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I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 921/88**of 7 April 1988****fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) 3989/87 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87 ⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 4047/87 ⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central

rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 6 April 1988;

Whereas the aforesaid corrective factor affects the entire calculation basis for the levies, including the equivalence coefficients;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 4047/87 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 April 1988.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 377, 31. 12. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 378, 31. 12. 1987, p. 99.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 April 1988.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 7 April 1988 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

CN code	Levies	
	Portugal	Third country
0709 90 60	14,54	175,40
0712 90 19	14,54	175,40
1001 10 10	71,19	261,48 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
1001 10 90	71,19	261,48 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
1001 90 91	9,43	190,81
1001 90 99	9,43	190,81
1002 00 00	49,73	167,52 ⁽³⁾
1003 00 10	43,41	175,52
1003 00 90	43,41	175,52
1004 00 10	99,87	150,36
1004 00 90	99,87	150,36
1005 10 90	14,54	175,40 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
1005 90 00	14,54	175,40 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
1007 00 90	38,03	185,25 ⁽⁴⁾
1008 10 00	43,41	101,65
1008 20 00	43,41	147,01 ⁽⁴⁾
1008 30 00	43,41	64,29 ⁽⁵⁾
1008 90 10	⁽⁷⁾	⁽⁷⁾
1008 90 90	43,41	64,29
1101 00 00	28,19	282,12
1102 10 00	84,61	249,93
1103 11 10	124,11	417,97
1103 11 90	28,27	302,52

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within subheading 1008 90 10 (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 922/88

of 7 April 1988

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3989/87⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 4048/87⁽⁵⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 6 April 1988;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from Portugal shall be zero.
2. The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 April 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 April 1988.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 377, 31. 12. 1987, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 378, 31. 12. 1987, p. 102.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 7 April 1988 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

CN code	(ECU/tonne)			
	Current 4	1st period 5	2nd period 6	3rd period 7
0709 90 60	0	0	0	0
0712 90 19	0	0	0	0
1001 10 10	0	0	0	0
1001 10 90	0	0	0	0
1001 90 91	0	0	0	0
1001 90 99	0	0	0	0
1002 00 00	0	0	0	0
1003 00 10	0	0	0	0
1003 00 90	0	0	0	0
1004 00 10	0	0	0	0
1004 00 90	0	0	0	0
1005 10 90	0	0	0	0
1005 90 00	0	0	0	0
1007 00 90	0	0	0	0
1008 10 00	0	0	0	0
1008 20 00	0	10,72	10,72	10,72
1008 30 00	0	0	0	0
1008 90 90	0	0	0	0
1101 00 00	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

CN code	(ECU/tonne)				
	Current 4	1st period 5	2nd period 6	3rd period 7	4th period 8
1107 10 11	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 19	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 91	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 99	0	0	0	0	0
1107 20 00	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 923/88

of 7 April 1988

fixing the minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3994/87⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 798/87⁽⁴⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 799/87⁽⁶⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 413/86⁽⁸⁾, and in particular Article 5 thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey⁽⁹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 800/87⁽¹⁰⁾, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon⁽¹¹⁾;Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78⁽¹²⁾ the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;Whereas Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender⁽¹³⁾ specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas in the collection of the levy, account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas, with regard to Turkey and the Maghreb countries, the provisions of this Regulation should be without prejudice to the additional amount to be determined in accordance with the agreements between the Community and these third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 4 and 5 April 1988 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff⁽¹⁴⁾ introduces from 1 January 1988 a new combined nomenclature meeting the requirements of both the Common Customs Tariff and the Community's statistics of foreign trade and replacing the previous nomenclature;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within subheadings 0709 90 39 and 0711 20 90 and on products falling within subheadings 1522 00 31, 1522 00 39 and 2306 90 19 of the combined nomenclature must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 377, 31. 12. 1987, p. 30.⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 11.⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 12.⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 48, 26. 2. 1986, p. 1.⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 79, 21. 3. 1987, p. 13.⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.⁽¹³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.⁽¹⁴⁾ OJ No L 256, 7. 9. 1987, p. 1.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

