

II

(Non-legislative acts)

REGULATIONS

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2021/605**of 7 April 2021****laying down special control measures for African swine fever****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on transmissible animal diseases and amending and repealing certain acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law' ⁽¹⁾), and in particular Article 71(3) thereof

Whereas:

- (1) African swine fever is an infectious viral disease affecting kept and wild porcine animals and can have a severe impact on the concerned animal population and the profitability of farming causing disturbance to movements of consignments of those animals and products thereof within the Union and exports to third countries. In the event of an outbreak of African swine fever, there is a risk that the disease agent may spread between establishments of kept porcine animals and in the metapopulations of wild porcine animals. The spread of the disease can significantly affect the productivity of the farming sector due to both direct and indirect losses.
- (2) Since 1978, the African swine fever virus has been present in Sardinia, Italy, and since 2014 there have been outbreaks of that disease in other Member States as well as in neighbouring third countries. Currently, African swine fever can be considered as endemic disease in the populations of porcine animals in a number of third countries bordering the Union and it represents a permanent threat for populations of porcine animals in the Union. The present African swine fever disease situation also poses a health risk for kept porcine animals in unaffected areas of the Member States currently concerned by the disease, as well as for kept porcine animals in other Member States, notably in view of movements of consignments of porcine animals and commodities from porcine animals.
- (3) Commission Implementing Decision 2014/709/EU ⁽²⁾ lays down animal health control measures in relation to African swine fever in the Member States and has been amended many times to take account mainly of developments in the epidemiological situation in the Union as regards that disease and new scientific evidence. It applies until 21 April 2021.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 84, 31.3.2016, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ Commission Implementing Decision 2014/709/EU of 9 October 2014 concerning animal health control measures relating to African swine fever in certain Member States and repealing Implementing Decision 2014/178/EU (OJ L 295, 11.10.2014, p. 63).

- (4) Regulation (EU) 2016/429 establishes a new legislative framework for the prevention and control of diseases, which are transmissible to animals or humans. African swine fever falls within the definition of a listed disease in that Regulation, and it is subject to the disease prevention and control rules laid down therein. In addition, Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1882 ⁽³⁾ lists African swine fever as a Category A, D and E disease affecting Suidae, while Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 ⁽⁴⁾ supplements the rules for the control of category A, B and C diseases laid down in Regulation (EU) 2016/429, including disease control measures for African swine fever. Those three acts apply from 21 April 2021.
- (5) It is necessary to adapt the current Union control measures for African swine fever laid down in Implementing Decision 2014/709/EU to align them with the new legislative framework for animal health established by Regulation (EU) 2016/429, and in order to improve the control of that disease in the Union by simplifying the Union rules so to enable a more effective and rapid implementation of control measures. It is also necessary to align Union rules as much as possible with international standards, such as those set out in Chapter 15.1 'Infection with African swine fever virus' of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organization for Animal Health ⁽⁵⁾ (OIE code). The control measures laid down in this Regulation should take account of the experience gained in the application of Implementing Decision 2014/709/EU.
- (6) The epidemiological situation of African swine fever in affected Member States and globally poses a high risk for the further spread of that disease in the Union. The general disease control measures laid down in Regulation (EU) 2016/429 and in Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 do not cover all specific details and aspects in relation to the spread and the epidemiological situation of African swine fever. It is therefore appropriate to lay down in this Regulation special disease control measures for a limited period of time, under conditions appropriate to the epidemiological situation of African swine fever in the Union.
- (7) This Regulation should provide for a regionalisation approach, which should apply in addition to the disease control measures laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/687 and list the restricted zones of Member States concerned by outbreaks of African swine fever or at risk due to their proximity to such outbreaks. Those restricted zones should be differentiated by the epidemiological situation of African swine fever and the level of risk and classed as restricted zones I, II and III, with restricted zone III listing the areas with the highest level of risk for the spread of that disease and the most dynamic disease situation in kept porcine animals. They should be listed in Annex I to this Regulation taking account of the information provided by the competent authority of the Member States concerned as regards the disease situation, scientifically based principles and criteria for geographically defining regionalisation due to African swine fever and Union's guidelines agreed with the Member States at the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed and publicly available on Commissions website ⁽⁶⁾, the level of risk for the spread of African swine fever and the overall epidemiological situation of African swine fever in the Member State concerned and in the neighbouring areas, where relevant.
- (8) Any amendments of the restricted zones I, II and III in Annex I to this Regulation should be based on similar considerations as were used for listing and should take account of international standards, such as Chapter 15.1 'Infection with African swine fever virus' of the OIE Code, such as indicating the absence of the disease for a period of at least 12 months in the zone or a country. In certain situations, taking account of the justification provided by the competent authority of the Member States concerned and scientifically based principles and criteria for geographically defining regionalisation due to African swine fever and guidelines available at Union level, that period should be reduced to three months.

⁽³⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1882 of 3 December 2018 on the application of certain disease prevention and control rules to categories of listed diseases and establishing a list of species and groups of species posing a considerable risk for the spread of those listed diseases (OJ L 308, 4.12.2018, p. 21).

⁽⁴⁾ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 of 17 December 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and the Council, as regards rules for the prevention and control of certain listed diseases (OJ L 174, 3.6.2020, p. 64).

⁽⁵⁾ <https://www.oie.int/en/standard-setting/terrestrial-code/access-online/>

⁽⁶⁾ https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/animal-diseases/control-measures/asf_en

- (9) As regards risks for the spread of African swine fever, movements of consignments of porcine animals and different porcine commodities pose different levels of risk. As a general rule, movements of consignments of kept porcine animals, of germinal products and of animal by-products of porcine origin from restricted zones pose a higher level of risk in terms of exposure and consequences, than movements of consignments of products of animal origin, including in particular fresh meat and meat products, including casings, as indicated in the Scientific Opinion of the European Food Safety Authority on African Swine Fever, adopted on 11 March 2010 ⁽⁷⁾. Therefore, movements of consignments of kept porcine animals, and various products of porcine origin from restricted zones II and III listed in Annex I to this Regulation should be prohibited in a manner proportionate to the risk involved and taking into account the rules laid down in Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 and Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/2154 ⁽⁸⁾.
- (10) The rules laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/686 ⁽⁹⁾ supplement Regulation (EU) 2016/429, as regards the approval of germinal product establishments, the registers of germinal product establishments to be kept by the competent authorities, the record-keeping obligations of operators, the traceability and animal health requirements, and animal health certification and notification requirements for movements within the Union of consignments of germinal products of certain kept terrestrial animals in order to prevent the spread of transmissible animal diseases within the Union by those products. This Regulation should refer to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/689 as regards the information required to be kept by the competent authority of approved germinal product establishments for porcine animals.
- (11) Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 ⁽¹⁰⁾ lays down animal health rules for animal by-products in order to prevent and minimise risks to animal health arising from those by-products. In addition, Commission Regulation (EU) No 142/2011 ⁽¹¹⁾ lays down certain animal health rules for animal by-products covered by Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009, including rules regarding the certification requirements for movements of consignments of those by-products in the Union. These legal acts do not cover all specific details and aspects in relation to risk of the spread of African swine fever through animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III and animal by-products obtained from wild porcine animals from restricted zones I, II and III. It is therefore appropriate to lay down in this Regulation special disease control measures related to animal by-products and their movements from restricted zones I, II and III.
- (12) In order to take account of the different levels of risk depending on the type of porcine commodities and the epidemiological situation in the Member States and the restricted zones concerned by the spread of African swine fever, this Regulation should provide for certain prohibitions on movements of different type of porcine commodities obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III listed in the Annex I to this Regulation. In order to avoid unnecessary disturbances to trade, certain derogations from those prohibitions and specific conditions should be laid down in this Regulation. Those derogations should also take into account the general rules for the prevention and control of animal diseases already laid down in Regulation (EU) 2016/429 and in Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 and the principles of the OIE Code as regards risk mitigation measures for African swine fever.

⁽⁷⁾ The *EFSA Journal* 2010; 8(3):1556.

⁽⁸⁾ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/2154 of 14 October 2020 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards animal health, certification and notification requirements for movements within the Union of products of animal origin from terrestrial animals (OJ L 431, 21.12.2020, p. 5).

⁽⁹⁾ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/686 of 17 December 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the approval of germinal product establishments and the traceability and animal health requirements for movements within the Union of germinal products of certain kept terrestrial animals (OJ L 174, 3.6.2020, p. 1).

⁽¹⁰⁾ Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 laying down health rules as regards animal by-products and derived products not intended for human consumption and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 (Animal by-products Regulation) (OJ L 300, 14.11.2009, p. 1).

⁽¹¹⁾ Commission Regulation (EU) No 142/2011 of 25 February 2011 implementing Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down health rules as regards animal by-products and derived products not intended for human consumption and implementing Council Directive 97/78/EC as regards certain samples and items exempt from veterinary checks at the border under that Directive (OJ L 54, 26.2.2011, p. 1).

- (13) Movements of kept animals for immediate slaughter generally poses a lower risk for the spread of animal diseases than other types of movements of kept animals provided that risk mitigation measures are in place. It is therefore appropriate that the Member States concerned should be permitted exceptionally to grant derogations from certain prohibitions laid down in this Regulation for movements of consignments of kept porcine animals, from restricted zones II and III, for immediate slaughter to a slaughterhouse located outside of restricted zones I, II and III in the same Member State. Therefore, this Regulation should provide for specific conditions for those derogations to ensure that movements of consignments of kept porcine animals from restricted zones I, II and III do not pose a risk for the spread of African swine fever.
- (14) The derogations for movements of certain kept porcine animals from a restricted zone II to other restricted zones II or III of another Member State are justified provided that specific risk mitigating measures are applied. This requires the establishment of a safe channelling procedure under the strict control of the competent authorities of the Member State of dispatch, passage and destination.
- (15) Article 143 of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 provides that animal health certificates are to accompany the movements of animals, including kept porcine animals. Where derogations from the prohibition on movements of kept porcine animals from the restricted zones I, II and III are applied to consignments of kept porcine animals intended for intra-Union movements, those animal health certificates should include a reference to this Regulation, to ensure that adequate and accurate animal health information is provided in those animal health certificates. It is necessary to mitigate the risks arising from movements of consignments, and movements for private use, of fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin obtained from wild porcine animals, bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption, and wild porcine animals from the restricted zones I, II and III within the same Member State concerned and to other Member States. Risks for the spread of disease should be reduced by prohibiting movements of those products and movements of wild porcine animals by operators as laid down in Article 101 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688 ⁽¹²⁾ within and from Member States.
- (16) Article 167(1)(b)(i) and (ii) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 provides that animal health certificates issued by the competent authority of the Member State of origin are to accompany consignments of products of animal origin, including those of porcine origin, that are allowed to be moved from a restricted zone established in accordance with Article 71(3) of that Regulation subject to certain disease control measures. Where this Implementing Regulation provides for derogations from prohibitions on movements of consignments of products of animal origin from the restricted zones I, II and III accompanying animal health certificates should include a reference to this Regulation, so as to ensure adequate and accurate health information in accordance with Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/2154.
- (17) Movements of consignments of fresh or processed meat and meat products, including casings obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones I and II or kept outside restricted zones I, II and III and slaughtered in restricted zones I, II and III should be subject to less stringent certification requirements in order to avoid unnecessary and over burdensome trade limitations. It should be possible to authorise movements of relevant consignments within the territory of the same Member State and to other Member States based on the health or identification marks applied in establishments, provided that those establishments are designated in accordance with this Regulation. The competent authorities should only designate establishments, if kept porcine animals and products thereof that are eligible for movements outside restricted zones I, II and III are clearly separated from those animals and products that are not eligible for such authorised movements. The fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone III, and the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II, if the specific conditions for authorising movements of those consignments outside restricted zone II provided for in this Regulation are not met, should be marked with special health marks in accordance with this Regulation.

⁽¹²⁾ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688 of 17 December 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as regards animal health requirements for movements within the Union of terrestrial animals and hatching eggs (OJ L 174, 3.6.2020, p. 140).

- (18) In addition, movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, from kept porcine animals from restricted zones III listed in Annex I to this Regulation, should be subject to more stringent conditions. In specific situations, fresh meat from kept porcine animals should be marked in accordance with the requirements for the marking of fresh meat from protection and surveillance zones set out in Annex IX to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 or the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, from kept porcine animals should be marked with special marks which cannot be confused with the health mark referred to in Article 48 of Regulation (EU) 2019/627 ⁽¹³⁾ or the identification mark provided for in Article 5(1)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 ⁽¹⁴⁾.
- (19) Article 15 of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 provides that appropriate steps are to be taken by the competent authority to inform the public of the nature of any risk from animals or products and the measures taken or planned to prevent or control that risk. This Regulation should provide for special information obligations concerning African swine fever that would address the risks posed by movements of consignments of infected animals, contaminated meat products and the illegal disposal of carcasses. It is therefore extremely important to prevent the diffusion of African swine fever related to human activity, and to ensure that information on the animal health control measures laid down in this Regulation, including restrictions on movements of kept porcine animals and relevant products are effectively brought to the attention of travellers, including travellers by road or railway. For that reason, Member States should ensure that passenger transport operators and postal services draw the attention of travellers, moving from the restricted zones I, II and III listed in Annex I to this Regulation, to the animal health control restrictions in place in those zones. Such information should be adapted to the level of risk for the spread of that disease. In addition, coordinated action by the competent authorities of the Member States concerned to combat the risk of the spread of African swine fever should ensure that information disseminated through specific public awareness campaigns is fit for purpose.
- (20) The experience gained in the fight against African swine fever in the Union shows that certain risk mitigation and reinforced biosecurity measures are necessary in order to prevent, control and eradicate that disease in establishments of kept porcine animals. These measures should be laid down in the Annex II to this Regulation and should cover establishments subject to derogations laid down for movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in the restricted zones I, II and III.
- (21) In accordance with the Agreement on the withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community (Withdrawal Agreement), and in particular Article 5(4) of the Protocol on Ireland/Northern Ireland in conjunction with Annex 2 to that Protocol, Regulation (EU) 2016/429, as well as the Commission acts based on it, apply to and in the United Kingdom in respect of Northern Ireland after the end of the transition period provided for in the Withdrawal Agreement. Therefore, references to Member States in this Regulation should include the United Kingdom in respect of Northern Ireland.
- (22) As Regulation (EU) 2016/429 applies with effect from 21 April 2021, this Regulation should also apply from that date.
- (23) This Regulation should continue to apply for the period of at least seven years taking into account Union's experience in the fight against African swine fever and the current epidemiological situation of this disease in Member States concerned. The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

⁽¹³⁾ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/627 of 15 March 2019 laying down uniform practical arrangements for the performance of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Commission Regulation (EC) No 2074/2005 as regards official controls (OJ L 131, 17.5.2019, p. 51).

⁽¹⁴⁾ Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific hygiene rules for food of animal origin (OJ L 139, 30.4.2004, p. 55).

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

CHAPTER I

SUBJECT MATTER, SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS

Article 1

Subject matter and scope

1. This Regulation lays down rules on:

- (a) special disease control measures regarding African swine fever to be applied for a limited period of time by the Member States ⁽¹⁵⁾ which have restricted zones I, II or III listed in Annex I (the Member States concerned).

These special disease control measures apply to kept and wild porcine animals and to products obtained from porcine animals in addition to the measures applicable in the protection, surveillance, further restricted and the infected zones established by the competent authority of the Member State concerned in accordance with Articles 21(1) and 63 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687.

- (b) special disease control measures regarding African swine fever to be applied for a limited period of time by all Member States.

2. This Regulation applies to:

- (a) the movements of consignments of:

- (i) porcine animals kept in establishments located in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones;
- (ii) germinal products, products of animal origin and animal by-products obtained from kept porcine animals referred to in point (a)(i);

- (b) the movements of:

- (i) consignments of wild porcine animals in all Member States;
- (ii) consignments and movements for private use by hunters of products of animal origin and animal by-products obtained from wild porcine in the restricted zones I, II and III or processed in establishments located in restricted zones I, II and III;

- (c) food business operators handling consignments referred to in points (a) and (b);

- (d) all Member States concerning awareness raising on African swine fever.

3. The rules referred to in paragraph 1 cover the following:

- (a) Chapter II lays down special rules for the establishment of restricted zones I, II and III in the event of an outbreak of African swine fever and the application of special disease control measures in all Member States;

- (b) Chapter III lays down special disease control measures applicable to consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III and products obtained thereof in the Member States concerned;

- (c) Chapter IV lays down special risk-mitigating measures concerning African swine fever for food businesses in the Member States concerned;

- (d) Chapter V lays down special disease control measures applicable to wild porcine animals in the Member States;

- (e) Chapter VI lays down special information and training obligations in the Member States;

- (f) Chapter VII lays down final provisions.

⁽¹⁵⁾ In accordance with the Agreement on the withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Article 5(4) of the Protocol on Ireland/Northern Ireland in conjunction with Annex 2 to that Protocol, for the purposes of this Regulation references to Member States include the United Kingdom in respect of Northern Ireland.

*Article 2***Definitions**

For the purposes of this Regulation, the definitions laid down in Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 shall apply.

In addition, the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) 'porcine animal' means an animal of the species of ungulates of the family *Suidae* listed in Annex III to Regulation (EU) 2016/429;
- (b) 'germinal products' means porcine semen, oocytes and embryos obtained from kept porcine animals for artificial reproduction;
- (c) 'restricted zone I' means an area of a Member State listed in Part I of Annex I with a precise geographical delimitation subject to special disease control measures and bordering restricted zones II or III;
- (d) 'restricted zone II' means an area of a Member State listed in Part II of Annex I with a precise geographical delimitation subject to special disease control measures;
- (e) 'restricted zone III' means an area of a Member State listed in Part III of Annex I with a precise geographical delimitation subject to special disease control measures;
- (f) 'previously disease-free Member State' means a Member State, where African swine fever has not been confirmed in kept porcine animals during the previous period of 12 months;
- (g) 'Category 2 materials' means animal by-products referred to in Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 obtained from kept porcine animals;
- (h) 'Category 3 materials' means animal by-products referred to in Article 10 of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 obtained from kept porcine animals.

