

Official Journal

of the European Union

L 29

Volume 49

2 February 2006

English edition

Legislation

Contents

I Acts whose publication is obligatory

Commission Regulation (EC) No 177/2006 of 1 February 2006 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables	1
★ Commission Regulation (EC) No 178/2006 of 1 February 2006 amending Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council to establish Annex I listing the food and feed products to which maximum levels for pesticide residues apply ⁽¹⁾	3
★ Commission Regulation (EC) No 179/2006 of 1 February 2006 introducing a system of import licences for apples imported from third countries	26
★ Commission Regulation (EC) No 180/2006 of 1 February 2006 setting delivery obligations for cane sugar to be imported under the ACP Protocol and the Agreement with India for the 2005/06 delivery period and derogating from Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003	28
★ Commission Regulation (EC) No 181/2006 of 1 February 2006 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 as regards organic fertilisers and soil improvers other than manure and amending that Regulation ⁽¹⁾	31
Commission Regulation (EC) No 182/2006 of 1 February 2006 on granting of import licences for cane sugar for the purposes of certain tariff quotas and preferential agreements	35

II Acts whose publication is not obligatory

Council

2006/53/EC:

★ Council Decision of 23 January 2006 amending Decision 90/424/EEC on expenditure in the veterinary field	37
--	-----------

⁽¹⁾ Text with EEA relevance

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 177/2006
of 1 February 2006
establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 of 21 December 1994 on detailed rules for the application of the import arrangements for fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4(1) thereof,

Whereas:

(1) Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes the

standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in the Annex thereto.

(2) In compliance with the above criteria, the standard import values must be fixed at the levels set out in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 shall be fixed as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2006.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2006.

For the Commission

J. L. DEMARTY

*Director-General for Agriculture and
Rural Development*

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 337, 24.12.1994, p. 66. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 386/2005 (OJ L 62, 9.3.2005, p. 3).

ANNEX

to Commission Regulation of 1 February 2006 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)		
CN code	Third country code ⁽¹⁾	Standard import value
0702 00 00	052	93,4
	204	43,0
	212	90,9
	624	115,6
	999	85,7
0707 00 05	052	136,7
	204	102,3
	628	180,0
	999	139,7
0709 10 00	220	74,5
	624	91,7
	999	83,1
0709 90 70	052	156,1
	204	130,2
	999	143,2
0805 10 20	052	43,8
	204	61,8
	212	53,7
	220	52,0
	624	60,4
	999	54,3
0805 20 10	204	83,9
	999	83,9
0805 20 30, 0805 20 50, 0805 20 70, 0805 20 90	052	61,1
	204	129,1
	400	87,6
	464	135,7
	624	76,7
	662	36,9
	999	87,9
0805 50 10	052	53,2
	220	61,7
	999	57,5
0808 10 80	400	143,4
	404	107,7
	720	83,2
	999	111,4
0808 20 50	388	83,1
	400	90,1
	720	64,3
	999	79,2

⁽¹⁾ Country nomenclature as fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 750/2005 (OJ L 126, 19.5.2005, p. 12). Code '999' stands for 'of other origin'.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 178/2006**of 1 February 2006****amending Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council to establish Annex I listing the food and feed products to which maximum levels for pesticide residues apply****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 February 2005 on maximum residue levels of pesticides in and on food and feed of plant and animal origin and amending Council Directive 91/414/EE (¹), and in particular Article 4(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 396/2005, Annexes I, II, III and IV to that Regulation are to be established by the Commission, their establishment being a condition for the application of Chapters II, III and V of that Regulation.
- (2) It is necessary to include in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 all products for which presently Community or national MRLs exist as well as those for which it is appropriate to apply harmonised MRLs.
- (3) Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 should therefore be amended accordingly.

(4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health.

(5) Individual MRLs have not yet been required for fish, and for crops exclusively meant for animal feed, and no information is available as a basis for setting MRLs. It is appropriate to allow for the time needed to generate or collect this information. It is considered that a time period of three years should be sufficient to generate or collect this information,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The text in the Annex to this Regulation is added as Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the 20th day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2006.

For the Commission

Markos KYPRIANOU

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 70, 16.3.2005, p. 1.

ANNEX

'ANNEX I

Products of plant and animal origin referred to in Article 2(1)

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0100000	1. FRUIT FRESH OR FROZEN; NUTS				
0110000	(i) Citrus fruit				Whole product
0110010		Grapefruit	<i>Citrus paradisi</i>	Shaddocks, pomelos, sweeties, tangelo, ugli and other hybrids	
0110020		Oranges	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	Bergamot, bitter orange, chinotto and other hybrids	
0110030		Lemons	<i>Citrus limon</i>	Citron, lemon	
0110040		Limes	<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i>		
0110050		Mandarins	<i>Citrus reticulata</i>	Clementine, tangerine and other hybrids	
0110990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0120000	(ii) Tree nuts (shelled or unshelled)				Whole product after removal of shell (except chestnuts)
0120010		Almonds	<i>Prunus dulcis</i>		
0120020		Brazil nuts	<i>Bertholletia excelsa</i>		
0120030		Cashew nuts	<i>Anacardium occidentale</i>		
0120040		Chestnuts	<i>Castanea sativa</i>		
0120050		Coconuts	<i>Cocos nucifera</i>		
0120060		Hazelnuts	<i>Corylus avellana</i>	Filbert	
0120070		Macadamia	<i>Macadamia ternifolia</i>		
0120080		Pecans	<i>Carya illinoensis</i>		
0120090		Pine nuts	<i>Pinus pinea</i>		

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0120100		Pistachios	<i>Pistachia vera</i>		
0120110		Walnuts	<i>Juglans regia</i>		
0120990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0130000	(iii) Pome fruit				Whole product after removal of stems
0130010		Apples	<i>Malus domestica</i>	Crab apple	
0130020		Pears	<i>Pyrus communis</i>	Oriental pear	
0130030		Quinces	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i>		
0130040		Medlar ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Mespilus germanica</i>		
0130050		Loquat ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Eriobotrya japonica</i>		
0130990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0140000	(iv) Stone fruit				Whole product after removal of stems
0140010		Apricots	<i>Prunus armeniaca</i>		
0140020		Cherries	<i>Prunus cerasus</i> , <i>Prunus avium</i>	Sweet cherries, sour cherries	
0140030		Peaches	<i>Prunus persica</i>	Nectarines and similar hybrids	
0140040		Plums	<i>Prunus domestica</i>	Damson, greengage, mirabelle	
0140990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0150000	(v) Berries and small fruit				Whole product after removal of caps/crowns and stems except in the case of currants: fruits with stems
0151000	(a) Table and wine grapes				
0151010		Table grapes	<i>Vitis euveitis</i>		

