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	79/1046/EEC:
	★ Commission Decision of 23 November 1979 on the reimbursement by the Guidance Section of the EAGGF to the Italian Republic of aids granted to producers' organizations in the fishing industry during 1977

I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2776/79

of 29 November 1979

fixing the free-at-frontier reference prices applicable to wine imports from 16 December 1979

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 of 5 February 1979 on the common organization of the market in wine (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2594/79 (2), and in particular Article 18 (8) thereof,

Whereas Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 lays down special rules relating to the importation of certain products in the wine-growing sector; whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1393/76 (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2280/79 (4), lays down the relevant implementing rules; whereas, under Article 18 (8) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79, the Commission is required to fix the free-at-frontier reference prices;

Whereas the list of free-at-frontier reference prices should be established taking particular account of trade requirements and with a view to administrative

Whereas Article 18 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 provides that the free-at-frontier reference prices are to be equal to the reference price less customs duties actually levied; whereas the amounts or coefficients under the system of monetary compensatory amounts must not be taken into account in assessing the customs duty to be deducted from the reference price,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The free-at-frontier prices referred to in Article 18 (8) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 shall be as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 December 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member

Done at Brussels, 29 November 1979.

For the Commission Finn GUNDELACH Vice-President

OJ No L 54, 5, 3, 1979, p. 1. OJ No L 297, 24, 11, 1979, p. 4. OJ No L 157, 18, 6, 1976, p. 20. OJ No L 262, 18, 10, 1979, p. 21.

(ECU/hl)

ANNEX

FREE-AT-FRONTIER REFERENCE PRICE

NB: In the case of imported wines not enjoying preferential tariff concessions, the amounts shown in the column 'Other third countries' are applicable.

CCT				<u>.</u>	Free-at-frontier reference price	reference price			
heading No	Description	Algeria	Morocco Tunisia	Spain	Malta	Turkey	Portugal	Cyprus	Other third countries
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol:					-			-
	ex C. Other:	,							
	I. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13 % vol, in containers holding:								
	a) Two litres or less:				************				
	(1) Wines from Jumilla, Valdepeñas, Priorato and Rioja (1):								
	(aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:								
	Of less than 9 % vol			49.37					
	of 9 % vol but not exceeding 9.5 % vol			50:20					
•	10 % vol but not exceeding 10.5			53.53	, my no con				
	5 % vol but not exceeding			55.20					
	Exceeding 11 % vol but not exceeding 11.5 % vol			98.98				-	
	12 % vol but not exceeding	-		60.19					
	12.5 % vol but			98-19					,
	(bb) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:								
	Of less than 9 % vol			47.93					
	Of 9% vol but not exceeding 9.5% vol			48.72			*		
	Exceeding 7.3 % vol but not exceeding 10 % vol Exceeding 10 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol			16.06					
	Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 11 % vol			53-48					
	not exceeding 11.5			90-55					
	11.5 % vol but			56.65					
	Exceeding 12 % vol but not exceeding 12:5 % vol Exceeding 12:5 % vol but not exceeding 13 % vol		-	58-23 59-82	-				

(1) Within a Community tariff quota.

44.97 45.80 47.47 49.13 50.80 52.46 54.13 55.79

55.87 56.70 58.37 60.03 61.70 63.36 65.03 66.69

50-77 51-60 53-27 54-93 56-60 58-26 59-93 61-59

55.87 56.70 58.37 60.03 61.70 63.36 65.03 66.69

Other third countries

Cyprus (1)

Portugal

Turkey

Malta

Spain

Free-at-frontier reference price

(ECU/hl)

CC			
heading No	Description	Algeria	Morocco Tunisia
22.05 (cont'd)	ex C. I.a) (2) Algerian wines with the designation of origin Ain Bessem-Bouira, Médéa, Coteaux du Zaccar, Dahra, Coteaux de Mascara, Monts du Tessalah or Coteaux de Themcen; Moroccan red wines with the designation of origin Berkhane, Saïs, Beni mir. Guerrouane, Zemmour or Zennata and Tunisian wines with the designation of origin Coteaux de Tébourba, Sidi-Salem, Kélibia, Thibar, Mornag or grand cru Mornag (1):		
	of an actual alcoholic strength by vor I but not exceeding 9.5 % vol	06.09	06-09
	Exceeding 9.5 % vol but not exceeding 10 % vol Exceeding 10 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol	61.97	63.63
	100	65.30	65.30
	Exceeding 11 % vol but not exceeding 11.5 % vol	96.99	96-99
	Exceeding 11:3 % vol but not exceeding 12 % vol Exceeding 12 % vol but not exceeding 12:5 % vol	70.29	70.29
	12.5	21.96	71.96
	(bb) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:		
	Of 9 % vol but not exceeding 9.5 % vol	58.82	58.82 (2)
	Exceeding 9.5% vol but not exceeding 10 % vol	60.41	60-41
	10 % vol but not exceeding 10.5	66-19	66-19
_	10.5	63.58	63.58
	11 % vol but not exceeding 11.5	65.16	65.16
	11.5 % vol but not exceeding	96.75	52.99
	12 % vol but not exceeding 12.5	68.33	68-33
	12.5 % vol	69.92	76-69
	(3) Other:		
	(aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:		
	Of less than 9 % vol		26-57
	Of 9 % vol but not exceeding 9.5 % vol	57:40	57.40
	Exceeding 9.5 % vol but not exceeding 10 % vol	29-07	29.07
	10 % vol but not exceeding 10.5	60.73	60.73
	10	62:40	62:40
	11 % vol but not exceeding 11.5	90.49	90-49
	11.5 % vol but not exceeding	65.73	65.73
	12 % vol but not exceeding 12.5	67.39	62-39
	12.5	90-69	90-69
(1) Within a Community tariff quota.	nunity taniff quota.		
(2) For Tunisia only			

					ree-at-frontier	Free-at-frontier reference price	ı			
CCT heading No	Description	Algeria	Morocco Tunisia	Spain	Malta	Turkey	Portugal	Cyprus (¹)	Other third countries	
22.0 <i>S</i> (cont'd)	ex C. I. a) (3) (bb) White wine: (11) Presented for importation under the name of Riesling or Svlvaner		92.91 (²)			87-11			81.31	
	(22) Other of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:		;							
	Of less than 9 % vol		55.13		54-43	49.33		54-43	43.53	
	l but not exceeding 9.5 % vol	55.92	55.92		55.22	50.12		55.22	44:32	
	5 % vol but not exceeding 10 %	57.51	57.51		56.81	51-71		56.81	45.91	
	Exceeding 10 % vol but not exceeding 10:3 % vol	59.03	60-68		59.98	54.88		59.98	49-08	
	but not exceeding 11-5	62.26	62.26		61.56	56.46		61.56	99.09	
	11.5 % vol but not exceeding 12	63.85	63.85	,	63.15	58-05		63.15	52.25	
	12.5 % vol but not exceeding 12.5	65:43	65:43		64.73	59.63		64·/3 66·32	55.83 55.42	
	מי כי און אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אי	3	 5		! } }					
										_
	(1) Wines originating in Algeria to be fortified for distillation (3)									
	(aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:									
	Of less than 9 % vol	27-33	-							
	exceeding 9.5 % vol	28.15			-					
	5 % vol but	29.78								
	not exceeding 10.5	31-42								
	10.5 % vol but	33-05								
	11 % vol but not exceeding 11.5	34.69								
	11.5 % vol but	36.32								
	Exceeding 12.7% vol but not exceeding 12.7% vol Exceeding 12.5% vol but not exceeding 13.7% vol	39.59								
	Of less than 9 % vol	25.89								
	Of 9 % vol but not exceeding 9.5 % vol	79-97								
	Exceeding 9.5 % vol but not exceeding 10 % vol	28.22								
	10 % vol but not exceeding 10.5	29.78				-				
	5 % vol but	31-33								
	not exceeding 11.5	32.89								
	11.5 % vol but	34.44								
	12 % vol but not exceeding 12.5 %	36-00								
	Exceeding 12.3 % vol but not exceeding 13 % vol	66.76							_	

⁽¹⁾ Within a Community tariff quota.
(2) For Tunisia only.
(3) Up to a maximum of 500 000 hI per year and applicable up to 30 June 1980 (including wines to be fortified for distillation falling within subheading ex 22.05 C II b)).

<u>13.</u>	12.	79	Official Journal of the European Communities	No
(ECU/bl)		Other third countries		19-07 21-57 23-23 24-90 26-56 28-23 31-56
		Cyprus		
		Portugal		
	reference price	Turkey		23.47 24.30 25.97 27.63 29.30 30.96 33.63 33.63
	Free-at-frontier reference price	Malta		,
	Ŧ	Spain		
		Morocco Tunisia	30-80 32-47 33-47 33-47 33-46 37-46 39-13 39-13 39-13 39-13 39-91 31-49 31-49 37-49	27.87 28.70 30.37 32.03 33.70 35.36 37.03 38.69
		Algeria	30.80 32.47 33.41 33.41 33.41 33.46 40.79 42.46 42.46 42.46 33.99 33.99 33.99 37.25 38.83 40.42	27.87 (3) 28.70 30.37 32.03 33.70 35.36 37.03 38.69
		Description	ex C. 1. b) (2) Algerian wines with the designation of origin Ain Bessem-Bouira, Médéa, Coteaux du Zaccar, Dahra, Coteaux de Mascara, Monts du Tessalah or Coteaux de Tlemcen; Moroccan red wines with the designation of origin Berkhane, Saïs, Beni m'tit, Guerrouane, Zemmour or Zennata and Tunisian wines with the designation of origin Coteaux de Tébourba, Sid:-Salem, Kélibia, Thibar, Mornag or grand cru Mornag (!): (aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: of 9% vol but not exceeding 9:5% vol Exceeding 10 % vol but not exceeding 10:5% vol Exceeding 11 % vol but not exceeding 11:5% vol Exceeding 11:5% vol but not exceeding 12:5% vol Exceeding 12:5% vol but not exceeding 13:5% vol Exceeding 12:5% vol but not exceeding 13:5% vol Exceeding 10:5% vol but not exceeding 13:5% vol Exceeding 10:5% vol but not exceeding 10:5% vol Exceeding 10:5% vol but not exceeding 10:5% vol Exceeding 10:5% vol but not exceeding 11:5% vol Exceeding 11:5% vol but not exceeding 11:5% vol	(aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: of less than 9 % vol of 9 % vol but not exceeding 9.5 % vol Exceeding 9.5 % vol but not exceeding 10 % vol Exceeding 10 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol Exceeding 11 % vol but not exceeding 11.5 % vol Exceeding 11.5 % vol but not exceeding 12.5 % vol Exceeding 12.5 % vol but not exceeding 12.5 % vol Exceeding 12.5 % vol but not exceeding 13.5 % vol
	į	CCI heading No	22.05 (cont d)	

(1) Within a Community tariff quota. (2) For Tunisia only. (3) The amount '27-87 ECU' is only applicable for wines to be fortified for distillation.

(ECU/hl)

CCT				F	ree-at-frontier	Free-at-frontier reference price		,	:
heading No	Description	Algeria	Morocco Tunisia	Spain	Maita	Turkey	Portugal	Cyprus	Other third countries
22.0 <i>5</i> (cont'd)	ex C. I. b) (3) (bb) White wine: (11) Presented for importation under the name of Riesling or								
	Sylvaner		64-21 (¹)			59.81			55.41
	(22) Other of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:								-
		26.43 (²)	26.43			22-03			17-63
	but not exceeding 9.5 % vol	27.22	27.22			22.82			18-42
	but not exceeding 10 % vol	28.81	28-81			24.41			20-01
	but not exceeding 10.5 % vol	30.39	30.39			25-99			21.59
	10.5 % vol but not exceeding 11 % vol	31.98	31.98			27.58			23.18
	but not exceeding 11.3 % vol	35.15	35.15			30.75			24.76
	but not exceeding 12.5 % vol	36.73	36.73			32.33			27.93
		38-32	38-32			33-92			29.52
	a) Two litres or less:								
	(1) Wines from Jumilla, Valdepeñas, Priorato and Rioja (3):								
	(aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:					-			
	Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13.5 % vol (4) Exceeding 13.5 % vol but not exceeding 14 % vol		,	61.82 63.49					
	Exceeding 14 % vol but not exceeding 14·5 % vol Exceeding 14·5 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol			65·15 66·82					
	(bb) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:								
	Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13:5% vol (4) Exceeding 13:5% vol but not exceeding 14 % vol			59.70			,		
	\sim			62.87					
				2					
	Tessalah or Coteaux de Tlemcen; Moroccan red wines with the				-				
	Zemmour or Zennata and Tunisian wines with the designation of origin Coteaux de Tebourba, Sidi-Salem, Kélibia, Thibar, Mornag								
	Static Cit Molling () .	_							

⁽¹⁾ For Tunisia only.
(2) The amount '2643 ECU' is only applicable for wines to be fortified for distillation.
(3) Within a Community tariff quota.
(4) Within a Community tariff quota.
(5) Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of not more than 13% vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 90 grams per litre.

			-		ree-at-frontie	Pree-at-frontier reference price	يو ا		
heading No	Description	Algeria	Morocco Tunisia	Spain	Maits	Turkey	Portugal	Cyprus (¹)	Other third countries
22.05 (cont'd)	ex C. II. a) (2) (aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13·5% vol (2) Exceeding 13·5% vol but not exceeding 14·6% vol Exceeding 14·6% vol but not exceeding 14·5% vol	73.62 75.29 76.95	73·62 75·29 76·95		,				
	Exceeding 14.5 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol	78-62	78-62	·—					
	(bb) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13.5 % vol Exceeding 13.5 % vol but not exceeding 14 % vol Exceeding 14 % vol but not exceeding 14.5 % vol Exceeding 14.5 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol	71.50 73.09 74.67 76.26	71·50 (³) 73·09 74·67 76·26						
	(3) Liqueur wine	82.20	82.20		81.30	75:40		80.50	09-89
	(4) Other :								
	(aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13.5 % vol Exceeding 13.5 % vol but not exceeding 14.9 % vol Exceeding 14.5 % vol but not exceeding 14.5 % vol Exceeding 14.5 % vol but not exceeding 15.9 % vol	70.32 71.99 73.65 75.32	70·32 71·99 73·65 75·32		69.42 71.09 72.75 74.42	63·52 65·19 66·85 68·52		69.42 71.09 72.75 74.42	56.72 58.39 60.05 61.72
	(bb) White wine:								
	(11) Presented for importation under the name of Riesling or Sylvaner		92.51 (3)	-		85.71			78.91
	(22) Other of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13·5 % vol (2) Exceeding 13·5 % vol but not exceeding 14·5 % vol Exceeding 14 % vol but not exceeding 14·5 % vol Exceeding 14·5 % vol but not exceeding 15·% vol	68·20 69·79 71·37 72·96	68·20 69·79 71·37 72·96		67·30 68·89 70·47 72·06	61.40 62.99 64.57 66.16		67·30 68·89 70·47 72·06	54-60 56-19 57-77 59-36
	b) More than two litres:								
	(1) Wines originating in Algeria to be fortified for distillation (4): (aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13.5 % vol Exceeding 13.5 % vol but not exceeding 14.5 % vol Exceeding 14.5 % vol but not exceeding 15.9 % vol	40.73 42.36 44.00 45.63							·

⁽¹⁾ Within a Community tariff quota.
(2) Tincluding wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of not more than 13% vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 90 grams per litte.
(3) For Tunisia only.
(3) For Tunisia only.
(4) Up to a maximum of 500 000 hl per year and applicable up to 30 June 1980 (including wines to be fortified for distillation falling within subheading ex 22.05 C I b).