CHAPTER II

SPECIAL RULES FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF RESTRICTED ZONES I, II AND III IN THE EVENT OF AN OUTBREAK OF AFRICAN SWINE FEVER AND THE APPLICATION OF SPECIAL DISEASE CONTROL MEASURES IN ALL MEMBER STATES*Article 3***Special rules for the establishment of restricted and infected zones in the event of an outbreak of African swine fever**

In the event of an outbreak of African swine fever in kept or wild porcine animals, the competent authority of the Member State shall establish either:

- (a) in case of an outbreak in kept porcine animals, a restricted zone in accordance with Article 21(1) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 and under the conditions set out in that Article; or
- (b) in case of an outbreak in wild porcine animals, an infected zone in accordance with Article 63 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687.

*Article 4***Special rules for the establishment of an additional restricted zone in the event of an outbreak of African swine fever in kept or wild porcine animals**

1. In the event of an outbreak of African swine fever in kept or wild porcine animals the competent authority of the Member State may establish, on the basis of the criteria and principles for the geographical demarcation of restricted zones laid down in Article 64(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429, an additional restricted zone bordering the established restricted zone or infected zone referred to in Article 3 of this Regulation to demarcate those zones from non-restricted areas.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall ensure that the additional restricted zone referred to in paragraph 1 corresponds to the restricted zone I listed in Part I of Annex I in accordance with Article 5.

Article 5

Special rules for the listing of restricted zones I in the event of an outbreak of African swine fever in kept or wild porcine animals in an area of a Member State bordering an area where no outbreak of African swine fever has been officially confirmed

1. Following an outbreak of African swine fever in kept or wild porcine animals in an area of the Member State, bordering an area where no outbreak of African swine fever has been officially confirmed in kept or wild porcine animals, that area where no outbreak has been confirmed shall be listed, where necessary, in Part I of Annex I as restricted zone I.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall ensure that after the listing of an area in Part I of Annex I as a restricted zone I, an additional restricted zone established in accordance with Article 64(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 is adjusted without delay to comprise at least of the relevant restricted zone I listed in Annex I for that Member State.

3. The competent authority of the Member State shall establish without delay the relevant additional restricted zone in accordance with Article 64(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429, if the restricted zone I has been listed to in Annex I.

Article 6

Special rules for the listing of restricted zones II in the event of an outbreak of African swine fever in wild porcine animals in a Member State

1. Following an outbreak of African swine fever in wild porcine animals in an area of a Member State, that area shall be listed as a restricted zone II in Part II of Annex I.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall ensure that the infected zone established in accordance with Article 63 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 is adjusted without delay to comprise at least the relevant restricted zone II listed in Annex I to this Regulation for that Member State.

Article 7

Special rules for the listing of restricted zones III in the event of an outbreak of African swine fever in kept porcine animals in the Member State

1. Following an outbreak of African swine fever in kept porcine animals in an area of a Member State, that area shall be listed as a restricted zone III in Part III of Annex I.

However, where only a first and single outbreak of African swine fever in kept porcine animals has been confirmed in an area of a previously disease-free Member State, that area shall not be listed as a restricted zone III in Part III of Annex I to this Regulation.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall ensure that the restricted zone established in accordance with Article 21(1) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 is adjusted without delay to comprise at least the relevant restricted zone III listed in Annex I to this Regulation for that Member State.

Article 8

General application of special disease control measures in restricted zones I, II and III

The Member States concerned shall apply the special disease control measures laid down in this Regulation in restricted zones I, II and III in addition to the disease control measures to be applied in accordance with Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 in:

(a) restricted zones established in accordance with Article 21(1) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687;

(b) infected zones established in accordance with Articles 63 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687.

CHAPTER III

SPECIAL DISEASE CONTROL MEASURES APPLICABLE TO CONSIGNMENTS OF PORCINE ANIMALS KEPT IN RESTRICTED ZONES I, II AND III AND PRODUCTS OBTAINED THEREOF IN THE MEMBER STATES CONCERNED

SECTION 1

Application of specific prohibitions on consignments of kept porcine animals and products thereof in the Member States concerned

Article 9

Specific prohibitions in relation to movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones

1. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall prohibit movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones.
2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned may decide that the prohibition provided for in paragraph 1 shall not apply to movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone I to establishments located in other restricted zones I, II and III or outside those zones provided that the establishment of destination is located in the territory of the same Member State concerned.

Article 10

Specific prohibitions in relation to movements of consignments of germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones

The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall prohibit movements of consignments of germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones.

Article 11

Specific prohibitions in relation to movements of consignments of animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones

1. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall prohibit movements of consignments of animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones.
2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned may decide that the prohibition provided for in paragraph 1 shall not apply to animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept outside restricted zones II and III and slaughtered in slaughterhouses located in restricted zones II and III provided a clear separation of those animal by-products in establishments and during transport from animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III.

*Article 12***Specific prohibitions in relation to movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones**

1. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall prohibit movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones.
2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned may decide that the prohibition provided for in paragraph 1 shall not apply to meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III, which have undergone the relevant treatment in accordance with Annex VII to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687, as regards African swine fever, in establishments designated in accordance with Article 41(1) of this Regulation.

*Article 13***General prohibitions in relation to movements of consignments of kept porcine animals and products thereof considered a risk of spread of African swine fever**

The competent authority of the Member State concerned may prohibit, within the territory of the same Member State, the movements of consignments of kept porcine animals and products obtained from kept porcine animals if the competent authority considers that there is a risk for the spread of African swine fever to, from or through those kept porcine animals or products thereof.

*SECTION 2****General and specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones****Article 14***General conditions for derogations from specific prohibitions in relation to movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones**

1. By way of derogation from the specific prohibitions provided for in Article 9(1), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones in the cases covered by Articles 22, 23, 24, 25, 28 and 29 and under the specific conditions provided for in those Articles, and:
 - (a) the general conditions laid down Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687; and
 - (b) the additional general conditions concerning:
 - (i) movements of consignments of kept porcine animals from restricted zones I, II and III laid down in Article 15;
 - (ii) establishments for kept porcine animals located in restricted zones I, II and III laid down in Article 16;
 - (iii) the means of transport used for the transportation of kept porcine animals from restricted zones I, II and III laid down in Article 17.
2. Prior to granting authorisations provided for in Articles 22 to 25 and 28 to 30, the competent authority of the Member State concerned shall assess the risks deriving from such authorisations and that assessment must indicate that the risk of the spread of African swine fever is negligible.

3. The competent authority of the Member State concerned may decide that additional general conditions referred to in Articles 15 and 16 shall not apply to movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in slaughterhouses located in the restricted zones I, II and III provided that:

- (a) the kept porcine animals need to be moved to another slaughterhouse due to exceptional circumstances, such as a major breakdown in the slaughterhouse;
- (b) the slaughterhouse of destination is located either:
 - (i) in restricted zones I, II or III of the same Member State; or
 - (ii) in exceptional circumstances, such as the absence of the slaughterhouses referred to in point (b)(i), outside restricted zones I, II or III in the territory of the same Member State;
- (c) the movement is authorised by the competent authority of the Member State concerned.

Article 15

Additional general conditions related to movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones

1. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall authorise movements of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones in the cases covered by Articles 22 to 25 and 28 to 30 under the specific conditions provided for in those Articles provided that:

- (a) the porcine animals have been kept in and have not been moved from the establishment of dispatch for a period of at least 30 days prior to the date of movement, or since birth, if they are younger than 30 days of age, and during that period no other kept porcine animals have been introduced from restricted zones II and III into either:
 - (i) that establishment; or
 - (ii) the epidemiological unit where the porcine animals to be moved were kept completely separated. The competent authority shall determine, after carrying out a risk assessment, the boundaries of such epidemiological unit confirming that the structure, size and distance between different epidemiological units and the operations being carried out ensure separate facilities for housing, keeping and feeding of kept porcine animals so that the African swine fever virus cannot spread from one epidemiological unit to another;
- (b) a clinical examination has been carried out on the porcine animals kept in the establishment of dispatch, including those animals to be moved or used for the collection of germinal products, with favourable results concerning African swine fever:
 - (i) by an official veterinarian;
 - (ii) within the period of last 24 hours prior to the time of movement of the consignment of porcine animals or prior to the time of the collection of germinal products; and
 - (iii) in accordance with Article 3(1) and (2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 and point A.1 of Annex I thereto.
- (c) if necessary, following the instructions of the competent authority, pathogen identification tests have been carried prior to the date of the movement of the consignment from the establishment of dispatch or prior to the date of the collection of germinal products:
 - (i) following the clinical examination referred to in point (b) for porcine animals kept in the establishment, including those animals to be moved or to be used for the collection of germinal products; and
 - (ii) in accordance with point A.2 of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall obtain, where relevant, negative results of pathogen identification tests referred to in point (1)(c) before authorising the movement of consignment.

3. The competent authority of a Member State concerned may decide that, in the case of movements of consignments of kept porcine animals from establishments of dispatch located in restricted zones I and II outside those zones to establishments located within the same Member State concerned, the clinical examination referred to in paragraph (1)(b):

- (a) shall be carried out only for animals to be moved; or
- (b) does not have to be carried out, provided that:
 - (i) the establishment of dispatch have been visited by an official veterinarian with a frequency referred to in Article 16(a)(i) and with a favourable outcome of all the visits by an official veterinarian during a period of at least 12 months before the date of movement, indicating that:
 - biosecurity requirements referred to in Article 16(b) have been implemented in the establishment of dispatch;
 - a clinical examination with favourable results concerning African swine fever has been carried out by an official veterinarian during those visits on the porcine animals kept in the establishment of dispatch in accordance with Article 3(1) and (2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 and point A.1 of Annex I thereto;
 - (ii) the continuous surveillance referred to in Article 16(c) has been in place in the establishment of dispatch during a period of at least 12 months before the date of movement.

Article 16

Additional general conditions related to establishments of kept porcine animals located in restricted zones I, II and III

1. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall only authorise movements of porcine animals kept in establishments located in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones in the cases covered by Articles 22 to 25 and 28 to 30 and under the specific conditions provided for in those Articles provided that:

- (a) the establishment of dispatch has been visited by an official veterinarian at least once after the listing of the restricted zones I, II and III in Annex I to this Regulation or during a period of the last three months prior to the movement, and is subject to regular visits by official veterinarians as provided for in Article 26(2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 as follows:
 - (i) in the restricted zones I and II: at least twice a year, with an interval of at least four months between such visits;
 - (ii) in the restricted zone III: at least once every three months.

The competent authority may decide to carry out visits to the establishment in restricted zone III with a frequency referred to in paragraph (a)(i) based on the favourable outcome of the last visit after the listing of the restricted zones I, II and III in Annex I to this Regulation or during a period of the last three months prior to the movement indicating that the biosecurity requirements referred to in paragraph (b) are implemented and the continuous surveillance referred to in paragraph (c) is in place in that establishment.

- (b) the establishment of dispatch implements biosecurity requirements for African swine fever:
 - (i) in accordance with the reinforced biosecurity measures set out in Annex II; and
 - (ii) as established by the Member State concerned;
- (c) continuous surveillance by means of testing with pathogen identification tests for African swine fever is carried out in the establishment of dispatch:
 - (i) in accordance with Article 3(2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 and Annex I thereto;
 - (ii) with negative results each week on at least the first two dead kept porcine animals over the age of 60 days or, in the absence of such dead animals over the age of 60 days, on any dead kept porcine animals after weaning, in each epidemiological unit;
 - (iii) at least during the monitoring period for African swine fever set out in Annex II to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 before the movement of the consignment from the establishment of dispatch.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned may decide that the stock-proof fencing provided for in point (2)(h) of Annex II referred to in paragraph (1)(b)(i) of this Article shall not be required for establishments of kept porcine animals for a period of three months after a confirmation of a first outbreak of African swine fever in that Member State provided that:

- (a) the competent authority of the Member State has assessed the risks deriving from such decision and that assessment indicates that the risk of the spread of African swine fever is negligible;
- (b) an alternative system is in place ensuring that porcine animals kept in establishments are separated from wild porcine animals in Member States where the population of wild porcine animals is present;
- (c) kept porcine animals from those establishments are not moved to another Member States.

Article 17

Additional general conditions related to the means of transport used for the transportation of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones

The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall only authorise movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones if the means of transport used for transportation of those consignments:

- (a) comply with requirements laid down in Article 24(1) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687; and
- (b) are cleaned and disinfected in accordance with Article 24(2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 under the control or supervision of the competent authority of the Member State concerned.

SECTION 3

Obligations on operators with regard to animal health certificates

Article 18

Operators' obligations with regard to animal health certificates for movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones

Operators shall only move consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones within the Member State concerned or to another Member State in cases covered by Articles 22 to 25 and 28 to 30 if those consignments are accompanied by an animal health certificate as provided for in Article 143(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 that contains at least one of the following attestations of compliance with the requirements provided for in this Regulation:

- (a) 'Porcine animals kept in restricted zone I in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.');
- (b) 'Porcine animals kept in restricted zone II in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.');
- (c) 'Porcine animals kept in restricted zone III in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.');

However, in the case of movements within the same Member State concerned, the competent authority may decide that an animal health certificate does not have to be issued as referred to in second subparagraph of Article 143(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429.

Article 19

Operators' obligations with regard to animal health certificates for movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals from restricted zones I, II and III

1. Operators shall only move consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones I and II outside those zones within the same Member State concerned or to another Member State in cases covered by Articles 38 and 39, if those consignments are accompanied by an animal health certificate as provided for in Article 167(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 that contains:

- (a) the information required in accordance with Article 3 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/2154; and
- (b) at least one of the following attestations of compliance with the requirements provided for in this Regulation:
 - (i) 'Fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone I in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.;
 - (ii) 'Fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.'

2. Operators shall only move consignments of processed meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones within the same Member State concerned or to another Member State provided that:

- (a) products of animal origin have undergone the relevant risk-mitigating treatment set out in Annex VII to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687;
- (b) those consignments are accompanied by an animal health certificate as provided for in Article 167(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 that contains:
 - (i) the information required in accordance with Article 3 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/2154; and
 - (ii) the following attestation of compliance with the requirements provided for in this Regulation:

'Processed meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.'

3. Operators shall only move consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in areas outside restricted zones I, II and III and slaughtered in slaughterhouses located in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones within the same Member State concerned or to another Member State, if those consignments are accompanied by:

- (a) an animal health certificate as provided for in Article 167(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 that contains the information required in accordance with Article 3 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/2154; and
- (b) the following attestation of compliance with the requirements provided for in this Regulation:

'Fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in areas outside restricted zones I, II and III and slaughtered in restricted zones I, II and III in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.'

4. Operators shall only move consignments of processed meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in areas outside restricted zones I, II and III and processed in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones within the same Member State concerned or to another Member State provided that:

- (a) products of animal origin have undergone the relevant risk-mitigating treatment set out in Annex VII to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687;
- (b) those consignments are accompanied by an animal health certificate as provided for in Article 167(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 that contains:
 - (i) the information required in accordance with Article 3 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/2154; and
 - (ii) the following attestation of compliance with the requirements provided for in this Regulation:

‘Processed meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in areas outside restricted zones I, II and III and processed in restricted zones I, II and III in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.’

5. In the cases of movements of consignments referred to in paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 within the same Member State concerned, the competent authority may decide that an animal health certificate does not have to be issued as referred to in first subparagraph of Article 167(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429.

6. The competent authority of the Member State concerned may decide that a health mark or, where relevant, an identification mark provided for in point (b) of Article 5(1) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 applied on the fresh or processed meat, meat products, including casings, in establishments designated in accordance with Article 41(1) of this Regulation or establishments which handle fresh or processed meat, meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone I or areas outside restricted zones I, II and III, can substitute the animal health certificate for movements of the following consignments of:

- (a) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones I and II outside those zones within the same Member State concerned or to another Member State, as laid down in paragraph 1;
- (b) the processed meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones I and II outside those zones within the same Member State concerned or to another Member State, as laid down in paragraph 2;
- (c) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in areas outside restricted zones I, II and III and slaughtered in slaughterhouses located in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones within the same Member State concerned or to another Member State, as laid down in paragraph 3;
- (d) the processed meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in areas outside restricted zones I, II and III and processed in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones within the same Member State concerned or to another Member State, as laid down in paragraph 4.

Article 20

Operators’ obligations with regard to animal health certificates for movements of consignments of germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in establishments located in restricted zones II and III outside those zones

Operators shall only move consignments of germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones within the same Member State concerned or to another Member State in cases covered by Articles 31 and 32, if those consignments are accompanied by an animal health certificate as provided for in Article 161(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 that contains at least one of the following attestations of compliance with the requirements provided for in this Regulation:

- (a) ‘Germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.’;

- (b) 'Germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone III in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.'

However, in the case of movements within the same Member State concerned, the competent authority may decide that an animal health certificate does not have to be issued as referred to in second subparagraph of Article 161(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429.

Article 21

Operators' obligations with regard to animal health certificates for movements of consignments of Category 2 and 3 materials obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones

Operators shall only move consignments of Category 2 and 3 materials obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones within the same Member State concerned or to another Member State in cases covered by Articles 33 to 37, if those consignments are accompanied by:

- (a) the commercial document referred to in Chapter III of Annex VIII to Commission Regulation (EU) No 142/2011; and
- (b) an animal health certificate referred to in Article 22(5) of Regulation (EU) 2020/687;

However, in the case of movements within the same Member State concerned, the competent authority may decide that an animal health certificate shall not be issued as referred to in Article 22(6) of Regulation (EU) 2020/687.

SECTION 4

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone I outside that zone

Article 22

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone I outside that zone

1. By way of derogation from the prohibition provided for in Article 9(1), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone I outside that zone to:

- (a) an establishment located in the territory of the same Member State concerned:
 - (i) in another restricted zone I;
 - (ii) in restricted zones II and III;
 - (iii) outside the restricted zones I, II and III;
- (b) an establishment located in the territory of another Member State;
- (c) third countries.

2. The competent authority shall only grant the authorisations provided for in paragraph 1 subject to compliance with:

- (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687;
- (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Article 14(2) and Articles Article 15(1)(b)(c), (2) and (3), and Articles 16 and 17.

SECTION 5

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone

Article 23

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone in the territory of the same Member State concerned

1. By way of derogation from the prohibition provided for in Article 9, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to an establishment located in the territory of the same Member State concerned:

- (a) in another restricted zone II;
- (b) in restricted zones I and III;
- (c) outside the restricted zones I, II and III.

