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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1569/2000
of 19 July 2000
establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 of 21 December 1994 on detailed rules for the application of the import arrangements for fruit and vegetables ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1498/98 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in the Annex thereto.

- (2) In compliance with the above criteria, the standard import values must be fixed at the levels set out in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 3223/94 shall be fixed as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission
Franz FISCHLER
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 337, 24.12.1994, p. 66.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 198, 15.7.1998, p. 4.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 2000 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)

CN code	Third country code ⁽¹⁾	Standard import value
0709 90 70	052	62,1
	999	62,1
0805 30 10	388	61,6
	524	79,9
	528	62,1
	999	67,9
0808 10 20, 0808 10 50, 0808 10 90	388	81,9
	400	68,6
	508	96,4
	512	93,6
	528	87,5
	720	79,3
	800	203,0
	804	83,1
	999	99,2
	0808 20 50	388
512		87,4
528		69,7
720		128,2
804		107,7
0809 10 00	999	96,0
	052	189,7
	064	104,9
0809 20 95	066	86,9
	999	127,2
	052	303,7
	061	285,0
0809 40 05	400	214,2
	999	267,6
	064	60,8
	624	169,4
	999	115,1

⁽¹⁾ Country nomenclature as fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2543/1999 (OJ L 307, 2.12.1999, p. 46). Code '999' stands for 'of other origin'.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1570/2000
of 19 July 2000**

fixing the maximum export refund for white sugar for the 48th partial invitation to tender issued within the framework of the standing invitation to tender provided for in Regulation (EC) No 1489/1999

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 of 13 September 1999 on the common organisation of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 18(5) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1489/1999 of 7 July 1999 on a standing invitation to tender to determine levies and/or refunds on exports of white sugar ⁽²⁾, requires partial invitations to tender to be issued for the export of this sugar.
- (2) Pursuant to Article 9(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1489/1999 a maximum export refund shall be fixed, as the case may be, account being taken in particular of the state and foreseeable development of the Community

and world markets in sugar, for the partial invitation to tender in question.

- (3) Following an examination of the tenders submitted in response to the 48th partial invitation to tender, the provisions set out in Article 1 should be adopted.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 48th partial invitation to tender for white sugar issued pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1489/1999 the maximum amount of the export refund is fixed at 43,060 EUR/100 kg.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission
Franz FISCHLER
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 252, 25.9.1999, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 172, 8.7.1999, p. 27.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1571/2000**of 19 July 2000****fixing the representative prices and the additional import duties for molasses in the sugar sector**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 of 13 September 1999 on the common organisation of the market in sugar ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Commission Regulation 1527/2000 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1422/95 of 23 June 1995 laying down detailed rules of application for imports of molasses in the sugar sector and amending Regulation (EEC) No 785/68 ⁽³⁾, and in particular Articles 1(2) and 3(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 1422/95 stipulates that the cif import price for molasses, hereinafter referred to as the 'representative price', should be set in accordance with Commission Regulation (EEC) No 785/68 ⁽⁴⁾. That price should be fixed for the standard quality defined in Article 1 of the above Regulation.
- (2) The representative price for molasses is calculated at the frontier crossing point into the Community, in this case Amsterdam; that price must be based on the most favourable purchasing opportunities on the world market established on the basis of the quotations or prices on that market adjusted for any deviations from the standard quality. The standard quality for molasses is defined in Regulation (EEC) No 785/68.
- (3) When the most favourable purchasing opportunities on the world market are being established, account must be taken of all available information on offers on the world market, on the prices recorded on important third-country markets and on sales concluded in international trade of which the Commission is aware, either directly or through the Member States. Under Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 785/68, the Commission may for this purpose take an average of several prices as a basis, provided that this average is representative of actual market trends.
- (4) The information must be disregarded if the goods concerned are not of sound and fair marketable quality or if the price quoted in the offer relates only to a small

quantity that is not representative of the market. Offer prices which can be regarded as not representative of actual market trends must also be disregarded.

- (5) If information on molasses of the standard quality is to be comparable, prices must, depending on the quality of the molasses offered, be increased or reduced in the light of the results achieved by applying Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 785/68.
- (6) A representative price may be left unchanged by way of exception for a limited period if the offer price which served as a basis for the previous calculation of the representative price is not available to the Commission and if the offer prices which are available and which appear not to be sufficiently representative of actual market trends would entail sudden and considerable changes in the representative price.
- (7) Where there is a difference between the trigger price for the product in question and the representative price, additional import duties should be fixed under the conditions set out in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 1422/95. Should the import duties be suspended pursuant to Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1422/95, specific amounts for these duties should be fixed.
- (8) Application of these provisions will have the effect of fixing the representative prices and the additional import duties for the products in question as set out in the Annex to this Regulation.
- (9) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The representative prices and the additional duties applying to imports of the products referred to in Article 1 of Regulation (EC) No 1422/95 are fixed in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 252, 25.9.1999, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 175, 14.7.2000, p. 59.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 141, 24.6.1995, p. 12.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 145, 27.6.1968, p. 12.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission
 Franz FISCHLER
 Member of the Commission

ANNEX

fixing the representative prices and additional import duties to imports of molasses in the sugar sector

(in EUR)

CN code	Amount of the representative price in 100 kg net of the product in question	Amount of the additional duty in 100 kg net of the product in question	Amount of the duty to be applied to imports in 100 kg net of the product in question because of suspension as referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1422/95 ⁽²⁾
1703 10 00 ⁽¹⁾	8,45	—	0
1703 90 00 ⁽¹⁾	8,87	—	0

⁽¹⁾ For the standard quality as defined in Article 1 of amended Regulation (EEC) No 785/68.

⁽²⁾ This amount replaces, in accordance with Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1422/95, the rate of the Common Customs Tariff duty fixed for these products.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1572/2000**of 19 July 2000****fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in its unaltered state**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 of 13 September 1999 on the common organisation of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1527/2000 ⁽²⁾, and in particular point (a) of the second subparagraph of Article 18(5) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 18 of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1(1)(a) of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund.
- (2) Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 provides that when refunds on white and raw sugar, undenatured and exported in its unaltered state, are being fixed account must be taken of the situation on the Community and world markets in sugar and in particular of the price and cost factors set out in Article 19 of that Regulation; whereas the same Article provides that the economic aspect of the proposed exports should also be taken into account.
- (3) The refund on raw sugar must be fixed in respect of the standard quality; the latter is defined in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EC) No 431/68 of 9 April 1968 determining the standard quality for raw sugar and fixing the Community frontier crossing point for calculating cif prices for sugar ⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EC) No 3290/94 ⁽⁴⁾; furthermore, this refund should be fixed in accordance with Article 19(4) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999; candy sugar is defined in Commission Regulation (EC) No 2135/95 of 7 September 1995

laying down detailed rules of application for the grant of export refunds in the sugar sector ⁽⁵⁾; the refund thus calculated for sugar containing added flavouring or colouring matter must apply to their sucrose content and, accordingly, be fixed per 1 % of the said content.

- (4) The world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for sugar according to destination.
- (5) In special cases, the amount of the refund may be fixed by other legal instruments.
- (6) The refund must be fixed every two weeks; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period.
- (7) It follows from applying the rules set out above to the present situation on the market in sugar and in particular to quotations or prices for sugar within the Community and on the world market that the refund should be as set out in the Annex hereto.
- (8) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1(1)(a) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999, undenatured and exported in the natural state, are hereby fixed to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 252, 25.9.1999, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 175, 14.7.2000, p. 59.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 89, 10.4.1968, p. 3.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 349, 31.12.1994, p. 105.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 214, 8.9.1995, p. 16.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 2000 fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in its unaltered state

Product code	Amount of refund
	— EUR/100 kg —
1701 11 90 9100	35,06 ⁽¹⁾
1701 11 90 9910	33,02 ⁽¹⁾
1701 11 90 9950	⁽²⁾
1701 12 90 9100	35,06 ⁽¹⁾
1701 12 90 9910	33,02 ⁽¹⁾
1701 12 90 9950	⁽²⁾
	— EUR/1 % of sucrose × 100 kg —
1701 91 00 9000	0,3811
	— EUR/100 kg —
1701 99 10 9100	38,11
1701 99 10 9910	39,99
1701 99 10 9950	38,11
	— EUR/1 % of sucrose × 100 kg —
1701 99 90 9100	0,3811

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 %; if the yield is other than 92 %, the refund applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 19 (4) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999.

⁽²⁾ Fixing suspended by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2689/85 (OJ L 255, 26.9.1985, p. 12), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3251/85 (OJ L 309, 21.11.1985, p. 14).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1573/2000
of 18 July 2000
establishing unit values for the determination of the customs value of certain perishable goods

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92 of 12 October 1992 establishing the Community Customs Code ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 955/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 of 2 July 1993 laying down provisions for the implementation of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92 establishing the Community Customs Code ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1662/1999 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 173 (1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Articles 173 to 177 of Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 provide that the Commission shall periodically establish

unit values for the products referred to in the classification in Annex 26 to that Regulation.

- (2) The result of applying the rules and criteria laid down in the abovementioned Articles to the elements communicated to the Commission in accordance with Article 173 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 is that unit values set out in the Annex to this Regulation should be established in regard to the products in question,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The unit values provided for in Article 173 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93 are hereby established as set out in the table in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 21 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 July 2000.

For the Commission

Erkki LIIKANEN

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 302, 19.10.1992, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 119, 7.5.1999, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 253, 11.10.1993, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 197, 29.7.1999, p. 25.

ANNEX

Code	Description Species, varieties, CN code	Amount of unit values per 100 kg						
		a) b) c)	EUR FIM SEK	ATS FRF BEF/LUF	DEM IEP GBP	DKK ITL	GRD NLG	ESP PTE
1.10	New potatoes 0701 90 50	a) b) c)	33,69 200,33 281,29	463,63 221,01 1 359,18	65,90 26,54 20,98	251,34 65 239,13	11 342,14 74,25	5 606,08 6 754,88
1.30	Onions (other than seed) 0703 10 19	a) b) c)	24,80 147,43 207,01	341,20 162,65 1 000,28	48,50 19,53 15,44	184,97 48 012,14	8 347,14 54,64	4 125,74 4 971,19
1.40	Garlic 0703 20 00	a) b) c)	101,78 605,14 849,69	1 400,49 667,62 4 105,71	199,06 80,16 63,38	759,23 197 069,49	34 261,49 224,29	16 934,42 20 404,64
1.50	Leeks ex 0703 90 00	a) b) c)	45,99 273,44 383,95	632,84 301,67 1 855,23	89,95 36,22 28,64	343,07 89 049,06	15 481,61 101,35	7 652,09 9 220,17
1.60	Cauliflowers 0704 10 00	a) b) c)	55,28 328,68 461,51	760,67 362,61 2 229,99	108,12 43,54 34,42	412,37 107 037,01	18 608,91 121,82	9 197,82 11 082,64
1.70	Brussels sprouts 0704 20 00	a) b) c)	59,69 354,90 498,32	821,35 391,54 2 407,89	116,74 47,01 37,17	445,27 115 575,96	20 093,44 131,54	9 931,58 11 966,77
1.80	White cabbages and red cabbages 0704 90 10	a) b) c)	29,53 175,58 246,53	406,34 193,70 1 191,24	57,76 23,26 18,39	220,28 57 178,05	9 940,68 65,08	4 913,38 5 920,23
1.90	Sprouting broccoli or calabrese (<i>Brassica oleracea</i> <i>L. convar. botrytis (L.) Alef var. italica Plenck</i>) ex 0704 90 90	a) b) c)	74,29 441,71 620,21	1 022,25 487,31 2 996,85	145,30 58,51 46,26	554,18 143 845,50	25 008,24 163,71	12 360,82 14 893,81
1.100	Chinese cabbage ex 0704 90 90	a) b) c)	84,62 503,13 706,45	1 164,40 555,07 3 413,56	165,50 66,64 52,69	631,24 163 847,17	28 485,63 186,48	14 079,58 16 964,79
1.110	Cabbage lettuce (head lettuce) 0705 11 10	a) b) c)	152,67 907,73 1 274,57	2 100,79 1 001,45 6 158,69	298,60 120,24 95,07	1 138,87 295 610,34	51 393,30 336,44	25 402,15 30 607,59
1.120	Endives ex 0705 29 00	a) b) c)	21,82 129,74 182,16	300,25 143,13 880,22	42,68 17,18 13,59	162,77 42 249,41	7 345,27 48,08	3 630,54 4 374,52
1.130	Carrots ex 0706 10 00	a) b) c)	19,67 116,98 164,25	270,73 129,06 793,67	38,48 15,49 12,25	146,77 38 095,14	6 623,03 43,36	3 273,56 3 944,38
1.140	Radishes ex 0706 90 90	a) b) c)	129,01 767,06 1 077,04	1 775,22 846,25 5 204,25	252,32 101,60 80,33	962,38 249 798,19	43 428,64 284,30	21 465,46 25 864,18
1.160	Peas (<i>Pisum sativum</i>) 0708 10 00	a) b) c)	388,95 2 312,60 3 247,16	5 352,09 2 551,35 15 690,26	760,72 306,32 242,20	2 901,46 753 114,73	130 932,68 857,14	64 716,05 77 977,73

