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**COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 2597/95
of 23 October 1995**

**on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States fishing in certain areas other than
those of the North Atlantic**

(OJ L 270, 13.11.1995, p. 1)

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▼B**COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 2597/95****of 23 October 1995****on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States
fishing in certain areas other than those of the North Atlantic**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission⁽¹⁾,Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament⁽²⁾,

Whereas the European Community has acquired membership of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO);

Whereas the protocol established between the Council of the European Union and the Commission of the European Communities provides for the Commission to supply FAO with the requested statistics;

Whereas in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity the objectives of the proposed action can only be achieved on the basis of a Community legal act because only the Commission can coordinate the necessary harmonization of the statistical information at Community level while the collection of fishery statistics and the necessary infrastructure to process and monitor the reliability of these statistics is first and foremost the responsibility of the Member States;

Whereas the specific method of drawing up the relevant Community statistics, which is based on the national statistical systems, requires particularly close cooperation between the Commission and the Member States, in particular within the Standing Committee for Agricultural Statistics set up by Decision 72/279/EEC⁽³⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Each Member State shall submit to the Commission data on the nominal catches by vessels registered in or flying the flag of that Member State fishing in certain areas other than those of the North Atlantic, with due regard to Council Regulation (Euratom, EEC) No 1588/90 of 11 June 1990 on the transmission of data subject to statistical confidentiality to the Statistical Office of the European Communities⁽⁴⁾.

The nominal catch data shall include all fishery products landed or transhipped at sea in no matter what form but shall exclude quantities which, subsequent to capture, are discarded at sea, consumed on board or used as bait on board. The data shall be recorded as the live weight equivalent of the landings or transhipment, to the nearest tonne.

Article 2

1. The data to be submitted shall be the nominal catches in each of the major fishing areas and subdivisions thereof as listed in Annex 1, described in Annex 2 and illustrated in Annex 3. For each of the major fishing areas the species for which data are required are listed in Annex 4.

2. The data for each calendar year shall be submitted within six months of the end of the year.

3. Where the Member State's vessels under Article 1 have not fished in a major fishing area in the calendar year, the Member State shall

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 329, 25. 11. 1994, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 363, 19. 12. 1994, p. 60.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 179, 7. 8. 1972, p. 1.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 151, 15. 6. 1990, p. 1.

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inform the Commission to this effect. However, where fishing has occurred in a major fishing area, submissions shall only be required for species/subdivision combinations for which catches were recorded in the annual period of the submission.

4. The data for species of minor importance caught by the vessels of a Member State need not be individually identified in the submissions but may be included in an aggregated item provided that the weight of the products does not exceed 5 % of the total annual catch in that major fishing area.

5. The lists of statistical fishing areas, or subdivisions thereof, and species may be amended in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 5.

Article 3

Except where provisions adopted under the common fisheries policy dictate otherwise, a Member State shall be permitted to use sampling techniques to derive catch data for those parts of the fleet for which the complete coverage of the data would involve the excessive application of administrative procedures. The details of the sampling procedures, together with details of the proportion of the total data derived by such techniques, must be included by the Member State in the report submitted pursuant to Article 6 (1).

Article 4

Member States shall fulfil their obligations pursuant to Articles 1 and 2 by submitting the data on magnetic medium, the format of which is given in Annex 5.

With the prior approval of the Commission, Member States may submit data in a different form or on a different medium.

Article 5

1. Where the procedure laid down in this Article is to be followed, the chairman shall refer the matter to the Standing Committee on Agricultural Statistics, hereinafter referred to as the 'Committee' either on his own initiative or at the request of the representative of a Member State.

2. The representative of the Commission shall submit to the Committee a draft of the measures to be taken. The Committee shall deliver its opinion on the draft within a time limit which the chairman may lay down according to the urgency of the matter. The opinion shall be delivered by the majority laid down in Article 148 (2) of the EC Treaty in the case of decisions which the Council is required to adopt on a proposal from the Commission. The votes of the representatives of the Member States within the Committee shall be weighted in the manner set out in that Article. The chairman shall not vote.

3. (a) The Commission shall adopt the measures envisaged if they are in accordance with the opinion of the Committee.
- (b) If the measures envisaged are not in accordance with the opinion of the Committee, or if no opinion is delivered, the Commission shall without delay submit to the Council a proposal relating to the measures to be taken. The Council shall act by a qualified majority.

If on the expiry of three months from the date of referral to the Council, the Council has not acted, the proposed measures shall be adopted by the Commission.

Article 6

1. Within twelve months of the entry into force of this Regulation, Member States shall submit a detailed report to the Commission describing how the data on catches are derived and specifying the degree of representativity and reliability of these data. The Commission shall

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draw up a summary of these reports for discussion within the competent Working Group of the Agricultural Statistics Committee.

2. Member States shall inform the Commission of any modifications to the information provided under paragraph 1 within three months of their introduction.

3. Where the methodological reports under paragraph 1 show that a Member State cannot immediately meet the requirements of this Regulation and that changes in survey techniques and methodology are necessary, the Commission may, in cooperation with the Member State within the Standing Committee on Agricultural Statistics, set a transitional period of up to two years during which the programme of this Regulation is to be achieved.

4. Methodological reports, transitional arrangements, data availability, data reliability and other relevant issues connected with the application of this Regulation shall be examined once a year within the competent Working Group of the Agricultural Statistics Committee.

Article 7

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply as from 1 January 1995.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

▼B*ANNEX I***LIST OF THE FAO MAJOR FISHING AREAS AND SUBDIVISIONS
THEREOF FOR WHICH DATA ARE TO BE SUBMITTED**

(The descriptions of these areas and subdivisions are to be found in Annex 2)

EASTERN CENTRAL ATLANTIC (Major fishing area 34)

- 34.1.1. Morocco coastal division
- 34.1.2. Canaries/Madeira insular division
- 34.1.3. Sahara coastal division
- 34.2. Northern oceanic sub-area
- 34.3.1. Cape Verde coastal division
- 34.3.2. Cape Verde insular division
- 34.3.3. Sherbro division
- 34.3.4. Western Gulf of Guinea division
- 34.3.5. Central Gulf of Guinea division
- 34.3.6. Southern Gulf of Guinea division
- 34.4.1. Southwest gulf of Guinea division
- 34.4.2. Southwest oceanic division

MEDITERRANEAN AND BLACK SEA (Major fishing area 37)

- 37.1.1. Balearic division
- 37.1.2. Gulf of Lions division
- 37.1.3. Sardinia division
- 37.2.1. Adriatic division
- 37.2.2. Ionian division
- 37.3.1. Aegean division
- 37.3.2. Levant division
- 37.4.1. Marmara Sea division
- 37.4.2. Black Sea division
- 37.4.3. Azov Sea division

SOUTHWEST ATLANTIC (Major fishing area 41)

- 41.1.1. Amazon division
- 41.1.2. Natal division
- 41.1.3. Salvador division
- 41.1.4. Northern oceanic division
- 41.2.1. Santos division
- 41.2.2. Rio Grande division
- 41.2.3. Platense division
- 41.2.4. Central Oceanic division
- 41.3.1. Northern Patagonian division
- 41.3.2. Southern Patagonian division
- 41.3.3. Southern oceanic division

SOUTHEAST ATLANTIC (Major fishing area 47)

- 47.1.1. Cape Palmeirinhas division
- 47.1.2. Cape Salinas division
- 47.1.3. Cunene division

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- 47.1.4. Cape Cross division
- 47.1.5. Orange River division
- 47.1.6. Cape of Good Hope division
- 47.2.1. Middle Agulhas division
- 47.2.2. Eastern Agulhas division
- 47.3. Southern oceanic sub-area
- 47.4. Tristan da Cunha sub-area
- 47.5. St Helena and Ascension sub-area

WESTERN INDIAN OCEAN (Major fishing area 51)

- 51.1. Red Sea sub-area
- 51.2. Gulf sub-area
- 51.3. Western Arabian Sea sub-area
- 51.4. Eastern Arabian Sea, Laccadive and Sri Lanka sub-area
- 51.5. Somalia, Kenya and Tanzania sub-area
- 51.6. Madagascar and Mozambique Channel sub-area
- 51.7. Oceanic sub-area
- 51.8.1. Marion-Edward division
- 51.8.2. Zambesi division

▼B*ANNEX 2***EASTERN CENTRAL ATLANTIC (Major fishing area 34)**

Annex 3A shows the boundaries and the sub-areas, divisions and subdivisions of the eastern central Atlantic (Major fishing area 34 (eastern central Atlantic)). A description of the area and its sub-areas, divisions and subdivisions follows. The eastern central Atlantic includes all the waters of the Atlantic bounded by a line drawn as follows:

from a point on the high-water mark of North Africa at 5°36' west longitude in a south-westerly direction following the high-water mark along this coast to a point at Ponta do Padrão (6°04'36" south latitude and 12°19'48" east longitude); thence along a rhumb line in a north-westerly direction to a point on 6°00' south latitude and 12°00' east longitude; thence due west along 6°00' south latitude to 20°00' west longitude; thence due north to the Equator; thence due west to 30°00' west longitude; thence due north to 5°00' north latitude; thence due west to 40°00' west longitude, thence due north to 36°00' north latitude; thence due east to Punta Marroqui at 5°36' west longitude; thence due south to the original point on the African coast.

The eastern central Atlantic is subdivided in the following way:

Northern coastal sub-area (Sub-area 34.1)(a) *Morocco coastal division (Division 34.1.1)*

Waters lying between 36°00' north latitude and 26°00' north latitude, and east of a line drawn due south from 36°00' north latitude along 13°00' west longitude to 29°00' north latitude, and thence in south-westerly direction along a rhumb line to a point at 26°00' north latitude and 16°00' west longitude.

(b) *Canaries/Madeira insular (Division 34.1.2)*

Waters lying between 36°00' north latitude and 26°00' north latitude, and between 20°00' west longitude and a line drawn from 36°00' north latitude along 13°00' west longitude to 29°00' north latitude, and thence along a rhumb line to a point at 26°00' north latitude and 16°00' west longitude.

(c) *Sahara coastal division (Division 34.1.3)*

Waters lying between 26°00' north latitude and 19°00' north latitude and east of 20°00' west longitude.

Northern oceanic sub-area (Sub-area 34.2)

Waters lying between 36°00' north latitude and 20°00' north latitude and between 40°00' west longitude and 20°00' west longitude.

Southern coastal sub-area (Sub-area 34.3)(a) *Cape Verde coastal division (Division 34.3.1)*

Waters lying between 19°00' and 9°00' north latitude, and east of 20°00' west longitude.

(b) *Cape Verde insular division (Division 34.3.2)*

Waters lying between 20°00' north latitude and 10°00' north latitude, and between 30°00' west longitude and 20°00' west longitude.

(c) *Sherbro division (Division 34.3.3)*

Waters lying between 9°00' north latitude and the Equator, and between 20°00' west longitude and 8°00' west longitude.

(d) *Western Gulf of Guinea division (Division 34.3.4)*

Waters lying north of the Equator, and between 8°00' west longitude and 3°00' east longitude.

(e) *Central Gulf of Guinea division (Division 34.3.5)*

Waters lying north of the Equator, and east of 3°00' east longitude.

(f) *Southern Gulf of Guinea division (Division 34.3.6)*

Waters lying between the Equator and 6°00' south latitude, and east of 3°00' east longitude. This division includes also the waters of the Congo estuary lying south of 6°00' south latitude included by a line drawn from a point at Ponta do Padrão (6°04'36" south latitude and 12°19'48" east longitude) along a rhumb line in a north-westerly direction to a point on 6°00' south latitude and 12°00' east longitude, and thence due east along 6°00' south latitude to the African coast and thence along the African coast to the original point at Ponta do Padrão.

▼B**Southern oceanic sub-area (Sub-area 34.4)**(a) *Southwest Gulf of Guinea division (Division 34.4.1)*

Waters lying between the Equator and 6°00' south latitude, and between 20°00' west longitude and 3°00' east longitude.

(b) *Southwest Oceanic division (Division 34.4.2)*

Waters lying between 20°00' north latitude and 5°00' north latitude, and between 40°00' west longitude and 30°00' west longitude; waters lying between 10°00' north latitude and the Equator, and between 30°00' west longitude and 20°00' west longitude.

MEDITERRANEAN AND BLACK SEA (Major fishing area 37)

Annex 3B shows the boundaries and the sub-areas and divisions of the Mediterranean and the Black Sea (Major fishing area 37). A description of this area and its subdivisions follows.

The Mediterranean and Black Sea statistical area comprises all the marine waters of (a) the Mediterranean Sea; (b) the Sea of Marmara; (c) the Black Sea and (d) the Sea of Azov. Marine waters include brackish water lagoons and all other areas where fishes and other organisms of marine origin are predominant. The western and south-eastern limits are defined as follows:

- (a) western limit: a line running due south along 5°36' west longitude from Punta Marroqui to the coast of Africa;
- (b) south-eastern limit: the northern (Mediterranean) entrance of the Suez Canal.

THE SUB-AREAS AND DIVISIONS OF THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA STATISTICAL AREA***The western Mediterranean (Sub-area 37.1) comprises the following divisions:***(a) *Balearic (Division 37.1.1)*

The waters of the western Mediterranean bounded by a line commencing on the coast of Africa at the Algerian/Tunisian frontier running due north to 38°00' north latitude; thence due west to 8°00' east longitude; thence due north to 41°20' north latitude; thence westward along a rhumb line to the mainland coast at the eastern end of the frontier between France and Spain; thence following the Spanish coast to Punta Marroqui; thence due south along 5°36' west longitude to the coast of Africa; thence following in an eastwards direction the coast of Africa to the starting point.

