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(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1227/88

of 3 May 1988

extending the date of validity of Regulation (EEC) No 3/84 introducing arrangements for movement within the Community of goods sent from one Member State for temporary use in one or more other Member States

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3/84 of 19 December 1983 introducing arrangements for movement within the Community of goods sent from one Member State for temporary use in one or more other Member States (1), as supplemented by Regulation (EEC) No 1568/84 (2), and in particular the third subparagraph of Article 16 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 3/84 has been applicable since 1 July 1985; whereas, in accordance with Article 17 of that Regulation, the Commission must submit a report to the Council on the application of the arrangements for movement within the Community based on information supplied by the Member States, before the expiry of a period of three years from the aforementioned date;

Whereas, on the basis of that report, which the Commission presented to the Council on 16 March 1988,

the Commission has expressed to the Council its intention of sending the latter a proposal to extend the facilities granted by Regulation (EEC) No 3/84; whereas it seems appropriate, pending the adoption of that proposal, to extend the period of validity of the said Regulation until 30 June 1989,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 3/84, the third subparagraph is replaced by the following:

'It shall be applicable until 30 June 1989.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 3 May 1988.

For the Council
The President
M. BANGEMANN

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 2, 4. 1. 1984, p. 1. (2) OJ No L 151, 7. 6. 1984, p. 5.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1228/88

of 5 May 1988

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) 1097/88 (2), and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87 (4), and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 4047/87 (5) and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 4 May 1988;

Whereas the aforesaid corrective factor affects the entire calculation basis for the levies, including the equivalence coefficients;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 4047/87 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 May 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 110, 29. 4. 1988.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1. (4) OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

^(*) OJ No L 378, 31. 12. 1987, p. 99.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 May 1988 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)

CNI and	Levies			
CN code	Portugal	Third country		
0709 90 60	16,55	175,90		
0712 90 19	16,55	175,90		
1001 10 10	73,91	253,24 (¹) (⁵)		
1001 10 90	73,91	253,24 (1) (5)		
1001 90 91	11,45	193,48		
1001 90 99	11,45	193,48		
1002 00 00	51,75	168,86 (9)		
1003 00 10	45,43	176,50		
1003 00 90	45,43	176,50		
1004 00 10	101,89	150,53		
1004 00 90	101,89	150,53		
1005 10 90	16,55	175,90 (²) (³)		
1005 90 00	16,55	175,90 (²) (³)		
1007 00 90	40,05	186,05 (*)		
1008 10 00	45,43	102,10		
1008 20 00	45,43	147,98 (4)		
1008 30 00	45,43	64,77 (⁵)		
1008 90 10	(7)	(7)		
1008 90 90	45,43	64,77		
1101 00 00	31,23	285,22		
1102 10 00	87,65	251,61		
1103 11 10	128,41	406,37		
1103 11 90	31,32	305,63		

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries' and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within subheading 1008 90 10 (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1229/88

of 5 May 1988

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1097/88 (2), and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87 (4), and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 4048/87 (5) and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 4 May 1988;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

- 1. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from Portugal shall be zero.
- 2. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 May 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 110, 29. 4. 1988.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1. (4) OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 378, 31. 12. 1987, p. 102.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 May 1988 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

				(ECU/tonne)
CNI	Current	1st period	2nd period	3rd period
CN code	5	6	7	8
0709 90 60	. 0	0	0	0
0712 90 19	0	0	0	0
1001 10 10	0	4,88	4,88	4,88
1001 10 90	. 0	4,88	4,88	4,88
1001 90 91	0	0	0	• 0
1001 90 99	. 0	0	0	0
1002 00 00	0	0	0	0
1003 00 10	0	0	0	0
1003 00 90	. 0	0	. 0	0
1004 00 10	0	0	0	0
1004 00 90	0	0	0	0
1005 10 90	0	0	0	0
1005 90 00	0	0 α.	0	0
1007 00 90	0	0	0	0
1008 10 00	0	0	0	0
1008 20 00	0	0	0	0
1008 30 00	0	0	0	0
1008 90 90	0	0	0	0
1101 00 00	. 0	0	0	0
		1	i e	•

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
CN code	Current	1st period	2nd period	3rd period	4th period
	3		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	8	9
1107 10 11	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 19 1107 10 91	0	0 .	0	0	0
1107 10 91	0	0	0	0	0
1107 20 00	0	0	- 0	0	0
	į	İ			

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1230/88

of 5 May 1988

fixing the minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3994/87 (2), and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 798/87 (4), and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco (5), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 799/87 (6), and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia (7), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 413/86 (8), and in particular Article 5 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey (9), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 800/87 (10), and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon (11);

Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78 (12) the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;

(1) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66. (2) OJ No L 377, 31. 12. 1987, p. 30.

Whereas Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender (13) specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy, account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas, with regard to Turkey and the Maghreb countries, the provisions of this Regulation should be without prejudice to the additional amount to be determined in accordance with the agreements between the Community and these third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 2 and 3 May 1988 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23. July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff (14), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1058/88 (15), introduces from 1 January 1988 a new combined nomenclature meeting the requirements of both the Common Customs Tariff and the Community's statistics of foreign trade and replacing the previous nomenclature;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 0709 90 39 and 0711 20 90 and on products falling subheadings 1522 00 31, 1522 00 39 within 2306 90 19 of the combined nomenclature must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.

⁽Ý) OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 11.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43. (6) OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 12.

^{(&}lt;sup>7</sup>) OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 48, 26. 2. 1986, p. 1. (7) OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10. (10) OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 13.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

⁽¹³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.

⁽¹⁴⁾ OJ No L 256, 7. 9. 1987, p. 1. (15) OJ No L 104, 23. 4. 1988, p. 1.

Annex I.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 May 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

ANNEX I Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)

CN code	Non-member countries
1509 10 10	62,00 (¹)
1509 10 90	62,00 (¹)
1509 90 00	73,00 (²)
1510 00 10	62,00 (¹)
1510 00 90	100,00 (³)

- (1) For imports of oil falling within this subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by:
 - (a) Lebanon: 0,60 ECU/100 kg;
 - (b) Turkey: 11,48 ECU/100 kg (') provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force;
 - (c) Algeria, Tunisia and Morocco; 12,69 ECU/100 kg (*) provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.
 - (*) These amounts may be increased by an additional amount to be determined by the Community and the third countries in question.
- (2) For imports of oil falling within this subheading:
- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,86 ECU/100 kg;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,09 ECU/100 kg.
- (3) For imports of oil falling within this subheading:
 - (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7,25 ECU/100 kg;
 - (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5,80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)

	Non-member countries	CN code		
	13,64	0709 90 39		
1	13,64	0711 20 90		
	31,00	1522 00 31		
	49,60	1522 00 39		
	4,96	2306 90 19		

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1231/88

of 4 May 1988

amending Regulation (EEC) No 731/88 on the sale at prices fixed at a standard rate in advance of certain beef from intervention stocks for processing under an aid programme organized by a Member State

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3905/87 (2), and in particular Article 7 (3) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 731/88 (3) provides for the sale in Italy and France of certain quantities of beef from intervention for processing and export under national aid programmes; whereas the situation as regards intervention stocks in France and in Italy is such that the quantities put up for sale should be increased;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Beef and Veal,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 731/88 is hereby amended as follows:

- 1. Article 1 (1) is replaced by the following:
 - '1. In the framework of a national food-aid programme:
 - the French intervention agency is hereby authorized to sell 100 tonnes of deboned forequarters, and
 - the Italian intervention agency is hereby authorized to sell 2 000 tonnes of hindquarters bought in under Regulations (EEC) No 2964/86 (1) and (EEC) No 1294/87 (2) and 4 500 tonnes of forequarters,

for processing. The prices are set out in Annex I hereto.