Code	Description Species, varieties, CN code	Amount of unit values per 100 kg						
		a) b) c)	EUR FIM SEK	ATS FRF BEF/LUF	DEM IEP GBP	DKK ITL	GRD NLG	ESP PTE
1.170	Beans:							
1.170.1	Beans (<i>Vigna</i> spp., <i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) ex 0708 20 00	a) b) c)	160,86 956,43 1 342,94	2 213,49 1 055,18 6 489,10	314,62 126,69 100,17	1 199,97 311 469,36	54 150,47 354,49	26 764,94 32 249,63
1.170.2	Beans (<i>Phaseolus</i> ssp., <i>vulgaris</i> var. <i>Compressus</i> Savi) ex 0708 20 00	a) b) c)	176,17 1 047,46 1 470,76	2 424,15 1 155,60 7 106,68	344,56 138,75 109,70	1 314,18 341 112,69	59 304,11 388,23	29 312,22 35 318,91
1.180	Broad beans ex 0708 90 00	a) b) c)	157,74 937,88 1 316,89	2 170,55 1 034,71 6 363,22	308,51 124,23 98,22	1 176,69 305 427,23	53 100,02 347,61	26 245,73 31 624,03
1.190	Globe artichokes 0709 10 00	a) b) c)	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
1.200	Asparagus:							
1.200.1	— green ex 0709 20 00	a) b) c)	525,72 3 125,81 4 389,00	7 234,11 3 448,52 21 207,61	1 028,22 414,04 327,37	3 921,74 1 017 941,67	176 974,13 1 158,54	87 472,95 105 398,00
1.200.2	— other ex 0709 20 00	a) b) c)	236,74 1 407,59 1 976,42	3 257,61 1 552,91 9 550,07	463,02 186,45 147,42	1 766,01 458 392,56	79 693,79 521,71	39 390,22 47 462,11
1.210	Aubergines (eggplants) 0709 30 00	a) b) c)	88,63 526,98 739,94	1 219,59 581,38 3 575,37	173,35 69,80 55,19	661,16 171 613,74	29 835,89 195,32	14 746,97 17 768,94
1.220	Ribbed celery (<i>Apium graveolens</i> L., var. <i>dulce</i> (Mill.) Pers.) ex 0709 40 00	a) b) c)	74,07 440,40 618,37	1 019,23 485,87 2 987,98	144,87 58,33 46,12	552,54 143 419,52	24 934,18 163,23	12 324,21 14 849,70
1.230	Chantarelles 0709 51 30	a) b) c)	1 307,19 7 772,22 10 913,11	17 987,39 8 574,63 52 732,09	2 556,65 1 029,50 813,99	9 751,28 2 531 081,30	440 040,85 2 880,68	217 498,85 262 068,95
1.240	Sweet peppers 0709 60 10	a) b) c)	110,81 658,84 925,08	1 524,75 726,85 4 469,99	216,72 87,27 69,00	826,60 214 554,40	37 301,33 244,19	18 436,92 22 215,03
1.250	Fennel 0709 90 50	a) b) c)	73,55 437,31 614,03	1 012,07 482,46 2 967,00	143,85 57,93 45,80	548,66 142 412,66	24 759,14 162,08	12 237,69 14 745,45
1.270	Sweet potatoes, whole, fresh (intended for human consumption) 0714 20 10	a) b) c)	60,08 357,21 501,57	826,70 394,09 2 423,56	117,50 47,32 37,41	448,17 116 328,39	20 224,26 132,40	9 996,24 12 044,68
2.10	Chestnuts (<i>Castanea</i> spp.), fresh ex 0802 40 00	a) b) c)	176,48 1 049,30 1 473,34	2 428,42 1 157,63 7 119,19	345,16 138,99 109,89	1 316,49 341 712,93	59 408,46 388,91	29 363,80 35 381,06
2.30	Pineapples, fresh ex 0804 30 00	a) b) c)	59,31 352,63 495,13	816,09 389,03 2 392,46	116,00 46,71 36,93	442,42 114 835,33	19 964,68 130,70	9 867,94 11 890,09

Code	Description Species, varieties, CN code	Amount of unit values per 100 kg						
		a) b) c)	EUR FIM SEK	ATS FRF BEF/LUF	DEM IEP GBP	DKK ITL	GRD NLG	ESP PTE
2.110	Water melons 0807 11 00	a) b) c)	27,85 165,61 232,54	383,28 182,71 1 123,63	54,48 21,94 17,34	207,78 53 932,86	9 376,49 61,38	4 634,52 5 584,23
2.120	Melons (other than water melons):							
2.120.1	— Amarillo, cuper, honey dew (including cantalene), onteniente, piel de sapo (including verde liso), rochet, tendral, futuro ex 0807 19 00	a) b) c)	100,32 596,48 837,52	1 380,43 658,06 4 046,90	196,21 79,01 62,47	748,36 194 246,61	33 770,72 221,08	16 691,84 20 112,35
2.120.2	— other ex 0807 19 00	a) b) c)	83,44 496,11 696,59	1 148,15 547,33 3 365,94	163,19 65,71 51,96	622,43 161 561,21	28 088,21 183,88	13 883,15 16 728,10
2.140	Pears							
2.140.1	Pears — nashi (<i>Pyrus pyrifolia</i>) ex 0808 20 50	a) b) c)	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
2.140.2	Other ex 0808 20 50	a) b) c)	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
2.150	Apricots 0809 10 00	a) b) c)	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
2.160	Cherries 0809 20 95 0809 20 05	a) b) c)	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
2.170	Peaches 0809 30 90	a) b) c)	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
2.180	Nectarines ex 0809 30 10	a) b) c)	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
2.190	Plums 0809 40 05	a) b) c)	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —	— — —
2.200	Strawberries 0810 10 00	a) b) c)	394,59 2 346,13 3 294,23	5 429,68 2 588,34 15 917,72	771,75 310,76 245,71	2 943,52 764 032,78	132 830,83 869,56	65 654,25 79 108,19
2.205	Raspberries 0810 20 10	a) b) c)	327,97 1 949,99 2 738,02	4 512,90 2 151,31 13 230,08	641,44 258,29 204,22	2 446,52 635 029,18	110 402,93 722,74	54 568,82 65 751,12
2.210	Fruit of the species <i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i> 0810 40 30	a) b) c)	1 822,37 10 835,32 15 214,06	25 076,36 11 953,96 73 514,22	3 564,25 1 435,23 1 134,79	13 594,33 3 528 600,36	613 464,41 4 015,97	303 216,85 365 352,38
2.220	Kiwi fruit (<i>Actinidia chinensis</i> Planch.) 0810 50 00	a) b) c)	123,62 734,99 1 032,02	1 701,01 810,88 4 986,71	241,77 97,36 76,98	922,15 239 356,28	41 613,26 272,42	20 568,17 24 783,02

Code	Description Species, varieties, CN code	Amount of unit values per 100 kg						
		a) b) c)	EUR FIM SEK	ATS FRF BEF/LUF	DEM IEP GBP	DKK ITL	GRD NLG	ESP PTE
2.230	Pomegranates ex 0810 90 85	a)	347,17	4 777,16	679,01	2 589,78	116 867,84	57 764,23
		b)	2 064,18	2 277,29	273,42	672 214,86	765,06	69 601,34
		c)	2 898,35	14 004,80	216,18			
2.240	Khakis (including sharon fruit) ex 0810 90 85	a)	399,43	5 496,29	781,22	2 979,64	134 460,46	66 459,73
		b)	2 374,91	2 620,10	314,58	773 406,26	880,23	80 078,73
		c)	3 334,65	16 113,01	248,73			
2.250	Lychees ex 0810 90 30	a)	344,70	4 743,23	674,18	2 571,39	116 037,77	57 353,95
		b)	2 049,52	2 261,11	271,48	667 440,40	759,63	69 106,99
		c)	2 877,76	13 905,33	214,65			

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1574/2000
of 19 July 2000**

**establishing a forecast balance for the supply to the Azores and Madeira of cereal products covered
by the specific measures provided for in Articles 2 to 10 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1600/92**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1600/92 of 15 June 1992 concerning specific measures for the Azores and Madeira, with regard to certain agricultural products ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1257/1999 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The quantities of products eligible for the specific supply arrangements are determined by means of periodic forecast balances which may be revised according to the essential requirements of the market taking into account local production and traditional trade flows.
- (2) In accordance with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1600/92 these arrangements include requirements for direct human consumption, and for processing and packaging in the Islands of products listed in the Annex to the aforementioned Regulation. An assessment of these requirements is made annually in the context of a forecast supply balance which can be revised in the course of the year in the light of developments in the requirements of the Islands. The assessment of the requirements of the processing and packaging industries, as regards products intended for the local market or traditionally dispatched to the rest of the Community,

may result in the establishment of a separate forecast supply balance.

- (3) A forecast supply balance for the products concerned should be established covering the entire 12-month period 1 July 2000 to 30 June 2001.
- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the purpose of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1600/92 the quantities in the forecast supply balance which shall benefit, as appropriate, from exemption from import charges in the case of products coming from third countries, or from payment of Community aid in the case of products coming from the Community market, are as indicated in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 173, 27.6.1992, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 160, 26.6.1999, p. 80.

ANNEX

Forecast supply balance for the Azores and Madeira for the 2000/2001 marketing year

Region	Breadmaking common wheat	Feed wheat	Durum wheat	Barley	Maize	Malt	Total
Azores	35 000	—	500	17 500	100 000	1 000	154 000
Madeira	25 000	—	5 000	2 500	35 000	2 500	70 000
Total	60 000	—	5 500	20 000	135 000	3 500	224 000

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1575/2000**of 19 July 2000****implementing Council Regulation (EC) No 577/98 on the organisation of a labour force sample survey in the Community concerning the codification to be used for data transmission from 2001 onwards**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 577/98 of 9 March 1998 on the organisation of a labour force sample survey in the Community ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1571/98 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4(3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) In accordance with Article 4(3) of Regulation (EC) No 577/98 implementing measures are necessary for defining the codification of the variables to be used for the data transmission.
- (2) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Statistical

Programme Committee established by Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom ⁽³⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The codification of the variables to be used for the data transmission for the years 2001 and onwards is laid down in the Annex to the present Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission
Pedro SOLBES MIRA
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 77, 14.3.1998, p. 3.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 205, 22.7.1998, p. 40.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 181, 28.6.1989, p. 47.

ANNEX

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
		DEMOGRAPHIC BACKGROUND	
1/2		Sequence number in the household (it should remain the same for all waves)	Private households
	01-98	Two-digit sequence number allotted to each member of the household	
	99	Not applicable (not private household)	
3		Relationship to reference person in the household	Private households
	1	Reference person	
	2	Spouse (or cohabiting partner) of reference person	
	3	Child of reference person (or of his/her spouse or cohabiting partner)	
	4	Ascendant relative of reference person (or of his/her spouse or cohabiting partner)	
	5	Other relative	
	6	Other	
	9	Not applicable (not private household)	
4/5		Sequence number of spouse or cohabiting partner	Private households
	01-98	Sequence number of spouse or cohabiting partner in the household.	
	99	Not applicable (person does not belong to a private household, or has no partner, or the partner does not belong to this private household)	
6/7		Sequence number of father	Private households
	01-98	Sequence number of father in the household	
	99	Not applicable (person does not belong to a private household, or the father does not belong to this private household)	
8/9		Sequence number of mother	Private households
	01-98	Sequence number of mother in the household	
	99	Not applicable (person does not belong to a private household, or the mother does not belong to this private household)	
10		Sex	Everybody
	1	Male	
	2	Female	
11/14		Year of birth	Everybody
		The 4 digits of year of birth are entered	
15		Date of birth in relation to the end of reference period	Everybody
	1	Person's birthday falls between 1 January and the end of the reference week	
	2	Person's birthday falls after the end of the reference week	
16		Marital status	Everybody
	1	Single	
	2	Married	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
	3	Widowed	
	4	Divorced or legally separated	
	Blank	No answer	
17/18		Nationality For coding, see annex IV	Everybody
19/20		Years of residence in this Member State	Everybody
	00	Born in this Member State	
	01-10	Number of years for person who has been in this Member State for 1 to 10 years	
	11	Been in this Member State for more than 10 years	
	Blank	No answer	
21/22		Country of birth For coding, see annex IV	Column 19/20 ≠ 00
	99	Not applicable (Column 19/20 = 00)	
	Blank	No answer	
23		Nature of participation in the survey	Everybody aged 15 years or more
	1	Direct participation	
	2	Participation via another member of the household	
	9	Not applicable (child less than 15 old)	
	Blank	No answer	
24		LABOUR STATUS Labour status during the reference week	Everybody aged 15 years or more
	1	Did any work for pay or profit during the reference week — one hour or more (including family workers but excluding conscripts on compulsory military or community service)	
	2	Was not working but had a job or business from which he/she was absent during the reference week (including family workers but excluding conscripts on compulsory military or community service)	
	3	Was not working because on lay-off	
	4	Was a conscript on compulsory military or community service	
	5	Other (15 years or more) who neither worked nor had a job or business during the reference week	
	9	Not applicable (child less than 15 years old)	
25		Reason for not having worked at all though having a job	Column 24 = 2
	0	Bad weather	
	1	Slack work for technical or economic reasons	
	2	Labour dispute	
	3	School education or training	
	4	Own illness, injury or temporary disability	
	5	Maternity or parental leave	
	6	Holidays	
	7	Compensation leave (within the framework of working time banking or an annualised hours contract)	
	8	Other reasons (e.g. personal or family responsibilities)	
	9	Not applicable (column 24 = 1, 3-5, 9)	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
26		EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF THE MAIN JOB	
		Professional status	Column 24 = 1, 2
	1	Self-employed with employees	
	2	Self-employed without employees	
	3	Employee	
	4	Family worker	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
27/29		Economic activity of the local unit	Column 24 = 1, 2
		NACE Rev. 1 coded 2 or if possible 3 digits	
	000	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
30/33		Occupation	Column 24 = 1, 2
		ISCO-88 (COM) coded 3 or if possible 4 digits	
	9999	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
34/35		Number of persons working at the local unit	Column 24 = 1, 3, 4, blank
	01-10	Exact number of persons, if between 1 and 10	
	11	11 to 19 persons	
	12	20 to 49 persons	
	13	50 persons or more	
	14	Do not know but less than 11 persons	
	15	Do not know but more than 10 persons	
	99	Not applicable (Column 26 = 2, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
36/37		Country of place of work	Column 24 = 1, 2
		For coding, see annex IV	
	99	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
38/39		Region of place of work	Column 24 = 1, 2
		NUTS 2	
	99	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
40/43		Year in which person started working for this employer or as self-employed	Column 24 = 1, 2
		Enter the four digits of the year concerned	
	9999	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
44/45		Month in which person started working for this employer or as self-employed	Column 40/43 ≠ 9999, blank and Column 164/167 — Column 40/43 < = 2
	01-12	Enter the number of the month concerned	
	99	Not applicable (Column 40/43 = 9999, blank or Column 164/167 — Column 40/43 > 2)	
	Blank	No answer	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
46	<p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>Blank</p>	<p>Full-time/part-time distinction</p> <p>Full-time job</p> <p>Part-time job which was taken because</p> <p>— pension is undergoing school education or training</p> <p>— of own illness or disability</p> <p>— person could not find a full-time job</p> <p>— person did not want a full-time job</p> <p>— of other reasons</p> <p>Person with a part-time job but giving no reason</p> <p>Looking after children or incapacitated adults</p> <p>Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)</p> <p>No answer</p>	Column 24 = 1, 2
47	<p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>9</p> <p>Blank</p>	<p>Permanency of the job</p> <p>Person has a permanent job or work contract of unlimited duration</p> <p>Person has temporary job/work contract of limited duration because:</p> <p>— it is a contract covering a period of training (apprentices, trainees, research assistants, etc.)</p> <p>— person could not find a permanent job</p> <p>— person did not want a permanent job</p> <p>— no reason given</p> <p>— it is a contract for a probationary period</p> <p>Not applicable (Column 26 = 1, 2, 4, 9, blank)</p> <p>No answer</p>	Column 26 = 3
48	<p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>Blank</p>	<p>Total duration of temporary job or work contract of limited duration</p> <p>Less than one month</p> <p>one to three months</p> <p>four to six months</p> <p>seven to 12 months</p> <p>13 to 18 months</p> <p>19 to 24 months</p> <p>25 to 36 months</p> <p>More than three years</p> <p>Not applicable (Column 47 = 1, 9, blank)</p> <p>No answer</p>	Column 47 = 2-6