(b) *Gulf of Lions (Division 37.1.2)*

The waters of the north-western Mediterranean Sea bounded by a line commencing on the mainland coast at the eastern end of the frontier between France and Spain running eastward along a rhumb line to 8°00' east longitude 41°20' north latitude; thence northward along a rhumb line to the mainland coast at the frontier between France and Italy; thence following in a south-westerly direction the coast of France to the starting point.

(c) *Sardinia (Division 37.1.3)*

The waters of the Tyrrhenian Sea and adjacent waters bounded by a line commencing on the coast of Africa at the Algerian/Tunisian frontier running due north to 38°00' north latitude; thence due west to 8°00' east longitude; thence due north to 41°20' north latitude; thence northward along a rhumb line to the mainland coast at the frontier between France and Italy; thence following the coast of Italy to 38°00' north latitude; thence due west along 38°00' north latitude to the coast of Sicily; thence following the northern coast of Sicily to Trapani; thence along a rhumb line to Cape Bon; thence westwards following the coast of Tunisia to the starting point.

The central Mediterranean (Sub-area 37.2) comprises the following divisions:(a) *Adriatic (Division 37.2.1)*

The waters of the Adriatic Sea north of a line running from the frontier between Albania and the former Republic of Yugoslavia on the east coast of the Adriatic Sea due west to Cape Gargano on the coast of Italy.

(b) *Ionian (Division 37.2.2)*

The waters of the Central Mediterranean and adjacent waters bounded by a line commencing at 25°00' east longitude on the coast of north Africa running due north to 34°00' north latitude; thence due west to 23°00' east longitude; thence due north to the coast of Greece; thence following the west coast of Greece and the coast of Albania to the frontier between Albania and the former Republic of Yugoslavia; thence due west to Cape Gargano on the coast of Italy; thence following the coast of Italy to 38°00' north latitude;

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thence due west along 38°00' north latitude to the coast of Sicily; thence following the northern coast of Sicily to Trapani; thence along a rhumb line from Trapani to Cape Bon; thence eastwards following the coast of north Africa to the starting point.

The eastern Mediterranean (Sub-area 37.3) comprises the following divisions:**(a) Aegean (Division 37.3.1)**

The waters of the Aegean Sea and adjacent waters bounded by a line commencing on the southern coast of Greece at 23°00' east longitude running due south to 34°00' north latitude; thence due east to 29°00' east longitude; thence due north to the coast of Turkey; thence following the western coast of Turkey to Kum Kale; thence along a rhumb line running from Kum Kale to Cape Hellas; thence following the coasts of Turkey and Greece to the starting point.

(b) Levant (Division 37.3.2)

The waters of the Mediterranean Sea east of a line commencing on the coast of north Africa at 25°00' east longitude running due north to 34°00' north latitude; thence due east to 29°00' east longitude; thence due north to the coast of Turkey; thence following the coasts of Turkey and other countries of the eastern Mediterranean to the starting point.

The Black Sea (Sub-area 37.4) comprises the following divisions:**(a) Marmara Sea (Division 37.4.1)**

The waters of the Marmara Sea bounded on the west by a line running from Cape Hellas to Kum Kale at the entrance of the Dardanelles; and on the east by a line running across the Bosphorus from Kumdere.

(b) Black Sea (Division 37.4.2)

The waters of the Black Sea and adjacent waters bounded on the southwest by a line running across the Bosphorus from Kumdere and bounded on the northeast, at a line running from Takil Point on the Kerch peninsula to Panagija Point on the Taman peninsula.

(c) Azov Sea (Division 37.4.3)

The waters of the Azov Sea north of a line running along the southern entrance of the Kerch Strait, commencing from Takil Point at 45°06'N and 36°27'E on the Kerch peninsula, and running across the strait to Panagija Point at 45°08'N and 36°38'E on the Taman peninsula.

SOUTHWEST ATLANTIC (Major fishing area 41)

Annex 3C shows the boundaries and the subdivisions of the southwest Atlantic (Major fishing area 41).

A description of these areas follows.

The southwest Atlantic (Major fishing area 41) shall be defined as the waters bounded by a line starting from the coast of South America along parallel 5°00' north latitude to the meridian at 30°00' west longitude; thence due south to the Equator; thence due east to the meridian at 20°00' west longitude; thence due south to the parallel at 50°00' south latitude; thence due west to the meridian at 50°00' west longitude; thence due south to the parallel at 60°00' south latitude; thence due west to the meridian at 67°16' west longitude; thence due north to the point at 56°22'S 67°16'W; thence due east along a line at 56°22'S to the point at 65°43'W; the following line joining the points at 55°22'S 65°43'W, 55°11'S 66°04'W, 55°07'S 66°25'W; thence in a northerly direction along the coast of South America to the starting point.

The southwest Atlantic is divided into the following divisions:

Amazon division (Division 41.1.1)

All waters bounded by a line starting on the coast of South America at 5°00' north latitude going in along this parallel to where it meets the meridian at 40°00' west longitude; thence due south to the point where this meridian intersects the coast of Brazil; thence in a northwesterly direction along the coast of South America to the starting point.

Natal division (Division 41.1.2)

Waters bounded by a line due north from the coast of Brazil along the meridian at 40°00' west longitude to where it meets the Equator; thence due east along the Equator to the meridian at 32°00'W; thence due south to the parallel at 10°00' south latitude; thence due west to where the parallel at 10°00'S meets the coast of South America; thence in a northerly direction along the coast of South America to the starting point.

▼B*Salvador division (Division 41.1.3)*

Waters bounded by a line due east from the coast of South America at 10°00' south latitude to where it meets the meridian at 35°00' west longitude; thence due south to the parallel at 20°00' south latitude; thence due west along this parallel to the coast of South America; thence in a northerly direction along the coast of South America to the starting point.

Northern oceanic division (Division 41.1.4)

Waters bounded by a line due east from 5°00'N 40°00'W to the meridian at 30°00' west longitude; thence due south to the Equator; thence due east to the meridian at 20°00' west longitude; thence due south to the parallel at 20°00' south latitude; thence due west to the meridian at 35°00' west longitude; thence due north to the parallel at 10°00' south latitude; thence due east to the meridian at 32°00' west longitude; thence due north to the Equator; thence due west to the meridian at 40°00' west longitude; thence due north to the starting point.

Santos division (Division 41.2.1)

Waters bounded by a line due east from the coast of South America at 20°00' south latitude to where it meets the meridian at 39°00' west longitude; thence due south to the parallel at 29°00' south latitude; thence due west along this parallel to the coast of South America; thence in a northerly direction along the coast of South America to the starting point.

Rio Grande division (Division 41.2.2)

Waters bounded by a line due east from the coast of South America at 29°00' south latitude to where it meets the meridian at 45°00' west longitude; thence due south to the parallel at 34°00' south latitude; thence due west along this parallel to the coast of South America; thence in a northerly direction along the coast of South America to the starting point.

Platense division (Division 41.2.3)

Waters bounded by a line due east from the coast of South America at 34°00' south latitude to where it meets the meridian at 50°00' west longitude; thence due south to the parallel at 40°00' south latitude; thence due west along this parallel to the coast of South America; thence in a northerly direction along the coast of South America to the starting point.

Central oceanic division (Division 41.2.4)

Waters bounded by a line due east from 20°00'S 39°00'W to the meridian at 20°00' west latitude; thence due south to the parallel at 40°00' south latitude; thence due west to the meridian at 50°00' west latitude; thence due north to the parallel at 34°00' south latitude; thence due east to the meridian at 45°00' west longitude; thence due north to the parallel at 29°00' south latitude; thence due east to the meridian at 39°00' west longitude; thence due north to the starting point.

Northern Patagonian division (Division 41.3.1)

Waters bounded by a line due east from the coast of South America at 40°00' south latitude to where it meets the meridian at 50°00' west longitude; thence due south to the parallel at 48°00' south latitude; thence due west along this parallel to the coast of South America; thence in a northerly direction along the coast of South America to the starting point.

Southern Patagonian division (Division 41.3.2)

Waters bounded by a line due east from the coast of South America at 48°00' south latitude to where it meets the meridian at 50°00' west longitude; thence due south to the parallel at 60°00' south latitude; thence due west along this parallel to the meridian at 67°16' west longitude; thence due north to the point at 56°22'S 67°16'W; thence following a loxodromic line joining the points at 56°22'S 65°43'W; 55°22'S 65°43'W; 55°11'S 66°04'W; 55°07'S 66°25'W; thence in a northerly direction along the coast of South America to the starting point.

Southern oceanic division (Division 41.3.3)

Waters bounded by a line due east from 40°00'S 50°00'W to the meridian at 20°00' west longitude; thence due south to the parallel at 50°00' south latitude; thence due north to the starting point.

SOUTHEAST ATLANTIC (Major fishing area 47)

Annex 3D shows the boundaries and subdivisions of the southeast Atlantic. A description of the ICSEAF Convention Area follows.

The southeast Atlantic (Major fishing area 47) comprises the waters bounded by a line beginning at a point at 6°04'36" south latitude and 12°19'48" east longitude; thence in a north-westerly direction along a rhumb line to a point at the

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intersection of the meridian 12° east with the parallel 6° south; thence due west along this parallel to the meridian 20° west; thence due south along this meridian to the parallel 50° south, thence due east along this parallel to the meridian 30° east; thence due north along this meridian to the coast of the African continent; thence in a westerly direction along this coast to the original point of departure.

The southeast Atlantic (Major fishing area 47) is subdivided as follows:

Western coastal sub-area (Sub-area 47.1)(a) *Cape Palmeirinhas division (Division 47.1.1)*

Waters lying between 6°00' south latitude and 10°00' south latitude and east of 10°00' east longitude. From this division are excluded the waters of the Congo estuary (Zaire), i. e., the waters lying to the north-east of the line drawn from Punta do Padrão (6°04'36"S and 12°19'48"E) to a point at 6°00'S and 12°00'E.

(b) *Cape Salinas division (Division 47.1.2)*

Waters lying between 10°00' south latitude and 15°00' south latitude and east of 10°00' east longitude.

(c) *Cunene division (Division 47.1.3)*

Waters lying between 15°00' south latitude and 20°00' south latitude and east of 10°00' east longitude.

(d) *Cape Cross division (Division 47.1.4)*

Waters lying between 20°00' south latitude and 25°00' south latitude and east of 10°00' east longitude.

(e) *Orange River division (Division 47.1.5)*

Waters lying between 25°00' south latitude and 30°00' south latitude and east of 10°00' east longitude.

(f) *Cape of Good Hope division (Division 47.1.6)*

Waters lying between 30°00' south latitude and 40°00' south latitude and between 10°00' east longitude and 20°00' east longitude.

Agulhas coastal sub-area (Sub-area 47.2)(a) *Middle Agulhas division (Division 47.2.1)*

Waters lying north of 40°00' south latitude and between 20°00' east longitude and 25°00' east longitude.

(b) *Eastern Agulhas division (Division 47.2.2)*

Waters lying north of 40°00' south latitude and between 25°00' east longitude and 30°00' east longitude.

Southern oceanic sub-area (Sub-area 47.3)

Waters lying between 40°00' south latitude and 50°00' south latitude and between 10°00' east longitude and 30°00' east longitude.

Tristan da Cunha sub-area (Sub-area 47.4)

Waters lying between 20°00' south latitude and 50°00' south latitude and between 20°00' west longitude and 10°00' east longitude.

St Helena and Ascension sub-area (Sub-area 47.5)

Waters lying between 6°00' south latitude and 20°00' south latitude and between 20°00' west longitude and 10°00' east longitude.

WESTERN INDIAN OCEAN (Major fishing area 51)

The western Indian Ocean comprises in general:

- (a) the Red Sea;
- (b) the Gulf of Aden;
- (c) the gulf between the coast of Iran and the Arabian Peninsula;
- (d) the Arabian Sea;
- (e) that part of the Indian Ocean, including the Mozambique Channel, lying between the meridians 30°00'E and 80°00'E and north of the line of the Antarctic convergence and including the waters around Sri Lanka.

Annex 3E shows the boundaries and the subdivisions of the western Indian Ocean (Major fishing area 51).

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The western Indian Ocean shall be defined as having the following boundaries:

- the boundary with the Mediterranean Sea: the northern entrance of the Suez Canal,
- the western marine boundary: a line commencing on the east coast of Africa at 30°00'E longitude and running due south to 45°00'S latitude,
- the eastern marine boundary: a rhumb line commencing on the southeast coast of India (Point Calimere) and running in a north-easterly direction to meet a point at 82°00'E longitude 11°00'N latitude, thence running due east to meridian 85°00'E; thence due south to the parallel 3°00'N; thence due west to the meridian 80°00'E; thence due south to the parallel 45°00'S,
- the southern boundary: a line running along the parallel 45°00'S from 30°00'E longitude to 80°00'E longitude.

The western Indian Ocean is subdivided in the following way:

Red Sea sub-area (Sub-area 51.1)

- Northern limit: northern entrance of Suez Canal.
- Southern limit: a rhumb line from the frontier between Ethiopia and the Republic of Djibouti on the coast of Africa, across the mouth of the Red Sea, to the frontier between the former Arab Republic of Yemen and the former People's Democratic Republic of Yemen on the Arabian Peninsula.

Gulf sub-area (Sub-area 51.2)

The mouth of the Gulf is closed by a line commencing at the northern tip of Ra's Musandam and running due east to the coast of Iran.

