

Official Journal

of the European Communities

ISSN 0378-6978

L 149

Volume 29

3 June 1986

English edition

Legislation

Contents

I *Acts whose publication is obligatory*

- ★ **Council Regulation (EEC) No 1708/86 of 26 May 1986 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain eels falling within subheading ex 03.01 A II of the Common Customs Tariff (1 July 1986 to 30 June 1987) 1**
- ★ **Council Regulation (EEC) No 1709/86 of 26 May 1986 temporarily suspending the autonomous Common Customs Tariff duties on a number of agricultural products 4**
- ★ **Council Regulation (EEC) No 1710/86 of 26 May 1986 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for sweet, clear-fleshed cherries, marinated in alcohol and intended for the manufacture of chocolate products, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B I e) 2 bb) of the Common Customs Tariff 7**
- ★ **Council Regulation (EEC) No 1711/86 of 26 May 1986 opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for processing work in respect of certain textile products under Community outward-processing traffic 10**
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1712/86 of 2 June 1986 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal 13
- Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1713/86 of 2 June 1986 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt 15
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1714/86 of 2 June 1986 amending Regulation (EEC) No 143/86 derogating from Regulation (EEC) No 3061/84 as regards the time limit for the submission of crop declarations relating to olive trees in respect of the 1985/86 marketing year 18**
- ★ **Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1715/86 of 2 June 1986 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1562/85 as regards the grant of financial compensation for lemons 19**

Contents (continued)

★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1716/86 of 2 June 1986 fixing for the 1986/87 marketing year the minimum purchase price for lemons delivered to the industry and the amount of financial compensation payable after their processing	20
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1717/86 of 2 June 1986 fixing the 1986/87 marketing year for cherries in syrup	22
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1718/86 of 2 June 1986 limiting for the 1986/87 marketing year the production aid for cherries in syrup	23
★ Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1719/86 of 2 June 1986 fixing, for the 1986/87 marketing year, the minimum price to be paid to producers for cherries and the amount of production aid for cherries in syrup	25
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1720/86 of 2 June 1986 amending Regulation (EEC) No 1575/86 on the sale at prices fixed at a standard rate in advance of certain beef from intervention stocks for processing in the Community	27
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1721/86 of 2 June 1986 amending Regulation (EEC) No 142/86 on the sale, at prices fixed at a standard rate in advance, of certain bone-in beef and veal held by certain intervention agencies and intended for export	30
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1722/86 of 2 June 1986 opening an invitation to tender for the sale for export of olive oil held by the Italian intervention agency	31
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1723/86 of 2 June 1986 fixing additional amounts for certain pigmeat products	33
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1724/86 of 2 June 1986 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar	35
Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1725/86 of 2 June 1986 amending for the fifth time Regulation (EEC) No 1795/85 fixing countervailing charges on seeds	36

II *Acts whose publication is not obligatory*

Commission

86/199/EEC :

★ Eighth Commission Directive of 26 March 1986 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, IV and VI to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products	38
---	----

86/200/EEC :

★ Commission Decision of 12 May 1986 establishing an Advisory Committee on the Dissemination of Agricultural Information	46
--	----

Corrigenda

★ Corrigendum to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3599/85 of 17 December 1985 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1986 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries (OJ No L 352 of 30.12.1985)	48
★ Corrigendum to Council Decision 86/19/EEC of 27 January 1986 authorizing the automatic renewal or continuance in force of certain friendship, trade and navigation treaties and similar agreements concluded between Member States and third countries (OJ No L 29 of 4.2.1986)	48

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1708/86

of 26 May 1986

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain eels falling within subheading ex 03.01 A II of the Common Customs Tariff (1 July 1986 to 30 June 1987)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Having regard to the draft Regulation submitted by the Commission,

Whereas eel fishing has been prohibited or has become impossible in certain Community production centres; whereas this has led to a drop in Community production of eels in general and particularly of fresh eels (live or dead), chilled or frozen, falling within subheading ex 03.01 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, intended for processing by curing or skinning enterprises or for use in the industrial manufacture of products falling within heading No 16.04 thereof; whereas this production is likely to be developed, particularly in two Member States, without, however, being able to satisfy all the requirements of the Community; whereas the processing industries in the Community consequently depend to a large extent on imports for their supplies of eels; whereas, from 1 July 1986 to 30 June 1987 the application of the Common Customs Tariff duty should therefore be suspended totally on imports of the relevant products up to an appropriate quantitative limit; whereas the introduction of a Community measure of this nature is unlikely to harm Community production;

Whereas current demand not met by Community production which must therefore be met by imports can be estimated at 5 250 tonnes for the period 1 July 1986 to 30 June 1987; whereas a tariff quota for the relevant types of eel should therefore be opened for this period on the conditions set out above; whereas the fixing of the quota volume at this level does not, however, prevent its readjustment during the quota period;

Whereas it is, in particular, necessary to ensure to all importers in the Member States equal and uninterrupted

access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, in the light of these principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the tariff quota among the Member; whereas statistics available for these specific products do not give a clear picture of the market situation; whereas, therefore, it is not possible to allocate the quota among the Member States solely on the basis of import trends for the eels in question over the past few years; whereas, however, according to each Member State's estimated needs, initial shares may be fixed at the quantities set out in Article 2;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first instalment being allocated, and the second forming a reserve intended subsequently to cover the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial shares; whereas, in order to ensure a certain degree of security for importers, the first instalment of the Community tariff quota should be fixed at a level which, under present circumstances, may be around 90 % of the quota amount;

Whereas the initial shares may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and to avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its total initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost entirely used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, which must be able to keep account of the extent to which the quota amount has been used up and to inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a considerable balance remains in one or other Member State, it is essential, to prevent a part of the Community tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State while it could be used in others, that that Member State should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

1. During the period 1 July 1986 to 30 June 1987, a Community tariff quota of 5 250 tonnes shall be opened for fresh eels (live or dead), chilled or frozen, falling within subheading ex 03.01 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, intended for processing by curing or skinning enterprises or for use in the industrial manufacture of products falling within heading No 16.04 of the Common Customs Tariff.

Control of the use for this special purpose shall be carried out pursuant to the relevant Community provisions.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the Common Customs Tariff duty shall be totally suspended.

Within these limits, Spain and Portugal shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the provisions laid down in this respect in the Act of Accession.

Article 2

1. A first instalment of 4 800 tonnes of this Community tariff quota shall be allocated among certain Member States. Member States' shares, which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid from 1 July 1986 to 30 June 1987, shall consist of the following amounts:

	<i>(tonnes)</i>
Benelux	1 783
Denmark	856
Germany	1 897
France	67
United Kingdom	197

2. The second instalment of 450 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

3. If an importer notifies the imminent import of the product in question in a Member State not participating in the initial allocation and requests the benefit of the

quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to these requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as fixed in Article 2 (1), or of that share minus any portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share, to the extent that the reserve so permits, equal to 10 % of its initial share, rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

2. If, after its initial share has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share, rounded up as necessary to the next whole number, to the extent that the reserve so permits.

3. If, after its second share has been exhausted, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in the manner provided in paragraph 2, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This procedure shall apply until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw lesser shares than those specified therein if there are grounds for believing that those specified may not be used in full. They shall inform the Commission of their reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 2 (3) or 3 shall be valid until 30 June 1987.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 May 1987, the unused portions of their initial shares which, on 15 April 1987, are in excess of 20 % of the initial amounts. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that such portion may not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 May 1987, of the total quantities of the products in question imported, up to and including 15 April 1987, and charged against the Community quota and of any portion of their initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 May 1987, of the amount still in reserve after amounts have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares of the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. Member States shall charge imports of the products in question against their shares as and when the products are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on this basis of the imports charged against that share in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, Member States shall inform it of the imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 May 1986.

For the Council

The President

G. BRAKS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1709/86

of 26 May 1986

temporarily suspending the autonomous Common Customs Tariff duties on a number of agricultural products

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Having regard to the draft Regulation submitted by the Commission,

Whereas production in the Community of the products specified in this Regulation is currently inadequate or non-existent; whereas producers thus cannot meet the needs of user industries in the Community;

Whereas in certain cases it is in the interest of the Community to suspend the autonomous Common Customs Tariff duties only partially, particularly since the goods in question are produced in the Community, and in the other cases to suspend them totally;

Whereas, in view of the difficulty of assessing accurately short-term trends in the economic situation in the relevant sectors, suspension measures should be taken only

temporarily by fixing their period of validity by reference to the interests of Community production,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The autonomous Common Customs Tariff duties for the products listed in the tables annexed hereto shall be suspended at the level indicated against each of them.

These suspensions shall be applicable:

- from 1 July to 31 December 1986 for the products listed in Table I,
- from 1 July 1986 to 30 June 1987 for the products listed in Table II.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 May 1986.

For the Council

The President

G. BRAKS

ANNEX

TABLE I

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of autonomous duty %
ex 03.01 B I e) 1	Piked dogfish (<i>Squalus acanthias</i>), fresh, chilled or frozen, whole, headless or in pieces	6
ex 03.01 B I y)	Red Snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>)	0