Article 2

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 April 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 April 1988.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX I

Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)	
CN code	Non-member countries
1509 10 10	62,00 ⁽¹⁾
1509 10 90	62,00 ⁽¹⁾
1509 90 00	73,00 ⁽²⁾
1510 00 10	62,00 ⁽¹⁾
1510 00 90	100,00 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ For imports of oil falling within this subheading and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

(a) Lebanon : 0,60 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) Turkey : 11,48 ECU/100 kg ^(*) provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;

(c) Algeria, Tunisia and Morocco : 12,69 ECU/100 kg ^(*) provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

^(*) These amounts may be increased by an additional amount to be determined by the Community and the third countries in question.

⁽²⁾ For imports of oil falling within this subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,86 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 3,09 ECU/100 kg.

⁽³⁾ For imports of oil falling within this subheading :

(a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 7,25 ECU/100 kg ;

(b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by 5,80 ECU/100 kg.

ANNEX II

Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)	
CN code	Non-member countries
0709 90 39	13,64
0711 20 90	13,64
1522 00 31	31,00
1522 00 39	49,60
2306 90 19	4,96

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 924/88
of 6 April 1988

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on synthetic staple fibres processed for spinning, products of category 55 (order number 40.0550), originating in Mexico to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 of 3 December 1987 concerning the administration of the generalized tariff preferences for 1988 in respect of textile products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 provides that preferential tariff treatment shall be accorded, for each category of products subjected in Annexes I and II of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87⁽²⁾ to individual ceilings, within the limits of the quantities specified in column 7 of its Annexes I or II, in respect of certain or each of the countries or territories of origin referred to in column 5 of the same Annexes;

Whereas Article 3 of the abovementioned Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question once the relevant individual ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas, in respect of synthetic staple fibres, products of category 55, (order number 40.0550) the relevant ceiling amounts to 34 tonnes; whereas on 16 March 1988 imports of the products in question into the Community originating in Mexico, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached and were charged against that ceiling;

Whereas it is appropriate to re-establish the levying of customs duties for the products in question with regard to Mexico,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 11 April 1988 the levying of customs duties, suspended pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in Mexico:

Order number	Category (Unit)	CN code	Description
40.0550	55 (tonnes)	5506 10 00 5506 20 00 5506 30 00 5506 90 10 5506 90 91 5506 90 99	Synthetic staple fibres, including waste, carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 April 1988.

For the Commission

COCKFIELD

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 58.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 925/88

of 6 April 1988

re-establishing the levying of customs duties on articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, products of category 98 (order number 40.0980); originating in South Korea to which the preferential tariff arrangements set out in Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 apply

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 of 3 December 1987 concerning the administration of the generalized tariff preferences for 1988 in respect of textile products originating in developing countries⁽¹⁾ and in particular Article 4 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 3783/87 provides that preferential tariff treatment shall be accorded, for each category of products subjected in Annexes I and II of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87⁽²⁾ to individual ceilings, within the limits of the quantities specified in column 7 of its Annexes I or II, in respect of certain or each of the countries or territories of origin referred to in column 5 of the same Annexes;

Whereas Article 3 of the abovementioned Regulation provides that the levying of customs duties may be re-established at any time in respect of imports of the products in question once the relevant individual ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas, in respect of articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, products of category 98, (order number 40.0980) the relevant ceiling amounts to 4 tonnes; whereas on 28 March 1988 imports of the products in question into the Community originating in South Korea, a country covered by preferential tariff arrangements, reached and were charged against that ceiling;

Whereas it is appropriate to re-establish the levying of customs duties for the products in question with regard to South Korea,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

As from 11 April 1988 the levying of customs duties, suspended pursuant to Regulation (EEC) No 3782/87, shall be re-established in respect of the following products, imported into the Community and originating in South Korea:

Order number	Category (Unit)	CN code	Description
40.0980	98 (tonnes)	5609 00 00 5905 00 10	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics, articles made from such fabrics and articles of category 97

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 April 1988.