Western Arabian Sea sub-area (Sub-area 51.3)

The eastern and southern boundaries are a line from the Iran/Pakistan frontier on the coast of Asia running due south to the parallel 20°00'N; thence due east to the meridian 65°00'E; thence due south to the parallel 10°00'N; thence due west to the coast of Africa; other marine boundaries are the common boundaries with sub-areas 51.1 and 51.2 (see above).

Eastern Arabian Sea, Laccadive and Sri Lanka sub-area (Sub-area 51.4)

The sea boundary is a line commencing on the coast of Asia at the Iran/Pakistan frontier, running due south to the parallel 20°00'N; thence due east to the meridian 65°00'E; thence due south to the parallel 10°00'N; thence due east to the meridian 80°00'E; thence due north to the parallel 3°00'N; thence due east to the meridian 85°00'E; thence due north to parallel 11°00'N; thence due west to the meridian 82°00'E; thence along a rhumb line in a south-westerly direction to the southeast coast of India.

Somalia, Kenya and Tanzania sub-area (Sub-area 51.5)

A line commencing on the coast of Somalia at 10°00'N running due east to the meridian 65°00'E; thence due south to the parallel 10°00'S; thence due west to the meridian 45°00'E; thence due south to the parallel 10°28'S; thence due west to the east coast of Africa between Ras Mwambo (to the north) and Mwambo Village (to the south).

Madagascar and Mozambique Channel sub-area (Sub-area 51.6)

A line commencing on the east coast of Africa between Ras Mwambo (to the north) and Mwambo Village (to the south) at 10°28'S latitude, running due east to the meridian 45°00'E; thence due north to the parallel 10°00'S; thence due east to the meridian 55°00'E; thence due south to the parallel 30°00'S; thence due west to the meridian 40°00'E; thence due north to the coast of Mozambique.

Oceanic (Western Indian Ocean) sub-area (Sub-area 51.7)

A line commencing at the position 10°00'S latitude and 55°00'E longitude, running due east to the meridian 80°00'E; thence due south to the parallel 45°00'S; thence due west to the meridian 40°00'E; thence due north to the parallel 30°00'S; thence due east to the meridian 55°00'E; thence due north to the starting position on the parallel 10°00'S.

Mozambique sub-area (Sub-area 51.8)

The sub-area comprises the waters lying north of parallel 45°00'S and between the meridians 30°00'E and 40°00'E. It is further subdivided into two divisions.

VB

Marion-Edward division (Division 51.8.1)

Waters lying between the parallels of 40°00'S and 50°00'S and the meridians of 30°00'E and 40°00'E.

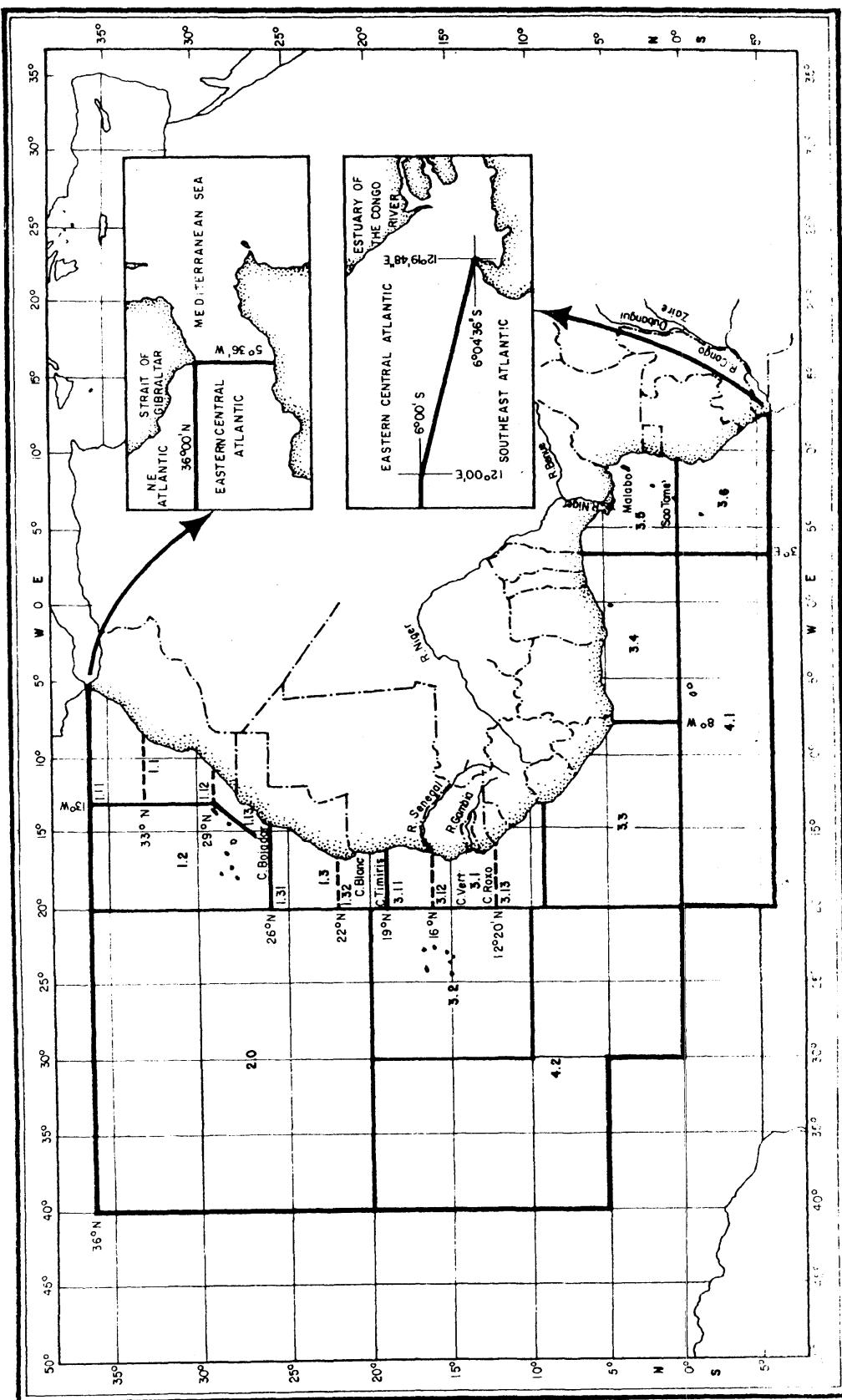
Zambesi division (Division 51.8.2)

Waters lying north of the parallel 40°00'S and between the meridians 30°00'E and 40°00'E.

▼B

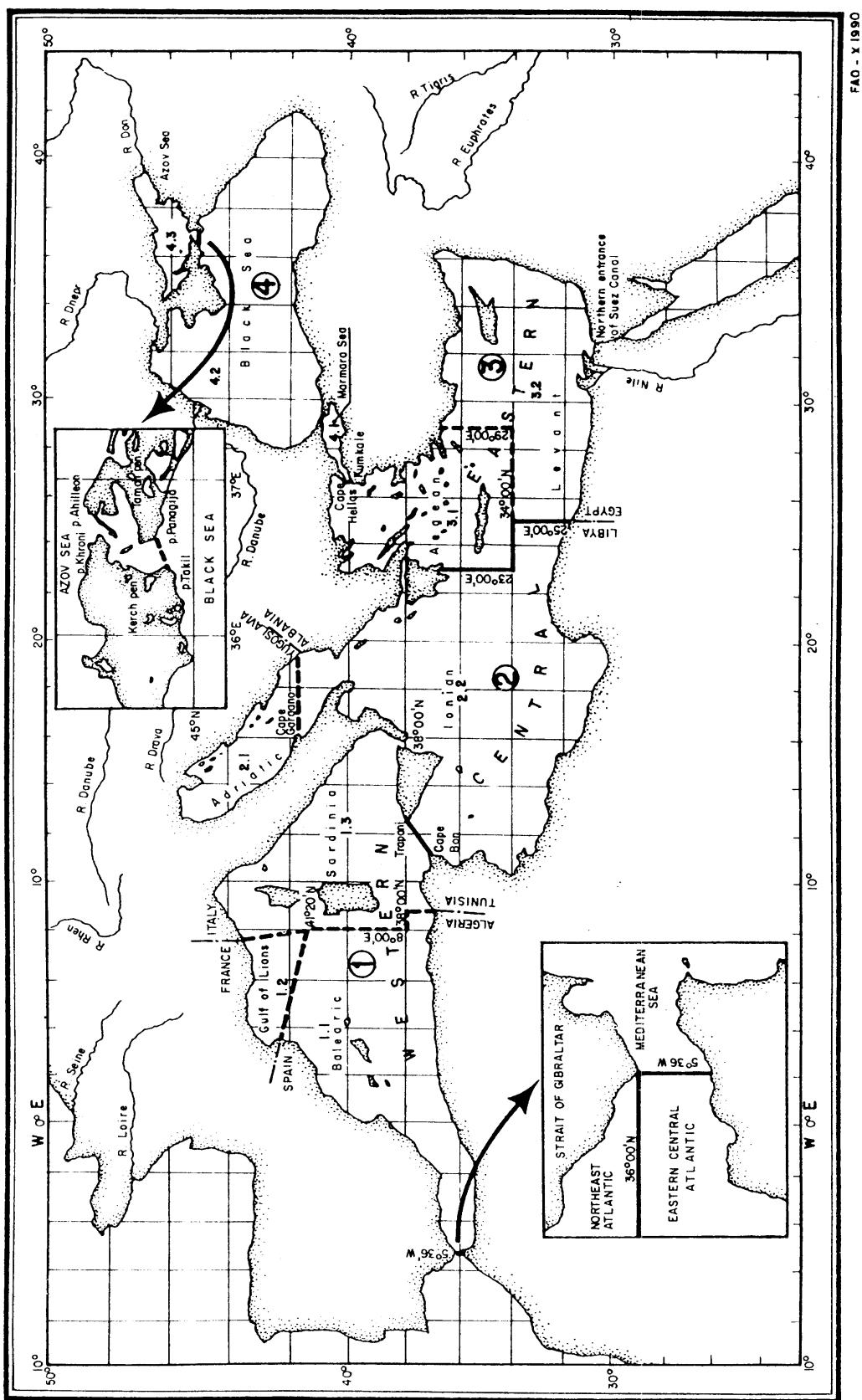
ANNEX 3

A: EASTERN CENTRAL ATLANTIC OCEAN (Major fishing area 34)



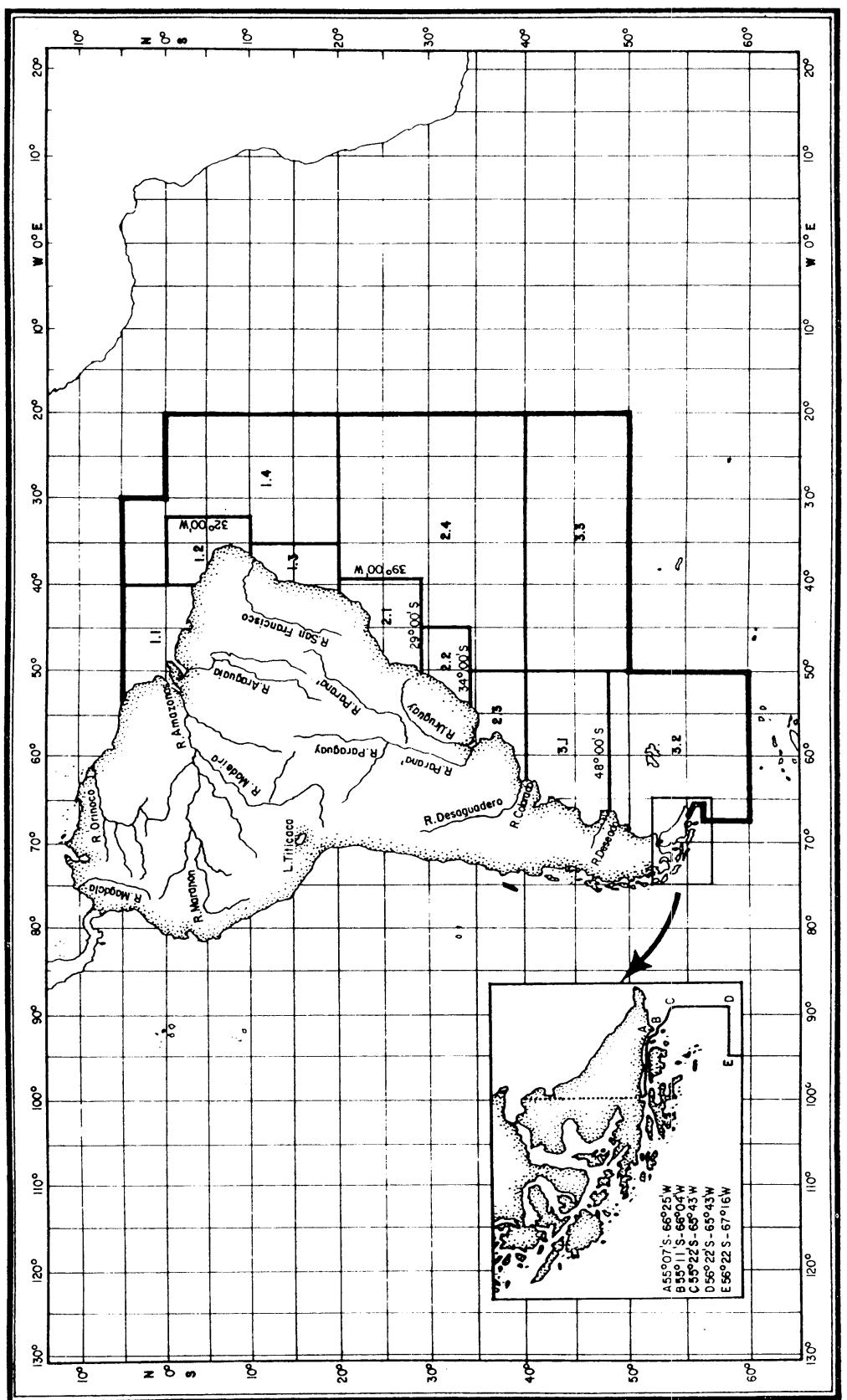
▼B

B: MEDITERRANEAN AND BLACK SEA (Major fishing area 37)