TABLE II

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of autonomous duty %
ex 03.01 A I b)	Salmon, frozen and headless, for the processing industry for manufacture into pastes or spreads (a)	0
03.01 B I g) 2	Lesser or Greenland halibut (<i>Reinhardtius hippoglossoides</i>), fresh, chilled or frozen, whole, headless or in pieces	4
ex 03.01 B I g) 2	Lesser or Greenland halibut (<i>Rheinhardtius hippoglossoides</i>), fresh, chilled or frozen, whole, headless or in pieces, for smoking (a)	0
ex 03.01 B I y)	Sturgeons, fresh, chilled or frozen, whole, headless or in pieces, intended for processing (a) (b)	0
ex 03.01 B I y)	Lump fish (<i>Cyclopterus Lumpus</i>) with roe, fresh or chilled, intended for processing (a)	0
ex 03.01 C	Soft roes, frozen, intended for the manufacture of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) (a)	0
ex 03.01 C	Hard fish roes, fresh, chilled or frozen	0
ex 03.02 A I f)	Saithe (<i>Pollachius virens</i>), salted or in brine, whole, headless or in pieces, intended for smoking, drying or canning (a)	9
ex 03.02 A II d)	Fillets or saithe (<i>Pollachius virens</i>), salted or in brine, intended for smoking, drying or canning (a)	10
ex 03.02 C	Hard fish roes, salted or in brine	0
ex 03.03 A IV c)	Shrimps of the variety Royal Red (<i>Haliporoides sibogae</i> or <i>Hymenopenaeus sibogae</i>) peeled and deep-frozen intended for the processing industry for the manufacture of products falling under heading No 16.05 (a) (c)	0
ex 03.03 A V b)	Krill for processing (a)	0
ex 07.03 E	Mushrooms, excluding cultivated mushrooms within the meaning of subheading 07.01 Q I, in salted or sulphur water, or to which other substances ensuring their temporary preservation have been added, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption	0
ex 07.04 B	Mushrooms, excluding cultivated mushrooms within the meaning of subheading 07.01 Q I, dried, dehydrated or evaporated, whole or in identifiable slices or pieces, intended for treatment other than simple repacking for retail sale (a) (c)	0
ex 07.05 B I	Beans, white, dried, of the species <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i>	0
ex 08.01 A	Dates, fresh or dried, intended for the processing industry, other than for the production of alcohol (a)	0
ex 08.01 A	Dates, fresh or dried, for packing for retail sale into immediate packings of a net capacity not exceeding 11 kilograms (a)	0
ex 08.08 F I	Large American cranberries, fresh (<i>Vaccinium macrocarpum</i>)	0
ex 08.09	Rose hips, fresh	0

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of autonomous duty %
08.10 ex B, C and ex D	Fruit of the species <i>Vaccinium</i> , whether or not cooked, in frozen state, not containing added sugar	0
ex 08.10 D	Rose-hips, whether or not cooked, in frozen state not containing added sugar	0
ex 08.10 D	Dates, frozen, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 5 kilograms or more, not intended for the production of alcohol (a)	0
ex 15.07 D I b) 2	Purified soya-been oil in glass bottles. Each bottle holds 10 litres of purified soya-bean oil containing by weight : — a minimum of 8,5 % and a maximum of 12 % of palmitic acid esters, — a minimum of 2,5 % and a maximum of 4,7 % of stearic acid esters, — a minimum of 22,4 % and a maximum of 29 % of oleic acid esters, — a minimum of 46,6 % and a maximum of 53,7 % of linoleic acid esters, — a minimum of 7,4 % and a maximum of 11 % of linolenic acid esters, and containing — not more than 5 millimoles of free fatty acid per kilogram of oil, — phosphalipids corresponding to a nitrogen content not exceeding 0,04 mg per gram of oil. The soya-been oil covered by this description is destined for the preparation of emulsions for injections (a)	8 with a maximum duty of 125 ECU per 100 kilograms net weight, plus a compensatory amount in certain conditions
ex 16.04 A II	Hard fish roes, washed, cleaned of adherent organs and simply salted or in brine	0
ex 16.04 B I	Salmon for the processing industry for manufacture into pastes or spreads (a)	0
ex 16.05 A	Crabs of the species 'King' (<i>Paralithodes Camchaticus</i>), 'Hanasaki' (<i>Paralithodes brevipes</i>), 'Kegani' (<i>Erimacrus isenbecki</i>), 'Queen' and 'Snow' (<i>Chionoecetes spp</i>), 'Red' (<i>Geryon quinquedens</i>), 'Rough stone' (<i>Neolithides asperrimus</i>), <i>Lithodes antarctica</i> , 'Mud' (<i>Scylla serrata</i>), 'Blue' (<i>Portunus spp</i>), simply boiled in water and shelled, whether or not frozen, in immediate packings of a net capacity of 2 kilograms or more	0
ex 16.05 B	Lobster flesh, cooked, to be used by the processing industry for the manufacture of butters based on lobster, pastes, pâtés, soups or sauces (a) (c)	10
ex 23.07 A	Fish or marine mammal solubles	0

(a) Checks on their use for this special purpose shall be carried out pursuant to the relevant Community provisions.

(b) The suspension shall apply to fish intended to undergo any operation unless they are intended to undergo exclusively one or more of the following operations :

- cleaning, gutting, tailing, heading,
- cutting (excluding, filleting or cutting of frozen blocks),
- sampling, sorting,
- labelling,
- packing,
- chilling,
- freezing,
- deep freezing,
- thawing, separation.

The suspension is not allowed for products intended, in addition, to undergo treatment (or operations) qualifying for suspension where such treatment (for operations) is (are) carried out at retail or catering level. The suspension of customs duties shall apply only to fish intended for human consumption.

(c) However, the suspension is not allowed where the treatment is carried out by retail sale or catering undertakings.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1710/86

of 26 May 1986

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for sweet, clear-fleshed cherries, marinated in alcohol and intended for the manufacture of chocolate products, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B I e) 2 bb) of the Common Customs Tariff

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Having regard to the draft Regulation submitted by the Commission,

Whereas the production of sweet, clear-fleshed cherries, marinated in alcohol and intended for the manufacture of chocolate products, is currently insufficient in the Community to meet the requirements of the user industries in the Community; whereas, consequently, Community supplies of products of this type depend to a considerable extent on imports from third countries; whereas it is in the Community's interest to partially suspend the Common Customs Tariff duty for the products in question, within a Community tariff quota of an appropriate volume; whereas, in order not to bring into question the development prospects of this production in the Community while ensuring an adequate supply to satisfy user industries, it is advisable to limit the benefits of tariff quotas solely to products which meet certain criteria as to presentation and use, to open the quota for the period 1 July to 31 December 1986, and to fix the volume of this quota at a level of 1 500 tonnes, corresponding to the needs for imports from third countries during that period, and to fix the quota duty at 10 %;

Whereas, in particular, equal and continuous access to the quota should be ensured for all Community importers and the rate of duty for the tariff quota should be applied consistently to all imports until the quota is exhausted; whereas, in the light of these principles, arrangements for the utilization of the tariff quota based on an allocation among Member States would seem to be consistent with the Community nature of the quota; whereas, to correspond as closely as possible to the actual trend in the market on the product in question, allocation of the quota should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States as calculated by reference to statistics of imports from third countries during a representative reference period and to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, however, since the quota is an autonomous Community tariff quota intended to cover import needs arising in the Community, the quota volume may be allocated on the basis of the estimated temporary import needs from third countries of each of the Member States; whereas these arrangements for allocation will also ensure the uniform application of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas, to take account of possible import trends for the product concerned, the quota volume should be divided into two tranches, the first being allocated between the Member States of the Community of Ten and the second held as a reserve to meet subsequent requirements of Member States which have used up their initial shares as well as those of the new Member States; whereas, to give importers of the Member States some degree of certainty, the first tranche of the tariff quota should be fixed at a relatively high level, which in this case could be 1 330 tonnes;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, to avoid disruption of supplies on this account, any Member State which has almost entirely used up its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas, each time its additional share is almost entirely used up, a Member State should draw a further share and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares should be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, which latter must be in a position to keep account of the extent to which the quota has been used up and to inform the Member States accordingly;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a considerable quantity of a Member State's initial share remains unused, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve, in order to prevent a part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State while it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any measure concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 July to 31 December 1986, the Common Customs Tariff duty on sweet, clear-fleshed cherries, marinated in alcohol, of a diameter not exceeding 18,9 mm, stoned, intended for the manufacture of chocolate products⁽¹⁾, falling within subheading ex 20.06 B I e) 2 bb), shall be suspended at a level of 10 % within the framework of a Community tariff quota of 1 500 tonnes.

2. Within the limits of the tariff quota, Spain and Portugal shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the Act of Accession.

Article 2

1. A first tranche of 1 330 tonnes of this Community tariff quota shall be allocated among the Member States of the Community of Ten; the shares, which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1986, shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	5
Denmark	20
Germany	1 080
Greece	50
France	11
Ireland	5
Italy	169
United Kingdom	5

2. The second tranche of 170 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

3. If an importer gives notification of an imminent importation of the product in question in Spain or Portugal and requests the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to these requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve so permits.

Article 3

1. If a Member State has used 90 % or more of its initial share as fixed in Article 2 (1), or of that share minus any portion returned to the reserve pursuant to Article 5, it shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share, to the extent that the reserve so permits, equal to 10 % of its initial share rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

2. If a Member State, after exhausting its initial share, has used 90 % or more of the second share drawn thereby, that Member State shall forthwith, in the manner

and to the extent provided in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

3. If a Member State, after exhausting its second share, has used 90 % or more of the third share drawn by it, that Member State shall forthwith, in the manner and to the extent provided in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall apply until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares lower than those specified in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that those specified may not be used in full. Any Member State applying this paragraph shall inform the Commission of its grounds for so doing.

Article 4

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1986.

Article 5

Member States shall, not later than 15 November 1986, return to the reserve the unused portion of their initial share which, on 1 November 1986, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used in full.

Member States shall, not later than 15 November 1986, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 1 November 1986 and charged against the Community quota and of any portion of their initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and shall, as soon as the notifications reach it, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall, not later than 20 November 1986, inform the Member States of the amounts still in the reserve following any return of shares pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available, and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares of the Community tariff quota.

⁽¹⁾ Checks on their prescribed end-use shall be carried out pursuant to the relevant Community provisions.

2. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that the products listed in Article 1 (1) benefiting from the tariff quota in question are put to the prescribed end-use.

3. Member States shall ensure that importers of the product in question have free access to the shares allotted to them.

4. Member States shall charge imports of the product in question against their shares as the product is entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

5. The extent to which Member States have used up their shares shall be determined on the basis of imports charged against them under the conditions set out in paragraph 4.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 July 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 May 1986.