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
49/50		HOURS WORKED Usual hours cannot be given because hours worked vary considerably from week to week or from month to month	Column 24 = 1, 2
	00	Usual hours cannot be given because hours worked vary considerably from week to week or from month to month	
	01-98	Number of hours usually worked in the first job	
	99	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
51/52		Number of hours actually worked during the reference week	Column 24 = 1, 2
	00	Person having a job or business and not having worked at all in the main activity during the reference week (Column 24 = 2)	
	01-98	Number of hours actually worked in the first job during the reference week	
	99	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
53/54		Main reason for hours actually worked during the reference week being different from the person's usual hours	Column 49/50 = 00-98 & Column 51/52 = 01-98
		Person has worked more than usual due to	
	01	— variable hours (e.g. flexible working hours)	
	16	— overtime	
	02	— other reasons	
		Person has worked less than usual due to:	
	03	— bad weather	
	04	— slack work for technical or economic reasons	
	05	— labour dispute	
	06	— education or training	
	07	— variable hours (e.g. flexible working hours)	
	08	— own illness, injury or temporary disability	
	09	— maternity or parental leave	
	10	— special leave for personal or family reasons	
	11	— annual Holidays	
	12	— bank Holidays	
	13	— start of/change in job during reference week	
	14	— end of job without taking up a new one during reference week	
	15	— other reasons	
	97	Person having worked usual hours during the reference week (Column 49/50 = Col. 51/52 = 01-98)	
	98	Person whose hours vary considerably from week to week or month to month and who did not state a reason for a divergence between the actual and usual hours (Column 49/50 = 00 & col. 53/54 ≠ 01-16)	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
	99	Not applicable (Column 24 = 2-5, 9 or Column 49/50 = blank or Column 51/52 = blank)	
55	Blank	No answer	
		Wish to work usually more than the current number of hours	Column 24 = 1 or Column 24 = 2 & (00 < Col. 49/50 < 40 or col.46 = 2-7)
	0	— no	
	1	— yes, through an additional job	
	2	— yes, through a job working more hours than the present job	
	3	— yes, but only within the present job	
	4	— yes, in any of the above ways	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9 or ((Column 49/50 = 00 or 40 < = Column 49/50 < = 98) and Column 46 = 1))	
	Blank	No answer	
56/57		Number of hours that the person would like to work in total	Column 24 = 1 or Column 24 = 2
	01-98	Number of hours wished to work in total	
	99	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
58		Working at home	Column 24 = 1 or Column 24 = 2
	1	Person usually works at home	
	2	Person sometimes works at home	
	3	Person never works at home	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
59		Looking for another job and reasons for doing so	Column 24 = 1 or Column 24 = 2
	0	Person is not looking for another job	
		Person is looking for another job because	
	1	— of risk or certainty of loss or termination of present job	
	2	— actual job is considered as a transitional job	
	3	— seeking an additional job to add more hours to those worked in present job	
	7	— seeking a job with more hours worked than in present job	
	8	— seeking a job with less hours worked than in present job (Column 55 = 0)	
	4	— of wish to have better working conditions (e.g. pay, working or travel time, quality of work)	
	5	— of other reasons	
	6	Person looking for another job but giving no reason	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
60		SECOND JOB	
		Existence of more than one job or business	Column 24 = 1 or Column 24 = 2
	1	Person had only one job or business during the reference week	
	2	Person had more than one job or business during the reference week (not due to change of job or business)	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
61	Blank	No answer	
		Professional status (in the second job)	Column 60 = 2
	1	Self-employed with employees	
	2	Self-employed without employees	
	3	Employee	
	4	Family worker	
62/63	9	Not applicable (Column 60 = 1, 9 blank)	
	Blank	No answer	
		Number of hours actually worked during the reference week in the second job	Column 60 = 2
		NACE Rev. 1	
	00	Not applicable (Column 60 = 1, 9, blank)	
64/65	Blank	No answer	
		Number of hours actually worked during the reference week in the second job	Column 60 = 2
	00	Person not having worked in the second job during the reference week	
	01-98	Number of hours actually worked in the second job during the reference week	
	99	Not applicable (Column 60 = 1, 9, blank)	
66	Blank	No answer	
		PREVIOUS WORK EXPERIENCE OF PERSON NOT IN EMPLOYMENT	
		Existence of previous employment experience	Column 24 = 3-5
	0	Person has never been in employment (purely occasional work, such as vacation work, compulsory military or community service are not to be considered as employment)	
	1	Person has already been in employment (purely occasional work, such as vacation work, compulsory military or community service are not to be considered as employment)	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 1, 2, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
67/70		Year in which person last worked Enter the four digits of the year in which person last worked	Column 66 = 1
	9999	Not applicable (Column 66 = 0, 9, blank)	
	Blank	No answer	
71/72		Month in which person last worked Enter the number of the month in which person last worked	Column 67/70 = blank and Column 164/167 — Column 67/70 <= 2
	01-12	Enter the number of the month in which person last worked	
	99	Not applicable (Column 67/70 = 9999, blank or Column 164/167 — Column 67/70 > 2)	
	Blank	No answer	
73		Main reason for leaving last job or business	Column 66 = 1 and Column 164/167 — Column 67/70 < 8
	0	Dismissed or made redundant	
	1	A job of limited duration has ended	
	2	Personal or family responsibilities	
	3	Own illness or disability	
	4	Education or training	
	5	Early retirement	
	6	Normal retirement	
	7	Compulsory military or community service	
	8	Other reasons	
	9	Not applicable (Column 66 = 0,9, blank, or Column 66 = 1 and did not work in last eight years)	
	Blank	No answer	
74		Professional status in last job	Column 66 = 1 and Column 164/167 — Column 67/70 < 8
	1	Self-employed with employees	
	2	Self-employed without employees	
	3	Employee	
	4	Family worker	
	9	Not applicable (Column 66 = 0,9, blank, or Column 66 = 1 and did not work in last eight years)	
	Blank	No answer	
75/76		Economic activity of the local unit in which person last worked NACE Rev. 1	Column 66 = 1 and Column 164/167 — Column 67/70 < 8
	00	Not applicable (Column 66 = 0,9, blank, or Column 66 = 1 and did not work in last years)	
	Blank	No answer	
77/79		Occupation of last job ISCO-88 (COM)	Column 66 = 1 and Column 164/167 — Column 67/70 < 8
	999	Not applicable (Column 66 = 0,9, blank, or Column 66 = 1 and did not work in last eight years)	
	Blank	No answer	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
80/81		<p>SEARCH FOR EMPLOYMENT</p> <p>Seeking employment during previous four weeks</p> <p>01 Person is seeking employment</p> <p>Person has already found a job which will start later</p> <p>11 — within a period of at most three months</p> <p>12 — in more than three months</p> <p>Person is not seeking employment because:</p> <p>03 — awaiting recall to work (persons on lay-off)</p> <p>04 — of own illness or disability</p> <p>05 — of personal or family responsibilities</p> <p>06 — of education or training</p> <p>07 — of retirement</p> <p>08 — of belief that no work is available</p> <p>09 — of other reasons</p> <p>10 — no reason given</p> <p>99 Not applicable (Column 24 = 1, 2 or 9)</p>	Column 24 = 3-5
82		<p>Type of employment sought</p> <p>The employment sought (for 80/81 = 11, 12 the employment found) is:</p> <p>1 as self-employed</p> <p>as employee:</p> <p>2 — and only full-time job is looked for (or has already been found)</p> <p>3 — and full-time job is sought, but if not available, part-time job will be accepted</p> <p>4 — and part-time job is sought, but if not available, full-time job will be accepted</p> <p>5 — and only part-time job is looked for (or has already been found)</p> <p>6 — and person did not state whether full-time or part-time job is looked for (or has already been found)</p> <p>9 Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-10 or Column 59 = 0, blank)</p> <p>Blank No answer</p>	Column 80/81 = 01, 11, 12 or Column 59 = 1-8
83		<p>Duration of search for employment</p> <p>0 Search not yet started</p> <p>1 Less than one month</p> <p>2 one to two months</p> <p>3 three to five months</p> <p>4 six to 11 months</p> <p>5 12 to 17 months</p> <p>6 18 to 23 months</p> <p>7 24 to 47 months</p> <p>8 four years or longer</p>	Column 80/81 = 01, 11, or Column 59 = 1-8

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-10, 12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
	Blank	No answer	
		METHODS USED DURING PREVIOUS FOUR WEEKS TO FIND WORK ⁽¹⁾	
84		Contacted public employment office to find work	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
85		Contacted private employment agency to find work	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
86		Applied to employers directly	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
87		Asked friends, relatives, trade unions, etc.	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
88		Inserted or answered advertisements in newspapers or journals	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
89		Studied advertisements in newspapers or journals	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1,8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
90		Took a test, interview or examination	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
91		Looked for land, premises or equipment	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
92		Looked for permits, licences, financial resources	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
93		Awaiting the results of an application for a job	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
94		Waiting for a call from a public employment office	Column 80/81 = 01-02 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
95		Awaiting the results of a competition for recruitment to the public sector	Column 80/81 = 01-02 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
96		Other method used	Column 80/81 = 01 or Column 59 = 1-8
	0	No	
	1	Yes	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 80/81 = 03-12 or Column 59 = 0, blank)	
97		Willingness to work for person not seeking employment	Column 80/81 = 03-10
		Person is not seeking employment:	
	1	— but would nevertheless like to have work	
	2	— and does not want to have work	
	9	Not applicable (Column 80/81 = 01, 12, 99)	
	Blank	No answer	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
98		<p>Availability to start working within two weeks</p> <p>If work were found now:</p> <p>1 Person could start to work immediately (within two weeks)</p> <p>Person could not start to work immediately (within two weeks) because:</p> <p>2 — he/she must complete education or training</p> <p>3 — he/she must complete compulsory military or community service</p> <p>4 — he/she cannot leave present employment within two weeks due to period of notice</p> <p>5 — of personal or family responsibilities (including maternity)</p> <p>6 — of own illness or incapacity</p> <p>7 — of other reasons</p> <p>8 — no reason given</p> <p>9 Not applicable (Column 24 = 9 or Column 55 = 0, blank or Column 97 = 2)</p>	Column 80/81 = 0,11 or Column 97 = 1, blank or Column 55 = 1-4
99		<p>Situation immediately before person started to seek employment (or was waiting for new job to start)</p> <p>1 Person was working (including apprentices, trainees)</p> <p>2 Person was in full-time education (excluding apprentices, trainees)</p> <p>3 Person was conscript on compulsory military or community service</p> <p>4 Person had domestic/family responsibilities</p> <p>5 Other (e.g. retired)</p> <p>9 Not applicable (Column 80/81 = 03-10, 99)</p> <p>Blank Registration at a public employment office</p>	Column 80/81 = 0,1, 11, 12
100		<p>Registration of a public employment office</p> <p>1 Person is registered at a public employment office and receives benefit or assistance</p> <p>2 Person is registered at a public employment office but does not receive benefit or assistance</p> <p>3 Person is not registered at a public employment office but receives benefit or assistance</p> <p>4 Person is not registered at a public employment office and does not receive benefit or assistance</p> <p>9 Not applicable (child less than 15 years)</p> <p>Blank No answer</p>	Everybody aged 15 years or more