OL.	318/8		Jinciai Journai	of the Europ	ean Commun	ities	
	Other third countries					30.82 32.49 34.15 35.82	
	Cyprus						-
	Portugal						
Free-at-frontier reference price	Turkey					36·22 37·89 39·55 41·22	-
ee-at-frontier	Malta						
ı.	Spain						
	Morocco Tunisia			44·12 45·79 47·45 49·12	42-00 (³) 43-59 45-17 46-76	41.52 43.19 44.85 46.52	
	Algeria	38·61 40·16 41·72 43·27		44·12 45·79 47·45 49·12	42-00 43-59 45-17 46-76	41.52 43.19 44.85 46.52	
	Description	C. II. b) (1) (bb) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13:5 % vol (¹) Exceeding 13:5 % vol but not exceeding 14 % vol Exceeding 14 % vol but not exceeding 14:5 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol Exceeding 14:5 % vol but not exceeding 15:0 % vol	Médéa, Coteaux du Zaccar, Dahra, Coteaux de Mascara, Monts du Tessalah or Coteaux de Tlemcen; Moroccan red wines with the designation of origin Berkhane, Saïs, Beni m'tir, Guerrouane, Zemmour or Zennata and Tunisian wines with the designation of origin, Coteaux de Tébourba, Sidi-Salem, Kélibia, Thibar, Mornag or grand cru Mornag (²):	(aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13·5 % vol (1) Exceeding 13·5 % vol but not exceeding 14·9 % vol Exceeding 14·9 % vol but not exceeding 14·5 % vol Exceeding 14·5 % vol but not exceeding 15·9 % vol	(bb) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13·5 % vol (1) Exceeding 13·5 % vol but not exceeding 14 % vol Exceeding 14 % vol but not exceeding 14·5 % vol Exceeding 14·5 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol	(3) Other: (aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13·5 % vol (1) Exceeding 13·5 % vol but not exceeding 14 % vol Exceeding 14 % vol but not ecceeding 14·5 % vol Exceeding 14·5 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol	(bb) White wine: (11) Presented for importation under the name of Riesling or

() Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of not more than 13% vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 90 grams per litte. () Within a Community tariff quota. () For Tunisia only.

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<u></u>	12.	<u> </u>						
(Other third countries	28.70 30.29 31.87 33.46	33.70 42.70		73·20 73·20 73·20	06.89	
		Cyprus (¹)		43·10 52·10			83.40	
	Ų	Portugal				83-00 (1)		
	Pree-at-frontier reference price	Turkey	34·10 35·69 37·27 38·86	39·10 48·10			77.20	
	Pree-at-frontier	Maita					84.40	
		Spain				83-00 (¹)	79.20	65.88 67.55 69.21 70.88 72.54 74.21
		Morocco Tunisia	39-40 40-99 42-57 44-16	44.40 53.40			85.40	
		Algeria	39-40 40-99 42-57 44-16	53:40			. ,	
		Description	ex C. II. b) (3) (bb) (22) Other of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13.5 % vol (2) Exceeding 13.5 % vol but not exceeding 14 % vol Exceeding 14 % vol but not exceeding 14.5 % vol Exceeding 14.5 % vol but not exceeding 15.5 % vol	(4) Liqueur wine: (aa) Intended for processing into products other than those falling within heading No 22.05 (bb) Other	C. III. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol, in containers holding:	a) Two litres or less: 1. Port, Madeira, sherry, Tokay (Aszu and Szamorodni) and Setubal muscatel: (aa) Port, Madeira and Setubal muscatel (bb) Sherry (cc) Tokay (Aszu and Szamorodni)	2. Other: (aa) Liqueur wine: (11) Wine from Malaga (¹) (³) (22) Other (³) (bb) Other:	(11) Red wine: (aaa) Wines from Jumilla, Valdepēnas, Priorato and Rioja (¹) of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 15.5% vol Exceeding 15.5% vol but not exceeding 16.5% vol Exceeding 16.5% vol But not exceeding 16.5% vol Exceeding 16.5% vol Exceeding 16.5% vol Exceeding 17.5% vol Exceeding 18.5% vol
	i i	CCT heading No	22.05 cont'd)					

(1) Within a Community tariff quota.
(2) Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of not more than 13% vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 90 grams per litre.
(3) Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of 15% vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litre.

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	Other third countries	9, 9	59.68 61.35	63-01	64.68	66.34	68-01						57-24	58-83	60.41	63.58	65-17			46.70	46.70	45.50			33.10	43.10
	Cyprus (¹)									· ·-															0037	55-00
	Portugal																			53-40 (¹)			-		. 10-1	
Pree-at-frontier reference price	Turkey	100	86.79	71-31	72.98	74.64	76·31						65.54	67.13	68.71	71.88	73-47				,				20.00	49.90
ree-at-frontier	Maita	76.10	76.85	78-51	80.18	81.84	83-51						72.74	74-33	75.91	79-08	29.08									
	Spain								63-44	65-03	68.20	69.78 71.37						-			53-40 (¹)					
	Morocco Tunisia	77.10	/6·18 77·85	79-51	81.18	82.84	84-51						73-74	75-33	76.91	80-08	81.67								02:30	0 / Ot 26·70
	Algeria																									
	Description	actu	Exceeding 13 7% vol but not exceeding 13:3 7% vol Exceeding 15:5 % vol but not exceeding 16 % vol	vol but not exceeding 16.5	6.5 %	vol but not exceeding 17.5	Exceeding 17.5 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol	(aaa) Wines from Jumilla, Valdepeñas, Priorato and Rioia (1) of an actual alcoholic strength by volume	vol but not exceeding 15:5	Exceeding 15.5 % vol but not exceeding 16 % vol Exceeding 16 % vol but not exceeding 16.5 % vol	%	Exceeding 17 % vol but not exceeding 17.5 % vol Exceeding 17.5 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol	vol but not exceeding 15·5	15.5	Exceeding 16 % vol but not exceeding 16.5 % vol		Exceeding 17.5 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol	b) More than two litres:	1. Port, Madeira, sherry and Setubal muscatel:	(aa) Port, Madeira and Setubal muscatel	(bb) Sherry	2. Tokay (Aszu und Szamorodni)	3. Other:	(aa) Liqueur wine:	(11) Intended for processing into products other than those	
CCT	heading No	22.05 (cont'd)	`									,												<u> </u>		

(1) Within a Community tariff quota.
(2) Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litre.

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(1) Within a Community tariff quota.
(2) Within a Community tariff quota.
(3) Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litte.

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					ree-at-frontier	Free-at-frontier reference price	9.		
CCI heading No	Description	Algeria	Morocco Tunisia	Spain	Malta	Turkey	Portugal	Cyprus (¹)	Other third countries
22.05	C. IV. a) 2. (bb) Other:								
(cont'd)	(11) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:								
	but not exceeding 18.5		85.67		84.57	76-47			67.27
	% vol		87.34	,	86.24	78.14			68.94
	Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19:3 % vol Exceeding 19:5 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol		00-68		89.57	/9:80			70.60
	but not exceeding 20.5		92.33		91.23	83-13			73.93
		,	94.00		95.90	84.80			75.60
	Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol Exceeding 21.5 % vol	<u></u>	95.66		94·56 96:73	86.46			77.26
	101 07 17 Supply of 101 102 104 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107		3		250	61.00		,	67.87
	(22) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:								
	but not exceeding 18.5		82.75		81-65	73-55			64.35
	% vol		84.34		83.24	75.14			65.94
			85.92		84.82	76.72			67.52
	but not exceeding 20·5		60-68		87.99	79-89		•	69.02
	lov % 2		89-06		85.68	81-48			72.28
	but not exceeding 21.5		92.26		91-16	83-06			73.86
	Exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol		93.85		92:75	84.65			75:45
	b) More than two litres:								
	1. Port, Madeira, sherry and Setubal muscatel:								
	(aa) Port, Madeira and Setubal muscatel						(1)		99.50
	(bb) Sherry			(1) 08-29					05-09
	2. Tokay (Aszu and Szamorodni)								59-30
	3. Other:								
	(aa) Liqueur wine:								
	(11) Intended for processing into products other than those falling within heading No 22-05 (2)		57.40			48.20		55.10	39.00
_			70-40			61.20		68.10	52.00
	_	_		-	_	_	_		

(1) Within a Community tariff quota.
(2) Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15% vol but not exceeding 18% vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litre.