For the Council

The President

G. BRAKS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1711/86

of 26 May 1986

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for processing work in respect of certain textile products under Community outward-processing traffic

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, on 1 August 1969, the Community concluded an arrangement with Switzerland on processing traffic in textiles; whereas under that arrangement the Community undertook to open, on 1 September of every year, an annual duty-free Community tariff quota for processed goods of 1 870 000 units of account of added value, apportioned as follows:

- (a) 1 650 000 units of account for processing work on woven fabrics falling within Chapters 50 to 57 of the Common Customs Tariff;
- (b) 143 000 units of account for the twisting or throwing, cabling and texturizing (whether or not combined with other processing work) of yarns falling within Chapters 50 to 57 of the Common Customs Tariff;
- (c) 77 000 units of account for processing work on products falling within heading Nos 58.04, 58.05, 58.07, 58.08, 58.09 and 60.01 of the Common Customs Tariff;

Whereas, in order to facilitate administration of this tariff quota, it was decided no longer to allocate a quota, provisionally, to each of the above three categories of processing; whereas the quota in question should therefore be opened for the period 1 September 1986 to 31 August 1987, according to the procedure provided for under the above arrangement, as amended and in compliance with the provisions of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2779/78 of 23 November 1978 on the procedure for applying the European unit of account (EUA) to legal acts adopted in one customs sphere⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof, and the provisions of Council Regulation (EEC, Euratom) No 3308/80 of 16 December 1980 on the replacement of the European unit of account by the ECU in Community legal instruments⁽²⁾;

Whereas provision should be made in particular to ensure equal and continuous access for those concerned with this

quota and consistent application of the rate of duty, prescribed for the said quota until the quota is exhausted, to all goods re-imported into any of the Member States and which have received one or other of the treatments listed above; whereas, in the light of these principles, arrangements for the utilization of the quota based on an allocation among the Member States would seem to be consistent with the Community character of the said quota; whereas it therefore seems advisable to make the allocation on the basis of the amount of the traffic under the previous bilateral Agreements, but without precluding participation by Member States not previously involved in such traffic;

Whereas, to safeguard the Community character of the quota, provision should be made to meet requirements which may arise in those Member States permitting them to draw adequate amounts from the Community reserve;

Whereas, to take account of possible developments in the traffic in question in the various Member States, the total quota volume of 1 870 000 ECU should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated among certain Member States and the second held as a reserve to cover the subsequent requirements of Member States when one of their initial shares has been exhausted, and also requirements which may arise in certain Member States in respect of processing work for which no initial share of the quota was allocated; whereas, in order to give the parties concerned in each Member State some degree of certainty, it would seem appropriate to fix the first instalment of the Community quota at a relatively high level, namely 1 640 000 ECU;

Whereas the Member States may exhaust their initial shares at different rates; whereas, to avoid disruption of supplies on this account, it should be provided that any Member State which has almost used up one of its initial shares should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas, each time its additional share is almost exhausted, a Member State should draw a further share, and so on, as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares should be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to keep account of the extent to which the quota has been used up and to inform the Member States accordingly;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 333, 30. 11. 1978, p. 5.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 345, 20. 12. 1980, p. 1.

Whereas, if at a given date during the quota period a considerable quantity of a Member State's initial share remains unused, it is essential, to prevent a part of the Community tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State while it could be used in others, that such State should return a significant percentage thereof to the corresponding reserve ;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

1. From 1 September 1986 to 31 August 1987, a Community tariff quota of 1 870 000 ECU of value added shall be opened in respect of goods resulting from processing work as provided for in the arrangement with Switzerland on processing traffic in textiles as follows :

(a) processing work on woven fabrics falling within Chapters 50 to 57 of the Common Customs Tariff ;

(b) twisting or throwing, cabling and texturizing (whether or not combined with other processing work) of yarns falling within Chapters 50 to 57 of the Common Customs Tariff ;

(c) processing work on products falling within the following headings of the Common Customs Tariff :

58.04 Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05),

58.05 Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06,

58.07 Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn of heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn) ; braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece ; tassels, pompons and the like,

58.08 Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain,

58.09 Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured ; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs,

60.01 Knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized.

2. For the purposes of this Regulation :

(a) 'processing work' means :

— for the purposes of paragraph 1 (a) and (c) : bleaching, dyeing, printing, flocking, impregnating, dressing and other work which changes the appearance or quality of the goods, without however changing their nature,

— for the purposes of paragraph 1 (b) : twisting or throwing, cabling and texturizing, whether or not combined with reeling, dyeing or other work which changes the appearance, quality or finish of the goods, without however changing their nature ;

(b) 'value added' means the difference between the value for customs purposes as defined in Community Regulations on this subject at the time of re-importation and the value for customs purposes as it would be if the products were re-imported in the state in which they were exported.

3. Within this tariff quota, the Common Customs Tariff duties shall be totally suspended.

Within the same limits, Spain and Portugal shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Accession and of the Protocols concluded by reason of that accession.

4. Re-imports of products, resulting from this processing work may not be charged to the tariff quota if they are already free of customs duties under other preferential tariff arrangements.

Article 2

1. The tariff quota referred to in Article 1 (1) shall be divided into two instalments.

The first instalment, 1 640 000 ECU, shall be allocated as set out below among the Member States listed in the above arrangement ; the shares, subject to Article 6, shall be valid from 1 September 1986 to 31 August 1987 :

	(ECU)
Benelux	20 000
Germany	1 080 000
France	520 000
Italy	20 000

2. The second instalment, which amounts to 230 000 ECU, shall constitute a Community reserve.

Article 3

If an importer notifies an imminent re-importation of the products in question into another Member State and requests the benefit of the quota, the Member State concerned shall inform the Commission and draw an amount corresponding to its requirements to the extent that the available balance of the reserve permits this.

Article 4

1. If a Member State has used 90 % or more of its initial share as fixed in Article 2 (1), or that share minus any portion returned to the reserve pursuant to Article 6, it shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share, to the extent that the relevant reserve so permits, equal to 10 % of its initial share, rounded up as necessary to the next whole number.

2. If a Member State, after exhausting its initial share, has used 90 % or more of the second share drawn by it, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 5 % of its initial share.

3. If a Member State, after exhausting its second share, has used 90 % or more of the third share drawn by it, that Member State shall, in accordance with the same conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue to apply until the reserve is exhausted.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares lower than those specified in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that those specified may not be used in full. Any Member State applying this paragraph shall inform the Commission of its grounds for so doing.

Article 5

Additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 4 shall be valid until 31 August 1987.

Article 6

The Member States referred to in Article 2 (1) shall, not later than 1 July 1987, return to the reserve the unused portion of their initial share which, on 15 June 1987, is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater portion if there are grounds for believing that it may not be used in full.

Member States shall, not later than 1 July 1987, notify the Commission of the total quantities of the product in question re-imported up to and including 15 June 1987 and charged against the Community quota and of any portion of their initial quota returned to the reserve.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 26 May 1986.

Article 7

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2, 3 and 4 and shall, as soon as the information reaches it, inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall, not later than 5 July 1987, inform the Member States of the amounts still in reserve following any return of shares pursuant to Article 6.

It shall ensure that when an amount exhausting this reserve is drawn the amount so drawn does not exceed the balance available, and to this end shall notify the amount of that balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 8

1. Member States shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 4 are opened in such a way that re-importation may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the Community tariff quota.

2. Every Member State shall ensure that all persons involved in the processing traffic have free access to the shares allocated to it.

3. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the value added, as established when upon re-importation the products concerned are entered with the customs authorities for free circulation.

Article 9

At the request of the Commission, the Member States shall inform it of any re-importations of the products in question actually charged against their share.

Article 10

Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 11

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1986.

For the Council

The President

G. BRAKS

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1712/86

of 2 June 1986

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1355/86⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 720/86⁽⁴⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

— for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 30 May 1986;

Whereas the aforesaid corrective factor affects the entire calculation basis for the levies, including the equivalence coefficients;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 720/86 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 June 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 118, 7. 5. 1986, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 65, 7. 3. 1986, p. 31.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 2 June 1986 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies	
		Portugal	Third country
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	10,31	169,83
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	31,61	215,41 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
10.02	Rye	48,52	153,19 ⁽⁶⁾
10.03	Barley	43,38	163,56
10.04	Oats	82,54	161,37
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	—	151,61 ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
10.07 A	Buckwheat	—	0
10.07 B	Millet	43,38	45,14 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	—	159,42 ⁽⁴⁾
10.07 D I	Triticale	(7)	(7)
10.07 D II	Canary seed ; other cereals	—	0 ⁽⁵⁾
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	30,25	253,58
11.01 B	Rye flour	83,75	230,28
11.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	62,83	347,72
11.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	29,56	270,76

⁽¹⁾ Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 486/85 the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽³⁾ Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1,81 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁴⁾ Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 50 %.

⁽⁵⁾ Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0,60 ECU/tonne.

⁽⁶⁾ The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

⁽⁷⁾ The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within subheading 10.07 D I (triticale).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1713/86

of 2 June 1986

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1355/86⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2160/85⁽⁴⁾ and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in

the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coefficient;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 30 May 1986;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annexes hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be as set out in the Annexes hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 June 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 118, 7. 5. 1986, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 203, 1. 8. 1985, p. 11.

ANNEX I

to the Commission Regulation of 2 June 1986 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt from Portugal

A. Cereals and flour

CCT heading No	Description	<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>			
		Current 6	1st period 7	2nd period 8	3rd period 9
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

CCT heading No	Description	<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>				
		Current 6	1st period 7	2nd period 8	3rd period 9	4th period 10
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

ANNEX II

to the Commission Regulation of 2 June 1986 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt from third countries

A. Cereals and flour

CCT heading No	Description	<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>			
		Current 6	1st period 7	2nd period 8	3rd period 9
10.01 B I	Common wheat, and meslin	0	4,66	4,66	3,07
10.01 B II	Durum wheat	0	9,42	9,42	22,40
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	9,47	9,44	12,66
10.04	Oats	0	0	0	0
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	0	0	0
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	6,51	6,51	4,30

B. Malt

CCT heading No	Description	<i>(ECU/tonne)</i>				
		Current 6	1st period 7	2nd period 8	3rd period 9	4th period 10
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	8,29	8,29	5,46	5,46
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	6,20	6,20	4,08	4,08
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	16,86	16,80	22,53	22,53
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	12,60	12,56	16,84	16,84
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	14,68	14,63	19,62	19,62

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1714/86

of 2 June 1986

amending Regulation (EEC) No 143/86 derogating from Regulation (EEC) No 3061/84 as regards the time limit for the submission of crop declarations relating to olive trees in respect of the 1985/86 marketing year

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85⁽²⁾,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2261/84 of 17 July 1984 laying down general rules on the granting of aid for the production of olive oil and of aid to olive oil producer organizations⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 19 thereof,

Whereas, under Articles 1 (1) and 4 (1) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3061/84⁽⁴⁾, olive growers must lodge their crop declarations as referred to in Article 3 (1) and (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2261/84 not later than 30 November of each marketing year, and producer organizations or associations thereof must lodge their members' crop declarations not later than 31 December of each marketing year;