Code number (1)	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name (2)	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0151020		Wine grapes	<i>Vitis euveitidis</i>		
0152000	(b) Strawberries		<i>Fragaria × ananassa</i>		
0153000	(c) Cane fruit				
0153010		Blackberries	<i>Rubus fruticosus</i>		
0153020		Dewberries	<i>Rubus cecasius</i>	Loganberries, Boysenberries, and cloudberrries	
0153030		Raspberries	<i>Rubus idaeus</i>	Wineberries	
0153990		Others (3)			
0154000	(d) Other small fruit and berries				
0154010		Blueberries	<i>Vaccinium corymbosum</i>	Bilberries; cowberries (red bilberries)	
0154020		Cranberries	<i>Vaccinium macrocarpon</i>		
0154030		Currants (red, black and white)	<i>Ribes nigrum</i> , <i>Ribes rubrum</i>		
0154040		Gooseberries	<i>Ribes uva-crispa</i>	Including hybrids with other ribes species	
0154050		Rose hips	<i>Rosa canina</i>		
0154060		Mulberries (4)	<i>Morus</i> spp	Arbutus berry	
0154070		Azarole (4) (mediterranean medlar)	<i>Crataegus azarolus</i>		
0154080		Elderberries (4)	<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Black chokeberry (appleberry), mountain ash, azarole, buckthorn (sea shallowthorn), hawthorn, service berries, and other treeberries	
0154990		Others (3)			

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0160000	(vi) Miscellaneous fruit				Whole product after removal of stems or the crown (pine-apples)
0161000	(a) Edible peel				
0161010		Dates	<i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>		
0161020		Figs	<i>Ficus carica</i>		
0161030		Table olives	<i>Olea europaea</i>		
0161040		Kumquats ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Fortunella species</i>	Marumi kumquats, nagami kumquats	
0161050		Carambola ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Averrhoa carambola</i>	Bilimbi	
0161060		Persimmon ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Diospyros kaki</i>		
0161070		Jambolan ⁽⁴⁾ (java plum)	<i>Syzygium cumini</i>	Java apple (water apple), pomerac, rose apple, Brazilian cherry (grumichama), Surinam cherry	
0161990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0162000	(b) Inedible peel, small				
0162010		Kiwi	<i>Actinidia deliciosa</i> syn. <i>A. chinensis</i>		
0162020		Lychee (Litchi)	<i>Litchi chinensis</i>	Pulasan, rambutan (hairy litchi)	
0162030		Passion fruit	<i>Passiflora edulis</i>		
0162040		Prickly pear ⁽⁴⁾ (cactus fruit)	<i>Opuntia ficus-indica</i>		
0162050		Star apple ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Chrysophyllum cainito</i>		
0162060		American persimmon ⁽⁴⁾ (Virginia kaki)	<i>Diospyros virginiana</i>	Black sapote, white sapote, green sapote, canistel (yellow sapote), and mammy sapote	

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0162990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0163000	(c) Inedible peel, large				
0163010		Avocados	<i>Persea americana</i>		
0163020		Bananas	<i>Musa × paradisiaca</i>	Dwarf banana, plantain, apple banana	
0163030		Mangoes	<i>Mangifera indica</i>		
0163040		Papaya	<i>Carica papaya</i>		
0163050		Pomegranate	<i>Punica granatum</i>		
0163060		Cherimoya ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Annona cherimola</i>	Custard apple, sugar apple (sweetsop), llama and other medium sized Annonaceae	
0163070		Guava ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Psidium guajava</i>		
0163080		Pineapples	<i>Ananas comosus</i>		
0163090		Bread fruit ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Artocarpus altilis</i>	Jackfruit	
0163100		Durian ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Durio zibethinus</i>		
0163110		Soursop ⁽⁴⁾ (guanabana)	<i>Annona muricata</i>		
0163990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0200000	2. VEGETABLES FRESH OR FROZEN				
0210000	(i) Root and tuber vegetables				Whole product after removal of tops (if any) and adhering soil by rinsing or brushing
0211000	(a) Potatoes		Tuber form <i>Solanum</i> spp.		
0212000	(b) Tropical root and tuber vegetables				

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0212010		Cassava	<i>Manihot esculenta</i>	Dasheen, eddoe (Japanese taro), tannia	
0212020		Sweet potatoes	<i>Ipomoea batatas</i>		
0212030		Yams	<i>Dioscorea</i> sp.	Potato bean (yam bean), Mexican yam bean	
0212040		Arrowroot ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Maranta arundinacea</i>		
0212990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0213000	(c) Other root and tuber vegetables except sugar beet				
0213010		Beetroot	<i>Beta vulgaris</i> subsp. <i>vulgaris</i>		
0213020		Carrots	<i>Daucus carota</i>		
0213030		Celeriac	<i>Apium graveolens</i> var. <i>rapaceum</i>		
0213040		Horseradish	<i>Armoracia rusticana</i>		
0213050		Jerusalem artichokes	<i>Helianthus tuberosus</i>		
0213060		Parsnips	<i>Pastinaca sativa</i>		
0213070		Parsley root	<i>Petroselinum crispum</i>		
0213080		Radishes	<i>Raphanus sativus</i> var. <i>sativus</i>	Black radish, Japanese radish, small radish and similar varieties	
0213090		Salsify	<i>Tragopogon porrifolius</i>	Scorzonera, Spanish salsify (Spanish oysterplant)	
0213100		Swedes	<i>Brassica napus</i> var. <i>napobrassica</i>		
0213110		Turnips	<i>Brassica rapa</i>		
0213990		Others ⁽³⁾			

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0220000	(ii) Bulb vegetables				Whole product after removal of easily detachable skin and soil (when dry) or roots and soil (when fresh)
0220010		Garlic	<i>Allium sativum</i>		
0220020		Onions	<i>Allium cepa</i>	Silverskin onions	
0220030		Shallots	<i>Allium ascalonicum</i> (<i>Allium cepa</i> var. <i>aggregatum</i>)		
0220040		Spring onions	<i>Allium cepa</i>	Welsh onion and similar varieties	
0220990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0230000	(iii) Fruiting vegetables				Whole product after removal of stems (in case of sweet corn without husks)
0231000	(a) Solanacea				
0231010		Tomatoes	<i>Lycopersicon esculentum</i>	Cherry tomatoes	
0231020		Peppers	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> , var. <i>grossum</i> and var. <i>longum</i>	Chilli peppers	
0231030		Aubergines (egg plants)	<i>Solanum melongena</i>	Pepino	
0231040		Okra, lady's fingers	<i>Hibiscus esculentus</i>		
0231990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0232000	(b) Cucurbits — edible peel				
0232010		Cucumbers	<i>Cucumis sativus</i>		
0232020		Gherkins	<i>Cucumis sativus</i>		
0232030		Courgettes	<i>Cucurbita pepo</i> var. <i>melopepo</i>	Summer squash, marrow (patisson)	