C. IV. b) 3. (V. Of a conta a) Tww (1)	Particle	C. IV. b) 3 (b) Wine fortified for datalliation of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exercising 18 5% wol but not exceeding 18 5% wol () Exercising 19 5% wo but not exceeding 18 5% wol () Exercising 21 5% wo but not exceeding 21 5% wol Exercising 21 5% wo but not exceeding 21 5% wol Exercising 21 5% woll but not exceeding 21 5% wol Exercising 21 5% woll but not exceeding 21 5% wol Exercising 21 5% woll but not exceeding 21 5% wol	ţ					ree-at-frontier	Free-at-frontier reference price	e.		
C. IV. b) 3. (bb) Wine fortified for distillation of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but no	Care 1,0 0,0 Wine fortified for distillation of an accusal alcoholic strength by 3281 2266 1744 1544 1564 1564 1544 1564 1564 1564 1564 1564 1564 16	C. W. b) 3 (b) Wine forfitted for findilation of an actual alcoholic strongth by columns 22.05 22.66 14.44	heading No	Description	Algeria	Morocco Tunisia	Spain	Malta	Turkey	Portugal	Сургия	Other third countries
Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 18 5% vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol	Exceeding 18 5% on but not exceeding 21 5% wold for the exceeding 21 5% on but not exceeding 21 5% o	Exceeding 18 % wo but not exceeding 18 5% wo (f) 3384 2364 2464 1544	22.05 (cont'd)	C. IV. b) 3. (bb) Wine fortified for distillation of an actual alcoholic strength by								
not exceeding 19 % vol 3384 2464 not exceeding 19 % vol 3589 2669 not exceeding 20 % vol 3589 2669 not exceeding 21 % vol 3794 2771 not exceeding 21 % vol 3896 2076 not exceeding 21 % vol 3896 2076 not exceeding 21 % vol 3896 2076 alcoholic strength by volume: 36-17 46-97 but not exceeding 19 % vol 61-17 51-97 but not exceeding 20 % vol 61-17 51-97 but not exceeding 20 % vol 61-17 51-97 but not exceeding 20 % vol 66-16 56-96 but not exceeding 20 % vol 66-16 56-96 but not exceeding 20 % vol 66-16 56-96 but not exceeding 20 % vol 66-18 88-11 but not exceeding 20 % vol 66-18 88-11 but not exceeding 20 % vol 66-18 88-11 c strength by volume: 39-39 but not exceeding 20 % vol 61-18 c strength by volume: 39-39 c streng	Exceeding 19 % wo law not exceeding 20 % vol	Exceeding 15 % who has not exceeding 20 % wold 3548 2566 1646 1644	`	o 18 % vol hut		32.81			23-61			14-41
not exceeding 19.5 % vol 34.86 25.66 not exceeding 20.8 % vol 35.89 26.69 not exceeding 20.8 % vol 35.89 26.69 not exceeding 21.5 % vol 37.94 28.74 not exceeding 21.5 % vol 39.99 30.79 alcoholic strength by volume: 36.17 46.97 but not exceeding 19.5 % vol (1) 57.84 48.64 but not exceeding 20.8 % vol (20.83 36.30 but not exceeding 21.8 % vol (30.30 66.16 but not exceeding 21.8 % vol (40.28 36.30 but not exceeding 21.8 % vol (50.30 but not exceeding 21.8 % vol (60.16 but not exceeding 21.8 % vol (70.29 (80.30) but not exceeding 21.8 % vol (70.29 (80.30) but not exceeding 20.8 % vol (70.29 (80.30) but not exceeding 20.8 % vol (70.29 (80.30) c strength by volume: 64.30 66.76 c strength by volume: 64.30 66.90 (70.29 (70.20	Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol	Exceeding 19 % wo lust not exceeding 20 % woll between the processes of		Exceeding 18:5 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol		33.84			24.64			15:44
not exceeding 20 % vol 3589 2669 not exceeding 20 % vol 3794 2871 3794 2874 2771 3896 2771 3794 2874 28774 not exceeding 21 % vol 3896 2976 not exceeding 21 % vol 3999 3079 alcoholic strength by volume: but not exceeding 19 % vol 61.17 51.97 but not exceeding 20 % vol 61.17 51.97 but not exceeding 21 % vol 66.16 but not exceeding 21 % vol 67.83 but not exceeding 21 % vol 67.83 but not exceeding 21 % vol 66.16 59-59 but not exceeding 21 % vol 67.83 but not exceeding 20 % vol 67.83 but not exceeding 20 % vol 67.83 but not exceeding 21 % vol 66.16 c strength by volume: exceeding 22 % vol (i) 77.22 but not exceeding 22 % vol (i) 77.22 c strength by volume: exceeding 22 % vol (i) 77.24(c) exceeding 23 % vol (j) 25.22(c) exceeding 23 % vol 24.94 vol 25.22(c) exceeding 24 % vol 24.94 vol 25.22(c) exceeding 24 % vol 25.22(c) exceeding 25 % vol 25.22(c)	Exceeding 21% wo but not exceeding 21% wo bu	Exceeding 20 % so but not exceeding 21 % so 3589 2577 1945		% vol but not exceeding 19.5		34.86			25.66			16:46
not exceeding 20.5 % vol 36.91 27.71 28.74 28.74 28.74 28.74 128.77 29.79 29.70 29.7	Exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol	Exceeding 21% of work but not exceeding 21.5% wold 35-91 25-77 18.51		not exceeding 20		35.89			69.97			17:49
alcoholic strength by volume: sleeding 21 % vol 38.96 38.96 38.96 38.96 38.96 38.96 39.99 30.79 alcoholic strength by volume: but not exceeding 18 % vol 56.17 56.17 56.17 56.17 56.19 66.16 50.30 but not exceeding 20 % vol 66.16 66.16 66.16 66.16 66.16 58.93 58.93 66.93 67.93 66.93 67.9	Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol	Exceeding 21.5% wold but not exceeding 21.5% wold 35946 2274 19544 1				36.91			27-71			18-51
alcoholic strength by volume: but not exceeding 21:5 % vol alcoholic strength by volume: but not exceeding 19:5 % vol but not exceeding 19:5 % vol but not exceeding 21:5 % vol c strength by volume: exceeding 22:5 % vol c strength by volume: d s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	Exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 22.5 % vol but not exceeding 18.5 % vol but not exceeding 18.5 % vol but not exceeding 18.5 % vol but not exceeding 21.5	Exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 21.5		% vol but not exceeding 21		37.94			28.74			19.54
alcoholic strength by volume: alcoholic strength by volume: but not exceeding 18.5 % vol (1) but not exceeding 19.5 % vol (2) but not exceeding 20.5 % vol (3) but not exceeding 20.5 % vol (4.50 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol (6.16 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol (6.16 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol (6.16 but not exceeding 18.5 % vol (7) but not exceeding 19.5 % vol (8.783) but not exceeding 19.5 % vol (9.783) but not exceeding 20.5 % vol (9.784) but not exceeding 20.5 % vol (9.784) but not exceeding 20.5 % vol (9.784) c strength by volume: c strength by volume: exceeding 22.5 % vol (7) c strength by volume: exceeding 23.5 % vol (7) exceeding 23.6 % vol (7) exceeding 24.6 % vol (7) exceeding 25.6 % vol (7) exceeding 25.9 % vol (7) exceeding 26.0 % vol (8) excee	(cc) Other: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (1) Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol Exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not ex	(cc) Other:		not exceeding 21.5		38-96			29.76			20.56
but not exceeding 19:5% vol (1) but not exceeding 19:5% vol (1) but not exceeding 19:5% vol (2) but not exceeding 19:5% vol (3) but not exceeding 20:5% vol (61:17 but not exceeding 21:5% vol (64:50 but not exceeding 21:5% vol (66:16 but not exceeding 21:5% vol (66:16 but not exceeding 21:5% vol (7) c strength by volume: c strength by volume: exceeding 21:5% vol (7) exceeding 21:5% vol (7) c strength by volume: exceeding 21:5% vol (7) exceeding	(cc) Other: (cd) Other: Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol () Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol	(ct) Other: (1) Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol (1) Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol (1) Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol (1) Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (2) Exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (2) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (4.50) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.45) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.45) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.45) Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol (6.48) Exceeding 22 % vol		not exceeding 22		39-99			30.79			21.59
alcoholic strength by volume: but not exceeding 18-5% vol (1) 55-17 56-17 46-97 46-97 46-97 57-84 48-64 48-64 59-30 but not exceeding 19-5% vol (1) 57-83 but not exceeding 20-5% vol (2-83) but not exceeding 21-5% vol (1) 53-25 but not exceeding 21-5% vol (2-83) but not exceeding 21-5% vol (3-84) but not exceeding 21-5% vol (3-84) but not exceeding 19-5% vol (3-84) but not exceeding 20-5% vol (3-84) but not exceeding 20-5% vol (3-85) but not exceeding 20-5% vol (3-85) but not exceeding 21-5% vol (3-85) c strength by volume: c strength by volume: c strength by volume: exceeding 22-5% vol (3-85) c strength by volume: exceeding 23-5% vol (3-85) c strength 24-6%	(11) Receding 18 % wo low tron exceeding 18 % wo low tron exceeding 19 % wo low tron exceeding 20 % wo low tron exceeding 20 % wo low tron exceeding 21 % wo low tron exceeding 20 % wo low tron exceeding 21 % wo low tron exceeding 22 % wo	(11) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vo										
but not exceeding 18-5 % vol (1) 56-17 57-84 57-84 57-84 68-64 59-76 57-84 68-64 59-76 59-50 59-50 59-50 59-50 61-17 59-50 59-50 61-17 59-50 59-50 64-50 64-50 64-50 64-50 64-50 66-16 65-16 66-16 66-16 66-16 66-16 58-63 14-05 14-	Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol (!) 556.17 46.67 3777 Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but	Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol										
but not exceeding 19 % vol 57.84 48 64 but not exceeding 19.5 % vol 59.50 50.30 but not exceeding 20.5 % vol 64.50 51.97 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 64.50 55.30 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 66.16 66.16 56.96 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 66.16 67.83 58.63 but not exceeding 18.5 % vol (1) 53.25 44.05 but not exceeding 19.5 % vol 54.84 47.22 but not exceeding 20.5 % vol 59.59 50.39 but not exceeding 20.5 % vol 61.18 59.59 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 64.35 53.56 c strength by volume : exceeding 22.5 % vol (2) 94.49 (2) 72.52 (3) exceeding 23.5 % vol 95.52 (3) 73.59 (4) exceeding 23.5 % vol 95.52 (3) exceeding 23.5 % vol 95.52 (3) exceeding 24.5 % vol 95.52 (3) exceeding 24.5 % vol 95.52 (4) exceeding 25.5 % vol 95.52 (4) exceeding 24.5 % vol 95.52 (4) exceeding 25.5 % vol	Exceeding 88.5 % vol but not exceeding 9 % vol 57.84 48644 39.44 Exceeding 19.5 % vol but not exceeding 19.5 % vol 61.17 51.97 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 62.83 53.65 44.10 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 64.50 65.96 64.50 55.90 45.10 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 66.16 65.83 58.65 49.43 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 53.25 44.65 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 56.42 47.22 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 50.90 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 50.90 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 50.90 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.50 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.50 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.50 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.50 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.50 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.50 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.50 Exceeding 10.5 % vol but not exceeding 10.5 % vol 61.50 Exceeding 10.5 % vo	Exceeding 19.5% vol but not exceeding 20.5% vol but not exceeding 21.5% vol but not exceeding 19.5% vol but not exceeding 21.5% vol but not		% vol		26.17			46.97			37-77
but not exceeding 19-5 % vol 61-17	Exceeding 19.9 % vol but not exceeding 20.9 % vol Exceeding 19.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.9 % vol but not exceeding 20.9 % vol but not exceeding 20.9 % vol but not exceeding 21.9 % vol but not exceeding 19.9 % vol but not exceeding 19.9 % vol but not exceeding 19.9 % vol but not exceeding 21.9 % vol b	Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol Exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (43 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (43 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (43 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (43 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol (44 % vol but not exceed		5 % vol		57-84			48.64			39.44
but not exceeding 20 % vol 61.17 51.97 51.97 51.97 52.90 but not exceeding 20.5% vol 62.83 53.30 55.30 but not exceeding 21.5% vol 66.16 56.96 57.83 58.63 58.63 58.64 57.22 but not exceeding 19.5% vol (1) 54.84 57.22 but not exceeding 19.5% vol (2) 54.84 57.22 but not exceeding 20.5% vol 59.59 59.59 50.39 but not exceeding 21.5% vol 62.76 53.56 but not exceeding 21.5% vol 62.76 53.56 but not exceeding 21.5% vol 64.35 53.56 but not exceeding 22.5% vol 64.35 53.56 cxeeding 22.5% vol 64.35 53.56 cxeeding 22.5% vol (2) 94.49 (3) 70.29 (4) 72.52 (4) 95.52 (5) 95.52 (5) 95.52 (6) 73.59 (7) 73.59 (7) 73.59 (7)	Exceeding 19.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.9 % vol 61.17 Exceeding 20.8 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 18.5 % vol but not exceeding 18.5 % vol but not exceeding 19.5 % vol but not exceeding 19.5 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 %	Exceeding 21.9 % vol but not exceeding 21.0 % vol 61.17 51.97 44.43		% vol but not exceeding 19.5		59.50			50-30			41.10
but not exceeding 20.5 % vol 65.83 53.96 but not exceeding 21 % vol 66.16 66.16 55.30 but not exceeding 21 % vol 66.16 67.83 58.63 but not exceeding 18.5 % vol (1) 54.84 47.22 but not exceeding 19.5 % vol 59.59 but not exceeding 20.5 % vol 59.59 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 66.18 59.59 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 66.18 59.59 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 66.18 59.59 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 64.35 but not exceeding 22.5 % vol 64.35 c strength by volume: c strength by volume: c strength by volume: c strength by volume: exceeding 22.5 % vol (2) 94.49 (3) 70.29 (4) 72.52 (4) 95.52 (6) 73.59 (4) 73.59 (4)	Exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol 66/16 5696 47-76 5696 47-76 5696 47-76 5696 47-76 57-83 58-63 49-43 57-84	Exceeding 20.9% vol but not exceeding 21.5% vol but not exceeding 18.5% vol but not exceeding 20.5% vol but not exceeding 20.5% vol but not exceeding 20.5% vol but not exceeding 21.5% vol but not exceeding 22.5% vol. in exceeding 22.5% vol but not exceeding 22.5% vol. in exceeding 22.5% vol but not exceeding 22.5% vol. in exceeding 22.5% vol but not exceeding 22		but not exceeding 20		61.17			51.97			42:77
but not exceeding 21 % vol 64.50 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 66.16 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 67.83 but not exceeding 18.5 % vol (!) c strength by volume: c strength by volume: c strength by volume: but not exceeding 22.5 % vol (?) c strength by volume: c strength by volume: but not exceeding 22.5 % vol (?) c strength by volume: c strength 23.5 % vol (?) c strength 24.5 % vol c strength 23.5 % vol (?) c strength 23.5 % vol c strength 23.5 % vol c strength 24.5 % vol c strength 25.5 % vol c strength 2	Exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol 64-50 55-30 46-10	Exceeding 21.9% vol but not exceeding 21.9% vol Exceeding 21.9% vol but not exceedin		but not exceeding 20.5		62-83			53-63			44-43
but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 66.16 56.96 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.63 58.64 58.84 58.84 58.84 58.64 58.94 58.94 58.91 58.94 59.91 58.94 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.54 59.91 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.54 59.55 5	Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 215 % vol but not exceeding 215 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol (72) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceedi	Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol		but not exceeding 21		64.50			55-30			46·10
but not exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 19:5 % vol (1) 53-25 but not exceeding 19:5 % vol (1) 54-84 but not exceeding 19:5 % vol but not exceeding 20:5 % vol but not exceeding 20:5 % vol but not exceeding 21:5 % vol but not exceeding 21:5 % vol but not exceeding 21:5 % vol (2) 64-35 but not exceeding 21:5 % vol (2) 64-35 but not exceeding 22:5 % vol (2) 94-49 (2) 70-29 (4) 71-46 (4) 72-52 (4) 66-99 (5) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4)	(22) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 21:5% vol but not exceeding 19:5% vol (7) Exceeding 18:5% vol but not exceeding 19:5% vol (7) Exceeding 19:5% vol but not exceeding 19:5% vol (8) Exceeding 19:5% vol but not exceeding 19:5% vol (9) Exceeding 21:5% vol but not exceeding 20:5% vol (1:18) Exceeding 20:5% vol but not exceeding 20:5% vol (1:18) Exceeding 21:5% vol but not exceeding 21:5% vol (1:18) Exceeding 21:5% vol but not exceeding 22:5% vol (6:14) Exceeding 21:5% vol but not exceeding 22:5% vol (1:18) Exceeding 21:5% vol but not exceeding 22:5% vol (1:18) Exceeding 21:5% vol but not exceeding 22:5% vol (1:18) Exceeding 22:5% vol but not exceeding 23:5% vol (2:15) Exceeding 22:5% vol but not exceeding 23:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 22:5% vol but not exceeding 23:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 23:5% vol but not exceeding 24:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 23:5% vol but not exceeding 24:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 23:5% vol but not exceeding 24:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 23:5% vol but not exceeding 24:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 23:5% vol but not exceeding 24:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 23:5% vol but not exceeding 24:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 23:5% vol but not exceeding 24:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 23:5% vol but not exceeding 24:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 23:5% vol but not exceeding 24:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 23:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding 24:5% vol (3:15) Exceeding	Exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol 57.83 58.63 49.44		but not exceeding 21.5		91.99			96-96			47.76
but not exceeding 19·5 % vol (1) but not exceeding 19·5 % vol (1) but not exceeding 19·5 % vol (1) but not exceeding 20·6 % vol but not exceeding 20·5 % vol but not exceeding 21·6 % vol but not exceeding 21·6 % vol but not exceeding 21·6 % vol c strength by volume: exceeding 22·6 % vol (2) exceeding 22·6 % vol (2) exceeding 23·6 % vol exceeding 22·6 % vol (2) exceeding 23·6 % vol exceeding 24·6 % vol	(22) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol but not exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol but not exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol but not exceeding 27 %	Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol () 54.84 45.644 45.644 56.44 56.44 56.44 56.44 56.44 56.44 56.42 56.42 56.42 56.44 56.44 56.42 56.42 56.42 56.42 56.44 56.44 56.42 56.42 56.44 56.42		but not exceeding 22		67-83			58-63			49-43
but not exceeding 18·5 % vol (1) 53-25 but not exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19·6 % vol but not exceeding 20·6 % vol but not exceeding 20·5 % vol but not exceeding 21·6 % vol but not exceeding 21·6 % vol but not exceeding 21·6 % vol c strength by volume: exceeding 22·6 % vol (2) exceeding 22·6 % vol exceeding 23·6 % vol exceeding 24·6 % vol exceeding 25·6 % vol exceeding 25·6 % vol exceeding 24·6 % vol exceeding 25·6	Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 18.5 % vol (!) 53.25 44.05 44.05 54.84 56.44	Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol 53-25 440.5 548.4		(22) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:								
but not exceeding 19 % vol 5642 but not exceeding 19 % vol 5642 but not exceeding 20 % vol 5642 but not exceeding 20 % vol 61.18 but not exceeding 21 % vol 62.76 but not exceeding 21 % vol, in exceeding 22 % vol (2) 9449 (3) 77-52 (4) 66-99 (3) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4) 73-59 (4)	Exceeding 18.5 % vol but not exceeding 19 % vol 55484 Exceeding 19.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 22.5 % vol in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 22.5 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol (2) Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol (2) Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24.5	Exceeding 18.5 % vol but not exceeding 19.9 % vol Exceeding 19.9 % vol But not exceeding 19.5 % vol but not exceeding 19.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 22.5 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol b		Exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 18:5 % vol (1)		53-25			44-05			34-85
but not exceeding 19·5 % vol 58·01 58·01 47·22 48·81 but not exceeding 20· % vol 59·59 50·39 50·39 50·39 but not exceeding 21· % vol exceeding 21· % vol, in exceeding 22· % vol (²) exceeding 23· % vol (²) exceeding 23· % vol exceeding 24· % vol exceeding	Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol Exceeding 19.5% vol but not exceeding 20 % vol Exceeding 19.5% vol but not exceeding 20 % vol Exceeding 20.5% vol but not exceeding 21 % vol Exceeding 21.5% vol but not exceeding 21.5% vol Exceeding 21.5% vol but not exceeding 22 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 22.5% vol but not exceeding 23.5% vol Exceeding 22.5% vol but not exceeding 23.5% vol Exceeding 22.5% vol but not exceeding 23.5% vol Exceeding 23.5% vol but not exceeding 24.9% vol Exceeding 25.5% vol but not exceeding 25.5% vol Exceedi	Exceeding 19 % vol but not exceeding 19.5% vol Exceeding 19.5% vol but not exceeding 20.5% vol Exceeding 20.5% vol but not exceeding 21.5% vol Exceeding 20.5% vol but not exceeding 21.5% vol Exceeding 21.5% vol but not exceeding 22.5% vol Exceeding 21.5% vol but not exceeding 22.7% vol Containers holding: A				54.84			45.64			36-44
but not exceeding 20 % vol 59·59 59·59 50·39 60·39 60·	Exceeding 19-5 % vol but not exceeding 20 % vol 58-01 S8-01 S8-02	Exceeding 19.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 22.5 % vol but not exceeding 23.5		but not exceeding 19.5		56.42			47.22			38-02
but not exceeding 20·5 % vol 61·18 50·39 50·39 but not exceeding 21 % vol 64·35 but not exceeding 21·5 % vol 64·35 53·36 but not exceeding 22·6 wol, in exceeding 22·6 wol (2) exceeding 22·6 wol (2) exceeding 23·6 wol (2) exceeding 23·6 wol (3) 94·49 (3) 70·29 (4) 70·29 (4) 64·36 exceeding 23·6 wol (3) 95·52 (3) 72·52 (4) exceeding 24·6 wol (3) 96·99 (3) 73·59 (4) 73·59 (4)	Exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 22.5 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (2) Exceeding 22.5 % vol (2) Exceeding 22.5 % vol (3) Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24. % vol	Exceeding 20 % vol but not exceeding 20 5 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol 61.18 Exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol containers holding: a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 22.5 % vol (?) Exceeding 22 % vol (?) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol (?) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 330 gamns but not exceeding 35 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 330 gamns per litre.		but not exceeding 20		58-01			48.81			39.61
but not exceeding 21 % vol 61.18 51.98 51.98 but not exceeding 21.5 % vol 64.35 55.15 55.15 51.00 but not exceeding 22 % vol, in exceeding 22 % vol (2) 94.49 (2) 57.29 (4) 57.52 (4) 57.52 (4) 57.53 (5) 57.52 (5) 57.52 (6) 57.53 (6) 57.5	Exceeding 20-5 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (2) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol but	Exceeding 20.5 % vol but not exceeding 21 5 % vol but not exceeding 21 1.8		but not exceeding 20.5		59.59			50-39			41:19
but not exceeding 21.5 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol volume exceeding 22 % vol, in c strength by volume: exceeding 22.5 % vol (²) exceeding 23.5 % vol exceeding 23.5 % vol exceeding 24.9 (³) exceeding 25.5 % vol exceeding 24.9 (°) exceeding 25.5 % vol exceeding 24.9 (°) 70.29 (°) 71.46 (°) 72.52 (°) 73.59 (°)	Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21 % vol containers holding: a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 22 % vol (2) Exceeding 22 % vol (2) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 27 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol Exceeding 27 % vol but not exceeding 27 % vol but	Exceeding 21 % vol but not exceeding 21.5 % vol containers holding wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 22 % vol containers holding an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 22 % vol containers holding and with a total dy extract exceeding 330 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dy extract exceeding 330 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dy extract exceeding 330 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dy extract exceeding 330 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dy extract exceeding 330 grams per litte.		but not exceeding 21		61.18			51.98			42.78
but not exceeding 22 % vol, in volume exceeding 22 % vol, in exceeding 22 % vol (2) exceeding 23 % vol (2) exceeding 23 % vol exceeding 23 % vol exceeding 24 % vol exceeding 25 % vol (2) exceeding 25 % vol (3) exceeding 25 % vol (4) (4) (5) (5) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6	V. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 22 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 25 % vol Exceeding 25 % vol but not exceeding 26 % vol	Exceeding 21:5 % vol but not exceeding 22 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 22:5 % vol but not exceeding 23:5 % vol Exceeding 23:5 % vol but not exceeding 23:5 % vol Exceeding 23:5 % vol but not exceeding 23:5 % vol Exceeding 23:5 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 15 % v		but not exceeding 21.5		62:76			53.56			44.36
c strength by volume: exceeding 22.5 % vol (2) exceeding 23.5 % vol (3) exceeding 23.5 % vol (4) exceeding 23.5 % vol (5) exceeding 24.9 (3) exceeding 24.9 (4) exceeding 24.9 (5) exceeding 24.9 (6) exceeding 24.9 (9) 70.29 (4) 71.46 (4) 72.52 (4) 73.59 (4)	V. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 22 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol	V. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 22 % vol, in containers holding: a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 22.5 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 16 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 16 % vol but not exceeding 16 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 16 % vol but not exceeding 16 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 16 % vol but not exceeding 16 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 16 % vol but not exceeding 17 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 18 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol but		but not exceeding 22		64.33			22.13			43.73
actual alcoholic strength by volume: % vol but not exceeding 23.% vol (2) % vol but not exceeding 23.% vol (3) % vol but not exceeding 23.% vol (4) % vol but not exceeding 23.% vol (4) % vol but not exceeding 24.% vol (4) % vol but not exceeding 24.% vol (5)	a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (2) Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol (3) Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol (4) Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol (4) Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol (5) Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol (6) Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol (7) Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol (8) Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol	a) Two litres or less: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 330 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litre.		volume exceeding								
actual alcoholic strength by volume: % vol but not exceeding 22.5 % vol (²) % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol	(1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (2) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (3) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (4) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (5) Exceeding 22.5 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol (6) Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24.7 % vol (7) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (7) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (8) Red 9(3) (9) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (9) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (1) Red 9(3) (2) Red 9(3) (3) Red 9(3) (4) Red 9(3) (4) Red 9(3) (4) Red 9(3) (5) Red 9(3) (6) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (7) Red 9(3) (8) Red 9(3) (9) Red	(1) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (2) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume: (3) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 22.5% vol but not exceeding 23.5% vol and with a total day extract exceeding 330 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litte.		o) The lifes of less.								
2) 94.49 (2) 70.29 (4) 94.06 (3) 71.46 (4) 95.52 (3) 72.52 (4) 73.59 (4)	Exceeding 22-5% vol but not exceeding 23-5% vol but not exceeding 23-5% vol but not exceeding 24-9(3) Exceeding 23-5% vol but not exceeding 24-9(3) Exceeding 23-5% vol but not exceeding 24-6% vol	Exceeding 22.5 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24.5 % vol but not exceeding 15.5 % vol but not exceeding 15.5 % vol and with a total day extract exceeding 330 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litte.		d) I Wo littles of an actual alcoholic ettenoth by volume								
exceeding 2.5.7% vol (*) (7.2.7%) (7.2.7%) (7.2.4%) (7.2.4%) (7.2.4%) (7.2.4%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%) (7.2.5%)	Exceeding 2.2. % vol but not exceeding 2.3. % vol (*) Exceeding 2.3. % vol but not exceeding 2.3. % vol Exceeding 2.3. % vol but not exceeding 2.4. % vol Exceeding 2.3. % vol but not exceeding 2.4. % vol Exceeding 2.3. % vol but not exceeding 2.4. % vol Exceeding 2.3. % vol but not exceeding 2.4. % vol Exceeding 2.3. % vol but not exceeding 2.4. % vol Exceeding 2.3. % vol but not exceeding 2.4. % vol	Exceeding 2.2.7% vol but not exceeding 2.3.7% vol (*) Exceeding 2.3.5% vol but not exceeding 2.3.5% vol Exceeding 2.3.5% vol but not exceeding 15% vol and with a total day extract exceeding 330 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litter.		The wife of all actual archiolic sitering in by volume:		(3) 07:70			70.79 (4)			48-09 (5)
exceeding 23·5 % vol 95·52 (3) 72·52 (4) 73·59 (4)	Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24.5 % vol but not exceeding 24.5 % vol but not exceeding 24.6 % vol but not exceeding 25.6 % vol but not exceeding 26.9 %	Exceeding 23.5% vol but not exceeding 24.5% vol but not exceeding 12.5% vol but not exceeding 15% vol but not exceeding 18% vol and with a total ding wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15% vol but not exceeding 18% vol and with a total day extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litte.		exceeding		94.06 (3)			7146(*)			48.86 (5)
% vol but not exceeding 24 % vol (3) (73.59 (4)	Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol 96.99 (3) 73.59 (4) 50.19 (5)	Exceeding 23-5 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol () Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15 % vol but not exceeding 18 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litte.		exceeding 23.5		95-52(3)			72.52(4)			49.52(5)
		() Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15% vol but not exceeding 18% vol and with a total day extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litre.		% vol but not exceeding 24		(2) 66-96			73·59 (*)			(5) 61.05

