

It is obligatory to keep the urn solely at the home of the recipient (fourth subparagraph) ...

In no circumstances may funeral urns be kept for profit and economic activities relating to, even non-exclusively, the keeping of funeral urns, for whatever purpose and for whatever period, shall therefore not be permitted. This prohibition shall apply even if the deceased expressly stated during his lifetime that such was his wish (tenth subparagraph).'

Request for a preliminary ruling from the Amtsgericht Düsseldorf (Germany) lodged on 16 June 2017 — Hüsken and Others v Lufthansa CityLine GmbH

(Case C-368/17)

(2017/C 309/34)

Language of the Case: German

Referring Court

Amtsgericht Düsseldorf

Parties to the main proceedings

Applicants: Hüsken and Others

Defendant: Lufthansa CityLine GmbH

The case was removed from the Register of the Court of Justice by order of the Court of 6 July 2017.

Request for a preliminary ruling from the Bundesfinanzhof (Germany) lodged on 21 June 2017 — Finanzamt B v A-Brauerei

(Case C-374/17)

(2017/C 309/35)

Language of the case: German

Referring court

Bundesfinanzhof

Parties to the main proceedings

Defendant and appellant on a point of law: Finanzamt B

Applicant and respondent in the appeal on a point of law: A-Brauerei

Question referred

Is Article 107(1) TFEU to be interpreted as meaning that there is aid prohibited under that provision in the case where legislation of a Member State provides that real property transfer tax is not charged on a taxable acquisition pursuant to a transformation (merger) in the event that certain legal entities (a controlling undertaking and a dependent company) are involved in the transformation procedure and the controlling undertaking's 100 % holding in the dependent company has existed for five years prior to the legal procedure and for five years thereafter?