- (1) OJ No L 276, 27. 9. 1986, p. 12.
- (2) OJ No L 121, 9. 5. 1987, p. 28.
- 2. The part headed 'ITALIA' in Annex I is replaced by the following:

'ITALIA

- Quarti anteriori, Categoria A, classi U, R e O 70,0
- Quarti posteriori, Categoria A, classi U, R e O 115,0'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 May 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 May 1988.

⁽¹) OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 4. (²) OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1987, p. 7. (³) OJ No L 74, 19. 3. 1988, p. 76.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1232/88

of 4 May 1988

amending Regulation (EEC) No 3815/87 on the sale at prices fixed at a standard rate in advance of certain bone-in beef and veal held by certain intervention agencies and intended for export

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3905/87 (2),

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3815/87 (3), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 729/88 (4), provides for a sale of hindquarters for export without further processing or after boning; whereas, in order to avoid the further storage of some beef, the quantities put up for sale under the abovementioned Regulation should be increased; whereas, in the light of the market trend, certain selling prices should also be adjusted;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Beef and Veal, HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 3815/87 is hereby amended as follows:

- 1. In Article 1 (1), the first indent is replaced by the following:
 - '— 3 000 tonnes of bone-in beef held by the Italian intervention agency, and bought in before 1 April 1987.'.
- 2. In Annex I, the sale price for 'Italia', '205,00' is hereby replaced by '215,00'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 May 1988. It shall apply to contracts concluded on or after 9 May 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 May 1988.

⁽i) OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²) OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1987, p. 7. (³) OJ No L 357, 19. 12. 1987, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 74, 19. 3. 1988, p. 72.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1233/88

of 4 May 1988

on arrangements for imports into Italy of certain textile products (category 36) originating in South Korea

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 4136/86 of 22 December 1986 on common rules for imports of certain textile products originating in third countries (1), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 768/88 (2), and in particular Article 11 thereof,

Whereas Article 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 4136/86 lays down the conditions under which quantitative limits may be established; whereas imports into Italy of textile products of category 36 specified in the Annex hereto and originating in South Korea exceeded the level referred to in paragraph 3 of the said Article 11;

Whereas, in accordance with paragraph 5 of the said Article 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 4136/86, South Korea was notified on 29 January 1988 of a request for consultations; whereas, as a result of these consultations, it was agreed to make the textile products in question subject to quantitative limits for the years 1988 to 1991;

Whereas paragraph 13 of the said Article 11 provides for compliance with the quantitative limits to be ensured by means of a double-checking system in accordance with Annex VI to Regulation (EEC) No 4136/86;

Whereas the products in question exported from South Korea between 1 January 1988 and the date of entry into force of this Regulation must be set off against the quantitative limit for the year 1988;

Whereas this quantitative limit should not prevent the importation of products covered by it but shipped from South Korea before the date of entry into force of this Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Textile Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 2, imports into Italy of the category of products originating in South Korea and specified in the Annex hereto shall be subject to the quantitative limits set out in that Annex.

Article 2

- 1. Products as referred to in Article 1, shipped from South Korea to Italy before the date of entry into force of this Regulation and not yet released for free circulation, shall be so released subject to the presentation of a bill of lading or other transport document proving that shipment actually took place before that date.
- 2. Imports of such products shipped from South Korea to Italy after the entry into force of this Regulation shall be subject to the double-checking system described in Annex VI to Regulation (EEC) No 4136/86.
- 3. All quantities of products shipped from South Korea to Italy on or after 1 January 1988 and released for free circulation, shall be deducted from the quantitative limit laid down. This limit shall not, however, prevent the importation of products covered by it but shipped from South Korea before the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply until 31 December 1991.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 May 1988.

For the Commission

Lorenzo NATALI

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 387, 31. 12. 1986, p. 42. (2) OJ No L 84, 29. 3. 1988, p. 1.

ANNEX

Category	CN codes	Description	Third country	Units	Member State	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December
36	5408 10 00 5408 21 00 5408 22 10	Woven fabrics of continuous artificial fibres other than those for tyres of category 114	South Korea	Tonnes	I	1988: 370 1989: 392 1990: 416
	5408 22 90 5408 23 10 5408 23 90			•		1991 : 441
,	5408 24 00 5408 31 00 5408 32 00					
·	5408 33 00 5408 34 00			٠,	· /	
	ex 5811 00 00	. •		. `		
,	ex 5905 00 70					

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1234/88

of 5 May 1988

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on glass inners for vacuum vessels falling within CN code 7012, originating in India, to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3635/87 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3635/87 of 17 November 1987 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1988 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries (1), and in particular Article 16 thereof,

Whereas, pursuant to Articles 1 and 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 3635/87, suspension of customs duties shall be accorded to each of the countries or territories listed in Annex III, other than those listed in column 4 of Annex I, within the framework of the preferential tariff ceiling fixed in column 9 of Annex I;

Whereas, as provided for in Article 14 of that Regulation, as soon as the individual ceilings in question are reached at Community level, the levying of customs duties on imports of the products in question originating in each of the countries and territories concerned may at any time be re-established;

Whereas, in the case of glass inners for vacuum vessels falling within CN code 7012, the individual ceiling was fixed at 365 000 ECU;

Whereas, on 28 April 1988, imports of these products into the Community originating in India reached the ceiling in question after being charged thereagainst;

Whereas it is appropriate to re-establish the levying of customs duties in respect of the products in question against India,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 9 May 1988, the levying of customs duties, suspended pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 3635/87, shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products originating in India:

Order No	CN code	Description
10.0760	7012	Glass inners for vacuum flasks or for other vacuum vessels

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member 'States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1235/88

of 5 May 1988

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on table linen, toilet and kitchen linen, other than knitted or crocheted, or terry fabrics of cotton, products of category No 39 (order No 40.0390), originating in Pakistan to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 of 3 December 1987 concerning the administration of the generalized tariff preferences applicable for 1988 to textile products originating in developing countries (1), and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 provides that preferential tariff treatment shall be accorded, for each category of products subjected in Annexes I and II to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87 (2) to individual ceilings, within the limits of the quantities specified in column 7 of Annexes I or II thereto, in respect of certain or each of the countries or territories of origin referred to in column 5 of the same Annexes; whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question once the relevant individual ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas, in respect of table linen, toilet and kitchen linen, other than knitted or crocheted, or terry fabrics of cotton, products of category No 39 (order No 40.0390), the relevant ceiling amounts to 56 tonnes;

Whereas on 27 April 1988 imports of the products in question into the Community, originating in Pakistan, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached and were charged against that ceiling;

Whereas it is appropriate to re-establish the levying of customs duties for the products in question with regard to Pakistan,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 9 May 1988 the levying of customs duties, suspended pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Pakistan:

Order number	Category	CN code	Description
40.0390	39	6302 51 10	Table linen, toilet and kitchen linen, other than
		6302 51 90	knitted or crocheted, other than of terry towelling or
		6302 53 90	similar terry fabrics of cotton
	(tonnes)	ex 6302 59 00	
. i		6302 91 10	
	•	6302 91 90	
Î		6302 93 90	
		ex 6302 99 00	

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 58. (2) OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1236/88

of 5 May 1988

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on women's or girls' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles, products of category No 74 (order No 40.0740), originating in Thailand to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 of 3 December 1987 concerning the administration of the generalized tariff preferences applicable for 1988 to textile products originating in developing countries (1), and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 provides that preferential tariff treatment shall be accorded, for each category of products subjected in Annexes I and II to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87 (2) to individual ceilings, within the limits of the quantities specified in column 7 of Annexes I or II thereto, in respect of certain or each of the countries or territories of origin referred to in column 5 of the same Annexes; whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question once the relevant individual ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas, in respect of women's or girls' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles, products of category No 74 (order No 40.0740), the relevant ceiling amounts to 38 000 pieces;

