volume of services (million passenger-km)				
		Of w	vhich:	Volume of services (thousand train-km)	PSO compensation (¹) (thousand euros)	
	Total	Competitively tendered	Directly awarded			
Total PSO ser- vices				,,		
Of which:						
Suburban and regional						
Conven- tional long- distance	,_	,_	,_	, <u>_</u> ,_		
High-speed						
Of which:						
International services pro- vided under PSOs		, <u>_</u>	,_			
(1) Concession payr	nents from an operator	to public authority sho	uld be treated as 'negati	ve' PSO compensation.		

(¹) Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2010 concerning a European rail network for competitive freight (OJ L 276, 20.10.2010, p. 22).

9.7.2015 EN

6.2. Access to rolling stock in the context of PSO services

Please provide the following information relating to each PSO contract awarded during the reporting period.

	Description Duration Volume of Was the contract	Arrangements for rolling stock pro sion					
	(regions or lines covered)	Duration (years)	contract (thou- sand train-km/ year)	Operator (name)	been compet- itively tendered?	Defined in the tender specifica- tion?	Description (1)
1.					YES 🗌 NO	YES NO	
2.					🗌 YES 🗌 NO	🗌 YES 🗌 NO	
3.					🗌 YES 🗌 NO	🗌 YES 🗌 NO	
					YES 🗌 NO	YES NO	

Agreed arrangement for rolling stock provision for each contract, e.g. owned, subsidised or guaranteed by the contracting authority; provided by the railway undertaking or leased.

6.3. Additional comments (*):

Please add any further comments, including the following points:

- During the transitional period referred to in Article 4 of the Regulation, provide information in case the data reported does not fully comply with the content and/or format requested.
- Where sampling or estimations have been used to compile the data, explain briefly the approach taken.

7. Degree of market opening

List the railway undertakings that have a market share of 1 % or more. Where there are more than ten undertakings with a market share of 1 % or more, only list the 10 largest. The market share held by other railway undertakings can be given as a total under 'Others'.

If for the reasons of commercial confidentiality the name of a railway undertaking cannot be indicated, please use pseudonyms, e.g. 'RU 1', 'RU 2'. If this would not be enough to resolve confidentiality issues, railway undertaking's market shares, except that of the principal or incumbent railway undertaking, can be further bundled.

7.1. Passenger market — PSO services

Railway undertaking (name or pseudonym)	Market share of PSO services (percentage) (¹)
Principal or incumbent railway undertaking:	
	,_ %
	□□□,□ %
Other railway undertakings:	•
	 %
	, %
	, %
	, %
	,_ %
	,_ %
	, %
	,_ %
	, %
Others:	□□□,□ %

(1) On the basis of passenger-km provided on the national territory during the reporting period. The total of the column should be 100 %.

7.2. Passenger market — commercial services

Railway undertaking (name or pseudonym)	Market share of commercial services (percentage) (¹)
Principal or incumbent railway undertaking:	
	—— , — %
	——— , — %
Other railway undertakings:	
	——— , — %
	□□□,□ %
	—— , — %

Railway undertaking (name or pseudonym)	Market share of commercial services (percentage) (1)
	□□□,□ %
	,_ %
	,_ %
	,_ %
	,_ %
	,_ %
Others:	□□□,□ %
(1) On the basis of passenger-km provided on the national territory d	luring the reporting period. The total of the column should be 100 %.

7.3. Freight market

Railway undertaking (name or pseudonym)	Market share of freight services (percentage) (1)
Principal or incumbent railway undertaking:	
	, _ _ %
	□□□,□ %
Other railway undertakings:	
	, %
	, %
	, %
	, %
	, %
	, %
	, %
	, %
	, %
Others:	, %

(1) On the basis of tonne-km provided on the national territory during the reporting period. The total of the column should be 100 %.

7.4. Additional comments (*):

Please add any further comments, including the following points:

- During the transitional period referred to in Article 4 of the Regulation, provide information in case the data reported does not fully comply with the content and/or format requested.
- Where sampling or estimations have been used to compile the data, explain briefly the approach taken.
- Indicate whether any major new railway undertakings have entered the passenger or freight market during the reporting period.

8. Degree of harmonisation and legislative developments (*)

Information on the degree of legal harmonisation is already available to the Commission, as Member States notify the Commission when they have transposed the legislation.

This section allows Member States to comment on any outstanding issues relating to the EU rail market or the development of national laws on railways.

8.1. Additional comments (*):

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9. Licensing

9.1. Number of licences issued to railway undertakings (1)

Number of active licences at the start of the reporting period (A)	
Number of licences suspended or revoked during the reporting period (1) (B)	
Number licences granted during the reporting period (C)	
Number of active licences at the end of the reporting period $(A - B + C)$	

Number of passive licences at the end of the reporting period		
(1) Excluding licences reactivated during the reporting period.		

9.2. Fees and time needed for obtaining a licence

Average fee to obtain a licence (euros)	
Average time for obtaining a licence (calendar days)	

9.3. Additional comments (*):

Please add any further comments, including the following points:

- During the transitional period referred to in Article 4 of the Regulation, provide information in case the data reported does not fully comply with the content and/or format requested.
- Where sampling or estimations have been used to compile the data, explain briefly the approach taken.

⁽¹⁾ Member States will no longer be obliged to fill out this section once information on railway undertakings' licences is available for all Member States in the European Railway Agency Database of Interoperability and Safety (Eradis).

10. Employment and social conditions

10.1. Employees in the rail sector by gender and age group

Please provide the following information in respect of the situation at the end of the reporting period. Where any of the undertakings also provides services to sectors other than the railway sector, the number of employees can be stated based on an estimate of the proportion of the total employees involved in delivering rail-related services.

	Total (full-time equival- ents)	Men (%)	Women (%)	< 30 years (%)	30-50 years (%)	> 50 years (%)
Total staff of the incumbent or other main railway under- takings (1)		,_ %	,_ %	□□,□ %	,_ %	□□,□ %
Of which: train drivers		□□,□ %	□□,□ %	□□,□ %	□□,□ %	□□,□ %
Total staff of other railway undertakings						
Of which: train drivers						
Total staff of main infra- structure managers		,_ %	□□,□ %	□□,□ %	□□,□ %	□□,□ %
Total staff of other infra- structure managers						
Staff of other companies providing services related to rail transport (*) (²)						
Of which:	I					
Stations (*)						
Freight terminals (*)						
Rolling stock mainten- ance (*)						
Infrastructure mainten- ance (*)						
Specialised training organisations (*)						
Train driver leasing (*)						
Energy supply (*)						
Rolling stock cleaning services (*)						
Other (*)						

(1) The scope of the reporting should cover at least 50 % of the market (based on passenger-km and tonne-km).

(2) Where they are not included in the railway undertaking's or infrastructure manager's staff given above.

10.2. Employees by the type of contract

Please give the following information in respect of the situation at the end of the reporting period.

	Permanent contracts A (¹) (%)	Temporary contracts B (%)	Part-time contracts (%)	Apprentices and train- ees (%)
Total staff of the incumbent or other main railway under- takings (²)	□□□,□ %	<u> </u>	□□,□ %	□□,□ %
Of which: train drivers	,_ %	<u> </u>	, <u> </u> %	<u> </u> , %
Total staff of main infra- structure managers	□□□,□ %	□□□,□ %	□□,□ %	□□,□ %

(1) A + B = 100 %.

(2) The scope of the reporting should cover at least 50 % of the market (based on passenger-km and tonne-km).

10.3. Additional comments (*):

Please add any further comments, including the following points:

- During the transitional period referred to in Article 4 of the Regulation, provide information in case the data reported does not fully comply with the content and/or format requested.
- Where sampling or estimations have been used to compile the data, explain briefly the approach taken.
- Give details of training programmes or activities targeted at rail employees.
- Specify whether the competent authority has made use of the right given to it in Article 4(5) of Regulation (EC) No 1370/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council (1) as regards the rights of staff and social standards applicable to public service operators.
- If in Table 10.1 the data on the 'staff of other companies providing services related to rail transport' have been reported, explain briefly which companies were included.

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) Regulation (EC) No 1370/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2007 on public passenger transport services by rail and by road and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) Nos 1191/69 and 1107/70 (OJ L 315, 3.12.2007, p. 1).

11. Service facilities

11.1. Ownership and management of main service facilities

For the purpose of this questionnaire, service facilities are as defined in Annex II to Directive 2012/34/EU. Please indicate the number of facilities operated under each type of ownership or operator.

			Owne	ership			Operator						
	Other companies						<u>0</u> 0	Other companies					
Infrastructure facility	Incumbent railway undertaking and companies related to it $\binom{1}{}$	Infrastructure managers	Railway undertakings	Integrated companies (²)	Government $(^3)$	Other	Incumbent railway undertaking and companies related to it	Infrastructure managers	Railway undertakings	Integrated companies	Government	Other	
Total stations													
Stations serving over 25 000 travellers per day													
Stations serving 10 000- 25 000 travellers per day													
Stations serving 1 000-10 000 travellers per day													
Stations serving less than 1 000 travellers per day													
Freight terminals													
Marshalling yards													

EN

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			Own	ership					Ope	rator			9.7.2015
	8 (C	Other compani	ies		20		C	ther compani	es		015
Infrastructure facility	Incumbent railway undertaking and companies related to it (¹)	Infrastructure managers	Railway undertakings	Integrated companies $(^2)$	Government $(^3)$	Other	Incumbent railway undertaking and companies related to it	Infrastructure managers	Railway undertakings	Integrated companies	Government	Other	EN
Maintenance facilities													
Maritime and inland port facil- ities connected to rail services													Offi
Refuelling facilities													Official Jou
		1.1. 1.1.											ŭ

Including integrated infrastructure managers and holding companies.
 Including non-incumbent railway undertakings and infrastructure managers, which are part of an integrated company.
 National, regional or local government.

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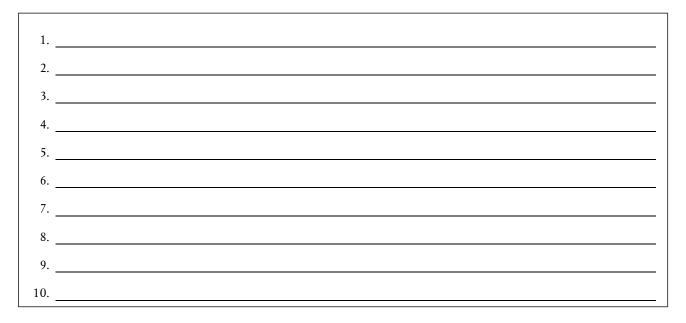
11.2. Number of complaints relating to service facilities

Please state the number of complaints made about the access to facilities, the level of charges or the quality of the services provided.

Complaints currently being processed by the regulatory body	
Decisions taken on complaints during the reporting period	

11.3. Description of complaints:

Please provide a short and general description of the main cases (up to ten) on which a decision has been taken during the reporting period. State whether any of the complaints raised questions as to the interpretation of the European railway *acquis* and outline the actions proposed to remedy the situation.