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0232990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0233000	(c) Cucurbits-inedible peel				
0233010		Melons	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	Kiwano	
0233020		Pumpkins	<i>Cucurbita maxima</i>	Winter squash	
0233030		Watermelons	<i>Citrullus lanatus</i>		
0233990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0234000	(d) Sweet corn		<i>Zea mays</i> var. <i>saccharata</i>		Kernels plus cob without husks
0239000	(e) Other fruiting vegetables				
0240000	(iv) Brassica vegetables				
0241000	(a) Flowering brassica				Curd only
0241010		Broccoli	<i>Brassica oleracea</i> var. <i>italica</i>	Calabrese, Chinese broccoli, Broccoli raab	
0241020		Cauliflower	<i>Brassica oleracea</i> var. <i>botrytis</i>		
0241990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0242000	(b) Head brassica				Whole plant after removal of roots and decayed leaves
0242010		Brussels sprouts	<i>Brassica oleracea</i> var. <i>gemmifera</i>		Only cabbage buttons
0242020		Head cabbage	<i>Brassica oleracea</i> convar. <i>capitata</i>	Pointed head cabbage, red cabbage, savoy cabbage, white cabbage	
0242990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0243000	(c) Leafy brassica				Whole plant after removal of roots and decayed leaves

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0243010		Chinese cabbage	<i>Brassica pekinensis</i>	Indian (Chinese) mustard, pak choi, Chinese flat cabbage (tai goo choi), peking cabbage (pe-tsai), cow cabbage	
0243020		Kale	<i>Brassica oleracea</i> convar. <i>Acephalea</i>	Borecole (curly kale), collards	
0243990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0244000	(d) Kohlrabi		<i>Brassica oleracea</i> convar. <i>acephala</i> , var. <i>gongylodes</i>		Whole product after removal of roots, tops and adhering soil (if any)
0250000	(v) Leaf vegetables and fresh herbs				Whole product after removal of roots and decayed outer leaves and soil (if any)
0251000	(a) Lettuce and other salad plants including Brassicacea				
0251010		Lamb's lettuce	<i>Valerianella locusta</i>	Italian cornsalad	
0251020		Lettuce	<i>Lactuca sativa</i>	Head lettuce, lollo rosso (cutting lettuce), iceberg lettuce, romaine (cos) lettuce	
0251030		Scarole (broad-leaf endive)	<i>Cichorium endiva</i>	Wild chicory, red-leaved chicory, radicchio, curld leave endive, sugar loaf	
0251040		Cress ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Lepidium sativum</i>		
0251050		Land cress ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Barbarea verna</i>		
0251060		Rocket, Rucola ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Eruca sativa</i> (<i>Diplotaxis</i> spec.)	Wild rocket	
0251070		Red mustard ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Brassica juncea</i> var. <i>rugosa</i>		

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0251080		Leaves and sprouts of <i>Brassica</i> spp ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Brassica</i> spp.	Mizuna	
0251990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0252000	(b) Spinach and similar (leaves)				
0252010		Spinach	<i>Spinacia oleracea</i>	New Zealand spinach, turnip greens (turnip tops)	
0252020		Purslane ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>	Winter purslane (miner's lettuce), garden purslane, common purslane, sorrel, glasswort	
0252030		Beet leaves (chard)	<i>Beta vulgaris</i>	Leaves of beetroot	
0252990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0253000	(c) Vine leaves (grape leaves) ⁽⁴⁾		<i>Vitis euveitidis</i>		
0254000	(d) Water cress		<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>		
0255000	(e) Witloof		<i>Cichorium intybus</i> var. <i>foliosum</i>		
0256000	(f) Herbs				
0256010		Chervil	<i>Anthriscus cerefolium</i>		
0256020		Chives	<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i>		
0256030		Celery leaves	<i>Apium graveolens</i> var. <i>seccalinum</i>	Fennel leaves, Coriander leaves, dill leaves, Caraway leaves, lovage, angelica, sweet cicely and other Apiacea	
0256040		Parsley	<i>Petroselinum crispum</i>		
0256050		Sage ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Salvia officinalis</i>	Winter savory, summer savory	
0256060		Rosemary ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i>		

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0256070		Thyme ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Thymus</i> spp.	Marjoram, oregano	
0256080		Basil ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Ocimum basilicum</i>	Balm leaves, mint, peppermint	
0256090		Bay leaves ⁽⁴⁾ (laurel)	<i>Laurus nobilis</i>		
0256100		Tarragon ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Artemisia dracunculus</i>	Hyssop	
0256990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0260000	(vi) Legume vegetables (fresh)				Whole product
0260010		Beans (with pods)	<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i>	Green bean (french beans, snap beans), scarlet runner bean, slicing bean, yardlong beans	
0260020		Beans (without pods)	<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i>	Broad beans, Flageolets, jack bean, lima bean, cowpea	
0260030		Peas (with pods)	<i>Pisum sativum</i>	Mangetout (sugar peas)	
0260040		Peas (without pods)	<i>Pisum sativum</i>	Garden pea, green pea, chickpea	
0260050		Lentils ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Lens culinaris</i> syn. <i>L. esculenta</i>		
0260990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0270000	(vii) Stem vegetables (fresh)				Whole product after removal of decayed tissue, soil and roots
0270010		Asparagus	<i>Asparagus officinalis</i>		
0270020		Cardoons	<i>Cynara cardunculus</i>		
0270030		Celery	<i>Apium graveolens</i> var. <i>dulce</i>		
0270040		Fennel	<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>		

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0270050		Globe artichokes	<i>Cynara scolymus</i>		Whole flowerhead including receptacle
0270060		Leek	<i>Allium porrum</i>		
0270070		Rhubarb	<i>Rheum × hybridum</i>		Stalks after removal of roots and leaves
0270080		Bamboo shoots ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Bambusa vulgaris</i>		
0270090		Palm hearts ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Euterpa oleracea</i> , <i>Cocos nucifera</i> , <i>Bactris gasipaes</i> , <i>daemonorops schmidtiana</i>		
0270990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0280000	(viii) Fungi ⁽⁴⁾				Whole product after removal of soil or growing medium
0280010		Cultivated		Common mushroom, Oyster mushroom, Shi-take	
0280020		Wild		Chanterelle, Truffle, Morel, Cep	
0280990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0290000	(ix) Sea weeds ⁽⁴⁾				Whole product after removal of decayed leaves
0300000	3. PULSES, DRY				Whole product
0300010		Beans	<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i>	Broad beans, navy beans, flageolets, jack beans, lima beans, field beans, cowpeas	
0300020		Lentils	<i>Lens culinaris</i> syn. <i>L. esculenta</i>		
0300030		Peas	<i>Pisum sativum</i>	Chickpeas, field peas, chickling vetch	