2. The competent authority shall only grant the authorisations provided for in paragraph 1 subject to compliance with:

- (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687;
- (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Article 14(2) and Articles 15, 16 and 17.

3. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall ensure that porcine animals subject to an authorised movement referred to in paragraph 1 remain in the establishment of destination for at least the monitoring period for African swine fever set out in Annex II to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687.

Article 24

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to a slaughterhouse located in the territory of the same Member State concerned for the purpose of immediate slaughter

1. By way of derogation from the prohibition provided for in Article 9, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to a slaughterhouse located in the territory of the same Member State concerned, provided that:

- (a) the kept porcine animals are moved for the purpose of immediate slaughter;
- (b) the slaughterhouse of destination is designated in accordance with Article 41(1).

2. The competent authority shall only grant the authorisations provided for in paragraph 1 subject to compliance with:

- (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687;
- (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Article 14(2), Article 15(1)(b)(c), (2) and (3), and Articles 16 and 17.

Article 25

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to restricted zones II or III in another Member State

1. By way of derogation from the prohibition provided for in Article 9, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to an establishment located in restricted zone II or III in another Member State.

2. The competent authority shall only grant the authorisations provided for in paragraph 1 provided that:
 - (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are met;
 - (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Article 14(2) and Articles 15, 16 and 17 are met;
 - (c) a channelling procedure has been set up in accordance with Article 26;
 - (d) the kept porcine animals comply with any other additional appropriate guarantees related to African swine fever based on a positive outcome of a risk assessment of the measures against the spread of that disease:
 - (i) required by the competent authority of the establishment of dispatch;
 - (ii) approved by the competent authorities of the Member States of passage and of the establishment of destination, prior to the movement of the kept porcine animals;
 - (e) no outbreak of African swine fever has been officially confirmed in kept porcine animals in accordance with Article 11 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 during a period of at least past 12 months in the establishment of dispatch;
 - (f) the operator has notified the competent authority in advance of the intention to move the consignment of kept porcine animals in accordance with point (b) of Article 152 of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 and Article 96 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688.
3. The competent authority of the establishment of dispatch shall:
 - (a) draw up a list of establishments that comply with the guarantees referred to in paragraph 2(d);
 - (b) immediately inform the Commission and the other Member States of the guarantees provided for in paragraph (2)(d) and of the approval by the competent authorities provided for in the paragraph 2(d)(ii).
4. The approval provided for in paragraph 2(d)(ii) and the obligation of immediate information provided for in paragraph 3(b) shall not be required when the establishment of dispatch, places of passage and the establishment of destination are all located in restricted zones I, II and III and those zones are continuous, thereby ensuring that the kept porcine animals are only moved through any of those restricted zones I, II and III in accordance with specific conditions provided for in Article 22(4) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687.

Article 26

Specific channelling procedure for granting derogations for movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to restricted zones II or III in another Member State

1. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall set up a channelling procedure as provided for in Article 25(2)(c) for movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to an establishment located in restricted zones II or III in another Member State under the control of the competent authorities of:
 - (a) the establishment of dispatch;
 - (b) passage;
 - (c) the establishment of destination.
2. The competent authority of the establishment of dispatch shall:
 - (a) ensure that each means of transport used for movements referred to in paragraph 1 are:
 - (i) individually accompanied by a satellite navigation system to determine, transmit and record its real time location;
 - (ii) sealed by an official veterinarian immediately after the loading of the consignment of kept porcine animals; only an official veterinarian or enforcement authority of the Member State concerned, as agreed with the competent authority, may break the seal and replace it with a new one, where relevant.

- (b) inform in advance the competent authority of the place of the establishment of destination and, where relevant, the competent authority of the place of passage, of the intention to send the consignment of kept porcine animals;
- (c) set up a system whereby operators are required to immediately notify the competent authority of the place of the establishment of dispatch of any accident or breakdown of any means of transport used in the transportation of the consignment of kept porcine animals;
- (d) ensure the establishment of an emergency plan, the chain of command and the necessary arrangements for cooperation between the competent authorities referred to in paragraph 1(a), (b) and (c) in the event of possible accidents during the transport, any major breakdown or any fraudulent action by operators.

Article 27

Obligations on the competent authority of the Member State concerned of the place of the establishment of destinations for consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II of another Member State

The competent authority of the Member State concerned of the place of the establishment of destinations for consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II of another Member State shall:

- (a) notify without undue delay the competent authority of the establishment of dispatch of the arrival of the consignment;
- (b) ensure that kept porcine animals either:
 - (i) remain in the establishment of destination for at least the monitoring period for African swine fever set out in Annex II to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687; or
 - (ii) are moved directly to a slaughterhouse designated in accordance with Article 41(1) of this Regulation.

SECTION 6

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone III outside that zone

Article 28

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone III outside that zone to a restricted zone II in the same Member State concerned

1. By way of derogation from the prohibition provided for in Article 9, in exceptional circumstances, where as a result of that prohibition animal welfare problems arise in an establishment where porcine animals are kept, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of porcine animals kept in restricted zone III outside that zone to an establishment located in restricted zone II in the territory of the same Member State provided that:

- (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are met;
- (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Article 14(2), Articles 15, 16 and 17 are met;
- (c) the establishment of destination belongs to the same supply chain and kept porcine animals are to be moved to complete the production cycle.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall ensure that kept porcine animals are not moved from the establishment of destination located in the restricted zone II during at least the monitoring period for African swine fever set out in Annex II to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687.

*Article 29***Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zone III outside that zone for immediate slaughter in the same Member State concerned**

1. By way of derogation from the prohibition provided for in Article 9, in exceptional circumstances, where as a result of prohibition referred to in Article 5(1) animal welfare problems arise in an establishment where porcine animals are kept, and in the case of logistic limitations in the slaughter capacity of the slaughterhouses located in the restricted zone III and designated in accordance with Article 41(1) or in the absence of the designated slaughterhouse in the restricted zone III, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise for the purpose of immediate slaughter movements of porcine animals kept in restricted zone III outside that zone to a slaughterhouse designated in accordance with Article 41(1) in the same Member State as near as possible to the establishment of dispatch located:

- (a) in a restricted zone II;
- (b) in a restricted zone I, where it is not possible to slaughter the animals in the restricted zone II;
- (c) outside of restricted zones I, II and III, where it is not possible to slaughter the animals in the restricted zones III, II and I.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall only grant an authorisation provided for in paragraph 1 provided that:

- (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are met;
- (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Article 14(2) and Articles 15(1)(b)(c) and (2), 16 and 17 are met;

3. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall ensure that:

- (a) the kept porcine animals are destined for immediate slaughter directly to a slaughterhouse designated in accordance with Article 41(1);
- (b) on arrival at the designated slaughterhouse, the porcine animals from restricted zone III are kept separately from other porcine animals and are slaughtered either:
 - (i) on a specific day when only porcine animals from restricted zone III are slaughtered; or
 - (ii) at the end of a slaughter day thereby ensuring that other kept porcine animals are not slaughtered thereafter;
- (c) after the slaughtering of the porcine animals from restricted zone III, and before the slaughtering of other kept porcine animals starts, the slaughterhouse must be cleaned and disinfected in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority of the Member State concerned.

4. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall ensure that:

- (a) animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone III and moved outside that zone are processed or disposed in accordance with Articles 33 and 36;
- (b) fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone III and moved outside restricted zone III are processed and stored in accordance with Article 40.

SECTION 7

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones to an animal by-products approved plant

Article 30

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III to an animal by-products approved plant located outside restricted zones I, II and III situated within the same Member State concerned

1. By way of derogation from the prohibitions provided for in Article 9, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III to an animal by-products approved plant located outside restricted zones I, II and III situated within the same Member State concerned in which:

- (a) the kept porcine animals are immediately killed; and
- (b) the resulting animal by-products are disposed in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall only grant an authorisation provided for in paragraph 1 provided that:

- (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are met;
- (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Articles 14(2) and 17 are met.

SECTION 8

Specific conditions for authorising movements of consignments of germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone

Article 31

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II from that zone in the territory of the same Member State concerned

By way of derogation from the prohibition provided for in Article 10, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of germinal products from germinal product establishment located in restricted zone II to another restricted zone II and restricted zones I and III or to areas outside restricted zones I, II and III in the territory of the same Member State provided that:

- (a) the germinal products were collected or produced, processed and stored in establishments and were obtained from kept porcine animals that comply with conditions laid down in Article 15(1)(b)(c) and (2) and Article 16;
- (b) the donor males and donor females of the porcine animals were kept at germinal product establishments where no other kept porcine animals were introduced from restricted zones II and III during a period of at least 30 days prior to the date of the collection or production of germinal products.

Article 32

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II from that zone to restricted zones II and III in another Member State

1. By way of derogation from the prohibition provided for in Article 10, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II from an approved germinal product establishment located in restricted zone II to restricted zones II and III in the territory of another Member State concerned provided that:

- (a) the germinal products were collected or produced, processed and stored at germinal product establishments under the conditions laid down in Article 15(1)(b)(c) and (2) and Article 16;
- (b) the donor males and donor females of the porcine animals were kept in approved germinal product establishments where no other kept porcine animals were introduced from restricted zones II and III during a period of at least 30 days prior to the date of the collection or production of germinal products;
- (c) the consignments of germinal products comply with any other appropriate animal health guarantees based on a positive outcome of a risk assessment of measures against the spread of African swine fever:
 - (i) required by the competent authorities of the establishment of dispatch;
 - (ii) approved by the competent authority of the Member State of the establishment of destination, prior to the movement of the germinal products.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall:

- (a) draw up a list of approved germinal product establishments that comply with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1 and which are authorised for movements of germinal products from restricted zone II in that Member State concerned to restricted zones II and III in another Member State concerned; that list shall contain the information required to be kept by the competent authority of the Member State concerned on approved germinal product establishments for porcine animals as laid down in Article 7 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/686;
- (b) make the list provided for in point (a) available to the public on its website and keep it up-to-date;
- (c) provide the Commission and the Member States with the link to the website referred to in paragraph (b).

SECTION 9

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones

Article 33

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones within the same Member State for the purpose of processing or disposal

1. By way of derogation from Article 11(1), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones to a plant or establishment approved by the competent authority for the purpose of processing, disposal as waste by incineration or disposal or recovery by co-incineration of animal by-products referred to in Article 24(1)(a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009, located outside restricted zones II or III situated within the same Member State provided that the means of transport are individually equipped with a satellite navigation system to determine, transmit and record its real time location.

2. The transport operator responsible for the movements of animal by-products referred to in paragraph 1 shall:
 - (a) enable the competent authority to control by means of a satellite navigation system the real time movement of the means of transport;
 - (b) keep the electronic records of that movement for a period of at least two months from the date of movement.
3. The competent authority may decide that the satellite navigation system referred to in paragraph 1 shall be replaced by an individual sealing of means of transport provided that:
 - (a) consignments of animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III are only moved within the same Member State for the uses referred to in paragraph 1;
 - (b) each means of transport is sealed by an official veterinarian immediately after the loading of the consignment of animal by-products; only an official veterinarian or enforcement authority of the Member State, as agreed with the competent authority, may break the seal and replace it with a new one, where relevant.

Article 34

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of manure obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones within the same Member State

1. By way of derogation from Article 11(1), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of manure, including litter and used bedding, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III to a landfill located outside those zones within the same Member State in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in Article 51 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687.
2. By way of derogation from Article 11(1), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of manure, including litter and used bedding, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II for processing or disposal in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 in a plant approved for those purposes within the territory of the same Member State.
3. The transport operator responsible for the movements of consignments of manure, including litter and used bedding, referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall:
 - (a) enable the competent authority to control by means of a satellite navigation system the real time movement of the means of transport;
 - (b) keep the electronic records of that movement for a period of at least two months from the date of movement.
4. The competent authority may decide that the satellite navigation system referred to in paragraph 3(a) shall be replaced by an individual sealing of means of transport provided that each means of transport is sealed by an official veterinarian immediately after the loading of the consignment of manure, including litter and used bedding, referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2.

Only an official veterinarian or enforcement authority of the Member State, as agreed with the competent authority, may break the seal and replace it with a new one, where relevant.

Article 35

Specific conditions for authorising movements of consignments of Category 3 materials obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II outside those zones within the same Member State for the purpose of the processing of animal by-products referred to in Article 24(1)(a), (e) and (g) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009

1. By way of derogation from Article 11(1), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of Category 3 materials obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to a plant or establishment approved by the competent authority for the purposes of further processing into

processed feed, for the manufacturing of processed pet food, derived products intended for uses outside the feed chain, or transformation of animal by-products into biogas or compost as referred to in Article 24(1)(a), (e) and (g) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 located outside the restricted zone II situated within the same Member States provided that:

- (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are met;
- (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Articles 14(2) are met;
- (c) the Category 3 materials originate from kept porcine animals and establishments that comply with the general conditions laid down in Articles 15(1)(b)(c), (2) and (3) and Article 16;
- (d) the Category 3 materials are obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II and slaughtered either:
 - (i) in restricted zone II of:
 - the same Member State concerned; or
 - another Member State concerned in accordance with Article 25;
 - or
 - (ii) outside restricted zone II situated in the same Member State concerned in accordance with Article 24;
- (e) the means of transport is individually equipped with a satellite navigation system to determine, transmit and record its real time location;
- (f) the consignments of Category 3 materials are moved from the slaughterhouse designated in accordance with Article 41(1) directly to:
 - (i) a processing plant for the processing of derived products referred to in Annex X to Regulation (EU) No 142/2011;
 - (ii) a pet food plant approved for the production of processed pet food referred to in point 3(a) and (b)(i) to (iii) of Chapter II of Annex XIII to Regulation (EU) No 142/2011;
 - (iii) a biogas or a compost plant approved for the transformation of animal by-products into compost or biogas in accordance with the standard transformation parameters referred to in Section 1 of Chapter III of Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 142/2011; or
 - (iv) a processing plant for the processing of derived products referred to in Annex XIII to Regulation (EU) No 142/2011.

2. The transport operator responsible for the movements of consignments of Category 3 materials shall:

- (a) enable the competent authority to control by means of a satellite navigation system the real time movement of the means of transport;
- (b) keep the electronic records of that movement for a period of at least two months from the date of movement.

3. The competent authority may decide that the satellite navigation system referred to in paragraph 1(e) shall be replaced by an individual sealing of means of transport provided that:

- (a) the Category 3 materials are:
 - (i) obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II;
 - (ii) only moved within the same Member State for the uses referred to in paragraph 1;
- (b) each means of transport is sealed by an official veterinarian immediately after the loading of the consignment of Category 3 materials; only an official veterinarian or enforcement authority of the Member State, as agreed with the competent authority, may break the seal and replace it with a new one, where relevant.

*Article 36***Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of Category 2 materials obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones for the purpose of processing and disposal in another Member States**

1. By way of derogation from Article 11(1), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of animal by-products of Category 2 materials obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III to a processing plant to be processed by methods 1 to 5, as set out in Chapter III of Annex IV to Regulation (EU) No 142/2011, or to an incineration or co-incineration plant, as referred to in Article 24(1)(a),(b) and (c) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009, located in another Member States, provided that:
 - (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are met;
 - (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Articles 14(2) are met;
 - (c) the means of transport is individually equipped with a satellite navigation system to determine, transmit and record its real time location;
2. The transport operator responsible for movements of consignments of Category 2 materials shall:
 - (a) enable the competent authority to control by means of a satellite navigation system the real time movement of the means of transport; and
 - (b) keep the electronic records of that movement for a period of at least two months from the date of movement.
3. The competent authorities of the Member States of dispatch and of destination of the consignment of Category 2 materials shall ensure the controls of that consignment in accordance with Article 48(1) and (3) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009.

*Article 37***Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of Category 3 materials obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone for further processing or transformation in another Member States**

1. By way of derogation from Article 11(1), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of Category 3 materials obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to a plant or establishment approved by the competent authority for the processing of Category 3 materials into processed feed, processed pet food, derived products intended for uses outside the feed chain, or the transformation of Category 3 materials into biogas or compost as referred to in Article 24(1)(a), (e) and (g) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009, located in another Member States, provided that:
 - (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are met;
 - (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Article 14(2) are met;
 - (c) the Category 3 materials originate from kept porcine animals and establishments that comply with the general conditions laid down in Articles 15(1)(b)(c), (2) and (3), and Article 16;
 - (d) the Category 3 materials are obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II and slaughtered either:
 - (i) in restricted zone II of:
 - the same Member State concerned; or
 - another Member State concerned in accordance with Article 25;
- or

- (ii) outside restricted zone II situated in the same Member State concerned in accordance with Article 24;
 - (e) the means of transport is individually equipped with a satellite navigation system to determine, transmit and record its real time location;
 - (f) the animal by-products are moved directly from the slaughterhouse designated in accordance with Article 41(1) to:
 - (i) a processing plant for the processing of derived products referred to in Annexes X and XIII to Regulation (EU) No 142/2011;
 - (ii) a pet food plant approved for the production of processed pet food referred to in point 3(b)(i)(ii) and (iii) of Chapter II of Annex XIII to Regulation (EU) No 142/2011;
 - (iii) a biogas or a compost plant approved for transformation of animal by-products into compost or biogas in accordance with the standard transformation parameters referred to in Section 1 of Chapter III of Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 142/2011.
2. The transport operator responsible for movements of consignments of Category 3 materials shall:
- (a) enable the competent authority to control by means of a satellite navigation system the real time movement of the means of transport; and
 - (b) keep the electronic records of the movement for a period of at least two months from the date of movement.

SECTION 10

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones

Article 38

Specific conditions for authorising movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone in the territory of the same Member State concerned

1. By way of derogation from prohibitions provided for in Article 12, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone in the territory of the same Member State concerned, provided that:
- (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are met;
 - (b) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, are obtained from porcine animals kept in establishments that comply with the additional general conditions laid down in Article 14(2), Article 15(1)(b)(c), (2) and (3), and Article 16;
 - (c) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, have been produced in establishments designated in accordance with Article 41(1).
2. By way of derogation from prohibitions provided for in Article 12, if conditions laid down in paragraph 1 are not met, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone in the territory of the same Member State concerned, provided that:
- (a) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, have been produced in establishments designated in accordance with Article 41(1);

- (b) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, either
- (i) in the case of fresh meat only, are marked and moved in accordance with the specific conditions for authorising movements of fresh meat obtained from kept animals of listed species from certain establishments laid down in Article 33(2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 to a processing establishment to undergo one of the relevant risk-mitigating treatments set out in Annex VII thereto;
- or
- (ii) have been marked in accordance with Article 44 with a special health mark or, where relevant, an identification mark that is not oval and cannot be confused with the health or identification mark as referred to in points (a) and (b) of Article 5(1) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004; and
 - (iii) are only intended for movement within the same Member State concerned.