Whereas these limits were extended for the 1985/86 marketing year by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 143/86⁽⁵⁾; whereas experience has shown that the exten-

sion granted is not long enough, in the light of the number of adjustments that have to be made, to allow olive growers and producer organizations or associations thereof to lodge the crop declarations within the specified time limits;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 143/86, '31 January 1986' and '28 February 1986' are hereby replaced by '31 July 1986' and '31 October 1986' respectively.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 February 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 208, 3. 8. 1984, p. 3.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 288, 1. 11. 1984, p. 52.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 19, 25. 1. 1986, p. 13.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1715/86

of 2 June 1986

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1562/85 as regards the grant of financial compensation for lemons

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77 of 17 May 1977 laying down special measures to encourage the marketing of produce processed from lemons⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1353/86⁽²⁾,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1353/86 reduced, from 85 % to 40 %, the quality of lemons of Community origin bought at the minimum purchase price for which financial compensation may be granted pursuant to Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77 without provision of evidence that the end product has been sold outside Italy;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1562/85 of 7 June 1985 laying down detailed rules for the application

of measures to encourage the processing of oranges and the marketing of products processed from lemons⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3416/85⁽⁴⁾, should be amended to take account of the new percentage applicable;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 19 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1562/85, '85 %' is hereby replaced by '40 %'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 June 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 125, 19. 5. 1977, p. 3.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 53.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 152, 11. 6. 1985, p. 5.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 324, 5. 12. 1985, p. 15.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1716/86

of 2 June 1986

fixing for the 1986/87 marketing year the minimum purchase price for lemons delivered to the industry and the amount of financial compensation payable after their processing

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77 of 17 May 1977 laying down special measures to promote the marketing of lemon products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1353/86⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Whereas, under Article 1 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77, the minimum price which processors must pay to the producer is derived from the purchase price for class II plus 5 % of the basic price; whereas, to simplify matters, this calculation should be based on the average basic and purchase prices fixed for the 1986/87 year by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1352/86⁽³⁾;

Whereas, under Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77, financial compensation cannot exceed the difference between the minimum purchase price referred to in Article 1 of the said Regulation and the prices obtained for the basic products in producer third countries; whereas, for the purposes of calculating this compensation and with a view to encouraging optimum marketing of lemon products, it would seem advisable to apply the full difference between these prices;

Whereas Articles 119 (2) and 305 (2) of the Act of Accession provide that, from the first move towards alignment, the minimum prices applicable, as the case may be, in Spain and Portugal are to be aligned on the common minimum price in accordance with the mechanism provided for in Articles 70 and 238 of the said Act and the financial compensation applicable in Spain and Portugal respectively at each move towards alignment is to be that of the Community as constituted at 31 December 1985 less the difference between, on the one hand the common minimum price and, on the other, the minimum prices applicable, as the case may be, in Spain and Portugal.

Whereas, because of the late publication of the amounts of the minimum price and financial compensation, the interested parties have been unable to conclude contracts for the first part of the 1986/87 marketing year by the specified time; whereas the dates specified in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1562/85⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1715/86⁽⁵⁾, should therefore be waived;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The minimum price referred to in Article 1 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77 for the 1986/87 marketing year, the price shall be as follows:

(ECU/100 kg net)

Spain	Portugal	Other Member States
11,21	11,76	20,03

2. The minimum price shall be in respect of products ex-producer's packaging station.

Article 2

The amount of the financial compensation referred to in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/77 for the 1986/87 marketing year shall be as follows:

(ECU/100 kg net)

Spain	Portugal	Other Member States
2,86	3,41	11,68

Article 3

1. Notwithstanding Article 7 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1562/85, contracts for the first part of the 1986/87 marketing year may be concluded until 31 July 1986.

2. Notwithstanding Article 7 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1562/85, supplementary agreements to the contracts referred to in paragraph 1 may be concluded until 30 September 1986.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 June 1986.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 125, 19. 5. 1977, p. 3.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 53.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 47.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 152, 11. 6. 1985, p. 5.

⁽⁵⁾ See page 19 of this Official Journal.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1717/86
of 2 June 1986
fixing the 1986/87 marketing year for cherries in syrup

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 of 24 February 1986 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 1 (2) thereof,

Whereas the system of production aid provided for in Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 requires processors to pay producers for their raw material a price not less than a fixed minimum price; whereas that price must be determined taking into consideration the prices for fresh fruit in the fruit and vegetable sector;

Whereas Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 provides that the marketing year for cherries in syrup is to start on 10 May; whereas the conversion rates to be applied in agriculture are amended for cherries in syrup with effect from 12 May 1986; whereas the rates as amended should for economic reasons be applied for the marketing year 1986/87; whereas to that end the begin-

ning of the marketing year should be postponed until 12 May 1986;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Products Processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Notwithstanding Article 1 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86, the 1986/87 marketing year for cherries in syrup falling within subheading 20.06 B of the Common Customs Tariff shall run from 12 May 1986 to 9 May 1987.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1718/86

of 2 June 1986

limiting for the 1986/87 marketing year the production aid for cherries in syrup

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 of 24 February 1986 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 2(3) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 991/84 of 31 March 1984 limiting the production aid granted in respect of certain fruits in syrup⁽²⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 485/86⁽³⁾, and in particular Article 2 thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 991/84 fixed at 28 272 tonnes and 51 282 tonnes respectively the quantities of Bigarreau and other sweet cherries preserved in syrup, and Morello cherries preserved in syrup, which are eligible for aid; whereas provisions should be laid down governing the distribution of these overall quantities among the various processing undertakings;

Whereas, for that purpose, data on total quantities produced during the last three years should be used as a basis;

Whereas Article 1(2) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 461/86 of 25 February 1986 laying down, on account of the accession of Spain and Portugal, rules on the production aid system in respect of processed fruit and vegetables⁽⁴⁾, provides that in cases where no minimum price for the raw material is established before the first move towards alignment of prices, the finished product obtained from such raw material shall not benefit from any production aid; whereas as a consequence thereof no production aid shall be paid during the transitional period for cherries in syrup obtained from Morello cherries grown in Spain and Portugal;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management

Committee for Products Processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. For the 1986/87 marketing year production aid for each processing undertaking shall be limited:

- (a) in the case of Bigarreau and other sweet cherries in syrup falling within subheading 20.06 B of the Common Customs Tariff, to 80,38 %;
- (b) in the case of Morello cherries in syrup falling within subheading 20.06 B of the Common Customs Tariff, to 77,73 %.

2. The percentages referred to in paragraph 1 shall in respect of undertakings which have started their production before the 1984/85 marketing year apply to one-third of the net weight of the total quantity produced during the 1983/84, 1984/85 and 1985/86 marketing years.

In respect of undertakings which have started their production during the marketing year:

- (a) 1984/85, the percentages shall apply to the half of the net weight of the total quantity produced during the 1984/85 and 1985/86 marketing years;
- (b) 1985/86, the percentages shall apply to the net weight of the total quantity produced during that year.

For the purpose of this paragraph the total quantity produced means the quantity of cherries in syrup obtained from Bigarreau and other sweet cherries, and Morello cherries respectively, which has been communicated to the competent authorities and approved by them.

3. The total quantity produced as referred to in paragraph 2 shall not include Morello cherries in syrup obtained from cherries harvested in Spain or Portugal.

*Article 2*This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 1.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 103, 16. 4. 1984, p. 22.⁽³⁾ OJ No L 54, 1. 3. 1986, p. 12.⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 53, 1. 3. 1986, p. 15.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1719/86

of 2 June 1986

fixing, for the 1986/87 marketing year, the minimum price to be paid to producers for cherries and the amount of production aid for cherries in syrup

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 of 24 February 1986 on the common organization of the market in products processed from fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, and in particular Articles 4 (4) and 5 (5) thereof,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 1277/84 of 8 May 1984 laying down general rules for the system of production aid for processed fruit and vegetables⁽²⁾ contains provisions as to the methods for determining the production aid;

Whereas, under Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86, the minimum price to be paid to producers is to be determined on the basis of, firstly, the minimum price applying during the previous marketing year, secondly, the movement of basic prices in the fruit and vegetable sector and, thirdly, the need to ensure the normal marketing of fresh products for the various uses;

Whereas Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 lays down the criteria for fixing the amount of production aid; whereas account must, in particular, be taken of the aid fixed for the previous marketing year adjusted to take account of changes in the minimum price to be paid to producers, the non-member country price and, if necessary, the pattern of processing cost assessed on a flat-rate basis;

Whereas the minimum price to be paid to producers in Spain and Portugal and the production aid for the products obtained shall be determined as provided for in Articles 118 and 304 of the Act of Accession; whereas the representative period for determining the minimum price is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 461/86 of

25 February 1986 laying down, on account of the accession of Spain and Portugal, rules on the production aid system in respect of processed fruit and vegetables⁽³⁾; whereas as a consequence of Article 1 (2) of that Regulation no production aid can be paid during the transitional period for cherries in syrup obtained from Morello cherries grown in Spain and Portugal;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Products Processed from Fruit and Vegetables,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

For the 1986/87 marketing year:

- (a) the minimum price referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 426/86 to be paid to producers for cherries; and
- (b) the production aid referred to in Article 5 of the same Regulation for cherries in syrup

shall be as set out in the Annex.

Article 2

Where processing takes place outside the Member State in which the produce was grown, such Member State shall furnish proof to the Member State paying the production aid that the minimum price payable to the producer has been paid.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 49, 27. 2. 1986, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 123, 9. 5. 1984, p. 25.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 53, 1. 3. 1986, p. 15.