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0300040		Lupins ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Lupinus</i> spp.		
0300990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0400000	4. OILSEEDS AND OILFRUITS				Whole product after removal of shell, stone and husk when possible
0401000	(i) Oilseeds				
0401010		Linseed	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i>		
0401020		Peanuts	<i>Arachis hypogaea</i>		
0401030		Poppy seed	<i>Papaver somniferum</i>		
0401040		Sesame seed	<i>Sesamum indicum</i> syn. <i>S. orientale</i>		
0401050		Sunflower seed	<i>Helianthus annuus</i>		
0401060		Rape seed	<i>Brassica napus</i>	Bird rapeseed, turnip rape	
0401070		Soya bean	<i>Glycine max</i>		
0401080		Mustard seed	<i>Brassica nigra</i>		
0401090		Cotton seed	<i>Gossypium</i> spp.		
0401100		Pumpkin seeds ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Cucurbita pepo</i> var. <i>oleifera</i>		
0401110		Safflower ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Carthamus tinctorius</i>		
0401120		Borage ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Borago officinalis</i>		
0401130		Gold of pleasure ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Camelina sativa</i>		
0401140		Hempseed ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Cannabis sativa</i>		
0401150		Castor bean	<i>Ricinus communis</i>		
0401990		Others ⁽³⁾			

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0402000	(ii) Oilfruits				
0402010		Olives for oil production ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Olea europaea</i>		Whole fruit after removal of stems (if any) after removal of soil (if any)
0402020		Palm nuts (palmoil kernels) ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Elaeis guineensis</i>		
0402030		Palmfruit ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Elaeis guineensis</i>		
0402040		Kapok ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Ceiba pentandra</i>		
0402990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0500000	5. CEREALS				Whole product
0500010		Barley	<i>Hordeum</i> spp.		
0500020		Buckwheat	<i>Fagopyrum esculentum</i>		
0500030		Maize	<i>Zea mays</i>		
0500040		Millet ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Panicum</i> spp.	Foxtail millet, teff	
0500050		Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>		
0500060		Rice	<i>Oryza sativa</i>		
0500070		Rye	<i>Secale cereale</i>		
0500080		Sorghum ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>		
0500090		Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	Spelt Triticale	
0500990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0600000	6. TEA, COFFEE, HERBAL INFUSIONS AND COCOA				
0610000	(i) Tea (dried leaves and stalks, fermented or otherwise of <i>Camellia sinensis</i>)		<i>Camellia sinensis</i>		Whole product
0620000	(ii) Coffee beans ⁽⁴⁾				Beans only

Code number (1)	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name (2)	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0630000	(iii) Herbal infusions (4) (dried)				
0631000	(a) Flowers				Whole flowers after removal of stalks and decayed leaves
0631010		Camomille flowers	<i>Matricaria recutita</i>		
0631020		Hybiscus flowers	<i>Hibiscus sabdariffa</i>		
0631030		Rose petals	<i>Rosa spec.</i>		
0631040		Jasmine flowers	<i>Jasminum officinale</i>		
0631050		Lime (linden)	<i>Tillia cordata</i>		
0631990		Others (3)			
0632000	(b) Leaves				Whole product after removal of roots and decayed leaves
0632010		Strawberry leaves	<i>Fragaria × ananassa</i>		
0632020		Rooibos leaves	<i>Aspalathus spp.</i>		
0632030		Maté	<i>Ilex paraguariensis</i>		
0632990		Others (3)			
0633000	(c) Roots				Whole product after removal of tops and adhering soil by rinsing or brushing
0633010		Valerian root	<i>Valeriana officinalis</i>		
0633020		Ginseng root	<i>Panax ginseng</i>		
0633990		Others (3)			
0639000	(d) Other herbal infusions				

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0640000	(iv) Cocoa ⁽⁴⁾ (fermented beans)		<i>Theobroma cacao</i>		Beans after removal of shells
0650000	(v) Carob ⁽⁴⁾ (St Johns bread)		<i>Ceratonia siliqua</i>		Whole product after removal of stems or the crown
0700000	7. HOPS (dried), including hop pellets and unconcentrated powder		<i>Humulus lupulus</i>		Whole product
0800000	8. SPICES ⁽⁴⁾				Whole product
0810000	(i) Seeds				
0810010		Anise	<i>Pimpinella anisum</i>		
0810020		Black caraway	<i>Nigella sativa</i>		
0810030		Celery seed	<i>Apium graveolens</i>	Lovage seed	
0810040		Coriander seed	<i>Coriandrum sativum</i>		
0810050		Cumin seed	<i>Cuminum cyminum</i>		
0810060		Dill seed	<i>Anethum graveolens</i>		
0810070		Fennel seed	<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>		
0810080		Fenugreek	<i>Trigonella foenumgraecum</i>		
0810090		Nutmeg	<i>Myristica fragans</i>		
0810990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0820000	(ii) Fruits and berries				
0820010		Allspice	<i>Pimenta dioica</i>		
0820020		Anise pepper (Japan pepper)	<i>Zanthoxyllum piperitum</i>		
0820030		Caraway	<i>Carum carvi</i>		
0820040		Cardamom	<i>Elettaria cardamomum</i>		

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0820050		Juniper berries	<i>Juniperus communis</i>		
0820060		Pepper, black and white	<i>Piper nigrum</i>	Long pepper, pink pepper	
0820070		Vanilla pods	<i>Vanilla fragrans</i> syn. <i>Vanilla planifolia</i>		
0820080		Tamarind	<i>Tamarindus indica</i>		
0820990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0830000	(iii) Bark				
0830010		Cinnamon	<i>Cinnamomum verum</i> syn. <i>C. zeylanicum</i>	Cassia	
0830990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0840000	(iv) Roots or rhizome				
0840010		Liquorice	<i>Glycyrrhiza glabra</i>		
0840020		Ginger	<i>Zingiber officinale</i>		
0840030		Turmeric (Curcuma)	<i>Curcuma domestica</i> syn. <i>C. longa</i>		
0840040		Horseradish	<i>Armoracia rusticana</i>		
0840990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0850000	(v) Buds				
0850010		Cloves	<i>Syzygium aromaticum</i>		
0850020		Capers	<i>Capparis spinosa</i>		
0850990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0860000	(vi) Flower stigma				
0860010		Saffron	<i>Crocus sativus</i>		
0860990		Others ⁽³⁾			

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
0870000	(vii) Aril				
0870010		Mace	<i>Myristica fragrans</i>		
0870990		Others ⁽³⁾			
0900000	9. SUGAR PLANTS ⁽⁴⁾				
0900010		Sugar beet (root)	<i>Beta vulgaris</i>		Whole product after removal of tops and adhering soil by rinsing or brushing
0900020		Sugar cane	<i>Saccharum officinarum</i>		Whole product after removal of decayed tissue, soil and roots
0900030		Chicory ⁽⁴⁾ roots	<i>Cichorium intybus</i>		Whole product after removal of tops and adhering soil by rinsing or brushing
0900990		Others ⁽³⁾			
1000000	10. PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN-TERRESTRIAL ANIMALS				
1010000	(i) Meat, preparations of meat, offals, blood, animal fats; fresh, chilled or frozen, salted, in brine, dried or smoked or processed as flours or meals; other processed products such as sausages and food preparations based on these				Whole product or the fat fraction only ⁽⁵⁾
1011000	(a) Swine		<i>Sus scrofa</i>		
1011010		Meat			
1011020		Fat free of lean meat			
1011030		Liver			
1011040		Kidney			