(a) Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 15% vol but not exceeding 18% vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 130 grams but not exceeding 330 grams per litte.
(b) Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 22% vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 330 grams per litte.
(c) This amount is to be increased by 040 ECU per 01% vol of alcohol in so far as the actual alcoholic strength by volume of the imported wine is lower than the maximum degree of actual alcoholic strength specified in this subheading.
(c) This amount is to be increased by 0.12 ECU per 0.1% vol of alcohol in so far as the actual alcoholic strength by volume of the imported wine is lower than the maximum degree of actual alcoholic strength specified in this subheading.

140	LJ	10/14						<u> </u>	ilciai	50	GII.				E Liu.	ОР			71111				,			
(ECU/bl)		Other third countries		44·53 (4) 45:22 (4)	45.80 (4)	46·39 (4)	27-00			3.21 (4)	2:34 (*)	2:36 (4)	2:39 (4)		27.60	39.60			30.69 (4)	31-46 (4)	32·12(4)	32-79 (4)		27-13 (*)	27.82(4)	28-99 (*)
		Cyprus																								
	.	Portugal																								
Tree of frantier reference price	reference price	Turkey		66·73 (³) 67·82 (³)	(6) 08-89	(2) 62-69	78.80			(6) 19:61	20:14(?)	20.56(3)	20.99 (3)		44.60	09.95		-	48.09 (3)	49.26 (3)	50-32 (³)	51-39 (³)		44.53 (3)	45.62(2)	47·59 (²)
ree of frontier	ree-at-monner	Malta																								
		Spain																								
		Morocco Tunisia		88.93 (²) 90.42 (²)	91.80(2)	93·19 (2)	100.60			37-01 (2)	37-84 (2)	38.66 (2)	39-49 (2)		61.60	73.60			65.49 (2)	(2) 96.99	68-42 (2)	(2) 68-69		61.93 (2)	63:32 (*)	(2) 60.99
		Algeria																								
		Description	C. V. a) (2) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:	Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 22.5 % vol (1) Exceeding 22.5 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol	Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol	Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol	(3) Liqueur wine (1)	b) More than two litres:	(1) Wine fortified for distillation of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:	Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 22:5% vol (1)	Exceeding 22.5 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol	Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol	Exceeding 23.5 % vol but not exceeding 24 % vol	(2) Liqueur wine (¹):	(aa) Intended for processing into products other than those falling within heading No 22.05	(bb) Other	(3) Other:	(aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:	Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 22:5 % vol (1)	Exceeding 22.5 % vol but not exceeding 23 % vol	Exceeding 23 % vol but not exceeding 23.5 % vol	Exceeding 23.5% vol but not exceeding 24 % vol	(bb) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:	Exceeding 22 % vol but not exceeding 22.5 % vol (1)	Exceeding 2.2.3 % vol but not exceeding 2.3 % vol Fire not exceeding 3.3.5 % vol	Exceeding 23.5% vol but not exceeding 24 % vol
	CCT	No No	22.05	(conta)															J							

() Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 22% vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 330 grams per litre.

(2) This amount is to be increased by 0.04 ECU per 0.1% vol of alcohol in so far as the actual alcoholic strength by volume of the imported wine is lower than the maximum degree of actual alcoholic strength specified in this subheading.

(3) This amount is to be increased by 0.12 ECU per 0.1% vol of alcohol in so far as the actual alcoholic strength by volume of the imported wine is lower than the maximum degree of actual alcoholic strength specified in this subheading.

(4) This amount is to be increased by 0.12 ECU per 0.1% vol of alcohol in so far as the actual alcoholic strength by volume of the imported wine is lower than the maximum degree of actual alcoholic strength specified in this subheading.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2777/79

of 12 December 1979

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79 (2), and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73 (4), and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1658/79 (5) and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within

- a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded for the period 5 December to 11 December 1979;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1658/79 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1979.

For the Commission Finn GUNDELACH Vice-President

OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1. OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1. OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62. OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1. OJ No L 193, 1. 8. 1979, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 December 1979 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Levies
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	75:79
10.01 B	Durum wheat	102.51 (1) (5)
10.02	Rye	64.95 (6)
10.03	Barley	67.90 `
10.04	Oats	77.64
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for	
	sowing	87·26 (2) (3)
10.07 A	Buckwheat	2.01
10.07 B	Millet	57.11 (4)
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	80.24 (4)
0.07 D	Canary seed; other cereals	0 (5)
1.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	120.23
1.01 B	Rye flour	104-67
1.02 A I a)	Durum wheat groats and meal	172-12
1.02 A I b)	Common wheat groats and meal	128.98

- (1) Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0:60 ECU/tonne.
- (2) Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the French overseas departments the levy is reduced by 7·25 ECU/tonne as provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.
- (2) Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by 1-81 ECU/tonne.
- (*) Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by $50\,\%$.
- (5) Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by 0:60 ECU/tonne.
- (*) The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2778/79

of 12 December 1979

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79 (2), and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73 (4), and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1659/79 (5) and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the fllowing basis:

 in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 % a rate of exchange based on their effective partiy; for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded for the period 5 December to 11 December 1979;

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1979.

For the Commission
Finn GUNDELACH
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62. (4) OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 193, 1. 8. 1979, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 December 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current 12	1st period	2nd period	3rd period
10.01 A	Common wheat, and meslin	0	0	0	0
10.01 B	Durum wheat	0	0	0	0
10.02	Rye	0	0	0	0
10.03	Barley	0	0	0	0
10.04	Oats	0	6.59	6.59	6.59
10.05 B	Maize, other than hybrid maize for sowing	0	0	0	0
10.07 A	Buckwheat	0	0	0	0
10.07 B	Millet	0	3.54	3-54	3.54
10.07 C	Grain sorghum	0	0	0	0
10.07 D	Other cereals	0	0	0	0
11.01 A	Wheat or meslin flour	0	0	0	0

B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Current	1st period	2nd period 2	3rd period	4th period 4
11.07 A I (a)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A I (b)	Unroasted malt, obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (a)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 A II (b)	Unroasted malt, other than that obtained from wheat, other than in the form of flour	0	0	0	0	0
11.07 B	Roasted malt	0	0	0	0	0

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2779/79

of 12 December 1979

fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1552/79 (2), and in particular Article 11 (2) thereof,

Whereas the import levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1916/79 (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2733/79 (4);

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1916/79 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) and (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1979.

For the Commission Finn GUNDELACH Vice-President

¹⁾ OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1. 2) OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 9. 3) OJ No L 222, 1. 9. 1979, p. 5. 4) OJ No L 310, 6. 12. 1979, p. 5.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 December 1979 fixing the import levies on rice and broken rice

(ECU/tonne)

CCT heading No	Description	Third countries (3)	ACP or OCT (¹) (²) (³)
10.06	Rice :		
	A. Paddy rice; husked rice:		
	I. Paddy rice:		
	a) Round grain	89.35	41.05
*	b) Long grain	120.99	56.87
	II. Husked rice:		
	a) Round grain	111.69	52-22
	b) Long grain	151-24	71.99
	B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice:		
	I. Semi-milled rice:		
	a) Round grain	193.76	84-92
	b) Long grain	299-25	137-70
	II. Wholly milled rice:		
	a) Round grain	206.36	90.79
	b) Long grain	320-80	148-01
	C. Broken rice:	63.46	28.71

 ⁽¹⁾ Subject to the application of the provisions of Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 706/76.
 (2) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 706/76, the levies are not applied to imports into the French overseas departments of products originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

⁽²⁾ The import levy on rice entering the overseas department of Reunion is specified in Article 11a of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2780/79

of 12 December 1979

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1552/79 (2), and in particular Article 13 (6) thereof,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on rice and broken rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 1917/79 (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2734/79 (4);

Whereas on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in

force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts shown in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The premiums to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of rice and broken rice shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1979.

For the Commission Finn GUNDELACH Vice-President

⁽¹) OJ No L 186, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1. (²) OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 9. (²) OJ No L 222, 1. 9. 1979, p. 8.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 310, 6. 12. 1979, p. 7.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 December 1979 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on rice and broken rice

(ECU/tonne)

					(-0
CCT heading No	Description	Current 12	1st period	2nd period 2	3rd period
10.06	Rice:				
	A. Paddy rice; husked rice:				
	I. Paddy rice:			1	
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	
	b) Long grain	0 .	0	0	_
	II. Husked rice:				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	_
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	
	B. Semi-milled or wholly milled rice:]
	I. Semi-milled rice:				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	_
	II. Wholly milled rice:				
	a) Round grain	0	0	0	<u> </u>
	b) Long grain	0	0	0	-
	C. Broken rice	0	0	0	0
	!	!	1	,	1

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2781/79

of 12 December 1979

fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar, exported in the natural state

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 of 19 December 1974 on the common organization of the market in sugar (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1396/78 (2), and in particular the first sentence of the last subparagraph of Article 19 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 19 of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 766/68 of 18 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on sugar (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1489/76 (4), provides that when refunds on white and raw sugar, undenatured and exported in the natural state, are being fixed account must be taken of the situation on the Community and world markets in sugar and in particular of the price and cost factors set out in Article 3 of that Regulation; whereas the same Article provides that the economic aspect of the proposed exports should also be taken into account;

Whereas the refund on raw sugar must be fixed in respect of the standard quality; whereas the latter is defined in Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 431/68 of 9 April 1968 determining the standard quality for raw sugar and fixing the Community frontier crossing point for calculating cif prices for sugar (5); whereas, furthermore, this refund should be fixed in accordance with Article 5(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68; whereas candy sugar is defined in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 394/70 of 2 March 1970 on detailed rules for granting export refunds on sugar (6), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1467/77 (7);

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for sugar according to destination:

Whereas, in special cases, the amount of the refund may be fixed by other legal instruments;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas the refund must be fixed every two weeks; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules set out above to the present situation on the market in sugar and in particular to quotations or prices for sugar within the Community and on the world market that the refund should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Sugar,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (1) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 3330/74, undenatured and exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1979.

⁽¹) OJ No L 359, 31. 12. 1974, p. 1. (²) OJ No L 170, 27. 6. 1978, p. 1. (³) OJ No L 143, 25. 6. 1968, p. 6. (¹) OJ No L 167, 26. 6. 1976, p. 13.

^(*) OJ No L 89, 10. 4. 1968, p. 3. (*) OJ No L 50, 4. 3. 1970, p. 1. (*) OJ No L 162, 1. 7. 1977, p. 6.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1979.

For the Commission
Finn GUNDELACH
Vice-President

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 December 1979 fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar, exported in the natural state

(ECU/100 kg)

CCT heading No	Description	Refund
17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, solid: A. White sugar; flavoured or coloured sugar B. Raw sugar:	14-00
	(a) Candy sugar (b) Other raw sugar	14·71 (¹) 11·50 (¹)

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 %; if the yield is other than 92 %, the refund applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2782/79

of 12 December 1979

amending for the seventh time Regulation (EEC) No 1393/76 as regards the special rate for certain products of the wine-growing sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73 (2), and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 of 5 February 1979 on the common organization of the market in wine (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2594/79 (4), and in particular Article 18 thereof,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1393/76 of 17 June 1976 laying down detailed rules for the importation of products in the wine-growing sector originating in certain third countries (5), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2280/79 (6), and in particular Article 1a (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee.