11.4. Additional comments (*):

Please add any further comments, including the following points:

- During the transitional period referred to in Article 4 of the Regulation, provide information in case the data reported does
 not fully comply with the content and/or format requested.
- Specify whether the regulatory bodies of other Member States gave been consulted on any occasion.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/1101

of 8 July 2015

amending Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for difenoconazole, fluopicolide, fluopyram, isopyrazam and pendimethalin in or on certain products

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 February 2005 on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food and feed of plant and animal origin and amending Council Directive 91/414/EEC (¹), and in particular Article 14(1)(a) thereof,

Whereas:

- For pendimethalin maximum residue levels (MRLs) were set in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005. For difenoconazole, fluopicolide, fluopyram and isopyrazam MRLs were set in Part A of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005.
- (2) In the context of a procedure for the authorisation of the use of a plant protection product containing the active substance difenoconazole on lettuces, lamb's lettuce, scarole, rocket and basil, an application was submitted in accordance with Article 6(1) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 for modification of the existing MRLs.
- (3) As regards fluopicolide, such an application was submitted for garlic and shallots. As regards fluopyram, such an application was submitted for apricots, peaches, plums, cane fruit, other small fruits and berries of code number 0154000, other root and tuber vegetables of code number 0213000, aubergines, scarole, spinaches, witloof, beans (without pods), peas (with pods), linseed, poppy seed, mustard seed, gold of pleasure, herbal infusions (dried roots), hops, spices (roots or rhizome), chicory roots. As regards isopyrazam, such an application was submitted for tomatoes, aubergines and cucurbits. As regards pendimethalin, such an application was submitted for carrots, celeriac, horseradish, parsnips, parsley root, salsify, swedes, turnips, root and rhizome spices, chicory roots.
- (4) In accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 these applications were evaluated by the Member States concerned and the evaluation reports were forwarded to the Commission.
- (5) The European Food Safety Authority, hereinafter 'the Authority', assessed the applications and the evaluation reports, examining in particular the risks to the consumer and, where relevant, to animals and gave reasoned opinions on the proposed MRLs (²). It forwarded these opinions to the Commission and the Member States and made them available to the public.
- (6) The Authority concluded in its reasoned opinions that, as regards the use of fluopyram on apricots and chicory roots, the submitted data were not sufficient to set new MRLs. Based on the relevant reasoned opinion, the use of difenoconazole on lettuce and rocket does not require a modification of the existing MRLs. As regards the use of pendimethalin on root and rhizome spices, the evaluating Member State confirmed that there are no authorised uses on those crops. The existing MRLs should therefore remain unchanged.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 70, 16.3.2005, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ EFSA scientific reports available online: http://www.efsa.europa.eu

Reasoned opinion on the modification of the existing MRLs for difenoconazole in lettuce and other salad plants including Brassicaceae and in basil (mint). EFSA Journal 2014;12(10):3882 [26 pp.].

Reasoned opinion on the modification of the existing MRLs for fluopyram in various crops. EFSA Journal 2014;12(12):3947 [33 pp.].

Reasoned opinion on the modification of the existing MRLs for isopyrazam in various crops. EFSA Journal 2015;13(1):3994 [25 pp.].

Reasoned opinion on the modification of the existing MRLs for pendimethalin in various crops. EFSA Journal 2014;12(4):3620 [32 pp.].

- (7) As regards fluopicolide, the Authority assessed an application with a view of setting an MRL for onions resulting from EU uses and gave a reasoned opinion on the proposed MRL (¹). Although it recommended to keep the Codex maximum residue limit (CXL) that had been set for that crop at the level of 1 mg/kg by Commission Regulation (EU) No 520/2011 (²), it confirmed that for onions, an MRL at a level of 0,3 mg/kg would have been appropriate if based solely on the Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs) in the Union. In accordance with the existing EU guidelines on extrapolation of MRLs, it is appropriate to set that MRL value of 0,3 mg/kg for garlic and shallots.
- (8) As regards fluopyram, the applicant clarified that the GAP on peaches refers to both Northern and Southern EU. Moreover, it provided further information outlining the experimental designs and the GAP on cane fruit. In view of such, it is appropriate to set MRLs at the level of 1,5 mg/kg for peaches and 3 mg/kg for cane fruit.
- (9) As regards all other applications, the Authority concluded that all requirements with respect to data were met and that the modifications to the MRLs requested by the applicants were acceptable with regard to consumer safety on the basis of a consumer exposure assessment for 27 specific European consumer groups. It took into account the most recent information on the toxicological properties of the substances. Neither the lifetime exposure to these substances via consumption of all food products that may contain them, nor the short-term exposure due to high consumption of the relevant crops and products showed that there is a risk that the acceptable daily intake (ADI) or the acute reference dose (ARfD) is exceeded.
- (10) Based on the reasoned opinions of the Authority and taking into account the factors relevant to the matter under consideration, the appropriate modifications to the MRLs fulfil the requirements of Article 14(2) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005.
- (11) Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (12) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 are amended in accordance with the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 2015.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

^{(&}lt;sup>2</sup>) Commission Regulation (EU) No 520/2011 of 25 May 2011 amending Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for benalaxyl, boscalid, buprofezin, carbofuran, carbosulfan, cypermethrin, fluopicolide, hexythiazox, indoxacarb, metaflumizone, methoxyfenozide, paraquat, prochloraz, spirodiclofen, prothioconazole and zoxamide in or on certain products (OJ L 140, 27.5.2011, p. 2).

ANNEX

Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 are amended as follows:

(1) In Annex II, the column for pendimethalin is replaced by the following:

'Pesticide residues and maximum residue levels (mg/kg)

Code number	Groups and examples of individual products to which the MRLs apply (ª)	Pendimethalin (F)
(1)	(2)	(3)
0100000	FRUITS, FRESH or FROZEN; TREE NUTS	0,05 (*)
0110000	Citrus fruits	
0110010	Grapefruits	
0110020	Oranges	
0110030	Lemons	
0110040	Limes	
0110050	Mandarins	
0110990	Others	
0120000	Tree nuts	
0120010	Almonds	
0120020	Brazil nuts	
0120030	Cashew nuts	
0120040	Chestnuts	
0120050	Coconuts	
0120060	Hazelnuts/cobnuts	
0120070	Macadamias	
0120080	Pecans	
0120090	Pine nut kernels	
0120100	Pistachios	
0120110	Walnuts	
0120990	Others	
0130000	Pome fruits	
0130010	Apples	
0130020	Pears	
0130030	Quinces	
0130040	Medlars	
0130050	Loquats/Japanese medlars	
0130990	Others	

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(1)	(2)	(3)
0140000	Stone fruits	
0140010	Apricots	
0140020	Cherries (sweet)	
0140030	Peaches	
0140040	Plums	
0140990	Others	
0150000	Berries and small fruits	
0151000	(a) grapes	
0151010	Table grapes	
0151020	Wine grapes	
0152000	(b) strawberries	(+)
0153000	(c) cane fruits	
0153010	Blackberries	
0153020	Dewberries	
0153030	Raspberries (red and yellow)	
0153990	Others	
0154000	(d) other small fruits and berries	
0154010	Blueberries	
0154020	Cranberries	
0154030	Currants (black, red and white)	
0154040	Gooseberries (green, red and yellow)	
0154050	Rose hips	
0154060	Mulberries (black and white)	
0154070	Azaroles/Mediterranean medlars	
0154080	Elderberries	
0154990	Others	
0160000	Miscellaneous fruits with	
0161000	(a) edible peel	
0161010	Dates	
0161020	Figs	
0161030	Table olives	
0161040	Kumquats	
0161050	Carambolas	
0161060	Kaki/Japanese persimmons	
0161070	Jambuls/jambolans	
0161990	Others	

(1)	(2)	(3)
0162000	(b) inedible peel, small	
0162010	Kiwi fruits (green, red, yellow)	
0162020	Litchis/lychees	
0162030	Passionfruits/maracujas	
0162040	Prickly pears/cactus fruits	
0162050	Star apples/cainitos	
0162060	American persimmons/Virginia kaki	
0162990	Others	
0163000	(c) inedible peel, large	
0163010	Avocados	
0163020	Bananas	
0163030	Mangoes	
0163040	Papayas	
0163050	Granate apples/pomegranates	
0163060	Cherimoyas	
0163070	Guavas	
0163080	Pineapples	
0163090	Breadfruits	
0163100	Durians	
0163110	Soursops/guanabanas	
0163990	Others	
0200000	VEGETABLES, FRESH or FROZEN	
0210000	Root and tuber vegetables	
0211000	(a) potatoes	0,05 (*)
0212000	(b) tropical root and tuber vegetables	0,05 (*)
0212010	Cassava roots/manioc	
0212020	Sweet potatoes	
0212030	Yams	
0212040	Arrowroots	
0212990	Others	
0213000	(c) other root and tuber vegetables except sugar beets	
0213010	Beetroots	0,05 (*)
0213020	Carrots	0,7
0213030	Celeriacs/turnip rooted celeries	0,2
0213040	Horseradishes	0,7
0213050	Jerusalem artichokes	0,05 (*)
0213060	Parsnips	0,7
0213070	Parsley roots/Hamburg roots parsley	0,7

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(1)	(2)	(3)
0213080	Radishes	0,05 (*)
0213090	Salsifies	0,7
0213100	Swedes/rutabagas	0,4
0213110	Turnips	0,4
0213990	Others	0,05 (*)
0220000	Bulb vegetables	0,05 (*)
0220010	Garlic	(+)
0220020	Onions	(+)
0220030	Shallots	(+)
0220040	Spring onions/green onions and Welsh onions	
0220990	Others	
0230000	Fruiting vegetables	0,05 (*)
0231000	(a) solanacea	
0231010	Tomatoes	(+)
0231020	Sweet peppers/bell peppers	(+)
0231030	Aubergines/eggplants	(+)
0231040	Okra/lady's fingers	
0231990	Others	
0232000	(b) cucurbits with edible peel	(+)
0232010	Cucumbers	
0232020	Gherkins	
0232030	Courgettes	
0232990	Others	
0233000	(c) cucurbits with inedible peel	(+)
0233010	Melons	
0233020	Pumpkins	
0233030	Watermelons	
0233990	Others	
0234000	(d) sweet corn	
0239000	(e) other fruiting vegetables	
0240000	Brassica vegetables (excluding brassica roots and brassica baby leaf crops)	
0241000	(a) flowering brassica	0,05 (*)
0241010	Broccoli	
0241020	Cauliflowers	
0241990	Others	

(1)	(2)	(3)
0242000	(b) head brassica	0,05 (*)
0242010	Brussels sprouts	
0242020	Head cabbages	
0242990	Others	
0243000	(c) leafy brassica	0,5
0243010	Chinese cabbages/pe-tsai	
0243020	Kales	
0243990	Others	
0244000	(d) kohlrabies	0,3
0250000	Leaf vegetables, herbs and edible flowers	
0251000	(a) lettuces and salad plants	
0251010	Lamb's lettuces/corn salads	0,6
0251020	Lettuces	0,05 (*)
0251030	Escaroles/broad-leaved endives	0,05 (*)
0251040	Cresses and other sprouts and shoots	0,6
0251050	Land cresses	0,05 (*)
0251060	Roman rocket/rucola	0,6
0251070	Red mustards	0,05 (*)
0251080	Baby leaf crops (including brassica species)	0,6
0251990	Others	0,05 (*)
0252000	(b) spinaches and similar leaves	0,05 (*)
0252010	Spinaches	
0252020	Purslanes	
0252030	Chards/beet leaves	
0252990	Others	
0253000	(c) grape leaves and similar species	0,05 (*)
0254000	(d) watercresses	0,05 (*)
0255000	(e) witloofs/Belgian endives	0,05 (*)
0256000	(f) herbs and edible flowers	
0256010	Chervil	0,6
0256020	Chives	0,6
0256030	Celery leaves	0,6
0256040	Parsley	2
0256050	Sage	2
0256060	Rosemary	0,6
0256070	Thyme	0,6

(1)		(2)
(1)	(2)	(3)
0256080	Basil and edible flowers	0,6
0256090	Laurel/bay leave	0,6
0256100	Tarragon	0,6
0256990	Others	0,6
0260000	Legume vegetables	0,05 (*)
0260010	Beans (with pods)	
0260020	Beans (without pods)	
0260030	Peas (with pods)	
0260040	Peas (without pods)	
0260050	Lentils	
0260990	Others	
0270000	Stem vegetables	
0270010	Asparagus	0,05 (*)
0270020	Cardoons	0,05 (*)
0270030	Celeries	0,1
0270040	Florence fennels	0,1
0270050	Globe artichokes	0,05 (*) (+)
0270060	Leeks	0,05 (*) (+)
0270070	Rhubarbs	0,05 (*)
0270080	Bamboo shoots	0,05 (*)
0270090	Palm hearts	0,05 (*)
0270990	Others	0,05 (*)
0280000	Fungi, mosses and lichens	0,05 (*)
0280010	Cultivated fungi	
0280020	Wild fungi	
0280990	Mosses and lichens	
0290000	Algae and prokaryotes organisms	0,05 (*)
0300000	PULSES	0,15
0300010	Beans	
0300020	Lentils	
0300030	Peas	
0300040	Lupins/lupini beans	
0300990	Others	
0400000	OILSEEDS AND OIL FRUITS	0,05 (*)
0401000	Oilseeds	
0401010	Linseeds	
0401020	Peanuts/groundnuts	