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
1011050		Edible offal			
1011990		Others ⁽³⁾			
1012000	(b) Bovine		<i>Bos spec.</i>		
1012010		Meat			
1012020		Fat			
1012030		Liver			
1012040		Kidney			
1012050		Edible offal			
1012990		Others ⁽³⁾			
1013000	(c) Sheep		<i>Ovis aries</i>		
1013010		Meat			
1013020		Fat			
1013030		Liver			
1013040		Kidney			
1013050		Edible offal			
1013990		Others ⁽³⁾			
1014000	(d) Goat		<i>Capra hircus</i>		
1014010		Meat			
1014020		Fat			
1014030		Liver			
1014040		Kidney			
1014050		Edible offal			

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
1014990		Others ⁽³⁾			
1015000	(e) Horses, asses, mules or hinnies		<i>Equus spec.</i>		
1015010		Meat			
1015020		Fat			
1015030		Liver			
1015040		Kidney			
1015050		Edible offal			
1015990		Others ⁽³⁾			
1016000	(f) Poultry — chicken, geese, duck, turkey and Guinea fowl — ostrich, pigeon		<i>Gallus gallus, Anser anser, Anas platyrhynchos, Meleagris gallopavo, Numida meleagris, Coturnix coturnix, Struthio camelus, Columba sp.</i>		
1016010		Meat			
1016020		Fat			
1016030		Liver			
1016040		Kidney			
1016050		Edible offal			
1016990		Others ⁽³⁾			
1017000	(g) Other farm animals			Rabbit, Kangaroo	
1017010		Meat			
1017020		Fat			
1017030		Liver			
1017040		Kidney			

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
1017050		Edible offal			
1017990		Others ⁽³⁾			
1020000	(ii) Milk and cream, not concentrated, nor containing added sugar or sweetening matter, butter and other fats derived from milk, cheese and curd				Whole product or the fat fraction only ⁽⁶⁾
1020010		Cattle			
1020020		Sheep			
1020030		Goat			
1020040		Horse			
1020990		Others ⁽³⁾			
1030000	(iii) Birds' eggs, fresh preserved or cooked; Shelled eggs and egg yolks fresh, dried, cooked by steaming or boiling in water, moulded, frozen or otherwise preserved whether or not containing added sugar or sweetening matter				Whole product or the fat fraction only ⁽⁷⁾
1030010		Chicken			
1030020		Duck			
1030030		Goose			
1030040		Quail			
1030990		Others ⁽³⁾			
1040000	(iv) Honey		<i>Apis mellifera</i> , <i>Melipona</i> spec.	Royal jelly, pollen	
1050000	(v) Amphibians and reptiles		<i>Rana</i> spec. <i>Crocodilia</i> spec.	Frog legs, crocodiles	
1060000	(vi) Snails		<i>Helix</i> spec.		

Code number ⁽¹⁾	Groups to which the MRLs apply	Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply	Scientific Name ⁽²⁾	Examples of related varieties or other products included in the definition to which the same MRL applies	Parts of the products to which the MRLs apply
1070000	(vii) Other terrestrial animal products				
1100000	11. FISH, FISH PRODUCTS, SHELL FISH, MOLLUSCS AND OTHER MARINE AND FRESHWATER FOOD PRODUCTS ⁽⁸⁾				
1200000	12. CROPS EXCLUSIVELY USED FOR ANIMAL FEED ⁽⁸⁾				

⁽¹⁾ The code number is introduced by this Annex and is intended to set a classification under this and other related Annexes of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005.

⁽²⁾ The scientific name of the items listed in the column "Examples of individual products within the groups to which the MRLs apply", where possible and relevant, is mentioned. As much as possible the International System of Nomenclature is followed.

⁽³⁾ The word "others" covers anything not explicitly mentioned under the rest of the codes within "Groups to which the MRLs apply".

⁽⁴⁾ MRLs in Annex II and III for the product apply only for the product when used for human consumption. For parts of the product used exclusively as ingredients for animal feed, separate MRLs will be applicable.

⁽⁵⁾ Where the pesticide and/or metabolites (included in the residue definition) is/are water soluble ($\log P_{ow}$ less than 3) the MRL is expressed as mg/kg of meat (including fat), preparations of meat, offal and animal fats. Where the pesticide and/or metabolite (included in the residue definition) is/are fat soluble ($\log P_{ow}$ greater than or equal to 3) the MRL is expressed as mg/kg of fat contained in the meat, preparations of meat, offal and animal fats. In the case of foodstuffs with a fat content of 10 % or less by weight, the residue is related to the total weight of the boned foodstuff. In such cases, the maximum level is one-tenth of the value related to fat content, but must be no less than 0,01 mg/kg. The latter does not apply for cow's milk and whole cream cow's milk. It applies neither for the other products when the MRL is set at the LOD.

⁽⁶⁾ Where the pesticide and/or metabolites (included in the residue definition) is/are water soluble ($\log P_{ow}$ less than 3) the MRL is expressed as mg/kg of milk and milk products. Where the pesticide and/or metabolite (included in the residue definition) is/are fat soluble ($\log P_{ow}$ greater than or equal to 3) the MRL is expressed as mg/kg of cow's milk and whole cream cow's milk. In determining the residues in raw cow's milk and whole cream cow's milk, a fat content of 4 % by weight should be taken as a basis. For raw milk and whole cream milk of another animal origin the residues are expressed on the basis of the fat. For the other foodstuffs listed with a fat content of less than 2 % by weight, the maximum level is taken as half that set for raw milk and whole cream milk, with a fat content of 2 % or more by weight, the maximum level is expressed in mg/kg of fat. In such cases, the maximum level is 25 times that set for raw milk and whole cream milk. The latter does not apply when the MRL is set at the LOD.

⁽⁷⁾ Where the pesticide and/or metabolites (included in the residue definition) is/are water soluble ($\log P_{ow}$ less than 3) the MRL is expressed as mg/kg of shelled fresh eggs, for bird's eggs and egg yolks; Where the pesticide/or metabolite (included in the residue definition) is/are fat soluble ($\log P_{ow}$ greater than or equal to 3) the MRL is also expressed as mg/kg of shelled fresh eggs, for bird's eggs and egg yolks. However, for eggs and egg products with a fat content higher than 10 %, the maximum level is expressed in mg/kg fat. In this case, the maximum level is 10 times higher than the maximum level for fresh eggs. The latter does not apply when the MRL is set at the LOD.