Article 39

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to other Member States and to third countries

By way of derogation from prohibitions provided for in Article 12, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone to other Member States and to third countries, provided that:

- (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are met;
- (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Article 14(2) are met;
- (c) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, are obtained from porcine animals kept in establishments that comply with the general conditions laid down in Articles 15 and 16;
- (d) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, have been produced in establishments designated in accordance with Article 41(1).

Article 40

Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone III to other restricted zones I, II and III or areas outside restricted zones I, II and III in the territory of the same Member State

By way of derogation from prohibitions provided for in Article 12, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of consignments of fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone III to other restricted zones I, II and III or areas outside restricted zones I, II and III in the territory of the same Member State, provided that:

- (a) the general conditions laid down in Article 28(2) to (7) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are met;
- (b) the additional general conditions laid down in Article 14(2) are met;
- (c) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, are obtained from porcine animals:
 - (i) kept in establishments that comply with the general conditions laid down in Articles 15 and 16; and
 - (ii) slaughtered:
 - within the same restricted zone III; or
 - outside restricted zone III, after the authorised movement in accordance with Article 29;

- (d) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, have been produced in establishments designated in accordance with Article 41(1); and either
- (i) in the case of fresh meat only, are marked and moved in accordance with the specific conditions for authorising movements of fresh meat obtained from kept animals of listed species from certain establishments laid down in Article 33(2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 to a processing establishment to undergo one of the relevant risk-mitigating treatments set out in Annex VII thereto;
- or
- (ii) have been marked in accordance with Article 44 with a special health mark or, where relevant, an identification mark that is not oval and cannot be confused with the health or identification mark as referred to in points (a) and (b) of Article 5(1) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004; and
 - (iii) are only intended for movement within the same Member State concerned.

CHAPTER IV

SPECIAL RISK-MITIGATING MEASURES CONCERNING AFRICAN SWINE FEVER FOR FOOD BUSINESSES IN THE MEMBER STATES CONCERNED

Article 41

Special designation of slaughterhouses, cutting plants, cold stores, meat processing and game handling establishments

1. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall, following an application by a food business operator, designate establishments for:
- (a) the immediate slaughter of kept porcine animals from restricted zones II and III:
 - (i) within those restricted zones II and III;
 - (ii) outside those restricted zones II and III, as referred to in Articles 24 and 29;
 - (b) the cutting, processing and storage of the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III as referred to in Articles 38, 39 and 40;
 - (c) the preparation of game meat as referred to in point 1(1.18) of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and the processing and storage of the fresh meat and meat products from wild porcine animals obtained in restricted zones I, II and III as provided for in Articles 48 and 49 of this Regulation;
 - (d) the preparation of game meat as referred to in point 1(1.18) of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and the processing and storage of the fresh meat and meat products from wild porcine animals, if those establishments are located in restricted zones I, II and III as provided for in Articles 48 and 49 of this Regulation.
2. The competent authority may decide that the designation referred to in paragraph 1 shall not be required for establishments processing, cutting and storing fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III and from wild porcine animals obtained in the restricted zones I, II and III, and establishment referred to in paragraph 1(d), provided that:
- (a) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, of porcine origin are marked with a special health mark or, where relevant, an identification mark referred to in Article 44 in those establishment;
 - (b) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, of porcine origin from those establishment are only intended for the same Member State concerned;
 - (c) animal by-products of porcine origin from those establishments are only processed or disposed of in accordance with Article 33 within the same Member State.

3. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall:
 - (a) provide the Commission and other Member States with a link to the website of the competent authority with a list of designated establishments and their activities referred to in paragraph 1;
 - (b) keep the list provided for in paragraph (a) updated.

Article 42

Special conditions for the designation of establishments for the immediate slaughter of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II and III

The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall only designate establishments for the immediate slaughter of porcine animals kept in restricted zone II and III, provided that:

- (a) the slaughtering of porcine animals kept outside restricted zones II and III and of porcine animals kept in the restricted zones II and III that are subject to authorised movements provided for in Articles 24 and 29 and the production and storage of products thereof are carried out separately from the slaughtering of porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III and from the production and storage of products thereof that do not comply with relevant:
 - (i) additional general conditions laid down in Articles 15, 16 and 17; and
 - (ii) specific conditions provided for in Articles 24 and 29;
- (b) the operator of the establishment has in place documented instructions or procedures approved by the competent authority of the Member State concerned to ensure that the conditions laid down in paragraph (a) are met.

Article 43

Special conditions for the designation of establishments for cutting, processing and storing of the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III

The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall only designate establishments for the cutting, processing and storing of the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III subject to authorised movement provided for in Articles 38, 39 and 40, provided that:

- (a) the cutting, processing and storing of the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept outside restricted zones II and III and from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III are carried out separately from fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III that do not comply with:
 - (i) additional general conditions laid down in Articles 15, 16 and 17; and
 - (ii) specific conditions provided for in Articles 38, 39 and 40;
- (b) the operator of the establishment has in place documented instructions or procedures approved by the competent authority of the Member State concerned to ensure that the conditions laid down in paragraph (a) are met.

Article 44

Special health or identification marks

The competent authority of the Member States concerned shall ensure that the following products of animal origin are marked with a special health mark or, where relevant, an identification mark that is not oval and cannot be confused with the health mark or identification mark provided for in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004:

- (a) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone III, as laid down in Article 40(d)(ii);

- (b) the fresh meat and meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II, if the specific conditions for authorising movements of those consignments outside restricted zone II provided for in Article 38(1) are not met, as laid down in accordance with Article 38(2)(b)(ii);
- (c) the fresh meat and meat products from wild porcine animals moved within restricted zone I or outside that zone from the establishment designated in accordance with Article 41(1), as laid down in the first indent of Article 49(1)(c)(iii).

CHAPTER V

SPECIAL DISEASE CONTROL MEASURES APPLICABLE TO WILD PORCINE ANIMALS IN THE MEMBER STATES

Article 45

Specific prohibitions in relation to the movements of wild porcine animals

The competent authorities of all Member States shall prohibit movements of wild porcine animals by operators as provided for in Article 101 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688:

- (a) within the whole territory of the Member State;
- (b) from the whole territory of the Member State to:
 - (i) other Member States; and
 - (ii) third countries.

Article 46

Specific prohibitions in relation to movements within restricted zones I, II and III and from those zones of fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin, animal by-products and derived products obtained from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption

1. The competent authorities of the Member States concerned shall prohibit movements within and from restricted zones I, II and III of consignments of fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin, animal by-products and derived products obtained from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption.
2. The competent authorities of the Member States concerned shall prohibit movements within restricted zones I, II and III and from those zones of fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin, animal by-products and derived products obtained from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption:
 - (a) for private domestic use;
 - (b) linked to the activities of hunters who supply small quantities of wild porcine game or wild game meat of porcine origin directly to the final consumer or to local retail establishments directly supplying the final consumer, as provided for in Article 1(3)(e) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.

Article 47

General prohibitions in relation to movements of consignments of products obtained from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption, considering a risk for the spread of African swine fever

The competent authority of the Member State concerned may prohibit within the territory of the same Member State the movements of fresh meat, meat products and any other products obtained from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption, if the competent authority considers that there is a risk for the spread of African swine fever to, from or through those wild porcine animals or products thereof.

*Article 48***Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements within restricted zones I, II and III and from those zones of consignments of processed meat products obtained from wild porcine animals**

1. By way of derogation from the prohibition provided for in Article 46(1), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements within restricted zones I, II and III and from those zones of consignments of processed meat products obtained from wild porcine animals from establishment located in restricted zones I, II and III to:

- (a) other restricted zones I, II and III situated in the same Member State concerned;
- (b) areas outside restricted zones I, II and III of the same Member State concerned; and
- (c) to other Member States and to third countries.

2. The competent authority of the Member State concerned shall only authorise movements of consignments of processed meat products obtained from wild porcine animals from establishments located in restricted zone I, II and III referred to in paragraph 1 provided that:

- (a) pathogen identification tests for African swine fever have been carried out for each wild porcine animal used for the production and processing of meat products in restricted zone I, II and III;
- (b) the competent authority obtained negative results of the pathogen identification tests for African swine fever referred to in point (a) before the treatment referred to in point (c)(ii);
- (c) meat products from wild porcine animals:
 - (i) were produced, processed and stored in establishments designated in accordance with Article 41(1); and
 - (ii) have undergone the relevant risk-mitigating treatment for products of animal origin from restricted zones in accordance with Annex VII to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687, as regards African swine fever.

*Article 49***Specific conditions for derogations authorising movements within restricted zones I, II and III and from restricted zone I of fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin obtained from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption**

1. By way of derogation from the prohibitions provided for in Article 46(1) and (2), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements within restricted zone I and from that zone of the fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin obtained from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption, to other restricted zones I, II and III or to areas outside restricted zones I, II and III of the same Member State, provided that:

- (a) pathogen identification tests for African swine fever have been carried out for every relevant wild porcine animal before the movement of the fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin from that wild porcine animals;
- (b) the competent authority of the Member State concerned obtained negative results for the pathogen identification tests for African swine fever referred to in point (a) before the movement;
- (c) the fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption, are moved within or outside restricted zone I within the same Member State:
 - (i) for private domestic use; or
 - (ii) linked to the activities of hunters who supply small quantities of wild porcine game or wild game meat of porcine origin directly to the final consumer or to local retail establishments directly supplying the final consumer, as provided for in Article 1(3)(e) of Regulation (EC) No 853/2004; or

(iii) from the establishment designated in accordance with Article 41(1) where the fresh meat and meat products have been marked either:

— with a special health or identification mark in accordance with point (c) of Article 44;

or

— in accordance with Article 33(2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 and are moved to a processing establishment to undergo one of the relevant risk-mitigating treatments set out in Annex VII thereto.

2. By way of derogation from the prohibitions provided for in Article 46(2), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements of the fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption, within restricted zones II and III of the same Member State, provided that:

(a) pathogen identification tests for African swine fever have been carried out for every relevant wild porcine animal before the movement of the fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin from that wild porcine or body of that wild porcine animal, which is intended for human consumption;

(b) the competent authority of the Member State concerned obtained negative results for the pathogen identification tests for African swine fever referred to in point (a) before the movement;

(c) the fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption, are moved within restricted zones II and III within the same Member State for:

(i) private domestic use;

or

(ii) in accordance with Article 33(2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/687 are moved to a processing establishment to undergo one of the relevant risk-mitigating treatments set out in Annex VII thereto.

Article 50

Operators' obligations with regard to animal health certificates for consignments of fresh meat, meat products and any other products of animal origin, obtained from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption, for movements outside restricted zones I, II and III

Operators shall only move outside restricted zones I, II and III the consignments of fresh meat, meat products, and any other products of animal origin obtained from wild porcine animals and bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption:

(a) in cases covered by Articles 48 and 49; and

(b) if those consignments are accompanied by an animal health certificate as provided for in Article 167(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 that contains:

(i) the information required in accordance with Article 3 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/2154; and

(ii) at least one of the following attestations of compliance with the requirements provided for in this Regulation:

— 'Fresh meat and meat products, and any other products of animal origin, from restricted zone I obtained from wild porcine animals in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.:'

— 'Bodies of wild porcine animals, which are intended for human consumption, from restricted zone I in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.:'

- ‘Processed meat products from restricted zones I, II and III obtained from wild porcine animals in compliance with the special control measures relating to African swine fever laid down in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/605.’.

However, in the case of movement within the same Member State concerned, the competent authority may decide that an animal health certificate does not have to be issued as referred to in first subparagraph of Article 167(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429.

Article 51

Specific conditions for authorising movements within restricted zones I, II and III and outside those zones of consignments of animal by products and derived products from wild porcine animals

1. By way of derogation from prohibitions laid down in Article 46, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements within restricted zones I, II and III and outside those zones of consignments of derived products obtained from wild porcine animals to other restricted zones I, II and III or to areas outside restricted zones I, II and III of the same Member State and to other Member States provided that they have been subjected to a treatment which ensures that the derived products pose no risks as regards African swine fever.
2. By way of derogation from prohibitions laid down in Article 46(1), the competent authority of the Member State concerned may authorise movements within restricted zones I, II and III and outside those zones of consignments of animal by-products from wild porcine animals to other restricted zones I, II and III and to areas outside restricted zones I, II and III of the same Member State provided that:
 - (a) the animal by-products are collected, transported and disposed of in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009;
 - (b) for the movements outside restricted zones I, II and III, the means of transport are individually equipped with a satellite navigation system to determine, transmit and record its real time location. The transport operator shall enable the competent authority to control the real time movement of the means of transport and keep the electronic records of the movement for a period of at least two months from the time of the movement of the consignment.

Article 52

Operators' obligations with regard to animal health certificates for movements of consignments of animal by-products from wild porcine animals outside restricted zones I, II and III in the territory of the same Member State concerned

Operators shall only move consignments of animal by-products from wild porcine animals outside restricted zones I, II and III within the same Member State concerned in case referred to in Article 51(2), if those consignments are accompanied by:

- (a) a commercial document referred to in Chapter III of Annex VIII to Commission Regulation (EU) No 142/2011; and
- (b) an animal health certificate referred to in Article 22(5) of Regulation (EU) 2020/687;

However, the competent authority of the Member State concerned may decide that an animal health certificate shall not be issued as referred to in Article 22(6) of Regulation (EU) 2020/687.

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL INFORMATION AND TRAINING OBLIGATIONS IN THE MEMBER STATES*Article 53***Special information obligations of the Member States concerned**

1. The Member States concerned shall ensure that at least railway, coach, airport and port operators, travel agencies, hunting trip organisers and postal services operators are required to draw the attention of their customers to the special disease control measures laid down in this Regulation, by providing information at least on the main prohibitions laid down in Articles 9, 11, 12, 45 and 46 to travellers moving from restricted zones I, II and III and customers of postal services in an appropriate way.

For that purpose, the Member States concerned shall organise and carry out regular public awareness campaigns to promote and spread information on the special disease control measures laid down in this Regulation.

2. The Member States concerned shall inform the Commission and the other Member States in the framework of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed, of the following:

- (a) changes in the epidemiological situation as regards African swine fever in their territory;
- (b) results of surveillance for African swine fever carried out in restricted zones I, II and III and areas outside restricted zones I, II and III in kept and wild porcine animals;
- (c) other measures and initiatives taken to prevent, control and eradicate African swine fever.

*Article 54***Special trainings obligations of the Member States concerned**

The Member States concerned shall organise and carry out regularly or at appropriate intervals specific trainings about the risks of African swine fever and possible prevention, control and eradication measures for at least the following targeted groups:

- (a) veterinarians;
- (b) farmers keeping porcine animals;
- (c) hunters.

*Article 55***Special information obligations of all Member States**

1. All Member States shall ensure that:

- (a) on major land infrastructure routes, such as international communication roads and railway, and related land transport networks, appropriate information on the risks of the transmission of African swine fever and on the special disease control measures laid down in this Regulation are brought to the attention of travellers:
 - (i) in a visible and prominent manner;
 - (ii) presented in a way that is easily understood by travellers coming from, and going to:
 - the restricted zones I, II and III; or
 - third countries at risk of the spread of African swine fever;
- (b) the necessary measures are in place to raise awareness among stakeholders active in the kept porcine animals sector including small-size establishments of the risks for the introduction of the African swine fever virus and to provide them with the most appropriate information on reinforced biosecurity measures for establishments of kept porcine animals located in the restricted zones I, II and III as provided for in Annex II, in particular the measures to be enforced in restricted zones I, II and III, by the means best suited to bringing such information to their attention.

2. All Member States shall raise awareness on African swine fever among:
- (a) the public as provided for in Article 15 of Regulation (EU) 2016/429;
 - (b) veterinarians, farmers and hunters and provide them with the most appropriate information on risk mitigation and reinforced biosecurity measures as provided for in:
 - (i) Annex II to this Regulation;
 - (ii) Union's guidelines on African swine fever as agreed with the Member States at the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed;
 - (iii) available scientific evidence provided by the European food safety authority;
 - (iv) the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health.

CHAPTER VII

FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 56

Entry into force and application

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 21 April 2021 to 20 April 2028.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 April 2021.

For the Commission
The President
Ursula VON DER LEYEN

ANNEX I

RESTRICTED ZONES

PART I

1. Estonia

The following restricted zones I in Estonia:

- Hiiu maakond.

2. Hungary

The following restricted zones I in Hungary:

- Békés megye 950950, 950960, 950970, 951950, 952050, 952750, 952850, 952950, 953050, 953150, 953650, 953660, 953750, 953850, 953960, 954250, 954260, 954350, 954450, 954550, 954650, 954750, 954850, 954860, 954950, 955050, 955150, 955250, 955260, 955270, 955350, 955450, 955510, 955650, 955750, 955760, 955850, 955950, 956050, 956060, 956150 és 956160 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Bács-Kiskun megye 600150, 600850, 601550, 601650, 601660, 601750, 601850, 601950, 602050, 603250, 603750 és 603850 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Budapest 1 kódszámú, vadgazdálkodási tevékenységre nem alkalmas területe,
- Csongrád-Csanád megye 800150, 800160, 800250, 802220, 802260, 802310 és 802450 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Fejér megye 400150, 400250, 400351, 400352, 400450, 400550, 401150, 401250, 401350, 402050, 402350, 402360, 402850, 402950, 403050, 403250, 403350, 403450, 403550, 403650, 403750, 403950, 403960, 403970, 404570, 404650, 404750, 404850, 404950, 404960, 405050, 405750, 405850, 405950, 406050, 406150, 406550, 406650 és 406750 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Jász-Nagykun-Szolnok megye 750150, 750160, 750260, 750350, 750450, 750460, 754450, 754550, 754560, 754570, 754650, 754750, 754950, 755050, 755150, 755250, 755350 és 755450 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Komárom-Esztergom megye 250150, 250250, 250350, 250450, 250460, 250550, 250650, 250750, 250850, 250950, 251050, 251150, 251250, 251350, 251360, 251450, 251550, 251650, 251750, 251850, 252150 és 252250, kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Pest megye 571550, 572150, 572250, 572350, 572550, 572650, 572750, 572850, 572950, 573150, 573250, 573260, 573350, 573360, 573450, 573850, 573950, 573960, 574050, 574150, 574350, 574360, 574550, 574650, 574750, 574850, 574860, 574950, 575050, 575150, 575250, 575350, 575550, 575650, 575750, 575850, 575950, 576050, 576150, 576250, 576350, 576450, 576650, 576750, 576850, 576950, 577050, 577150, 577350, 577450, 577650, 577850, 577950, 578050, 578150, 578250, 578350, 578360, 578450, 578550, 578560, 578650, 578850, 578950, 579050, 579150, 579250, 579350, 579450, 579460, 579550, 579650, 579750, 580250 és 580450 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe.