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(1)	(2)	(3)
0401030	Poppy seeds	
0401040	Sesame seeds	
0401050	Sunflower seeds	
0401060	Rapeseeds/canola seeds	
0401070	Soyabeans	
0401080	Mustard seeds	
0401090	Cotton seeds	
0401100	Pumpkin seeds	
0401110	Safflower seeds	
0401120	Borage seeds	
0401130	Gold of pleasure seeds	
0401140	Hemp seeds	
0401150	Castor beans	
0401990	Others	
0402000	Oil fruits	
0402010	Olives for oil production	
0402020	Oil palms kernels	
0402030	Oil palms fruits	
0402040	Kapok	
0402990	Others	
0500000	CEREALS	0,05 (*)
0500010	Barley	
0500020	Buckwheat and other pseudo-cereals	
0500030	Maize/corn	
0500040	Common millet/proso millet	
0500050	Oat	
0500060	Rice	
0500070	Rye	
0500080	Sorghum	
0500090	Wheat	
0500990	Others	
0600000	TEAS, COFFEE, HERBAL INFUSIONS, COCOA AND CAROBS	
0610000	Teas	0,05 (*)
0620000	Coffee beans	0,05 (*)
0630000	Herbal infusions from	
0631000	(a) flowers	0,05 (*)
0631010	Chamomile	
	Hibiscus/roselle	1

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(1)	(2)	(3)
0631030	Rose	
0631040	Jasmine	
0631050	Lime/linden	
0631990	Others	
0632000	(b) leaves and herbs	0,05 (*)
0632010	Strawberry	
0632020	Rooibos	
0632030	Mate/maté	
0632990	Others	
0633000	(c) roots	0,5
0633010	Valerian	
0633020	Ginseng	
0633990	Others	
0639000	(d) any other parts of the plant	0,05 (*)
0640000	Cocoa beans	0,05 (*)
0650000	Carobs/Saint John's breads	0,05 (*)
0700000	HOPS	0,05 (*)
0800000	SPICES	
0810000	Seed spices	0,05 (*)
0810010	Anise/aniseed	
0810020	Black caraway/black cumin	
0810030	Celery	
0810040	Coriander	
0810050	Cumin	
0810060	Dill	
0810070	Fennel	
0810080	Fenugreek	
0810090	Nutmeg	
0810990	Others	
0820000	Fruit spices	0,05 (*)
0820010	Allspice/pimento	
0820020	Sichuan pepper	
0820030	Caraway	
0820040	Cardamom	
0820050	Juniper berry	
0820060	Peppercorn (black, green and white)	
0820070	Vanilla	

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(1)	(2)	(3)
0820080	Tamarind	
0820990	Others	
0830000	Bark spices	0,05 (*)
0830010	Cinnamon	
0830990	Others	
0840000	Root and rhizome spices	
0840010	Liquorice	0,05 (*)
0840020	Ginger	0,05 (*)
0840030	Turmeric/curcuma	0,05 (*)
0840040	Horseradish	(+)
0840990	Others	0,05 (*)
0850000	Bud spices	0,05 (*)
0850010	Cloves	
0850020	Capers	
0850990	Others	
0860000	Flower pistil spices	0,05 (*)
0860010	Saffron	
0860990	Others	
0870000	Aril spices	0,05 (*)
0870010	Mace	
0870990	Others	
0900000	SUGAR PLANTS	
0900010	Sugar beet roots	0,05 (*)
0900020	Sugar canes	0,05 (*)
0900030	Chicory roots	0,2
0900990	Others	0,05 (*)
1000000	PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN -TERRESTRIAL ANIMALS	
1010000	Tissues from	0,01 (*)
1011000	(a) swine	
1011010	Muscle	
1011020	Fat tissue	
1011030	Liver	(+)
1011040	Kidney	(+)
1011050	Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	
1011990	Others	

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(1)		(2)	(3)
1012000	(b)	bovine	
1012010		Muscle	
1012020		Fat tissue	
1012030		Liver	(+)
1012040		Kidney	(+)
1012050		Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	
1012990		Others	
1013000	(c)	sheep	
1013010		Muscle	
1013020		Fat tissue	
1013030		Liver	(+)
1013040		Kidney	(+)
1013050		Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	
1013990		Others	
1014000	d)	goat	
1014010		Muscle	
1014020		Fat tissue	
1014030		Liver	(+)
1014040		Kidney	(+)
1014050		Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	
1014990		Others	
1015000	(e)	equine	
1015010		Muscle	
1015020		Fat tissue	
1015030		Liver	
1015040		Kidney	
1015050		Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	
1015990		Others	
1016000	(f)	poultry	
1016010		Muscle	
1016020		Fat tissue	
1016030		Liver	(+)
1016040		Kidney	
1016050		Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	
1016990		Others	
1017000	(g)	other farmed terrestrial animals	
1017010		Muscle	
1017020		Fat tissue	
1017030		Liver	
1017040		Kidney	

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(1)	(2)	(3)
1017050	Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	
1017990	Others	
1020000	Milk	0,01 (*)
1020010	Cattle	
1020020	Sheep	
1020030	Goat	
1020040	Horse	
1020990	Others	
1030000	Birds eggs	0,01 (*)
1030010	Chicken	
1030020	Duck	
1030030	Geese	
1030040	Quail	
1030990	Others	
1040000	Honey and other apiculture products	0,05 (*)
1050000	Amphibians and Reptiles	0,01 (*)
1060000	Terrestrial invertebrate animals	0,01 (*)
1070000	Wild terrestrial vertebrate animals	0,01 (*)

(*) Indicates lower limit of analytical determination

(**) Pesticide-code combination for which the MRL as set in Annex III Part B applies.

(a) For the complete list of products of plant and animal origin to which MRLs apply, reference should be made to Annex I.

(F) = Fat soluble

Pendimethalin (F)

(+) The European Food Safety Authority identified some information on residue trials as unavailable. When re-viewing the MRL, the Commission will take into account the information referred to in the first sentence, if it is submitted by 24.10.2016, or, if that information is not submitted by that date, the lack of it.

0152000	(b) strawberries
0220010	Garlic
0220020	Onions
0220030	Shallots
0231010	Tomatoes
0231020	Sweet peppers/bell peppers
0231030	Aubergines/eggplants
0232000	(b) cucurbits with edible peel
0232010	Cucumbers
0232020	Gherkins

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	0232030	Courgettes	
	0232990	Others	
	0233000	(c) cucurbits with inedible peel	
	0233010	Melons	
	0233020	Pumpkins	
	0233030	Watermelons	
	0233990	Others	
	0270050	Globe artichokes	
	0270060	Leeks	
(+)	The applical	ble maximum residue level for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the spice group (code 0840040) is the one set fo	or horseradish

(+) The applicable maximum residue level for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the spice group (code 0840040) is the one set for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the Vegetables category, root and tuber vegetables group (code 0213040) taking into account changes in the levels by processing (drying) according to Art. 20 (1) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005.

0840040 Horseradish

(+) The European Food Safety Authority identified some information on analytical methods as unavailable. When re-viewing the MRL, the Commission will take into account the information referred to in the first sentence, if it is submitted by 24.10.2016, or, if that information is not submitted by that date, the lack of it.

1011030	Liver
1011040	Kidney
1012030	Liver
1012040	Kidney
1013030	Liver
1013040	Kidney
1014030	Liver
1014040	Kidney
1016030	Liver'

(2) In Part A of Annex III, the columns for difenoconazole, fluopicolide, fluopyram and isopyrazam are replaced by the following:

'Pesticide residues and maximum residue levels (mg/kg)

Code number	Groups and examples of individual products to which the MRLs apply (*)	Difenoconazole	Fluopicolide	Fluopyram (R)	Isopyrazam
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0100000	FRUITS, FRESH or FROZEN; TREE NUTS				
0110000	Citrus fruits	0,6	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0110010	Grapefruits				
0110020	Oranges				
0110030	Lemons				
0110040	Limes				

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0110050	Mandarins				
0110990	Others				
0120000	Tree nuts	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)		0,01 (*)
0120010	Almonds			0,05	
0120020	Brazil nuts			0,05	
0120030	Cashew nuts			0,05	
0120040	Chestnuts			0,05	
0120050	Coconuts			0,04	
0120060	Hazelnuts/cobnuts			0,05	
0120070	Macadamias			0,05	
0120080	Pecans			0,05	
0120090	Pine nut kernels			0,05	
0120100	Pistachios			0,05	
0120110	Walnuts			0,05	
0120990	Others			0,05	
0130000	Pome fruits	0,8	0,01 (*)		0,7
0130010	Apples			0,6	
0130020	Pears			0,5	
0130030	Quinces			0,5	
0130040	Medlars			0,5	
0130050	Loquats/Japanese medlars			0,5	
0130990	Others			0,5	
0140000	Stone fruits		0,01 (*)		
0140010	Apricots	0,5		0,7	0,01 (*)
0140020	Cherries (sweet)	0,3		1,5	0,01 (*)
0140030	Peaches	0,5		1,5	1,5
0140040	Plums	0,5		0,5	0,01 (*)
0140990	Others	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0150000	Berries and small fruits				0,01 (*)
0151000	(a) grapes	3	2	1,5	
0151010	Table grapes				
0151020	Wine grapes				
0152000	(b) strawberries	0,4	0,01 (*)	2	
0153000	(c) cane fruits		0,01 (*)	3	
0153010	Blackberries	1,5			
0153020	Dewberries	0,1			
0153030	Raspberries (red and yellow)	1,5			
0153990	Others	0,1			

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0154000	(d) other small fruits and berries		0,01 (*)	3	
0154010	Blueberries	0,1			
0154020	Cranberries	0,1			
0154030	Currants (black, red and white)	0,2			
0154040	Gooseberries (green, red and yellow)	0,1			
0154050	Rose hips	0,1			
0154060	Mulberries (black and white)	0,1			
0154070	Azaroles/Mediterranean medlars	0,8			
0154080	Elderberries	0,1			
0154990	Others	0,1			
0160000	Miscellaneous fruits with		0,01 (*)		
0161000	(a) edible peel			0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0161010	Dates	0,1			
0161020	Figs	0,1			
0161030	Table olives	2			
0161040	Kumquats	0,6			
0161050	Carambolas	0,1			
0161060	Kaki/Japanese persimmons	0,8			
0161070	Jambuls/jambolans	0,1			
0161990	Others	0,1			
0162000	(b) inedible peel, small	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0162010	Kiwi fruits (green, red, yellow)				
0162020	Litchis/lychees				
0162030	Passionfruits/maracujas				
0162040	Prickly pears/cactus fruits				
0162050	Star apples/cainitos				
0162060	American persimmons/Virginia kaki				
0162990	Others				
0163000	(c) inedible peel, large				
0163010	Avocados	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0163020	Bananas	0,1		0,8	0,05
0163030	Mangoes	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0163040	Papayas	0,2		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0163050	Granate apples/pomegranates	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0163060	Cherimoyas	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0163070	Guavas	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0163080	Pineapples	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0163090	Breadfruits	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)

				-	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0163100	Durians	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0163110	Soursops/guanabanas	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0163990	Others	0,1		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0200000	VEGETABLES, FRESH or FROZEN				
0210000	Root and tuber vegetables				
0211000	(a) potatoes	0,1	0,03	0,1	0,01 (*)
0212000	(b) tropical root and tuber vegetables	0,1	0,01	0,1	0,01 (*)
0212010	Cassava roots/manioc				
0212020	Sweet potatoes				
0212030	Yams				
0212040	Arrowroots				
0212990	Others				
0213000	(c) other root and tuber vegetables except sugar beets		0,15		0,2
0213010	Beetroots	0,4		0,3	
0213020	Carrots	0,4		0,4	
0213030	Celeriacs/turnip rooted celeries	2		0,3	
0213040	Horseradishes	0,4		0,3	
0213050	Jerusalem artichokes	0,4		0,3	
0213060	Parsnips	0,4		0,3	
0213070	Parsley roots/Hamburg roots parsley	0,4		0,3	
0213080	Radishes	0,4		0,3	
0213090	Salsifies	0,4		0,3	
0213100	Swedes/rutabagas	0,4		0,3	
0213110	Turnips	0,4		0,3	
0213990	Others	0,4		0,3	
0220000	Bulb vegetables				0,01 (*)
0220010	Garlic	0,5	0,3	0,1	
0220020	Onions	0,5	1	0,1	
0220030	Shallots	0,5	0,3	0,1	
0220040	Spring onions/green onions and Welsh onions	9	10	2	
0220990	Others	0,5	0,01 (*)	0,1	
0230000	Fruiting vegetables				
0231000	(a) solanacea		1		
0231010	Tomatoes	2		0,9	0,5
0231020	Sweet peppers/bell peppers	0,8		0,8	0,09
0231030	Aubergines/eggplants	0,6		0,9	0,5
0231040	Okra/lady's fingers	0,05 (*)		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0231990	Others	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)
0201790	Ourcis	0,05 (*)		0,1 (*)	0,01 (*)