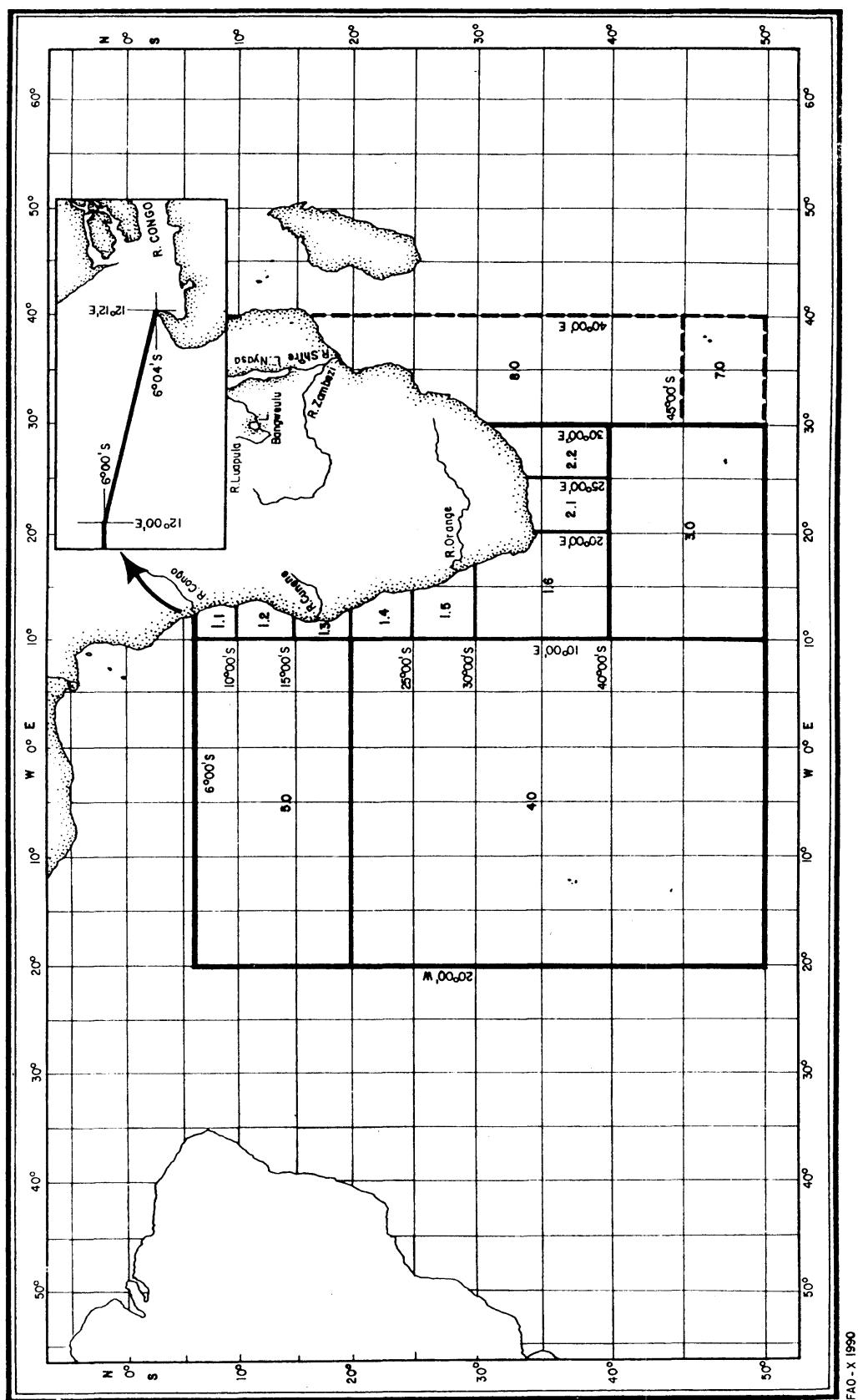
▼B

C: SOUTHWEST ATLANTIC (Major fishing area 41)



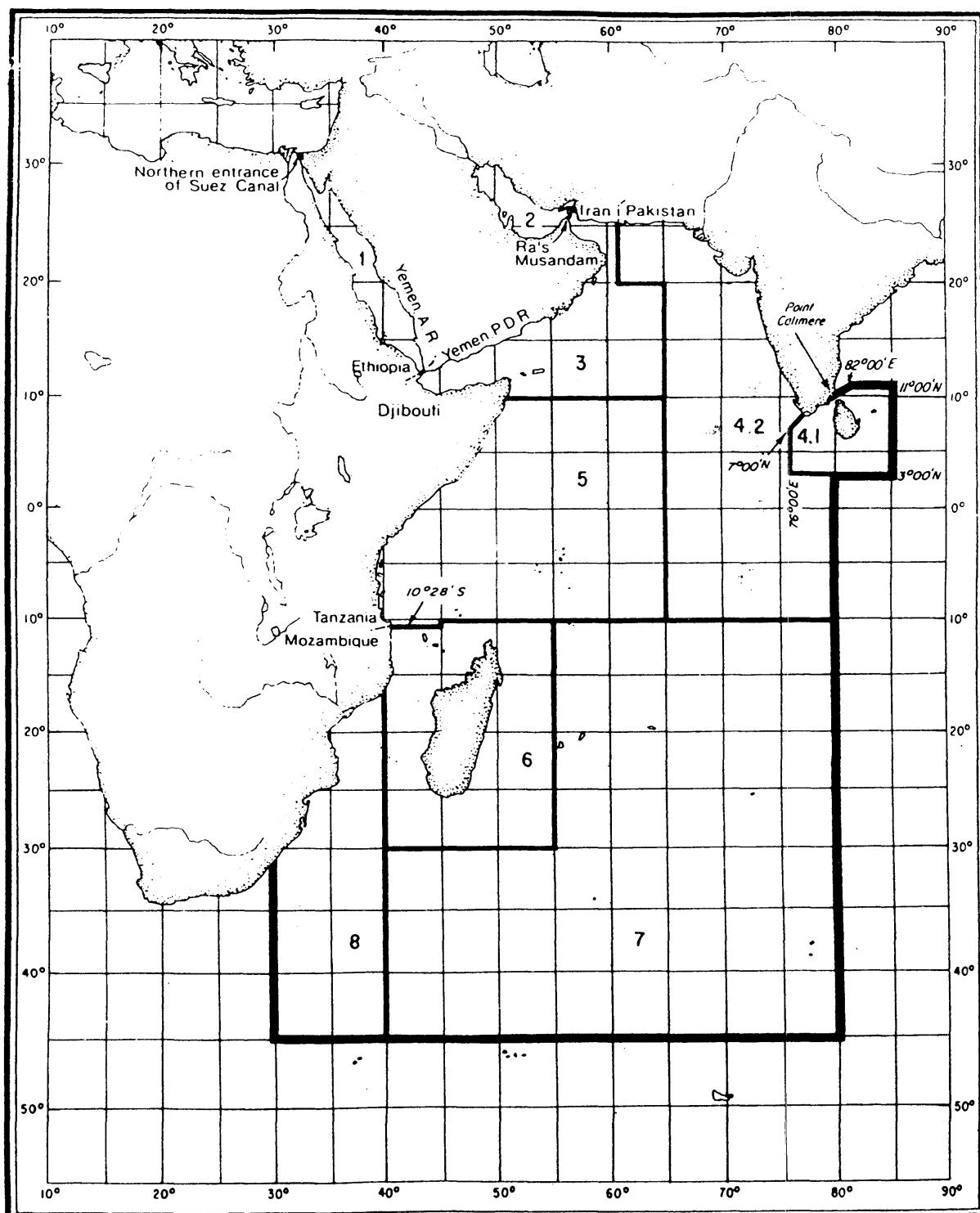
▼B

D: SOUTHEAST ATLANTIC (Major fishing area 47)



▼B

E: WESTERN INDIAN OCEAN (Major fishing area 51)



FAO XII-1977

▼B*ANNEX 4***▼M1****LIST OF SPECIES FOR WHICH DATA ARE TO BE SUBMITTED FOR EACH MAJOR FISHING AREA**

The species listed below are those for which captures have been reported in the official statistics. Member States should submit data for each of the identified species if available. Where individual species cannot be identified the data should be aggregated and submitted in the item representing the highest degree of detail possible.

Note: n.e.i. = not elsewhere indicated.

Eastern Central Atlantic (Major fishing area 34)

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
European eel	ELE	<i>Anguilla anguilla</i>
Shads n.e.i.	SHZ	<i>Alosa spp.</i>
West African ilisha	ILI	<i>Ilisha africana</i>
Flatfishes n.e.i.	FLX	Pleuronectiformes
Lefteye flounders	LEF	Bothidae
Common sole	SOL	<i>Solea vulgaris</i>
Wedge (= Senegal) sole	CET	<i>Dicologlossa cuneata</i>
Soles n.e.i.	SOX	Soleidae
Tonguefishes n.e.i.	TOX	Cynoglossidae
Megrim	MEG	<i>Lepidorhombus whiffagonis</i>
Megrims n.e.i.	LEZ	<i>Lepidorhombus spp.</i>
Greater forkbeard	GFB	<i>Phycis blennoides</i>
Pouting (= Bib)	BIB	<i>Trisopterus luscus</i>
Blue whiting (= Poutassou)	WHB	<i>Micromesistius poutassou</i>
European hake	HKE	<i>Merluccius merluccius</i>
Senegalese hake	HKM	<i>Merluccius senegalensis</i>
Hakes n.e.i.	HKX	<i>Merluccius spp.</i>
Gadiformes n.e.i.	GAD	Gadiformes
Sea catfishes n.e.i.	CAX	Ariidee
European conger	COE	<i>Conger conger</i>
Conger eels n.e.i.	COX	Congridae
Slender snipefish	SNS	<i>Macrorhamphosus scolopax</i>
Alfonsinos	ALF	<i>Beryx spp.</i>
John Dory	JOD	<i>Zeus faber</i>
Silvery John Dory	JOS	<i>Zenopsis conchifer</i>
Boar fishes	BOR	Caproidae
Demersal percomorphs n.e.i.	DPX	Perciformes
Dusky grouper	GPD	<i>Epinephelus guaza</i>
White grouper	GPW	<i>Epinephelus aeneus</i>
Groupers n.e.i.	GPX	<i>Epinephelus spp.</i>
Wreckfish	WRF	<i>Polyprion americanus</i>
Groupers, seabasses n.e.i.	BSX	Serranidae
Spotted seabass	SPU	<i>Dicentrarchus punctatus</i>
Seabass	BSS	<i>Dicentrarchus labrax</i>
Bigeyes n.e.i.	BIG	<i>Priacanthus spp.</i>
Cardinal fishes n.e.i.	APO	Apogonidee
Tilefishes	TIS	Branchiostegidae
Bonnetmouths, rubyfishes, etc.	EMT	Emmelichthyidae

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Snappers n.e.i.	SNA	<i>Lutjanus spp.</i>
Snappers, iofishes, n.e.i.	SNX	Lutjanidae
Rubberlip grunt	GBR	<i>Plecterhinchus mediterraneus</i>
Bastard grunt	BGR	<i>Pomadasys incisus</i>
Sompat grunt	BUR	<i>Pomadasys jubelini</i>
Big-eye grunt	GRB	<i>Brachydeuterus auritus</i>
Grunts, sweetlips, n.e.i.	GRX	Haemulidae (= Pomedasyidae)
Drums	DRU	<i>Sciaena spp.</i>
Shi drum (= Corb)	COB	<i>Umbrina cirrosa</i>
Meagre	MGR	<i>Argyrosornus regius</i>
Boe drum	DRS	<i>Pteroscion peli</i>
Law croaker	CKL	<i>Pseudotolithus brachygynatus</i>
Cassava croaker	PSS	<i>Pseudotolithus senegalensis</i>
Bobo croaker	PSE	<i>Pseudotolithus elongatus</i>
West African croakers	CKW	<i>Pseudotolithus spp.</i>
Croakers, drums n.e.i.	CDX	Sciaenidae
Red (=Blackspot) seabream	SBR	<i>Pagellus bogaraveo</i>
Common pandora	PAC	<i>Pagellus erythrinus</i>
Axillary seabream	SBA	<i>Pagellus acarne</i>
Red pandora	PAR	<i>Pagellus bellottii</i>
Pandoras n.e.i.	PAX	<i>Pagellus spp.</i>
Sargo breams, n.e.i.	SRG	<i>Diplodus spp.</i>
Large-eye dentex	DEL	<i>Dentex macrophthalmus</i>
Common dentex	DEC	<i>Dentex dentex</i>
Angolan dentex	DEA	<i>Dentex angolensis</i>
Congo dentex	DNC	<i>Dentex congoensis</i>
Dentex n.e.i.	DEX	<i>Dentex spp.</i>
Black seabream	BRB	<i>Spondyliosoma cantharus</i>
Saddled seabream	SBS	<i>Oblada melanura</i>
Bluespotted seabream	BSC	<i>Sparus caeruleostictus</i>
Red porgy	RPG	<i>Sparus pagrus</i>
Gilthead seabream	SBG	<i>Sparus auratus</i>
Pargo breams n.e.i.	SBP	<i>Sparus (=Pagrus) spp.</i>
Bogue	BOG	<i>Boops boops</i>
Porgies, seabreams n.e.i.	SBX	Sparidae
Picarels	PIC	<i>Spicara spp.</i>
Surmullets (= Red mullets)	MUX	<i>Mullus spp.</i>
West African goatfish	GOA	<i>Pseudopeneus prayensis</i>
Goatfishes, red mullets n.e.i.	MUM	Mullidae
African sicklefish	SIC	<i>Drepene africana</i>
Spadefishes	SPA	Ephippidae
Percoids n.e.i.	PRC	Percoidei
Bearded brotula	BRD	<i>Brotula barbata</i>
Surgeonfishes	SUR	Acanthuridae
Gurnards, searobins n.e.i.	GUX	Triglidae
Triggerfishes, durgons	TRI	Balistidae
Angler (= Monk)	MON	<i>Lophius piscatorius</i>
Anglerfishes n.e.i.	ANF	Lophiidae