Whereas on 27 April 1988 imports of the products in question into the Community, originating in Thailand, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached and were charged against that ceiling;

Whereas it is appropriate to re-establish the levying of customs duties for the products in question with regard to Thailand,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 9 May 1988 the levying of customs duties, suspended pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Thailand:

Order number	Сатедогу	CN code	Description
10.0740	. 74	6104 11 00	Women's or girls' knitted or crocheted suits and
		6104 12 00	ensembles, of wool, of cotton or man-made fibres,
		6104 13 00	excluding ski suits
	(1 000 pieces)	ex 6104 19 00	
	` ' '	6104 21 00	
		6104 22 00	
·		6104 23 00	
		ex 6104 29 00	

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 58. (2) OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1237/88

of 5 May 1988

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on women's or girls' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles, products of category No 74 (order No 40.0740), originating in the Philippines to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 of 3 December 1987 concerning the administration of the generalized tariff preferences applicable for 1988 to textile products originating in developing countries (1), and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 provides that preferential tariff treatment shall be accorded, for each category of products subjected in Annexes I and II to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87 (2) to individual ceilings, within the limits of the quantities specified in column 7 of Annexes I or II thereto, in respect of certain or each of the countries or territories of origin referred to in column 5 of the same Annexes; whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question once the relevant individual ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas, in respect of women's or girls' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles, products of category No 74 (order No 40.0740), the relevant ceiling amounts to 37 000 pieces;

Whereas on 27 April 1988 imports of the products in question into the Community, originating in the Philippines, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached and were charged against that ceiling;

Whereas it is appropriate to re-establish the levying of customs duties for the products in question with regard to the Philippines,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 9 May 1988 the levying of customs duties, suspended pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in the Philippines:

Order number	Category	CN code	Description
40.0740	74 (1 000 pieces)	6104 11 00 6104 12 00 6104 13 00 ex 6104 19 00 6104 21 00 6104 22 00 6104 23 00 ex 6104 29 00	Women's or girls' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles, of wool, of cotton or man-made fibres, excluding ski suits

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

⁽¹) OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 58. (²) OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1238/88

of 5 May 1988

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on men's or boys' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles, products of category No 75 (order No 40.0750), originating in Thailand to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 of 3 December 1987 concerning the administration of the generalized tariff preferences applicable for 1988 to textile products originating in developing countries (1), and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 provides that preferential tariff treatment shall be accorded, for each category of products subjected in Annexes I and II to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87 (2) to individual ceilings, within the limits of the quantities specified in column 7 of Annexes I or II thereto, in respect of certain or each of the countries or territories of origin referred to in column 5 of the same Annexes; whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 provides that the leying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question once the relevant individual ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas, in respect of men's or boys' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles, products of category No 75 (order No 40.0750), the relevant ceiling amounts to 12 000 pieces;

Whereas on 27 April 1988 imports of the products in question into the Community, originating in Thailand, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached and were charged against that ceiling;

Whereas it is appropriate to re-esblish the levying of customs duties for the products in question with regard to Thailand,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 9 May 1988 the levying of customs duties, suspended pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Thailand:

Order number	Category	CN code	Description
40.0750	75 (1 000 pieces)	6103 11 00 6103 12 00 6103 19 00 6103 21 00 6103 22 00 6103 23 00 6103 29 00	Men's or boys' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres, excluding ski suits

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

⁽¹) OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 58. (²) OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1239/88

of 5 May 1988

introducing surveillance of the release for consumption in Spain of certain pigmeat products coming from other Member States

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 90 thereof,

Whereas the period fixed in Article 90 of the Act of Accession was extended to 31 December 1988 by Council Regulation (EEC) No 4007/87 (1);

Whereas the liberalization of trade as a result of accession has enabled the operators in other Member States which, unlike those in third countries, may dispose without any restriction of the products in question on the Spain market, to market substantial quantitites of pigmeat in Spain; whereas that situation has created economic difficulties for pig producers in Spain by aggravating the problems observed on the market following the sharp increase in national production recorded in recent years; whereas those difficulties are sufficiently serious to justify the introduction of transitional measures to alleviate the situation of those producers;

Whereas, to that end, a mechanism for the surveillance of the release for consumption in Spain of products coming from other Member States may turn out to be suitable for as long as prices on the market in that country are depressed; whereas provision should therefore be made for transitional measures to take that form; whereas such a mechanism may be managed suitably on the basis of certificates issued by the Spanish authorities under a procedure enabling the Commission to assess the risks of disturbance of the Spanish market connected with the quantities which it is contemplated releasing for consumption and to take, as the case may be, suitable special measures;

Whereas the Management Committee for Pigmeat has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A system for the surveillance of the release for consumption in Spain of the products listed in the Annex and coming from other Member States may be introduced by the Spanish authorities.

To that end the said authorities shall be authorized to make the release for consumption in Spain of the

(1) OJ No L 378, 31. 12. 1987, p. 1.

products in question subject to presentation of a certificate issued, under the conditions laid down in this Regulation, to any party concerned wherever he is established in the Community.

In that case, the following Articles shall apply.

Article 2

1. Certificate applications shall be submitted to the body designated for that purpose by the Spanish authorities.

On Monday each week Spain shall notify the Commission of the quantities in applications for certificates submitted during the preceding week.

Certificates shall be issued on the fourth working day following the abovementioned Monday provided that special measures are not taken within that time in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 24 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 (2).

Such measures may be taken if the quantity in certificates applied for is likely to play a significant part in or towards disturbing the Spanish market.

- 2. Certificates shall be issued subject to the lodging of a security of 5 ECU per 100 kilograms, to guarantee the undertaking to release for consumption the specified quantity of the product in question in Spain during the term of validity of the certificate.
- 3. Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2220/85 (3) shall apply to the security provided for in paragraph 2. The undertaking referred to therein shall constitute the primary requirement within the meaning of Article 20 of that Regulation.

Article 3

- 1. The term of validity of the certificates provided for and the supplementary detailed rules required for the application of this Regulation shall be adopted by the Spanish authorities.
- 2. The Spanish authorities shall notify the Commission of imports during each week within 15 days, at the latest, after the end of that week.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 205, 3. 8. 1985, p. 5.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESSEN
Vice-President

ANNEX

CN code	Description			
ex 0103 92	Live domestic swine of a weight of not less than 50 kg			
ex 0203	Meat of domestic swine, fresh, chilled or frozen			

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1240/88

of 5 May 1988

introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in Morocco

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1117/88 (2), and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 723/88 of 18 March 1988 fixing for the 1988 marketing year the reference prices for tomatoes (3) fixed the reference price for products of class I at 136,75 ECU per 100 kilograms net for the month of May 1988;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74 (4), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85 (3), the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets; whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficient fixed in the second indent of Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 723/88;

Whereas, for tomatoes originating in Morocco the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 (6), as last amended by Regulation No 1636/87 (7),
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 3,26 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to tomatoes (CN code 0702 00) originating in Morocco.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 7 May 1988.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1. (′) OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽¹) OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1. (²) OJ No L 107, 28. 4. 1988, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 74, 19. 3. 1988, p. 51. (4) OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20. (5) OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1241/88

of 5 May 1988

fixing the amount of the subsidy on oil seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3994/87 (2), and in particular Article 27 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1678/85 of 11 June 1985 fixing the conversion rates to be applied in agriculture (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 887/88 (4),

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1569/72 of 20 July 1972 laying down special measures for colza, rape and sunflower seed (5), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1869/87 (°), and in particular Article 2 (3) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the target price and the monthly increments in the target price for colza, rape and sunflower seed for the 1987/88 marketing year have been fixed in Council Regulations (EEC) No 1917/87 (7) and (EEC) No 1918/87 (8);

Whereas the amount of the subsidy referred to in Article 27 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC was fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No. 4018/87 (9), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1196/88 (10);

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 4018/87 to the information known to the Commission that the amount of the subsidy at present in force should be altered to the amount set out in the Annexes hereto;

(1) OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66. (²) OJ No L 377, 31. 12. 1987, p. 30. (3) OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 11. (4) OJ No L 88, 1. 4. 1988, p. 6. (Ý) OJ No L 167, 25. 7. 1972, p. 9. (9) OJ No L 176, 1. 7. 1987, p. 30.