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
101		MAIN LABOUR STATUS	
		Main status	Everybody aged 15 years or more
	1	Carries out a job or profession, including unpaid work for a family business or holding, including an apprenticeship or paid traineeship, etc.	
	2	Unemployed	
	3	Pupil, student, further training, unpaid work experience	
	4	In retirement or early retirement or has given up business	
	5	Permanently disabled	
	6	In compulsory military service	
	7	Fulfilling domestic tasks	
	8	Other inactive person	
	9	Not applicable (child less than 15 years)	
	Blank	No answer.	
		EDUCATION AND TRAINING	
102		Education or training received during previous four weeks	Everybody aged 15 years or more
	0	Received no education or training	
	1	Received some education or training	
	9	Not applicable (child less than 15 years)	
	Blank	No answer	
103		Type of instruction	Column 102 = 1
	1	Class-room instruction	
	2	Instruction in a working environment (without complementary class-room instruction at a school or college including conferences, seminar, workshop courses')	
	3	Instruction combining both work experience and complementary class-room instruction (including any form of 'dual system' or 'sandwich courses')	
	4	Other type of instruction	
	9	Not applicable (Column 02 = 0, 9, blank)	
	Blank	No answer	
104		Level of this education or training	Column 102 = 1
		General education	
	1	Primary or lower secondary (ISCED 1-2)	
	2	Upper secondary or post-secondary not tertiary (ISCED 3-4)	
		Pre-vocational or vocational education or training	
	4	Lower secondary (ISCED 2)	
		Upper secondary or Post-secondary not tertiary (ISCED 3-4)	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
		Tertiary education	
	5	ISCED 5a	
	6	ISCED 5b	
	7	ISCED 6	
	8	Training that is not allocated to the ISCED classification (e.g.: language courses, computer courses, seminars ...)	
	9	Not applicable (Column 102 = 0, 9, blank)	
	Blank	No answer	
105		Purpose of this education and training	Column 102 = 1
	1	Initial education or training aiming at getting the skills for a job (except under a specific employment measure)	
	2	Continuing vocational training (except under a specific employment measure)	
	5	Training under a specific employment measure	
	6	General interest	
	9	Not applicable (Column 102 = 0, 9, blank)	
	Blank	No answer	
106		Total length of this education or training	Column 102 = 1 and column 103 = 1, 2, 3 blank
	1	Less than one week	
	2	one week or more but less than one month	
	3	one month or more but less than three months	
	4	three months or more but less than six months	
	5	six months or more but less than one year	
	6	one year or more but less than two years	
	7	two years or longer	
	8	No definite length	
	9	Not applicable (Column 102 = 0, 9, blank or Column 103 = 4)	
	Blank	No answer	
107/108		Usual number of hours of training per week	Column 102 = 1 and column 103 = 1, 2, 3, blank
	01-98	Number of hours	
	99	Not applicable (Column 102 = 0, 9, blank or Column 103 = 4)	
	Blank	No answer	
109/110		Highest level of education or training successfully completed	Everybody aged 15 years or more
	01	ISCED 1	
	02	ISCED 2	
	11	ISCED 3 (without distinction a, b or c possible)	
	03	ISCED 3c (shorter than three years)	
	04	ISCED 3 (three years or more)	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
111	13	ISCED 3b	Everybody aged 15 years or more
	14	ISCED 3a	
	15	ISCED 4	
	08	ISCED 5b	
	09	ISCED 5a	
	10	ISCED 6	
	99	Not applicable (child less than 15 years)	
	Blank	No answer	
		Having obtained a (non tertiary) vocational qualification (minimum duration: six months)	
	1	Yes — Classroom instruction	
	2	Yes — Instruction in a working environment (without complementary classroom instruction at a school or college)	
3	Yes — Instruction combining both work experience and complementary class-room instruction (including any form of 'dual system' or 'sandwich courses')		
4	Yes — Type unknown		
5	No		
9	Not applicable (child less than 15 years)		
Blank	No answer		
112/115		Year when highest level of education or training was successfully completed	Everybody aged 15 years or more
		The four digits of year when highest level of education or training was successfully completed are entered	
9999		Not applicable (child less than 15 years)	
Blank		No answer	
116		SITUATION ONE YEAR BEFORE SURVEY	Everybody aged 15 years or more
		Situation with regard to activity one year before survey	
	1	Carried out a job or profession, including unpaid work for a family business or holding, including an apprenticeship or paid traineeship, etc.	
	2	Unemployed	
	3	Pupil, student, further training, unpaid work experience	
	4	In retirement or early retirement or has given up business	
	5	Permanently disabled	
	6	In compulsory military service	
	7	Fulfilling domestic tasks	
	8	Other inactive person	
	9	Not applicable (child less than 15 years)	
Blank	No answer		
117		Professional status one year before survey	Column 116 = 1
1	Self-employed without employees		
2	Self-employed without employees		

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
118/119	3	Employee	Column 116 = 1
	4	Family-worker	
	9	Not applicable (Column 116 = 2-9 blank)	
	Blank	No answer	
120/121		Economic activity of local unit in which person was working one year before survey	Everybody
		NACE Rev. 1	
	00	Not applicable (Column 116 = 2-9 blank)	
	Blank	No answer	
122/123		Country of residence one year before survey	Everybody
		For coding, see annex IV	
	99	Not applicable (child less than one year old)	
	Blank	No answer	
124/131		Region of residence (within Member State) one year before survey	Everybody
		NUTS 2	
	99	Not applicable (person who has changed country of residence or child less than one year old)	
	Blank	No answer	
132/139		INCOME	Column 26 = 3
		Monthly (take home) pay from main job	
	00000000 - 99999998	The eight digits of monthly (take home) pay from main job, including extra payments monthly paid (National currency)	
	99999999	Not applicable (Column 26 # 3)	
140/147	Blank	No answer	Column 26 = 3
		Additional payments from main job	
	00000000 - 99999998	The eight digits of additional payments (total yearly net amount) from main job which are not monthly paid (National currency)	
	99999999	Not applicable (Column 26 # 3)	
148/55	Blank	No answer	Column 100 = 1, 3
		Unemployment allowances	
	00000000 - 99999998	The eight digits of monthly received unemployment allowances (National currency)	
	99999999	Not applicable (Column 100 # 1,3)	
148/55	Blank	No answer	Column 100 = 1, 3
		Additional payments of unemployment allowance	
	000000000 - 99999998	The eight digits of additional payments (total yearly net amount) of unemployment allowance which are not monthly paid, e.g.: severance payments and other irregular payments or lumpsum payments (National currency)	
	99999999	Not applicable (Column 100 # 1,3)	
	Blank	No answer	

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
156/163		Sickness, disability or invalidity allowances The eight digits of monthly received sickness, disability or invalidity allowances (National currency) 99999999 Not applicable (Column 26 # 3) Blank No answer	Column 26 = 3
		TECHNICAL ITEMS RELATING TO THE INTERVIEW	
164/167		Year of survey Last four digits of the year	Everybody
168/169		Reference week Number of the week running from Monday to Sunday	Everybody
170/171		Interview week Number of the week running from Monday to Sunday	Everybody
172/173		Member State For coding, see annex IV	Everybody
174/175		Region of household NUTS 2	Everybody
176		Degree of urbanisation 1 Densely-populated area 2 Intermediate area 3 Thinly-populated area	Everybody
177/182		Serial number of household Serial numbers are allocated by the national statistical institutes and remain the same for all waves. Records relating to different members of the same household carry the same serial number	Everybody
183		Type of household 1 Person living in private household (or permanently in a hotel) and surveyed in this household 2 Person living in an institution and surveyed in this institution 3 Person living in a institution but surveyed in this private household 4 Person living in another private household on the territory of the Member State but surveyed in this household of origin	Everybody
184		Type of institution 1 Educational institution 2 Hospital 3 Other welfare institution 4 Religious institution (not already included in 1-3) 5 Workers' hostel, working quarters at building sites, student hostel, university accommodation, etc. 6 Military establishment 7 Other (e.g. prison) 9 Not applicable (Column 183 = 1, 4) Blank No answer	Column 183 = 2, 3
185/190		Yearly weighting factor 0000-9999 Columns 185 to 1888 contain whole numbers 00-99 Columns 189-190 contain decimal places	Everybody

Column	Code	Description	Filter/remarks
191/196	0000-9999	Quarterly weighting factor Columns 191-193 contain whole numbers	Everybody
	00-99	Columns 195-196 contain decimal places	
197/202	0000-9999	Quarterly weighing factor of the sample for household characteristics in the case of a sample of individuals Columns 197-200 contain whole numbers	
	00-99	Columns 201-202 contain decimal places	
203	1-8	Sequence number of the survey wave Sequence number of the wave	Everybody
204	1	ATYPICAL WORK Shift work Person does shift work	Column 26 = 3
	3	Person never does shift work	
	9	Not applicable (Column 26 # 3)	
	Blank	No answer	
205	1	Evening work Person usually works in the evening	Column 24 = 1 or Column 24 = 2
	2	Person sometimes works in the evening	
	3	Person never works in the evening	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
206	1	Night work Person usually works at night	Column 24 = 1 or Column 24 = 2
	2	Person sometimes works at night	
	3	Person never works at night	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
207	1	Saturday work Person usually works on Saturdays	Column 24 = 1 or Column 24 = 2
	2	Person sometimes works on Saturdays	
	3	Person never works on Saturdays	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	
208	1	Sunday work Person usually works on Saturdays	Column 24 = 1 or Column 24 = 2
	2	Person sometimes works on Sundays	
	3	Person never works on Sundays	
	9	Not applicable (Column 24 = 3-5, 9)	
	Blank	No answer	

(⁴) For Spain the reference period will be adapted to the delay legally established by the National Institute of Employment.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1576/2000

of 19 July 2000

supplementing the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 2400/96 on the entry of certain names in the 'Register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications' provided for in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2081/92 on the protection of geographical indications and designations of origin for agricultural products and foodstuffs

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2081/92 of 14 July 1992 on the protection of geographical indications and designations of origin for agricultural products and foodstuffs ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1509/2000 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6(3) and (4) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Under Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2081/92, Germany and Sweden have sent the Commission applications for the registration of names as geographical indications.
- (2) In accordance with Article 6(1) of that Regulation, the applications have been found to meet all the requirements laid down therein and in particular to contain all the information required in accordance with Article 4 thereof.
- (3) Statements of objection have been received by the Commission pursuant to Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 2081/92 in respect of the names listed in the Annex to this Regulation, following their publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* ⁽³⁾, but those objections are deemed unfounded and thus inadmissible,

since they do not sufficiently demonstrate that the names fail to meet the criteria laid down in that Regulation.

- (4) The names should therefore be entered in the 'Register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications' and hence be protected throughout the Community as protected geographical indications.
- (5) The Annex to this Regulation supplements the Annex to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2400/96 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1338/2000 ⁽⁵⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The names in the Annex hereto are added to the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 2400/96 and entered as protected geographical indications (PGI) in the 'Register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications' provided for in Article 6(3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2081/92.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 208, 24.7.1992, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 174, 13.7.2000, p. 7.

⁽³⁾ OJ C 263, 17.9.1999, p.4; 2.9.1999, p.3.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 327, 18.12.1996, p. 11.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 154, 27.6.2000, p. 5.

ANNEX

PRODUCTS LISTED IN ANNEX I TO THE EC TREATY, INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION**Bread, pastry, cakes, confectionery, biscuits and other baker's wares**

GERMANY

Meißner Fummel (PGI)

SWEDEN

Skånsk spettekaka (PGI)

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1577/2000
of 19 July 2000**

setting the conversion rate applicable to certain direct aids whose operative event is 1 July 2000

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2799/98 of 15 December 1998 establishing agrimonetary arrangements for the euro ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1410/1999 ⁽²⁾, amending Regulation (EC) No 2808/98 laying down detailed rules for the application of the agrimonetary system for the euro in agriculture ⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The operative event for the conversion rate applicable to aid for arable crops and grain legumes is the commencement of the marketing year in respect of which the aid is granted, as laid down in Article 4(1) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 2808/98, as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1410/1999.
- (2) The aforementioned conversion rate is defined in Article 4(3) of Regulation (EC) No 2808/98 as the average, calculated *pro rata temporis*, of the exchange rates applicable during the month preceding the date of the operative event, which is 1 July 2000.

- (3) The conversion rate to be applied for the purposes of the aid for hops provided for in Article 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 1696/71 ⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 191/2000 ⁽⁵⁾, is also defined by Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1793/93 regarding the operative event for the agricultural conversion rates used in the hops sector ⁽⁶⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1410/1999,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The conversion rate to be applied to:

- the aid referred to in Article 4(1) of Regulation (EC) No 2808/98 whose operative event is 1 July 2000 and
- the aid for hops provided for in Article 12 of Regulation (EEC) No 1696/71

is set out in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the seventh day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 349, 24.12.1998, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ L 164, 30.6.1999, p. 53.
⁽³⁾ OJ L 349, 24.12.1998, p. 36.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 175, 4.8.1971, p. 1.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 23, 28.1.2000, p. 4.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ L 163, 6.7.1993, p. 22.

ANNEX

Conversion rates applicable to the aid referred to in Article 1

EUR 1 = (average for 1 June 2000 — 30 June 2000)

7,46092	Danish kroner
336,660	Greek drachmae
8,31640	Swedish kronor
0,628737	Pound sterling

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1578/2000**of 19 July 2000****implementing Council Regulation (EC) No 577/98 on the organisation of a labour force sample survey in the Community concerning the specification of the 2001 ad hoc module on length and patterns of working time**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 577/98 ⁽¹⁾ of 9 March 1998, on a labour force sample survey in the Community, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1575/2000 ⁽²⁾ and in particular Article 4(2), thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) In accordance with Article 4(2) of Regulation (EC) No 577/98 the detailed list of information to be collected in an ad hoc module shall be drawn at least 12 months before the beginning of the reference period for that module.
- (2) In order to monitor the Employment Guidelines, the Commission needs structural statistics on flexible working time arrangements and types of employment contract.

- (3) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Statistical Programme Committee established by Council Decision 89/382/EEC, Euratom ⁽³⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The detailed list of information to be collected in the year 2001 ad hoc module is laid down in the Annex to the present Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission
Pedro SOLBES MIRA
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 77, 14.3.1998, p. 3.

⁽²⁾ See page 16 of this Official Journal.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 181, 28.6.1989, p. 47.