Whereas, pursuant to Article 1a of Regulation (EEC) No 1393/76, special rates are used to convert into national currency the free-at-frontier reference prices for imported liqueur wines, with the exception of liqueur wines originating in Cyprus and called in the producer country 'Cyprus Sherry'; whereas, for the currencies of the Member States maintained at any given moment within a maximum spread of 2.25 %, the special rate is the conversion rate resulting from the central rate; whereas, with effect from 30 November 1979, the central rates for these currencies have been changed; whereas, for the currencies other than those specified above, the special rate for the period 16 December 1979 to 30 June 1980 is equal to the conversion rate in relation to all the currencies of the Member States maintained at any given moment within a maximum spread of 2.25 % resulting from the average rate taken into consideration for the

purpose of calculating the monetary compensatory amounts valid on 15 November 1979; whereas, for these reasons, the special rates appearing in Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No 1393/76 must be adjusted in the case of the said currencies,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No 1393/76 is replaced by the following Annex:

'ANNEX III

The special rate referred to in Article 1a of Regulation (EEC) No 1393/76 shall be:

- (a) for the Belgian franc and the Luxembourg 1 Belgian franc/Luxembourg franc: 0.0251321 ECU;
- (b) for the Danish krone: 1 Danish krone: 0.129477 ECU:
- (c) for the German mark: 1 German mark: 0.402888 ECU;
- (d) for the French franc: 1 French franc: 0.171028 ECU;
- (e) for the pound sterling: 1 pound sterling: 1.49800 ECU;
- (f) for the Irish pound: 1 Irish pound: 1.49656 ECU;
- (g) for the Italian lira: 100 Italian lire: 0.0873265 ECU;
- (h) for the Dutch guilder: 1 Dutch guilder: 0.364482 ECU.'

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply with effect from 16 December 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62. (2) OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1. (3) OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1. (4) OJ No L 297, 24. 11. 1979, p. 4. (5) OJ No L 157, 18. 6. 1976, p. 20. (6) OJ No L 262, 18. 10. 1979, p. 21.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1979.

For the Commission
Finn GUNDELACH
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2783/79

of 12 December 1979

laying down provisions for the implementation of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of articles for the use of handicapped persons

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79 of 8 May 1979 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of articles for the use of handicapped persons (1), and in particular Article 7 (2) thereof,

Whereas the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of articles for the use of handicapped persons pursuant to Article 2 (1), Article 3 (1) and (2), or Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79 must be subject to the completion of certain administrative formalities enabling the competent authorities to check that the goods in question properly satisfy the conditions laid down in that Regulation, and that they will in fact be used for the purposes for which duty-free admission is granted;

Whereas, in order to accord the fullest assistance to institutions and organizations authorized by the competent authorities to receive the articles in question duty-free, it is desirable to apply, on a general basis and from the entry into force of the abovementioned Regulation, the last subparagraph of Article 3 (1) thereof, by allowing a derogation in every case from the condition that duty-free admission is granted only where equivalent articles are not currently manufactured in the Community;

Whereas it will, however, be possible to maintain this position only in respect of articles the duty-free admission of which is not liable to prejudice the production of equivalent articles within the Community; whereas provision should be made for a Community procedure to enable the Commission, after consulting experts from all Member States, to exclude one or more types of article from duty-free admission where it is established, on the basis of information in its possession, that such duty-free admission is liable to prejudice the production of equivalent articles within the Community;

Whereas, where articles for the use of handicapped persons are loaned, hired or transferred between insti-

tutions or organizations situated in different Member States, provision should be made for supervision of the destination and use of the articles in question by means of a Control Copy T No 5 in accordance with the rules laid down in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 223/77 of 22 December 1976 on provisions for the implementation of the Community transit procedure and for certain simplifications of that procedure (2);

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

TITLE I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

A. Obligations on the part of the institution or organization to which the articles are consigned

Article 1

- 1. The duty-free admission of articles referred to in Article 2 (1), Article 3 (1) and (2) and Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79 shall entail the following obligations on the part of the institution or organization to which they are consigned:
- to dispatch the articles in question directly to the declared place of destination,
- to account for them in its inventory,
- to use them exclusively for the purposes specified in Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79,
- to facilitate any verification which the competent authorities consider necessary in order to ensure that the conditions for granting duty-free admission are satisfied, or remain satisfied.
- 2. The head of the institution or organization to which the articles are consigned, or his authorized representative shall furnish the competent authorities with a statement declaring that he is aware of the various obligations listed in paragraph 1 and including an undertaking to comply with them.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 134, 31. 5. 1979, p. 8.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 38, 9. 2. 1977, p. 20.

The competent authorities may require that the statement referred to in the preceding subparagraph be produced for each import, or for several imports, or for all the imports to be carried out by the institution or organization to which the articles are consigned.

B. Provisions to be applied where the articles are lent, hired out or transferred

Article 2

- 1. Where the provisions of the first sentence of the second subparagraph of Article 6 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79 are applied, the institution or organization to which an article for the use of handicapped persons is lent, hired out or transferred shall, from the date or receipt of the article, comply with the same obligations as those set out in Article 1.
- 2. Where the institution or organization to which an article in lent, hired out or transferred is situated in a Member State other than that in which the institution or organization that lent, hired out or transferred the articles is situated, upon the dispatch of such articles to that Member State, the competent customs office of the Member State of dispatch shall issue a Control Copy T No 5 in accordance with the rules laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 223/77 in order to ensure that such articles are put to a use entitling them to continue to qualify for duty-free admission.

For this purpose, the said Control Copy shall include, in box 104 under the heading 'other', one of the following entries:

- Article for handicapped persons to be admitted duty-free (UNESCO).
 Implementation of Article 6 (2) (second subparagraph) of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79,
- Toldfrit indført genstand bestemt til handicappede (UNESCO).
 Anvendelse af artikel 6, stk. 2, andet afsnit, i forordning (EØF) nr. 1028/79,
- Zollfreier Gegenstand für Behinderte (UNESCO).
 Anwendung von Artikel 6 Absatz 2, zweiter Unterabsatz der Verordnung (EWG) Nr. 1028/79,
- Objet destiné aux personnes handicapées, en franchise des droits de douane (UNESCO).
 Application de l'article 6 paragraphe 2 deuxième alinéa du règlement (CEE) nº 1028/79,
- Ogetto destinato ai minorati, in franchigia dai dazi doganali (UNESCO).
 Applicazione dell'articolo 6, paragrafo 2, secondo comma del regolamento (CEE) n. 1028/79,

- Voorwerp bestemd voor gehandicapten, met vrijstelling van douanerechten (UNESCO).
 Toepassing van artikel 6, lid 2, tweede alinea, van Verordening (EEG) nr. 1028/79.
- 3. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to the loan, hire or transfer of spare parts, components or accessories specifically for articles for the use of handicapped persons which have been admitted duty-free under the second subparagraph of Article 2 (1) and Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79.

C. Non-fulfilment of the conditions governing the granting of duty-free admission

Article 3

- 1. An institution or organization which ceases to fulfil the conditions giving entitlement to duty-free admission, or which is proposing to use articles acquired duty-free for purposes other than those provided for by Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79, shall so inform the competent authorities.
- 2. Where articles are used for purposes other than those provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79, they shall be liable to the relevant customs duty at the rate applying on the date on which they are to be put to another use according to their type and value as ascertained or accepted on that date by the customs authorities.

TITLE II

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE DUTY-FREE ADMISSION OF ARTICLES REFERRED TO IN THE FIRST SUBPARAGRAPH OF ARTICLE 2 (1) OF REGULATION (EEC) No 1028/79

Article 4

In order to obtain duty-free admission of an article for the use of the blind in accordance with the first subparagraph of Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79, the head of the institution or organization to which the article is consigned, or his authorized representative, must submit an application to the competent authority of the Member State in which the institution or organization is situated.

Such application must be accompanied by all information which the competent authority considers necessary for the purpose of determining whether the conditions laid down for granting duty-free admission are fulfilled.

TITLE III

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE DUTY-FREE IMPORTATION OF ARTICLES REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 3 (1) OF REGULATION (EEC) No 1028/79

Article 5

For as long as it has not been established by a decision of the Commission adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 8 (3) and (4) that the duty-free admission of articles referred to in Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79 is liable to prejudice production of equivalent articles within the Community, duty-free entry shall be granted without checking whether the condition laid down in Article 3 (1) (b) of that Regulation is fulfilled.

Article 6

- 1. In order to obtain duty-free admission of an article for the use of handicapped persons under the provisions of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79, the head of the institution or organization to which the article is consigned, or his authorized representative, must submit an application to the competent authority of the Member State in which the institution or organization is situated.
- 2. The application referred to in paragraph 1 must contain the following information relating to the article in question:
- (a) the precise trade description of the article used by the manufacturer, its presumed Common Customs Tariff classification and the objective technical characteristics indicating that it was specially designed for the education, employment or social advancement of handicapped persons;
- (b) the name or business name and address of the manufacturer and, where appropriate, of the supplier;
- (c) the country of origin of the article;
- (d) the place of destination of the article;
- (e) the use for which the article is intended;
- (f) the price of the article or, if known, its value for customs purposes;
- (g) the quantity of the article in question;
- (h) the estimated delivery period;
- (i) the date when the article was ordered if it has already been ordered.

Documentary evidence providing all relevant information on the characteristics and technical specifications of the article shall be furnished with the application.

Article 7

Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 9, the competent authority of the Member State in which

the institution or organization to which the articles are consigned is situated, shall take a direct decision on applications under Article 6.

Article 8

- 1. The competent authorities of the Member States shall provide the Commission, on their own initiative or at the latter's request, with any information at their disposal, including the relevant, technical documents, so that it can assess whether the duty-free admission of a given article is liable to prejudice production of equivalent articles within the Community.
- 2. Where the Commission is of the opinion, in the light of the information at its disposal, that the duty-free admission of an article is liable to prejudice the production of equivalent articles within the Community, it shall as soon as possible notify a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States, who shall meet within the framework of the Committee on Duty-free Arrangements in order to examine the matter or matters concerned.

The information at the Commission's disposal shall be communicated to the experts as soon as possible.

- 3. Where the examination undertaken in accordance with paragraph 2 shows that the duty-free importation of an article is liable to prejudice the production of equivalent articles within the Community, the Commission shall adopt a decision establishing that the conditions for duty-free admission of the said article are not fulfilled.
- 4. In urgent cases the Commission may adopt the decision referred to in paragraph 3 without waiting for consultation of the experts from the Member States as provided for in paragraph 2.

Such decision shall be provisional and must be confirmed or revoked by the Commission once the examination provided for in paragraph 2 has taken place.

Pending the completion of that procedure, the competent authorities may authorize the provisional duty-free importation of the article concerned, subject to an undertaking by the institution or organization to which the article is consigned to pay the relevant customs duties should the Commission's decision be confirmed.

The competent authorities may make such provisional duty-free importation conditional on the provision of security on terms to be laid down by it.

5. Commission decisions shall be notified to all Member States as soon as they have been adopted.

6. At least once each year, the Commission shall, on the basis of information supplied by the Member States concerned, examine the situation in depth with the group of experts referred to in paragraph 2 in order to determine whether it is necessary to revoke all or part of the decisions excluding certain articles from duty-free admission.

Article 9

1. Where the competent authority of the Member State in which is situated the institution or organization to which the articles are consigned is unable to determine whether the article for which the application under Article 6 was made should be regarded as being specially designed for the education, employment or social advancement of handicapped persons, the application, together with the relevant technical documents, shall be forwarded to the Commission in order to enable the latter to initiate the procedure laid down in paragraphs 2 to 6 below.

Pending the completion of that procedure, the competent authority may authorize the provisional duty-free importation of the article subject to an undertaking by the institution or organization to which the article is consigned to pay the relevant customs duties should duty-free admission not be granted.

The competent authority may make such provisional duty-free importation conditional on the provision of security on terms to be laid down by it.

- 2. Within two weeks of the date of receipt of the application, the Commission shall dispatch a copy to each of the other Member States together with the relevant documentation.
- 3. If, on the expiry of a period of three months from the date of such dispatch, no Member State has sent the Commission objections concerning the duty-free admission of the article under consideration, the said article shall be deemed to fulfil the conditions required for duty-free admission. The Commission shall notify the Member States of this circumstance within two weeks following the expiry of the aforesaid period.
- 4. If, within the period of three months laid down in paragraph 3, a Member State has sent the Commission objections regarding the duty-free importation of the article under consideration, the Commission shall as soon as possible notify a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States, who shall meet within the framework of the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements in order to examine the matter.

The objections referred to in the preceding subparagraph must include a statement of the grounds therefor. Such grounds must indicate why the article concerned should not be regarded as being specially designed for the education, employment or social advancement of handicapped persons.

The Commission shall transmit these objections to the Member States as soon as they are received.

5. Where the examination undertaken in accordance with paragraph 4 shows that the article for which duty-free admission has been requested must be regarded as being specially designed for the education, employment or social advancement of handicapped persons, the Commission shall adopt a decision declaring that the said article fulfils the conditions required for duty-free admission.

In the contrary case the Commission shall adopt a decision declaring that the said article does not fulfil the conditions required for duty-free admission.

Commission decisions shall be notified to all Member States within two weeks.

6. If, on the expiry of a period of six months from the date on which the application was received by the Commission, the latter has not adopted any decision under paragraph 5, the article in question shall be deemed to fulfil the conditions required for duty-free admission.

Article 10

Authorizations for duty-free admission shall be valid for a period of six months.

The competent authorities may, however, set a longer period in the light of the particular circumstances of each case.

TITLE IV

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE DUTY-FREE ADMISSION OF ARTICLES REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 5 OF REGULATION (EEC) No 1028/79

Article 11

1. In order to obtain duty-free admission of an article for the use of handicapped persons under the provisions of Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79, the head of the institution or organization to which the article is consigned, or his authorized representative, must submit an application to the competent authority of the Member State in which the institution or organization is situated.

2. Such application must contain the information specified in Article 6 (2) (a) to (e) and must be accompanied by a document or documents giving all relevant information on the characteristics and technical specifications of the article concerned.

It must also include:

- (a) the name or business name and address of the donor;
- (b) a declaration by the applicant that the articles for which duty-free admission is requested are in fact being offered to the institution or organization concerned without a reciprocal commercial concession of any kind, in particular without any publicity being involved.

Article 12

- 1. The competent authority of the Member State in which is situated the institution or organization to which such articles are consigned shall take a direct decision on applications under Article 11.
- 2. The competent authority shall authorize duty-free admission of that article only if it has been established to its entire satisfaction that the donor is not deriving any direct or indirect commercial advantage from his gift to the institution or organization to which the article is consigned.
- 3. Where the competent authority of the Member State in which is situated the institution or organization to which an article is consigned is unable to decide on the basis of information at its disposal whether the article for which duty-free admission has been requested should be regarded as being specially designed for the education, employment or social advancement of handicapped persons, the procedure laid down in Article 9 shall apply.

TITLE V

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE DUTY-FREE ADMISSION OF SPARE PARTS, COMPO- NENTS OR ACCESSORIES UNDER THE SECOND SUBPARAGRAPH OF ARTICLE 2 (1) AND ARTICLE 3 (2) OF REGULATION (EEC) No 1028/79

Article 13

For the purpose of the second subparagraph of Article 2 (1) and Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79 'specific accessories' means items specially designed for use with a specific article for the purpose of improving its performance and scope.

Article 14

In order to obtain duty-free admission of spare parts, components or specific accessories under the second subparagraph of Article 2 (1), or Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79, the head of the institution or organization to which the articles are consigned, or his authorized representative, must submit an application to the competent authority of the Member State in which the institution or organization is situated.

This application must be accompanied by all data deemed necessary by the competent authority for the purpose of determining whether the conditions laid down in the second subparagraph of Article 2 (1) or in Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1028/79 are fulfilled.

Article 15

The competent authority of the Member State in which is situated the institution or organization to which such articles are consigned shall give a direct decision on applications under Article 14.

TITLE VI

FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 16

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1979.