(7) OJ No L 183, 3. 7. 1987, p. 14. (8) OJ No L 183, 3. 7. 1987, p. 16. Whereas, in the absence of the target price for the 1988/89 marketing year for colza and rape seed, the abatement of the subsidy from the system of maximum guaranteed quantities, the amount of the subsidy in the case of advance fixing for this period for colza, rape and sunflower seed has been obtainable only provisionally on the basis of the target price and the abatement of the subsidy for the marketing year 1987/88; whereas this amount may, therefore, be applied on a temporary basis and should be confirmed or replaced when the indicative prices of the 1988/89 marketing year are known,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

- The amounts of the subsidy and the exchange rates referred to in Article 33 (2) and (3) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2681/83 (11) shall be as set out in the Annexes hereto.
- The amount of the compensatory aid referred to in Article 14 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 475/86 (12) shall be as shown in Annex III to this Regulation for sunflower seed harvested in Spain.
- The amount of the special subsidy provided for by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1920/87 (13) for sunflower seed harvested and processed in Portugal is fixed in Annex III.
- However, the amount of the subsidy in the case of advance fixing for the 1988/89 marketing year for colza, rape and sunflower will be confirmed or replaced as from 6 May 1988 to take into account the target price, and where appropriate, the effects of the application of the system of maximum guaranteed quantities for colza and rape seed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 May 1988.

^(°) OJ No L 378, 31. 12. 1987, p. 27.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 111, 30. 4. 1988, p. 93.

⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 266, 28. 9. 1983, p. 1.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 53, 1. 3. 1986, p. 47. (13) OJ No L 183, 3. 7. 1987, p. 18.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESSEN
Vice-President

 $ANNEX\ I$ Aids to colza and rape seed other than 'double zero'

(amounts per 100 kilograms) Current 1st period 2nd period 3rd period 4th period 5th period 5. 7(1) 8 (1) 9 (1) 10 (¹) 1. Gross aids (ECU): — Spain 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 - Portugal 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 - Other Member States 25,080 24,985 21,658 21,319 21,319 21,319 2. Final aids: (a) Seed harvested and processed in: - Federal Republic of Germany (DM) 60,85 60,63 51,47 50,77 50,77 51,08 - Netherlands (FI) 67,61 67,36 57,89 57,12 57,12 57,42 — BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs) 1 202,13 1 197,55 1 037,51 1 020,49 1 020,49 1 015,58 — France (FF) 181,79 181,04 155,71 152,55 152,55 153,27 — Denmark (Dkr) 216,92 186,84 216,07 183,82 183,82 181,99 — Ireland (£ Irl) 20,205 20,122 17,330 17,001 17,001 16,919 - United Kingdom (£) 15,203 15,132 12,904 12,654 12,654 12,524 - Italy (Lit) 38 108 37 943 32 426 31 662 31 662 31 456 - Greece (Dr) 2 333,20 2 311,05 1 822,41 1 746,04 1 746,04 1 676,71 (b) Seed harvested in Spain processed: - in Spain (Pta) 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 — in another Member State (Pta) 3 826,08 3 811,42 3 297,01 3 231,47 3 231,47 3 201,39 (c) Seed harvested in Portugal and processed: — in Portugal (Esc) 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 4 807,93 — in another Member State (Esc) 4 784,28 4 199,28 4 118,46 4 118,46 4 071,29

⁽¹⁾ Subject in the case of advance fixing for the 1988/89 marketing year to the adoption of prices and related measures for that marketing year.

ANNEX II

Aids to colza and rape seed 'double zero'

(amounts per 100 kilograms)

					(amounts p	er 100 kilogram
	Current	1st period	2nd period	3rd period	4th period	5th period
•	5	6	7 (')	8 (1)	9 (¹)	10 (¹)
I. Gross aids (ECU):	-			,		
— Spain	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500
— Portugal	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500
— Other Member States	27,580	27,485	24,158	23,819	23,819	23,819
2. Final aids:						,
(a) Seed harvested and processed in:						
— Federal Republic of Germany					# c c 0	54.00
(DM)	66,81	66,59	57,37	56,68	56,68	56,98
— Netherlands (Fl)	74,29	74,04	64,51	63,73	63,73	64,04
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	1 322,30	1 317,71	1 157,68	1 140,65	1 140,65	1 135,75
— France (FF)	200,48	199,73	174,40	171,24	171,24	171,96
— Denmark (Dkr)	238,80	237,96	208,73	205,70	205,70	203,88
— Ireland (£ Irl)	22,284	22,201	19,409	19,080	19,080	18,997
— United Kingdom (£)	16,843	16,773	14,544	14,294	14,294	14,164
— Italy (Lit)	42 101	41 935	36 418	35 655	35 655	35 449
— Greece (Dr)	2 654,05	2 631,90	2 143,26	2 066,89	2 066,89	1 997,56
(b) Seed harvested in Spain and processed:			,	-		
— in Spain (Pta)	385,53	385,53	385,53	385,53	385,53	385,53
— in another Member State (Pta)	4 211,61	4 196,95	3 682,54	3 617,01	3 617,01	3 586,93
(c) Seed harvested in Portugal and processed:						
— in Portugal (Esc)	429,31	429,31	429,31	429,31	429,31	429,31
— in another Member State (Esc)	5 237,24	5 213,59	4 628,60	4 547,77	4 547,77	4 500,61

⁽¹⁾ Subject in the case of advance fixing for the 1988/89 marketing year to the adoption of prices and related measures for that marketing year.

ANNEX III

Aids to sunflower seed

(amounts per 100 kilograms)

	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8 (¹)	4th period 9 (¹)
1. Gross side (ECID)					
1. Gross aids (ECU):	2.440	2.440	2.440	2.440	
— Spain	3,440	3,440	3,440	3,440	3,440
— Portugal	0,000	0,000	0,000	0,000	0,000
— Other Member States	34,385	34,313	34,241	30,786	30,786
2. Final aids:					
(a) Seed harvested and processed in (2):					
- Federal Republic of Germany				·	
(DM)	83,20	83,03	82,88	73,17	73,17
— Netherlands (Fl)	92,57	92,38	92,19	82,24	82,24
— BLEU (Bfrs/Lfrs)	1 648,87	1 645,40	1 641,92	1 475,10	1 475,10
- France (FF)	250,48	249,91	249,06	222,63	222,63
— Denmark (Dkr)	297,97	297,33	296,69	266,42	266,42
— Ireland (£ Irl)	27,843	27,780	27,714	24,799	24,799
— United Kingdom (£)	21,116	21,063	21,010	18,731	18,731
— Italy (Lit)	52 671	52 544	52 271	46 540	46 540
- Greece (Dr)	3 391,79	3 373,28	3 326,89	2 861,16	2 861,16
(b) Seed harvested in Spain and processed:					
— in Spain (Pta)	530,49	530,49	530,49	530,49	530,49
— in another Member State (Pta)	4 072,17	4 061,06	4 048,47	3 500,65	3 500,65
(c) Seed harvested in Portugal and processed:					
— in Portugal (Esc)	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
— in Spain (Esc)	6 790,51	6 769,81	6 751,78	6 119,69	6 119,69
— in another Member State (Esc)	6 593,97	6 573,86	6 556,36	5 942,56	5 942,56
3. Compensatory aids:		_			
— in Spain (Pta)	4 028,65	4 017,54	4 004,95	3 456,57	3 456,57
4. Special aid:				· ·	
- in Portugal (Esc)	6 593,97	6 573,86	6 556,36	5 942,56	5 942,56
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	1	1	1	1

⁽¹⁾ Subject in the case of advance fixing for the 1988/89 marketing year to the adoption of prices and related measures for that marketing year.