3. Latvia

The following restricted zones I in Latvia:

- Pāvilostas novada Vērgales pagasts,
- Stopiņu novada daļa, kas atrodas uz rietumiem no autoceļa V36, P4 un P5, Acones ielas, Dauguļupes ielas un Dauguļupītes,
- Grobiņas novads,
- Rucavas novada Dunikas pagasts.

4. Lithuania

The following restricted zones I in Lithuania:

- Klaipėdos rajono savivaldybė: Agluonėnų, Dovilų, Gargždų, Priekulės, Vėžaičių, Kretingalės ir Dauparų-Kvietinių seniūnijos,
- Palangos miesto savivaldybė.

5. Poland

The following restricted zones I in Poland:

w województwie warmińsko-mazurskim:

- gminy Wielbark i Rozogi w powiecie szczycieńskim,
- gminy Janowiec Kościelny, Janowo i część gminy Kozłowo położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową w powiecie nidzickim,
- gminy Iłowo – Osada, Lidzbark, Płońnica, Rybno, miasto Działdowo, część gminy wiejskiej Działdowo położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejowe biegnące od wschodniej do zachodniej granicy gminy w powiecie działdowskim,
- gminy Kisielice, Susz, miasto Iława i część gminy wiejskiej Iława położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 521 biegnącą od zachodniej granicy gminy do zachodniej granicy miasta Iława oraz na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę biegnącą od południowej granicy gminy miasta Iława przez miejscowość Katarzynki do południowej granicy gminy w powiecie iławskim,
- powiat nowomiejski.

w województwie podlaskim:

- gminy Wysokie Mazowieckie z miastem Wysokie Mazowieckie, Czyżew i część gminy Kulesze Kościelne położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową w powiecie wysokomazowieckim,
- gminy Miastkowo, Nowogród, Śniadowo i Zbójna w powiecie łomżyńskim,
- gminy Szumowo, Zambrów z miastem Zambrów i część gminy Kołaki Kościelne położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową w powiecie zambrowskim,

w województwie mazowieckim:

- powiat ostrołęcki,
- powiat miejski Ostrołęka,
- gminy Bielsk, Brudzeń Duży, Drobin, Gąbin, Łąck, Nowy Duninów, Radzanowo, Słupno i Stara Biała w powiecie płońskim,
- powiat miejski Płock,
- powiat sierpecki,
- powiat żuromiński,
- gminy Andrzejewo, Brok, Stary Lubotyń, Szulborze Wielkie, Wąsewo, Ostrów Mazowiecka z miastem Ostrów Mazowiecka, część gminy Małkinia Górna położona na północ od rzeki Brok w powiecie ostrowskim,
- gminy Dzierzgowo, Lipowiec Kościelny, miasto Mława, Radzanów, Szreńsk, Szydłowo i Wieczfnia Kościelna, w powiecie mławskim,
- powiat przasnyski,
- powiat makowski,
- gminy Gzy, Obryte, Zatory, Pułtusk i część gminy Winnica położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę łączącą miejscowości Bielany, Winnica i Pokrzywnica w powiecie pułtuskim,
- gminy wyszkowski,
- gminy Jadów, Strachówka i Tłuszcz w powiecie wołomińskim,
- gminy Korytnica, Liw, Łochów, Miedzna, Sadowne, Stoczek i miasto Węgrów w powiecie węgrowskim,
- gminy Kowala, Wierzbica, część gminy Wolanów położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 12 w powiecie radomskim,
- powiat miejski Radom,

- gminy Jastrząb, Mirów, Orońsko w powiecie szydłowieckim,
- powiat gostyniński,

w województwie podkarpackim:

- gminy Pruchnik, Rokietnica, Roźwienica, w powiecie jarosławskim,
- gminy Fredropol, Krasiczyn, Krzywca, Medyka, Orły, Żurawica, Przemysł w powiecie przemyskim,
- powiat miejski Przemysł,
- gminy Gać, Jawornik Polski, Kańczuga, część gminy wiejskiej Przeworsk położona na zachód od miasta Przeworsk i na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez autostradę A4 biegnącą od granicy z gminą Tryńcza do granicy miasta Przeworsk, część gminy Zarzecze położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 1594R biegnącą od północnej granicy gminy do miejscowości Zarzecze oraz na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogi nr 1617R oraz 1619R biegnącą do południowej granicy gminy w powiecie przeworskim,
- powiat łańcucki,
- gminy Trzebownik, Głogów Małopolski i część gminy Sokołów Małopolski położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 875 w powiecie rzeszowskim,
- gminy Dzikowiec, Kolbuszowa, Niwiska i Raniżów w powiecie kolbuszowskim,
- gminy Borowa, Czermin, Gawłuszowice, Mielec z miastem Mielec, Padew Narodowa, Przeclaw, Tuszów Narodowy w powiecie mieleckim,

w województwie świętokrzyskim:

- powiat opatowski,
- powiat sandomierski,
- gminy Bogoria, Łubnice, Oleśnica, Osiek, Połaniec, Rytwiany i Staszów w powiecie staszowskim,
- gminy Bliżyn, Skarżysko – Kamienna, Suchedniów i Skarżysko Kościelne w powiecie skarżyskim,
- gmina Wąchock, część gminy Brody położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 9 oraz na południowy – zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogi: nr 0618T biegnącą od północnej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania w miejscowości Lipie, drogę biegnącą od miejscowości Lipie do wschodniej granicy gminy oraz na północ od drogi nr 42 i część gminy Mirzec położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 744 biegnącą od południowej granicy gminy do miejscowości Tychów Stary a następnie przez drogę nr 0566T biegnącą od miejscowości Tychów Stary w kierunku północno – wschodnim do granicy gminy w powiecie starachowickim,
- powiat ostrowiecki,
- gminy Falków, Ruda Maleniecka, Radoszyce, Smyków, część gminy Końskie położona na zachód od linii kolejowej, część gminy Stąporków położona na południe od linii kolejowej w powiecie koneckim,
- gminy Mniów i Zagnańsk w powiecie kieleckim,

w województwie łódzkim:

- gminy Łyszkowice, Kocierzew Południowy, Kiernoza, Chąsno, Nieborów, część gminy wiejskiej Łowicz położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 92 biegnącej od granicy miasta Łowicz do zachodniej granicy gminy oraz część gminy wiejskiej Łowicz położona na wschód od granicy miasta Łowicz i na północ od granicy gminy Nieborów w powiecie łowickim,
- gminy Cielądz, Rawa Mazowiecka z miastem Rawa Mazowiecka w powiecie rawskim,
- gminy Bolimów, Głuchów, Godzianów, Lipce Reymontowskie, Maków, Nowy Kawęczyn, Skierniewice, Słupia w powiecie skierniewickim,
- powiat miejski Skierniewice,

- gminy Mniszków, Paradyż, Sławno i Żarnów w powiecie opoczyńskim,
- gminy Czerniewice, Inowłódz, Lubochnia, Rzeczyca, Tomaszów Mazowiecki z miastem Tomaszów Mazowiecki i Żelechlinek w powiecie tomaszowskim,
- gmina Aleksandrów w powiecie piotrkowskim,

w województwie pomorskim:

- gminy Ostaszewo, miasto Krynica Morska oraz część gminy Nowy Dwór Gdański położona na południowy – zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 55 biegnącą od południowej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 7, następnie przez drogę nr 7 i S7 biegnącą do zachodniej granicy gminy w powiecie nowodworskim,
- gminy Lichnowy, Miłoradz, Nowy Staw, Malbork z miastem Malbork w powiecie malborskim,
- gminy Mikołajki Pomorskie, Stary Targ i Sztum w powiecie sztumskim,
- powiat gdański,
- Miasto Gdańsk,
- powiat tczewski,
- powiat kwidzyński,

w województwie lubuskim:

- gminy Przytoczna, Pszczew, Skwierzyna i część gminy Trzciel położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 92 w powiecie międzyrzeckim,
- gminy Lubniewice i Krzeszyce w powiecie sulęcińskim,
- gminy Bogdaniec, Deszczno, Lubiszyn i część gminy Witnica położona na północny – wschód od drogi biegnącej od zachodniej granicy gminy od miejscowości Krześnica, przez miejscowości Kamień Wielki – Mościce -Witnica – Kłopotowo do południowej granicy gminy w powiecie gorzowskim,

w województwie dolnośląskim:

- gminy Bolesławiec z miastem Bolesławiec, Gromadka i Osiecznica w powiecie bolesławieckim,
- gmina Węgliniec w powiecie zgorzeleckim,
- gmina Chocianów i część gminy Przemków położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 12 w powiecie polkowickim,
- gmina Jemielno, Niechlów i Góra w powiecie górowskim,
- gmina Rudna i Lubin z miastem Lubin w powiecie lubińskim,

w województwie wielkopolskim:

- gminy Krzemieniewo, Rydzyna, część gminy Świąciechowa położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 12 w powiecie leszczyńskim,
- część gminy Kwilcz położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 24, część gminy Międzychód położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 24 w powiecie międzychodzkiem,
- gminy Lwówek, Kuślin, Opalenica, część gminy Miedzichowo położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 92, część gminy Nowy Tomyśl położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 305 w powiecie nowotomyskim,
- gminy Granowo, Grodzisk Wielkopolski i część gminy Kamieniec położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 308 w powiecie grodziskim,
- gmina Czempień, miasto Kościan, część gminy wiejskiej Kościan położona na północny – zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 5 oraz na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez kanał Obry, część gminy Krzywiń położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez kanał Obry w powiecie kościańskim,
- powiat miejski Poznań,

- gminy Buk, Dopiewo, Komorniki, Tarnowo Podgórne, Stęszew, Swarzędz, Pobiedziska, Czerwonak, Mosina, miasto Luboń, miasto Puszczykowo i część gminy Kórnik położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonych przez drogi: nr S11 biegnącą od północnej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 434 i drogę nr 434 biegnącą od tego skrzyżowania do południowej granicy gminy, część gminy Rokietnica położona na południowy zachód od linii kolejowej biegnącej od północnej granicy gminy w miejscowości Krzyszkowo do południowej granicy gminy w miejscowości Kiekrz oraz część gminy wiejskiej Murowana Goślina położona na południe od linii kolejowej biegnącej od północnej granicy miasta Murowana Goślina do północno-wschodniej granicy gminy w powiecie poznańskim,
 - gmina Kiszkowo i część gminy Kłecko położona na zachód od rzeki Mała Wełna w powiecie gnieźnieńskim,
 - gminy Lubasz, Czarnków z miastem Czarnków, część gminy Połajewo na położona na północ od drogi łączącej miejscowości Chraplewo, Tarnówko-Boruszyn, Krosin, Jakubowo, Połajewo – ul. Ryczywolska do północno-wschodniej granicy gminy oraz część gminy Wieleń położona na południe od linii kolejowej biegnącej od wschodniej granicy gminy przez miasto Wieleń i miejscowość Herbutowo do zachodniej granicy gminy w powiecie czarnkowsko-trzcianeckim,
 - gminy Duszniki, Kaźmierz, Pniewy, Ostroróg, Wronki, miasto Szamotuły i część gminy Szamotuły położona na zachód od zachodniej granicy miasta Szamotuły i na południe od linii kolejowej biegnącej od południowej granicy miasta Szamotuły, do południowo-wschodniej granicy gminy oraz część gminy Obrzycko położona na zachód od drogi nr 185 łączącej miejscowości Gaj Mały, Słopanowo i Obrzycko do północnej granicy miasta Obrzycko, a następnie na zachód od drogi przebiegającej przez miejscowość Chraplewo w powiecie szamotulskim,
 - gmina Budzyń w powiecie chodzieskim,
 - gminy Mieścisko, Skoki i Wągrowiec z miastem Wągrowiec w powiecie wągrowieckim,
 - gmina Dobrzyca i część gminy Gizalki położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 443 w powiecie pleszewskim,
 - gmina Zagórów w powiecie słupeckim,
 - gmina Pyzdry w powiecie wrzesińskim,
 - gminy Kotlin, Żerków i część gminy Jarocin położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogi nr S11 i 15 w powiecie jarocińskim,
 - gmina Rozdrażew, część gminy Koźmin Wielkopolski położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 15, część gminy Krotoszyn położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 15 oraz na wschód od granic miasta Krotoszyn w powiecie krotoszyńskim,
 - gminy Nowe Skalmierzyce, Raszków, Ostrów Wielkopolski z miastem Ostrów Wielkopolski w powiecie ostrowskim,
 - powiat miejski Kalisz,
 - gminy Ceków – Kolonia, Godziesze Wielkie, Koźminek, Lisków, Mycielin, Opatówek, Szczytniki w powiecie kaliskim,
 - gmina Malanów i część gminy Tuliszków położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 72 w powiecie tureckim,
 - gminy Rychwał, Rzgów, część gminy Grodziec położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 443, część gminy Stare Miasto położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez autostradę nr A2 w powiecie konińskim,
- w województwie zachodniopomorskim:
- część gminy Dębno położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 126 biegnącą od zachodniej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 23 w miejscowości Dębno, następnie na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 23 do skrzyżowania z ul. Jana Pawła II w miejscowości Cychry, następnie na północ od ul. Jana Pawła II do skrzyżowania z ul. Ogrodową i dalej na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez ul. Ogrodową, której przedłużenie będzie do wschodniej granicy gminy w powiecie myśliborskim,

- gminy Chojna, Trzcińsko – Zdrój oraz część gminy Cedynia położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 124 biegnącą od zachodniej granicy gminy do miasta Cedynia, a następnie na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 125 biegnącą od miasta Cedynia do wschodniej granicy gminy w powiecie gryfińskim.

6. Slovakia

The following restricted zones I in Slovakia:

- the whole district of Vranov nad Topľou, except municipalities included in part II,
- the whole district of Humenné,
- the whole district of Snina,
- the whole district of Medzilaborce
- the whole district of Stropkov
- the whole district of Svidník, except municipalities included in part II,
- the whole district of Stará Ľubovňa, except municipalities included in part II,
- the whole district of Kežmarok,
- the whole district of Poprad,
- in the district of Rožňava, the whole municipalities of Dobšiná, Vlachovo, Gočovo, Kobeliarovo, Markuška, Kocel'ovce, Vyšná Slaná Rejdová, Čierna Lehota, Slavošovce, Rochovce, Brdárka, Hanková, Slavoška, Dedinky, Stratená,
- the whole district of Revúca, except municipalities included in part II,
- in the district of Michalovce, the whole municipality of Strážske,
- in the district of Rimavská Sobota, municipalities located south of the road No 526 not included in part II,
- the whole district of Lučenec, except municipalities included in part II,
- the whole district of Veľký Krtíš, except municipalities included in part II,
- in the district of Zvolen, the whole municipality of Lešť,
- in the district of Detva, the whole municipality of Horný Tisovník.

7. Greece

The following restricted zones I in Greece:

- in the regional unit of Drama:
 - the community departments of Sidironero and Skaloti and the municipal departments of Livadero and Ksiropotamo (in Drama municipality),
 - the municipal department of Paranesti (in Paranesti municipality),
 - the municipal departments of Kokkinogeia, Mikropoli, Panorama, Pyrgoi (in Prosotsani municipality),
 - the municipal departments of Kato Nevrokopi, Chrysokefalo, Achladea, Vathytopos, Volakas, Granitis, Dasotos, Eksohi, Katafyto, Lefkogeia, Mikrokleisoura, Mikromilea, Ochyro, Pagoneri, Perithorio, Kato Vrontou and Potamoi (in Kato Nevrokopi municipality),
- in the regional unit of Xanthi:
 - the municipal departments of Kimmerion, Stavroupoli, Gerakas, Dafnonas, Komnina, Kariofyto and Neochori (in Xanthi municipality),
 - the community departments of Satres, Thermes, Kotyli, and the municipal departments of Myki, Echinis and Oraio and (in Myki municipality),
 - the community department of Selero and the municipal department of Sounio (in Avdira municipality),
- in the regional unit of Rodopi:
 - the municipal departments of Komotini, Anthochorio, Gratini, Thrylorio, Kalhas, Karydia, Kikidio, Kosmio, Pandrosos, Aigeiros, Kallisti, Meleti, Neo Sidirochori and Mega Doukato (in Komotini municipality),

- the municipal departments of Ipio, Arriana, Darmeni, Archontika, Fillyra, Ano Drosini, Aratos and the Community Departments Kehros and Organi (in Arriana municipality),
- the municipal departments of Iasmos, Sostis, Asomatoi, Polyanthos and Amvrosia and the community department of Amaxades (in Iasmos municipality),
- the municipal department of Amaranta (in Maroneia Sapon municipality),
- in the regional unit of Evros:
 - the municipal departments of Kyriaki, Mandra, Mavroklisi, Mikro Dereio, Protokklisi, Roussa, Goniko, Geriko, Sidirochori, Megalo Derio, Sidiro, Giannouli, Agriani and Petrolofos (in Soufli municipality),
 - the municipal departments of Dikaia, Arzos, Elaia, Therapio, Komara, Marasia, Ormenio, Pentalofos, Petrota, Plati, Ptelea, Kyprinos, Zoni, Fulakio, Spilaio, Nea Vyssa, Kavili, Kastanies, Rizia, Sterna, Ampelakia, Valtos, Megali Doxipara, Neochori and Chandras (in Orestiada municipality),
 - the municipal departments of Asvestades, Ellinochori, Karoti, Koufovouno, Kiani, Mani, Sitochori, Alepochori, Asproneri, Metaxades, Vrysika, Doksa, Elafoxori, Ladi, Paliouri and Poimeniko (in Didymoteixo municipality),
- in the regional unit of Serres:
 - the municipal departments of Kerkini, Livadia, Makrynitsa, Neochori, Platanakia, Petritsi, Akritochori, Vyroneia, Gonimo, Mandraki, Megalochori, Rodopoli, Ano Poroia, Katw Poroia, Sidirokastro, Vamvakophyto, Promahonas, Kamaroto, Strymonochori, Charopo, Kastanousi and Chortero and the community departments of Achladochori, Agkistro and Kapnophyto (in Sintiki municipality),
 - the municipal departments of Serres, Elaionas and Oinoussa and the community departments of Orini and Ano Vrontou (in Serres municipality),
 - the municipal departments of Dasochoriou, Irakleia, Valtero, Karperi, Koimisi, Lithotopos, Limnochori, Podismeno and Chrysochorafa (in Irakleia municipality).