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0232000	(b) cucurbits with edible peel	0,3	0,5	0,5	0,4
0232010	Cucumbers				
0232020	Gherkins				
0232030	Courgettes				
0232990	Others				
0233000	(c) cucurbits with inedible peel	0,2	0,5	0,4	0,3
0233010	Melons				
0233020	Pumpkins				
0233030	Watermelons				
0233990	Others				
0234000	(d) sweet corn	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)
0239000	(e) other fruiting vegetables	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)
0240000	Brassica vegetables (excluding brassica roots and bras- sica baby leaf crops)				0,01 (*)
0241000	(a) flowering brassica		2	0,2	
0241010	Broccoli	1			
0241020	Cauliflowers	0,2			
0241990	Others	0,05 (*)			
0242000	(b) head brassica	0,2			
0242010	Brussels sprouts		0,2	0,2	
0242020	Head cabbages		0,2	0,3	
0242990	Others		0,01 (*)	0,1 (+)	
0243000	(c) leafy brassica	2			
0243010	Chinese cabbages/pe-tsai		2	0,7	
0243020	Kales		2	0,1 (+)	
0243990	Others		0,1	0,1 (+)	
0244000	(d) kohlrabies	0,05 (*)	0,03	0,1 (+)	
0250000	Leaf vegetables, herbs and edible flowers				0,01 (*)
0251000	(a) lettuces and salad plants				
0251010	Lamb's lettuces/corn salads	7	9	15	
0251020	Lettuces	3	9	15	
0251030	Escaroles/broad-leaved endives	0,7	1,5	1,5	
0251040	Cresses and other sprouts and shoots	0,05 (*)	9	15	
0251050	Land cresses	0,05 (*)	9	15	
0251060	Roman rocket/rucola	2	9	15	

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0251070	Red mustards	0,05 (*)	9	15	
0251080	Baby leaf crops (including brassica species)	0,05 (*)	9	15	
0251990	Others	0,05 (*)	9	15	
0252000	(b) spinaches and similar leaves		4		
0252010	Spinaches	2		0,2	
0252020	Purslanes	2		0,1 (+)	
0252030	Chards/beet leaves	0,2		0,1 (+)	
0252990	Others	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	
0253000	(c) grape leaves and similar species	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)	
0254000	(d) watercresses	0,5	0,01 (*)	0,1 (+)	
0255000	(e) witloofs/Belgian endives	0,08	0,01 (*)	0,15	
0256000	(f) herbs and edible flowers		9	0,1 (+)	
0256010	Chervil	10			
0256020	Chives	2			
0256030	Celery leaves	10			
0256040	Parsley	10			
0256050	Sage	2			
0256060	Rosemary	2			
0256070	Thyme	2			
0256080	Basil and edible flowers	10			
0256090	Laurel/bay leave	2			
0256100	Tarragon	2			
0256990	Others	2			
0260000	Legume vegetables		0,01 (*)		0,01 (*)
0260010	Beans (with pods)	1		0,9	
0260020	Beans (without pods)	1		0,15	
0260030	Peas (with pods)	1		0,4	
0260040	Peas (without pods)	1		0,15	
0260050	Lentils	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	
0260990	Others	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	
0270000	Stem vegetables				0,01 (*)
0270010	Asparagus	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)	
0270020	Cardoons	4	0,01 (*)	0,1 (+)	
0270030	Celeries	5	0,01 (*)	0,1 (+)	
0270040	Florence fennels	5	0,01 (*)	0,1 (+)	
0270050	Globe artichokes	1	0,01 (*)	0,5	
0270060	Leeks	0,5	1,5	0,7	
0270070	Rhubarbs	0,3	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)	

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0270080	Bamboo shoots	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)	
0270090	Palm hearts	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)	
0270990	Others	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,1 (+)	
0280000	Fungi, mosses and lichens	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0280010	Cultivated fungi				
0280020	Wild fungi				
0280990	Mosses and lichens				
0290000	Algae and prokaryotes organisms	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0300000	PULSES		0,01 (*)	0,4	0,01 (*)
0300010	Beans	0,05 (*)			
0300020	Lentils	0,05 (*)			
0300030	Peas	0,1			
0300040	Lupins/lupini beans	0,05 (*)			
0300990	Others	0,05 (*)			
0400000	OILSEEDS AND OIL FRUITS		0,01 (*)		
0401000	Oilseeds				
0401010	Linseeds	0,2		0,3	0,4
0401020	Peanuts/groundnuts	0,05 (*)		0,03	0,01 (*)
0401030	Poppy seeds	0,05 (*)		0,3	0,4
0401040	Sesame seeds	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)
0401050	Sunflower seeds	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)
0401060	Rapeseeds/canola seeds	0,5		0,6	0,4
0401070	Soyabeans	0,05 (*)		0,2	0,01 (*)
0401080	Mustard seeds	0,2		0,3	0,4
0401090					
0401070	Cotton seeds	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)
0401090	Cotton seeds Pumpkin seeds	0,05 (*) 0,05 (*)		0,1 (+) 0,1 (+)	0,01 (*) 0,01 (*)
0401100	Pumpkin seeds	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	0,01 (*) 0,01 (*)
0401100 0401110	Pumpkin seeds Safflower seeds	0,05 (*) 0,05 (*)		0,1 (+) 0,1 (+)	0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*)
0401100 0401110 0401120	Pumpkin seeds Safflower seeds Borage seeds	0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*)		0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+)	0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*)
0401100 0401110 0401120 0401130	Pumpkin seeds Safflower seeds Borage seeds Gold of pleasure seeds	0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*)		0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,3	0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*)
0401100 0401110 0401120 0401130 0401140	Pumpkin seeds Safflower seeds Borage seeds Gold of pleasure seeds Hemp seeds	0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*)		0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,3 0,1 (+)	0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*)
0401100 0401110 0401120 0401130 0401140 0401150	Pumpkin seeds Safflower seeds Borage seeds Gold of pleasure seeds Hemp seeds Castor beans	0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*)		0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,3 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+)	0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*)
0401100 0401110 0401120 0401130 0401140 0401150 0401990	Pumpkin seeds Safflower seeds Borage seeds Gold of pleasure seeds Hemp seeds Castor beans Others	0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*)		0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,3 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+)	0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*)
0401100 0401110 0401120 0401130 0401140 0401150 0401990	Pumpkin seeds Safflower seeds Borage seeds Gold of pleasure seeds Hemp seeds Castor beans Others Oil fruits	0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*)		0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,3 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+)	0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*)
0401100 0401110 0401120 0401130 0401140 0401150 0401990 0402000	Pumpkin seedsSafflower seedsBorage seedsGold of pleasure seedsHemp seedsCastor beansOthersOil fruitsOlives for oil production	0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 2		0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,3 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+)	0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*) 0,01 (*)
0401100 0401120 0401130 0401130 0401140 0401150 0401990 0402000	Pumpkin seeds Safflower seeds Borage seeds Gold of pleasure seeds Hemp seeds Castor beans Others Oil fruits Olives for oil production Oil palms kernels	0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 0,05 (*) 2 0,05 (*)		0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,3 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+) 0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0500000	CEREALS		0,01 (*)		
0500010	Barley	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	0,6
0500020	Buckwheat and other pseudo-cereals	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)
0500030	Maize/corn	0,05 (*)		0,02	0,01 (*)
0500040	Common millet/proso millet	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)
0500050	Oat	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	0,6
0500060	Rice	3		0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0500070	Rye	0,1		0,8	0,2
0500080	Sorghum	0,05 (*)		1,5	0,01 (*)
0500090	Wheat	0,1		0,8	0,2
0500990	Others	0,05 (*)		0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)
0600000	TEAS, COFFEE, HERBAL INFUSIONS, COCOA AND CAROBS		0,02 (*)		0,01 (*)
0610000	Teas	0,05 (*)		0,01 (*)	
0620000	Coffee beans	0,05 (*)		0,01 (*)	
0630000	Herbal infusions from	20			
0631000	(a) flowers			0,1 (+)	
0631010	Chamomile				
0631020	Hibiscus/roselle				
0631030	Rose				
0631040	Jasmine				
0631050	Lime/linden				
0631990	Others				
0632000	(b) leaves and herbs			0,1 (+)	
0632010	Strawberry				
0632020	Rooibos				
0632030	Mate/maté				
0632990	Others				
0633000	(c) roots			2,5	
0633010	Valerian				
0633020	Ginseng				
0633990	Others				
0639000	(d) any other parts of the plant			0,1 (+)	
0640000	Cocoa beans	0,05 (*)		0,01 (*)	
0650000	Carobs/Saint John's breads	0,05 (*)		0,01 (*)	

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0700000	HOPS	0,05 (*)	0,7	3	0,01 (*)
0800000	SPICES				
0810000	Seed spices	0,3	0,02 (*)	0,1 (+)	0,01 (*)
0810010	Anise/aniseed				
0810020	Black caraway/black cumin				
0810030	Celery				
0810040	Coriander				
0810050	Cumin				
0810060	Dill				
0810070	Fennel				
0810080	Fenugreek				
0810090	Nutmeg				
0810990	Others				
0820000	Fruit spices	0,3	0,02 (*)		0,01 (*)
0820010	Allspice/pimento			0,01 (*)	
0820020	Sichuan pepper			0,01 (*)	
0820030	Caraway			0,1 (+)	
0820040	Cardamom			0,01 (*)	
0820050	Juniper berry			0,01 (*)	
0820060	Peppercorn (black, green and white)			0,01 (*)	
0820070	Vanilla			0,01 (*)	
0820080	Tamarind			0,01 (*)	
0820990	Others			0,01 (*)	
0830000	Bark spices	0,3	0,02 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0830010	Cinnamon				
0830990	Others				
0840000	Root and rhizome spices				
0840010	Liquorice	0,3	0,02 (*)	0,3	0,01 (*)
0840020	Ginger	0,3	0,02 (*)	0,3	0,01 (*)
0840030	Turmeric/curcuma	0,3	0,02 (*)	0,3	0,01 (*)
0840040	Horseradish	(+)	(+)	(+)	(+)
0840990	Others	0,3	0,02 (*)	0,3	0,01 (*)
0850000	Bud spices	0,3	0,02 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0850010	Cloves				
0850020	Capers				
0850990	Others				

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0860000	Flower pistil spices	0,3	0,02 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0860010	Saffron				
0860990	Others				
0870000	Aril spices	0,3	0,02 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)
0870010	Масе				
0870990	Others				
0900000	SUGAR PLANTS				0,01 (*)
0900010	Sugar beet roots	0,2	0,15	0,1 (+)	
0900020	Sugar canes	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,01 (*)	
0900030	Chicory roots	0,6	0,01 (*)	0,1 (+)	
0900990	Others	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,1 (+)	
1000000	PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN -TERRESTRIAL ANI- MALS				
1010000	Tissues from		0,01 (*)		0,01 (*)
1011000	(a) swine				
1011010	Muscle	0,05		0,5	
1011020	Fat tissue	0,05		0,5	
1011030	Liver	0,2		3	
1011040	Kidney	0,2		0,7	
1011050	Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	0,2		0,7	
1011990	Others	0,1		0,02 (*)	
1012000	(b) bovine				
1012010	Muscle	0,05		0,5	
1012020	Fat tissue	0,05		0,5	
1012030	Liver	0,2		3	
1012040	Kidney	0,2		0,7	
1012050	Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	0,2		0,7	
1012990	Others	0,1		0,02 (*)	
1013000	(c) sheep				
1013010	Muscle	0,05		0,5	
1013020	Fat tissue	0,05		0,5	
1013030	Liver	0,2		3	
1013040	Kidney	0,2		0,7	
1013050	Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	0,2		0,7	
1013990	Others	0,1		0,02 (*)	