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Needlefishes n.e.i.	BEN	Belonidae
Flying fishes n.e.i.	FLY	Exocoetidae
Barracudas	BAR	<i>Sphyraena spp.</i>
Flathead grey mullet	MUF	<i>Mugil cephalus</i>
Giant African threadfin	TGA	<i>Polydactylus quadrifilis</i>
Lesser African threadfin	GAL	<i>Galeoides decadactylus</i>
Royal threadfin	PET	<i>Pentenemus quinquarius</i>
Threadfins, tasselfishes n.e.i.	THF	Polynemidae
Pelagic percomorphs n.e.i.	PPX	Perciformes
Bluefish	BLU	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>
Cobia	CBA	<i>Rachycentron canadum</i>
Atlantic horse mackerel	HOM	<i>Trachurus trachurus</i>
Jack and horse mackerels n.e.i.	JAX	<i>Trachurus spp.</i>
Scads	SDX	<i>Decapterus spp.</i>
Crevalle jack	CVJ	<i>Caranx hippos</i>
False scad	HMV	<i>Decapterus rhonchus</i>
Jacks, crevalles n.e.i.	TRE	<i>Caranx spp.</i>
Lookdown fish	LUK	<i>Selene dorsalis</i>
Pompanos	POX	<i>Trachinotus spp.</i>
Amberjacks n.e.i.	AMX	<i>Seriola spp.</i>
Leerfish (=Garrick)	LEE	<i>Lichia amia</i>
Atlantic bumper	BUA	<i>Chloroscombrus chrysurus</i>
Common dolphinfish	DOL	<i>Coryphaena hippurus</i>
Blue butterfish	BLB	<i>Stromateus fiatola</i>
Butterfishes, silver pomfrets	BUX	Stromateidae
Bonefish	BOF	<i>Albula vulpes</i>
Round sardinella	SAA	<i>Sardinella aurita</i>
Madeiran sardinella	SAE	<i>Sardinella madeirensis</i>
Sardinellas	SIX	<i>Sardinella spp.</i>
Bonga shad	BOA	<i>Ethmalosa fimbriata</i>
European pilchard (sardine)	PIL	<i>Sardina pilchardus</i>
European anchovy	ANE	<i>Engraulis encrasicolus</i>
Clupeoids n.e.i.	CLU	Clupeoidei
Atlantic bonito	BON	<i>Sarda sarda</i>
Plain bonito	BOP	<i>Orcynopsis unicolor</i>
Wahoo	WAH	<i>Acanthocybium solandri</i>
West African Spanish mackerel	MAW	<i>Scomberomorus tritor</i>
Frigate and bullet tunas	FRZ	<i>Auxis tharard, A. rochei</i>
Northern bluefin tuna	BFT	<i>Thunnus thynnus</i>
Albacore	ALB	<i>Thunnus alalunga</i>
Yellowfin tuna	YFT	<i>Thunnus albacares</i>
Big-eye tuna	BET	<i>Thunnus obesus</i>
Tunas n.e.i.	TUN	Thunnini
Sawfishes	SAW	Pristidae
Atlantic sailfish	SAI	<i>Istiophorus albicans</i>
Atlantic blue marlin	BUM	<i>Makaira nigricans</i>
Atlantic white marlin	WHM	<i>Tetrepturus albidus</i>
Marlins, sailfishes, spearfishes	BIL	Istiopboridae

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Swordfish	SWO	Xiphias gladius
Tuna-like fishes n.e.i.	TUX	Scombroidei
Largehead hairtail	LHT	Trichiurus lepturus
Silver scabbardfish	SFS	Lepidotus caudatus
Black scabbardfish	BSF	Aphanopus carbo
Hairtails, cutlassfishes n.e.i.	CUT	Trichiuridae
Chub mackerel	MAS	Scomber japonicus
Atlantic mackerel	MAC	Scomber scombrus
Scomber mackerels n.e.i.	MAZ	Scomber spp.
Mackerel-like fishes n.e.i.	MKX	Scombroidei
Thresher shark	ALV	Alopias vulpinus
Big-eye thresher	BTH	Alopias superciliosus
Mako sharks	MAK	Isurus spp.
Blue shark	BSH	Prionace glauca
Silky shark	FAL	Carcharhinus falciformis
Smooth hammerhead	SPZ	Sphyrna zygaena
Scalloped hammerhead	SPL	Sphyrna lewini
Hammerhead sharks, etc. nei	SPY	Sphyrnidae
Kitefin shark	SCK	Dalatias licha
Guitarfishes, etc. nei	GTF	Rhinobatidae
Smoothhounds	SDV	Mustelus spp.
Skates and rays n.e.i.	SRX	Rajiformes
Sharks, rays, skates, n.e.i.	SKX	Elasmobranchii
Marine fishes n.e.i.	MZZ	Osteichthyes
Marine crabs n.e.i.	CRA	Reptantia
Tropical spiny lobsters n.e.i.	SLV	Panulirus spp.
Palinurid spiny lobsters n.e.i.	CRW	Palinurus spp.
Norway lobster	NEP	Nephrops norvegicus
European lobster	LBE	Homarus gammarus
Caramote prawn	TGS	Penaeus kerathurus
Southern pink shrimp	SOP	Penaeus notialis
Penaeus shrimps n.e.i.	PEN	Penaeus spp.
Deepwater rose shrimp	DPS	Parapenaeus longirostris
Guinea shrimp	GUS	Parapenaeopsis atlantica
Scarlet shrimp	SSH	Plesiopenaeus edwardsianus
Palaemonid shrimps	PAL	Palaemonidae
Natantian decapods n.e.i.	DCP	Natantia
Marine crustaceans n.e.i.	CRU	Crustacea
Gastropods n.e.i.	GAS	Gastropoda
Cupped oysters n.e.i.	OYC	Crassostrea spp.
Sea mussels n.e.i.	MSX	Mytilidae
Cephalopods n.e.i.	CEP	Cephalopoda
Common cuttlefish	CTC	Sepia officinalis
Cuttlefishes, bobtail squids	CTL	Sepiidae, Sepiolidae
Common squids	SQC	Loligo spp.
Common octopus	OCC	Octopus vulgaris
Octopuses	OCT	Octopodidae
Squids n.e.i.	SQU	Loliginidae, Ommastrephidae

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Marine molluscs n.e.i.	MOL	Mollusca
Marine turtles n.e.i.	TTX	Testudinata

Mediterranean and Black Sea (Major fishing area 37)

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Sturgeons n.e.i.	STU	Acipenseridae
European eel	ELE	Anguilla anguilla
Pontic shad	SHC	Alosa pontica
Shads n.e.i.	SHD	Alosa spp.
Azov tyulka	CLA	Clupeonella cultriventris
Flatfishes n.e.i.	FLX	Pleuronectiformes
European plaice	PLE	Pleuronectes platessa
European flounder	FLE	Platichthys flesus
Common sole	SOL	Solea vulgaris
Soles n.e.i.	SOO	Solea spp.
Megrim	MEG	Lepidorhombus whiffagonis
Megrims n.e.i.	LEZ	Lepidorhombus spp.
Turbot	TUR	Psetta maxima
Black Sea turbot	TUB	Psetta maeotica
Greater forkbeard	GFB	Phycis blennoides
Poor cod	POD	Trisopterus minutus
Pouting (= Bib)	BIB	Trisopterus luscus
Blue whiting (= Poutassou)	WHB	Micromesistius poutassou
Whiting	WHG	Merlangius merlangus
European hake	HKE	Merluccius merluccius
Gadiformes n.e.i.	GAD	Gadiformes
Argentines	ARG	Argentina spp.
Brushtooth lizardfish	LIB	Saurida undosquamis
Lizardfishes n.e.i.	LIX	Synodontidae
European conger	COE	Conger conger
Conger eels n.e.i.	COX	Congridae
John Dory	JOD	Zeus faber
Demersal percomorphs n.e.i.	DPX	Perciformes
Dusky grouper	GPD	Epinephelus guaza
White grouper	GPW	Epinephelus aeneus
Groupers n.e.i.	GPX	Epinephelus spp.
Wreckfish	WRF	Polyprion americanus
Comber	CBR	Serranus cabrilla
Groupers, seabasses n.e.i.	BSX	Serranidae
Seabass	BSS	Dicentrarchus labrax
Seabasses	BSE	Dicentrarchus spp.
Rubberlip grunt	GBR	Plectorhinchus mediterraneus
Drums	DRU	Sciaena spp.
Shi drum (= Corb)	COB	Umbrina cirrosa
Meagre	MGR	Argyrosomus regius
Croakers, drums n.e.i.	CDX	Sciaenidae
Red (= Blackspot) seabream	SBR	Pagellus bogaraveo

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Common pandora	PAC	<i>Pagellus erythrinus</i>
Axillary seabream	SBA	<i>Pagellus acarne</i>
Pandoras n.e.i.	PAX	<i>Pagellus spp.</i>
White seabream	SWA	<i>Diplodus sargus</i>
Sargo breams, n.e.i.	SRG	<i>Diplodus spp.</i>
Large-eye dentex	DEL	<i>Dentex macrophthalmus</i>
Common dentex	DEC	<i>Dentex dentex</i>
Dentex n.e.i.	DEX	<i>Dentex spp.</i>
Black seabream	BRB	<i>Spondyliosoma cantharus</i>
Saddled sea bream	SBS	<i>Oblada melanura</i>
Red porgy	RPG	<i>Sparus pagrus</i>
Gilthead seabream	SBG	<i>Sparus auratus</i>
Pargo breams, n.e.i.	SBP	<i>Sparus (= Pagrus) spp.</i>
Bogue	BOG	<i>Boops boops</i>
Sand steenbras	SSB	<i>Lithognathus mormyrus</i>
Salema (= Strepie)	SLM	<i>Sarpa salpa</i>
Porgies, seabreams, n.e.i.	SBX	<i>Sparidae</i>
Blotched picarel	BPI	<i>Spicara maena</i>
Picarels	PIC	<i>Spicara spp.</i>
Red mullet	MUR	<i>Mullus surmuletus</i>
Striped mullet	MUT	<i>Mullus barbatus</i>
Surmullets (= Redmullets)	MUX	<i>Mullus spp.</i>
Greater weever	WEG	<i>Trachinus draco</i>
Percoids n.e.i.	PRC	<i>Percoidei</i>
Sandeels (= Sandlances)	SAN	<i>Ammodytes spp.</i>
Spinefeet (= Rabbitfishes)	SPI	<i>Siganus spp.</i>
Atlantic gobies	GOB	<i>Gobius spp.</i>
Gobies n.e.i.	GPA	<i>Gobiidae</i>
Scorpionfishes, n.e.i.	SCO	<i>Scorpaenidae</i>
Piper gurnard	GUN	<i>Trigia lyra</i>
Gurnards, searobins n.e.i.	GUX	<i>Triglidae</i>
Angler (= Monk)	MON	<i>Lophius piscatorius</i>
Anglerfishes n.e.i.	ANF	<i>Lophiidae</i>
Garfish	GAR	<i>Belone belone</i>
Barracudas	BAR	<i>Sphyraena spp.</i>
Flathead grey mullet	MUF	<i>Mugil cephalus</i>
Silversides (Sandsmelts)	SIL	<i>Atherinidae</i>
Pelagic percomorphs n.e.i.	PPX	<i>Perciformes</i>
Bluefish	BLU	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>
Atlantic horse mackerel	HOM	<i>Trachurus trachurus</i>
Mediterranean horse mackerel	HMM	<i>Trachurus mediterraneus</i>
Jack and horse mackerels n.e.i.	JAX	<i>Trachurus spp.</i>
Jacks, crevallles n.e.i.	TRE	<i>Caranx spp.</i>
Greater amberjack	AMB	<i>Seriola dumerili</i>
Amberjacks n.e.i.	AMX	<i>Seriola spp.</i>
Leerfish (= Garrick)	LEE	<i>Lichia amia</i>
Carangids n.e.i.	CGX	<i>Carangidae</i>
Atlantic pomfret	POA	<i>Brama brama</i>