ANNEX

Minimum price to be paid to producers

Product	ECU/100 kg net ex producer for products grown in		
	Spain	Portugal	Other Member States
Bigarreau and other sweet cherries intended for the manufacture of cherries in syrup	40,812	58,341	58,341
Morello cherries intended for the manufacture of cherries in syrup	—	—	58,341

Production aid

Product	ECU/100 kg net for products obtained from raw materials grown in		
	Spain	Portugal	Other Member States
Bigarreau and other sweet cherries in syrup :			
(a) unstoned (with stone)	1,788	14,927	14,927
(b) other	1,987	16,585	16,585
Morello cherries in syrup :			
(a) unstoned (with stone)	0	0	13,766
(b) other	0	0	16,585

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1720/86

of 2 June 1986

amending Regulation (EEC) No 1575/86 on the sale at prices fixed at a standard rate in advance of certain beef from intervention stocks for processing in the Community

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾ and in particular Article 7 (3) thereof,Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1575/86 ⁽³⁾, certain quantities of beef were released from intervention and were put up for sale for processing; whereas further possible outlets for meat held by certain intervention agencies should be taken into account;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Beef and Veal,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1575/86 is hereby amended as follows:

1. The following indent is hereby added to Article 1 (1):
'— 20 tonnes of boned beef held by the French intervention agency and bought in before 1 January 1985.'
2. Annex I is hereby replaced by Annex I to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 4 June 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 3. 12. 1985, p. 8.⁽³⁾ OJ No L 137, 24. 5. 1986, p. 22.

ANEXO I — BILAG I — ANHANG I — ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ I — ANNEX I — ANNEXE I — ALLEGATO I — BIJLAGE I — ANEXO I

Estado miembro Medlemsstat Mitgliedstaat Κράτος μέλος Member State État membre Stato membro Lid-Staat Estado-membro	Productos Produkter Erzeugnisse Προϊόντα Products Produits Prodotti Produkten Produtos	Cantidades (toneladas) Mængde (tons) Mengen (Tonnen) Ποσότητες (τόνοι) Quantities (tonnes) Quantités (tonnes) Quantità (tonnellate) Hoeveelheid (ton) Quantidade (tonelada)	Precio de venta (ECUS/100 kg) (1) Salgspris (ECU/100 kg) (1) Verkaufspreise (ECU/100 kg) (1) Τιμές πώλησεως (ECU/100 kg) (1) Selling prices (ECU/100 kg) (1) Prix de vente (Écus/100 kg) (1) Prezzi di vendita (Ecu/100 kg) (1) Verkoopprijzen (Ecu/100 kg) (1) Preço de venda (ECUs/100 kg) (1)
---	--	---	--

a) Carne sin deshuesar — Ikke-udbenet kød — Fleisch mit Knochen — Κρέας μη αποστεωμένο — Unboned beef — Viande avec os — Carni con osso — Vlees met been — Carne com osso

			A	B
France	— <i>Quartiers avant, découpe à 5 côtes, le caparaçon faisant partie du quartier avant, provenant des:</i> Catégorie C, classes U, R, O	500	130,00	140,00
Ireland	— <i>Forequarters, straight cut at 10th rib from:</i> Steers 1 and 2 / Category C, class U, R, O	1 200	125,00	135,00
Italia	— <i>Quarti anteriori, taglio a 5 costole, il pancettone fa parte del quarto anteriore, provenienti da:</i> Categoria A, classe U, R, O	1 670	117,00	127,00
	— <i>Quarti anteriori, taglio a 8 costole, il pancettone fa parte del quarto anteriore, provenienti da:</i> Categoria A, classe U, R, O	330	122,00	132,00
Nederland	— <i>Voorvoeten, afgesneden op 5 ribben, waarbij de flank, de platte ribben en de naborst aan de voorvoet vastzitten, afkomstig van:</i> Stieren 1e kwaliteit / Catégorie A, classe R	1 065	130,00	140,00
United Kingdom Great Britain	— <i>Forequarters, cut at fifth rib with thin flank included in the forequarter, from:</i> Category C, class U, R, O	100	120,00	130,00
	— <i>Forequarters, straight cut at 10th rib from:</i> Category C, class U, R, O	800	125,00	135,00
Northern Ireland	— <i>Forequarters, straight cut at 10th rib from:</i> Category C, class U, R, O	100	125,00	135,00

b) Carne deshuesada (2) — Udbenet kød (2) — Fleisch ohne Knochen (2) — Αποστεωμένο κρέας (2) — Boned beef (2) — Viande désossée (2) — Carni senza osso (2) — Vlees zonder been (2) — Carne desossada (2)

Bundesrepublik Deutschland	— <i>Dünnung, stammend von:</i> Bullen A / Kategorie A, Klassen U, R	370	125,00	135,00
	— <i>Dünnung, stammend von:</i> Ochsen A / Kategorie C, Klassen U, R	507	125,00	135,00
Danmark	— <i>Ungtyre, 1. kvalitet, Kategori A, klasse R, O:</i> Øvrigt kød, forfjerdinger Bryst og slag	75 50	230,00 160,00	240,00 170,00
Ireland	— <i>From steers 1 and 2 / Category C, class U, R, O:</i> Forequarters (excluding cube rolls) Plates and flanks Flanks Shins Shanks Plate Briskets Shins and shanks	100 50 50 25 10 25 40 10	230,00 160,00 160,00 205,00 205,00 160,00 220,00 205,00	240,00 170,00 170,00 215,00 215,00 170,00 230,00 215,00
United Kingdom	— <i>From steers / Category C, class U, R, O:</i> Briskets Thin flanks Striploin flank-edge Hindquarter skirt Flanks (plates) Chuck Caisse C	100 170 5 25 200 1 17	200,00 160,00 100,00 160,00 160,00 120,00 160,00	210,00 170,00 110,00 170,00 170,00 130,00 170,00

- (¹) En caso de que los productos estén almacenados fuera del Estado miembro al que pertenezca el organismo de intervención, estos precios se ajustarán de acuerdo con lo dispuesto en el Reglamento (CEE) n° 1805/77.
- (¹) I tilfælde, hvor varer er oplagrede uden for den medlemsstat, hvor interventionsorganet er hjemmehørende, tilpasses disse priser i overensstemmelse med bestemmelserne i forordning (EØF) nr. 1805/77.
- (¹) Falls die Lagerung der Erzeugnisse außerhalb des für die betreffende Interventionsstelle zuständigen Mitgliedstaats erfolgt, werden diese Preise gemäß den Vorschriften der Verordnung (EWG) Nr. 1805/77 angepaßt.
- (¹) Σε περίπτωση που η αποθεματοποίηση των προϊόντων αυτών πραγματοποιείται εκτός του κράτους μέλους στο οποίο υπάγεται ο αρμόδιος οργανισμός παρεμβάσεως, οι τιμές αυτές προσαρμόζονται σύμφωνα με τις διατάξεις του κανονισμού (ΕΟΚ) αριθ. 1805/77.
- (¹) In the case of products stored outside the Member State where the intervention agency responsible for them is situated, these prices shall be adjusted in accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 1805/77.
- (¹) Au cas où les produits sont stockés en dehors de l'État membre dont relève l'organisme d'intervention détenteur, ces prix sont ajustés conformément aux dispositions du règlement (CEE) n° 1805/77.
- (¹) Qualora i prodotti siano immagazzinati fuori dello stato membro da cui dipende l'organismo detentore, detti prezzi vengono ritoccati in conformità del disposto del regolamento (CEE) n. 1805/77.
- (¹) Ingeval de produkten zijn opgeslagen buiten de Lid-Staat waaronder het interventiebureau dat deze produkten onder zich heeft ressorteert, worden deze prijzen aangepast overeenkomstig de bepalingen van Verordening (EEG) nr. 1805/77.
- (¹) No caso de os produtos estarem armazenados fora do Estado-membro de que depende o organismo de intervenção detentor, estes preços serão ajustados conforme o disposto no Regulamento (CEE) n° 1805/77.
- (²) Estos precios se entenderán netos con arreglo a lo dispuesto en el apartado 1 del artículo 17 del Reglamento (CEE) n° 2173/79.
- (²) Disse priser gælder netto i overensstemmelse med bestemmelserne i artikel 17, stk. 1, i forordning (EØF) nr. 2173/79.
- (²) Diese Preise gelten netto gemäß den Vorschriften von Artikel 17 Absatz 1 der Verordnung (EWG) Nr. 2173/79.
- (²) Οι τιμές αυτές εφαρμόζονται επί του καθαρού βάρους σύμφωνα με τις διατάξεις του άρθρου 17 παράγραφος 1 του κανονισμού (ΕΟΚ) αριθ. 2173/79.
- (²) These prices shall apply to net weight in accordance with the provisions of Article 17 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2173/79.
- (²) Ces prix s'entendent poids net conformément aux dispositions de l'article 17 paragraphe 1 du règlement (CEE) n° 2173/79.
- (²) Il prezzo si intende peso netto in conformità del disposto dell'articolo 17, paragrafo 1, del regolamento (CEE) n. 2173/79.
- (²) Deze prijzen gelden netto, overeenkomstig de bepalingen van artikel 17, lid 1, van Verordening (EEG) nr. 2173/79.
- (²) Estes preços aplicam-se a peso líquido conforme o disposto no n° 1 do artigo 17º do Regulamento (CEE) n° 2173/79.
- A. Aplicables a las carnes destinadas a la elaboración de las conservas contempladas en la letra a) del apartado 1 del artículo 1 del Reglamento (CEE) n° 2182/77.
- A. Finder anvendelse på kød bestemt til konserverfremstilling i henhold til artikel 1, stk. 1, litra a), i forordning (EØF) nr. 2182/77.
- A. Anwendbar für zur Herstellung von Konserven gemäß Artikel 1 Absatz 1 Buchstabe a) der Verordnung (EWG) Nr. 2182/77 bestimmtes Fleisch.
- A. Εφαρμόζεται στα κρέατα που προορίζονται για την παρασκευή κονσερβών όπως καθορίζονται στο άρθρο 1 παράγραφος 1 στοιχείο α) του κανονισμού (ΕΟΚ) αριθ. 2182/77.
- A. Applicable to meat intended for the manufacture of preserves as specified in Article 1 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2182/77.
- A. Applicables aux viandes destinées à la fabrication des conserves visées à l'article 1^{er} paragraphe 1 point a) du règlement (CEE) n° 2182/77.
- A. Applicabili alle carni destinate alla fabbricazione delle conserve di cui all'articolo 1, paragrafo 1, lettera a), del regolamento (CEE) n. 2182/77.
- A. Van toepassing op vlees dat is bestemd voor de vervaardiging van de in artikel 1, lid 1, sub a), van Verordening (EEG) nr. 2182/77 bedoelde conserven.
- A. Aplicáveis à carne destinada ao fabrico de conservas referidas no n° 1, alínea a), do artigo 1º do Regulamento (CEE) n° 2182/77.
- B. Aplicables a las carnes destinadas a la elaboración de los productos contemplados en la letra b) del apartado 1 del artículo 1 del Reglamento (CEE) n° 2182/77.
- B. Finder anvendelse på kød bestemt til fremstilling af produkter i henhold til artikel 1, stk. 1, litra b), i forordning (EØF) nr. 2182/77.
- B. Anwendbar für zur Herstellung von Erzeugnissen gemäß Artikel 1 Absatz 1 Buchstabe b) der Verordnung (EWG) Nr. 2182/77 bestimmtes Fleisch.
- B. Εφαρμόζεται στα κρέατα που προορίζονται για την παρασκευή προϊόντων όπως καθορίζονται στο άρθρο 1 παράγραφος 1 στοιχείο β) του κανονισμού (ΕΟΚ) αριθ. 2182/77.
- B. Applicable to meat intended for the manufacture of products as specified in Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 2182/77.
- B. Applicables aux viandes destinées à la fabrication des produits visés à l'article 1^{er} paragraphe 1 point b) du règlement (CEE) n° 2182/77.
- B. Applicabili alle carni destinate alla fabbricazione dei prodotti di cui all'articolo 1, paragrafo 1, lettera b), del regolamento (CEE) n. 2182/77.
- B. Van toepassing op vlees dat is bestemd voor de vervaardiging van de in artikel 1, lid 1, sub b), van Verordening (EEG) nr. 2182/77 bedoelde produkten.
- B. Aplicáveis à carne destinada ao fabrico dos produtos referidos no n° 1, alínea b), do artigo 1º do Regulamento (CEE) n° 2182/77.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1721/86
of 2 June 1986