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1014000	d) goat				
1014010	Muscle	0,05		0,5	
1014010	Fat tissue	0,05		0,5	
1014020	Liver	0,03		3	
1014030		0,2		0,7	
1014040	Kidney Edible offels (other then liver and hidney)	0,2		0,7	
1014030	Edible offals (other than liver and kidney) Others	0,2		0,7	
		0,1		0,02 ()	
1015000	(e) equine				
1015010	Muscle	0,05		0,5	
1015020	Fat tissue	0,05		0,5	
1015030	Liver	0,2		0,7	
1015040	Kidney	0,2		0,7	
1015050	Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	0,2		0,7	
1015990	Others	0,1		0,02 (*)	
1016000	(f) poultry	0,1			
1016010	Muscle			0,2	
1016020	Fat tissue			0,2	
1016030	Liver			0,7	
1016040	Kidney			0,7	
1016050	Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)			0,7	
1016990	Others			0,02 (*)	
1017000	(g) other farmed terrestrial animals				
1017010	Muscle	0,1		0,5	
1017020	Fat tissue	0,1		0,5	
1017030	Liver	0,2		0,7	
1017040	Kidney	0,2		0,7	
1017050	Edible offals (other than liver and kidney)	0,2		0,7	
1017990	Others	0,1		0,02 (*)	
1020000	Milk	0,005 (*)	0,02	0,3	0,01 (*)
1020010	Cattle				
1020020	Sheep				
1020030	Goat				
1020040	Horse				
1020990	Others				
1030000	Birds eggs	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,3	0,01 (*)
1030010	Chicken				
1030020	Duck				

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1030030	Geese				
1030040	Quail				
1030990	Others				
1040000	Honey and other apiculture products	0,05 (*)	0,05 (*)	0,05 (*)	0,05 (*)
1050000	Amphibians and Reptiles	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,02 (*)	0,01 (*)
1060000	Terrestrial invertebrate animals	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,02 (*)	0,01 (*)
1070000	Wild terrestrial vertebrate animals	0,05 (*)	0,01 (*)	0,02 (*)	0,01 (*)

(*) Indicates lower limit of analytical determination

(a) For the complete list of products of plant and animal origin to which MRLs apply, reference should be made to Annex I.

Difenoconazole

(+) The applicable maximum residue level for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the spice group (code 0840040) is the one set for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the Vegetables category, root and tuber vegetables group (code 0213040) taking into account changes in the levels by processing (drying) according to Art. 20 (1) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005.
 0840040 Horseradish

Fluopicolide

(+) The applicable maximum residue level for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the spice group (code 0840040) is the one set for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the Vegetables category, root and tuber vegetables group (code 0213040) taking into account changes in the levels by processing (drying) according to Art. 20 (1) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005.

0840040 Horseradish

Fluopyram (R)

(R) = The residue definition differs for the following combinations pesticide-code number:

Fluopyram — code 1000000: sum fluopyram and fluopyram-benzamide (M25) expressed as fluopyram

(+) The European Food Safety Authority identified some information on residue trials as unavailable. When re-viewing the MRL, the Commission will take into account the information referred to in the first sentence, if it is submitted by 13 July 2015, or, if that information is not submitted by that date, the lack of it.

0231990	Others
0234000	(d) sweet corn
0239000	(e) other fruiting vegetables
0242990	Others
0243020	Kales
0243990	Others
0244000	(d) kohlrabies
0252020	Purslanes
0252030	Chards/beet leaves
0252990	Others
0254000	(d) watercresses

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0256000	(f) herbs and edible flowers
0256010	Chervil
0256020	Chives
0256030	Celery leaves
0256040	Parsley
0256050	Sage
0256060	Rosemary
0256070	Thyme
0256080	Basil and edible flowers
0256090	Laurel/bay leave
0256100	Tarragon
0256990	Others
0260050	Lentils
0260990	Others
0270020	Cardoons
0270030	Celeries
0270040	Florence fennels
0270990	Others
0401040	Sesame seeds
0401050	Sunflower seeds
0401090	Cotton seeds
0401100	Pumpkin seeds
0401110	Safflower seeds
0401120	Borage seeds
0401140	Hemp seeds
0401150	Castor beans
0401990	Others
0500010	Barley
0500020	Buckwheat and other pseudo-cereals
0500040	Common millet/proso millet
0500050	Oat
0500990	Others
0631000	(a) flowers
0631010	Chamomile
0631020	Hibiscus/roselle
0631030	Rose
0631040	Jasmine
0631050	Lime/linden
0631990	Others

(b) leaves and herbs
Strawberry
Rooibos
Mate/maté
Others
(d) any other parts of the plant
Seed spices
Anise/aniseed
Black caraway/black cumin
Celery
Coriander
Cumin
Dill
Fennel
Fenugreek
Nutmeg
Others
Caraway

(+) The applicable maximum residue level for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the spice group (code 0840040) is the one set for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the Vegetables category, root and tuber vegetables group (code 0213040) taking into account changes in the levels by processing (drying) according to Art. 20 (1) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005.

0840040 Horseradish

(+) The European Food Safety Authority identified some information on residue trials as unavailable. When re-viewing the MRL, the Commission will take into account the information referred to in the first sentence, if it is submitted by 13 July 2015, or, if that information is not submitted by that date, the lack of it.

0900010	Sugar beet roots
0900030	Chicory roots
0900990	Others

Isopyrazam

(+) The applicable maximum residue level for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the spice group (code 0840040) is the one set for horseradish (Armoracia rusticana) in the Vegetables category, root and tuber vegetables group (code 0213040) taking into account changes in the levels by processing (drying) according to Art. 20 (1) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005.

0840040 Horseradish'

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/1102

of 8 July 2015

amending Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards removal from the Union list of certain flavouring substances

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on flavourings and certain food ingredients with flavouring properties for use in and on foods and amending Council Regulation (EEC) No 1601/91, Regulations (EC) No 2232/96 and (EC) No 110/2008 and Directive 2000/13/EC (1), and in particular Articles 11(3) and 25(3) thereof,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1331/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 establishing a common authorisation procedure for food additives, food enzymes and food flavourings (2), and in particular Article 7(4) thereof,

Whereas:

- Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 lays down a Union list of flavourings and source materials approved (1)for use in and on foods and their conditions of use.
- (2) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 872/2012 (3) adopted the list of flavouring substances and introduced it in Annex I Part A to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008.
- (3) That list may be updated in accordance with the common procedure referred to in Article 3(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1331/2008, either on the initiative of the Commission or following an application submitted by a Member State or by an interested party.
- (4) The Union list of flavourings and source materials contains a number of substances for which the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) has requested additional scientific data to be provided for completion of the evaluation before specific deadlines established in the Annex I Part A to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008.
- In the case of the five following substances: 1-methylnaphthalene (FL No 01.014), furfuryl methyl ether (FL (5) No 13.052), difurfuryl sulphide (FL No 13.056), difurfuryl ether (FL No 13.061) and ethyl furfuryl ether (FL No 13.123), the deadline of 31 December 2013 was established in the Union list for the submission of requested additional scientific data.
- Where the necessary information is not provided by the time requested, the flavouring substance in question will (6) be removed from the Union list.
- (7) Additional scientific data following specific EFSA Opinions (4) relating to these substances have not been submitted by 30 June 2014. Therefore, these flavouring substances should be removed from the Union list.
- (8) Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 should therefore be amended accordingly.

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 354, 31.12.2008, p. 34. (²) OJ L 354, 31.12.2008, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 872/2012 of 1 October 2012 adopting the list of flavouring substances provided for by Regulation (EC) No 2232/96 of the European Parliament and of the Council, introducing it in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 1565/2000 and Commission Decision 1999/217/ÊC (OJ L 267, 2.10.2012, p. 1).

Scientific Opinion on Flavouring Group Evaluation 78 (FGE.78), The EFSA Journal (2009) 931, 1-59; Scientific Opinion on Flavouring Group Evaluation 67, Revision I (FGE.67Rev.1), EFSA Journal 2011; 9(10):2315; Scientific Opinion on Flavouring Group Evaluation 65 (FGE.65), EFSA Journal 2010; 8(7):1406.

- (9) Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EU) No 873/2012 (¹) lays down transitional measures for food containing flavouring substances which are lawfully placed on the market or labelled prior to 22 October 2014. Those transitional measures may not be sufficient for foods containing flavouring substances to be removed from the Union list after 22 October 2014. Therefore, an additional transitional period should be provided for food containing the five flavouring substances in order to enable food business operators to adapt to the requirements laid down in this Regulation.
- (10) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Part A of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 is amended in accordance with the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

Foods containing the five flavouring substances mentioned in the Annex to this Regulation which are lawfully placed on the market or labelled prior to 9 months after the entry into force of this Regulation which do not comply with Part A of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 may be marketed until their date of minimum durability or use by date.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 2015.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) Commission Regulation (EU) No 873/2012 of 1 October 2012 on transitional measures concerning the Union list of flavourings and source materials set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 267, 2.10.2012, p. 162).

ANNEX

In Part A of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1334/2008, the following entries are deleted:

<i>'</i> 01.014	1-Methylnaphthalene	90-12-0	1335	11009		4	JECFA/EFSA
13.052	Furfuryl methyl ether	13679-46-4	1520	10944		4	EFSA
13.056	Difurfuryl sulfide	13678-67-6	1080	11438		4	EFSA
13.061	Difurfuryl ether	4437-22-3	1522	10930		4	EFSA
13.123	Ethyl furfuryl ether	6270-56-0	1521	10940		4	EFSA'

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2015/1103

of 8 July 2015

concerning the authorisation of beta-carotene as a feed additive for all animal species

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on additives for use in animal nutrition (¹), and in particular Article 9(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 provides for the authorisation of additives for use in animal nutrition and for the grounds and procedures for granting such authorisation. Article 10 of that Regulation provides for the re-evaluation of additives authorised pursuant to Council Directive 70/524/EEC (²).
- (2) Beta-carotene was authorised without a time limit in accordance with Directive 70/524/EEC as a feed additive for use on all animal species and was subsequently entered in the Register of feed additives as an existing product, in accordance with Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.
- (3) In accordance with Article 10(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, in conjunction with Article 7 thereof, an application was submitted for the re-evaluation of beta-carotene and its preparations for all animal species. The applicant requested that additive to be classified in the additive category 'nutritional additives'. That application was accompanied by the particulars and documents required under Article 7(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.
- (4) The European Food Safety Authority ('the Authority') concluded in its opinion of 23 May 2012 (³) that, under the proposed conditions of use in feed, beta-carotene does not have an adverse effect on animal health, human health or the environment. The Authority also concluded that beta-carotene is used for the synthesis of retinol in almost all species (cats, in particular, were not able to use beta-carotene for the synthesis of retinol) and that no safety concerns would arise for users. The Authority does not consider that there is a need for specific requirements of post-market monitoring. It also verified the report on the method of analysis of the feed additives in feed submitted by the Reference Laboratory set up by Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.
- (5) The assessment beta-carotene shows that the conditions for authorisation, as provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, are satisfied. Accordingly, the use of this substance should be authorised as specified in the Annex to this Regulation.
- (6) Since safety reasons do not require the immediate application of the modifications to the conditions of authorisation, it is appropriate to allow a transitional period for interested parties to prepare themselves to meet new requirements resulting from the authorisation.
- (7) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The substance specified in the Annex, belonging to the additive category 'nutritional additives' and to the functional group 'vitamins, pro-vitamins and chemically well-defined substances having similar effect', is authorised as a feed additive in animal nutrition subject to the conditions laid down in that Annex.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 29.

^{(&}lt;sup>2</sup>) Council Directive 70/524/EEC of 23 November 1970 concerning additives in feedingstuffs (OJ L 270, 14.12.1970, p. 1).

^{(&}lt;sup>3</sup>) EFSA Journal 2012;10(6):2737.

Article 2

1. The substance specified in the Annex and premixtures containing that substance, which are produced and labelled before 29 January 2016 in accordance with the rules applicable before 29 July 2015 may continue to be placed on the market and used until the existing stocks are exhausted.