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Common dolphinfish	DOL	<i>Coryphaena hippurus</i>
Sardinellas n.e.i.	SIX	<i>Sardinella spp.</i>
European pilchard (= Sardine)	PIL	<i>Sardina pilchardus</i>
European sprat	SPR	<i>Sprattus sprattus</i>
European anchovy	ANE	<i>Engraulis encrasiculus</i>
Clupeoids n.e.i.	CLU	<i>Clupeoidei</i>
Atlantic bonito	BON	<i>Sarda sarda</i>
Plain bonito	BOP	<i>Orcynopsis unicolor</i>
Frigate and bullet tunas	FRZ	<i>Auxis thazard A. rochei</i>
Atlantic black skipjack	LTA	<i>Euthynnus alletteratus</i>
Skipjack tuna	SKJ	<i>Katsuwonus pelamis</i>
Northern bluefin tuna	BFT	<i>Thunnus thynnus</i>
Albacore	ALB	<i>Thunnus alalunga</i>
Big-eye tuna	BET	<i>Thunnus obesus</i>
Tunas n.e.i.	TUN	<i>Thunnini</i>
Atlantic sailfish	SAI	<i>Istiophorus albicans</i>
Marlins, sailfishes, spearfishes	BIL	<i>Istiophoridae</i>
Swordfishes	SWO	<i>Xiphias gladius</i>
Tuna-like fishes n.e.i.	TUX	<i>Scombroidei</i>
Silver scabbardfish	SFS	<i>Lepidopus caudatus</i>
Chub mackerel	MAS	<i>Scomber japonicus</i>
Atlantic mackerel	MAC	<i>Scomber scombrus</i>
Scomber mackerels n.e.i.	MAZ	<i>Scomber spp.</i>
Mackerel-like fishes n.e.i.	MKX	<i>Scombroidei</i>
Basking shark	BSK	<i>Cetorhinus maximus</i>
Thresher	ALV	<i>Alopias vulpinus</i>
Shortfin mako	SMA	<i>Isurus oxyrinchus</i>
Blackmouth catshark	SHO	<i>Galeus melastomus</i>
Blue shark	BSH	<i>Prionace glauca</i>
Sandbar shark	CCP	<i>Carcharhinus plumbeus</i>
Smooth hammerhead	SPZ	<i>Sphyrna zygaena</i>
Scalloped hammerhead	SPL	<i>Sphyrna lewini</i>
Longnose spurdog	QUB	<i>Squalus blainvillei</i>
Gulper shark	GUP	<i>Centrophorus granulosus</i>
Kitefin shark	SCK	<i>Dalatias licha</i>
Velvet belly	ETX	<i>Etomopterus spinax</i>
Thornback ray	RJC	<i>Raja clavata</i>
Common stingray	JDP	<i>Dasyatis pastinaca</i>
Porbeagle	POR	<i>Lamna nasus</i>
Catsharks, nursehound	SCL	<i>Scyliorhinus spp.</i>
Smoothhounds	SDV	<i>Mustelus spp.</i>
Picked (= Spiny) dogfish	DGS	<i>Squalus acanthias</i>
Dogfish sharks n.e.i.	DGX	<i>Squalidae</i>
Angelshark	AGN	<i>Squatina squatina</i>
Angelsharks, sand devils	ASK	<i>Squatinidae</i>
Large sharks n.e.i.	SHX	<i>Squaliformes</i>
Guitarfishes	GTF	<i>Rhinobatidae</i>
Skates	SKA	<i>Raja spp.</i>

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Skates and rays n.e.i.	SRX	Rajiformes
Sharks, rays and skates etc.	SKX	Elasmobranchii
Marine fishes n.e.i.	MZZ	Osteichthyes
Edible crab	CRE	Cancer pagurus
Mediterranean shore crab	CMR	Carcinus aestuaria
Spinous spider crab	SCR	Maja squinado
Marine crabs n.e.i.	CRA	Reptantia
Pink spiny lobster	PSL	Palinurus mauritanicus
Common spiny lobster	SLO	Palinurus elephas
Palinurid spiny lobsters n.e.i.	CRW	Palinurus spp.
Norway lobster	NEP	Nephrops norvegicus
European lobster	LBE	Homarus gammarus
Caramote prawn	TGS	Penaeus kerathurus
Deepwater rose shrimp	DPS	Parapenaeus longirostris
Scarlet shrimp	SSH	Plesiopenaeus edwardsianus
Blue and red shrimp	ARA	Aristeus antennatus
Common prawn	CPR	Palaemon serratus
Common shrimp	CSH	Crangon crangon
Natantian decapods n.e.i.	DCP	Natantia
Mantis squillid	MTS	Squillia mantis
Marine crustaceans n.e.i.	CRU	Crustacea
Gastropods n.e.i.	GAS	Gastropoda
Periwinkle	PEE	Littorina littorea
European flat oyster	OYF	Ostrea edulis
Pacific cupped oyster	OYG	Crassostrea gigas
Mediterranean mussel	MSM	Mytilus galloprovincialis
Great scallop	SJA	Pecten jacobaeus
Murex	MUE	Murex spp.
Common cockle	COG	Cardium edule
Striped Venus	SVE	Venus (= Chamelea) gallina
Grooved carpetshell	CTG	Ruditapes decussatus
Carpetshell	CTS	Tapes pullastra
Carpetshells n.e.i.	TPS	Tapes spp.
Donax clams	DON	Donax spp.
Razor clams	RAZ	Solen spp.
Clams n.e.i.	CLX	Bivalvia
Cephalopods n.e.i.	CEP	Cephalopoda
Common cuttlefish	CTC	Sepia officinalis
Cuttlefishes, bobtail squids	CTL	Sepiidae, Sepiolidae
Common squids	SQC	Loligo spp.
European flying squid	SQE	Todarodes sagittatus sagitt.
Common octopus	OCC	Octopus vulgaris
Horned and musky octopuses	OCM	Eledone spp.
Octopuses	OCZ	Octopodidae
Squids n.e.i.	SQU	Loliginidae, Ommastrephidae
Marine molluscs n.e.i.	MOL	Mollusca
Marine turtles n.e.i.	TTX	Testudinata
Grooved sea-squirt	SSG	Microcosmus sulcatus

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Stony sea-urchin	URM	<i>Paracentrotus lividus</i>
Jellyfishes	JEL	<i>Phopilema spp.</i>

Southwest Atlantic (Major fishing area 41)

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Shads n.e.i.	SHZ	<i>Alosa spp.</i>
Flatfishes n.e.i.	FLX	Pleuronectiformes
Bastard halibuts	BAX	<i>Paralichthys spp.</i>
Tonguefishes n.e.i.	TOX	Cynoglossidae
...	SAO	<i>Salilota australis</i>
Moras	MOR	Moridae
Brazilian codling	HKU	<i>Urophycis brasiliensis</i>
Southern blue whiting	POS	<i>Micromesistius australis</i>
Argentine hake	HKP	<i>Merluccius hubbsi</i>
Patagonian hake	HPA	<i>Merluccius polylepis</i>
Hakes n.e.i.	HKX	<i>Merluccius spp.</i>
Patagonian grenadier	GRM	<i>Macruronus magellanicus</i>
Blue grenadiers	GRS	<i>Macruronus spp.</i>
Grenadiers	GRV	<i>Macrourus spp.</i>
Gadiformes n.e.i.	GAD	Gadiformes
Sea catfishes n.e.i.	CAX	Ariidae
Greater lizardfish	LIG	<i>Saurida tumbil</i>
Argentine conger	COS	<i>Conger orbignyanus</i>
Demersal percomorphs n.e.i.	DPX	Perciformes
Snooks (= Robalos) n.e.i.	ROB	<i>Centropomus spp.</i>
Brazilian groupers	GPB	<i>Mycteroperca spp.</i>
Red grouper	GPR	<i>Epinephelus mario</i>
Groupers n.e.i.	GPX	<i>Epinephelus spp.</i>
Argentine seabass	BSZ	<i>Acanthistius brasilianus</i>
Groupers, seabasses n.e.i.	BSX	Serranidae
Southern red snapper	SNC	<i>Lutjanus purpureus</i>
Yellowtail snapper	SNY	<i>Ocyurus chrysurus</i>
Snappers, jobfishes, n.e.i.	SNX	Lutjanidae
Barred grunt	BRG	<i>Conodon nobilis</i>
Grunts, sweetlips, n.e.i.	GRX	Haemulidae (= Pomadasytidae)
Striped weakfish	SWF	<i>Cynoscion striatus</i>
Weakfishes n.e.i.	WKX	<i>Cynoscion spp.</i>
Atlantic croaker	CKA	<i>Micropogonias undulatus</i>
Southern kingcroaker	KGB	<i>Menticirrhus americanus</i>
Argentine croaker	CKY	<i>Urnbrina canasai</i>
King weakfish	WKK	<i>Macrodon ancylodon</i>
Black drum	BDM	<i>Pogonias cromis</i>
Croakers, drums n.e.i.	CDX	Sciaenidae
Sargo breams n.e.i.	SRG	<i>Diplodus spp.</i>
Dentex n.e.i.	DEX	<i>Dentex spp.</i>
Red porgy	RPG	<i>Sparus pagrus</i>
Porgies, seabreams, n.e.i.	SBX	Sparidae

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Surmullets (= Redmullets)	MUX	<i>Mullus spp.</i>
Castaneta	CTA	<i>Cheilodactylus bergi</i>
Brazilian sandperches	SPB	<i>Pinguipes spp.</i>
Brazilian flathead	FLA	<i>Percophis brasiliensis</i>
Patagonian blennie	BLP	<i>Eleginops maclovinus</i>
Patagonian toothfish	TOP	<i>Dissostichus eleginoides</i>
Humped rockcod	NOG	<i>Notothenia gibbenfrons</i>
Grey rockcod	NOS	<i>Notothenia squamifrons</i>
Patagonian rockcod	NOT	<i>Patagonotothen brevicauda</i>
...	PAT	<i>Patagonotothen longipes ramsai</i>
Antarctic rockcods, noties n.e.i.	NOX	<i>Nototheniidae</i>
Blackfin icefish	SSI	<i>Chaenocephalus aceratus</i>
Mackerel icefish	ANI	<i>Champscephalus gunnari</i>
Icefishes n.e.i.	ICX	<i>Channichthyidae</i>
Percoids n.e.i.	PRC	<i>Percoidei</i>
Pink cusk-eel	CUS	<i>Genypterus blacodes</i>
Ruffs, barrelfishes n.e.i.	CEN	<i>Centrolophidae</i>
Blackbelly rosefish	BRF	<i>Helicolenus dactylopterus</i>
Scorpionfishes n.e.i.	SCO	<i>Scorpaenidae</i>
Atlantic searobins	SRA	<i>Prionotus spp.</i>
Ballyhoo halfbeak	BAL	<i>Hemirhamphus brasiliensis</i>
Flying fishes n.e.i.	FLY	<i>Exocoetidae</i>
Barracudas	BAR	<i>Sphyraena spp.</i>
Mullets n.e.i.	MUL	<i>Mugilidae</i>
Silversides (= Sandsmelts)	SIL	<i>Atherinidae</i>
Pelagic percomorphs n.e.i.	PPX	<i>Perciformes</i>
Bluefish	BLU	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>
Blue jack mackerel	JAA	<i>Trachurus picturatus</i>
Jack and horse mackerels n.e.i.	JAX	<i>Trachurus spp.</i>
Jacks, crevalles, n.e.i.	TRE	<i>Caranx spp.</i>
Amberjacks n.e.i.	AMX	<i>Seriola spp.</i>
Parona leatherjack	PAO	<i>Parona signata</i>
Carangids n.e.i.	CGX	<i>Carangidae</i>
Common dolphinfish	DOL	<i>Coryphaena hippurus</i>
Gulf butterfish, harvestfishes	BTG	<i>Peprilus spp.</i>
Butterfishes silver pomfrets	BUX	<i>Stromateidae</i>
Ladyfish	LAD	<i>Elops saurus</i>
Tarpon	TAR	<i>Tarpon (= Megelops) atlanticus</i>
Brazilian sardinella	BSR	<i>Sardinella brasiliensis</i>
Sardinellas n.e.i.	SIX	<i>Sardinella spp.</i>
Brazilian menhaden	MHS	<i>Brevoortia aurea</i>
Argentine menhaden	MHP	<i>Brevoortia pectinata</i>
Scaled sardines	SAS	<i>Harengula spp.</i>
Falkland sprat	FAS	<i>Sprattus fuegensis</i>
Argentine anchovita	ANA	<i>Engraulis anchovita</i>
Anchovies n.e.i.	ANX	<i>Engraulidae</i>
Clupeoids n.e.i.	CLU	<i>Clupeoidei</i>
Atlantic bonito	BON	<i>Sarda sarda</i>