⁽⁸⁾ MRLs not applicable until the individual products are identified and listed.'

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 179/2006**of 1 February 2006****introducing a system of import licences for apples imported from third countries**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Article 1

1. The release into free circulation of apples falling within CN code 0808 10 80 shall be subject to the presentation of an import licence.

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2200/96 of 28 October 1996 on the common organisation of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 31(2) thereof,

2. Regulation (EC) No 1291/2000 shall apply to import licences issued under this Regulation.

Whereas:

Article 2

(1) Apple producers in the Community have recently found themselves in a difficult situation, due, among other things, to a significant increase in imports of apples from certain third countries of the Southern hemisphere.

1. Importers may submit import licence applications to the competent authorities of any Member State.

(2) The monitoring of the import of apples should therefore be improved. The appropriate instrument for achieving that objective is a mechanism based on issuing import licences subject to the provision of a security to ensure that the operations for which an import licence has been applied for are actually performed.

They shall enter the country of origin in box 8 of licence applications and mark the word 'yes' with a cross.

(3) Commission Regulations (EC) No 1291/2000 of 9 June 2000 laying down common detailed rules for the application of the system of import and export licences and advance fixing certificates for agricultural products⁽²⁾ and (EEC) No 2220/85 of 22 July 1985 laying down common detailed rules for the application of the system of securities for agricultural products⁽³⁾ should apply.

2. Importers shall lodge with their application a security in accordance with Title III of Regulation (EEC) No 2220/85 guaranteeing compliance with the commitment to import during the term of validity of the import licence. The security shall be EUR 15 per tonne.

Except in cases of *force majeure*, the security shall be forfeited in whole or in part if the import is not carried out, or is carried out only partially, within the period of validity of the import licence.

(4) The Management Committee for fresh Fruit and Vegetables has not delivered an opinion within the time-limit set by its chairman,

Article 3

1. Import licences shall be issued without delay to any applicant, irrespective of their place of establishment in the Community.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 297, 21.11.1996, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 47/2003 (OJ L 7, 11.1.2003, p. 64).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 152, 24.6.2000, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1856/2005 (OJ L 297, 15.11.2005, p. 7).

⁽³⁾ OJ L 205, 3.8.1985, p. 5. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 673/2004 (OJ L 105, 14.4.2004, p. 17).

The country of origin shall be entered in box 8 of the import licence and the word 'yes' shall be marked with a cross.

2. Import licences shall be valid for three months.

These quantities shall be reported via the electronic system indicated by the Commission.

Import licences shall be valid only for imports originating in the country indicated.

Article 4

Member States shall report to the Commission, no later than 12 noon (Brussels time) on Wednesday each week, the quantities of apples for which import licences have been issued during the previous week, broken down by third country of origin.

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 1 February 2006.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2006.

For the Commission
Mariann FISCHER BOEL
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 180/2006**of 1 February 2006****setting delivery obligations for cane sugar to be imported under the ACP Protocol and the Agreement with India for the 2005/06 delivery period and derogating from Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1260/2001 of 19 June 2001 on the common organisation of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 39(6) thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 of 30 June 2003 laying down detailed rules of application for the 2003/04, 2004/05 and 2005/06 marketing years for the import of cane sugar under certain tariff quotas and preferential agreements and amending Regulations (EC) No 1464/95 and (EC) No 779/96 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 lays down detailed rules for setting delivery obligations at zero duty for products falling within CN code 1701, expressed in white-sugar equivalent, for imports originating in the countries that are signatories to the ACP Protocol and to the Agreement with India.
- (2) Application of Articles 3 and 7 of the ACP Protocol, Articles 3 and 7 of the Agreement with India and Article 9(3) and Articles 11 and 12 of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 has resulted in the Commission setting delivery obligations for each exporting country for the 2005/06 delivery period, on the basis of the information currently available.
- (3) Article 12(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 provides that paragraph 1 of that Article does not apply where the difference between the quantity of delivery obligations and the total quantity of ACP-India preferential sugar counted is 5 % or less than the delivery obligations. In the case of Côte d'Ivoire, India and Madagascar, the quan-

tities delivered are 6,7 %, 7,6 % and 6,7 % respectively below the delivery obligations. Given that the quantities concerned are minimal and the impact on the Community sugar market and the supply of raw sugar to Community refineries for that delivery period was negligible, Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 should not be applied to India, Côte d'Ivoire or Madagascar and the quantities not delivered should be added to the delivery obligations for those countries for the 2005/06 delivery period, in accordance with Article 12(4) of that Regulation.

- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Article 12(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 notwithstanding, paragraph 1 of that Article shall not apply as regards the quantities registered as not delivered for the 2004/05 delivery period in the case of Côte d'Ivoire, India and Madagascar.

The quantities not delivered referred to in paragraph 1 shall be added to the delivery obligations referred to in Article 2.

Article 2

The delivery obligations for imports originating in the countries that are signatories to the ACP Protocol and to the Agreement with India in respect of products falling within CN code 1701, expressed in white-sugar equivalent, in the 2005/06 delivery period for each exporting country concerned, shall be as set out in the Annex.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 178, 30.6.2001, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 39/2004 (OJ L 6, 10.1.2004, p. 16).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 162, 1.7.2003, p. 25. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 568/2005 (OJ L 97, 15.4.2005, p. 9).

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2006.

For the Commission
Mariann FISCHER BOEL
Member of the Commission

ANNEX

Delivery obligations for imports of preferential sugar originating in countries which are signatories to the ACP Protocol and to the Agreement with India for the 2005/06 delivery period, expressed in white-sugar equivalent.

ACP Protocol/Agreement with India signatory country	Delivery obligations 2005/06
Barbados	32 638,29
Belize	40 306,70
Congo	10 225,97
Côte d'Ivoire	10 772,81
Fiji	165 305,43
Guyana	159 259,91
India	10 781,10
Jamaica	118 851,82
Kenya	5 050,48
Madagascar	14 217,02
Malawi	20 993,62
Mauritius	493 856,36
Mozambique	6 018,62
Saint Kitts and Nevis	15 689,30
Suriname	0,00
Swaziland	116 631,85
Tanzania	10 298,66
Trinidad and Tobago	47 717,60
Uganda	0,00
Zambia	7 086,65
Zimbabwe	30 262,59
Total	1 315 964,78

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 181/2006

of 1 February 2006

implementing Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 as regards organic fertilisers and soil improvers other than manure and amending that Regulation

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 October 2002 laying down health rules concerning animal by-products not intended for human consumption ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Articles 20(2), 22(2) and 32(2) thereof,

Whereas:

(1) Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 prohibits the application to pasture land of organic fertilisers and soil improvers other than manure. This prohibition is in line with the current EU feed ban, and is intended to prevent possible contamination risks from pasture land where Category 2 material and Category 3 material could be present. Such risks may be due to direct grazing or use of grass as silage or hay by farmed animals. That Regulation provides that measures for implementing the prohibition, including control measures, are to be adopted after consultation of the appropriate scientific committee.