2. Compound feed and feed materials containing the substance specified in the Annex which are produced and labelled before 29 July 2016 in accordance with the rules applicable before 29 July 2015 may continue to be placed on the market and used until the existing stocks are exhausted if they are intended for food-producing animals.

3. Compound feed and feed materials containing the substance specified in the Annex which are produced and labelled before 29 July 2017 in accordance with the rules applicable before 29 July 2015 may continue to be placed on the market and used until the existing stocks are exhausted if they are intended for non-food-producing animals.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 2015.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

ANNEX										9.7.201
Identifica-	Name of the		Comparision densited formula description	Species or	Manimum	Minimum content	Maximum content		End of	15
tion	holder of Additive Composition	Composition, chemical formula, description, analytical method	category of animal	Maximum age	mg of active substance/kg of complete feedingstuff with a moisture content of 12 %		Other provisions	period of authorisa- tion	EN	

Category of nutritional additives. Functional group: vitamins, provitamins and chemically well defined substances having a similar effect

3a160(a) Beta-caroter	rene Additive composition Beta-carotene. Triphenylphosphine oxide (TPPO) ≤ 100 mg/kg of the additive. Characterisation of the active substance Beta-carotene $C_{40}H_{56}$ CAS number: 7235-40-7 Beta-carotene, solid form, produced by fer- mentation or chemical synthesis. Strains used in the fermentation: Blakeslea trispora Thaxter slant XCPA 07-05-1 (CGMCC (¹) 7.44) and XCPA 07-05-2 (CGMCC 7.45). Purity criteria: — (assay) min. 96 % total colouring mat- ters (dried substance) expressed as beta- carotene, — carotenoids other than beta-carotene ≤ 3 % of total colouring matters. Method of Analysis (²) For the determination of Beta- carotene in the feed additive: spectrophotometric method based on the European Pharmaco- poeia (Ph. Eur. monograph 1069).	All animal species —	 Beta-carotene may be placed on the market and used as an addi- tive consisting of a preparation. In milk replacers for calves it is recom- mended a maximum content of 50 mg of beta-carotene/kg of milk replacer. In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate storage and stability conditions. For safety: breathing protection shall be worn during handling. 	29 July 2025

Official Journal of the European Union

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Identifica-	Name of the		Composition, chemical formula, description,	Species or	Maximum	Minimum content	Maximum content		End of period of	L 181/6
tion number of the additive		Additive	analytical method	category of animal	age	mg of active substance/kg of complete feedingstuff with a moisture content of 12 %		Other provisions	authorisa- tion	60
			For the determination of Beta-carotene in premixtures and feedingstuffs: Reverse Phase High Performance Liquid Chromato- graphy (RP-HPLC) coupled to UV detector.							EN

(1) China General Microbiological Culture Collection Centre.
 (2) Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the European Union Reference Laboratory for Feed Additives: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2015/1104

of 8 July 2015

amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 237/2012 as regards a new form of alphagalactosidase (EC 3.2.1.22) produced by Saccharomyces cerevisiae (CBS 615.94) and endo-1,4-betaglucanase (EC 3.2.1.4) produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 120604) (holder of authorisation Kerry Ingredients and Flavours)

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on additives for use in animal nutrition (¹), and in particular Article 9(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 provides for the authorisation of additives for use in animal nutrition and for the grounds and procedures for granting such authorisation.
- (2) The use of alpha-galactosidase (EC 3.2.1.22) produced by Saccharomyces cerevisiae (CBS 615.94) and endo-1,4-beta-glucanase (EC 3.2.1.4) produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 120604) was authorised for 10 years for chickens for fattening by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 237/2012 (²), and for minor poultry species for fattening and for chickens reared for laying by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1365/2013 (³).
- (3) In accordance with Article 13(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, the holder of the authorisation has proposed changing the terms of the authorisation to include a liquid form of alpha-galactosidase and endo-1,4-beta-glucanase to be used as a feed additive for chickens for fattening. The application was accompanied by the relevant supporting data. The Commission forwarded that application to the European Food Safety Authority ('the Authority').
- (4) The Authority concluded in its opinion of 28 October 2014 (⁴) that the liquid form of alpha-galactosidase (EC 3.2.1.22) produced by *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (CBS 615.94) and endo-1,4-beta-glucanase (EC 3.2.1.4) produced by *Aspergillus niger* (CBS 120604) does not have an adverse effect on animal health, human health or the environment, and that it has a potential to favourably affect animal performance in chickens for fattening. The Authority does not consider that there is a need for specific requirements of post-market monitoring. It also verified the report on the method of analysis of the feed additive in feed submitted by the Reference Laboratory set up by Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.
- (5) The assessment of the preparation of alpha-galactosidase (EC 3.2.1.22) produced by *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (CBS 615.94) and endo-1,4-beta-glucanase (EC 3.2.1.4) produced by *Aspergillus niger* (CBS 120604) shows that the conditions for authorisation, as provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, are satisfied. Accordingly, the existing authorisation should be modified in order to include the new form.
- (6) Therefore, the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 237/2012 should be amended accordingly.
- (7) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 29.

⁽²⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 237/2012 of 19 March 2012 concerning the authorisation of alpha-galactosidase (EC 3.2.1.22) produced by Saccharomyces cerevisiae (CBS 615.94) and endo-1,4-beta-glucanase (EC 3.2.1.4) produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 120604) as a feed additive for chickens for fattening (holder of authorisation Kerry Ingredients and Flavours) (OJ L 80, 20.3.2012, p. 1).

⁽³⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1365/2013 of 18 December 2013 concerning the authorisation of a preparation of alpha-galactosidase produced by Saccharomyces cerevisiae (CBS 615.94) and endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 120604) as a feed additive for minor poultry species for fattening and for chickens reared for laying (holder of authorisation Kerry Ingredients and Flavours (OJ L 343, 19.12.2013, p. 31).

^{(&}lt;sup>4</sup>) EFSA Journal 2014; 12(11):3897.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 237/2012 is replaced by the text set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 2015.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

'ANNEX

fication umber of he addi- tive	Name of the holder of authorisation	Additive	Composition, chemical formula, description, analy- tical method	Species or category of animal	Maximum age	content Units of act complete fe with a moist of 12	eedingstuff ture content	Other provisions	End of period of authorisa- tion
ategory 4a17	of zootechnic Kerry in- gredients and flavors	cal additives. F Alpha-galac- tosidase EC 3.2.1.22 Endo-1,4- beta-gluca- nase EC 3.2.1.4	 Functional group: digestibility enhancers Additive composition Preparation of alpha-galactosidase (EC 3.2.1.22) produced by Saccharomyces cerevisiae (CBS 615.94) and endo-1,4-beta-glucanase (EC 3.2.1.4) produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 120604) with a minium activity of: Solid form: 1 000 U (¹) alpha-galactosidase/g 5 700 U (²) endo-1,4- beta-glucanase/g Liquid form: 500 U alpha-galactosidase/g 2 850 U endo-1,4- beta-glucanase/g. Characterisation of the active substance Alpha-galactosidase produced by Saccharomyces cerevisiae (CBS 615.94) Endo-1,4-beta-glucanase produced by Aspergillus niger (CBS 120604). Method of Analysis (³) Determination: Alpha-galactosidase: colorimetric method measuring p-nitrophenol released by ac- 	Chickens for fatten- ing		50 U al- pha-galac- tosidase 285 U endo-1,4- beta-gluca- nase		 In the directions for use of the additive and premix- ture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life, and stability to pelleting. Maximum recommended dose: 100 U alpha-galactosi- dase/kg; 570 U endo-1,4-beta- glucanase/kg. For safety: breathing protec- tion glasses and gloves shall be used during handling. 	9 April 2022

9.7.2015

L 181/63

Identi- fication	Name of the			Species or		Minimum content	Maximum content		End of period	L 181/6
number of holder of authorisation tive	Additive			Maximum age	Units of activity/kg of complete feedingstuff with a moisture content of 12 %		Other provisions	of authorisa- tion	4	
			 endo-1,4-beta-glucanase: colorimetric method measuring water soluble dye re- leased by action of endo-1,4-beta-gluca- nase from azurine-crosslinked barley glu- can substrate. 							EN

(1) 1 U is the amount of the enzyme which liberates 1 µmol of p-nitrolphenol per minute from p-nitrophenyl-alpha-galactopyranoside (pNPG) at pH 5,0 and 37 °C.
 (2) 1 U is the amount of the enzyme which liberates 1 mg of reducing sugar (glucose equivalent) per minute from beta-glucan at pH 5,0 and 50 °C.
 (3) Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the Reference Laboratory: https://ec.europa.eu/jic/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports'

9.7.2015

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2015/1105

of 8 July 2015

concerning the authorisation of a preparation of Bifidobacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284, Lactobacillus salivarius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351 and Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913 as a feed additive for chickens reared for laying and minor poultry species other than laying, the authorisation of that feed additive for use in water for drinking for chickens for fattening and amending Regulation (EU) No 544/2013 as regards the maximum content of that feed additive in complete feedingstuff and its compatibility with coccidiostats (holder of the authorisation Biomin GmbH)

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on additives for use in animal nutrition (¹), and in particular Article 9(2) and Article 13(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 provides for the authorisation of additives for use in animal nutrition and for the grounds and procedures for granting and modifying such authorisation.
- (2) In accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, an application was submitted for a new use of a preparation of Bifidobacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284, Lactobacillus salivarius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351 and Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913 and for an amendment of the terms of the current authorisation for chickens for fattening granted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 544/2013 (²). That application was accompanied by the particulars and documents required under Article 7(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, and by the relevant data to support that amendment request.
- (3) The application concerns the authorisation of a new use of the preparation of Bifidobacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284, Lactobacillus salivarius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351 and Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913 as a feed additive for chickens reared for laying and minor poultry species other than laying, to be classified in the additive category 'zootechnical additives', the authorisation of a new use of that preparation via water for drinking for chickens for fattening and the modification of the terms of the current authorisation for chickens for fattening to allow simultaneous use with the additional coccidiostats: decoquinate, narasin, nicarbazin or narasin/ nicarbazin, and to remove the limit for the maximum content of that preparation in complete feedingstuff.
- (4) The use of that preparation was authorised for 10 years for chickens for fattening by Commission Regulation (EU) No 544/2013.
- (5) The European Food Safety Authority ('the Authority') concluded in its opinion of 9 December 2014 (³) that, under the proposed conditions of use, the preparation of *Bifidobacterium animalis* ssp. *animalis* DSM 16284, *Lactobacillus salivarius* ssp. *salivarius* DSM 16351 and *Enterococcus faecium* DSM 21913 does not have an adverse effect on animal health, human health and the environment and has the potential to be efficacious when used in chickens reared for laying and minor poultry species other than laying. The Authority also concluded that delivery of the additive via water for drinking is as safe for chickens for fattening as delivery via feed and that there would be no safety implications if the current maximum dose for chickens for fattening and maximum dose, would also apply to chickens reared for laying and minor avian species. The Authority further concluded that the additive is compatible with the coccidiostats decoquinate, narasin, nicarbazin or narasin/nicarbazin. The Authority does not consider that there is a need for specific requirements of post-market monitoring. It also verified the report on the method of analysis of the feed additive in feed submitted by the Reference Laboratory set up by Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 29.

⁽²⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 544/2013 of 14 June 2013 concerning the authorisation of a preparation of Bifidobacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284, Lactobacillus salivarius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351 and Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913 as a feed additive for chickens for fattening (holder of authorisation Biomin GmbH) (OJ L 163, 15.6.2013, p. 13).

^{(&}lt;sup>3</sup>) EFSA Journal 2015; 13(1):3966.

- (6) The assessment of the preparation of *Bifidobacterium animalis* ssp. *animalis* DSM 16284, *Lactobacillus salivarius* ssp. *salivarius* DSM 16351 and *Enterococcus faecium* DSM 21913 shows that the conditions for authorisation, as provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, are satisfied. Accordingly, the use of that preparation should be authorised as specified in the Annex to this Regulation.
- (7) In order to allow for the use of coccidiostats compatible with the preparation of Bifidobacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284, Lactobacillus salivarius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351 and Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913 also for chickens for fattening and to allow for the same content of that preparation in complete feedingstuff for chickens for fattening as for chickens reared for laying and minor poultry species it is appropriate to amend Regulation (EU) No 544/2013.
- (8) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The preparation specified in the Annex, belonging to the additive category 'zootechnical additives' and to the functional group 'gut flora stabilisers', is authorised as an additive in animal nutrition subject to the conditions laid down in that Annex.