8. Germany

The following restricted zones I in Germany:

Bundesland Brandenburg:

- Landkreis Dahme-Spreewald:
 - Gemeinde Alt Zauche-Wußwerk,
 - Gemeinde Byhleguhre-Byhlen,
 - Gemeinde Märkische Heide,
 - Gemeinde Neu Zauche,
 - Gemeinde Schwielochsee mit den Gemarkungen Groß Liebitz, Gühlen, Mochow und Siegadel,
 - Gemeinde Spreewaldheide,
 - Gemeinde Straupitz,
- Landkreis Märkisch-Oderland:
 - Gemeinde Neuhardenberg,
 - Gemeinde Gusow-Platkow,
 - Gemeinde Lietzen,
 - Gemeinde Falkenhagen (Mark),
 - Gemeinde Zeschdorf,
 - Gemeinde Treplin,
 - Gemeinde Lebus mit den Gemarkungen Wüste-Kunersdorf, Wulkow bei Booßen, Schönfließ, Mallnow – westlich der Bahnstrecke RB 60,
 - Gemeinde Fichtenhöhe – westlich der Bahnstrecke RB 60,
 - Gemeinde Lindendorf – westlich der Bahnstrecke RB 60,

- Gemeinde Vierlinden – westlich der Bahnstrecke RB 60,
- Gemeinde Müncheberg mit den Gemarkungen Trebnitz und Jahnsfelde,
- Gemeinde Letschin mit den Gemarkungen Steintoch, Neu Rosenthal, Letschin, Kiehnwerder, Sietzing, Kienitz, Wilhelmsaue, Posedin, Solikante, Klein Neuendorf, Neubarnim, Ortwig, Groß Neuendorf, Ortwig Graben, Mehrin-Graben und Zelliner Loose,
- Gemeinde Seelow – westlich der Bahnstrecke RB 60,
- Landkreis Oder-Spree:
 - Gemeinde Storkow (Mark),
 - Gemeinde Wendisch Rietz,
 - Gemeinde Reichenwalde,
 - Gemeinde Diensdorf-Radlow,
 - Gemeinde Bad Saarow,
- Gemeinde Rietz-Neuendorf mit den Gemarkungen Buckow, Glienicke, Behrendorf, Ahrendorf, Herzberg, Görzig, Pfaffendorf, Sauen, Wilmersdorf (G), Neubrück, Drahendorf, Alt Golm,
- Gemeinde Tauche mit den Gemarkungen Briescht, Kossenblatt, Werder, Görsdorf (B), Giesendorf, Wiesendorf, Wulfersdorf, Falkenberg (T), Lindenberg,
- Gemeinde Steinhöfel mit den Gemarkungen Demnitz, Steinhöfel, Hasenfelde, Ahrendorf, Heinersdorf, Tempelberg,
- Gemeinde Langewahl,
- Gemeinde Berkenbrück,
- Gemeinde Briesen (Mark),
- Gemeinde Jacobsdorf,
- Landkreis Spree-Neiße:
 - Gemeinde Jänschwalde,
 - Gemeinde Peitz,
 - Gemeinde Tauer,
 - Gemeinde Turnow-Preilack,
 - Gemeinde Drachhausen,
 - Gemeinde Schmogrow-Fehrow,
 - Gemeinde Drehnow,
 - Gemeinde Guben mit der Gemarkung Schlagsdorf,
 - Gemeinde Schenkendöbern mit den Gemarkungen Grabko, Kerkwitz, Groß Gastrose,
 - Gemeinde Teichland,
 - Gemeinde Dissen-Striesow,
 - Gemeinde Heinersbrück,
 - Gemeinde Briesen,
 - Gemeinde Forst,
 - Gemeinde Wiesengrund,
 - Gemeinde Groß Schacksdorf-Simmersdorf,
 - Gemeinde Neiße-Malxetal,
 - Gemeinde Jämlitz-Klein Düben,
 - Gemeinde Tschernitz,
 - Gemeinde Döbern,
 - Gemeinde Felixsee,

- Gemeinde Spremberg mit den Gemarkungen Lieskau, Schönheide, Graustein, Türkendorf, Groß Luja, Wadelsdorf, Hornow,
 - Gemeinde Neuhausen/Spree mit den Gemarkungen Kathlow, Haasow,
 - Stadt Cottbus mit den Gemarkungen Dissenchen, Döbbrick, Merzdorf, Saspow, Schmellwitz, Sielow, Willmersdorf,
 - kreisfreie Stadt Frankfurt (Oder),
- Bundesland Sachsen:
- Landkreis Görlitz:
 - Landkreis Görlitz nördlich der Bundesautobahn 4 sofern nicht bereits Teil des gefährdeten Gebietes.

PART II

1. Bulgaria

The following restricted zones II in Bulgaria:

- the whole region of Haskovo,
- the whole region of Yambol,
- the whole region of Stara Zagora,
- the whole region of Pernik,
- the whole region of Kyustendil,
- the whole region of Plovdiv,
- the whole region of Pazardzhik,
- the whole region of Smolyan,
- the whole region of Burgas excluding the areas in Part III.

2. Estonia

The following restricted zones II in Estonia:

- Eesti Vabariik (välja arvatud Hiiu maakond).

3. Hungary

The following restricted zones II in Hungary:

- Békés megye 950150, 950250, 950350, 950450, 950550, 950650, 950660, 950750, 950850, 950860, 951050, 951150, 951250, 951260, 951350, 951450, 951460, 951550, 951650, 951750, 952150, 952250, 952350, 952450, 952550, 952650, 953250, 953260, 953270, 953350, 953450, 953550, 953560, 953950, 954050, 954060, 954150, 956250, 956350, 956450, 956550, 956650 és 956750 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén megye valamennyi vadgazdálkodási egységének teljes területe,
- Fejér megye 403150, 403160, 403260, 404250, 404550, 404560, 405450, 405550, 405650, 406450 és 407050 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Hajdú-Bihar megye valamennyi vadgazdálkodási egységének teljes területe,
- Heves megye valamennyi vadgazdálkodási egységének teljes területe,
- Jász-Nagykun-Szolnok megye 750250, 750550, 750650, 750750, 750850, 750970, 750980, 751050, 751150, 751160, 751250, 751260, 751350, 751360, 751450, 751460, 751470, 751550, 751650, 751750, 751850, 751950, 752150, 752250, 752350, 752450, 752460, 752550, 752560, 752650, 752750, 752850, 752950, 753060, 753070, 753150, 753250, 753310, 753450, 753550, 753650, 753660, 753750, 753850, 753950, 753960, 754050, 754150, 754250, 754360, 754370, 754850, 755550, 755650 és 755750 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Komárom-Esztergom megye: 251950, 252050, 252350, 252450, 252460, 252550, 252650, 252750, 252850, 252860, 252950, 252960, 253050, 253150, 253250, 253350, 253450 és 253550 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Nógrád megye valamennyi vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,

- Pest megye 570150, 570250, 570350, 570450, 570550, 570650, 570750, 570850, 570950, 571050, 571150, 571250, 571350, 571650, 571750, 571760, 571850, 571950, 572050, 573550, 573650, 574250, 577250, 580050 és 580150 kódszámú vadgazdálkodási egységeinek teljes területe,
- Szabolcs-Szatmár-Bereg megye valamennyi vadgazdálkodási egységének teljes területe.

4. Latvia

The following restricted zones II in Latvia:

- Ādažu novads,
- Aizputes novada Aizputes, Cīravas un Lažas pagasts, Kalvenes pagasta daļa uz rietumiem no ceļa pie Vārtājas upes līdz autoceļam A9, uz dienvidiem no autoceļa A9, uz rietumiem no autoceļa V1200, Kazdangas pagasta daļa uz rietumiem no ceļa V1200, P115, P117, V1296, Aizputes pilsēta,
- Aglonas novads,
- Aizkraukles novads,
- Aknīstes novads,
- Alojas novads,
- Alsungas novads,
- Alūksnes novads,
- Amatas novads,
- Apes novads,
- Auces novads,
- Babītes novads,
- Baldones novads,
- Baltinavas novads,
- Balvu novads,
- Bauskas novads,
- Beverīnas novads,
- Brocēnu novads,
- Burtnieku novads,
- Carnikavas novads,
- Cēsu novads
- Cesvaines novads,
- Ciblas novads,
- Dagdas novads,
- Daugavpils novads,
- Dobeles novads,
- Dundagas novads,
- Durbes novads,
- Engures novads,
- Ērgļu novads,
- Garkalnes novads,
- Gulbenes novads,
- Iecavas novads,
- Ikšķiles novads,
- Ilūkstes novads,
- Inčukalna novads,

- Jaunjelgavas novads,
- Jaunpiebalgas novads,
- Jaunpils novads,
- Jēkabpils novads,
- Jelgavas novads,
- Kandavas novads,
- Kārsavas novads,
- Ķeguma novads,
- Ķekavas novads,
- Kocēnu novads,
- Kokneses novads,
- Krāslavas novads,
- Krimuldas novads,
- Krustpils novads,
- Kuldīgas novada, Laidu pagasta daļa uz ziemeļiem no autoceļa V1296, Padures, Rumbas, Rendas, Kabiles, Vārmes, Pelču, Ēdoles, Īvandes, Kurmāles, Turlavas, Gudenieku un Snēpeles pagasts, Kuldīgas pilsēta,
- Lielvārdes novads,
- Līgatnes novads,
- Limbažu novads,
- Līvānu novads,
- Lubānas novads,
- Ludzas novads,
- Madonas novads,
- Mālpils novads,
- Mārupes novads,
- Mazsalacas novads,
- Mērsraga novads,
- Naukšēnu novads,
- Neretas novads,
- Ogres novads,
- Olaines novads,
- Ozolnieku novads,
- Pārgaujas novads,
- Pāvilostas novada Sakas pagasts, Pāvilostas pilsēta,
- Pļaviņu novads,
- Preiļu novads,
- Priekules novads,
- Priekuļu novads,
- Raunas novads,
- republikas pilsēta Daugavpils,
- republikas pilsēta Jelgava,
- republikas pilsēta Jēkabpils,
- republikas pilsēta Jūrmala,
- republikas pilsēta Rēzekne,

- republikas pilsēta Valmiera,
- Rēzeknes novads,
- Riebiņu novads,
- Rojas novads,
- Ropažu novads,
- Rugāju novads,
- Rundāles novads,
- Rūjienas novads,
- Salacgrīvas novads,
- Salas novads,
- Salaspils novads,
- Saldus novads,
- Saulkrastu novads,
- Sējas novads,
- Siguldas novads,
- Skrīveru novads,
- Skrundas novada Raņķu pagasta daļa uz ziemeļiem no autoceļa V1272 līdz robežai ar Ventas upi, Skrundas pagasta daļa no Skrundas uz ziemeļiem no autoceļa A9 un austrumiem no Ventas upes,
- Smiltenes novads,
- Stopiņu novada daļa, kas atrodas uz austrumiem no autoceļa V36, P4 un P5, Acones ielas, Dauguļupes ielas un Dauguļupītes,
- Strenču novads,
- Talsu novads,
- Tērvetes novads,
- Tukuma novads,
- Vaiņodes novada Vaiņodes pagasts un Embūtes pagasta daļa uz dienvidiem autoceļa P116, P106,
- Valkas novads,
- Varakļānu novads,
- Vārkavas novads,
- Vecpiebalgas novads,
- Vecumnieku novads,
- Ventspils novads,
- Viesītes novads,
- Viļakas novads,
- Viļānu novads,
- Zilupes novads.

5. Lithuania

The following restricted zones II in Lithuania:

- Alytaus miesto savivaldybė,
- Alytaus rajono savivaldybė,
- Anykščių rajono savivaldybė,
- Akmenės rajono savivaldybė,
- Birštono savivaldybė,

- Biržų miesto savivaldybė,
- Biržų rajono savivaldybė,
- Druskininkų savivaldybė,
- Elektrėnų savivaldybė,
- Ignalinos rajono savivaldybė,
- Jonavos rajono savivaldybė,
- Joniškio rajono savivaldybė,
- Jurbarko rajono savivaldybė: Eržvilko, Girdžių, Jurbarko miesto, Jurbarkų, Raudonės, Šimkaičių, Skirsnemunės, Smalininkų, Veliuonos ir Viešvilės seniūnijos,
- Kaišiadorių rajono savivaldybė,
- Kalvarijos savivaldybė,
- Kauno miesto savivaldybė,
- Kauno rajono savivaldybė: Akademijos, Alšėnų, Batniavos, Ežerėlio, Domeikavos, Garliavos, Garliavos apylinkių, Karmėlavos, Kulautuvos, Lapių, Linksmakalnio, Neveronių, Raudondvario, Ringaudų, Rokų, Samylų, Taurakiemio, Vandžiogalos, Užliedžių, Vilkijos, ir Zapyškio seniūnijos, Babtų seniūnijos dalis į rytus nuo kelio A1, ir Vilkijos apylinkių seniūnijos dalis į vakarus nuo kelio Nr. 1907,
- Kazlų rūdos savivaldybė,
- Kelmės rajono savivaldybė,
- Kėdainių rajono savivaldybė: Dotnuvos, Gudžiūnų, Kėdainių miesto, Krakių, Pelėdnagių, Surviliškio, Šėtos, Truskavos, Vilainių ir Josvainių seniūnijos dalis į šiaurę ir rytus nuo kelio Nr. 229 ir Nr. 2032,
- Klaipėdos rajono savivaldybė: Judrėnų, Endriejavo ir Veiviržėnų seniūnijos,
- Kupiškio rajono savivaldybė,
- Kretingos rajono savivaldybė,
- Lazdijų rajono savivaldybė,
- Marijampolės savivaldybė,
- Mažeikių rajono savivaldybė,
- Molėtų rajono savivaldybė,
- Pagėgių savivaldybė,
- Pakruojo rajono savivaldybė,
- Panevėžio rajono savivaldybė,
- Panevėžio miesto savivaldybė,
- Pasvalio rajono savivaldybė,
- Radviliškio rajono savivaldybė,
- Rietavo savivaldybė,
- Prienų rajono savivaldybė,
- Plungės rajono savivaldybė: Žlibinų, Stalgėnų, Nausodžio, Plungės miesto, Šateikių ir Kulių seniūnijos,
- Raseinių rajono savivaldybė: Betygalos, Girkalnio, Kalnujų, Nemakščių, Pagojukų, Paliepių, Raseinių miesto, Raseinių, Šiluvos, Viduklės seniūnijos,
- Rokiškio rajono savivaldybė,
- Skuodo rajono savivaldybės: Aleksandrijos, Ylakių, Lenkimų, Mosėdžio, Skuodo ir Skuodo miesto seniūnijos,
- Šakių rajono savivaldybė,
- Šalčininkų rajono savivaldybė,
- Šiaulių miesto savivaldybė,

- Šiaulių rajono savivaldybė,
- Šilutės rajono savivaldybė,
- Širvintų rajono savivaldybė,
- Šilalės rajono savivaldybė,
- Švenčionių rajono savivaldybė,
- Tauragės rajono savivaldybė,
- Telšių rajono savivaldybė,
- Trakų rajono savivaldybė,
- Ukmergės rajono savivaldybė,
- Utenos rajono savivaldybė,
- Varėnos rajono savivaldybė,
- Vilniaus miesto savivaldybė,
- Vilniaus rajono savivaldybė,
- Vilkaviškio rajono savivaldybė,
- Visagino savivaldybė,
- Zarasų rajono savivaldybė.