ANNEX

LABOUR FORCE SURVEY

Specification of the 2001 ad hoc module on Length and patterns of working time

1. Member States and regions concerned: all
2. The data are collected only for the main job
3. The variables will be coded as follows:

Column	Code	Description	Filters/remarks
209		Determines own work methods and schedule (optional for Germany)	V26 ≠ 4, 9, blank
	1	Determines own work methods and schedule	
	0	Subordinate relationship	
210		Work for single firm or customer (optional for Germany)	V26 ≠ 4, 9, blank
	1	Works regularly for 1 firm or customer	
	0	Works regularly for >1 firm or customer	
211		Termination of contract (optional for Germany)	V26 ≠ 4, 9, blank
	1	Producer unit ceases to exist when product or services provided	
	0	Producer unit continues to exist	
212—213	...	Overtime hours in reference week Number of hours	V26 = 3
214—215		Paid overtime hours in the reference week Number of paid overtime hours	V214-215 < 212-213
204		Shift work	V26 = 3
	1	Person does shift work	
	3	Person does not do shift work	
216		Shift work patterns	V204 = 1
	1	Continuous shift work, usually four shift system	
	2	Semi-continuous shift work, usually three shift system	
	3	Two shift system: double day shift	
	4	Sometimes night, sometimes day shift	
	5	Fixed assignment to a given shift	
	6	Other type of shift	

Column	Code	Description	Filters/remarks
217		Variable working times	V26 = 3
	1	Fixed start and end of a working day	
	2	Annualised hours contract	
	3	Working time banking	
	4	Working times by mutual agreement	
	5	Determines own work schedule (no formal boundaries)	
	6	Other	
218		Compensation of credit hours	V217 = 3
	1	Can use credit hours to take full days or weeks off (besides to take hours off)	
	0	Can not use credit hours to take full days or weeks off	
219		Min-max contracts, on-call work or zero-hours contracts (optional for Germany)	V26 = 3
	1	A minimum number of hours is agreed by contract but the number of hours actually worked may exceed this minimum and they are not paid at overtime rate	
	2	reports to work only when called	
	0	other	
220		Reason for shift work	V204 = 1
	1	Shift work was the type of job person was looking for (personal initiative)	
	2	Shift work was not the type of job person was looking for but no similar job available without shift work (similar within this occupation or industry)	
221		Reason to work this working time arrangement (optional for Germany)	V217 = 2, 3 or V219 = 1, 2
	1	These working time arrangements were the type of job person was looking for (personal initiative)	
	2	These working time arrangements were not the type of job person was looking for but no similar job available with ordinary working time arrangements (similar within this occupation of industry)	
	9	Not applicable	V209. V221
	'blank'	No answer	

4. The variables on evening work, night work, Saturday and Sunday work which appear as columns 205 to 208 in the Annex to Regulation (EC) 1575/2000 concerning the codification to be used for data transmission from 2001 onwards must be surveyed in 2001 for the same reference period as the ad hoc module referred to in Article 1 of the present Regulation.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1579/2000
of 19 July 2000
derogating from Regulation (EC) No 1644/96 laying down detailed rules for the grant of aid for
certain grain legumes

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1577/96 of 30 July 1996 on a specific measure for certain grain legumes ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EC) No 811/2000 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1644/96 ⁽³⁾ lays down detailed rules for the grant of aid for certain grain legumes. Article 1(a) thereof provides that eligible areas must have been completely sown and harvested and maintained in normal growing conditions.
- (2) The exceptional weather conditions which have affected certain regions of Spain, with a severe drought between autumn 1999 and spring 2000, have not allowed crops to develop normally and produce a significant quantity of seeds, leading to anticipated yields being much lower than normal, making the harvest operation commercially unprofitable. If that operation is not carried out, the producers concerned lose their entitlement to aid per hectare as a result of failure to meet the requirement to harvest.
- (3) The situation described above justifies a derogation from Regulation (EC) No 1644/96 as regards the requirement to harvest.

- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 2000/01 marketing year and notwithstanding Article 1(a) of Regulation (EC) No 1644/96, in the regions of Spain in the Autonomous Communities of:

- Aragon,
- Castilla-La Mancha,
- Murcia,
- Valencia,
- Islas Baleares

areas sown with grain legumes not harvested shall remain eligible for the aid provided for in Regulation (EC) No 1577/96 provided that:

- the areas in question remain free from any other crop up to the normal harvest period for grain legumes;
- all the other conditions referred to in Regulation (EC) No 1644/96 are met.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from 15 June 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 206, 16.8.1996, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 100, 20.4.2000, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 207, 17.8.1996, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1580/2000

of 19 July 2000

amending Regulation (EC) No 2198/98 increasing to 8 050 021 tonnes the quantity of barley held by the German intervention agency for which a standing invitation to tender for export has been opened

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1766/92 of 30 June 1992 on the common organisation of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1253/1999 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2131/93 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 39/1999 ⁽⁴⁾, lays down the procedures and conditions for the disposal of cereals held by the intervention agencies.
- (2) Commission Regulation (EC) No 2198/98 ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1513/2000 ⁽⁶⁾, opened a standing invitation to tender for the export of 7 550 073 tonnes of barley held by the German intervention agency. Germany informed the Commission of the intention of its intervention agency to increase by 499 948 tonnes the quantity for which a standing invitation to tender for export has been opened. The total quantity of barley held by the German intervention agency for which a standing invitation to tender for export has been opened should be increased to 8 050 021 tonnes.
- (3) This increase in the quantity put out to tender makes it necessary to alter the list of regions and quantities in

store. Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 2198/98 must therefore be amended.

- (4) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EC) No 2198/98 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 2 is replaced by the following:

'Article 2

1. The invitation to tender shall cover a maximum of 8 050 021 tonnes of barley for export to third countries, with the exception of the United States of America, Canada and Mexico.

2. The regions in which the 8 050 021 tonnes of barley are stored are stated in Annex I to this Regulation.'

2. Annex I is replaced by the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 181, 1.7.1992, p. 21.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 160, 26.6.1999, p. 15.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 191, 31.7.1993, p. 76.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 5, 9.1.1999, p. 64.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 277, 14.10.1998, p. 9.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ L 174, 13.7.2000, p. 19.

ANNEX

ANNEX I

(t)

Place of storage	Quantity
Schleswig-Holstein/Hamburg/Niedersachsen/ Bremen/Nordrhein-Westfalen	2 505 613
Hessen/Rheinland-Pfalz/Baden-Württemberg/ Saarland/Bayern	688 549
Berlin/Brandenburg/Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	2 015 309
Sachsen/Sachsen-Anhalt/Thüringen	2 840 550'

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1581/2000
of 19 July 2000**

determining the extent to which applications lodged in July 2000 for import licences for certain pigmeat sector products under the regime provided for by Council Regulation (EC) No 774/94 opening and providing for the administration of certain Community tariff quotas for pigmeat and certain other agricultural products can be accepted

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1432/94 of 22 June 1994 laying down detailed rules for the application in the pigmeat sector of the import arrangements provided for in Council Regulation (EC) No 774/94 opening and providing for the administration of certain Community tariff quotas for pigmeat and certain other agricultural products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1377/2000⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4(4) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The applications for import licences lodged for the third quarter of 2000 are for quantities less than the quantities available and can therefore be met in full.
- (2) The quantity available for the following period should be determined.
- (3) It is appropriate to draw the attention of operators to the fact that licences may only be used for products

which comply with all veterinary rules currently in force in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Applications for import licences for the period 1 July to 30 September 2000 submitted pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1432/94 shall be met as referred to in Annex I.
2. During the first 10 days of the period 1 October to 31 December 2000, applications may be lodged pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1432/94 for import licences for a total quantity as referred to in Annex II.
3. Licences may only be used for products which comply with all veterinary rules currently in force in the Community.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission
Franz FISCHLER
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 156, 23.6.1994, p. 14.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 156, 29.6.2000, p. 30.

ANNEX I

Group No	Percentage of acceptance of import licences submitted for the period 1 July to 30 September 2000
1	100,00

ANNEX II

(t)

Group No	Total quantity available for the period 1 October to 31 December 2000
1	4 945

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1582/2000**of 19 July 2000****determining the extent to which applications lodged in July 2000 for import licences under the regime provided for by tariff quotas for certain products in the pigmeat sector for the period 1 July to 30 September 2000**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1486/95 of 28 June 1995 opening and providing for the administration of tariff quotas for certain products in the pigmeat sector ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1378/2000 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 5(5) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The applications for import licences lodged for the third quarter of 2000 are for quantities less than the quantities available and can therefore be met in full.
- (2) The surplus to be added to the quantity available for the following period should be determined,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Applications for import licences for the period 1 July to 30 September 2000 submitted pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1486/95 shall be met as referred to in Annex I.
2. During the first 10 days of the period 1 October to 31 December 2000 applications may be lodged pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1486/95 for import licences for a total quantity as referred to in Annex II.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission⁽¹⁾ OJ L 145, 29.6.1995, p. 58.⁽²⁾ OJ L 156, 29.6.2000, p. 31.

ANNEX I

Group No	Percentage of acceptance of import licences submitted for the period 1 July to 30 September 2000
G2	100
G3	100
G4	100
G5	100
G6	100
G7	100

ANNEX II

(t)

Group No	Total quantity available for the period 1 October to 31 December 2000
G2	15 021,0
G3	2 235,2
G4	1 427,0
G5	3 050,0
G6	7 500,0
G7	2 750,0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1583/2000**of 19 July 2000****determining the extent to which applications lodged in July 2000 for import licences for certain pigmeat products under the regime provided for by the Agreement concluded by the Community with Slovenia can be accepted**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 571/97 of 26 March 1997 laying down detailed rules for the application in the pigmeat sector of the arrangements provided for in the Interim Agreement between the Community and Slovenia ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4(4) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The applications for import licences lodged for the third quarter of 2000 are for quantities less than the quantities available and can therefore be met in full.
- (2) The surplus to be added to the quantity available for the following period should be determined.
- (3) It is appropriate to draw the attention of operators to the fact that licences may only be used for products

which comply with all veterinary rules currently in force in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Applications for import licences for the period 1 July to 30 September 2000 submitted pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 571/97 shall be met as referred to in Annex I.
2. During the first 10 days of the period 1 October to 31 December 2000 applications may be lodged pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 571/97 for import licences for a total quantity as referred to in Annex II.
3. Licences may only be used for products which comply with all veterinary rules currently in force in the Community.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission
Franz FISCHLER
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 85, 27.3.1997, p. 56.

ANNEX I

Group No	Percentage of acceptance of import licences submitted for the period 1 July to 30 September 2000
23	100,00
24	100,00

ANNEX II

(t)

Group No	Total quantity available for the period 1 October to 31 December 2000
23	50,1
24	96,3

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1584/2000**of 19 July 2000****establishing the quantity of certain pigmeat products available for the fourth quarter of 2000 under the arrangements provided for by the free trade agreements between the Community, of the one part, and Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia, of the other part**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2305/95 of 29 September 1995 laying down detailed rules for the application in the pigmeat sector of the arrangements provided for in the free trade agreements between the Community, of the one part and Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia, of the other part ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1430/2000 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4(4) thereof,

Whereas in order to ensure distribution of the quantities available, the quantities carried forward from the period 1 October

to 31 December 2000 should be added to the quantities available for the period 1 July to 30 September 2000,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The quantity available for the period 1 October to 31 December 2000 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 2305/95 is set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 233, 30.9.1995, p. 45.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 161, 1.7.2000, p. 51.

ANNEX

(t)

Group	Total quantity available for the period 1 October to 31 December 2000
18	625
19	625
20	125
21	625
22	300

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1585/2000**of 19 July 2000****determining the extent to which applications lodged in July 2000 for import licences for certain pigmeat products under the regime provided for by the Agreements concluded by the Community with the Republic of Poland, the Republic of Hungary, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Bulgaria and Romania can be accepted**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1898/97 of 29 September 1997 laying down detailed rules for the application in the pigmeat sector of the arrangements provided for by Council Regulation (EC) No 3066/95 and repealing Regulations (EEC) No 2698/93 and (EC) No 1590/94 ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EC) No 618/98 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 4(5) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The applications for import licences lodged for the third quarter of 2000 are for quantities less than the quantities available and can therefore be met in full.
- (2) The surplus to be added to the quantity available for the following period should be determined.
- (3) It is appropriate to draw the attention of operators to the fact that licences may only be used for products

which comply with all veterinary rules currently in force in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Applications for import licences for the period 1 July to 30 September 2000 submitted pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1898/97 shall be met as referred to in Annex I.
2. During the first 10 days of the period 1 October to 31 December 2000 applications may be lodged pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1898/97 for import licences for a total quantity as referred to in Annex II.
3. Licences may only be used for products which comply with all veterinary rules currently in force in the Community.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission
Franz FISCHLER
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 267, 30.9.1997, p. 58.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 82, 19.3.1998, p. 35.

ANNEX I

Group No	Percentage of acceptance of import licences submitted for the period 1 July to 30 September 2000
1	100,0
2	100,0
3	100,0
4	100,0
H1	100,0
H2	100,0
5	100,0
6	100,0
7	100,0
8	100,0
9	100,0
10/11	100,0
12/13	100,0
14	100,0
15	100,0
16	100,0
17	100,0

ANNEX II

(t)

Group No	Total quantity available for the period 1 October to 31 December 2000
1	3 289,5
2	289,5
3	990,0
4	13 981,2
H1	1 200,0
H2	250,0
5	1 875,0
6	1 297,0
7	5 190,5
8	875,0
9	6 375,0
10/11	3 282,5
12/13	1 437,5
14	187,5
15	562,5
16	1 062,5
17	7 812,5

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1586/2000
of 19 July 2000**

**laying down to what extent applications for issue of export licences submitted during July 2000 for
beef products which may benefit from special import treatment in a third country may be accepted**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1445/95 of 26 June 1995 on rules of application for import and export licences in the beef sector and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 2377/80 ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2648/98 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12(8) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 1445/95 lays down, in Article 12, detailed rules for export licence applications for the products referred to in Article 1 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2973/79 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3434/87 ⁽⁴⁾;
- (2) Regulation (EEC) No 2973/79 fixed the quantities of meat which might be exported on special terms for the third quarter of 2000. No applications were submitted for export licences for beef,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

No applications for export licences were lodged for the beef referred to in Regulation (EEC) No 2973/79 for the third quarter of 2000.

Article 2

Applications for licences in respect of the meat referred to in Article 1 may be lodged in accordance with Article 12 of Regulation (EC) No 1445/95 during the first 10 days of the fourth quarter of 2000 the total quantity available being 5 000 t.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 143, 27.6.1995, p. 35.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 335, 10.12.1998, p. 39.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 336, 29.12.1979, p. 44.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 327, 18.11.1987, p. 7.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1587/2000
of 19 July 2000
fixing the import duties in the rice sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 3072/95 of 22 December 1995 on the common organisation of the market in rice ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2072/98 ⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1503/96 of 29 July 1996 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 3072/95 as regards import duties in the rice sector ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 2831/98 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 4(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 3072/95 provides that the rates of duty in the Common Customs Tariff are to be charged on import of the products referred to in Article 1 of that Regulation; whereas, however, in the case of the products referred to in paragraph 2 of that Article, the import duty is to be equal to the intervention price valid for such products on importation and increased by a certain percentage according to whether it is husked or milled rice, minus the cif import price provided that duty does not exceed the rate of the Common Customs Tariff duties.
- (2) Pursuant to Article 12(3) of Regulation (EC) No 3072/95, the cif import prices are calculated on the basis of the representative prices for the product in question on the world market or on the Community import market for the product.