Article 2

The Annex to Regulation (EU) No 544/2013 is amended as follows:

- (1) In the eighth column, 'Maximum content', the text '1 \times 10⁹' is deleted.
- (2) In the ninth column, 'Other provisions', paragraph 2 is replaced by the following:
 - ⁶2. The use is permitted in feed containing the authorised coccidiostats: maduramicin ammonium, diclazuril, robenidine hydrochloride, decoquinate, narasin, nicarbazin or narasin/nicarbazin.⁶

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 2015.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

Identifica- tion number of the additive	Name of the holder		Composition, chemical formula,	Species or	Maxi-	Minimum content	Maximum content	Minimum content	Maximum content		End of period of
	of authori-	Additive	description, analytical method	category of animal	mum age		of complete uff with a ntent of 12 %	drin	f water for king	Other provisions	authorisa- tion

Category of zootechnical additives. Functional group: gut flora stabilisers.

4b1890	Biomin GmbH	Bifidobacter- ium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284, Lactobacillus salivarius ssp. salivar- ius DSM 16351 and Entero- coccus fae- cium DSM 21913	Additive composition Preparation of Bifidobacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284 containing a mini- mum of 3 × 10° CFU/g additive Lactobacillus salivarius ssp. sali- varius DSM 16351 containing a minimum of 1 × 10° CFU/g ad- ditive Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913 containing a minimum of 6 × 10° CFU/g additive Solid preparation (ratio 3:1:6) Characterisation of the active sub- stance Viable cells of Bifidobacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284, Lactobacillus sali- varius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351, and Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913	Chickens reared for laying, minor poultry species other than laying		1 × 10 ⁸		5 × 10 ⁷		 In the directions for use of the additive and pre- mixture, indicate the storage temperature, sto- rage life and stability to pelleting. The use is permitted in feed containing the fol- lowing coccidiostats: maduramicin ammo- nium, diclazuril, robeni- dine hydrochloride, de- coquinate, narasin, ni- carbazin or narasin/ni- carbazin. For safety: breathing protection, glasses and gloves shall be used dur- ing handling. The additive may be used also via water for drinking. 	29 July 2025
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9.7.2015

Identifica-	Name of the holder		Composition, chemical formula,	Species or	Maxi-	Minimum content	Maximum content	Minimum content	Maximum content		End of period of	L 181/0
tion number of the additive	of authori- sation	Additive	description, analytical method	Sition, chemical formula,		CFU (¹)/kg of complete feedingstuff with a moisture content of 12 %		CFU (¹) l of water for drinking		Other provisions	authorisa- tion	/68
			Analytical method (²) For the enumeration of: Bifido- bacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284: spread plate method EN 15785 Lactobacillus salivarius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351: spread plate method EN 15787 Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913 spread plate method EN 15788 For the identification: Pulsed Field Gel Electrophoresis (PFGE)							 For use of the additive in water for drinking the homogeneous dis- persion of the additive shall be ensured. The simultaneous use with antibiotic shall be avoided. 		EN Officia

(1) As total content of the mixture.
 (2) Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the European Union Reference Laboratory for Feed Additives: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports

PART B	
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Identifica- tion	Name of the holder of	Additive	Composition, chemical formula, description,	Species or	Maximum	Minimum content	Maximum content	Other provisions	End of period of
number of the additive	authorisation	Additive	analytical method	category of animal	age	(//	of water for Iking	other provisions	authorisa- tion

4b1890	Biomin GmbH	Bifidobacterium an- imalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284, Lac- tobacillus salivarius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351 and Enterococcus fae- cium DSM 21913	Additive composition Preparation of Bifidobacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284 containing a minimum of 3 × 10° CFU/g additive Lactobacillus salivarius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351 containing a minimum of 1 × 10° CFU/g additive	Chickens for fatten- ing		5 × 107		1. In the directions for use of the additive and premix- ture, indicate the storage temperature, storage life and stability to pelleting.	29 July 2025
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ial Journal of the European Union

	Name of the holder of	Additive	Composition, chemical formula, description,	Species or	Maximum	Minimum content	Maximum content	- Other provisions	End of period of
number of the additive	authorisation	Additive	category of animal	age	CFU (¹)/l of water for drinking		Other provisions	authorisa- tion	
			Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913 con- taining a minimum of 6 × 10 ⁹ CFU/g additive Solid preparation (ratio 3:1:6) Characterisation of the active substance Viable cells of Bifidobacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284, Lactobacillus salivarius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351, and Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913 Analytical method (²) For the enumeration of: Bifidobacterium animalis ssp. animalis DSM 16284: spread plate method EN 15785 Lactoba- cillus salivarius ssp. salivarius DSM 16351: spread plate method EN 15787 Enterococcus faecium DSM 21913 spread plate method EN 15788 For the identification: Pulsed Field Gel Electro- phoresis (PFGE)					 The water for drinking containing the additive may be used simultaneously with feed containing the following permitted coccidiostats: maduramicin ammonium, diclazuril, robenidine hydrochloride, decoquinate, narasin, nicarbazin or narasin/nicarbazin. For safety: breathing protection, glasses and gloves shall be used during handling. The homogeneous dispersion of the additive shall be ensured in the water for drinking. The simultaneous use with antibiotic shall be avoided. 	

L 181/69

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2015/1106

of 8 July 2015

amending Implementing Regulations (EU) No 540/2011 and (EU) No 1037/2012 as regards the conditions of approval of the active substance isopyrazam

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC (¹), and in particular the second alternative of Article 21(3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1037/2012 (²) approved isopyrazam as active substance in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, provided that the applicant for approval, Syngenta Crop Protection AG ('the applicant'), submits confirmatory information as regards the relevance of the metabolites CSCD 459488 and CSCD 459489 for groundwater, and listed it in Part B of the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 (³). The confirmatory information was to be submitted to the Commission, the Member States and the European Food Safety Authority ('the Authority') by 31 March 2015.
- (2) In February 2014, the applicant informed the Commission that it was expected that not all the confirmatory information required would be available by the deadline set out in Implementing Regulations (EU) No 540/2011 and (EU) No 1037/2012. The applicant stated that this delay was due to the need to develop appropriate testing protocols and submitted a working plan for the generation of that information.
- (3) The United Kingdom as the rapporteur Member State for isopyrazam assessed the information submitted by the applicant and informed the Commission in September 2014 that it considered the request of the applicant to extend the deadline for the submission of confirmatory information to be reasoned and that the working plan submitted by the applicant is realistic and appropriate.
- (4) Therefore, it appears that the request is justified in order to allow the applicant to generate the necessary data within a reasonable timeline.
- (5) On 30 March 2015, the applicant submitted a summary document reporting the information generated so far and setting out a final working plan for the generation of the outstanding information.
- (6) It is therefore appropriate to amend the approval of isopyrazam and extend the deadline for the submission of confirmatory information until 31 July 2017.
- (7) Implementing Regulations (EU) No 540/2011 and (EU) No 1037/2012 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (8) Given the fact that the deadline for submitting confirmatory information related to isopyrazam has already expired, this Regulation should enter into force on the day following that of its publication.
- (9) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1037/2012 of 7 November 2012 approving the active substance isopyrazam, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market, and amending the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 (OJ L 308, 8.11.2012, p. 15).

⁽³⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 of 25 May 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of approved active substances (OJ L 153, 11.6.2011, p. 1).

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Amendments to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011

In the column 'Specific provisions' of row 27, isopyrazam, of Part B of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011, the last paragraph is replaced by the following:

'The applicant shall submit to the Commission, the Member States and the Authority this information by 31 July 2017.'

Article 2

Amendments to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1037/2012

In the column 'Specific provisions' of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1037/2012, the last paragraph is replaced by the following:

'The applicant shall submit to the Commission, the Member States and the Authority this information by 31 July 2017.'

Article 3

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 2015.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2015/1107

of 8 July 2015

approving the basic substance Salix spp. cortex, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market, and amending the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC (1), and in particular Article 23(5) in conjunction with Article 13(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- In accordance with Article 23(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, the Commission received on 26 April 2013 (1)an application from the Institut Technique de l'Agriculture Biologique (ITAB) for the approval of Salix alba bark as basic substance. That application was accompanied by the information required by the second subparagraph of Article 23(3).
- The Commission asked the European Food Safety Authority (hereinafter 'the Authority') for scientific assistance. (2)The Authority presented to the Commission a Technical Report on the substance concerned on 3 June 2014 (2). The Commission presented the review report (3) and a draft of this Regulation to the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed on 14 November 2014 and finalised them for the meeting of that Committee of 29 May 2015.
- (3) The documentation provided by the applicant and the results of examination carried out by the European Medicine Agency (4) in accordance with Directive 2001/83/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (5) show that Salix cortex fulfils the criteria of a traditional herbal medicine. It was therefore considered appropriate to extend the scope of the application from Salix alba bark to Salix spp. cortex. Moreover, it is not predominantly used for plant protection purposes but nevertheless is useful in plant protection in a product consisting of the substance and water.
- (4) The Commission considers that Salix spp. cortex is a basic substance pursuant to Article 23 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009. Salix spp. cortex is part of a plant and is ubiquitous in the environment. The additional exposure of humans, animals and the environment by the uses as detailed in the review report is expected to be negligible compared to exposure expected through realistic natural situations.
- Therefore, Salix spp. cortex may be expected to satisfy, in general, the requirements laid down in Article 23 of (5)Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, in particular with regard to the uses which were examined and detailed in the Commission review report. It is therefore appropriate to approve Salix spp. cortex as a basic substance.
- In accordance with Article 13(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 in conjunction with Article 6 thereof and in (6) the light of current scientific and technical knowledge, it is, however, necessary to include certain conditions for the approval which are detailed in Annex I to this Regulation.

 ^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 1.
 (²) Outcome of the consultation with Member States and EFSA on the basic substance application for Salix alba bark and the conclusions drawn by EFSA on the specific points raised. 2014:EN-609.34 pp.

http://ec.europa.eu/sanco_pesticides/public/?event=homepage

Assessment report on Salicis cortex (willow bark) and herbal preparation(s) thereof with well-established use and traditional use; EMEA/HMPC/295337/2007.

Directive 2001/83/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 November 2001 on the Community code relating to medicinal products for human use (OJ L 311, 28.11.2001, p. 67).

- (7) In accordance with Article 13(4) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 (¹) should be amended accordingly.
- (8) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Approval of a basic substance

The substance Salix spp. cortex as specified in Annex I is approved as basic substance subject to the conditions laid down in that Annex.

Article 2

Amendments to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011

Part C of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 is amended in accordance with Annex II to this Regulation.

Article 3

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 2015.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 of 25 May 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of approved active substances (OJ L 153, 11.6.2011, p. 1).

Common Name, Identification Numbers	IUPAC Name	Purity (1)	Date of approval	Specific provisions
<i>Salix</i> spp. cortex CAS No: not allocated CIPAC No: not allocated	Not applicable	European Pharmacopeia	1 July 2015	<i>Salix</i> cortex shall be used in accordance with the specific condi- tions included in the conclusions of the review report on <i>Salix</i> spp. cortex (SANCO/12173/2014) and in particular Appendices I and II thereof.

(1) Further details on identity, specification and manner of use of basic substance are provided in the review report.

ANNEX II

In Part C of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EC) No 540/2011, the following entry is added:

Number	Common Name, Identification Numbers	IUPAC Name	Purity (*)	Date of approval	Specific provisions
'7	<i>Salix</i> spp. cortex CAS No: not allocated CIPAC No: not allocated	Not applicable	European Pharmacopeia	1 July 2015	<i>Salix</i> cortex shall be used in accordance with the specific conditions included in the conclusions of the review report on <i>Salix</i> spp. cortex (SANCO/12173/2014) and in particular Appendices I and II thereof.'

(*) Further details on identity, specification and manner of use of basic substance are provided in the review report.

