## **COMMISSION DECISION**

### of 9 September 1991

# establishing a list of ingredients whose use is prohibited in compound feedingstuffs

(91/516/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 79/373/EEC of 2 April 1979 on the marketing of compound feedingstuffs (1), as last amended by Directive 90/654/EEC (2), and in particular Article 10 (c) thereof,

Whereas Directive 79/373/EEC applies without prejudice to, inter alia, Council Directive 82/471/EEC of 30 June 1982 concerning certain products used in animal nutrition (3), as last amended by Directive 90/654/EEC; whereas this latter Directive provides that such products which fulfil its requirements may be marketed as feedingstuffs or incorporated in feedingstuffs;

Whereas Council Directive 74/63/EEC of 17 December 1973 concerning undesirable substances and products in animal nutrition (4), as last amended by Directive 91/126/EEC (5), is concerned only with those substances and products whose presence it is impossible to exclude totally from feedingstuffs and its constituents; whereas this Directive applies without prejudice to other Community provisions on feedingstuffs;

Whereas Member States were, until now, able to require that compound feedingstuffs marketed on their territories be free of certain ingredients;

Whereas it is necessary to remove the barriers to intra-Community trade resulting from such restrictions by adopting, at Community level, a list of ingredients whose use as such should be prohibited;

Whereas the use in feedingstuffs of protein products obtained from Candida yeasts cultivated on n-alkanes has already been prohibited by Commission Decision 85/382/EEC (6);

Whereas veterinary legislation regulates the eradication and control of certain animal diseases within the Community; in particular Council Directive 90/667/EEC (7), veterinary rules for the disposal and processing of animal waste, for its placing on the market and for the prevention of pathogens in feedingstuffs of animal origin; whereas Member States are still authorized to take, on a provisional basis, certain eradication measures at national

Whereas Directive 79/373/EEC provides that a list of ingredients whose use is prohibited for animal and public health reasons shall be established in the light of advances in scientific and technical knowledge;

Whereas this list reflects the situation at the moment of its establishment and remains open to later amendments and additions:

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee for Feedingstuffs.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

## Article 1

The use of the ingredients listed in the Annex is prohibited in compound feedingstuffs.

# Article 2

This Decision applies without prejudice to the provisions on micro-organisms in feedingstuffs, to the national measures referred to in Article 1 (2) of Council Directive 90/667/EEC, and to Articles 16 and 20 of that Directive.

#### Article 3

This Decision shall apply from 22 January 1992.

### Article 4

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 September 1991.

For the Commission Ray MAC SHARRY Member of the Commission

OJ No L 86, 6. 4. 1979, p. 30. OJ No L 353, 17. 12. 1990, p. 48. OJ No L 213, 21. 7. 1982, p. 8.

OJ No L 38, 11. 2. 1974, p. 31. OJ No L 60, 7. 3. 1991, p. 16. OJ No L 217, 10. 7. 1985, p. 27.

OJ No L 363, 27. 12. 1990, p. 51.

## ANNEX

# List of prohibited ingredients

- Faeces, urine as well as separated digestive tract content resulting from the emptying or removal of the digestive tract, irrespective of any form of treatment or admixture.
- 2. Leather and leather waste.
- 3. Seeds and other plant propagating materials which, after harvest, have undergone specific treatment with plant protection products for their intended use (propagation), and any derived by-products.
- 4. Wood, sawdust and other materials derived from wood treated with wood protection products.
- 5. Sludge from sewage plants treating waste waters.