ANNEX IV

Exchange rate of the ECU to be used for converting final aids into the currency of the processing country when the latter is a country other than the country of production

(value of 1 ECU)

	Current 5	1st period 6	2nd period 7	3rd period 8	4th period 9	5th period 10
DM	2,075200	2,070340	2,065360	2,060640	2,060640	2,046440
Fl	2,327490	2,323400	2,319110	2,314670	2,314670	2,301970
Bfrs/Lfrs	43,411700	43,405700	43,392800	43,372600	43,372600	43,337300
FF	7,048300	7,060950	7,073130	7,085980	7,085980	7,120570
Dkr	7,990720	8,014000	8,038920	8,056750	8,056750	8,118700
£Irl	0,777644	0,777861	0,778311	0,778498	0,778498	0,779927
£	0,661248	0,662705	0,663998	0,665313	0,665313	0,669538
Lit	1 543,61	1 548,12	1 554,00	1 559,86	1 559,86	1 576,72
Dr	166,47300	167,63500	169,02200	170,29700	170,29700	175,11600
Esc	169,85200	170,70600	171,42900	172,31000	172,31000	175,10100
Pta	137,12500	137,58300	137,99100	138,44400	138,44400	139,86200

⁽²⁾ For seed harvested in the Community as constituted at 31 December 1985 and processed in Spain, the amounts shown in 2 (a) to be multiplied by 1,029807.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1242/88

of 5 May 1988

fixing the amounts to be levied in the beef sector on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 18 to 24 April 1988

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1347/86 of 6 May 1986 on the granting of a premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals in the United Kingdom (1), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 467/87 (2),

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1695/86 of 30 May 1986 laying down detailed rules for the application of the premium for the slaughter of certain adult bovine animals for slaughter in the United Kingdom (2), and in particular Article 7 (1) thereof,

Whereas, under Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1347/86, an amount equivalent to the amount of the variable slaughter premium granted in the United Kingdom is levied on meat and meat preparations from animals on which it has been paid, when they are consigned to other Member States or to non-member countries;

Whereas, under Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1695/86 the amounts to be charged on departure from the territory of the United Kingdom of the products listed in the Annex to the said Regulation must be fixed each week by the Commission;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 (*) introduces from 1 January 1988 a new combined nomencla-

ture meeting the requirements of both the Common Customs Tariff and the Community's statistics of foreign trade and replacing the previous nomenclature;

Whereas, accordingly, the amounts to be levied on products which left the United Kingdom during the week 18 to 24 April 1988 should be fixed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Pursuant to Article 3 of amended Regulation (EEC) No 1347/86, the amounts to be levied on the products referred to in Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1695/86 which left the territory of the United Kingdom during the week 18 to 24 April 1988 shall be those set out in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply with effect from 18 April 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 40. (2) OJ No L 48, 17. 2. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 146, 31. 5. 1986, p. 56.

^(*) OJ No L 256, 7. 9. 1987, p. 1.

Amounts to be levied on products which left the territory of the United Kingdom during the week 18 to 24 April 1988

ANNEX

CN code	Amount
0201 10 10	26,26474
0201 10 90	26,26474
0201 20 11	26,26474
0201 20 19	26,26474
0201 20 31	21,01179
0201 20 39	21,01179
0201 20 51	31,51769
0201 20 59	31,51769
0201 20 90	21,01179
0201 30	35,98269
0202 10 00	26,26474
0202 20 10	26,26474
0202 20 30	21,01179
0202 20 50	31,51769
0202 20 90	21,01179
0202 30 10	35,98269
0202 30 50	35,98269
0202 30 90	35,98269
0206 10 95	35,98269
0206 29 91	35,98269
0210 20 10	21,01179
0210 20 90	29,94180
0210 90 41	29,94180
1602 50 10 (')	29,94180
1602 50 10 (²)	21,01179

⁽¹⁾ Containing 80 % or more by weight of beef meat.

⁽²⁾ Other.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1243/88

of 5 May 1988

fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3990/87 (2), and in particular Article 11 (2) thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 883/87 of 23 March 1987 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3877/86 on imports rice of the long-grain aromatic Basmati variety falling within subheading 1006 10, 1006 20 and 1006 30 of the combined nomenclature (3), and in particular Article 8 thereof,

Whereas the import levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 4042/87 (4), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1163/88 (5);

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 4042/87 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 May 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1. (2) OJ No L 377, 31. 12. 1987, p. 15. (3) OJ No L 80, 24. 3. 1987, p. 20.

⁽Ý) OJ No L 378, 31. 12. 1987, p. 88. (Ý) OJ No L 111, 30. 4. 1988, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 May 1988 fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

(ECU/tonne)

CN Code	Portugal	Third countries (except ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT (¹) (²) (³)	Arrangement in Regulation (EEC) No 3877/86
1006 10 91		325,67	159,23	
1006 10 99	`	306,29	149,54	229,72
1006 20 10		407,09	199,94	
1006 20 90	<u> </u>	382,86	187,83	287,15
1006 30 11	13,05	536,45	256,30	-
1006 30 19	12,97	607,35	291,79	455,51
1006 30 91	13,90	571,32	273,31	_
1006 30 99	13,90	651,08	313,19	488,31
1006 40 00	0	148,92	71,46	

N.B. The levies are to be converted into national currencies using the specific agricultural conversion rates fixed in Regulation (EEC) No 3294/86.

⁽¹⁾ Subject to the application of the provisions of Articles 10 and 11 of Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 and of Regulation No 551/85.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85, the levies are not applied to imports into the overseas department of Réunion of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Réunion is specified in Article 11a of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1244/88

of 5 May 1988

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3990/87 (2), and in particular Article 13 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2604/87 (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1164/88 (4);

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 (5) introduces, from 1 January 1988, a new combined nomencla-

ture' meeting the requirements of both the Common Customs Tariff and the Community's statistics of foreign trade and replacing the previous nomenclature,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

- 1. The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice originating in Portugal shall be zero.
- 2. The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice originating in third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 May 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 May 1988.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²) OJ No L 377, 31. 12. 1987, p. 15. (²) OJ No L 245, 29. 8. 1987, p. 39.