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Wahoo	WAH	<i>Acanthocybium solandri</i>
King mackerel	KGM	<i>Scomberomorus cavalla</i>
Atlantic Spanish mackerel	SSM	<i>Scomberomorus maculatus</i>
Seerfishes n.e.i.	KGX	<i>Scomberorinus spp.</i>
Frigate and bullet tunas	FRZ	<i>Auxis thazard, A. rochei</i>
Atlantic black skipjack	LTA	<i>Euthynnus alletteratus</i>
Skipjack tuna	SKJ	<i>Katsuwonus pelamis</i>
Northern bluefin tuna	BFT	<i>Thunnus thynnus</i>
Blackfin tuna	BLF	<i>Thunnus atlanticus</i>
Albacore	ALB	<i>Thunnus alalunga</i>
Southern bluefin tuna	SBF	<i>Thunnus maccoyii</i>
Yellowfin tuna	YFT	<i>Thunnus albacares</i>
Big-eye tuna	BET	<i>Thunnus obesus</i>
Tunas n.e.i.	TUN	<i>Thunnini</i>
Atlantic sailfish	SAI	<i>Istiophorus albicans</i>
Atlantic blue marlin	BUM	<i>Makaira nigricans</i>
Atlantic white marlin	WHM	<i>Tetrapturus albidus</i>
Marlins, sailfishes, spearfishes	BIL	<i>Istiophoridae</i>
Swordfish	SWO	<i>Xiphias gladius</i>
Tuna-like fishes n.e.i.	TUX	<i>Scornhoidei</i>
White snake mackerel	WSM	<i>Thyrsitops lepidopodes</i>
Largehead hairtail	LHT	<i>Trichiurus lepturus</i>
Chub mackerel	MAS	<i>Scomber japonicus</i>
Big-eye thresher	BTH	<i>Alopias superciliosus</i>
Shortfin mako	SMA	<i>Isurus oxyrinchus</i>
Blue shark	BSH	<i>Prionace glauca</i>
Silky shark	FAL	<i>Carcharhinus falciformis</i>
Copper shark	BRO	<i>Carcharhinus brachyurus</i>
Smooth hammerhead	SPZ	<i>Sphyrna zygaena</i>
Scalloped hammerhead	SPL	<i>Sphyrna lewini</i>
Tope shark	GAG	<i>Galeorhinus galeus</i>
Picked dogfish	DGS	<i>Squalus acanthias</i>
Angel sharks, sand devils n.e.i.	ASK	<i>Squatinidae</i>
Chola guitarfish	GUD	<i>Rhinobatis percellens</i>
Sawfishes	SAW	<i>Pristidae</i>
Elephantfishes n.e.i.	ELF	<i>Callorhinchus spp.</i>
Patagonian smoothhound	SDP	<i>Mustelus schmitti</i>
Smoothhounds	SDV	<i>Mustelus spp.</i>
Liveroil sharks	LSK	<i>Galeorhinus spp.</i>
Skates and rays, n.e.i.	SRX	<i>Rajiformes</i>
Sharks, rays, skates, etc.	SKX	<i>Elasmobranchii</i>
Marine fishes n.e.i.	MZZ	<i>Osteichthyes</i>
Dana swimcrab	CRZ	<i>Callinectes danae</i>
Southern kingcrab	KCR	<i>Lithodes antarcticus</i>
Softshell red crab	PAG	<i>Paralomis granulosa</i>
Geryons n.e.i.	GER	<i>Geryon spp.</i>
Marine crabs n.e.i.	CRA	<i>Reptantia</i>
Caribbean spiny lobster	SLC	<i>Panulirus argus</i>

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Tropical spiny lobsters n.e.i.	SLV	<i>Panulirus spp.</i>
Northern brown shrimp	ABS	<i>Penaeus aztecus</i>
Redspotted shrimp	PNB	<i>Penaeus brasiliensis</i>
Penaeus shrimps n.e.i.	PEN	<i>Penaeus spp.</i>
Atlantic seabob	BOB	<i>Xiphopenaeus kroyeri</i>
Argentine stiletto shrimp	ASH	<i>Arternesia longinaris</i>
Argentine red shrimp	LAA	<i>Pleoticus muelleri</i>
Natantian decapods n.e.i.	DCP	<i>Natantia</i>
Antarctic krill	KRX	<i>Euphausia superba</i>
Marine crustaceans n.e.i.	CRU	<i>Crustacea</i>
Gastropods n.e.i.	GAS	<i>Gastropoda</i>
Cupped oysters n.e.i.	OYC	<i>Crassostrea spp.</i>
River Plata mussel	MSR	<i>Mytilus platensis</i>
Magellan mussel	MSC	<i>Aulacomya afer</i>
Scallops n.e.i.	SCX	<i>Pectinidae</i>
Donax clams	DON	<i>Donax spp.</i>
Clams n.e.i.	CLX	<i>Bivalvia</i>
Cuttlefishes, bobtail squids	CTL	<i>Sepiidae, Sepiolidae</i>
Patagonian squid	SQP	<i>Loligo gahi</i>
Common squids	SQC	<i>Loligo spp.</i>
Argentine shortfin squid	SQA	<i>Illex argentinus</i>
Sevenstar flying squid	SQS	<i>Martialia hyadesi</i>
Octopuses	OCT	<i>Octopodidae</i>
Squids n.e.i.	SQU	<i>Loliginidae, Ommastrephidae</i>
Marine molluscs n.e.i.	MOL	<i>Mollusca</i>
Marine turtles n.e.i.	TTX	<i>Testudinata</i>

Southeast Atlantic (Major fishing area 47)

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Flatfishes n.e.i.	FLX	<i>Pleuronectiformes</i>
West coast sole	SOW	<i>Austroglossus microlepis</i>
Mud sole	SOE	<i>Austroglossus pectoralis</i>
Southeast Atlantic soles n.e.i.	SOA	<i>Austroglossus spp.</i>
Tonguefishes n.e.i.	TOX	<i>Cynoglossidae</i>
Benguela hake	HKB	<i>Merluccius polli</i>
Shallow-water Cape hake	HKK	<i>Merluccius capensis</i>
Deepwater Cape hake	HKO	<i>Merluccius paradoxus</i>
Cape hakes	HKC	<i>Merluccius capensis, M. parad.</i>
Merluccid hakes	HKZ	<i>Merlucciidae</i>
Gadiforms n.e.i.	GAD	<i>Gadiformes</i>
Hatchetfishes	HAF	<i>Sternoptychidae</i>
Lightfishes n.e.i.	MAU	<i>Maurolicus spp.</i>
Silver lightfish	MAV	<i>Maurolicus muelleri</i>
Greeneyes	GRE	<i>Chlorophthalmidae</i>
White barbel	GAT	<i>Galeichthyes fericeps</i>
Smoothmouth sea catfish	SMC	<i>Arius heudoloti</i>
Sea catfishes n.e.i.	CAX	<i>Arildae</i>

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Greater lizardfish	LIG	Saurida tumbil
Lizardfishes n.e.i.	LIX	Synodontidae
Conger eels n.e.i.	COX	Congridae
Slender snipefish	SNS	Macrorhamphosus scolopax
Snipefishes	SNI	Macroramphosidae
Alfonsinos	ALF	Beryx spp.
Alfonsinos n.e.i.	BRX	Berycidae
John Dory	JOD	Zeus faber
Silvery John Dory	JOS	Zenopsis conchifer
Dories n.e.i.	ZEX	Zeidae
Boarfishes	BOR	Caproidae
Boarfish	BOC	Capros aper
Demersal percomorphs n.e.i.	DPX	Perciformes
Groupers n.e.i.	GPX	Epinephelus spp.
Wreckfish	WRF	Polyprion americanus
Groupers, seabasses n.e.i.	BSX	Serranidae
Big-eyes n.e.i.	BIG	Priacanthus spp.
Big-eyes, glasseyes, bulleyes	PRI	Priacanthidae
Cardinalfishes n.e.i.	APO	Apogonidae
Glow-bellies, splitfins	ACR	Acropomatidae
Blackmouth splitfin	SYN	Synagrops japonicus
Splitfins n.e.i.	SYS	Synagrops spp.
Cape bonnetmouth	EMM	Emmelichthys nitidus
Bonnetmouths, rubyfishes, etc.	EMT	Emmerichthyidae
Snappers, jobfishes, n.e.i.	SNX	Lutjanidae
Threadfin breams	THB	Nemipterus spp.
Threadfin, monocle, dwarf breams	THD	Nemipteridae
Big-eye grunt	GRB	Brachydeuterus auratus
Rubberlip grunt	BRL	Plectorhinchus mediterraneus
Sompat grunt	BUR	Pomadasys jubelini
Grunts, sweetlips, n.e.i.	GRX	Haemulidae (= Pornadasyidae)
Southern meagre (= kob)	KOB	Argyrosomus hololepidofus
Geelbek croaker	AWE	Atractoscion aequidens
Tigertooth croaker	LKR	Otolithes ruber
West African croakers	CKW	Pseudotolithus spp.
Croakers, drums n.e.i.	CDX	Sciaenidae
Canary drum (= baardman)	UCA	Umbrina canariensis
Weakfishes n.e.i.	WKX	Cynoscion spp.
Natal pandora	TJO	Pagellus natalensis
Porgies, seabreams n.e.i.	SBX	Sparidae
Pandoras n.e.i.	PAX	Pagellus spp.
Sargo breams n.e.i.	SRG	Diplodus spp.
Large-eye dentex	DEL	Dentex macrophthalimus
Angolan dentex	DEA	Dentex angolensis
Canary dentex	DEN	Dentex canariensis
Dentex n.e.i.	DEX	Dentex spp.
Black seabream	BRB	Spondylisoma cantharus
Carpenter seabream	SLF	Argyrozona argyrozona

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Santer seabream	SLD	Cheimerius nufar
Red steenbras	RER	Petrus rupestris
Panga seabream	PGA	Pterogymnus laniarius
White stumpnose	WSN	Rhahdosargus globiceps
Pargo breams n.e.i.	SBP	Sparus (= <i>Pagrus</i>) <i>spp.</i>
Bogue	BOG	Boops boops
Stumpnose, dageraadreams, n.e.i.	RSX	Chrysoblephus <i>spp.</i>
Whitesteenbras	SNW	Lithognathus lithognathus
Steenbrasses, n.e.i.	STW	Lithognathus <i>spp.</i>
Sand steenbras	SSB	Lithognathus mormyrus
Copper breams	CPP	Pachymetopon <i>spp.</i>
Salema (= Strepie)	SLM	Sarpa salpa
Polystegan seabreams n.e.i.	PLY	Polysteganus <i>spp.</i>
Scotsman seabream	SCM	Polysteganus praeorbitalis
Seventyfour seabream	SEV	Polysteganus undulosus
Blueskin seabream	SBU	Polysteganus coeruleopunctatus
Porgies, seabreams, n.e.i.	SBX	Sparidae
Picarels	PIC	Spicara <i>spp.</i>
Goatfishes, red mullets n.e.i.	MUM	Mullidae
Surmullets (= Red mullets)	MUX	Mulius <i>spp.</i>
Galjoens n.e.i.	COT	Coracinidae
Galjoen	GAJ	Coracinus capensis
Spadefishes	SPA	Ephippidae
African sicklefish	SIC	Drepene africana
Cuskeels, brotulas n.e.i.	OPH	Ophidiidae
Kingclip	KCP	Genypterus capensis
Gobies n.e.i.	GPA	Gobiidae
Cape redfish	REC	Sebastes capensis
Rosefishes n.e.i.	ROK	Helicolenus <i>spp.</i>
Blackbelly rosefish	BRF	Helicolenus dactylopterus
Scorpionfishes, n.e.i.	SCO	Scorpaenidae
Piper gurnard	GUN	Trigia lyra
Cape gurnard	GUC	Chelidonichthys capensis
Gurnards, searobins n.e.i.	GUX	Triglidae
Gurnards	GUY	Trigla <i>spp.</i>
Triggerfishes, durgons	TRI	Balistidae
Cape monk	MOK	Lophius upsicephalus
Anglerfishes n.e.i.	ANF	Lophiidae
Lanternfish	LAN	Lampanyctodes hectoris
Lanternfishes	LXX	Myctophidae
Needlefishes n.e.i.	BEN	Belonidae
Needlefishes	NED	Tylosaurus <i>spp.</i>
Sauries n.e.i.	SAX	Scomberesocidae
Atlantic saury	SAU	Scomberesox saurus
Barracudas	BAR	Sphyraena <i>spp.</i>
Barracudas	BAZ	Sphyraenidae
Mullets n.e.i.	MUL	Mugilidae
Threadfins, tasselfishes n.e.i.	THF	Polynemidae

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Lesser African threadfin	GAL	Galeoides dedactylus
Pelagic percomorphs n.e.i.	PPX	Perciformes
Bluefish	BLU	Pomatomus saltatrix
Bluefishes n.e.i.	POT	Pomatomidae
Cobia	CBA	Rachycentron canadum
Cobias n.e.i.	CBX	Rachycentridae
Cape horse mackerel	HMC	Trachurus capensis
Cunene horse mackerel	HMZ	Trachurus trecae
Jack and horse mackerels n.e.i.	JAX	Trachurus spp.
Scads	SDX	Decapterus spp.
Crevalle jack	CVJ	Caranx hippos
False scad	HMV	Decapterus rhonchus
Jacks, crevalles, n.e.i.	TRE	Caranx spp.
Lookdown fish	LUK	Selene dorsalis
Pompanos	POX	Trachinotus spp.
Yellowtail amberjack	YTC	Seriola lalandi
Amberjacks n.e.i.	AMX	Seriola spp.
Leerfish (= Garrick)	LEE	Lichia amia
Atlantic bumper	BUA	Chioroscombrus chrysurus
Carangids n.e.i.	CGX	Carangidae
Pomfrets, ocean breams n.e.i.	BRZ	Bramidae
Atlantic pomfret	POA	Brama brama
Common dolphinfish	DOL	Coryphaena hippurus
Dolphinfishes n.e.i.	DOX	Coryphaenidae
Blue butterfish	BLB	Stromateus fiatola
Butterfishes, silverpomfrets	BUX	Stromateidae
Bonefishes	ALU	Albulidae
Longfin bonefish	BNF	Pterothrissus belloci
Round sardinella	SAA	Sardinella aurita
Madeiran sardinella	SAE	Sardinella maderensis
Southern African pilchard	PIA	Sardinops ocellatus
Whitehead's round herring	WRR	Etrumeus whiteheadi
Southern African anchovy	ANC	Engraulis capensis
Anchoovies n.e.i.	ANX	Engraulidae
Herrings, sardines n.e.i.	CLP	Clupeidae
Sardinellas n.e.i.	SIX	Sardinella spp.
Clupeoids n.e.i.	CLU	Clupoidei
Atlantic bonito	BON	Sarda sarda
Wahoo	WAH	Acanthocybium solandri
Frigate tuna	FRI	Auxis thazard
Frigate and bullet tunas	FRZ	Auxis thazard, A. rochei
Narrow-banded Spanish mackerel	COM	Scomberomorus guttatus
King mackerel	SSM	Scorberomorus maculatus
West African Spanish mackerel	MAW	Scorberomorus tritor
Kanadi kingfish	KAK	Scomberomorus plurilineatus
Seerfishes n.e.i.	KGX	Scomberomorus spp.
Atlantic black skipjack	LTA	Euthynnus alletteratus
Kawakawa	KAW	Euthynnus affinis