amending Regulation (EEC) No 142/86 on the sale, at prices fixed at a standard rate in advance, of certain bone-in beef and veal held by certain intervention agencies and intended for export

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in beef and veal ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 7 (3) thereof,

Article 1

Whereas, pursuant to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 142/86 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1067/86 ⁽⁴⁾, certain quantities of beef were released from intervention and were put up for sale for export; whereas further possible outlets for meat held by certain intervention agencies should be taken into account;

In the fourth indent of Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 142/86, '5 000 tonnes' is hereby replaced by '10 000 tonnes' and '1 May 1984' is replaced by '1 October 1984'.

Article 2

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Beef and Veal,

This Regulation shall enter into force on 4 June 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 24.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 19, 25. 1. 1986, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 97, 12. 4. 1986, p. 28.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1722/86

of 2 June 1986

opening an invitation to tender for the sale for export of olive oil held by the
Italian intervention agency

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Whereas Article 2 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2754/78⁽³⁾ provides that olive oil held by the intervention agencies is to be put up for sale by tender;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 12 (1) of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, the Italian intervention agency has bought in large quantities of olive oil;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2960/77⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3818/85⁽⁵⁾, laid down the conditions for the sale by tender of olive oil; whereas at the present time there exist opportunities for exporting olive oil;

Whereas, in order to avoid any export problem, it shall be precisely stated on the package of the product to be exported in one of the denominations set out in the Annex to Regulation No 136/66/EEC;

Whereas the minimum selling price is so fixed that the Community operators enjoy equal conditions of competition with operators in non-member countries; whereas, accordingly, oil should under this Regulation qualify neither for the export refund provided for in Article 20 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC nor for the consumption aid provided for in Article 11 of the same Regulation;

Whereas, to guard against the danger of damaging the traditional export trade in olive oil put up in small containers the number of countries to which the oil may be exported should be limited; whereas, for this purpose, reference should be made to the list of countries set out in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3431/85 of 5 December 1985 on annual updating of the country nomenclature for the external trade statistics of the Community and statistics of trade between Member States⁽⁶⁾;

Whereas Article 20 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2730/79 of 29 November 1979 laying down common

detailed rules for the application of the system of export refunds on agricultural products⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3826/85⁽⁸⁾, specifies the evidence required to prove importation into non-Community countries;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Oils and Fats,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. The Italian intervention agency 'Azienda di Stato per gli interventi nel mercato agricolo', hereinafter referred to as 'AIMA', shall open an invitation to tender in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation and of Regulation (EEC) No 2960/77 for the sale for export of approximately 3 000 tonnes of olive residue oil.

2. The quantities of olive oil awarded shall be intended for export to the countries of Africa, the Near Middle East and the Soviet Union referred to in Article 8 of this Regulation.

Article 2

The invitation to tender shall be made public on 10 May 1986.

Particulars of the lots of oil offered for sale and the places where they are stored shall be displayed at the head office of AIMA, via Palestro 81, Rome, Italy,

A copy of the invitation to tender referred to above shall be sent without delay to the Commission.

Article 3

The tenders must reach AIMA, via Palestro 81, Rome, Italy, not later than 2 p.m. (local time) on 12 June 1986.

Article 4

1. Tenders shall be made for an olive residue oil of 10° acidity.

2. Where the oil awarded has a different degree of acidity from that for which the tender was submitted, the price to be paid shall be equal to the price tendered, increased or reduced in accordance with the scale below:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 13.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 348, 30. 12. 1977, p. 46.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 20.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 326, 6. 12. 1985, p. 17.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No L 317, 12. 12. 1979, p. 1.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 371, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

- below 10° down to 8° acidity :
an increase of Lit 2 964 for each degree or fraction of a degree of acidity below 10° ;
- below 8° :
an additional increase of Lit 2 519 for each degree or fraction of a degree below 8° ;

a reduction of Lit 2 964 for each degree or fraction of a degree above 10° .

Article 5

Not later than three days after the expiry of the time limit laid down for the submission of tenders, AIMA shall send the Commission a list, without mentioning names, stating the highest tender received for each lot put up for sale.

Article 6

The minimum selling price shall be fixed, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 38 of Regulation No 136/66/EEC, on the basis of the tenders received, not later than the last working day of the month during which the tenders were submitted. The decision fixing the minimum selling price shall be notified forthwith to the Member State concerned.

Article 7

The olive oil shall be sold by AIMA not later than the seventh day of each month following that during which the tenders were submitted.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

Article 8

1. The security referred to in Article 7 of Regulation (EEC) No 2960/77 shall be Lit 30 000 per 100 kilograms.

The security referred to in Article 12 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 2960/77 shall be Lit 100 000 per 100 kilograms of olive residue oil.

2. For the purposes of applying the provisions of Article 1 (2), the security referred to in paragraph 1, second subparagraph of this Article shall not be released unless proof is provided that the oil was imported into one of the countries of Africa, the Near and Middle East or the Soviet Union listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3431/85, except in cases where it has been destroyed during transport as a result of *force majeure*, or that it has been used for supplies as indicated in Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 2730/79.

3. The Member States may, however, exempt the exporter from producing the documentary evidence, other than the transport document, specified in Article 20 of Regulation (EEC) No 2730/79, in the case of a transaction where there is reasonable certainty of arrival at destination of products for which a declaration of export to one of the countries referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article was made.

Article 9

The storage charge provided for in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2960/77 shall be Lit 4 000 per 100 kilograms.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1723/86
of 2 June 1986
fixing additional amounts for certain pigmeat products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in pigmeat⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 13 (5) thereof,

Whereas if, for a given product, the free-at-frontier offer price (hereinafter called the 'offer price') falls below the sluice-gate price, the levy applicable to that product must be increased by an additional amount equal to the difference between the sluice-gate price and the offer price determined in accordance with Article 1 of Commission Regulation No 202/67/EEC of 28 June 1967 on fixing the additional amount for imports of pigmeat products from third countries⁽³⁾, as amended by Regulation No 614/67/EEC⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas the offer price must be determined for all imports from all third countries; whereas, however, if exports from one or more third countries are effected at abnormally low prices, lower than prices ruling for other third countries, a second offer price must be determined for exports from these other countries;

Whereas the regular review of the information serving as a basis for the determination of average offer prices for the products listed in Article 1 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 indicates that additional amounts corresponding to the figures shown in the Annex hereto should be fixed for the imports listed according to product and country of origin in that Annex;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2767/75 of 29 October 1975⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1906/83⁽⁶⁾, laid down general rules for the fixing of additional amounts for those products for which no sluice-gate price is fixed;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.
⁽³⁾ OJ No 134, 30. 6. 1967, p. 2837/67.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No 231, 27. 9. 1967, p. 6.
⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 282, 1. 11. 1975, p. 29.
⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 190, 14. 7. 1983, p. 4.

Whereas Regulation No 202/67/EEC lays down certain detailed rules, to that end, and in particular for determining the free-at-frontier offers for those products; whereas, according to the information received by the Commission, offers from third countries in the determination of which not only the prices shown in customs documents but also all other indications concerning the prices ruling in third countries, are taken into account, are developing in such a way that additional amounts should be fixed for those products at the level shown in the Annex;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 1 of Regulation No 121/65/EEC⁽⁷⁾ and with Regulations (EEC) No 564/68⁽⁸⁾, (EEC) No 998/68⁽⁹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 328/83⁽¹⁰⁾, (EEC) No 2260/69⁽¹¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 328/83, and (EEC) No 1570/71⁽¹²⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 328/83, the levy on certain products listed in those Regulations which originate in and come from the Federal Republic of Austria, the People's Republic of Poland, the Hungarian People's Republic, the Socialist Republic of Romania and the People's Republic of Bulgaria should not be increased by an additional amount;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Pigmeat,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The additional amounts provided for in Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 2759/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto for the products listed in Article 1 (1) of that Regulation which appear in the said Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 4 June 1986.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ No 155, 18. 9. 1965, p. 2560/65.
⁽⁸⁾ OJ No L 107, 8. 5. 1968, p. 6.
⁽⁹⁾ OJ No L 170, 19. 7. 1968, p. 14.
⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ No L 38, 10. 2. 1983, p. 12.
⁽¹¹⁾ OJ No L 286, 14. 11. 1969, p. 22.
⁽¹²⁾ OJ No L 165, 23. 7. 1971, p. 23.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 2 June 1986 fixing additional amounts for certain pigmeat products

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Supplementary amount	Origin of imports
01.03	Live swine : A. Domestic species : II. Other : b) Other	10,00	Origin : German Democratic Republic (!)
02.01	Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04 fresh, chilled or frozen : A. Meat : III. Of swine : a) Of domestic swine : 1. Whole carcasses or half carcasses 6. Other : bb) Other	10,00 60,00	Origin : Sweden Origin : Bulgaria, Hungary or the German Democratic Republic (!)
15.01	Lard, other pig fat and poultry fat, rendered or solvent extracted : A. Lard and other pig fat : II. Other	10,00	Origin : Switzerland