(2) Various scientific committees have issued a number of scientific opinions that are relevant to the application to land of organic fertilisers and soil improvers. These include first, the opinion of 24 and 25 September 1998 of the Scientific Steering Committee on the safety of organic fertilisers derived from mammalian animals, second, the opinion of 24 April 2001 of the Scientific Committee on Toxicity, Ecotoxicity and the Environment on the evaluation of sludge treatments for pathogen reduction, third, the opinion of 10 and 11 May 2001 of the Scientific Steering Committee on the safety of organic fertilisers derived from ruminant materials and fourth, the opinion of 3 March 2004 of the Scientific Panel on Biological Hazards of the European Food Standards Authority on the safety vis-à-vis biological risk including TSEs of the application on pastureland of organic fertilisers and soil improvers.

(3) Those scientific opinions recommend that animal tissues that are likely to contain TSE agents should not be incorporated in organic fertilisers and soil improvers for use on land to which cattle may have access. Other materials may be used in the manufacture of organic fertilisers and soil improvers under certain health conditions involving heating and safe sourcing that further reduce any potential risks.

(4) In the light of those scientific opinions, implementing rules, including control measures, should be laid down for the application to land of organic fertilisers and soil improvers, as well as digestion residues and compost.

(5) The implementing measures provided for in this Regulation should be without prejudice to transitional measures currently applicable pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002.

(6) It should be possible to place on the market and export organic fertilisers and soil improvers provided the conditions set out in this Regulation are complied with.

(7) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1***Subject matter and scope**

1. This Regulation shall be without prejudice to transitional measures adopted in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002.

2. The Member States may apply stricter national rules than those provided for in this Regulation as regards the way organic fertilisers and soil improvers are used on their territory where such rules are justified on animal or public health grounds.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 273, 10.10.2002, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 416/2005 (OJ L 66, 12.3.2005, p. 10).

*Article 2***Amendment**

In Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002, point 39 is replaced by the following:

- '39. "pasture land" means land covered with grass or other herbage grazed by or used as feedingstuffs for farmed animals, excluding land to which organic fertilisers and soil improvers have been applied in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 181/2006 (*);

(*) OJ L 29, 2.2.2006, p. 31'.

*Article 3***Requirements for organic fertilisers and soil improvers**

Organic fertilisers and soil improvers shall be produced solely from Category 2 and Category 3 material.

*Article 4***Pathogen control and packaging and labelling**

Organic fertilisers and soil improvers shall comply with the requirements regarding pathogen control and packaging and labelling set out in parts I and II of the Annex.

*Article 5***Transport**

Organic fertilisers and soil improvers shall be transported in accordance with the requirements set out in part III of the Annex.

*Article 6***Use and special grazing restrictions**

1. The special grazing restrictions set out in part IV of the Annex shall apply where organic fertilisers and soil improvers are applied to land.

2. Processed products derived from the processing of animal by-products in a processing plant in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 shall not be applied as such directly to land where farmed animals might have access.

*Article 7***Records**

The person responsible for land to which organic fertilisers and soil improvers are applied and to which farmed animals have access shall keep records for at least two years of:

- (a) the quantities of organic fertilisers and soil improvers applied;
- (b) the date on which and the places where organic fertilisers and soil improvers were applied to land;
- (c) the dates on which livestock is allowed to graze the land or on which the land is cropped for feedingstuffs.

*Article 8***Placing on the market, export and transit**

The placing on the market, export and transit of organic fertilisers and soil improvers shall be subject to compliance with the requirements set out in parts I and II of the Annex.

*Article 9***Control measures**

1. The competent authority shall take the necessary measures to ensure compliance with this Regulation.
2. The competent authority shall carry out controls at regular intervals on land where organic fertilisers and soil improvers are applied and to which farmed animals may have access.
3. If controls carried out by the competent authority show that this Regulation is not complied with, the competent authority shall take appropriate action.

*Article 10***Entry into force**

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 1 April 2006.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2006.

For the Commission
Markos KYPRIANOU
Member of the Commission

ANNEX

REQUIREMENTS FOR ORGANIC FERTILISERS AND SOIL IMPROVERS TO BE APPLIED TO LAND**I. Pathogen control**

Producers of organic fertilisers and soil improvers must ensure that decontamination of pathogens is carried out prior to their application to land, in accordance with:

- Chapter I(D)(10) of Annex VII to Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 in the case of processed animal protein or processed products derived from Category 2 material;
- Chapter II of Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 in the case of compost and biogas residues.

II. Packaging and labelling

1. After processing and/or transformation in accordance with Article 5(2) or 6(2), as the case may be, of Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002, organic fertilisers and soil improvers shall be properly stored and transported packaged.
2. The packaging shall be clearly and legibly labelled with the name and address of the manufacturing plant and shall bear the words 'organic fertilisers and soil improvers/farmed animals must not be allowed access to the land for at least 21 days following application to land'.

III. Transport

1. The competent authority may decide not to apply points II(1) and (2) to organic fertilisers and soil improvers that are transported and/or used in the same Member State or transported to and/or used in another Member State where there is a mutual agreement to that effect, provided that decision does not present a risk to animal or public health.
2. The commercial document accompanying organic fertilisers and soil improvers shall bear the words 'organic fertilisers and soil improvers/farmed animals must not be allowed access to the land for at least 21 days following application to land'.
3. A commercial document is not required if the organic fertilisers and soil improvers are supplied by retailers to final users other than business operators.

IV. Special grazing restrictions

1. The competent authority shall take all necessary measures to ensure that farmed animals do not have access to land to which organic fertilisers and soil improvers have been applied before 21 days have elapsed since the date of last application.
 2. Where over 21 days have elapsed since the date of last application of organic fertilisers and soil improvers, grazing may be allowed or the grass or other herbage may be cut for use in feedingstuffs, provided the competent authority does not consider that the practice presents a risk to animal or public health.
 3. The competent authority may lay down a longer period than specified in point 2 during which grazing is prohibited on animal or public health grounds.
 4. The competent authority shall ensure that codes of good agricultural practice are drafted and made available for use by those applying organic fertilisers and soil improvers to land, taking account of local circumstances.
-

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 182/2006**of 1 February 2006****on granting of import licences for cane sugar for the purposes of certain tariff quotas and preferential agreements**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1260/2001 of 19 June 2001 on the common organisation of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1095/96 of 18 June 1996 on the implementation of the concessions set out in Schedule CXL drawn up in the wake of the conclusion of the GATT XXIV.6 negotiations ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 of 30 June 2003 laying down detailed rules of application for the 2003/04, 2004/05 and 2005/06 marketing years for the import of cane sugar under certain tariff quotas and preferential agreements and amending Regulations (EC) No 1464/95 and (EC) No 779/96 ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 5(3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 stipulates how the delivery obligations at zero duty of products of CN code 1701, expressed in white sugar equivalent, are to be determined for imports originating in signatory countries to the ACP Protocol and the Agreement with India.
- (2) Article 16 of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 stipulates how the zero duty tariff quotas for products of CN code 1701 11 10, expressed in white sugar equivalent, are to be determined for imports originating in signatory countries to the ACP Protocol and the Agreement with India.