For the Commission
Étienne DAVIGNON
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2784/79

of 12 December 1979

laying down provisions for the implementation of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 on the importation of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific or cultural materials

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific or cultural materials (1), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1027/79 (2), and in particular Article 9(1) thereof,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) Commission 3195/75 (3), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1324/76 (4), laid down provisions for the implementation of the aforementioned Council Regulation;

Whereas, as a result of the amendments made to Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 by Regulation (EEC) No 1027/79, it is necessary to amend the said implementing provisions; whereas, in particular, it is necessary to lay down special rules for the duty-free admission of spare parts, components or specific accessories for scientific instruments or apparatus and of tools to be used for their maintenance, control, adjustment or repair;

Whereas it is also necessary to amend Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 in order to take account of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2779/78 of 23 November 1978 on the procedure for applying the European unit of account (EUA) to legal acts adopted in the customs sphere (5);

Whereas, where educational, scientific or cultural materials admitted duty-free are loaned, hired out or transferred between establishments or organizations situated in different Member States, provision should be made for supervision of the destination and use of the materials in question by means of a Control Copy T No 5 in accordance with the rules laid down in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 223/77 of 22 December 1976 on provisions for the implementation of the Community transit procedure and for certain simplifications of that procedure (6);

Whereas, furthermore, it appears necessary, on the basis of experience acquired, to make certain amendments to the procedure established by Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75, particularly as regards the time limits laid down in Article 4 thereof;

Whereas it seems expedient, in view of the numerous amendments to be made to the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 and in the interests of clarity, to consolidate within a single text all the provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75, and consequently to repeal Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

TITLE I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

A. Obligations on the part of the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned

Article 1

- The duty-free admission of educational, scientific or cultural materials referred to in Article 2(1) Article 3(1) and (2) and Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75, hereinafter referred to as 'goods', shall entail the following obligations on the part of the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned:
- to dispatch the goods in question directly to the declared place of destination,
- to account for them in its inventory,
- to use them exclusively for the purposes specified in Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75,

⁽¹) OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1. (²) OJ No L 134, 31. 5. 1979, p. 1.

^(*) OJ No L 316, 6. 12. 1975, p. 17. (*) OJ No L 149, 9. 6. 1976, p. 7. (*) OJ No L 333, 30. 11. 1978, p. 5. (*) OJ No L 38, 9. 2. 1977, p. 20.

- to facilitate any verification which the competent authorities consider necessary in order to ensure that the conditions for granting duty-free admission are satisfied, or remain satisfied.
- 2. The head of the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned, or his authorized representative, shall furnish the competent authorities with a statement declaring that he is aware of the various obligations listed in paragraph 1 and including an undertaking to comply with them.

The competent authorities may require that the statement referred to in the preceding subparagraph be produced for each import, or for several imports, or for all the imports to be carried out by the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned.

B. Provisions to be applied where the goods are lent, hired out or transferred

Article 2

- 1. Where the provisions of the first subparagraph of Article 6 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 are applied, the establishment or organization to which goods are lent, hired out or transferred shall, from the date or receipt of the goods, comply with the same obligations as those set out in Article 1.
- 2. Where the establishment or organization to which goods are lent, hired out or transferred is situated in a Member State other than that in which the establishment that lent, hired out or transferred the goods is situated, upon the dispatch of such goods to that Member State the competent customs office of the Member State of dispatch shall issue a Control Copy T No 5 in accordance with the rules laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 223/77 in order to ensure that such goods are put to a use entitling them to continue to qualify for duty-free admission.

For this purpose, the said Control Copy shall include, in box 104 under the heading 'other', one of the following entries:

- Goods admitted duty-free (UNESCO).
 Implementation of Article 6 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75,
- Toldfrit indførte varer (UNESCO).
 Anvendelse af artikel 6, stk. 2, i forordning (EØF) nr. 1798/75,
- Zollfreie Ware (UNESCO).
 Anwendung von Artikel 6 Absatz 2 der Verordnung (EWG) Nr 1798/75,
- Object en franchise des droits de douane (UNESCO).

- Application de l'article 6, paragraphe 2, du règlement (CEE) nº 1798/75,
- Oggetto in franchigia dai dazi doganali (UNESCO).
 Applicazione dell'articolo 6, paragrafo 2, del regolamento (CEE) n. 1798/75,
- Voorwerp met vrijstelling van douanerechten (UNESCO).
 Toepassing van artikel 6, lid 2, van Verordening (EEG) nr. 1798/75.
- 3. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to the loan, hire or transfer of spare parts, components or specific accessories for scientific instruments or apparatus, and to tolls for the maintenance, control, calibration or repair of scientific instruments or apparatus, which have been admitted duty-free under Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75.

C. Non-fulfilment of the conditions governing the granting of duty-free admission

Article 3

- 1. An establishment or organization which ceases to fulfil the conditions giving entitlement to duty-free admission, or which is proposing to use goods acquired duty-free for purposes other than those provided for by Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75, shall so inform the competent authorities.
- 2. Where goods are used for purposes other than those provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75, they shall be liable to the relevant customs duty at the rate applying on the date on which they are to be put to another use according to their type and value as ascertained or accepted on that date by the customs authorities.

TITLE II

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE DUTY-FREE ADMISSION OF EDUCATIONAL SCIEN-TIFIC OR CULTURAL MATERIALS IN ACCOR-DANCE WITH ARTICLE 2(1) OF REGULATION (EEC) No 1798/75

Article 4

In order to obtain duty-free admission of goods in accordance with Article 2 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75, the head of the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned, or his authorized representative, must submit an application to the competent authority of the Member State in which the establishment or organization is situated.

Such application must be accompanied by all information which the competent authority considers necessary for the purpose of determining whether the conditions laid down for granting duty-free admission are fulfilled.

TITLE III

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE DUTY-FREE IMPORTATION OF SCIENTIFIC INSTRU-MENTS OR APPARATUS UNDER ARTICLE 3 OF REGULATION (EEC) No 1798/75

Article 5

1. For the purposes of the first indent of Article 3 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75, the 'objective technical characteristics' of a scientific instrument or apparatus shall be understood to mean those characteristics resulting from the construction of that instrument or apparatus or from adjustments to a standard instrument or apparatus which make it possible to obtain high-level performances above those normally required for industrial or commercial use.

Where it is not possible to establish clearly on the basis of its objective technical characteristics whether an instrument or apparatus is to be regarded as a scientific instrument or apparatus, reference shall be made to the general uses in the Community of instruments or apparatus of the type for which duty-free admission is requested. If this examination shows that the instrument or apparatus in question is used mainly for scientific purposes, it shall be deemed to be of a scientific nature.

2. In making the comparison provided for in the third indent of Article 3 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75, only such technical characteristics as have a decisive influence on the outcome of the specific work planned may be regarded as 'essential'.

The following, in particular, shall not be taken into account in making this comparison:

- the technical conception of an instrument or apparatus.
- the fact that an instrument or apparatus is able to achieve performances superior to those which are necessary for a proper execution of the specific work to be carried out,
- the external appearance of an instrument or apparatus,
- its commercial value,
- the servicing intervals,
- any after-sales service that may be provided.

Article 6

1. In order to obtain duty-free admission of a scientific instrument or apparatus under the provisions of

Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 the head of the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned, or his authorized representative, must submit an application to the competent authority of the Member State in which the establishment or organization is situated.

- 2. The application referred to in paragraph 1 must contain the following information relating to the instrument or apparatus in question:
- (a) the precise trade description of the instrument or apparatus used by the manufacturer, its presumed Common Customs Tariff classification and the objective technical characteristics on the basis of which the instrument or apparatus is considered to be scientific;
- (b) the name or business name and address of the manufacturer and, where appropriate, of the supplier;
- (c) the country of origin of the instrument or apparatus;
- (d) the place where the instrument or apparatus is to be used;
- (e) the use for which the instrument or apparatus is intended;
- (f) a detailed description of the project for which the instrument or apparatus is to be used;
- (g) the price of the instrument or apparatus, or, if known, its value for customs purposes;
- (h) the estimated delivery period;
- (i) the date when the instrument or apparatus was ordered if it has already been ordered;
- (j) the name or business name and address of the Community firm or firms which have been approached with a view to the supply of a instrument or apparatus of a scientific value equivalent to that for which duty-free admission is requested, the outcome of these approaches and, where appropriate, detailed reasons why an instrument or apparatus which is available in the Community would not be suitable for the particular scientific work to be undertaken.

Documentary evidence providing all relevant information on the characteristics and technical specifications of the instrument or apparatus must be furnished with the application.

Article 7

1. The competent authority of the Member State in which is situated the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned shall take a direct decision on applications under Article 6 in all cases where

the information at its disposal, if necessary after consultation with the trade circles concerned, enables it to assess whether or not the instrument or apparatus is scientific and whether or not there exist instruments or apparatus of equivalent scientific value which are currently manufactured in the Community.

2. Where the competent authority of the Member State in which is situated the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned is unable to take a decision as provided in paragraph 1, the application, together with the relevant technical documents, shall be forwarded to the Commission in order to enable the latter to commence the procedure prescribed in paragraphs 3 to 7.

Pending the completion of that procedure, the competent authority may authorize the provisional duty-free importation of the instrument or apparatus concerned, subject to an undertaking by the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned to pay the relevant customs duties should duty-free admission not be granted.

The competent authority may make such provisional duty-free importation conditional on the provision of security on terms to be laid down by it.

- 3. Within two weeks of the date of receipt of the application, the Commission shall dispatch a copy to each of the other Member States together with the relevant documentation.
- 4. If, on the expiry of a period of three months from the date of such dispatch, no Member State has sent the Commission objections concerning the duty-free admission of the instrument or apparatus under consideration, the said instrument or apparatus shall be deemed to fulfil the conditions required for duty-free admission. The Commission shall notify the Member States of this circumstance within two weeks following the expiry of the aforesaid period.
- 5. If, within the period of three months laid down in paragraph 4, a Member State has sent the Commission objections regarding the duty-free importation of the instrument or apparatus under consideration, the Commission shall as soon as possible notify a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States, who shall meet within the framework of the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements in order to examine the matter.

The objections referred to in the preceding subparagraph must include a statement of the grounds therefor. Such grounds must indicate either why the instrument or apparatus concerned should not be regarded as being scientific, or should indicate the exact type of the instruments or apparatus manufactured in the Community which are regarded as having a scientific value equal to that for which duty-free

admission is requested, together with the name or business name and address of the Community firm or firms who can supply them. In the latter case, the technical literature relating to the instruments or apparatus under consideration manufactured in the Community should be forwarded to the Commission as soon as possible.

The Commission shall transmit this information to the Member States as soon as it is received.

6. Where the examination undertaken in accordance with paragraph 5 shows that the instrument or apparatus for which duty-free admission has been requested must be regarded as being scientific and that instruments or apparatus of equivalent scientific value are currently not manufactured in the Community, the Commission shall adopt a decision declaring that the said instrument or apparatus fulfils the conditions required for duty-free admission.

Where this examination shows that the instrument or apparatus for which duty-free admission has been requested is not to be regarded as scientific, or that there is an instrument, or apparatus of equivalent scientific value currently manufactured in the Community, the Commission shall adopt a decision declaring that the said instrument or apparatus does not fulfil the conditions required for duty-free admission.

Commission decisions shall be notified to all Member States within two weeks.

7. If, on the expiry of a period of six months from the date on which the application was received by the Commission, the latter has not adopted any decision under paragraph 6, the instrument or apparatus in question shall be deemed to fulfil the conditions required for duty-free admission.

Article 8

Authorizations for duty-free admission shall be valid for a period of six months.

The competent authorities may, however, set a longer period in the light of the particular circumstances of each case.

TITLE IV

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE DUTY-FREE ADMISSION OF SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS OR APPARATUS UNDER ARTICLE 5 OF REGULA-TION (EEC) No 1798/75

Article 9

1. In order to obtain duty-free admission of scientific instruments or apparatus under the provisions of Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75, the head of the establishment or organization to which the

goods are consigned or his authorized representative, must submit an application to the competent authority of the Member State in which the establishment or organization is situated.

2. Such application must contain the information specified in Article 6 (2) (a) to (e) and must be accompanied by a document or documents giving all relevant information on the characteristics and technical specifications of the instrument or apparatus concerned.

It must also include:

- (a) the name or business name and address of the donor;
- (b) a declaration by the applicant that the instruments or apparatus for which duty-free admission is requested are in fact being offered to the establishment or organization concerned without a reciprocal commercial concession of any kind, in particular without any publicity being involved.

Article 10

1. The competent authority of the Member State in which is situated the establishment or organization to which such goods are consigned shall take a direct decision on applications under Article 9.

The competent authority shall authorize duty-free admission of the instruments or apparatus under consideration only if it has been established to its entire satisfaction that the donor attaches no commercial considerations whatsoever to the gift to the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned.

2. Where the competent authority of the Member State in which is situated the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned is unable to decide on the basis of information at its disposal whether or not the instrument or apparatus for which duty-free admission has been requested should be regarded as scientific, the procedure laid down in Article 7 (2) to (7) shall apply.

Article 11

The provisions of Article 9 and 10 shall apply mutatis mutandis, to tools for the maintenance, control, calibration and repair of scientific instruments or apparatus which have been admitted duty-free under Article 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75.

TITLE V

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE DUTY-FREE ADMISSION OF SPARE PARTS, COMPO- NENTS OR SPECIFIC ACCESSORIES OR TOOLS UNDER ARTICLE 3 (2) (a) AND (b) OF REGULA-TION (EEC) No 1798/75

Article 12

For the purpose of Article 3 (2) (a) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 'specific accessories' means those articles specially designed for use with a specific scientific instrument or apparatus for the purpose of improving its performance and scope.

Article 13

In order to obtain duty-free admission under Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 either of spare parts, components or specific accessories, or of tools, the head of the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned, or his authorized representative, must submit an application to the competent authority of the Member State in which the establishment or organization is situated.

This application must be accompanied by all data deemed necessary by the competent authority for the purpose of determining whether the conditions laid down in Article 3 (2) (a) or (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 are fulfilled.

Article 14

- 1. Subject provided in paragraph 2 hereof, the competent authority of the Member State in which is situated the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned shall take a direct decision in respect of the application mentioned in Article 13.
- 2. The procedure set out in Article 7 (2) to (7) shall apply, mutatis mutandis, in cases where the competent authority of the Member State in which is situated the establishment or organization to which the goods are consigned is unable to determine whether or not:
- the instrument or apparatus for which are intended the spare parts, components, specific accessories or tools forming the subject of an application as referred to in Article 13 would qualify for duty-free admission if it were itself currently imported into the Community,
- tools equivalent to those for which duty-free admission is requested are currently manufactured within the Community.

Article 15

The provisions of Article 8 shall apply to authorizations for duty-free admission issued under Article 3 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75.

TITLE VI

COMMUNICATION OF INFORMATION TO THE COMMISSION AND THE MEMBER STATES

Article 16

1. Each Member State shall send the Commission a list of the instruments, apparatus, spare parts, components, accessories and tools of which the price or the value for customs purposes exceeds 3 000 European units of account and for which it has authorized duty-free admission under Article 7 (1) or 14 (1).

The list shall give the trade description of the goods referred to in the preceding paragraph and the Common Customs Tariff heading or subheading indicated in the application. It shall also include the name of the manufacturer or manufacturers, the country or countries of origin and the price or customs value of the goods concerned.

- 2. Lists as referred to in paragraph 1 shall be sent during the the first and third quarters of each year and shall contain particulars of those goods whose duty-free admission has been authorized during the preceding six months.
- 3. The Commission shall forward these lists to the other Member States.
- 4. The equivalent in national currency of the 3 000 European units of account referred to in paragraph 1 shall be calculated in accordance with the rules laid down in the first subparagraph of Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2779/78.
- 5. Member States shall be entitled to round off the sum arrived at by converting 3 000 European units of account into national currency.
- 6. Member States shall be entitled to maintain unchanged the equivalent in national currency of 3 000 European units of account if, at the time of the annual adjustment provided for in the first subparagraph of Article 2 (2) of the abovementioned Regula-

tion (EEC) No 2779/78, the conversion of this amount results, before the rounding off provided for in paragraph 5, in a change in the equivalent in national currency of less than 5 %.

Article 17

- 1. Each Member State shall also send the Commission a list of the instruments, apparatus, spare parts, components, accessories and tools for which it has authorized duty-free admission under Articles 10 and 11. The list shall contain the name or business name and address of the manufacturer and the trade descripions of the goods in question, together with their Common Customs Tariff heading or subheading as given in the application for duty-free admission.
- 2. Lists as referred to in paragraph 1 shall be sent during the first and third quarters of each year and shall contain particulars of those goods whose duty-free admission has been authorized during the preceding six months.
- 3. The Commission shall forward these lists to the other Member States.

Article 18

The lists referred to in Articles 16 and 17 shall be examined periodically by the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements.

TITLE VII

FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 19

Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 is hereby repealed.

Article 20

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1980.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1979.