^(*) OJ No L 111, 30. 4. 1988, p. 7.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 256, 7. 9. 1987, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 5 May 1988 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

6	EC	U/	to	nn	•

	Current	I tot merical	2-4	(ECU/tonne)
CN Code	Current	1st period	2nd period	3rd period
	5	6	7	8
1006 10 91	0	0	0 .	
1006 10 99	0	0	0	<u> </u>
1006 20 10	0	0	0	_
1006 20 90	0	. 0	0	
1006 30 11	0	0	0	
1006 30 19	0	0	0	
1006 30 91	0	0	0	
1006 30 99	0	0	0	· —
1006 40 00	0	0	0	0
				;

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DECISION

of 11 April 1988

concerning the European strategic programme for research and development in information technologies (Esprit)

(88/279/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 130 Q (2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission (1),

In cooperation with the European Parliament (2),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee (3),

Whereas by Decision 84/130/EEC (4) the first phase of the European programme for research and development in information technologies (Esprit) was adopted by the Council on 28 February 1984;

Whereas the framework programme for Community activities in the field of research and technological development (1987 to 1991) was adopted by Decision 87/516/Euratom, EEC (3);

Whereas the Esprit work programme periodically established in close consultation with the Esprit Management Committee, the Information Technology (IT) Industry, industrial users and scientists have proved to be an efficient means of programme management;

Whereas the Council, in its resolution of 8 April 1986 (6), took note of the conclusions of the independent high-level body known as the Esprit Review Board that the programme had been successfully established and was well on the way to meeting its original objectives, that it was progressing faster than initially expected, had

initiated trans-European cooperation at all levels especially where small and medium-sized undertakings were concerned, had enabled more ambitious research projects and had accelerated the execution of these projects;

Whereas, in addition, the Council took note of the Review Board's recommendation that, for the future development of Esprit, emphasis should continue to be placed on pre-competitive research and development and that the research areas should be consolidated and restructured and particular attention paid to technology integration projects;

Whereas, in a broad consultation process with a large number of representatives from industry and science, the future technical scope of the programme has been defined;

Whereas it is necessary to ensure consistency between the Esprit programme, national programmes, Eureka projects and other international activities in the information technology sector while encouraging their coordination;

Whereas this programme meets the absolute need for the constitution or consolidation of a specifically European industrial potential in the technologies concerned; whereas its participants must therefore be the undertakings, universities and research centres in the Community which are best suited to attain these objectives;

Whereas Decision 87/516/Euratom, EEC provides that a particular aim of Community research shall be to strengthen the scientific and technological basis of European industry especially in strategic areas of high technology and to encourage it to become more competitive at international level; whereas the same Decision further provides that Community action is justified where research contributes *inter alia* to the strengthening of the economic and social cohesion of the

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 283, 21. 10. 1987, p. 4 and OJ No C 88, 5. 4. 1988,

p. 6. (2) OJ No C 345, 21. 12. 1987, p. 85 and OJ No C 68, 14. 3. 1988, p. 53.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 347, 22. 12. 1987, p. 16.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 67, 9, 3, 1984, p. 54. (5) OJ No L 302, 24, 10, 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No C 102, 29. 4. 1986, p. 1.

Community and the promotion of its overall harmonious development, while being consistent with the pursuit of scientific and technical quality; whereas it is intended that the Esprit programme should contribute to the achievement of these objectives;

Whereas it is necessary for small and medium-sized undertakings to achieve a high level of participation in the programme;

Whereas adequate dissemination of, and access to, results of projects of Community interest is essential to the pursuit of the aims of the Community and in particular to the needs of small and medium-sized undertakings;

Whereas there exists a need for periodic assessment of the programme;

Whereas it is necessary for the execution of the programme that the Commission be assisted by a Committee;

Whereas provision should be made for appropriate information for the social partners in the implementation of the programme;

Whereas it is in the Community's interest to consolidate the scientific and financial basis of European research by means of the involvement to a greater extent of participants from the EFTA countries in certain Community programmes and, particularly, in programmes involving cooperation in research and development of information technology;

Whereas the implementation of actions in basic research providing long-term prospects is essential to complement industrially oriented research and development (R&D) projects;

Whereas concerted actions in the COST framework also serve to complement industrially oriented R&D projects;

Whereas the Council, in its resolution of 8 April 1986, has reemphasized its commitment to the Esprit programme and requested the Commission to ensure, in its implementation of the programme, that, in scope and flexibility, the programme continues to provide an effective response to the ever-increasing challenge in the IT field;

Whereas, in the same resolution, the Council confirmed that a main objective of the Esprit programme should be to carry out the work preparatory to standardization in the field of information technology;

Whereas the Scientific and Technical Research Committee (Crest) has expressed its opinion, HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

- 1. A second phase of the Esprit programme of research and development for the European Economic Community, hereinafter referred to as 'the programme', is hereby adopted for a period of five years as from 1 December 1987.
- 2. The programme is designed to:
- provide the European IT industry with the basic technologies to meet the competitive requirements of the 1990s,
- promote European industrial cooperation in pre-competitive R&D in information technology,
- pave the way for internationally accepted standards.

The programme summary and objectives are set out in more detail in Annex II.

Article 2

The programme shall comprise pre-competitive research and development projects (hereinafter referred to as the 'projects'), actions in basic research aimed at complementing the pre-competitive R&D effort (hereinafter referred to as the 'actions') and accompanying measures.

Article 3

1. The projects shall be carried out by means of contracts, to be concluded by the Commission with companies, including small and medium-sized undertakings, universities and other bodies established in the Community.

The proposals for projects shall be submitted by the interested parties in reply to an open invitation published in the Official Journal of the European Communities. The projects must involve the participation of at least two independent industrial partners not established in the same Member State.

Up to a maximum of 30 % of the Community's total contribution to new projects launched under this programme may for each year be allocated to new projects which fall below the Community contribution thereshold of 5 million ECU.

Very large projects shall normally be implemented in successive phases.

2. The actions shall be carried out by means of contracts to be conluded by the Commission with universities, reserach institutions or companies established within the Community.

The proposals for actions shall be submitted by the interested parties in reply to an open invitation published in the Official Journal of the European Communities. The actions must involve the participation of at least two universities or research institutions not established in the same Member State.

3. Each contractor will be expected to make a significant contribution to projects and actions. The contractors shall be expected to bear a substantial

proportion of the costs, 50 % of which shall normally be borne by the Comunity.

Alternatively, in respect of universities and research institutes carrying out projects or actions, the Community may bear up to 100 % of the additional expenditure involved.

- 4. In exceptional cases where:
- projects and actions are considered to be indispensable for achieving the objectives of the programme as defined in Annex II, and
- exceptions can be justified on the grounds of cost or efficiency,

it may be decided in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 8 to depart from the general conditions set out in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this Article in respect of the following:

- the public call for proposals,
- the participation in the projects of at least two industrial partners not established in the same Member State,
- the participation in the actions of at least two universities in research institutes not established in the same Member State,
- the rate of the Community's financial participation,
- the percentage figure concerning new projects which fall below the Community contribution threshold of 5 million ECU.

Article 4

Where framework agreements for scientific and technical cooperation between non-Community European countries and the European Communities have been concluded, organizations and enterprises (including universities) established in these countries may, provided the conditions laid down in Article 3 (1) and (2) are fulfilled and the procedures in Article 8 are followed, become partners to projects and actions undertaken within the programme.

Article 5

The Community shall contribute to the performance of the programme within the limits of the appropriations entered to this end in the budget of the European Communities.

The funds estimated as necessary for the Community contribution to the projects, actions and accompanying measures under the programme amount to 1 600 million ECU over five years, including expenditure, on a staff whose costs shall not exceed 4 % of the Community's contribution.

The internal and indicative allocation of these funds is set out in Annex I.

Article 6

1. The Commission shall ensure that the programme is properly executed and establish the appropriate implementation measures.

The Commission shall be assisted in the performance of its tasks by a committee.

- 2. The Commission is authorized to negotiate, in accordance with Article 130 N of the Treaty, agreements with Member States participating in European cooperation in the field of scientific and technological research (COST) with a view to ensuring concerted action between the Community activities relating to the collaboration in actions in basic research and accompanying measures referred to in Annex II and the relevant programmes of such States.
- 3. The Commission shall establish for each year, and update as required, a work programme defining the detailed objectives, the type of projects to be undertaken and the corresponding financial plans. The Commission shall establish calls for proposals for projects on the basis of the annual work programmes.
- 4. The procedure laid down in Article 8 shall apply to:
- the adoption and updating of the annual work programme referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article,
- any departure from the general conditions laid down in Article 3 (1), (2) and (3),
- the participation in any project or action by European organizations and enterprises as provided for in Article 4.
- the assessment of proposed projects and the estimated amount of the Community's financial contribution to them where this contribution is in excess of 5 million ECU,
- the assessment of the successive phases of very large projects referred to in Article 3 (1) and the estimated amount of the Community's financial contribution to these phases,
- the measures to be undertaken to evaluate the programme.
- 5. The Commission may consult the committee referred to in Article 7, and shall consult it at the request of the representatives of at least four Member States on any matter falling within the scope of the Esprit programme.
- 6. The Commission shall keep the committee refered to in Article 7 informed of:
- the progress of the programme,
- the draft call for proposals, including priority areas envisaged,
- projects for which the Community contribution is below 5 million ECU, as well as the results of their assessment.
- the results of the assessment of proposed actions and their implementation,
- accompanying measures.