- (3) Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 opens tariff quotas at a duty of EUR 98 per tonne for products of CN code 1701 11 10 for imports originating in Brazil, Cuba and other third countries.
- (4) In the week of 23 to 27 January 2006 applications were presented to the competent authorities in line with Article 5(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 for import licences for a total quantity exceeding a country's delivery obligation quantity of ACP-India preferential sugar determined pursuant to Article 9 of that Regulation.
- (5) In the week 23 to 27 January 2006 applications were presented to the competent authorities in line with Article 5(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 for import licences for a total quantity exceeding the contingent stipulated in Article 16 of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 for special preferential sugar.
- (6) In these circumstances the Commission must set reduction coefficients to be used so that licences are issued for quantities scaled down in proportion to the total available and must indicate that the limit in question has been reached,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In the case of import licence applications presented from 23 to 27 January 2006 in line with Article 5(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003 licences shall be issued for the quantities indicated in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 2 February 2006.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 February 2006.

For the Commission

J. L. DEMARTY

*Director-General for Agriculture and
Rural Development*

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 178, 30.6.2001, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 987/2005 (OJ L 167, 29.6.2005, p. 12).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 146, 20.6.1996, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 162, 1.7.2003, p. 25. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 568/2005 (OJ L 97, 15.4.2005, p. 9).

ANNEX

ACP-INDIA preferential sugar
Title II of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003
2005/06 marketing year

Country	Week of 23.1.2006-27.1.2006: percentage of requested quantity to be granted	Limit
Barbados	100	
Belize	100	
Congo	0	reached
Fiji	100	
Guyana	100	
India	92,9965	reached
Côte d'Ivoire	100	
Jamaica	100	
Kenya	100	
Madagascar	100	
Malawi	100	
Mauritius	100	
Mozambique	0	reached
Saint Kitts and Nevis	100	
Swaziland	100	
Tanzania	0	reached
Trinidad and Tobago	100	
Zambia	100	
Zimbabwe	0	reached

Special preferential sugar
Title III of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003
2005/06 marketing year

Country	Week of 23.1.2006-27.1.2006: percentage of requested quantity to be granted	Limit
India	100	reached
ACP	0	reached

CXL concessions sugar
Title IV of Regulation (EC) No 1159/2003
2005/06 marketing year

Country	Week of 23.1.2006-27.1.2006: percentage of requested quantity to be granted	Limit
Brazil	0	reached
Cuba	100	
Other third countries	0	reached

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DECISION

of 23 January 2006

amending Decision 90/424/EEC on expenditure in the veterinary field

(2006/53/EC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 37 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee ⁽²⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) Avian influenza, previously called 'avian plague', is a very severe infection of birds that causes a very serious risk for animal health. The influenza virus of avian origin may, in certain conditions, also pose a risk for human health.
- (2) Council Decision 90/424/EEC of 26 June 1990 on expenditure in the veterinary field ⁽³⁾ provides for the possibility of a financial contribution from the Community to the Member States for the eradication of certain animal diseases. This Decision envisages the possibility of granting such contribution for the eradication of avian influenza caused by the so-called 'highly pathogenic' strains of virus.

(3) During recent avian influenza epidemics, outbreaks of disease caused by low pathogenic avian influenza viruses subsequently mutated into highly pathogenic viruses causing devastating consequences and risks for public health. Once mutation has occurred, the virus is extremely difficult to control. Council Directive 2005/94/EC of 20 December 2005 on Community measures for the control of avian influenza ⁽⁴⁾, establishes compulsory surveillance and control measures also in relation with the low pathogenic viruses, so that outbreaks of highly pathogenic avian influenza may be prevented.

(4) In the light of the adoption of Directive 2005/94/EC it is appropriate to modify Decision 90/424/EEC so that Community financial assistance may also be granted for those eradication measures carried out by the Member States to combat avian influenza virus strains of low pathogenicity that may mutate into highly pathogenic strains,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Decision 90/424/EEC is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 3 shall be amended as follows:

- (a) in paragraph 1, the sixth indent shall be deleted;
- (b) in paragraph 2, the first indent shall be replaced by the following:

— the slaughter of animals of susceptible species which are affected or contaminated or suspected of being affected or contaminated, and their destruction,;

⁽¹⁾ Opinion delivered on 1 December 2005 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽²⁾ Opinion delivered on 28 September 2005 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

⁽³⁾ OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 19. Decision as last amended by Directive 2003/99/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 31).

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 10, 14.1.2006, p. 16.

(c) paragraph 4 shall be replaced by the following:

‘4. If, in view of the development of the situation in the Community, it proves necessary to continue the measures provided for in paragraph 2 and Article 3a, a new decision concerning the financial contribution by the Community, which might exceed the figure of 50 % laid down in the first indent of paragraph 5, may be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 41. When this decision is adopted, any measures which the Member State concerned must take in order to ensure the success of the action may be laid down, and in particular measures other than those mentioned in paragraph 2.’;

2. the following Article shall be inserted:

‘Article 3a

1. This Article and Article 3(3) and (4) shall apply in the event of the occurrence of avian influenza in the territory of a Member State.

2. The Member State concerned shall obtain a financial contribution from the Community for the eradication of avian influenza if the minimum control measures provided for in Council Directive 2005/94/EC of 20 December 2005 on Community measures for the control of avian influenza (*) have been fully and efficiently implemented in compliance with relevant Community legislation and, in the case of killing of animals of susceptible species which are affected or contaminated or suspected of being affected or contaminated, livestock owners have been compensated swiftly and adequately.

3. The financial contribution by the Community, divided if necessary into several tranches, shall be:

— 50 % of the costs incurred by the Member State in compensating livestock owners for the killing of poultry or other captive birds;

— 50 % of the costs incurred by the Member State for, the destruction of animals, the destruction of animal products, the cleaning and disinfection of holdings and equipment, the destruction of the contaminated feeding-stuffs and for the destruction of contaminated equipment, where such equipment cannot be disinfected;

— where emergency vaccination is decided upon in accordance with Article 54 of Directive 2005/94/EC, 100 % of the cost of supply of the vaccine and 50 % of the costs incurred in carrying out that vaccination.

(*) OJ L 10, 14.1.2006, p. 16.’;

3. in Articles 6(1), 7(1) and 8(1) the reference ‘3a(1)’ shall be inserted after the reference ‘3(1)’.

4. in the Annex, the following indent shall be added to Group 1:

‘— avian influenza’.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 January 2006.

For the Council

The President

J. PRÖLL