For the Commission
Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2785/79

of 12 December 1979

altering the monetary compensatory amounts applicable in the wine sector

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 of 12 May 1971 on certain measures of conjunctural policy to be taken in agriculture following the temporary widening of the margins of fluctuation for the currencies of certain Member States (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 987/79 (2), and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas the monetary compensatory amounts introduced by Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2140/79 (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2663/79 (4);

Whereas from 16 December 1979 the new activating prices and the new representative rates fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 878/77 (5), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2717/79 (6), and referred to in Article 2a are applicable in the wine sector; whereas this should be taken into account in fixing the compensatory amounts;

Whereas the Management Committee for Wine has not delivered an opinion within the time limit set by its chairman.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

- Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2140/79 is replaced by Part 6 of Annex I to this Regulation.
- Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2140/79 is replaced by Annex II to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 December 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1979.

OJ No L 106, 12. 5. 1971, p. 1

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 123, 19. 5. 1979, p. 9. (3) OJ No L 247, 1. 10. 1979, p. 1.

^(*) OJ No L 307, 3. 12. 1979, p. 1. (*) OJ No L 106, 29. 4. 1977, p. 27. (*) OJ No L 309, 5. 12. 1979, p. 1.

ANNEX I

PART 6

Monetary compensatory amounts

CCT			Amount	Amounts to be charged on imports and granted on exports	imports		Amounts to be granted on imports and charged on exports	anted on imports on exports	
heading No	Description		Germany DM	Belgium/ Luxembourg Bfrs/Lfrs	Netherlands Fl	United Kingdom £	Ireland	Italy . Lit	France
ex 22.05 B	Wine put up in containers of more than three litres	l4/lov %	1.					76	
ex 22.05 C I	(a)								
	(1) Type R III (²)	ld	10-05					1 535	
	(2) Types A II and A III (2)	Ч	14-06					2 151	
	(3) Other	% vol/hl	l					76	
	(b) Red, rosé and white wine from third countries:								
	(1) Presented in the document V.I or V.A under the name Portugieser	РЧ	10-05					1 535	
	(2) Presented in the document V.I or V.A under the name Riesling or Sylvaner	Ч	14-06					2 151	
	(3) Other	% vol/hl	I				1	46	
ex 22.05 C II	ex 22.05 C II (a) Table wine (1)	% vol/hl	ı					26	
	(b) Ked, rose and white wine from third countries	% vol/hl						62	

(') As defined under No 11 of Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 337/79.

ANNEX II

Coefficients provided for in Article 4 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1380/75

			Membe	er States		
Products	Germany	Benelux	Ireland	Italy	United Kingdom	France
Wine	0.902			1.040	_	_

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2786/79

of 12 December 1979

altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1547/79 (2), and in particular Article 14 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1552/79 (4), and in particular Article 12 (4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 129 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy (5), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2543/73 (6), and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice were fixed by Regulation (EEC) No 2628/79 (7), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2771/79(8);

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

— in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within

- a band of 2.25 %, a rate of exchange based on their effective parity;
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded for the period 5 December to 11 December 1979;

Whereas the levy on the basic product as last fixed differs from the average levy by more than 3.02 ECU per tonne of basic product; whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1579/74 (9), the levies at present in force must therefore be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The import levies to be charged on products processed from cereals and rice covered by Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 (10), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2245/78 (11), as fixed in the Annex to amended Regulation (EEC) No 2628/79, are hereby altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 December 1979.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1979.

OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1. (2) OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 1. (*) OJ No L 166, 25. 7. 1977, p. 1. (*) OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1. (*) OJ No L 188, 26. 7. 1979, p. 9. (*) OJ No 106, 30. 10. 1962, p. 2553/62. (*) OJ No L 263, 19. 9. 1973, p. 1. (*) OJ No L 303, 29. 11. 1979, p. 15.

OJ No L 315, 11. 12. 1979, p. 13.

^(°) OJ No L 168, 25. 6. 1974, p. 7. (1°) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65. (11) OJ No L 273, 29. 9. 1978, p. 1.

ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 December 1979 altering the import levies on products processed from cereals and rice

	Levies in ECU/tonne		
CCT heading No	Third countries (other than ACP or OCT)	ACP or OCT	
01 D (²)	1.4.4.55	138-51	
.02 A IV (2)	1.4.4.55	138.51	
.02 B I a) 2 aa)	81:51	78-49	
.02 B I a) 2 bb) (²)	141.53	138.51	
.02 B I b) 2 (2)	141.53	138.51	
.02 C IV (2)	126.14	123-12	
.02 D IV (2)	81.51	78-49	
1.02 E I a) 2 (²)	81.51	78-49	
1.02 E I b) 2 (²)	159.94	153.90	
1.02 F IV (2)	1:44.55	138.51	

^(*) For the purpose of distinguishing between products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 and those falling within subheading 23.02 A, products falling within heading Nos 11.01 and 11.02 shall be those meeting the following specifications:

Germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground, talls in all cases within heading No 11.02.

[—] a starch content (determined by the modified Ewers polametric method), referred to dry matter, exceeding 45 % by weight,

[—] an ash content, by weight, referred to dry matter (after deduction of any added minerals), not exceeding 1.6% for rice, 2.5% for wheat, 3% for barley, 4% for buckwheat, 5% for oats and 2% for other cereals.

II

(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 22 November 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to natural honey, falling within heading No 04.06 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Mexico and Argentina and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/1036/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 15 November 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to natural honey, falling within heading No 04.06 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Mexico and Argentina and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas in France the import of the products in question originating in Mexico and Argentina is subject to an annual quota which is almost wholly taken up;

Whereas the disparities which exist in the commercial policy measures applied in connection with these products by the Member States are causing deflection of trade, thereby preventing the execution of those commercial policy measures which are in force because of the difficult economic situation in the sector concerned;

Whereas according to information supplied by the French Government, the honey production sector is

characteristic of certain economically less favoured mountain regions;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 (1), and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Mexico and Argentina

(1) OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 12 November 1979:

CCT heading No	Description	
04.06	Natural honey	

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in France for the importation of these products

from Mexico and Argentina or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Done at Brussels, 22 November 1979.

For the Commission
Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

of 23 November 1979

excluding from admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties the scientific apparatus described as 'JASCO Automatic Recording Spectro-polarimeter, model J-41 A'

(79/1037/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific and cultural materials (1),

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 of 2 December 1975 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 (2), and in particular Articles 4 and 5 thereof,

Whereas, by letter dated 14 May 1979, the German Government requested the Commission to invoke the procedure laid down in Articles 4 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 in order to determine whether or not the apparatus described as 'JASCO Automatic Recording Spectro-polarimeter, model J-41 A', used for teaching and research in connection with problems of bio-catalysis and its origin and the intensification of chiarality, should be considered to be a scientific apparatus and, where the reply is in the affirmative, whether apparatus of equivalent scientific value is currently being manufactured in the Community;

Whereas, in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75, a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States met on 29 October 1979 within the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements to examine this particular case;

Whereas this examination showed that the apparatus in question is a spectral polarimeter;

Whereas in view of its objective technical characteristics such as the great precision of the measurements

and the use to which it is put, this apparatus is specially suited to pure scientific research; whereas it must therefore be considered to be a scientific apparatus;

Whereas, however, on the basis of information received from Member States, apparatus of scientific value equivalent to the said apparatus, capable of being used for the same purposes, are currently being manufactured in the Community; whereas this applies, in particular, to the apparatus 'MARK III-S' manufactured by Instruments S.A., division Jobin-Yvon, 16-18, rue du Canal, 91160 Longjumeau/France,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

- 1. The apparatus described as 'JASCO Automatic Recording Spectro-polarimeter, model J-41 A' is considered to be a scientific apparatus.
- 2. The conditions referred to in Article 3 (1) (b) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 for admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of the scientific apparatus described in paragraph 1 are not fulfilled.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1979.

For the Commission
Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1. (2) OJ No L 316, 6. 12. 1975, p. 17.

of 23 November 1979

excluding from admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties the scientific apparatus described as 'KEITHLEY Precision Nanovolt DC Amplifier, model 140'

(79/1038/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific and cultural materials (1),

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 of 2 December 1975 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 (2), and in particular Articles 4 and 5 thereof,

Whereas, by letter dated 14 May 1979, the German Government requested the Commission to invoke the procedure laid down in Articles 4 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 in order to determine whether or not the apparatus described as 'KEITHLEY Precision Nanovolt DC Amplifier, model 140' for use in the field of research into thermal stresses at low temperatures, and in particular to determine dislocations in metals, should be considered to be a scientific apparatus and, where the reply is in the affirmative, whether apparatus of equivalent scientific value is currently being manufactured in the Community;

Whereas, in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75, a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States met on 11 October 1979 within the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements to examine this particular case:

Whereas this examination showed that the apparatus in question is a linear amplifier;

Whereas in view of its objective technical characteristics such as its great precision and the smallest zero drift in the nanovolt measurement field and the use to which it is put, this apparatus is specially suited to pure scientific research; whereas it must therefore be considered to be a scientific apparatus;

Whereas, however, on the basis of information received from Member States, apparatus of scientific value equivalent to the said apparatus, capable of being used for the same purposes, are currently being manufactured in the Community; whereas this applies, in particular, to the apparatus "TE 925" manufactured by Tekelec Airtronic, 6, rue L. Pasteur, 92100 Boulogne/France,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

- 1. The apparatus described as 'KEITHLEY Precision Nanovolt DC Amplifier, model 140' is considered to be a scientific apparatus.
- 2. The conditions referred to in Article 3 (1) (b) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 for admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of the scientific apparatus described in paragraph 1 are not fulfilled.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹) OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1. (²) OJ No L 316, 6. 12. 1975, p. 17.

of 23 November 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to men's and boys' woven breeches, shorts and trousers (including slacks); women's, girls' and infants' woven trousers and slacks of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheadings ex 61.01 B and ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.01-62, 64, 66, 72, 74, 76; 61.02-66, 68, 72) (category 6), originating in Albania and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/1039/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 15 November 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to men's and boys' woven breeches, shorts and trousers (including slacks); women's, girls' and infants' woven trousers and slacks of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, falling within subheading ex 61.01 B and ex 61.02 B of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 61.01-62, 64, 66, 72, 74, 76; 61.02-66, 68, 72) (category 6), originating in Albania and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas in France the importation of the products in question originating in Albania is, in accordance with Council Decision 79/252/EEC of 21 December 1978 (1), subject to an annual quota, which has already been wholly taken up;

Whereas the disparities which exist in the commercial policy measures applied in connection with these products by the Member States are causing deflection of trade, thereby preventing the execution of those commercial policy measures which are in force because of the difficult economic situation in the sector concerned:

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made, would be likely to aggravate these diffi-

culties and to call into question the objectives sought by the commercial measures concerned;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 (2), and in particular Article 1 thereof,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Albania and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 5 November 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
ex 61.01 B and ex 61.02 B (NIMEXE codes 61.01-62, 64, 66, 72, 74, 76; 61.02-66, 68, 72) (category 6)	Men's and boys' woven breeches, shorts and trousers (including slacks); women's, girls' and infants woven trousers and slacks of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in France for the importation of these products

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 60, 12. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

from Albania or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1979.

For the Commission

Étienne DAVIGNON

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Member of the Commission

of 23 November 1979

authorizing the United Kingdom not to apply Community treatment to woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair, falling within heading No 53.11 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 53.11-01, 03, 07, 11, 13, 17, 20, 30, 40, 52, 54, 58, 72, 74, 75, 82, 84, 88, 91, 93, 97) (category 50), originating in Czechoslovakia and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the English text is authentic)

(79/1040/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 12 November 1979 by the United Kingdom Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair, falling within heading No 53.11 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 53.11-01, 03, 07, 11, 13, 17, 20, 30, 40, 52, 54, 58, 72, 74, 75, 82, 84, 88, 91, 93, 97) (category 50), originating in Czechoslovakia and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas in the United Kingdom the importation of the products in question originating in Czechoslovakia is, in accordance with Council Decision 79/252/EEC of 21 December 1978 (1), subject to an annual quota, which has already been wholly taken up;

Whereas the disparities which exist in the commercial policy measures applied in connection with these products by the Member States are causing deflection of trade, thereby preventing the execution of those commercial policy measures which are in force because of the difficult economic situation in the sector concerned;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties and to call into question the objectives sought by the commercial measures concerned;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 (2), and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization in view of the small amount involved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The United Kingdom is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Czechoslovakia and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 8 November 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
53.11 (NIMEXE codes 53.11-01, 03, 07, 11, 13, 17, 20, 30, 40, 52, 54, 58, 72, 74, 75, 82, 84, 88, 91, 93, 97) (cate- gory 50)	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in the United Kingdom for the importation of

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 60, 12. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

these products from Czechoslovakia or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1979.

For the Commission

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

Vice-President

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the United Kingdom.

of 23 November 1979

excluding from admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties the scientific apparatus described as 'PACKARD Prias, Sample Preparation Unit, model PS 105, with Prias, Automatic Gamma Counter, model PGD 105'

(79/1041/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 on the importation free of Common Customs Tariff duties of educational, scientific and cultural materials (1),

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 of 2 December 1975 laying down provisions for the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 (2), and in particular Articles 4 and 5 thereof,

Whereas, by letter dated 14 May 1979, the German Government requested the Commission to invoke the procedure laid down in Articles 4 and 5 of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75 in order to determine whether or not the apparatus described as 'PACKARD Prias, Sample Preparation Unit, model PS 105, with Prias Automatic Gamma Counter, model PGD 105', used for sample preparation and immunoradiometric determination of serum ferritin, should be considered to be a scientific apparatus and, where the reply is in the affirmative, whether apparatus of equivalent scientific value is currently being manufactured in the Community;

Whereas, in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3195/75, a group of experts composed of representatives of all the Member States met on 15 November 1979 within the Committee on Duty-Free Arrangements to examine this particular case;

Whereas this examination showed that the apparatus in question is a system combining a sample preparation unit with an automatic gamma counter;

Whereas in view of its objective technical characteristics such as the precision with which the activity of the samples can be measured and the use to which it is put, this apparatus is specially suited to pure scientific research; whereas it must therefore be considered to be a scientific apparatus;

Whereas, however, on the basis of information received from Member States, apparatus of scientific value equivalent to the said apparatus, capable of being used for the same purposes, are currently being manufactured in the Community; whereas this applies, in particular, to the system composed of the apparatus 'ANALYMAT' manufactured by Gilson France, 72, rue Gambetta, 95400 Villiers-le-Bel/France and the apparatus 'CG 4000' manufactured by Intertechnique, 78370 Plaisir/France,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

- 1. The apparatus described as 'PACKARD Prias, Sample Preparation Unit, model PS 105, with Prias, Automatic Gamma Counter, model PGD 105' is considered to be a scientific apparatus.
- 2. The conditions referred to in Article 3 (1) (b) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1798/75 of 10 July 1975 for admission free of Common Customs Tariff duties of the scientific apparatus described in paragraph 1 are not fulfilled.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1979.

For the Commission
Étienne DAVIGNON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 184, 15. 7. 1975, p. 1. (2) OJ No L 316, 6. 12. 1975, p. 17.

of 23 November 1979

authorizing the French Republic not to apply Community treatment to gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, impregnated or coated with artificial plastic materials, falling within heading No ex 60.02 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE code 60.02-40) (category 10), originating in Macao and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the French text is authentic)

(79/1042/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 15 November 1979 by the French Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, impregnated or coated with artificial plastic materials, falling within heading No ex 60.02 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE code 60.02-40) (category 10), originating in Macao and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in Macao is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement Macao has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to France up to the amount of certain ceilings;

Whereas the disparities which exist in the commercial policy measures applied in connection with these products by the Member States are causing deflection of trade, thereby preventing the execution of those commercial policy measures which are in force because of the difficult economic situation in the sector concerned;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned, involving a considerable drop in production and employment;

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 (1), and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The French Republic is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in Macao and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 12 November 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
ex 60.02	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted
(NIMEXE code	or crocheted, not elastic or rubber-
60.02-40)	ized, impregnated or coated with
(category 10)	artificial plastic materials

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in France for the importation of these products

(1) OJ No L 121, 3. 6. 1971, p. 26.

from Macao or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1979.

For the Commission

Article 3

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP

This Decision is addressed to the French Republic.