(!) With the exception of the German internal trade pursuant to the Protocol on German internal trade and connected problems.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1724/86
of 2 June 1986
fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
 Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 16 (8) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1809/85 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1706/86 ⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1809/85 to the infor-

mation known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The import levies referred to in Article 16 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 shall be, in respect of white sugar and standard quality raw sugar, as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 June 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 145, 30. 5. 1986, p. 54.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 29. 6. 1985, p. 77.
⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 146, 31. 5. 1986, p. 87.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 2 June May 1986 fixing the import levies on white sugar and raw sugar

CCT heading No	Description	Levy (ECU/100 kg)
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form : A. White sugar : flavoured or coloured sugar B. Raw sugar	47,03 40,68 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the levy applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No 837/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1725/86

of 2 June 1986

amending for the fifth time Regulation (EEC) No 1795/85 fixing countervailing charges on seeds

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2358/71 of 26 October 1971 on the common organization of the market in seeds ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3768/85 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 6 (5) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1795/85 ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1308/86 ⁽⁴⁾, fixed countervailing charges on seeds in respect of a certain type of hybrid maize for sowing;

Whereas, since that time, a significant variation has been recorded in the free-at-frontier offer prices which, under the terms of Article 4 (2) of Commission Regulation

(EEC) No 1665/72 ⁽⁵⁾, requires that these charges be amended;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Seeds,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 1795/85 is replaced by the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 June 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 June 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 246, 5. 11. 1971, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 362, 31. 12. 1985, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 169, 29. 6. 1985, p. 50.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 115, 3. 5. 1986, p. 8.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 175, 2. 8. 1972, p. 49.

ANNEX

Countervailing charge on hybrid maize for sowing

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading number	Description	Amount of countervailing charge (1)	Country of origin
ex 10.05	Maize :		
	A. Hybrid for sowing :		
	I. Double hybrids and top cross hybrids	0,9	USA
		4,4	Hungary
		28,5	Romania
		28,5	Other countries (2)
	II. Three cross hybrids	9,1	Austria
		25,0	Hungary
		31,3	Romania
		34,3	Argentina
		34,3	Other countries (3)
	III. Single hybrids	0,3	Austria
		38,0	USA
		65,0	Hungary
	103,9	Romania	
	120,9	Canada	
	120,9	Other countries (4)	

(1) The countervailing charge may not exceed 4 % of the customs value. In the case of Spain and Portugal it may not exceed the rate obtained by alignment on the Common Customs Tariff in accordance with the timetable specified in the Act of Accession.

(2) With the exception of Canada, Austria and Yugoslavia.

(3) With the exception of Canada, USA, Chile, Japan and Yugoslavia.

(4) With the exception of Bulgaria and Yugoslavia.

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

EIGHTH COMMISSION DIRECTIVE

of 26 March 1986

adapting to technical progress Annexes II, IV and VI to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products

(86/199/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 76/768/EEC of 27 July 1976 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Directive 86/179/EEC⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 5 and 8 (2) thereof,

Whereas, in order to protect public health, it is necessary to lay down purity criteria for hexachlorophene and triclocarban;

Whereas, on the basis of the available information, certain provisionally-permitted substances and preservatives may be definitively permitted, while others must be definitively prohibited or be permitted for a further specified period;

Whereas the measures laid down in this Directive are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee on the Adaptation to Technical Progress of the Directives on the Removal of Technical Barriers to Trade in the Cosmetic Products Sector,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1

Directive 76/768/EEC is hereby amended as follows:

1. In Annex II, number 221 is replaced by: '221. Mercury and its compounds, except those special cases included in Annexes V and VI, Part 1'.

2. Annex IV, Part 1 and Annex VI, Parts 1 and 2, are replaced by Annexes 1 and 2 to this Directive.

Article 2

1. Member States shall take the necessary measures to ensure that from 1 January 1988 neither manufacturers nor importers, established in the Community, place on the market products which do not satisfy the requirements of this Directive.

2. Member States shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the products referred to in paragraph 1 can no longer be sold or disposed of to the final consumer after 31 December 1989.

Article 3

1. Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with the provisions of this Directive not later than 31 December 1986 and shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof.

2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the texts of the provisions of national law which they adopt in the field governed by this Directive.

Article 4

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 26 March 1986.

For the Commission

Grigoris VARFIS

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 262, 27. 9. 1976, p. 169.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 138, 24. 5. 1986, p. 40.

ANNEX 1

ANNEX IV

PART ONE

LIST OF SUBSTANCES PROVISIONALLY ALLOWED

Reference number	Substance	Restrictions			Conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label	Allowed until
		Field of application and/or use	Maximum authorized concentration in the finished cosmetic product	Other limitations and requirements		
a	b	c	d	e	f	g
1	Methanol	Denaturant for ethanol and isopropyl alcohol	5 % calculated as a % of ethanol and isopropyl alcohol			31. 12. 1987
2	1,1,1-Trichloroethane (methyl chloroform)	Aerosol spray	35 % When mixed with dichloromethane, total concentration must not exceed 35 %		Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material	31. 12. 1987
3	3,4',5 Tribromosalicylanilide (Tribromosalan ("))	Deodorant soap	1 %	Purity criteria : 3,4',5 Tribromosalicylanilide : 98,5 % minimum Other bromosalicylanilides : 1,5 % maximum 4',5 dibromosalicylanilide : 0,1 % maximum Inorganic bromide : 0,1 % maximum expressed as NaBr	Contains tribromosalicylanilide	31. 12. 1987
4	2,2'-Dithiobis (pyridine 1-oxide), addition product with magnesium sulphate trihydrate	Only for hair-care products rinse off	1 %	As preservative, see Annex VI, Part 2, No 13		31. 12. 1986
5	1-Phenoxypropan-2-ol	— Rinse-off products only — Prohibited in oral hygiene products	2 %	As preservative, see Annex VI, Part 2, No 14		31. 12. 1986

*ANNEX 2**ANNEX VI***LIST OF PRESERVATIVES WHICH COSMETIC PRODUCTS MAY CONTAIN****PREAMBLE**

1. Preservatives are substances which may be added to cosmetic products for the primary purpose of inhibiting the development of micro-organisms in such products.
2. The substances marked with the symbol (*) may also be added to cosmetic products in concentration other than those laid down in this Annex for other specific purposes apparent from the presentation of the products, e.g. as deodorants in soaps or as anti-dandruff agents in shampoos.
3. Other substances used in the formulation of cosmetic products may also have anti-microbial properties and thus help in the preservation of the products, as, for instance, many essential oils and some alcohols. These substances are not included in this Annex.
4. For the purposes of this list:
 - "Salts" is taken to mean: salts of the cations sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, ammonium and ethanalamines; salts of the anions chloride, bromide, sulphate, acetate.
 - "Esters" is taken to mean: esters of methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, phenyl.
5. All finished products containing formaldehyde or substances in this Annex and which release formaldehyde must be labelled with the warning "contains formaldehyde" where the concentration of formaldehyde in the finished product exceeds 0,05 %.

PART 1

LIST OF PRESERVATIVES ALLOWED

Reference number	Substance	Maximum authorized concentration	Limitations and requirements	Conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label
a	b	c	d	e
1	Benzoic acid, its salts and esters (*)	0,5 % (acid)		
2	Propionic acid and its salts (*)	2 % (acid)		
3	Salicylic acid and its salts (*)	0,5 % (acid)	Not to be used in preparations for children under three years of age, except for shampoos	Not to be used for children under three years of age (*)
4	Sorbic acid (hexa-2,4-dienoic acid) and its salts (*)	0,6 % (acid)		
5	Formaldehyde paraformaldehyde	0,2 % (except for products for oral hygiene) 0,1 % (products for oral hygiene) expressed as free formaldehyde	Prohibited in aerosol dispensers (sprays)	
6	Hexachlorophene (INN)	0,1 %	— Prohibited in products for children under three years of age, and intimate hygiene products — Purity criterion: absence of 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- <i>p</i> -dioxin	Not to be used for children under three years of age. Contains hexachlorophene
7	Biphenyl-2-ol (o-phenylphenol) and its salts (*)	0,2 % expressed as the phenol		
8	Pyrithione zinc (INN) (*)	0,5 %	Authorized in products rinsed off Forbidden in products for oral hygiene	
9	Inorganic sulphites and hydrogen-sulphites (*)	0,2 % expressed as free SO ₂		
10	Sodium iodate	0,1 %	Rinse-off products only	

(*) Solely for products which might be used for children under three years of age and which remain in prolonged contact with the skin.

Reference number	Substance	Maximum authorized concentration	Limitations and requirements	Conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label
a	b	c	d	e
11	Chlorobutanol (INN)	0,5 %	Prohibited in aerosol dispensers (sprays)	Contains chlorobutanol
12	4-Hydroxybenzoic acid and its salts and esters (*)	0,4 % (acid) for 1 ester, 0,8 % (acid) for mixtures of esters		
13	3-Acetyl-6-methylpyran-2,4 (3H)-dione (Dehydracetic acid) and its salts	0,6 % (acid)	Prohibited in aerosol dispensers (sprays)	
14	Formic acid (*)	0,5 % (acid)		
15	3,3'-Dibromo-4,4'-hexamethylene-dioxybenzamide (Dibromohexamidine) and its salts (including isethionate)	0,1 %		
16	Thiomersal (INN)	0,007 % (of Hg) If mixed with other mercurial compounds authorized by this Directive, the maximum concentration of Hg remains fixed at 0,007 %	For eye make-up and eye make-up remover only	Contains thiomersal
17	Phenylmercuric salts (including borate)	Ditto	Ditto	Contains phenylmercuric compounds
18	Undec-10-enoic acid and salts (*)	0,2 % (acid)	See Annex VI, Part 2, No 8	
19	Hexetidine (INN) (*)	0,1 %	Rinse-off products only See Annex VI, Part 2, No 18	
20	5-Bromo-5-nitro-1,3-dioxane	0,1 %	Rinse-off products only Avoid formation of nitrosamines See Annex VI, Part 2, No 7	
21	Bronopol (INN) (*)	0,1 %	Avoid formation of nitrosamines	
22	2,4-Dichlorobenzyl alcohol (*)	0,15 %		
23	Triclocarban (INN) (*)	0,2 %	Purity criteria : 3,3',4,4'-Tetrachloroazobenzene < 1 ppm 3,3',4,4'-Tetrachloroazoxybenzene < 1 ppm	