- (3) Regulation (EC) No 1503/96 lays down detailed rules for the application of Regulation (EC) No 3072/95 as regards import duties in the rice sector.
- (4) The import duties are applicable until new duties are fixed and enter into force; whereas they also remain in force in cases where no quotation is available from the source referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1503/96 during the two weeks preceding the next periodical fixing.
- (5) In order to allow the import duty system to function normally, the market rates recorded during a reference period should be used for calculating the duties.
- (6) Application of Regulation (EC) No 1503/96 results in import duties being fixed as set out in the Annexes to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import duties in the rice sector referred to in Article 11(1) and (2) of Regulation (EC) No 3072/95 shall be those fixed in Annex I to this Regulation on the basis of the information given in Annex II.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 329, 30.12.1995, p. 18.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 265, 30.9.1998, p. 4.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 189, 30.7.1996, p. 71.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 351, 29.12.1998, p. 25.

ANNEX I

Import duties on rice and broken rice

(EUR/t)

CN code	Duties (€)				
	Third countries (except ACP and Bangladesh) (1)	ACP (1) (2) (3)	Bangladesh (4)	Basmati India and Pakistan (5)	Egypt (6)
1006 10 21	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 23	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 25	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 27	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 92	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 94	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 96	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 10 98	(7)	69,51	101,16		158,25
1006 20 11	158,96	51,30	75,14		119,22
1006 20 13	158,96	51,30	75,14		119,22
1006 20 15	158,96	51,30	75,14		119,22
1006 20 17	245,92	81,73	118,62	0,00	184,44
1006 20 92	158,96	51,30	75,14		119,22
1006 20 94	158,96	51,30	75,14		119,22
1006 20 96	158,96	51,30	75,14		119,22
1006 20 98	245,92	81,73	118,62	0,00	184,44
1006 30 21	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 23	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 25	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 27	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 42	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 44	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 46	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 48	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 61	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 63	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 65	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 67	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 92	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 94	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 96	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 30 98	(7)	133,21	193,09		312,00
1006 40 00	(7)	41,18	(7)		96,00

(1) The duty on imports of rice originating in the ACP States is applicable, under the arrangements laid down in Council Regulation (EC) No 1706/98 (OJ L 215, 1.8.1998, p. 12) and amended Commission Regulation (EC) No 2603/97 (OJ L 351, 23.12.1997, p. 22).

(2) In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1706/98, the duties are not applied to products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States and imported directly into the overseas department of Réunion.

(3) The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Réunion is specified in Article 11(3) of Regulation (EC) No 3072/95.

(4) The duty on imports of rice not including broken rice (CN code 1006 40 00), originating in Bangladesh is applicable under the arrangements laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3491/90 (OJ L 337, 4.12.1990, p. 1) and amended Commission Regulation (EEC) No 862/91 (OJ L 88, 9.4.1991, p. 7).

(5) No import duty applies to products originating in the OCT pursuant to Article 101(1) of amended Council Decision 91/482/EEC (OJ L 263, 19.9.1991, p. 1).

(6) For husked rice of the Basmati variety originating in India and Pakistan, a reduction of EUR/t 250 applies (Article 4a of amended Regulation (EC) No 1503/96).

(7) Duties fixed in the Common Customs Tariff.

(8) The duty on imports of rice originating in and coming from Egypt is applicable under the arrangements laid down in Council Regulation (EC) No 2184/96 (OJ L 292, 15.11.1996, p. 1) and Commission Regulation (EC) No 196/97 (OJ L 31, 1.2.1997, p. 53).

ANNEX II

Calculation of import duties for rice

	Paddy	Indica rice		Japonica rice		Broken rice
		Husked	Milled	Husked	Milled	
1. Import duty (EUR/tonne)	(¹)	245,92	416,00	158,96	416,00	(¹)
2. Elements of calculation:						
(a) Arag cif price (EUR/tonne)	—	305,51	269,30	416,98	314,93	—
(b) fob price (EUR/tonne)	—	—	—	384,90	282,85	—
(c) Sea freight (EUR/tonne)	—	—	—	32,08	32,08	—
(d) Source	—	USDA	USDA	Operators	Operators	—

(¹) Duties fixed in the Common Customs Tariff.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1588/2000
of 19 July 2000
amending the rates of the refunds applicable to certain products from the sugar sector exported in
the form of goods not covered by Annex I to the Treaty

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 of 13 September 1999 on the common organisation of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1527/2000 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 18(5)(a) and (15) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The rates of the refunds applicable from 1 July 2000 to the products listed in the Annex, exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex I to the Treaty, were fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1428/2000 ⁽³⁾.

- (2) It follows from applying the rules and criteria contained in Regulation (EC) No 1428/2000 to the information at present available to the Commission that the export refunds at present applicable should be altered as shown in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The rates of refund fixed by Regulation (EC) No 1428/2000 are hereby altered as shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Erkki LIIKANEN

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 252, 25.9.1999, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 175, 14.7.2000, p. 59.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 161, 1.7.2000, p. 47.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 2000 amending the rates of the refunds applicable to certain products in the sugar sector exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex I to the Treaty

Product	Rate of refund in EUR/100 kg	
	In case of advance fixing of refunds	Other
White sugar	38,11	38,11

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1589/2000

of 19 July 2000

determining the percentage of quantities which may be allowed in respect of import licence applications lodged in July 2000 under tariff quotas for beef and veal provided for in Regulation (EC) No 1279/98 for the Republic of Poland, the Republic of Hungary, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Bulgaria and Romania

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

period running from 1 October to 31 December 2000 should accordingly be determined,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1279/98 of 19 June 1998, laying down rules for the application of the tariff quotas for beef and veal provided for by Council Regulation (EC) No 3066/95 for the Republic of Poland, the Republic of Hungary, the Czech Republic, the Slovak Republic, the Republic of Bulgaria and Romania ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4(4) thereof,

Article 1

1. The following percentages of quantities covered by import licence applications submitted in respect of the period 1 July to 30 September 2000 under the quotas referred to in Regulation (EC) No 1279/98 may be allowed:

Whereas:

(a) 100 % of quantities covered by applications in respect of products falling within CN codes 0201 and 0202 originating in Hungary, the Czech Republic and Romania;

(1) Articles 1 and 2 of Regulation (EC) No 1279/98 fix the quantities of fresh, chilled or frozen beef and veal originating in Poland, Hungary, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Romania and Bulgaria, and, in the case of Poland, the equivalent of the quantity of meat expressed as weight of processed products which may be imported on special terms in respect of the period 1 July to 30 September 2000. The quantities of fresh, chilled or frozen beef and veal originating in Hungary, the Czech Republic and Romania covered by import licence applications submitted are such that applications may be accepted in full. However, quantities covered by applications in respect of beef and veal and processed products originating in Poland must be reduced proportionately in accordance with Article 4(4) of that Regulation.

(b) 0,3998 % of quantities covered by applications in respect of products falling within CN codes 0201, 0202, 1602 50 31 and 1602 50 39 originating in Poland.

2. The quantities available for the period referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 1279/98 running from 1 October to 31 December 2000 shall amount to:

(a) beef and veal falling within CN codes 0201 and 0202:

- 3 262,50 t for meat originating in Hungary,
- 1 650 t for meat originating in the Czech Republic,
- 875 t for meat originating in Slovakia,
- 125 t for meat originating in Bulgaria,
- 912,50 t for meat originating in Romania;

(2) Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 1279/98 states that if for the quota period the quantities for which applications for import licences have been submitted for the first, second or third period specified in the preceding subparagraph are less than the quantities available, the remaining quantities are to be added to the quantities in respect of the following period. Taking into account the quantities remaining from the first period, the quantities available for the six countries concerned for the second

(b) 3 000 t for beef and veal falling within CN codes 0201 and 0202 originating in Poland, or 1 401,869 t for processed products falling within CN codes 1602 50 31 and 1602 50 39 originating in Poland.

Article 2

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 176, 20.6.1998, p. 12.

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission
Franz FISCHLER
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1590/2000
of 19 July 2000
amending the export refunds on syrups and certain other sugar sector products exported in the natural state

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999 of 13 September 1999 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1527/2000 ⁽²⁾, and in particular the third indent of Article 18(5) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The refunds on syrups and certain other sugar products were fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1412/2000 ⁽³⁾;
- (2) It follows from applying the rules, criteria and other provisions contained in Regulation (EC) No 1412/2000 to the information at present available to the Commis-

sion that the export refunds at present in force should be altered as shown in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The refunds to be granted on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d), (f) and (g) of Regulation (EC) No 2038/1999, exported in the natural state, as fixed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1412/2000 are hereby altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 20 July 2000.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 July 2000.

For the Commission

Franz FISCHLER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 252, 25.9.1999, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 175, 14.7.2000, p. 59.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 161, 1.7.2000, p. 24.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 19 July 2000 altering the export refunds on syrups and certain other sugar products exported in the natural state

Product code	Amount of refund
	— EUR/100 kg dry matter —
1702 40 10 9100	38,109 ⁽²⁾
1702 60 10 9000	38,109 ⁽²⁾
1702 60 80 9100	72,41 ⁽⁴⁾
	— EUR/1 % sucrose × 100 kg —
1702 60 95 9000	0,3811 ⁽¹⁾
	— EUR/100 kg dry matter —
1702 90 30 9000	38,109 ⁽²⁾
	— EUR/1 % sucrose × 100 kg —
1702 90 60 9000	0,3811 ⁽¹⁾
1702 90 71 9000	0,3811 ⁽¹⁾
1702 90 99 9900	0,3811 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽³⁾
	— EUR/100 kg dry matter —
2106 90 30 9000	38,109 ⁽²⁾
	— EUR/1 % sucrose × 100 kg —
2106 90 59 9000	0,3811 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ The basic amount is not applicable to syrups which are less than 85 % pure (Regulation (EC) No 2135/95). Sucrose content is determined in accordance with Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 2135/95.

⁽²⁾ Applicable only to products referred to in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 2135/95.

⁽³⁾ The basic amount is not applicable to the product defined under point 2 of the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3513/92 (OJ L 355, 5.12.1992, p. 12).

⁽⁴⁾ Applicable only to products defined under Article 6 of Regulation (EC) No 2135/95.

NB: The product codes and the footnotes are defined in amended Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3846/87 (OJ L 366, 24.12.1987, p. 1).

**DIRECTIVE 2000/26/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
of 16 May 2000**

**on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to insurance against civil liability
in respect of the use of motor vehicles and amending Council Directives 73/239/EEC and
88/357/EEC**

(Fourth motor insurance Directive)

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Articles 47(2) and 95 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee ⁽²⁾,

Acting in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 251 of the Treaty ⁽³⁾, in the light of the joint text approved by the Conciliation Committee on 7 April 2000,

Whereas:

- (1) At present, differences exist between provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in the Member States relating to insurance against civil liability in respect of the use of motor vehicles and those differences constitute an obstacle to the free movement of persons and of insurance services.
- (2) It is therefore necessary to approximate those provisions in order to promote the sound functioning of the single market.
- (3) By Directive 72/166/EEC ⁽⁴⁾, the Council adopted provisions on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to insurance against civil liability in respect of the use of motor vehicles, and to the enforcement of the obligation to insure against such liability.
- (4) By Directive 88/357/EEC ⁽⁵⁾, the Council adopted provisions on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to direct insurance other than life assurance and laying down provisions to facilitate the effective exercise of freedom to provide services.
- (5) The green card bureau system ensures the ready settlement of claims in the injured party's own country even where the other party comes from a different European country.
- (6) The green card bureau system does not solve all problems of an injured party having to claim in another country against a party resident there and an insurance undertaking authorised there (foreign legal system, foreign language, unfamiliar settlement procedures and often unreasonably delayed settlement).

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 343, 13.11.1997, p. 11 and OJ C 171, 18.6.1999, p. 4.

⁽²⁾ OJ C 157, 25.5.1998, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ Opinion of the European Parliament of 16 July 1998 (OJ C 292, 21.9.1998, p. 123), confirmed on 27 October 1999, Council Common Position of 21 May 1999 (OJ C 232, 13.8.1999, p. 8) and Decision of the European Parliament of 15 December 1999 (not yet published in the Official Journal). Decision of the Council of 2 May 2000 (not yet published in the Official Journal) and Decision of the European Parliament of 16 May 2000.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 103, 2.5.1972, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Directive 84/5/EEC (OJ L 8, 11.1.1984, p. 17).

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 172, 4.7.1988, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Directive 92/49/EEC (OJ L 228, 11.8.1992, p. 1).