L 181/74

EN

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2015/1108

of 8 July 2015

approving the basic substance vinegar in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market, and amending the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC (1), and in particular Article 23(5) in conjunction with Article 13(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- In accordance with Article 23(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, the Commission received on 24 April 2013 (1)an application from the Institut Technique de l'Agriculture Biologique (ITAB) for the approval of vinegar as basic substance. On 17 March 2014 an application from the city of Paris (France) was received to extend the intended uses covered by the application for the approval of vinegar as basic substance. Those applications were accompanied by the information required by the second subparagraph of Article 23(3).
- (2)The Commission asked the European Food Safety Authority (hereinafter 'the Authority') for scientific assistance. The Authority presented to the Commission a Technical Report on the substance concerned on 12 August 2014 (2). The Commission presented the review report (3) and a draft of this Regulation to the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed on 27 January 2015 and finalised them for the meeting of that Committee of 29 May 2015.
- (3) The documentation provided by the applicant shows that vinegar fulfils the criteria of a foodstuff as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council (4). Moreover, it is not predominantly used for plant protection purposes but nevertheless is useful in plant protection in a product consisting of the substance and water. In particular, vinegar should not be confused with acetic acid, an active substance which was included in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC (5) by Commission Directive 2008/127/EC (6), as clarified in the Commission interpretative communication (7) on the names under which foodstuffs are sold. Consequently, vinegar is to be considered as a basic substance.
- (4) It has appeared from the examinations made that vinegar may be expected to satisfy, in general, the requirements laid down in Article 23 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, in particular with regard to the uses which were examined and detailed in the Commission review report. It is therefore appropriate to approve vinegar as a basic substance.
- In accordance with Article 13(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 in conjunction with Article 6 thereof and in (5) the light of current scientific and technical knowledge, it is, however, necessary to include certain conditions for the approval which are detailed in Annex I to this Regulation.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 309, 24.11.2009, p. 1.

 $[\]binom{2}{2}$ Outcome of the consultation with Member States and EFSA on the basic substance application for vinegar and the conclusions drawn by EFSA on the specific points raised. EFSA supporting publication 2014:EN-641.37 pp.

 ^{(&}lt;sup>3</sup>) http://ec.europa.eu/sanco_pesticides/public/?event=homepage
 (⁴) Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 31, 1.2.2002, p. 1). ⁽⁵⁾ Council Directive 91/414/EEC of 15 July 1991 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market (OJ L 230, 19.8.1991,

p. 1). Commission Directive 2008/127/EC of 18 December 2008 amending Council Directive 91/414/EEC to include several active

⁽⁶⁾ substances (OJ L 344, 20.12.2008, p. 89).

^{(&}lt;sup>7</sup>) OJ C 270, 15.10.1991, p. 2.

- (6) In accordance with Article 13(4) of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 (¹) should be amended accordingly.
- (7) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Approval of a basic substance

The substance vinegar as specified in Annex I is approved as basic substance subject to the conditions laid down in that Annex.

Article 2

Amendments to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011

Part C of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 is amended in accordance with Annex II to this Regulation.

Article 3

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 2015.

For the Commission The President Jean-Claude JUNCKER

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 of 25 May 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of approved active substances (OJ L 153, 11.6.2011, p. 1).

Common Name, Identification Numbers	IUPAC Name	Purity (1)	Date of approval	Specific provisions
Vinegar CAS No: 90132-02-8	Not available	Food grade containing a maximum of 10 % acetic acid	1 July 2015	Only uses as basic substance being a fungicide and bactericide are approved. Vinegar shall be used in accordance with the specific conditions included in the conclusions of the review report on vinegar (SANCO/12896/2014) and in particular Appendices I and II thereof.

(1) Further details on identity, specification and manner of use of basic substance are provided in the review report.

ANNEX II

In Part C of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011, the following entry is added:

Number	Common Name, Identification Numbers	IUPAC Name	Purity (1)	Date of approval	Specific provisions
'5	Vinegar CAS No: 90132-02-8	Not available	Food grade containing a maximum of 10 % acetic acid.	1 July 2015	Only uses as basic substance being a fungicide and bactericide are approved. Vinegar shall be used in accordance with the specific conditions included in the conclusions of the review report on vinegar (SANCO/12896/2014) and in particular Appendices I and II thereof.'

(1) Further details on identity, specification and manner of use of basic substance are provided in the review report.

9.7.2015

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COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2015/1109

of 8 July 2015

establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 (¹),

Having regard to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 of 7 June 2011 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 in respect of the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors (²), and in particular Article 136(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in Annex XVI, Part A thereto.
- (2) The standard import value is calculated each working day, in accordance with Article 136(1) of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011, taking into account variable daily data. Therefore this Regulation should enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 136 of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 543/2011 are fixed in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 2015.

For the Commission, On behalf of the President, Jerzy PLEWA Director-General for Agriculture and Rural Development

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 157, 15.6.2011, p. 1.

ANNEX

Standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

	(EUR/100 kg			
CN code	Third country code (1)	Standard import value		
0702 00 00	AL	20,6		
	MA	172,4		
	МК	51,7		
	ZZ	81,6		
0707 00 05	TR	116,3		
	ZZ	116,3		
0709 93 10	TR	119,1		
	ZZ	119,1		
0805 50 10	AR	108,2		
	TR	108,0		
	UY	129,3		
	ZA	150,8		
	ZZ	124,1		
0808 10 80	AR	97,8		
	BR	106,5		
	CL	133,5		
	NZ	118,6		
	US	121,0		
	ZA	120,9		
	ZZ	116,4		
0808 30 90	AR	109,3		
	CL	144,1		
	CN	86,2		
	NZ	235,9		
	ZA	127,5		
	ZZ	140,6		
0809 10 00	TR	236,9		
	ZZ	236,9		
0809 29 00	TR	258,6		
	ZZ	258,6		
0809 30 10, 0809 30 90	CL	181,4		
	ZZ	181,4		
0809 40 05	CL	126,8		
	ZZ	126,8		

(1) Nomenclature of countries laid down by Commission Regulation (EU) No 1106/2012 of 27 November 2012 implementing Regulation (EC) No 471/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council on Community statistics relating to external trade with non-member countries, as regards the update of the nomenclature of countries and territories (OJ L 328, 28.11.2012, p. 7). Code 'ZZ' stands for 'of other origin'.

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2015/1110

of 8 July 2015

establishing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities covered by the applications for import licences lodged from 26 June to 3 July 2015 in the context of the tariff quota for maize opened by Regulation (EC) No 969/2006

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007 (¹), and in particular Article 188(1) and (3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Regulation (EC) No 969/2006 (²) opened an annual import tariff quota of 277 988 tonnes of maize (order number 09.4131).
- (2) Article 2(1) of Regulation (EC) No 969/2006 fixes a quantity of 138 994 tonnes for subperiod 2 from 1 July to 31 December 2015.
- (3) The quantities covered by the applications for import licences lodged from 26 June 2015 at 13.00 to 3 July 2015 at 13.00 (Brussels time) exceed those available. The extent to which import licences may be issued should therefore be determined by establishing the allocation coefficient to be applied to the quantities requested, calculated in accordance with Article 7(2) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006 (³).
- (4) Import licences should no longer be issued under Regulation (EC) No 969/2006 for the current quota period.
- (5) In order to ensure the efficiency of the measure, this Regulation should enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The quantities covered by the applications for import licences in respect of the quota referred to in Article 2(1) of Regulation (EC) No 969/2006 (order number 09.4131) lodged from 26 June 2015 at 13.00 to 3 July 2015 at 13.00 (Brussels time) shall be multiplied by an allocation coefficient of 77,459146 %.

2. The submission of new import licence applications in respect of the quota referred to in Article 2(1) of Regulation (EC) No 969/2006 (order number 09.4131) is suspended as from 3 July 2015 at 13.00 (Brussels time) for the current quota subperiod.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 347, 20.12.2013, p. 671.

⁽²⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 969/2006 of 29 June 2006 opening and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for imports of maize from third countries (OJ L 176, 30.6.2006, p. 44).

⁽³⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 1301/2006 of 31 August 2006 laying down common rules for the administration of import tariff quotas for agricultural products managed by a system of import licences (OJ L 238, 1.9.2006, p. 13).

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 2015.

For the Commission, On behalf of the President, Jerzy PLEWA Director-General for Agriculture and Rural Development

DECISIONS

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION (EU) 2015/1111

of 7 July 2015

on the compliance of the joint proposal submitted by the Member States concerned for the extension of the North Sea-Baltic rail freight corridor with Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning a European rail network for competitive freight

(notified under document C(2015) 4507)

(Only the Czech, Dutch, French, German, Lithuanian and Polish texts are authentic)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 913/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2010 concerning a European rail network for competitive freight (¹), and in particular Article 5(6) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) In accordance with Article 5(5) of Regulation (EU) No 913/2010, the ministries responsible for rail transport in Belgium, the Czech Republic, Germany, Lithuania, the Netherlands and Poland sent the Commission a letter of intent dated 27 April 2014 including a proposal on extensions of the North Sea-Baltic rail freight corridor to the Czech Republic and to the Polish-Ukrainian border.
- (2) The Commission examined this proposal pursuant to Article 5(6) of Regulation (EU) No 913/2010, and considers it to be compliant with Article 5 of that Regulation. In particular, the results of the transport market study on the North Sea-Baltic rail freight corridor carried out by the management board of the corridor show there to be significant potential for a further increase in traffic between major North Sea ports and both the Czech Republic and southern Poland, especially from combined transport. Moreover, the proposed extensions offer the advantage of creating a 'one-stop shop' (as described in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) No 913/2010) for managing infrastructure capacity along the freight corridors between North Sea ports and, respectively, the Czech Republic and southern Poland. Furthermore, the proposed extensions are consistent with the design proposed for Corridor F in the European Rail Traffic Management System (ERTMS) European deployment plan, as set out in Commission Decision 2012/88/EU (²). The proposed extensions also improve the overall interconnectedness of the rail freight corridors set up to form a European rail network for competitive freight, in particular by providing a direct connection between the North Sea-Baltic rail freight corridor and the Rhine-Danube corridor in the Czech Republic. Finally, the proposed extensions may potentially improve rail traffic across the EU eastern border and on the Europe-Asia land bridge.
- (3) The extension of the North Sea-Baltic rail freight corridor should not impede the development of the Orient/East-Med rail freight corridor, as provided for in the Annex to Regulation (EU) No 913/2010, which also includes a connection between the North Sea ports and the Czech Republic.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee established pursuant to Article 21 of Regulation (EU) No 913/2010,

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 276, 20.10.2010, p. 22.

⁽²⁾ Commission Decision 2012/88/EU of 25 January 2012 on the technical specification for interoperability relating to the controlcommand and signalling subsystems of the trans-European rail system (OJ L 51, 23.2.2012, p. 1).

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The letter of intent of 27 April 2014 concerning extensions of the North Sea-Baltic rail freight corridor to the Czech Republic and to the Polish-Ukrainian border, sent to the Commission by the ministries responsible for rail transport in Belgium, the Czech Republic, Germany, Lithuania, the Netherlands and Poland, and proposing the route Wilhelmshaven/Bremerhaven/Hamburg/Amsterdam/Rotterdam/Antwerpen-Aachen-Hannover/Berlin-Warsaw-Terespol (Poland-Belarus border)/Kaunas-Riga-Tallinn/Falkenberg-Prague/Wroclaw-Katowice-Medyka (Poland-Ukraine border) as the principal route for the North Sea-Baltic rail freight corridor is compliant with Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 913/2010.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Kingdom of Belgium, the Czech Republic, the Federal Republic of Germany, the Republic of Lithuania, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Republic of Poland.

Done at Brussels, 7 July 2015.

For the Commission Violeta BULC Member of the Commission

CORRIGENDA

Corrigendum to Council Directive 2001/23/EC of 12 March 2001 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the safeguarding of employees' rights in the event of transfers of undertakings, businesses or parts of undertakings or businesses

(Official Journal of the European Communities L 82 of 22 March 2001)

On page 18, Article 6(1), second subparagraph, first line:

for: 'The first subparagraph shall not supply if, under the laws, ...',

read: 'The first subparagraph shall not apply if, under the laws, ...'.

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