

Re:

Failure of a Member State to fulfil its obligations — Failure to adopt the measures necessary to comply with Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (OJ 2000 L 327, p. 1)

Operative part of the judgment

The Court:

1. Declares that, by failing to communicate to the Commission of the European Communities the laws, regulations and administrative provisions implementing Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy, except for those relating to Article 3 of that directive, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg has failed to fulfil its obligations under Article 24 of that directive;
2. Declares that, by failing to adopt within the prescribed period the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with Articles 2, 7(2) and 14 of Directive 2000/60/EC, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg has failed to fulfil its obligations under Article 24 of that directive;
3. Dismisses the remainder of the application;
4. Orders the Commission of the European Communities and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg to bear their own costs.

(¹) OJ C 82, 2.4.2005.

Judgment of the Court (First Chamber) of 14 December 2006 (reference for a preliminary ruling from the Verwaltungsgericht Darmstadt — Germany) — Mohamed Gattoussi v Stadt Rüsselsheim

(Case C-97/05) (¹)

(Euro-Mediterranean Agreement — Tunisian worker with permission to remain in a Member State and to work there — Principle of non-discrimination as regards working conditions, remuneration and dismissal — Curtailment of the period of validity of the residence permit)

(2006/C 331/12)

Language of the case: German

Referring court

Verwaltungsgericht Darmstadt

Parties to the main proceedings

Applicant: Mohamed Gattoussi

Defendant: Stadt Rüsselsheim

Re:

Reference for a preliminary ruling — Verwaltungsgericht Darmstadt (Administrative Court, Darmstadt) — Interpretation of Art. 64 of the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement establishing an Association between the European Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Tunisia of the other part (OJ 1998 L 97, p. 2) — Worker of Tunisian nationality employed in a Member State — Equal treatment as regards working conditions and remuneration — Curtailment of the period of the validity of residence permit bringing the worker's employment to an end

Operative part of the judgment

On a proper construction of Article 64(1) of the Euro-Mediterranean Agreement establishing an association between the European Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and the Republic of Tunisia, of the other part, done at Brussels on 17 July 1995 and approved on behalf of the European Community and the European Coal and Steel Community by Decision 98/238/EC, ECSC of the Council and the Commission of 26 January 1998, that provision may have effects on the right of a Tunisian national to remain in the territory of a Member State in the case where that person has been duly permitted by that Member State to work there for a period extending beyond the period of validity of his permission to remain.

(¹) OJ C 106, 30.4.2005.

Judgment of the Court (Fifth Chamber) of 7 December 2006 — Commission of the European Communities v Italian Republic

(Case C-161/05) (¹)

(Failure of a Member State to fulfil obligations — Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 — Control system applicable to the common fisheries policy — Data concerning the species and quantities landed of fish — Failure to notify)

(2006/C 331/13)

Language of the case: Italian

Parties

Applicant: Commission of the European Communities (represented by: C. Cattabriga, Agent)

Defendant: Italian Republic (represented by: I.M. Braguglia, Agent, G. Aiello and D. Del Grazio, lawyers)