- (7) By its Resolution of 26 October 1995 on the settlement of claims arising from traffic accidents occurring outside the claimant's country of origin ⁽¹⁾, the European Parliament, acting under the second paragraph of Article 192 of the Treaty, called on the Commission to submit a proposal for a European Parliament and Council Directive to solve these problems.
- (8) It is in fact appropriate to supplement the arrangements established by Directives 72/166/EEC, 84/5/EEC ⁽²⁾ and 90/232/EEC ⁽³⁾ in order to guarantee injured parties suffering loss or injury as a result of a motor vehicle accident comparable treatment irrespective of where in the Community accidents occur; for accidents falling within the scope of this Directive occurring in a State other than that of the injured party's residence, there are gaps with regard to the settlement of injured parties' claims.
- (9) The application of this Directive to accidents occurring in third countries covered by the green card system, affecting injured parties resident in the Community and involving vehicles insured and normally based in a Member State does not imply an extension of the compulsory territorial coverage of motor insurance as provided for in Article 3(2) of Directive 72/166/EEC.
- (10) This entails giving the injured party a direct right of action against the insurance undertaking of the responsible party.
- (11) One satisfactory solution might be for injured parties suffering loss or injury as a result of a motor vehicle accident falling within the scope of this Directive and occurring in a State other than that of their residence to be entitled to claim in their Member State of residence against a claims representative appointed there by the insurance undertaking of the responsible party.
- (12) This solution would enable damage suffered by injured parties outside their Member State of residence to be dealt with by procedures familiar to them.
- (13) This system of having claims representatives in the injured party's Member State of residence affects neither the substantive law to be applied in each individual case nor the matter of jurisdiction.
- (14) The existence of a direct right of action against the insurance undertaking for the party who has suffered loss or injury is a logical supplement to the appointment of such representatives and moreover improves the legal position of injured parties of motor vehicle accidents occurring outside that party's Member State of residence.
- (15) In order to fill the gaps in question, it should be provided that the Member State where the insurance undertaking is authorised should require the undertaking to appoint claims representatives resident or established in the other Member States to collect all necessary information in relation to claims resulting from such accidents and to take appropriate action to settle the claims on behalf and for the account of the insurance undertaking, including the payment of compensation therefor; claims representatives should have sufficient powers to represent the insurance undertaking in relation to persons suffering damage from such accidents, and also to represent the insurance undertaking before national authorities including, where necessary, before the courts, in so far as this is compatible with the rules of private international law on the conferral of jurisdiction.
- (16) The activities of the claims representative are not sufficient in order to confer jurisdiction on the courts in the injured party's Member State of residence if the rules of private international law on the conferral of jurisdiction do not so provide.

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 308, 20.11.1995, p. 108.

⁽²⁾ Second Council Directive (84/5/EEC) of 30 December 1983 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to insurance against civil liability in respect of the use of motor vehicles (OJ L 8, 11.1.1984, p. 17). Directive as last amended by Directive 90/232/EEC (OJ L 129, 19.5.1990, p. 33).

⁽³⁾ Third Council Directive (90/232/EEC) of 14 May 1990 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to insurance against civil liability in respect of the use of motor vehicles (OJ L 129, 19.5.1990, p. 33).

- (17) The appointment of representatives responsible for settling claims should be one of the conditions for access to and carrying on the activity of insurance listed in class 10 of point A of the Annex to Directive 73/239/EEC⁽¹⁾, except for carriers' liability; that condition should therefore be covered by the single official authorisation issued by the authorities of the Member State where the insurance undertaking establishes its head office, as specified in Title II of Directive 92/49/EEC⁽²⁾; that condition should also apply to insurance undertakings having their head office outside the Community which have secured an authorisation granting them access to the activity of insurance in a Member State of the Community; Directive 73/239/EEC should be amended and supplemented accordingly.
- (18) In addition to ensuring that the insurance undertaking has a representative in the State where the injured party resides, it is appropriate to guarantee the specific right of the injured party to have the claim settled promptly; it is therefore necessary to include in national law appropriate effective and systematic financial or equivalent administrative penalties — such as injunctions combined with administrative fines, reporting to supervisory authorities on a regular basis, on-the-spot checks, publications in the national official journal and in the press, suspension of the activities of the company (prohibition on the conclusion of new contracts for a certain period), designation of a special representative of the supervisory authorities responsible for monitoring that the business is run in line with insurance laws, withdrawal of the authorisation for this business line, sanctions to be imposed on directors and management staff — in the event that the insurance undertaking or its representative fails to fulfil its obligation to make an offer of compensation within a reasonable time-limit; this should not prejudice the application of any other measure — especially under supervisory law — which may be considered appropriate; however, it is a condition that liability and the damage and injury sustained should not be in dispute, so that the insurance undertaking is able to make a reasoned offer within the prescribed time-limit; the reasoned offer of compensation should be in writing and contain the grounds on the basis of which liability and damages have been assessed.
- (19) In addition to those sanctions, it is appropriate to provide that interest should be payable on the amount of compensation offered by the insurance undertaking or awarded by the court to the injured party when the offer has not been made within the said prescribed time-limit; if Member States have existing national rules which cover the requirement for late-payment interest this provision could be implemented by a reference to those rules.
- (20) Injured parties suffering loss or injury as a result of motor vehicle accidents sometimes have difficulty in establishing the name of the insurance undertaking providing insurance against civil liability in respect of the use of motor vehicles involved in an accident.
- (21) In the interest of such injured parties, Member States should set up information centres to ensure that such information is made available promptly; those information centres should also make available to injured parties information concerning claims representatives; it is necessary that such centres should cooperate with each other and respond rapidly to requests for information about claims representatives made by centres in other Member States; it seems appropriate that such centres should collect information about the actual termination date of the insurance cover but not about the expiry of the original validity of the policy if the duration of the contract is extended owing to non-cancellation.
- (22) Specific provision should be made with respect to vehicles (for example, government or military vehicles) which fall under the exemptions from the obligation to be insured against civil liability.
- (23) The injured party may have a legitimate interest in being informed about the identity of the owner or usual driver or the registered keeper of the vehicle, for example if he can obtain compensation only from these persons because the vehicle is not duly insured or the damage exceeds the sum insured, this information should also be provided accordingly.

⁽¹⁾ First Council Directive (73/239/EEC) of 24 July 1973 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the taking-up and pursuit of the business of direct insurance other than life assurance (OJ L 228, 16.8.1973, p. 3). Directive as last amended by Directive 95/26/EC (OJ L 168, 18.7.1995, p. 7).

⁽²⁾ Council Directive (92/49/EEC) of 18 June 1992 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to direct insurance other than life assurance and amending Directives 73/239/EEC and 88/357/EEC (third non-life insurance Directive) (OJ L 228, 11.8.1992, p. 1). Directive as amended by Directive 95/26/EC (OJ L 168, 18.7.1995, p. 7).

- (24) Certain information provided, such as the name and address of the owner or usual driver of the vehicle and the number of the insurance policy or the registration number of the vehicle, constitutes personal data within the meaning of Directive 95/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 October 1995 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data⁽¹⁾; the processing of such data which is required for the purposes of this Directive must therefore comply with the national measures taken pursuant to Directive 95/46/EC; the name and address of the usual driver should be communicated only if national legislation provides for such communication.
- (25) It is necessary to make provision for a compensation body to which the injured party may apply where the insurance undertaking has failed to appoint a representative or is manifestly dilatory in settling a claim or where the insurance undertaking cannot be identified to guarantee that the injured party will not remain without the compensation to which he is entitled; the intervention of the compensation body should be limited to rare individual cases where the insurance undertaking has failed to comply with its duties in spite of the dissuasive effect of the potential imposition of penalties.
- (26) The role played by the compensation body is that of settling the claim in respect of any loss or injury suffered by the injured party only in cases which are capable of objective determination and therefore the compensation body must limit its activity to verifying that an offer of compensation has been made in accordance with the time-limits and procedures laid down, without any assessment of the merits.
- (27) Legal persons who are subrogated by law to the injured party in his claims against the person responsible for the accident or the latter's insurance undertaking (such as, for example, other insurance undertakings or social security bodies) should not be entitled to present the corresponding claim to the compensation body.
- (28) The compensation body should have a right of subrogation in so far as it has compensated the injured party; in order to facilitate enforcing the compensation body's claim against the insurance undertaking where it has failed to appoint a claims representative or is manifestly dilatory in settling a claim, the body providing compensation in the injured party's State should enjoy an automatic right of reimbursement with subrogation to the rights of the injured party on the part of the corresponding body in the State where the insurance undertaking is established; the latter body is the best placed to institute proceedings for recourse against the insurance undertaking.
- (29) Even though Member States may provide that the claim against the compensation body may be subsidiary, the injured person should not be obliged to present his claim to the person responsible for the accident before presenting it to the compensation body; in this case the injured party should be in at least the same position as in the case of a claim against the guarantee fund under Article 1(4) of Directive 84/5/EEC.
- (30) This system can be made to function by means of an agreement between the compensation bodies established or approved by the Member States defining their functions and obligations and the procedures for reimbursement.
- (31) Where it is impossible to identify the insurer of the vehicle, provision should be made so that the ultimate debtor in respect of the damages to be paid to the injured party is the guarantee fund provided for in Article 1(4) of Directive 84/5/EEC situated in the Member State where the non-insured vehicle, the use of which has caused the accident, is normally based; where it is impossible to identify the vehicle, provision must be made so that the ultimate debtor is the guarantee fund provided for in Article 1(4) of Directive 84/5/EEC situated in the Member State in which the accident occurred,

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 281, 23.11.1995, p. 31.

HAVE ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

Scope

1. The objective of this Directive is to lay down special provisions applicable to injured parties entitled to compensation in respect of any loss or injury resulting from accidents occurring in a Member State other than the Member State of residence of the injured party which are caused by the use of vehicles insured and normally based in a Member State.

Without prejudice to the legislation of third countries on civil liability and private international law, this Directive shall also apply to injured parties resident in a Member State and entitled to compensation in respect of any loss or injury resulting from accidents occurring in third countries whose national insurer's bureaux as defined in Article 1(3) of Directive 72/166/EEC have joined the Green Card system whenever such accidents are caused by the use of vehicles insured and normally based in a Member State.

2. Articles 4 and 6 shall apply only in the case of accidents caused by the use of a vehicle

(a) insured through an establishment in a Member State other than the State of residence of the injured party, and

(b) normally based in a Member State other than the State of residence of the injured party.

3. Article 7 shall also apply to accidents caused by third-country vehicles covered by Articles 6 and 7 of Directive 72/166/EEC.

Article 2

Definitions

For the purpose of this Directive:

(a) 'insurance undertaking' means an undertaking which has received its official authorisation in accordance with Article 6 or Article 23(2) of Directive 73/239/EEC;

(b) 'establishment' means the head office, agency or branch of an insurance undertaking as defined in Article 2(c) of Directive 88/357/EEC;

(c) 'vehicle' means a vehicle as defined in Article 1(1) of Directive 72/166/EEC;

(d) 'injured party' means an injured party as defined in Article 1(2) of Directive 72/166/EEC;

(e) 'the Member State in which the vehicle is normally based' means the territory in which the vehicle is normally based as defined in Article 1(4) of Directive 72/166/EEC.

Article 3

Direct right of action

Each Member State shall ensure that injured parties referred to in Article 1 in accidents within the meaning of that provision enjoy a direct right of action against the insurance undertaking covering the responsible person against civil liability.

Article 4

Claims representatives

1. Each Member State shall take all measures necessary to ensure that all insurance undertakings covering the risks classified in class 10 of point A of the Annex to Directive 73/239/EEC, other than carrier's liability, appoint a claims representative in each Member State other than that in which they have received their official authorisation. The claims representative shall be responsible for handling and settling claims arising from an accident in the cases referred to in Article 1. The claims representative shall be resident or established in the Member State where he is appointed.

2. The choice of its claims representative shall be at the discretion of the insurance undertaking. The Member States may not restrict this choice.
3. The claims representative may work for one or more insurance undertakings.
4. The claims representative shall, in relation to such claims, collect all information necessary in connection with the settlement of the claims and shall take the measures necessary to negotiate a settlement of claims. The requirement of appointing a claims representative shall not preclude the right of the injured party or his insurance undertaking to institute proceedings directly against the person who caused the accident or his insurance undertaking.
5. Claims representatives shall possess sufficient powers to represent the insurance undertaking in relation to injured parties in the cases referred to in Article 1 and to meet their claims in full. They must be capable of examining cases in the official language(s) of the Member State of residence of the injured party.
6. The Member States shall create a duty, backed by appropriate, effective and systematic financial or equivalent administrative penalties, to the effect that, within three months of the date when the injured party presented his claim for compensation either directly to the insurance undertaking of the person who caused the accident or to its claims representative,
 - (a) the insurance undertaking of the person who caused the accident or his claims representative is required to make a reasoned offer of compensation in cases where liability is not contested and the damages have been quantified, or
 - (b) the insurance undertaking to whom the claim for compensation has been addressed or his claims representative is required to provide a reasoned reply to the points made in the claim in cases where liability is denied or has not been clearly determined or the damages have not been fully quantified.

Member States shall adopt provisions to ensure that where the offer is not made within the three-month time-limit, interest shall be payable on the amount of compensation offered by the insurance undertaking or awarded by the court to the injured party.

7. The Commission shall report to the European Parliament and Council on the implementation of paragraph 4, first subparagraph, and on the effectiveness of that provision as well as on the equivalence of national penalty provisions before 20 January 2006 and shall submit proposals if necessary.
8. The appointment of a claims representative shall not in itself constitute the opening of a branch within the meaning of Article 1(b) of Directive 92/49/EEC and the claims representative shall not be considered an establishment within the meaning of Article 2(c) of Directive 88/357/EEC or an establishment within the meaning of the Brussels Convention of 27 September 1968 on jurisdiction and the enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters⁽¹⁾.

Article 5

Information centres

1. For the purposes of allowing the injured party to seek compensation, each Member State shall establish or approve an information centre responsible:
 - (a) for keeping a register containing the following information:
 1. the registration numbers of motor vehicles normally based in the territory of the State in question;
 2. (i) the numbers of the insurance policies covering the use of those vehicles for the risks classified in class 10 of point A of the Annex to Directive 73/239/EEC, other than carrier's liability, and where the period of validity of the policy has expired, also the date of termination of the insurance cover;
 - (ii) the number of the green card or frontier insurance policy if the vehicle is covered by one of those documents in case the vehicle benefits from the derogation provided for in Article 4(b) of Directive 72/166/EEC;

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 27, 26.1.1998, p. 1 (consolidated version).