Article 7

The committee shall consist of two representatives of each Member State and shall be set up by the Commission on the basis of nominations by the Member States.

Members of the committee may be assisted by experts or advisers depending on the nature of the issues under consideration.

The committee shall be chaired by a Commission representative.

The proceedings of the committee shall be confidential. The committee shall adopt its own rules of procedure. The secretarial services shall be provided by the Commission.

Article 8

- 1. Where the procedure laid down in this Article is to be followed, the representative of the Commission shall refer to the committee a draft of the measures to be adopted. The committee shall deliver an opinion within a time limit set by the chairman, which shall normally be one month and shall not exceed two months depending on the urgency of the matter. The opinion shall be delivered by the majority specified in Article 148 (2) of the Treaty for decisions which the Council is required to adopt on a proposal from the Commission, the votes of the representatives of the Member States being weighted as indicated in that Article. The chairman shall not vote.
- 2. The Commission shall adopt the proposed measures if they are in accordance with the committee's opinion. If the proposed measures are not in accordance with the committee's opinion, or if no opinion is delivered, the Commission shall without delay submit to the Council a proposal concerning the measures to be taken. The Council shall act by a qualified majority.
- 3. If the Council has not acted within a period of two months from the date on which the matter was referred to it, the proposed measures shall:
- be adopted by the Commission for matters falling under the third, fourth, fifth and sixth indents of Article 6 (4),
- be adopted by the Commission, save where the Council has decided against the said measures by simple majority for matters falling under the first and second indents of Article 6 (4).

Article 9

By way of derogation from the provisions of Article 6 (4) of this Decision, the first annual work programme shall

be adopted after referral to the committee referred to in Article 4 of Decision 84/130/EEC in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 8 (1) and (2), and (3) second indent, of this Decision.

Article 10

The Commission shall address a report to the European Parliament and the Council after 30 months on the basis of an evaluation of the results so far achieved. This report shall be accompanied by suggestions for changes which may be necessary in the light of these results.

After the completion of the programme, the Commission shall send to Member States and the European Parliament a report on the performance and results of the programme.

The abovemtioned reports will be carried out in relation to the precise objectives set out in Annex II to this Decision and referred to in Article 2 (2) of Decision 87/516/Euratom, EEC.

Article 11

The Member States and the Commission shall exchange all appropriate information to which they have access and which they are free to disclose concerning activities in the areas covered by this Decision, whether or not planned or carried out under their authority.

Information shall be exchanged according to a procedure to be defined by the Commission after consulting the committee and shall be treated as confidential at the suppliers' request.

Article 12

This Decision shall apply from 1 December 1987.

Article 13

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 11 April 1988.

For the Council
The President
H. RIESENHUBER

ANNEX I

INDICATIVE INTERNAL ALLOCATION OF FUNDS

	•	Million ECU
I. R&D sectors (1)		1 498
Microelectronics and peripheral technologies Information processing systems IT application technologies		475 475 548
II. Staff and administrative costs		102
Staff costs Administrative costs	· ·	64 38
	Total	1 600

⁽¹⁾ These figures include approximately 65 million ECU for actions in basic research and 80 million ECU for accompanying measures related to the three R&D sectors mentioned above.

ANNEX II

ESPRIT PROGRAMME SUMMARY AND OBJECTIVES

Taking account of the objectives referred to in Article 1 (2), three sectors of activity of long-term strategic impact have been selected, in which the following major technical goals will be addressed:

- to improve the competitiveness of the microelectronics industrial sector so as to enable it to provide the IT industry with full systems capability based on state of the art semiconductor technology. Special emphasis will be put on application-specific integrated circuits,
- to provide powerful, cost efficient, reliable information processing systems which meet the competitive requirements of 1990s. Special emphasis will be put on total systems design technology, parallel computer architectures and knowledge engineering,
- to improve the ability to use and integrate IT, and to encourage rapid transfer of IT innovations to selected areas of applications. Special emphasis will be put on industrial applications (computer integrated manufacturing) and distributed processing technologies in business environments.

Complementary to these sectorial goals to be achieved by industrial cooperative R&D projects at the precompetitive level, some cooperative actions in selected areas of basic research will have to be carried out. Their main goal will be:

— to develop and maintain a sufficiently strong foundation on which IT of the future will be built. The activities will focus on basic research topics which hold promise for significant future advances while not possessing immediate commercial applications.

In view of the potential benefits of the programme to Community industry as a whole, accompanying measures are foreseen with the specific goals:

- to promote the application of Esprit results by Community industry, particularly taking advantage of the special role of small and medium-sized undertakings in this context,
- to enhance synergy with other programmes in the IT sector.

The programme contains research and development projects, actions in basic research and accompanying measures.

PROGRAMME SUMMARY

In order to achieve the objectives described above, the programme contains research and development projects, actions in basic research and aecompanying measures as follows:

A. Research and development projects

Research and development projects will be carried out in the following three sectors:

- 1. Microelectronics and peripheral technologies.
- 2. Information processing systems.
- 3. IT application technologies.

1. Microelectronics and peripheral technologies

Work in this sector will have to be addressed primarily to improving the competitiveness of the Community microelectronics industrial sector so as to enable it to provide the IT industry with full system capability through access to up-to-date functional components and subsystems based in particular on state of the art semiconductor technology. To this end and in support of the developments of application systems, it will encompass the provision of the technological capability to design, manufacture and test application-specific integrated circuits (ASIC) in a 'system on a chip' concept. Such circuits are to range from high-complexity random logic, including several million elementary devices to very-high-speed lower-complexity circuits capable of operating at up to 5 GHz.

The R&D activities to be pursued include:

- High-density integrated circuits: The goal is to provide random logic integrated circuits (ICs), including up to four million gates for use in particular where a high degree of parallel processing is possible as, for instance, in processor arrays or systolic arrays. To this end, it will be necessary:
 - to develop user-friendly CAD systems, including automatic layout and design verification tools (advanced silicon compilers),
 - to develop low-power high-density processes, including the optimization of an automated flexible manufacturing line for high yield production.
- High-speed integrated circuits: The aim is to manufacture devices for use where processing of large quantities of information in real time cannot be assured by parallelism due to high serial bit rate. They are potentially valuable in supercomputers or front-end processors for telecommunications systems. The target performance will be:
 - operation between 5 and 10 GHz clock frequency or gate delays less than 50 ps,
 - complexity greater than 10 000 gates.

The main activities towards this goal are:

- development of a very fast silicon bipolar process,
- GaAs FET technologies will also be considered, as appropriate,
- special CAD tools purpose optimize circuit speed,
- special packaging techniques for GHz operation.
- Multifunction integrated circuits: The goal is to build a complete system on a chip with digital and analogue functions, operating over a wide range of speeds. Complexity up to one million transistors, minimum achievable gate delay of 50 ps, power control and non-volatile memory capability will have to be implemented to meet the requirements of peripherals (display and LAN control, memory management), telecommunications equipments (voice and image processing), factory and office automation (intelligent sensors and actuators). In order to enhance the performances of very large information systems, optoelectronic ICs will be developed and used to optically interconnect distributed processors for instance.