6. Poland

The following restricted zones II in Poland:

w województwie warmińsko-mazurskim:

- gminy Kalinowo, Stare Juchy, Prostki oraz gmina wiejska Elk w powiecie elckim,
- powiat elbląski,
- powiat miejski Elbląg,
- powiat gołdapski,
- powiat piski,
- gminy Górowo Iławeckie z miastem Górowo Iławeckie i Sępólno w powiecie bartoszyckim,
- gminy Biskupiec, Kolno, część gminy Olsztynek położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S51 biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy do miejscowości Ameryka oraz na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę biegnącą od skrzyżowania z drogą S51 do północnej granicy gminy, łączącej miejscowości Mańki – Myncyny – Ameryka w powiecie olsztyńskim,
- gminy Dąbrówno, Grunwald, część gminy Małdyty położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S7, część gminy Miłomłyn położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S7, część gminy wiejskiej Ostróda położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S7 oraz na południe od drogi nr 16, część miasta Ostróda położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S7 w powiecie ostródzkim,
- powiat giżycki,
- powiat braniewski,
- powiat kętrzyński,
- gminy Lubomino i Orneta w powiecie lidzbarskim,
- gmina Nidzica i część gminy Kozłowo położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową w powiecie nidzickim,
- gminy Dźwierzuty, Jedwabno, Pasym, Szczytno i miasto Szczytno i Świątajno w powiecie szczywieńskim,

- powiat mrągowski,
- gminy Lubawa, miasto Lubawa, Zalewo i część gminy wiejskiej Iława położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 521 biegnącą od zachodniej granicy gminy do zachodniej granicy miasta Iława oraz na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę biegnącą od południowej granicy gminy miasta Iława przez miejscowość Katarzynki do południowej granicy gminy w powiecie iławskim,
- powiat węgorszewski,
- część gminy wiejskiej Działdowo położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejowe biegnące od wschodniej do zachodniej granicy gminy w powiecie działdowskim,

w województwie podlaskim:

- powiat bielski,
- powiat grajewski,
- powiat moniecki,
- powiat sejneński,
- gminy Łomża, Piątnica, Jedwabne, Przytuły i Wizna w powiecie łomżyńskim,
- powiat miejski Łomża,
- powiat siemiatycki,
- powiat hajnowski,
- gminy Ciechanowiec, Klukowo, Szepietowo, Kobylin-Borzymy, Nowe Piekuty, Sokoły i część gminy Kulesze Kościelne położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową w powiecie wysokomazowieckim,
- gmina Rutki i część gminy Kołaki Kościelne położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową w powiecie zambrowskim,
- powiat kolneński z miastem Kolno,
- powiat białostocki,
- gminy Filipów, Jeleniewo, Przerośl, Raczki, Rutka-Tartak, Suwałki, Szypliszki Wizajny oraz część gminy Bakalarzewo położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę 653 biegnącej od zachodniej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą 1122B oraz na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 1122B biegnącą od drogi 653 w kierunku południowym do skrzyżowania z drogą 1124B i następnie na północny – wschód od drogi nr 1124B biegnącej od skrzyżowania z drogą 1122B do granicy z gminą Raczki w powiecie suwalskim,
- powiat miejski Suwałki,
- powiat augustowski,
- powiat sokólski,
- powiat miejski Białystok,

w województwie mazowieckim:

- powiat siedlecki,
- powiat miejski Siedlce,
- gminy Bielany, Ceranów, Jabłonna Lacka, Kosów Lacki, Repki, Sabnie, Sterdyń i gmina wiejska Sokółów Podlaski w powiecie sokołowskim,
- gminy Grębków i Wierzbno w powiecie węgrowskim,
- powiat łosicki,
- powiat ciechanowski,
- powiat sochaczewski,
- gminy Policzna, Przyłęk, Tczów i Zwoleń w powiecie zwoleńskim,

- powiat kozienicki,
 - gminy Chotcza i Solec nad Wisłą w powiecie lipskim,
 - gminy Gózd, Jastrzębia, Jedlnia Letnisko, Pionki z miastem Pionki, Skaryszew, Jedlińsk, Przytyk, Zakrzew, część gminy Iłża położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 9, część gminy Wolanów położona na północ od drogi nr 12 w powiecie radomskim,
 - gminy Bodzanów, Bulkowo, Starożreby, Słubice, Wyszogród i Mała Wieś w powiecie płońskim,
 - powiat nowodworski,
 - powiat płoński,
 - gminy Pokrzywnica, Świercze i część gminy Winnica położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę łączącą miejscowości Bielany, Winnica i Pokrzywnica w powiecie pułtuskim,
 - gminy Dębówka, Klembów, Poświętne, Radzymin, Wołomin, miasto Kobyłka, miasto Marki, miasto Ząbki, miasto Zielonka w powiecie wołomińskim,
 - gminy Borowie, Garwolin z miastem Garwolin, Miastków Kościelny, Parysów, Pilawa, część gminy Wilga położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez rzekę Wilga biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy do ujścia do rzeki Wisły, część gminy Górzno położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę łączącą miejscowości Łąki i Górzno biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy, następnie od miejscowości Górzno na północ od drogi nr 1328W biegnącej do drogi nr 17, a następnie na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę biegnącą od drogi nr 17 do zachodniej granicy gminy przez miejscowości Józefów i Kobyła Wola w powiecie garwolińskim,
 - gminy Boguty – Pianki, Zaręby Kościelne, Nur i część gminy Małkinia Górna położona na południe od rzeki Brok w powiecie ostrowskim,
 - gminy Stupsk, Wiśniewo i Strzegowo w powiecie mławskim,
 - gminy Chlewiska i Szydłowiec w powiecie szydlowieckim,
 - powiat miński,
 - powiat otwocki,
 - powiat warszawski zachodni,
 - powiat legionowski,
 - powiat piaseczyński,
 - powiat pruszkowski,
 - powiat grójecki,
 - powiat grodziski,
 - powiat zyrardowski,
 - powiat białobrzegi,
 - powiat przysuski,
 - powiat miejski Warszawa,
- w województwie lubelskim:
- powiat bialski,
 - powiat miejski Biała Podlaska,
 - gminy Batorz, Godziszów, Janów Lubelski, Modliborzyce i Potok Wielki w powiecie janowskim,
 - gminy Janowiec, Kazimierz Dolny, Końskowola, Kurów, Markuszów, Nałęczów, Puławy z miastem Puławy, Wąwolnica i Żyrzyn w powiecie puławskim,
 - gminy Nowodwór, miasto Dęblin i część gminy Ryki położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową powiecie ryckim,

- gminy Adamów, Krzywda, Stoczek Łukowski z miastem Stoczek Łukowski, Wola Mysłowska, Trzebieszów, Stanin, Wojcieszków, gmina wiejska Łuków i miasto Łuków w powiecie łukowskim,
 - powiat lubelski,
 - powiat miejski Lublin,
 - gminy Niedźwiada, Ostrów Lubelski, Serniki i Uścimów w powiecie lubartowskim,
 - powiat łęczyński,
 - powiat świdnicki,
 - gminy Fajslawice, Gorzków, Izbica, Krasnystaw z miastem Krasnystaw, Kraśniczyn, Łopiennik Górny, Siennica Różana i część gminy Żółkiewka położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 842 w powiecie krasnostawskim,
 - gminy Chełm, Ruda – Huta, Sawin, Rejowiec, Rejowiec Fabryczny z miastem Rejowiec Fabryczny, Siedliszcze, Wierzbica, część gminy Dorohusk położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową, część gminy Wojsławice położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę 1839L, część gminy Leśniowice położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę 1839L w powiecie chełmskim,
 - powiat miejski Chełm,
 - powiat kraśnicki,
 - powiat opolski,
 - powiat parczewski,
 - powiat włodawski,
 - powiat radzyński,
- w województwie podkarpackim:
- powiat stalowowolski,
 - gminy Oleszyce, Lubaczów z miastem Lubaczów, Wielkie Oczy w powiecie lubaczowskim,
 - część gminy Kamień położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 19, część gminy Sokołów Małopolski położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 875 w powiecie rzeszowskim,
 - gminy Cmolas i Majdan Królewski w powiecie kolbuszowskim,
 - gminy Grodzisko Dolne, część gminy wiejskiej Leżajsk położona na południe od miasta Leżajsk oraz na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez rzekę San, w powiecie leżańskim,
 - gmina Jarocin, część gminy Harasiuki położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 1048 R, część gminy Ulanów położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez rzekę Tanew, część gminy Nisko położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 19 oraz na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 19, część gminy Jeżowe położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 19 w powiecie niżańskim,
 - powiat tarnobrzeski,
- w województwie pomorskim:
- gminy Dzierżgoń i Stary Dzierżgoń w powiecie sztumskim,
 - gmina Stare Pole w powiecie malborskim,
 - gminy Stegny, Sztutowo i część gminy Nowy Dwór Gdański położona na północny – wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 55 biegnącą od południowej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 7, następnie przez drogę nr 7 i S7 biegnącą do zachodniej granicy gminy w powiecie nowodworskim,
- w województwie świętokrzyskim:
- gmina Tarłów i część gminy Ożarów położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 74 w powiecie opatowskim,

- część gminy Brody położona na zachód od linii kolejowej biegnącej od miejscowości Marcule i od północnej granicy gminy przez miejscowości Klepacze i Karczma Kunowska do południowej granicy gminy oraz na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 9 i na północny – wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 0618T biegnącą od północnej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania w miejscowości Lipie oraz przez drogę biegnącą od miejscowości Lipie do wschodniej granicy gminy i część gminy Mirzec położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 744 biegnącą od południowej granicy gminy do miejscowości Tychów Stary a następnie przez drogę nr 0566T biegnącą od miejscowości Tychów Stary w kierunku północno – wschodnim do granicy gminy w powiecie starachowickim,
- gmina Gowarczów, część gminy Końskie położona na wschód od linii kolejowej, część gminy Stąporków położona na północ od linii kolejowej w powiecie koneckim,

w województwie lubuskim:

- powiat wschowski,
- gmina Kostrzyn nad Odrą i część gminy Witnica położona na południowy zachód od drogi biegnącej od zachodniej granicy gminy od miejscowości Krzeńnica, przez miejscowości Kamień Wielki – Mościce – Witnica – Kłopotowo do południowej granicy gminy w powiecie gorzowskim,
- gminy Gubin z miastem Gubin, Maszewo i część gminy Bytnica położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 1157F w powiecie krośnieńskim,
- powiat ślubicki,
- gminy Słońsk, Sulęcín i Torzym w powiecie sulęcińskim,
- gminy Bledzew i Międzyrzecz w powiecie międzyrzeckim,
- gminy Kolsko, część gminy Kozuchów położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 283 biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 290 i na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 290 biegnącej od miasta Mirocín Dolny do zachodniej granicy gminy, część gminy Bytom Odrzański położona na północny zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogi nr 293 i 326, część gminy Nowe Miasteczko położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonych przez drogi 293 i 328, część gminy Siedlisko położona na północny zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę biegnącą od rzeki Odry przy południowe granicy gminy do drogi nr 326 łączącej się z drogą nr 325 biegnącą w kierunku miejscowości Różanówka do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 321 biegnącą od tego skrzyżowania w kierunku miejscowości Bielawy, a następnie przedłużoną przez drogę przeciwpożarową biegnącą od drogi nr 321 w miejscowości Bielawy do granicy gminy w powiecie nowosolskim,
- gminy Nowogród Bobrzański, Trzebiechów część gminy Bojadła położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 278 biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 282 i na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 282 biegnącej od miasta Bojadła do zachodniej granicy gminy i część gminy Sulechów położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S3 w powiecie zielonogórskim,
- powiat żarski,
- gminy Brzeźnica, Iłowa, Małomice, Szprotawa, Wymiarki, Żagań, miasto Żagań, miasto Gozdnicza, część gminy Niegosławice położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 328 w powiecie żagańskim,
- gminy Lubrza, Łagów i Świebodzin w powiecie świebodzińskim,

w województwie dolnośląskim:

- gmina Pęcław, część gminy Kotla położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez rzekę Krzycki Rów, część gminy wiejskiej Głogów położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogi nr 12, 319 oraz 329, część miasta Głogów położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 12 w powiecie głogowskim,
- gminy Grębocice i Polkowice w powiecie polkowickim,

w województwie wielkopolskim:

- gminy Przemęt i Wolsztyn w powiecie wolsztyńskim,

- gmina Wielichowo część gminy Kamieniec położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 308 i część gminy Rakoniewice położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 305 w powiecie grodziskim,
- gminy Lipno, Osieczna, Wijewo, Włoszakowice i część gminy Świąciechowa położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 12 w powiecie leszczyńskim,
- gmina Śmigiel, część gminy wiejskiej Kościan położona na południowy – wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 5 oraz na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez kanał Obry, część gminy Krzywiń położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez kanał Obry w powiecie kościańskim,
- powiat miejski Leszno,
- powiat obornicki,
- część gminy Połajewo na położona na południe od drogi łączącej miejscowości Chraplewo, Tarnówko-Boruszyn, Krosin, Jakubowo, Połajewo – ul. Ryczywolska do północno-wschodniej granicy gminy w powiecie czarnkowsko-trzcianeckim,
- gmina Suchy Las, część gminy wiejskiej Murowana Goślina położona na północ od linii kolejowej biegnącej od północnej granicy miasta Murowana Goślina do północno-wschodniej granicy gminy oraz część gminy Rokietnica położona na północ i na wschód od linii kolejowej biegnącej od północnej granicy gminy w miejscowości Krzyszkowo do południowej granicy gminy w miejscowości Kiekrz w powiecie poznańskim,
- część gminy Szamotuły położona na wschód od wschodniej granicy miasta Szamotuły i na północ od linii kolejowej biegnącej od południowej granicy miasta Szamotuły do południowo-wschodniej granicy gminy oraz część gminy Obrzycko położona na wschód od drogi nr 185 łączącej miejscowości Gaj Mały, Słopanowo i Obrzycko do północnej granicy miasta Obrzycko, a następnie na wschód od drogi przebiegającej przez miejscowość Chraplewo w powiecie szamotulskim.

w województwie łódzkim:

- gminy Białaczów, Drzewica, Opoczno i Poświętne w powiecie opoczyńskim,
- gminy Biała Rawska, Regnów i Sadkowiec w powiecie rawskim,
- gmina Kowiesy w powiecie skierniewickim,

w województwie zachodniopomorskim:

- gmina Boleszkowice i część gminy Dębno położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 126 biegnącą od zachodniej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 23 w miejscowości Dębno, następnie na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 23 do skrzyżowania z ul. Jana Pawła II w miejscowości Cychry, następnie na południe od ul. Jana Pawła II do skrzyżowania z ul. Ogrodową i dalej na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez ul. Ogrodową, której przedłużenie biegnie do wschodniej granicy gminy w powiecie myśliborskim,
- gminy Mieszkowice, Moryń, część gminy Cedynia położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 124 biegnącą od zachodniej granicy gminy do miasta Cedynia, a następnie na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 125 biegnącą od miasta Cedynia do wschodniej granicy gminy w powiecie gryfińskim.

7. Slovakia

The following restricted zones II in Slovakia:

- the whole district of Gelnica,
- the whole district of Spišská Nová Ves,
- the whole district of Levoča,
- in the district of Michalovce, the whole municipalities of the district not included in Part I,
- the whole district of Košice-okolie,
- the whole district of Rožnava, except the municipalities included in Part I,
- the whole city of Košice,
- the whole district of Sobrance,

- in the district of Vranov nad Topľou, the whole municipalities of Zámutov, Rudlov, Jusková Voľa, Banské, Cabov, Davidov, Kamenná Poruba, Večec, Čaklov, Sol', Komárany, Čičava, Nižný Kručov, Vranov nad Topľou, Sačurov, Sečovská Polianka, Dlhé Klčovo, Nižný Hrušov, Poša, Nižný Hrabovec, Hencovce, Kučín, Majerovce, Sedliská, Kladzany and Tovarnianska Polianka, Herrmanovce nad Topľou, Petrovce, Pavlovce, Hanušovce nad Topľou, Medzianky, Radvanovce, Babie, Vlača, Ďurd'oš, Prosačov, Remeniny, Skrabské, Bystré, Petkovce, Michalok, Vyšný Žipov, Čierne nad Topľou, Zlatník, Hlinné, Jastrabie nad Topľou, Merník,
- the whole district of Prešov,
- in the whole district of Sabinov,
- in the district of Svidník, the whole municipalities of Dukovce, Želmanovce, Kuková, Kalnište, Lužany pri Ondave, Lúčka, Giraltovce, Kračúnovce, Železník, Kobylince, Mičakovce,
- the whole district of Bardejov,
- in the district of Stará Ľubovňa, the whole municipalities of Kyjov, Pusté Pole, Šarišské Jastrabie, Čirč, Ruská Voľa nad Popradom, Obručné, Vislanka, Ďurková, Plaveč, Ľubotín, Orlov,
- in the district of Revúca, the whole municipalities of Gemer, Tornaľa, Žiar, Gemerská Ves, Levkuška, Otročok, Polina, Rašice, Licince, Leváre, Držkovce, Chvalová, Sekerešovo, Višňové, Gemerské Teplice, Gemerský Sad, Hucín, Jelšava, Nadraž, Prihradzany, Šivetice, Kameňany,
- in the district of Rimavská Sobota, the whole municipalities of Abovce, Barca, Bátka, Cakov, Chanava, Dulovo, Figa, Gemerské Michalovce, Hubovo, Ivanice, Kaloša, Kesovce, Kráľ, Lenartovce, Lenka, Neporadza, Orávka, Radnovce, Rakytník, Riečka, Rimavská Seč, Rumince, Stránska, Uzovská Panica, Valice, Vieska nad Blhom, Vlkyňa, Vyšné Valice, Včelince, Zádor, Číž, Štrkovec Tomášovce, Žíp, Španie Pole, Hostišovce, Budikovany, Teplý Vrch, Veľký Blh, Janice, Chrámec, Orávka, Martinová, Bottovo, Dubovec, Šimonovce, Širkovce Drňa, Hostice, Gemerské Dechtáre, Jestice, Petrovce, Dubno, Gemerský Jablonec,
- in the district of Veľký Krtíš, the whole municipalities of Luboriečka, Muľa, Dolná Strehová, Závada, Pravica, Chrtány, Senné, Brusník, Horná Strehová, Slovenské Kľačany, Vieska, Veľký Lom, Suché Brezovo, Horné Strháre, Dolné Strháre, Modrý Kameň, Veľký Krtíš, Veľké Zlievce, Malé Zlievce, Veľké Stračiny, Malé Stračiny, Bušince, Čeláre, Gabušovce, Zombor, Olováry, Malý Krtíš, Nová Ves
- in the district of Lučenec the whole municipalities of Kalonda, Panické Dravce, Halič, Mašková, Lehôtka, Ľuboreč, Jelšovec, Veľká nad Ipľom, Trenč, Rapovce, Mučín, Lipovany.