3. insurance undertakings covering the use of vehicles for the risks classified in class 10 of point A of the Annex to Directive 73/239/EEC, other than carrier's liability, and claims representatives appointed by such insurance undertakings in accordance with Article 4 whose names shall be notified to the information centre in accordance with paragraph 2 of this Article;
 4. the list of vehicles which, in each Member State, benefit from the derogation from the requirement for civil liability insurance cover in accordance with Article 4(a) and (b) of Directive 72/166/EEC;
 5. regarding the vehicles provided for in point (4):
 - (i) the name of the authority or the body designated in accordance with the second subparagraph of Article 4(a) of Directive 72/166/EEC as responsible for compensating injured parties in the cases where the procedure provided for in the first indent of Article 2(2) of Directive 72/166/EEC is not applicable, if the vehicle benefits from the derogation provided for in Article 4(a) of Directive 72/166/EEC;
 - (ii) the name of the body covering the vehicle in the Member State where it is normally based if the vehicle benefits from the derogation provided for in Article 4(b) of Directive 72/166/EEC;
- (b) or for coordinating the compilation and dissemination of that information;
- (c) and for assisting entitled persons to be apprised of the information mentioned in points (a)(1), (2), (3), (4) and (5).

The information under points (a)(1), (2) and (3) must be preserved for a period of seven years after the termination of the registration of the vehicle or the termination of the insurance contract.

2. Insurance undertakings referred to in paragraph 1(a)(3) shall notify to the information centres of all Member States the name and address of the claims representative which they have appointed in accordance with Article 4 in each of the Member States.

3. The Member States shall ensure that the injured party is entitled for a period of seven years after the accident to obtain without delay from the information centre of the Member State where he resides, the Member State where the vehicle is normally based or the Member State where the accident occurred the following information:

- (a) the name and address of the insurance undertaking;
- (b) the number of the insurance policy; and
- (c) the name and address of the insurance undertaking's claims representative in the State of residence of the injured party.

Information centres shall cooperate with each other.

4. The information centre shall provide the injured party with the name and address of the owner or usual driver or the registered keeper of the vehicle if the injured party has a legitimate interest in obtaining this information. For the purposes of this provision, the information centre shall address itself in particular:

- (a) to the insurance undertaking, or
- (b) to the vehicle registration agency.

If the vehicle benefits from the derogation provided for in Article 4(a) of Directive 72/166/EEC, the information centre shall inform the injured party of the name of the authority or body designated in accordance with the second subparagraph of Article 4(a) of that Directive as responsible for compensating injured parties in cases where the procedure provided for in the first indent of Article 2(2) of that Directive is not applicable.

If the vehicle benefits from the derogation provided for in Article 4(b) of Directive 72/166/EEC, the information centre shall inform the injured party of the name of the body covering the vehicle in the country where it is normally based.

5. The processing of personal data resulting from the previous paragraphs must be carried out in accordance with national measures taken pursuant to Directive 95/46/EC.

Article 6

Compensation bodies

1. Each Member State shall establish or approve a compensation body responsible for providing compensation to injured parties in the cases referred to in Article 1.

Such injured parties may present a claim to the compensation body in their Member State of residence:

- (a) if, within three months of the date when the injured party presented his claim for compensation to the insurance undertaking of the vehicle the use of which caused the accident or to its claims representative, the insurance undertaking or its claims representative has not provided a reasoned reply to the points made in the claim; or
- (b) if the insurance undertaking has failed to appoint a claims representative in the State of residence of the injured party in accordance with Article 4(1). In this case, injured parties may not present a claim to the compensation body if they have presented a claim for compensation directly to the insurance undertaking of the vehicle the use of which caused the accident and if they have received a reasoned reply within three months of presenting the claim.

Injured parties may not however present a claim to the compensation body if they have taken legal action directly against the insurance undertaking.

The compensation body shall take action within two months of the date when the injured party presents a claim for compensation to it but shall terminate its action if the insurance undertaking, or its claims representative, subsequently makes a reasoned reply to the claim.

The compensation body shall immediately inform:

- (a) the insurance undertaking of the vehicle the use of which caused the accident or the claims representative;
- (b) the compensation body in the Member State of the insurance undertaking's establishment which issued the policy;
- (c) if known, the person who caused the accident,

that it has received a claim from the injured party and that it will respond to that claim within two months of the presentation of that claim.

This provision shall be without prejudice to the right of the Member States to regard compensation by that body as subsidiary or non-subsidiary and the right to make provision for the settlement of claims between that body and the person or persons who caused the accident and other insurance undertakings or social security bodies required to compensate the injured party in respect of the same accident. However, Member States may not allow the body to make the payment of compensation subject to any conditions other than those laid down in this Directive, in particular the injured party's establishing in any way that the person liable is unable or refuses to pay.

2. The compensation body which has compensated the injured party in his Member State of residence shall be entitled to claim reimbursement of the sum paid by way of compensation from the compensation body in the Member State of the insurance undertaking's establishment which issued the policy.

The latter body shall then be subrogated to the injured party in his rights against the person who caused the accident or his insurance undertaking in so far as the compensation body in the Member State of residence of the injured party has provided compensation for the loss or injury suffered. Each Member State is obliged to acknowledge this subrogation as provided for by any other Member State.

3. This Article shall take effect:

- (a) after an agreement has been concluded between the compensation bodies established or approved by the Member States relating to their functions and obligations and the procedures for reimbursement;
- (b) from the date fixed by the Commission upon its having ascertained in close cooperation with the Member States that such an agreement has been concluded.

The Commission shall report to the European Parliament and the Council on the implementation of this Article and on its effectiveness before 20 July 2005 and shall submit proposals if necessary.

Article 7

If it is impossible to identify the vehicle or if, within two months following the accident, it is impossible to identify the insurance undertaking, the injured party may apply for compensation from the compensation body in the Member State where he resides. The compensation shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of Article 1 of Directive 84/5/EEC. The compensation body shall then have a claim, on the conditions laid down in Article 6(2) of this Directive:

- (a) where the insurance undertaking cannot be identified: against the guarantee fund provided for in Article 1(4) of Directive 84/5/EEC in the Member State where the vehicle is normally based;
- (b) in the case of an unidentified vehicle: against the guarantee fund in the Member State in which the accident took place;
- (c) in the case of third-country vehicles: against the guarantee fund of the Member State in which the accident took place.

Article 8

Directive 73/239/EEC shall be amended as follows:

- (a) In Article 8(1) the following point shall be added:
'(f) communicate the name and address of the claims representative appointed in each Member State other than the Member State in which the authorisation is sought if the risks to be covered are classified in class 10 of point A of the Annex, other than carrier's liability.'
- (b) In Article 23(2) the following point shall be added:
'(h) communicate the name and address of the claims representative appointed in each Member State other than the Member State in which the authorisation is sought if the risks to be covered are classified in class 10 of point A of the Annex, other than carrier's liability.'

Article 9

Directive 88/357/EEC shall be amended as follows:

In Article 12a(4) the following subparagraph shall be added:

'If the insurance undertaking has failed to appoint a representative, Member States may give their approval to the claims representative appointed in accordance with Article 4 of Directive 2000/26/EC (*) assuming the function of the representative appointed according to this paragraph.'

(*) Directive 2000/26/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 May 2000 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to insurance against civil liability in respect of the use of motor vehicles and amending Council Directives 73/239/EEC and 88/357/EEC (OJ L 181, 20.7.2000, p. 65).'

Article 10

Implementation

1. Member States shall adopt and publish before 20 July 2002 the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof.

They shall apply these provisions before 20 January 2003.

2. When these measures are adopted by the Member States, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication. The methods of making such a reference shall be laid down by the Member States.

3. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, the Member States shall establish or approve the compensation body in accordance with Article 6(1) before 20 January 2002. If the compensation bodies have not concluded an agreement in accordance with Article 6(3) before 20 July 2002, the Commission shall propose measures designed to ensure that the provisions of Articles 6 and 7 take effect before 20 January 2003.

4. Member States may, in accordance with the Treaty, maintain or bring into force provisions which are more favourable to the injured party than the provisions necessary to comply with this Directive.
5. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of domestic law which they adopt in the field governed by this Directive.

Article 11

Entry into force

This Directive shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Article 12

Penalties

The Member States shall fix penalties for breaches of the national provisions which they adopt in implementation of this Directive and take the steps necessary to secure their application. The penalties shall be effective, proportional and dissuasive. The Member States shall notify these provisions to the Commission not later than 20 July 2002 and any subsequent amendments thereof as soon as possible.

Article 13

Addressees

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 2000.

For the European Parliament

The President

Nicole FONTAINE

For the Council

The President

Manuel CARRILHO

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DECISION

of 10 July 2000

appointing an Austrian member of the Economic and Social Committee

(2000/450/EC, Euratom)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 258 thereof,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Article 166 thereof,

Having regard to the Council Decision 98/545/EC, Euratom of 15 September 1998 appointing the members of the Economic and Social Committee for the period from 21 September 1998 to 20 September 2002 ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas a member's seat on that Committee has fallen vacant following the resignation of Mr Wolfgang Burkhard, of which the Council was informed on 25 February 2000,

Having regard to the nominations submitted by the Austrian Government,

Having obtained the opinion of the European Commission,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Sole Article

Mr Johannes Kleemann is hereby appointed a member of the Economic and Social Committee in place of Mr Wolfgang Burkhard for the remainder of his term of office, which runs until 20 September 2002.

Done at Brussels, 10 July 2000.

For the Council

The President

H. VÉDRINE

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 257, 19.9.1998, p. 37.

COUNCIL DECISION
of 10 July 2000
appointing two United Kingdom alternate members of the Committee of the Regions

(2000/451/EC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 263 thereof,
Having regard to the Council Decision of 26 January 1998 ⁽¹⁾ appointing the members and alternate members of the Committee of the Regions,

Whereas two seats for alternate members of the Committee of the Regions have become vacant following the resignation of Mr John Evans and Mr Eurig Wyn, United Kingdom members, notified to the Council on 23 June 2000;

Having regard to the proposal from the United Kingdom Government,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Sole Article

Mr Jonathan Huish and Ms Margaret Jones are hereby appointed alternate members of the Committee of the Regions in place of Mr John Evans and Mr Eurig Wyn for the remainder of the latter's terms of office, which run until 25 January 2002.

Done at Brussels, 10 July 2000.

For the Council
The President
H. VÉDRINE

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 28, 4.2.1998, p. 19.

COUNCIL DECISION
of 10 July 2000
providing supplementary macrofinancial assistance to Moldova

(2000/452/EC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 308 thereof,

Article 1

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission ⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽²⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) The Commission consulted the Economic and Financial Committee before submitting its proposal.
- (2) Moldova is undertaking fundamental political and economic reforms and is making substantial efforts to establish a market economy.
- (3) Moldova, on the one hand, and the European Communities and their Member States on the other hand, have signed a Partnership and Cooperation Agreement, which entered into force on 1 July 1998.
- (4) The authorities of Moldova have agreed with the IMF on a macroeconomic programme supported by a three-year extended fund facility, approved in May 1996 and have expressed their intention to continue this programme subsequently in the context of a new fund facility.
- (5) The Moldovan authorities have requested financial assistance from the international financial institutions, the Community and other bilateral donors. Over and above the extended financing by the IMF and the World Bank, a substantial residual financing gap remains to be covered in the coming months to strengthen the country's reserve position and support the policy objectives attached to the authorities' reform efforts.
- (6) Moldova has been particularly affected by the Russian financial crisis and is presently facing particularly difficult economic and social circumstances.
- (7) Financial assistance from the Community in the form of a long-term loan with a substantial grace period is an appropriate measure to support the balance of payments and help ease the country's external financial constraints in the current exceptionally difficult circumstances.
- (8) This assistance should be managed by the Commission.
- (9) The Treaty does not provide, for the adoption of this Decision, powers other than those of Article 308,

1. The Community shall make available to Moldova a long-term loan facility of a maximum amount of EUR 15 million with a grace period of five years and a maximum maturity of 10 years, with a view to ensuring a sustainable balance of payments situation.

2. To this end, the Commission is empowered to borrow, on behalf of the European Community, the necessary resources that will be placed at the disposal of Moldova in the form of a loan.

3. This loan will be managed by the Commission in close consultation with the Economic and Financial Committee and in a manner consistent with any agreement reached between the IMF and Moldova.

Article 2

1. The Commission is empowered to agree with the Moldovan authorities, after consulting the Economic and Financial Committee, the economic policy conditions attached to the loan. These conditions shall be consistent with the agreement referred to in Article 1(3).

2. The Commission shall verify at regular intervals, in collaboration with the Economic and Financial Committee, and in coordination with the IMF, that economic policy in Moldova is in accordance with the objectives of this loan and that its conditions are being fulfilled.

Article 3

1. The loan shall be made available to Moldova in two instalments. Subject to Article 2, the first instalment is to be released on the basis of a satisfactory track record on the implementation of an upper credit tranche arrangement agreed with the IMF.

2. Subject to Article 2, the second instalment shall be released on the basis of a satisfactory continuation of Moldova's adjustment and implementation of the macroeconomic programme and not before three months after the release of the first instalment.

3. The funds shall be paid to the National Bank of Moldova.

⁽¹⁾ OJ C 376 E, 28.12.1999, p. 38.

⁽²⁾ Opinion delivered on 4 May 2000 (not yet published in the Official Journal).

Article 4

1. The borrowing and lending operations referred to in Article 1 shall be carried out using the same value date and must not involve the Community in the transformation of maturities, in any exchange or interest rate risk, or any other commercial risk.
2. The Commission shall take the necessary steps, if Moldova so requests, to ensure that an early repayment clause is included in the loan terms and conditions.
3. At the request of Moldova, and when circumstances permit an improvement in the interest rate of the loans, the Commission may refinance all or part of its initial borrowings or restructure the corresponding financial conditions. Refinancing or restructuring operations shall be carried out in accordance with the conditions set out in paragraph 1 and shall not have the effect of extending the average maturity of the borrowing concerned or increasing the amount, expressed at the current exchange rate, of capital outstanding at the date of the refinancing or restructuring.

4. All related costs incurred by the Community in concluding and carrying out the operation shall be borne by Moldova.

5. The Economic and Financial Committee shall be kept informed of the developments in the operations referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3 at least once a year.

Article 5

At least once a year, in principle not later than 15 September, the Commission shall address a report to the European Parliament and to the Council which will include an evaluation of the implementation of this Decision.

Done at Brussels, 10 July 2000.

For the Council
The President
H. VÉDRINE