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The main activities to be pursued are:

- tuning of manufacturing processes for dedicated application,
- adaptation of CAD tools to mixed functions, such as analogue-digital device design.

Throughout the execution of the programme, a special emphasis will be given to definition of standards, both on the software side (data exchange, tool portability between CAD system and manufacturing equipment) and on the mechanical side to meet requirements for a higher degree of automation and flexibility.

— Peripheral technologies: This area of the programme is aimed at ensuring that Europe develops the specific technologies necessary to play a sustainable role in future peripheral systems developments. Topics requiring action are, in particular, those of magneto-optic and optical mass storage and retrieval systems, non-impact printers, displays, devices incorporating logic elements in conjunction with sensors, transducers, and actuators.

2. Information processing systems

The main objective of this sector is to bring together tools and technologies from the hardware and software domains, in order to enable the design and development of the information processing systems of the 1990s. Particular attention will be paid to new approaches to systems design which will enable high quality complex systems to be developed efficiently. To develop the methods and tools needed, it is imperative that all aspects of the system (e.g. architecture, interfaces) are considered while at the same time new technologies like knowledge engineering are integrated.

As a consequence, work in this sector will provide the capability of producing systems (of similar complexity to those produced now) with a significant increase in designer productivity. For example, the methods and tools developed will provide the mechanism by which the development costs of selected system components (e.g. microprocessors, real-time software modules) will be reduced to 10 % of the current development costs.

The R&D activities to be pursued fall into four complementary areas:

- Systems design: This area addresses the process from the definition of the requirements of an IT system, through to its manufacture, distribution and maintenance. Activities include:
 - evaluation of methods and tools, guidance in method introduction and product evaluation metrics,
 - integration and rationalization of integrated programming system environment interfaces, project support environments and knowledge-based techniques,
 - reusable system components, automated generation of high quality programmes for real-time systems, formel techniques and methods.
- Knowledge engineering: This area includes the development of systems which help reasoning and decision-making under conditions of uncertainty and incomplete information. Activities include:
 - knowledge acquisition, learning and adaptive systems, knowledge representation, knowledge manipulation and validation of knowledge-based systems,
 - natural communication processing and user interaction mechanisms,
 - integration of knowledge engineering techniques into systems design.
- Advanced systems architectures: This area includes, notably parallel architectures aimed at overcoming system limitations and at supporting modular construction. Activities include:
 - parallel architecture and interconnection of cooperating processors, programming and verification techniques,
 - distributed systems of semi-autonomous components,
 - specialized architectures for signal processing and knowledge-based information subsystems.
- Signal processing: This area addresses the need to cope with the complexity of processing signals of varied physical nature (e.g. temperature, pressure, image, natural voice). Activities include:
 - formal description of information flow, symbolic manipulation,
 - pre-processing, feature identification, classification, error correcting methods,
 - system components for signal processing, real-time systems,
 - advanced technologies for multi-sensor signal processing systems.

3. IT application technologies

The main objective of this sector is to enhance European capabilities in the integration of IT into systems able to be used in a broad range of applications and to validate the results in selected, realistic environments.

The R&D activities to be pursued in IT application technologies fall into three complementary areas:

— Computer integrated manufacturing: The objective is to provide the technology base which is necessary for system vendors in order to successfully meet the competitive requirements of the world market. At the same time, it is expected that the rapid uptake of these IT based technologies will induce a completion of the modernization process in a wide range of manufacturing industries.

The scope of work will include the application of IT not only in discrete part production but to a wide range of industries up to and including continuous process.

The establishment of open system concepts to support multi-vendor operation is an important means of achieving the objective of the area.

Activities include:

- design and analysis systems allowing flexible product development so that time, materials and other resources for production are minimized,
- factory management, planning and production control so that availability and usage of equipment are increased, man-machine interactions for production planning and control systems optimized, real-time applications implemented and just-in-time production supported,
- robotics systems,
- integration of material handling systems (including robots) in the production and assembly process. Issues to be addressed are, e. g., tool change, monitoring, washing, waste disposal, assembling and other tasks associated with production. Particular emphasis will be put on solutions for smaller batches,
- computer integrated control in process industries to create more efficient plant operation,
- architecture and methods for integration, including the development of methods and tools for installing, operating, and monitoring computer integrated manufacturing systems and the demonstration of early implementations addressing different manufacturing requirements.
- Integrated information systems: This area addresses systems integration R&D for selected applications. Application domains include office environment and the domestic environment.

Activities include:

- user environment analysis and support in order to evaluate requirements, constraints, human factors, reduce introduction periods and increase productivity through improvement of user-system interaction. Particular emphasis will be put on the requirements of less skilled users and flexibility aspects,
- systems engineering, comprising systems integration and validation tools, reliability, availability and security of systems,
- generic communication technologies and integrated office systems comprising multimedia handling on the basis of open system architectures, generation, routing, monitoring of office information, remote activities support and selected special functions,
- distributed systems with particular emphasis on integration of knowledge-based systems and advanced distributed storage systems,
- data collection and monitoring systems in non-factory environments (e.g. home, laboratory) comprising tele-control and networking of autonomous equipment, management of data acquisition systems.
- IT application support systems: This area addresses the integration of basic IT components into subsystems. The major goal is to provide low cost technologies and large scale applicability. Particular emphasis will be put on modularity and fail-safe aspects.

Activities include:

- work stations for multiple application purposes,
- storage and processing subsystems for stand-alone and distributed systems,
- local network systems and related basic services,
- user interfacing subsystems (e.g. visual, vocal, manual),
- subsystems interfacing the physical environment (e.g. vision and environment understanding, laboratory data acquisition, monitoring and control).

Throughout these three sectors (Microelectronics and peripheral technologies, Information processing systems and IT application technologies) a limited number of technology integration projects will be undertaken. These projects will aim at meeting ambitious, well-defined industrial targets, will be preplanned at an appropriate level of detail in the work programme, and normally require large-scale industrial efforts of a Community dimension.

B. Actions in basic research

The envisaged actions in basic research aim at complementing the proposed pre-competitive IT R&D efforts by providing a Community dimension to fundamental research work in selected areas of long lead-time. They include promotion of high level professional training in areas of particular concern to the Community. The actions shall, in particular, encourage highly qualified research institutes in IT to become international in their orientation.

The work areas include:

- molecular electronics,
- artificial intelligence and cognitive science,
- applications of solid state physics to IT,
- advanced systems design,

and other areas of basic research which may be identified during the course of the programme.

C. Accompanying measures

The main objective of the accompanying measures is to provide the framework necessary to make optimum use in all regions of the Community of the R&D activities undertaken in the Esprit programme and related activities.

The accompanying measures include in particular:

- the promotion of consistency between Community and Member States research and development programmes and in respect of programmes at international level, acquisition of information, both within the Esprit programme and from the world at large, and its appropriate dissemination,
- coordination and documentation of standards within the Esprit programme and their relationship with national and international standards,
- provision of means to ensure ease of communication, to serve the good technical execution of research and development projects as well as their management, and the appropriate dissemination of and access to their results, including an information exchange system (IES).

CORRIGENDA

Corrigendum to Council Regulation (EEC) No 328/88 of 2 February 1988 instituting a Community programme to assist the conversion of steel areas (RESIDER programme)

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 33 of 5 February 1988)

Page 4, Article 8, add the following second paragraph:

2. The duration of the programme of assistance may not extend beyond 31 December 1992.

Corrigendum to Council Regulation (EEC) No 669/88 of 2 February 1988 amending Regulation (EEC) No 4135/86 on rules for imports of certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 73 of 18 March 1988)

On page 74 the table which lists the products of Group IV shall be deleted.