For the Commission
COCKFIELD
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 58.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 367, 28. 12. 1987, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 926/88

of 7 April 1988

suspending the issue of STM licences for certain floricultural products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal, and in particular Article 252 (1) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 643/86 of 28 February 1986 laying down detailed rules for the application of the supplementary trade mechanism to the live plants and floriculture products listed in Annex XXII to the Act of Accession and imported into Portugal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3925/87 ⁽²⁾, fixed the target ceilings provided for in Article 251 (1) of this Act for certain floriculture products;

Whereas Article 252 of the Act of Accession provides that should the examination of developments in intra-Community trade show that a significant increase in imports has taken place or is forecast and if the situation should result in the target import ceiling for the product being reached or exceeded for the current marketing year or a part of it, the Commission is to decide, in accordance

with emergency procedures, on the interim protective measures that are necessary;

Whereas the target ceiling for ornamental plants falling within CN codes 0602 99 91 and 0602 99 99 for the period 1 January to 30 June 1988 has been exceeded; whereas the issue of any further licences should be suspended for the products in question, under the interim protective measures; whereas this will involve the rejection of applications already lodged,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The issue of STM licences for ornamental plants falling within CN codes 0602 99 91 and 0602 99 99 is hereby suspended until 22 April 1988.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 April 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 April 1988.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 60, 1. 3. 1986, p. 39.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 369, 29. 12. 1987, p. 26.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 927/88

of 7 April 1988

introducing a countervailing charge on tomatoes originating in the Canary Islands

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 824/88⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 723/88 of 18 March 1988 fixing for the 1988 marketing year the reference prices for tomatoes⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for products of class I for the month of April 1988 at 197,27 ECU per 100 kilograms net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available less the duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

whereas it is necessary to multiply the prices with the coefficient fixed in the first indent of Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 723/88;

Whereas, for tomatoes originating in the Canary Islands the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these tomatoes;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85⁽⁶⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1636/87⁽⁷⁾,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded over a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient,

Whereas, in accordance with Article 1 (5) of Protocol 2 to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal⁽⁸⁾, the Community must apply in its trade with the Canary Islands, for products covered by Annex II to the EEC Treaty, the general arrangements which it applies in its foreign trade;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 4 of the said Protocol, the products, including tomatoes, specified in Annex A to the Protocol, qualify for preferential arrangements, subject to the tariff quota opened by way of Community Regulation (EEC) No 4063/87⁽⁹⁾;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

When tomatoes falling within CN code 0702 00 and originating in the Canary Islands are imported, a countervailing charge shall be levied, the amount of which shall be fixed at:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 85, 30. 3. 1988, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 74, 19. 3. 1988, p. 51.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 153, 13. 6. 1987, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 302, 15. 11. 1985, p. 9.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1987, p. 17.

— 14,60 ECU per 100 kilograms net weight for quantities within the tariff quota laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 4063/87,

However this charge shall not be levied on quantities imported into Spain within the tariff quotas laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 4063/87.

Article 2

— 15,54 ECU per 100 kilograms, for other amounts.

This Regulation shall enter into force on 9 April 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 April 1988.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 928/88**of 7 April 1988****introducing a countervailing charge on cucumbers originating in Poland**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 824/88⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 779/88⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 820/88⁽⁴⁾, introduced a countervailing charge on cucumbers originating in Poland;

Whereas for cucumbers originating in Poland there were no prices for six consecutive working days; whereas the

conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of cucumbers originating in Poland can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 779/88 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 8 April 1988.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 April 1988.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 85, 30. 3. 1988, p. 5.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 80, 25. 3. 1988, p. 37.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 83, 29. 3. 1988, p. 29.