Vice-President

of 23 November 1979

authorizing the Kingdom of Denmark not to apply Community treatment to tents, falling within heading No ex 62.04 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 62.04-23, 73) (category 91), originating in South Korea and in free circulation in the other Member States

(Only the Danish text is authentic)

(79/1043/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular the first paragraph of Article 115 thereof,

Having regard to the application under the first paragraph of Article 115 of the Treaty, made on 15 November 1979 by the Danish Government to the Commission of the European Communities, for authorization not to apply Community treatment to tents, falling within heading No ex 62.04 of the Common Customs Tariff (NIMEXE codes 62.04-23, 73) (category 91), originating in South Korea and in free circulation in the other Member States,

Whereas the importation into the Community of the products in question originating in South Korea is covered by an Agreement negotiated between the Community and that country;

Whereas under that Agreement South Korea has undertaken to take all necessary steps to limit its exports of the products in question to the Community up to the amount of certain ceilings allocated among the Member States;

Whereas it was not possible on that occasion to allocate these ceilings on the basis of the needs of the individual markets; whereas there are therefore disparities existing between the import conditions in the various Member States; whereas uniformity can only be achieved progressively;

Whereas it appears from the application submitted that there are serious difficulties in the industrial sector concerned:

Whereas further indirect imports, in addition to those already made or proposed, would be likely to aggravate these difficulties and to jeopardize the efficiency of the commercial measures concerned;

Whereas it is not possible to set in motion rapidly the machinery for bringing about the necessary cooperation from the other Member States;

Whereas authorization should accordingly be given for the application of protective measures under the first paragraph of Article 115, subject to the conditions laid down in Commission Decision 71/202/EEC of 12 May 1971 (1), and in particular Article 1 thereof;

Whereas, however, the application for a licence which gave rise to the application in question does not need to be covered by such an authorization,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The Kingdom of Denmark is authorized not to apply Community treatment to the products indicated below, where they originate in South Korea and are in free circulation in the other Member States, and in respect of which applications for import licences were lodged after 12 November 1979:

CCT heading No	Description
ex 62.04 (NIMEXE codes 62.04-23, 73) (category 91)	Tents

Article 2

This Decision shall apply until new opportunities arise in Denmark for the importation of these products from South Korea or until 31 December 1979, whichever is the earlier.

Article 3

This Decision is addressed to the Kingdom of Denmark.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1979.

For the Commission
Wilhelm HAFERKAMP
Vice-President

of 23 November 1979

on the granting by the Guidance Section of the EAGGF to the Federal Republic of Germany of a payment on account in respect of expenditure incurred during 1978 on aids for the less-favoured farming areas

(Only the German text is authentic)

(79/1044/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community.

Having regard to Council Directive 75/268/EEC of 28 April 1975 on mountain and hill farming and farming in certain less-favoured 'areas (1), as last amended by Directive 76/400/EEC (2), and in particular Article 13 thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 72/159/EEC of 17 April 1972 on the modernization of farms (3), as last amended by Directive 76/837/EEC (4), and in particular Article 21 (3) thereof,

Whereas the measures taken by the Federal Republic of Germany to implement Directive 75/268/EEC were the subject of a favourable Commission Decision pursuant to Article 13 thereof and to Article 18 of Directive 72/159/EEC;

Whereas Commission Decision 76/627/EEC of 25 June 1976 concerning applications for reimbursement in respect of aid granted by Member States pursuant to Directive 75/268/EEC (5) lays down in Article 5 (1) that the Commission, acting on the basis of particulars contained in the application for reimbursement, shall make a payment on account of 75 % of the amount requested;

Whereas the application for reimbursement lodged by the Federal Republic of Germany in respect of aids granted during 1978 for the less-favoured farming areas is complete and has been submitted in due form; whereas the total amount of expenditure for the year 1978 comes to DM 109 912 453-68 broken down as follows:

under Title II: DM 108 687 359-68 under Title IV: DM 1 225 094.00;

Whereas the total amount of reimbursement requested comes to DM 27 478 113.42;

Whereas the making of a payment on account for the period in question shall not prejudice the final decision on the contribution from the Fund for the said period; whereas the Guidance Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund should therefore make a payment on account of 75 % of the sum of DM 27 478 113.42 i.e. DM 20 608 585.07;

Whereas Decision 76/627/EEC lays down in Article 2 that application for reimbursement concerning Title III of Directive 75/268/EEC shall be submitted along with applications for reimbursement of expenditure on Directive 72/159/EEC;

Whereas the EAGGF Committee has been consulted on the financial aspects and in particular as to the funds available,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The payment on account by the Guidance Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund towards the expenditure incurred by the Federal Republic of Germany during 1978 on aids for the lessfavoured farming areas shall be DM 20 608 585.07.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Federal Republic of Germany.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1979.

⁽¹) OJ No L 128, 19. 5. 1975, p. 1. (²) OJ No L 108, 26. 4. 1976, p. 21. (²) OJ No L 96, 23. 4. 1972, p. 1. (*) OJ No L 302, 4. 11. 1976, p. 19.

^{(&}lt;sup>5</sup>) OJ No L 222, 14. 8. 1976, p. 37.

of 23 November 1979

on the reimbursement by the Guidance Section of the EAGGF to the Kingdom of Denmark of premiums paid during 1978 for the conversion of dairy herds to meat production

(Only the Danish text is authentic)

(79/1045/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 729/70 of 21 April 1970 on the financing of the common agricultural policy (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2788/72(2), and in particular Article 7 (1) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1353/73 of 15 May 1973 introducing a premium system for the conversion of dairy cow herds to meat production and a development premium for the specialized raising of cattle for meat production (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 266/75 (4), and in particular Articles 16 (2) and 17 (2) thereof,

Whereas the Kingdom of Denmark has made an application for reimbursement in respect of expenditure incurred in respect of premiums granted during 1978;

Whereas this application is in accordance with the provisions of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2641/74 of 15 October 1974 concerning applications for the refund by the Guidance Section of the EAGGF of premiums for the conversion of dairy herds to meat production and of development premiums for the specialized raising of cattle for meat production (5);

Whereas an examination of the information provided shows that eligible premiums amounting to Dkr 1 751 815 02 were paid under the conditions laid

down in Articles 1 to 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1353/73 and its detailed rules of application; whereas the Guidance Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund should therefore reimburse 50 % thereof, i.e. Dkr 875 907.51;

Whereas the EAGGF Committee has been consulted on the financial aspects and in particular as to the funds available,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The contribution by the Guidance Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund towards the expenditure incurred by the Kingdom of Denmark during 1978 on premiums for the conversion of dairy herds to meat production and of development premiums for the specialized raising of cattle for meat production shall be Dkr 875 907.51.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Kingdom of Denmark.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1979.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 13.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 295, 30. 12. 1972, p. 1. (2) OJ No L 295, 30. 12. 1972, p. 1. (3) OJ No L 141, 28. 5. 1973, p. 18. (4) OJ No L 30, 4. 2. 1975, p. 1. (5) OJ No L 283, 19. 10. 1974, p. 5.

of 23 November 1979

on the reimbursement by the Guidance Section of the EAGGF to the Italian Republic of aids granted to producers' organizations in the fishing industry during 1977

(Only the Italian text is authentic)

(79/1046/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 100/76 of 19 January 1976 on the common organization of the market in fishery products (1), and in particular Article 24 thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 106/76 of 19 January 1976 on granting and reimbursing aids granted by Member States to producers' organizations in the fishing industry (2), and in particular Article 8 (2) thereof,

Whereas the Italian Republic has made an application for reimbursement in connection with all its expenditure incurred in respect of aid granted during 1977 under Article 6 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 100/76;

Whereas this application is in accordance with the provisions of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1273/72 of 20 June 1972 on claims for reimbursement of aids granted by Member States to producers' organizations in the fishing industry (3), and with the provisions of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 457/72 of 2 March 1972 defining the concept of administrative expenses of producers' organizations in the fishing industry (4);

Whereas an examination of the information provided shows that aids amounting to Lit 38 913 880 were paid under the conditions laid down in Article 6 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 100/76;

Whereas the Guidance Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund should therefore reimburse 50 % thereof, i.e. Lit 19 456 990;

Whereas the EAGGF Committee has been consulted on the financial aspects and in particular as to the funds available,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The contribution by the Guidance Section of the European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund towards the expenditure incurred by the Italian Republic during 1977 in respect of aids granted to producers' organizations in the fishing industry shall be Lit 19 456 990.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Italian Republic.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1979.

OJ No L 20, 28. 1. 1976, p. 1. OJ No L 20, 28. 1. 1976, p. 42. OJ No L 141, 21. 6. 1972, p. 9.

OJ No L 54, 3. 3. 1972, p. 31.

EURONORMS

English, French, an asterisk (*).	, Italian ar	European Communities (ECSC) has published the following new EURONORMS in Ger nd Dutch. The EURONORMS which are available up to the present in English are indicate	man, ed by
Sales prices valid	d from 1 J	uly 1976.	Price
(*) EURONOR	M 21-78	General technical delivery requirements for steel and iron and steel products — second	in £
() Londiton	141 21 70	edition	1.80
(*) EURONOR	M 56-77	Hot-rolled equal angles (with radiused root and toes) — second edition	0.60
(*) EURONOR	M 57-78	Hot-rolled unequal angles (with radiused root and toes) — second edition	0.80
(*) EURONOR	M 58-78	Hot-rolled flats for general purposes — second edition	0.80
(*) EURONOR	M 59-78	Hot-rolled square bars for general purposes — second edition	0.80
(*) EURONOR	M 60-77	Hot-rolled round bars for general purposes — second edition	0.60
(*) EURONOR		Hot-rolled bulb flats — second edition	0.80
(*) EURONOR	M 75-78	Chemical analysis of ferrous materials — Determination of the molybdenum in steels and cast irons — Photometric method —	0.80
(*) EURONOR		Verification of Vickers hardness-testing machines	0.80
(*) EURONOR	M 125-77	Verification of Brinell hardness-testing machines	0.60
(*) EURONOR		Semi-processed steel strip for the construction of magnetic circuits	1.60
(*) EURONOR		Calibration of reference blocks for use with Vickers hardness-testing machines	0.80
(*) EURONOR		Calibration of reference blocks for use with Brinell hardness-testing machines	0.80
(*) EURONOR	M 134-78	Chemical analysis of ferrous materials — Determination of aluminium in non-alloy steels — Method by atomic absorption spectrophotometry —	0.80
(*) EURONOR	M 145-78	Tinplate and blackplate in sheet form — Qualities, dimensions and tolerances —	2.65
J		all the EURONORMS so far published:	
(*) Information circular No		Standard samples for the chemical analysis of iron and steel products, second edition (1974)	1.85
EURONOR	M 1-55	Fontes et ferro-alliages	1.35
EURONOR		Essai de traction pour l'acier	0.85
EURONOR		Essai de dureté Brinell pour l'acier	0.60
EURONOR		Essai de dureté Rockwell, échelles B et C pour l'acier	0.60
EURONOR		Essai de dureté Vickers pour l'acier	0.60
EURONOR	M 6-55	Essai de pliage pour l'acier	0.60
EURONOR	M 7-55	Essai de résilience Charpy pour l'acier	0.60
EURONOR	M 8-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives de la durée et de la résistance à la traction de l'acier	0.60
EURONOR	M 9-55	Valeurs de conversion approximatives des allongements après rupture de l'acier	0.60
EURONOR	M 11-55	Essai de traction sur tôles et feuillards en acier d'une épaisseur de 0,5 mm inclus à 3 mm exclus	0.75
EURONOR	M 12-55	Essai de pliage des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
EURONOR	M 13-55	Essai de pliage alterné des tôles et feuillards en acier d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm	0.60
EURONOR	M 14-67	Essai d'emboutissage à flans bloqués	0.60
EURONOR	.M 15-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Examen de la surface	0.60
EURONOR	M 16-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Nuances et qualités	0.75
EURONOR	.M 17-70	Fil machine en acier non allié d'usage général, destiné au tréfilage ou à l'étirage — Dimensions et tolérances	1.60
EURONOR	M 18-57	Prélèvements et préparation des échantillons et des éprouvettes	0.60
EURONOR	M 19-57	Poutrelles IPE — Poutrelles à ailes parallèles	0.60
(*) EURONOR	M 20-74	Definition and classification of grades of steel, second edition	1.20
EURONOR		Conditions générales techniques de livraison pour les produits en acier	0.60
EURONOR		Détermination ou vérification de la limite d'élasticité de l'acier à température élevée	0.75
EURONOR		Essai de trempabilité par trempe en bout de l'acier — Essai Jominy	1.35
EURONOR		Poutrelles normales et profilés en U normaux — Tolérances de laminage	0.60
EURONOR		Aciers de construction d'usage général	1.85
(*) EURONOR		Designation of steels, third edition	1.80
EURONOR	.M 28-69	Nuances et qualités	1.20
EURONOR	.M 29-69	Tôles en acier laminées à chaud d'épaisseur égale ou supérieure à 3 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0.85
EURONOR	М 30-69	Demi-produits pour forges en aciers de construction d'usage général — Nuances et qualités	1.00
EURONOR	.M 31-69	Demi-produits pour forges — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0.60

EURONORM	33-70	Tôles et larges bandes d'épaisseur inférieure à 3 mm, en acier doux non allié pour emboutissage ou pliage à froid — Tolérances sur les dimensions et sur la forme	0.75
EURONORM	34-62	Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles — Tolérances de laminage	0.60
EURONORM		Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0.60
EURONORM -	37-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gazométrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0.75
EURONORM	38-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du carbone de trempe et du graphite dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique et volumétrique après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0.60
EURONORM	40-62	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium total dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode gravimétrique	0.60
EURONORM	41-65	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du phosphore dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode alcalimétrique	0.60
EURONORM	42-66	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du soufre dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode après combustion dans un courant d'oxygène	0.60
EURONORM	43-72	Tôles et bandes en aciers alliés pour chaudières et appareils soumis à pression — Nuances et qualités	1.10
EURONORM	44-63	Poutrelles IPE laminées à chaud — Tolérances de laminage	0.60
EURONORM	45-63	Essai de choc sur éprouvette bi-appuyée à entaille en V	0.60
EURONORM	46-68	Feuillards à chaud en aciers doux non alliés — Norme de qualité, prescriptions générales	1.10
EURONORM	48-65	Feuillards laminés à chaud en aciers non alliés — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0.60
EURONORM	49-72	Mesure de la rugosité des produits minces en acier laminés à froid et non revêtus	0.60
EURONORM	50-72	Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'azote dans les aciers — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0.85
EURONORM		Bandes laminées à chaud de largeur égale ou supérieure à 600 mm — Tolérances sur les dimensions, la forme et le poids	0.60
EURONORM		Vocabulaire du traitement thermique	8.15
EURONORM		Poutrelles à larges ailes à faces parallèles	0.60
EURONORM		Petits fers U laminés à chaud	0.60
EURONORM	55-63	Fers T à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminés à chaud	0.60
EURONORM		Cornières à ailes égales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0.60
EURONORM	57-65	Cornières à ailes inégales et à coins arrondis laminées à chaud	0.60
EURONORM		Plats laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0.60
EURONORM		Carrés laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0.60
EURONORM	60-65	Ronds laminés à chaud pour usages généraux	0.60
EURONORM		Hexagones laminés à chaud	0.60
EURONORM		Barres rondes laminées à chaud pour vis et rivets	0.60
EURONORM	66-67	Demi-ronds et demi-ronds aplatis, laminés à chaud	0.60
EURONORM	67-69	Plats à boudins laminés à chaud	0.60
EURONORM		Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode photométrique	0.60
EURONORM		Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du manganèse dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode électrométrique	0.60
EURONORM		Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage de l'aluminium dans les aciers — Méthode gravimétrique	0.60
EURONORM		fontes — Méthode photométrique	0.60
EURONORM		Analyse chimique des matériaux sidérurgiques — Dosage du silicium dans les aciers et les fontes — Méthode spectrophotométrique	0.60
EURONORM		Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Normes de qualité	1.00
EURONORM		Fer-noir et fer-blanc en feuilles — Tolérances sur dimensions	0.60
EURONORM		Définitions et classification des produits sidérurgiques par formes et dimensions	0.85
EURONORM		Aciers pour armatures passives du béton — Prescriptions de qualité	1.10
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