

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1295/2000

of 20 June 2000

amending Annexes II and III to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 laying down a Community procedure for the establishment of maximum residue limits of veterinary medicinal products in foodstuffs of animal origin

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

therefore also always be established for muscle or fat tissues.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

(5) In the case of veterinary medicinal products intended for use in laying birds, lactating animals or honey bees, maximum residue limits must also be established for eggs, milk or honey.

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 of 26 June 1990 laying down a Community procedure for the establishment of maximum residue limits of veterinary medicinal products in foodstuffs of animal origin ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1286/2000 ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 7 and 8 thereof,

(6) Toldimfos should be inserted into Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90.

(7) In order to allow for the completion of scientific studies, amprolium and permethrin should be inserted into Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90.

Whereas:

(8) An adequate period should be allowed before the entry into force of this Regulation in order to allow Member States to make any adjustment which may be necessary to the authorisations to place the veterinary medicinal products concerned on the market which have been granted in accordance with Council Directive 81/851/EEC ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Directive 93/40/EEC ⁽⁴⁾ to take account of the provisions of this Regulation.

(1) In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90, maximum residue limits must be established progressively for all pharmacologically active substances which are used within the Community in veterinary medicinal products intended for administration to food-producing animals.

(9) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on veterinary medicinal products,

(2) Maximum residue limits should be established only after the examination within the Committee for veterinary medicinal products of all the relevant information concerning the safety of residues of the substance concerned for the consumer of foodstuffs of animal origin and the impact of residues on the industrial processing of foodstuffs.

HAS ADOPTED THE FOLLOWING REGULATION:

(3) In establishing maximum residue limits for residues of veterinary medicinal products in foodstuffs of animal origin, it is necessary to specify the animal species in which residues may be present, the levels which may be present in each of the relevant meat tissues obtained from the treated animal (target tissue) and the nature of the residue which is relevant for the monitoring of residues (marker residue).

Article 1

Annexes II and III to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 are hereby amended as set out in the Annex hereto.

(4) For the control of residues, as provided for in appropriate Community legislation, maximum residue limits should usually be established for the target tissues of liver or kidney. However, the liver and kidney are frequently removed from carcasses moving in international trade, and maximum residue limits should

*Article 2*This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply from the 60th day following its publication.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 1.⁽²⁾ OJ L 145, 20.6.2000, p. 15.⁽³⁾ OJ L 317, 6.11.1981, p. 1.⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 214, 24.8.1993, p. 31.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 June 2000.

For the Commission
Erkki LIIKANEN
Member of the Commission

ANNEX

A. The following substance is inserted in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 (List of substances not subject to maximum residue limits)

2. Organic compounds

Pharmacologically active substance(s)		Animal species	Other provisions
'Toldimfos		All food producing species'	

B. The following substances are inserted in Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 (List of pharmacologically active substances used in veterinary medicinal products for which provisional maximum residue limits have been fixed)

2.2. Agents acting against ectoparasites

2.2.3. Pyrethroids

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Marker residue	Animal species	MRL	Target tissues	Other provisions
'Permethrin	Permethrin (sum of isomers)	Bovine, caprine	100 µg/kg 500 µg/kg 50 µg/kg 50 µg/kg 50 µg/kg	Muscle Fat Liver Kidney Milk Further provisions in Commission Directive 98/82/EC are to be observed (OJ L 290, 29.10.1998, p. 25.)	Provisional MRLs expire on 1.1.2001'
		Porcine, chicken	100 µg/kg 500 µg/kg 50 µg/kg 50 µg/kg 50 µg/kg	Muscle Skin and fat Liver Kidney Eggs	
		Chicken			

2.4. Agents acting against protozoa

2.4.4. Other anti-protozoal agents

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Marker residue	Animal species	MRL	Target tissues	Other provisions
'Amprolium	Amprolium	Chicken, turkey	200 µg/kg 200 µg/kg 200 µg/kg 400 µg/kg 1 000 µg/kg	Muscle Skin and fat Liver Kidney Eggs	Provisional MRLs expire on 1.1.2002'