Reference number	Substance	Maximum authorized concentration	Limitations and requirements	Conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label
a	b	c	d	e
24	4-Chloro-m-cresol (*)	0,2 %	Prohibited in the products intended to come into contact with mucous membranes	
25	Tricolosan (INN) (*)	0,3 %		
26	4-Chloro-3,5-xyleneol (*)	0,5 %		
27	3,3'-Bis (1-hydroxymethyl-2,5-dioximidazolidin-4-yl)-1,1'-methylenediurea ("Imidazolidinyl urea") (*)	0,6 %		
28	Poly (1-hexamethylenebiguanide hydrochloride) (*)	0,3 %		
29	2-Phenoxyethanol (*)	1 %		
30	Hexamethylenetetramine (*) (methenamine) (INN)	0,15 %		
31	Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride (INN)	0,2 %		
32	1-(4-Chlorophenoxy)-1-(imidazol-1-yl)-3,3-dimethylbutan-2-one (*)	0,5 %		
33	1,3-Bis (hydroxymethyl)-5,5-dimethylimidazolidine-2,4-dione (*)	0,6 %		
34	Benzyl alcohol (*)	1 %		
35	1-Hydroxy-4-methyl-6(2,4,4-trimethylpentyl)-2-pyridon and its monoethanolamine salt (*)	1,0 % 0,5 %	Products rinsed off For other products	
36	1,2-Dibromo-2,4-dicyanobutane	0,1 %		Not to be used in cosmetic sunscreen products
37	6,6-Dibromo-4,4-dichloro-2,2'-methylene-diphenol (Bromochlorophen) (*)	0,1 %		
38	4-Isopropyl-m-cresol	0,1 %		
39	Mixture of 5-Chloro-2-methyl-isothiazol-3(2H)-one and 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one with magnesium chloride and magnesium nitrate	0,003 % (of a mixture in the ratio 3 : 1 of 5-chloro-2-methylisothiazol 3(2H)-one and 2-methylisothiazol-3 (2H)-one		

PART 2

LIST OF PRESERVATIVES PROVISIONALLY ALLOWED

Reference number	Substance	Maximum authorized concentration	Limitation and requirements	Conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label	Allowed until
a	b	c	d	e	f
1	Boric acid (*)	(a) 0,5 % (b) 3 %	(a) Products for oral hygiene (b) Other products		31. 12. 1988
2	Chlorphenesin (INN) (*)	0,5 %			31. 12. 1987
3	Dibromopropamide (INN) and its salts (including isethionate (INN))	0,1 %			31. 12. 1988
4	Alkyl (C12-C22) trimethyl-ammonium bromide and chloride (including Cetrimonium bromide (INN) (*)	0,1 %			31. 12. 1988
5	3-Heptyl-2-(3-heptyl-4-methyl-4-thiazolin-2-ylidenemethyl)-4-methyl-thiazolinium iodide	0,002 %	Creams, toilet lotions, shampoos		31. 12. 1988
6	4,4-Dimethyl-1,3-oxazolidine	0,1 %	Rinse-off products only. The pH of the finished product shall not be lower than 6		31. 12. 1989
7	5-Bromo-5-nitro-1,3-dioxane	0,1 %	Non rinse-off products. Avoid formation of nitrosamines. See Annex VI, Part 1, No 20		31. 12. 1987
8	Undec-10-enoic acid: esters, the amide, the mono- and bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amides and their sulphosuccinates (*)	0,2 % (acid)	See Annex VI, Part 1, No 18		31. 12. 1987
9	Clorofene (INN)	0,2 %			31. 12. 1987
10	2-Chloro-N-(hydroxymethyl) acetamide	0,3 % expressed as the chloracetamide	Products rinsed off		31. 12. 1987
11	Pyrithione aluminium camsilate (INN(M))	0,2 %			31. 12. 1986

Reference number	Substance	Maximum authorized concentration	Limitation and requirements	Conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label	Allowed until
a	b	c	d	e	f
12	N-(Trichloromethylthio) cyclohex-4-ene-1,2-dicarboximide (Captan — ISO)	0,06 %	Prohibited in the products intended to come into contact with mucous membranes		31. 12. 1986
13	2,2'-Dithiobis (pyridine 1-oxide), addition product with magnesium sulphate trihydrate	0,2 %	Products rinsed off		31. 12. 1986
14	1-Phenoxypropan-2-ol	1 %	Rinse-off products only		31. 12. 1986
15	Benzethonium chloride (INN)(^(*))	0,1 %	Prohibited in the products intended to come into contact with mucous membranes		31. 12. 1986
16	Benzalkonium chloride (INN), bromide and saccharinate (^(*))	0,25 %			31. 12. 1986
17	1-[1,3-Bis (hydroxymethyl)-2,5-dioximidazolidin-1-yl]-1,3-bis (hydroxymethyl) urea	0,5 %			31. 12. 1987
18	Hexetidine (INN)	0,1 %	See Annex VI, Part I, No 19		31. 12. 1987
19	4-Hydroxybenzoic acid benzyl ester	0,1 % (acid)			31. 12. 1988
20	Hexamidine (INN) and its salts (including isethionate and 4-hydroxybenzoate)(^(*))	0,1 %			31. 12. 1988
21	Benzylformal (a 1:1 mixture of benzyloxy-methanol and (benzyloxymethoxy) methanol)	0,2 %			31. 12. 1987
22	2-Chloroacetamide	0,3 %		Contains chloroacetamide	31. 12. 1987
23	1-Dodecylguanidinium acetate (Dodine — ISO)(^(*))	0,5 % 0,1 %	Products rinsed off For other products		31. 12. 1986
24	Chlorhexidine (INN) and its digluconate, diacetate and dihydrochloride (^(*))	0,3 %			31. 12. 1987
25	1,3,5-Tris (2-hydroxyethyl) hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine	0,2 %	Only for products rinsed off	Contains 1,3,5-Tris (2-hydroxyethyl) hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine	31. 12. 1988

COMMISSION DECISION

of 12 May 1986

establishing an Advisory Committee on the Dissemination of Agricultural Information

(86/200/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Whereas the work on the dissemination of agricultural information provided for in Article 41 of the Treaty can be coordinated more effectively by cooperation between the Commission and the national experts concerned within a committee of experts;

Whereas, for this purpose, an Advisory Committee on the Dissemination of Agricultural Information should be set up, on which are represented the Member States' agricultural information departments,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

There is hereby attached to the Commission an Advisory Committee on the Dissemination of Agricultural Information, hereinafter referred to as 'the Committee'.

Article 2

1. The Committee shall be composed of the heads of the agricultural advisory services of the Member States, each being assisted by a specialist in the area of information transfer.
2. The head of an advisory service may, from time to time and at his own discretion, be replaced at any particular meeting by a member of his service who is the advisory specialist in the subject matter under discussion at that meeting.

Article 3

A representative of the Commission shall chair all meetings of the Committee. Secretarial services for the Committee shall also be provided by the Commission.

Article 4

The Committee may be consulted by the Commission on the most effective ways and means of:

- (a) improving the practical effectiveness of the Community-wide inventory of agricultural research (AGREP) and the FAO/EEC Agricultural data base (EUR-AGRIS);
- (b) providing the Commission, in liaison with the Standing Committee on Agricultural Research, with all pertinent information on agricultural and farm

problems whose solution is vital to the continuing development of the common agricultural policy;

- (c) transferring all relevant results of Community research programmes in comprehensible language to advisory services and farmers;
- (d) improving, as necessary, the content, methods of implementation and effectiveness of structural policy measures in any given area or region of the Community;
- (e) communicating all relevant information on other pertinent aspects of the common agricultural policy to persons working in agriculture throughout the Community.

Article 5

1. The term of office of members of the Committee shall be three years and shall be renewable.
2. On the expiry of the three-year period, members of the Committee shall remain in office until they are replaced or until their term of office is renewed.
3. A member's term of office may be terminated before the expiry of the three-year period by resignation or death. It may also be terminated where the advisory service which the member represents requests that he be replaced. In either case, a person shall be appointed by the advisory service concerned, following appropriate consultation with the Commission, to replace such member for the remainder of the term of office in question.
4. Members shall not be remunerated for their services.
5. A list of members of the Committee shall be published by the Commission for information purposes in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Article 6

The Committee may set up working groups to assist it in carrying out its work. The Committee shall be convened, as necessary, by the Commission. Representatives of the Commission departments concerned shall take part in meetings of the Committee and its working groups.

Article 7

1. No vote shall be taken on the matters discussed by the Committee.
2. The Commission may, when seeking the opinion of the Committee, set a time limit within which such opinion shall be given.

3. The views expressed by the various advisory services represented shall be included in a summary record forwarded to the Commission.

4. In the event of unanimous agreement being reached in the Committee on the opinion to be given, the Committee shall formulate agreed conclusions and attach them to the summary record.

Article 8

Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 214 of the Treaty, where the Commission informs them that the opinion requested is of a confidential nature, members of the Committee shall be under an obligation not to

disclose information which has come to their knowledge through the work of the Committee.

In such cases, only Committee members and representatives of the Commission departments concerned may be present at the meetings.

Article 9

This Decision shall take effect on 12 May 1986.

Done at Brussels, 12 May 1986.

For the Commission

Frans ANDRIESEN

Vice-President

CORRIGENDA

Corrigendum to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3599/85 of 17 December 1985 applying generalized tariff preferences for 1986 in respect of certain industrial products originating in developing countries

(Official Journal of the European Communities-No L 352 of 30 December 1985)

Item 13 of the corrigendum published in *Official Journal of the European Communities* No L 72 of 15 March 1986, page 47, should be deleted.

Corrigendum to Council Decision 86/19/EEC of 27 January 1986 authorizing the automatic renewal or continuance in force of certain friendship, trade and navigation treaties and similar agreements concluded between Member States and third countries

(Official Journal of the European Communities No L 29 of 4 February 1986)

Page 30, ΕΣΣΔ

| Σύμβαση εμπορίου και ναυτιλίας:

for: '11. 6. 1969',

read: '11. 6. 1929'.