8. Germany

The following restricted zones II in Germany:

Bundesland Brandenburg:

- Landkreis Oder-Spree:
- Gemeinde Grunow-Dammendorf,
- Gemeinde Mixdorf
- Gemeinde Schlaubetal,
- Gemeinde Neuzelle,
- Gemeinde Neißemünde,
- Gemeinde Lawitz,
- Gemeinde Eisenhüttenstadt,
- Gemeinde Vogelsang,
- Gemeinde Ziltendorf,
- Gemeinde Wiesenau,
- Gemeinde Friedland,

- Gemeinde Siehdichum
- Gemeinde Müllrose,
- Gemeinde Groß Lindow,
- Gemeinde Brieskow-Finkenheerd,
- Gemeinde Ragow-Merz,
- Gemeinde Beeskow,
- Gemeinde Rietz-Neuendorf mit den Gemarkungen Groß Rietz und Birkholz,
- Gemeinde Tauche mit den Gemarkungen Stremmen, Ranzig, Trebatsch, Sabrodt, Sawall, Mitweide und Tauche,
- Landkreis Dahme-Spreewald:
 - Gemeinde Jamlitz,
 - Gemeinde Lieberose,
 - Gemeinde Schwielochsee mit den Gemarkungen Goyatz, Jessern, Lamsfeld, Ressen, Speichrow und Zaue,
- Landkreis Spree-Neiße:
 - Gemeinde Schenkendöbern mit den Gemarkungen Stakow, Reicherskreuz, Groß Drewitz, Sembten, Lauschütz, Krayne, Lübbinchen, Grano, Pinnow, Bärenklau, Schenkendöbern und Atterwasch,
 - Gemeinde Guben mit den Gemarkungen Bresinchen, Guben und Deulowitz,
- Landkreis Märkisch-Oderland:
 - Gemeinde Zechin,
 - Gemeinde Bleyen-Genschmar,
 - Gemeinde Golzow,
 - Gemeinde Küstriner Vorland,
 - Gemeinde Alt Tucheband,
 - Gemeinde Reitwein,
 - Gemeinde Podelzig,
 - Gemeinde Letschin mit der Gemarkung Sophienthal,
 - Gemeinde Seelow – östlich der Bahnstrecke RB 60,
 - Gemeinde Vierlinden – östlich der Bahnstrecke RB 60,
 - Gemeinde Lindendorf – östlich der Bahnstrecke RB 60,
 - Gemeinde Fichtenhöhe – östlich der Bahnstrecke RB 60,
 - Gemeinde Lebus mit den Gemarkungen Lebus und Mallnow – östlich der Bahnstrecke RB 60,
- Bundesland Sachsen:
 - Landkreis Görlitz:
 - Gemeinde Bad Muskau,
 - Gemeinde Krauschwitz i.d. O.L. östlich der Linie: Straßenzug B115/B156 nördlicher Teil (Jämlitzer Weg) bis Abzweig Forstweg, weiter entlang des Wildzaunes: Forstweg – Bautzener Straße – Waldstück „Drachenberge“ – S126 bis B115,
 - Gemeinde Hähnichen östlich der B115,
 - Gemeinde Horka nördlich der Bahnstrecke DB6207 'Roßlau (Elbe) – Horka – Grenze DE/PL',
 - Gemeinde Neißeau nördlich der Bahnstrecke DB6207 'Roßlau (Elbe) – Horka – Grenze DE/PL',
 - Gemeinde Niesky östlich der B115 und nördlich der Bahnstrecke DB6207 'Roßlau (Elbe) – Horka – Grenze DE/PL',

- Gemeinde Rietschen östlich der B115,
- Gemeinde Rothenburg/O.L. nördlich der Bahnstrecke DB6207 'Roßlau (Elbe) – Horka – Grenze DE/PL',
- Gemeinde Weißkeißel östlich der B115 sowie Gebiet westlich der B115 und nördlich der S126 (Friedhof).

PART III

1. Bulgaria

The following restricted zones III in Bulgaria:

- the whole region of Blagoevgrad,
- the whole region of Dobrich,
- the whole region of Gabrovo,
- the whole region of Kardzhali,
- the whole region of Lovech,
- the whole region of Montana,
- the whole region of Pleven,
- the whole region of Razgrad,
- the whole region of Ruse,
- the whole region of Shumen,
- the whole region of Silistra,
- the whole region of Sliven,
- the whole region of Sofia city,
- the whole region of Sofia Province,
- the whole region of Targovishte,
- the whole region of Vidin,
- the whole region of Varna,
- the whole region of Veliko Tarnovo,
- the whole region of Vratza,
- in Burgas region:
 - the whole municipality of Burgas,
 - the whole municipality of Kameno,
 - the whole municipality of Malko Tarnovo,
 - the whole municipality of Primorsko,
 - the whole municipality of Sozopol,
 - the whole municipality of Sredets,
 - the whole municipality of Tsarevo,
 - the whole municipality of Sungurlare,
 - the whole municipality of Ruen,
 - the whole municipality of Aytos.

2. Latvia

The following restricted zones III in Latvia:

- Aizputes novada Kalvenes pagasta daļa uz austrumiem no ceļa pie Vārtājas upes līdz autoceļam A9, uz ziemeļiem no autoceļa A9, uz austrumiem no autoceļa V1200, Kazdangas pagasta daļa uz austrumiem no ceļa V1200, P115, P117, V1296,

- Kuldīgas novada, Laidu pagasta daļa uz dienvidiem no autoceļa V1296,
- Skrundas novada Rudbāržu, Nīkrāces pagasts, Raņķu pagasta daļa uz dienvidiem no autoceļa V1272 līdz robežai ar Ventas upi, Skrundas pagasts (izņemot pagasta daļa no Skrundas uz ziemeļiem no autoceļa A9 un austrumiem no Ventas upes), Skrundas pilsēta,
- Vaiņodes novada Embūtes pagasta daļa uz ziemeļiem autoceļa P116, P106.

3. Lithuania

The following restricted zones III in Lithuania:

- Jurbarko rajono savivaldybė: Seredžiaus ir Juodaičių seniūnijos,
- Kauno rajono savivaldybė: Čekiškės seniūnija, Babtų seniūnijos dalis į vakarus nuo kelio A1 ir Vilkijos apylinkių seniūnijos dalis į rytus nuo kelio Nr. 1907,
- Kėdainių rajono savivaldybė: Pernaravos seniūnija ir Josvainių seniūnijos pietvakarinė dalis tarp kelio Nr. 229 ir Nr. 2032,
- Plungės rajono savivaldybė: Alsėdžių, Babrungo, Paukštakių, Platelių ir Žemaičių Kalvarijos seniūnijos,
- Raseinių rajono savivaldybė: Ariogalos ir Ariogalos miesto seniūnijos,
- Skuodo rajono savivaldybės: Barstyčių, Notėnų ir Šačių seniūnijos.

4. Poland

The following restricted zones III in Poland:

w województwie warmińsko-mazurskim:

- gminy Bisztynek i Bartoszyce z miastem Bartoszyce w powiecie bartoszyckim,
- gminy Kiwity i Lidzbark Warmiński z miastem Lidzbark Warmiński w powiecie lidzbarskim,
- gminy Łukta, Morąg, Miłakowo, część gminy Małydy położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S7, część gminy Miłomłyn położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S7, część gminy wiejskiej Ostróda położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S7 oraz na północ od drogi nr 16, część miasta Ostróda położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr w powiecie ostródzkim,
- powiat olecki,
- gminy Barczewo, Gietrzwałd, Jeziorany, Jonkowo, Dywity, Dobre Miasto, Purda, Stawiguda, Świątki, część gminy Olsztynek położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S51 biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy do miejscowości Ameryka oraz na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę biegnącą od skrzyżowania z drogą S51 do północnej granicy gminy, łączącej miejscowości Mańki – Mycyny – Ameryka w powiecie olsztyńskim,
- powiat miejski Olsztyn,

w województwie podlaskim:

- część gminy Bakałarzewo położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę 653 biegnącej od zachodniej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą 1122B oraz na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 1122B biegnącą od drogi 653 w kierunku południowym do skrzyżowania z drogą 1124B i następnie na południowy – zachód od drogi nr 1124B biegnącej od skrzyżowania z drogą 1122B do granicy z gminą Raczki w powiecie suwalskim,

w województwie mazowieckim:

- gminy Łaskarzew z miastem Łaskarzew, Maciejowice, Sobolew, Trojanów, Żelechów, część gminy Wilga położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez rzekę Wilga biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy do ujścia do rzeki Wisły, część gminy Górzno położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę łączącą miejscowości Łąki i Górzno biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy, następnie od miejscowości Górzno na południe od drogi nr 1328W biegnącej od drogi nr 17, a następnie na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę biegnącą od drogi nr 17 do zachodniej granicy gminy przez miejscowości Józefów i Kobyła Wola w powiecie garwolińskim,

- część gminy Iłża położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 9 w powiecie radomskim,
 - gmina Kazanów w powiecie zwoleńskim,
 - gminy Ciepeliów, Lipsko, Rzecznów i Sienno w powiecie lipskim,
- w województwie lubelskim:
- powiat tomaszowski,
 - gminy Białopole, Dubienka, Kamień, Żmudź, część gminy Dorohusk położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową, część gminy Wojsławice położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę 1839L, część gminy Leśniowice położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę 1839L w powiecie chełmskim,
 - gmina Rudnik i część gminy Żółkiewka położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 842 w powiecie krasnostawskim,
 - powiat zamojski,
 - powiat miejski Zamość,
 - powiat biłgorajski,
 - powiat hrubieszowski,
 - gminy Dzwola i Chrzanów w powiecie janowskim,
 - gmina Serokomla w powiecie łukowskim,
 - gminy Abramów, Kamionka, Michów, Lubartów z miastem Lubartów, Firlej, Jeziorzany, Kock, Ostrówek w powiecie lubartowskim,
 - gminy Kłoczew, Stężycza, Ułęż i część gminy Ryki położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową w powiecie ryckim,
 - gmina Baranów w powiecie puławskim,
- w województwie podkarpackim:
- gminy Cieszanów, Horyniec – Zdrój, Narol i Stary Dzików w powiecie lubaczowskim,
 - gminy Kuryłówka, Nowa Sarzyna, miasto Leżajsk, część gminy wiejskiej Leżajsk położona na północ od miasta Leżajsk oraz część gminy wiejskiej Leżajsk położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez rzekę San, w powiecie leżajskim,
 - gminy Krzeszów, Rudnik nad Sanem, część gminy Harasiuki położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 1048 R, część gminy Ulanów położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez rzekę Tanew, część gminy Nisko położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 19 oraz na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez linię kolejową biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 19, część gminy Jeżowe położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 19 w powiecie niżańskim,
 - gminy Chłopice, Jarosław z miastem Jarosław, Laszki, Wiązownica, Pawłosiów, Radymno z miastem Radymno, w powiecie jarosławskim,
 - gmina Stubno w powiecie przemyskim,
 - część gminy Kamień położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 19 w powiecie rzeszowskim,
 - gminy Adamówka, Sieniawa, Tryńcza, miasto Przeworsk, część gminy wiejskiej Przeworsk położona na wschód od miasta Przeworsk i na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez autostradę A4 biegnącą od granicy z gminą Tryńcza do granicy miasta Przeworsk, część gminy Zarzecze położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 1594R biegnącą od północnej granicy gminy do miejscowości Zarzecze oraz na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogi nr 1617R oraz 1619R biegnącą do południowej granicy gminy w powiecie przeworskim,

w województwie lubuskim:

- gminy Nowa Sól i miasto Nowa Sól, Otyń oraz część gminy Kozuchów położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 283 biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 290 i na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 290 biegnącej od miasta Mirocin Dolny do zachodniej granicy gminy, część gminy Bytom Odrzański położona na południowy wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogi nr 293 i 326, część gminy Nowe Miasteczko położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonych przez drogi 293 i 328, część gminy Siedlisko położona na południowy wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę biegnącą od rzeki Odry przy południowej granicy gminy do drogi nr 326 łączącej się z drogą nr 325 biegnącą w kierunku miejscowości Różanówka do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 321 biegnącą od tego skrzyżowania w kierunku miejscowości Bielawy, a następnie przedłużoną przez drogę przeciwpożarową biegnącą od drogi nr 321 w miejscowości Bielawy do granicy gminy w powiecie nowosolskim,
- gminy Babimost, Czerwieńsk, Kargowa, Świdnica, Zabór, część gminy Bojadła położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 278 biegnącą od wschodniej granicy gminy do skrzyżowania z drogą nr 282 i na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 282 biegnącej od miasta Bojadła do zachodniej granicy gminy i część gminy Sulechów położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr S3 w powiecie zielonogórskim,
- część gminy Niegosławice położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 328 w powiecie żagańskim,
- powiat miejski Zielona Góra,
- gminy Skąpe, Szczaniec i Zbąszynek w powiecie świebodzińskim,
- gminy Bobrowice, Dąbie, Krosno Odrzańskie i część gminy Bytnica położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 1157F w powiecie krośnieńskim,
- część gminy Trzciel położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 92 w powiecie międzyrzeckim,

w województwie wielkopolskim:

- gmina Zbąszyń, część gminy Miedzichowo położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 92, część gminy Nowy Tomyśl położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 305 w powiecie nowotomyskim,
- gmina Siedlec w powiecie wolsztyńskim,
- część gminy Rakoniewice położona na wschód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 305 w powiecie grodziskim,
- gminy Chocz, Czermin, Gołuchów, Pleszew i część gminy Gizałki położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 443 w powiecie pleszewskim,
- część gminy Grodziec położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 443 w powiecie konińskim,
- gminy Blizanów, Stawiszyn, Żelazków w powiecie kaliskim,

w województwie dolnośląskim:

- gminy Jerzmanowa, Żukowice, część gminy Kotla położona na południe od linii wyznaczonej przez rzekę Krzycki Rów, część gminy wiejskiej Głogów położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogi nr 12, 319 oraz 329, część miasta Głogów położona na zachód od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 12 w powiecie głogowskim,
- gminy Gaworzycze, Radwanice i część gminy Przemków położona na północ od linii wyznaczonej przez drogę nr 12 w powiecie polkowickim,

w województwie świętokrzyskim:

- część gminy Brody położona na wschód od linii kolejowej biegnącej od miejscowości Marcule i od północnej granicy gminy przez miejscowości Klepacze i Karczma Kunowska do południowej granicy gminy w powiecie starachowickim.

5. Romania

The following restricted zones III in Romania:

- Zona oraşului Bucureşti,
- Judeţul Constanţa,
- Judeţul Satu Mare,
- Judeţul Tulcea,
- Judeţul Bacău,
- Judeţul Bihor,
- Judeţul Bistriţa Năsăud,
- Judeţul Brăila,
- Judeţul Buzău,
- Judeţul Călăraşi,
- Judeţul Dâmboviţa,
- Judeţul Galaţi,
- Judeţul Giurgiu,
- Judeţul Ialomiţa,
- Judeţul Ilfov,
- Judeţul Prahova,
- Judeţul Sălaj,
- Judeţul Suceava
- Judeţul Vaslui,
- Judeţul Vrancea,
- Judeţul Teleorman,
- Judeţul Mehedinţi,
- Judeţul Gorj,
- Judeţul Argeş,
- Judeţul Olt,
- Judeţul Dolj,
- Judeţul Arad,
- Judeţul Timiş,
- Judeţul Covasna,
- Judeţul Braşov,
- Judeţul Botoşani,
- Judeţul Vâlcea,
- Judeţul Iaşi,
- Judeţul Hunedoara,
- Judeţul Alba,
- Judeţul Sibiu,
- Judeţul Caraş-Severin,
- Judeţul Neamţ,
- Judeţul Harghita,
- Judeţul Mureş,
- Judeţul Cluj,
- Judeţul Maramureş.

6. Slovakia

The following restricted zones III in Slovakia:

- the whole district of Trebišov.

7. Italy

The following restricted zones III in Italy:

tutto il territorio della Sardegna.

ANNEX II

REINFORCED BIOSECURITY MEASURES FOR ESTABLISHMENTS OF KEPT PORCINE ANIMALS LOCATED IN RESTRICTED ZONES I, II AND III

(as referred to in Article 16(1)(b)(i))

1. The following reinforced biosecurity measures, as referred to in Article 16(1)(b)(i) shall apply to establishments of kept porcine animals located in restricted zones I, II and III situated in the Member States concerned in the case of authorised movements of consignments of:
 - (a) porcine animals kept in restricted zones I, II and III outside those zones as provided for in Articles 22, 23, 24, 25, 28 and 29;
 - (b) germinal products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone as provided for in Articles 31 and 32;
 - (c) animal by-products obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zone II outside that zone as provided for in Articles 35 and 37;
 - (d) fresh meat, meat products, including casings, obtained from porcine animals kept in restricted zones II and III outside those zones as provided for in Articles 38, 39 and 40.

2. The operators of establishments of kept porcine animals located in restricted zones I, II and III situated in the Member States concerned in the case of authorised movements outside those zones shall ensure that the following reinforced biosecurity measures are applied in establishments of kept porcine animals:
 - (a) there must be no direct or indirect contact between kept porcine animals and at least:
 - (i) other kept porcine animals from other establishments;
 - (ii) wild porcine animals;
 - (b) appropriate hygienic measures such as a change of clothes and footwear on entering and leaving the premises where porcine animals are kept;
 - (c) washing and disinfection of hands and disinfection of footwear at the entrance to the premises where porcine animals are kept;
 - (d) the absence of any contact with kept porcine animals for a period of at least 48 hours after any hunting activity related to wild porcine animals or any other contact with wild porcine animals;
 - (e) a prohibition on unauthorized persons or means of transport entering the establishment, including the premises, where porcine animals are kept;
 - (f) adequate record-keeping of persons and means of transport accessing the establishment where the porcine animals are kept;
 - (g) the premises and buildings of the establishment where porcine animals are kept must:
 - (i) be built in such a way that no other animals can enter the premises and buildings or have contact with the kept porcine animals or their feed and bedding material;
 - (ii) allow for the washing and disinfection of hands;
 - (iii) allow for the cleaning and disinfection of the premises;
 - (iv) have appropriate changing facilities for footwear and clothes at the entrance to the premises where porcine animals are kept;
 - (h) stock-proof fencing of at least the premises where the porcine animals are kept and buildings where feed and bedding are kept;
 - (i) a biosecurity plan approved by the competent authority of the Member State concerned taking account of the profile of the establishment and national legislation must be in place; that biosecurity plan shall at least include:
 - (i) the establishment of the 'clean' and 'dirty' areas for personnel appropriate to the farm typology, such as changing rooms, shower, dining room;
 - (ii) the setting up and the review, when applicable, of the logistical arrangements for the entry of new kept porcine animals into the establishment;

- (iii) the procedures for the cleaning and disinfection of the facilities, transport, equipment and personnel hygiene;
 - (iv) rules on food for personnel on site and a prohibition on the keeping of porcine animals by the personnel, where relevant and if applicable;
 - (v) dedicated recurrent awareness programme for personnel on the establishment;
 - (vi) the setting up and the review, when applicable, of logistical arrangements in order to ensure a proper separation between different epidemiological units and to avoid porcine animals being in contact, directly or indirectly, with animal by-products and other units;
 - (vii) the procedures and instructions for enforcement of biosecurity requirements during the construction or repair of the premises or buildings;
 - (viii) internal audit or self-evaluation for enforcing the biosecurity measures.
-