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Skipjack tuna	SKJ	Katsuwonus pelamis
Northern bluefin tuna	BFT	Thunnus thynnus
Albacore	ALB	Thunnus alalunga
Southern bluefin tuna	SBF	Thunnus maccoyii
Yellowfin tuna	YFT	Thunnus albacares
Big-eye tuna	BET	Thunnus obesus
Atlantic sailfish	SAI	Istiophorus albicans
Atlantic blue marlin	BUM	Makaira nigricans
Black marlin	BLM	Makaira indica
Atlantic white marlin	WHM	Tetrapturus albidus
Marlins, sailfishes, spearfishes	BIL	Istiophoridae
Swordfish	SWO	Xiphias gladius
Swordfishes	XIP	Xiphiidae
Tuna-like fishes n.e.i.	TUX	Scombroidei
Snake mackerels, escolars n.e.i.	GEP	Gempylidae
Snoek	SNK	Thyrsites atun
Largehead hairtail	LHT	Trichiurus lepturus
Hairtails, cutlassfishes n.e.i.	CUT	Trichiuridae
Silver scabbardfish	SFS	Lepidotopus caudatus
Chub mackerel	MAS	Scomber japonicus
Mackerels n.e.i.	MAX	Scombridae
Mackerel-like fishes n.e.i.	MKX	Scombroidei
Shortfin mako	SMA	Isurus oxyrinchus
Blue shark	BSH	Prionace glauca
Smooth hammerhead	SPZ	Sphyrna zygaena
Smooth-hounds n.e.i.	SDV	Mustelus spp.
Tope shark	GAG	Galeorhinus galeus
Angelsharks, sand devils n.e.i.	ASK	Squatinae
Raja rays n.e.i.	SKA	Raja spp.
Rays, stingrays, mantas n.e.i.	SRX	Rajiformes
Cape elephantfish	CHM	Callorhinus capensis
Sharks, rays, skates, etc. n.e.i.	SKX	Elasmobranchii
Mackerel sharks, porbeagles	MSK	Lamnidae
Catsharks	SYX	Scyliorhinidae
Requiem sharks	RSK	Cercharhinidae
Blue shark	BSH	Prionace glauca
Bonnethead, hammerhead sharks	SPY	Sphyrnidae
Smoothhound	SMD	Mustelus mustelus
Dogfish sharks n.e.i.	DGX	Squalidae
Picked (= Spiny) dogfish	DGS	Squalus acanthias
Shortnose dogfish	DOP	Squalus megalops
Guitarfishes	GTF	Rhinobatidae
Sawfishes	SAW	Pristidae
Skates n.e.i.	RAJ	Rajidae
Skates	SKA	Raja spp.
Stingrays, butterfly rays	STT	Dasyaididae (= Trygonidae)
Eagle rays	EAG	Myliobatidae
Mantas	MAN	Mobulidae

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Torpedo (= Electric) rays	TOD	Torpedinidae
Elephantfishes n.e.i.	CAH	Callorhinchidae
Rays, skates, mantas n.e.i.	BAI	Batoidimorpha (Hypotremata)
Various sharks n.e.i.	SKH	Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata)
Sharks, rays, skates etc.	SKX	Elasmobranchii
Cartilaginous fishes n.e.i.	CAR	Chondrychthyes
Chimaeras n.e.i.	HOL	Holocephali
Marine fishes n.e.i.	MZZ	Osteichthyes
Edible crab	CRE	Cancer pagurus
Jonah crabs, rock crabs	CAD	Cancridae
Swimming crabs n.e.i.	SWM	Portunidae
King crabs n.e.i.	KCX	Lithodidae
Southern king crabs	KCR	Lithodes antarcticua
King crab	KCA	Lithodes ferox
West African geryon	CGE	Geryon (= Chaceon) maritae
Geryons n.e.i.	GER	Geryon spp.
Deep-sea crabs, geryons	GEY	Geryonidae
Marine crabs n.e.i.	CRA	Reptantia
Tropical spiny lobsters n.e.i.	SLV	Panulirus spp.
Royal spiny lobster	LOV	Panulirus regius
Scalloped spiny lobster	LOK	Panulirus homarus
Cape rock lobster	LBC	Jasus lalandii
Tristan da Cunha rock lobster	LBT	Jasus tristani
Natal spiny lobster	SLN	Palinuris delagoae
South coast spiny lobster	SLS	Palinurus gilchristi
Spiny lobsters n.e.i.	VLO	Palinuridae
Slipper lobsters	LOS	Scyllaridae
Indian Ocean lobsterette	NES	Nephropsis stewarti
True lobsters, lobsterettes	NEX	Nephropidae
Caramote prawn	TGS	Penaeus kerathurus
Indian white prawn	PNI	Penaeus indicus
Southern pink shrimp	SOP	Penaeus notialis
Penaeus shrimps n.e.i.	PEN	Penaeus spp.
Deepwater rose shrimp	DPS	Parapenaeus longirostris
Penaeid shrimps	PEZ	Penaeidae
Striped red shrimp	ARV	Aristeus varidens
Aristeid shrimps	ARI	Aristeidae
Common prawn	CPR	Palaemon serratus
Solenocerid shrimps	SOZ	Solenoceridae
Knife shrimps	KNI	Haliporoides spp.
Knife shrimp	KNS	Haliporoides triarthrus
Jack-knife shrimp	JAQ	Haliporoides sibogae
Natantian decapods n.e.i.	DCP	Natantia
Marine crustaceans n.e.i.	CRU	Crustacea
Perlemoen abalone	ABP	Haliotis midae
Giant periwinkle	GIW	Turbo sarmaticus
Flat oysters n.e.i.	OYX	Ostrea spp.
Denticulate rock oyster	ODE	Ostrea denticulata

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Pacific cupped oyster	OYG	<i>Crassostrea gigas</i>
Cupped oysters n.e.i.	OYC	<i>Crassostrea spp.</i>
Rock mussel	MSL	<i>Perna perna</i>
Sea mussels n.e.i.	MSX	<i>Mytilidae</i>
...	PSU	<i>Pecten sulcicostatus</i>
Scallops n.e.i.	SCX	<i>Pectinidae</i>
Smooth mactra	MAG	<i>Mactra glabrata</i>
Mactra surf clams	MAT	<i>Mactridae</i>
Venus clams	CLV	<i>Veneridae</i>
...	DOR	<i>Dosinia orbignyi</i>
Donax clams	DON	<i>Donax spp.</i>
Cape razor clams	RAC	<i>Solen capensis</i>
Razor clams, knife clams	SOI	<i>Solenidae</i>
Clams n.e.i.	CLX	<i>Bivalvia</i>
Cuttlefishes, bobtail squids	CTL	<i>Sepiidae, Sepiolidae</i>
Chokker squid	CHO	<i>Loligo reynaudi</i>
Angolan flying squid	SQG	<i>Todarodes sagittatus angolen.</i>
Common squids	SQC	<i>Loligo spp.</i>
Octopuses	OCT	<i>Octopodidae</i>
Squids n.e.i.	SQU	<i>Loliginidae, Ommastrephidae</i>
Marine molluscs n.e.i.	MOL	<i>Mollusca</i>
South African fur seal	SEK	<i>Arctocephalus pusillus</i>
Red bait	SSR	<i>Pyura stolonifera</i>
...	URR	<i>Parechinus angulosus</i>
Sea-cucumbers n.e.i.	CUX	<i>Holothurioidae</i>
Aquatic invertebrates n.e.i.	INV	<i>Invertebrata</i>

Western Indian Ocean (Major fishing area 51)

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Kelee shad	HIX	<i>Hilsa kelee</i>
Hilsa shad	HIL	<i>Tenualosa ilisha</i>
Milkfish	MIL	<i>Chanos chanos</i>
Giant seaperch (= Barramundi)	GIP	<i>Lates calcarifer</i>
Flatfishes n.e.i.	FLX	<i>Pleuronectiformes</i>
Indian halibut	HAI	<i>Psettodes erumei</i>
Tonguefishes n.e.i.	TOX	<i>Cynoglossidae</i>
Unicorn cod	UNC	<i>Bregmaceros maclellandi</i>
Gadiformes n.e.i.	GAD	<i>Gadiformes</i>
Bombay duck	BUC	<i>Harpodon nehereus</i>
Seacatfishes n.e.i.	CAX	<i>Ariidae</i>
Greater lizardfish	LIG	<i>Saurida tumbil</i>
Brushtooth lizardfish	LIB	<i>Saurida undosquamis</i>
Lizardfishes n.e.i.	LIX	<i>Synodontidae</i>
Pike congers n.e.i.	PCX	<i>Muraenesox spp.</i>
Conger eels n.e.i.	COX	<i>Congridae</i>
Alfonsinos	ALF	<i>Beryx spp.</i>
Japanese John Dory	JJD	<i>Zeus japonicus</i>

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Demersal percomorphs n.e.i.	DPX	Perciformes
Groupers n.e.i.	GPX	<i>Epinephelus spp.</i>
Groupers, seabasses n.e.i.	BSX	Serranidae
Bigeyes n.e.i.	BIG	<i>Priacanthus spp.</i>
Sillago whitings	WHS	Sillaginidae
False trevally	TRF	<i>Lactarius lactarius</i>
Bonnetmouths, rubyfishes, etc.	EMT	Emmelichthyidae
Mangrove red snapper	RES	<i>Lutjanus argentimaculatus</i>
Snappers n.e.i.	SNA	<i>Lutjanus spp.</i>
Snappers, jobfishes, n.e.i.	SNX	Lutjanidae
Threadfin breams	THB	<i>Nemipterus spp.</i>
Threadfin, monocle dwarf breams	THD	Nemipteridae
Ponyfishes (= Slipmouths) n.e.i.	POY	Leiognathidae
Grunts, sweetlips, n.e.i.	GRX	Haemulidae (= Pomadasyidae)
Southern meagre (= Kob)	KOB	<i>Argyrosomus hololepidotus</i>
Geelbek croaker	AWE	<i>Atractoscion aequidens</i>
Croakers, drums n.e.i.	CDX	Sciaenidae
Emperors (Scavengers)	EMP	Lethrinidae
Pandoras n.e.i.	PAX	<i>Pagellus spp.</i>
Dentex n.e.i.	DEX	<i>Dentex spp.</i>
King soldier bream	KBR	<i>Argyrops spinifer</i>
Santer seabream	SLD	<i>Cheimerius nufar</i>
Red steenbras	RER	<i>Petrus rupestris</i>
Stumpnose, dageraad breams, n.e.i.	RSX	<i>Chrysoblephus spp.</i>
Porgies, seabreams, n.e.i.	SBX	Sparidae
Surmullets (= Red mullets)	MUX	<i>Mullus spp.</i>
Goatfishes	GOX	<i>Upeneus spp.</i>
Goatfishes, red mullets n.e.i.	MUM	Mullidae
Spotted sicklefish	SPS	<i>Drepante punctata</i>
Wrasses, hogfishes, etc.	WRA	Labridae
Mojarras (= Silver-biddies)	MOJ	<i>Gerres spp.</i>
Percoids n.e.i.	PRC	Percoidei
Spinefeet (= Rabbitfishes)	SPI	<i>Siganus spp.</i>
Scorpionfishes, n.e.i.	SCO	Scorpaenidae
Flatheads	FLH	Platycephalidae
Triggerfishes, durgons	TRI	Balistidae
Lanternfishes	LXX	Myctophidae
Needlefishes	NED	<i>Tylosurus spp.</i>
Halfbeaks n.e.i.	HAX	<i>Hemirhamphus spp.</i>
Flyingfishes n.e.i.	FLY	Exocoetidae
Barracudas	BAR	<i>Sphyraena spp.</i>
Flathead grey mullet	MUF	<i>Mugil cephalus</i>
Mullets n.e.i.	MUL	Mugilidae
Fourfinger threadfin	FOT	<i>Eletheronema tetradactylum</i>
Threadfins, tasselfishes n.e.i.	THF	Polynemidae
Pelagic percomorphs n.e.i.	PPX	Perciformes
Bluefish	BLU	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>
Cobia	CBA	<i>Rachycentron canadum</i>

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Cobias, n.e.i.	CBX	Rachycentridae
Jack and horse mackerels n.e.i.	JAX	<i>Trachurus spp.</i>
Indian scad	RUS	<i>Decapterus russelli</i>
Scads	SDX	<i>Deceperterus spp.</i>
Jacks, crevalles, n.e.i.	TRE	<i>Caranx spp.</i>
Pompanos	POX	<i>Trachinotus spp.</i>
Yellowtail amberjack	YTC	<i>Seriola lalandi</i>
Amberjacks n.e.i.	AMX	<i>Seriola spp.</i>
Rainbow runner	RRU	<i>Elagatis bipinnulata</i>
Golden trevally	GLT	<i>Gnatanodon speciosus</i>
Torpedo scad	HAS	<i>Megalaspis cordyla</i>
Queenfishes	QUE	<i>Scomberoides (= Chorinemus) spp.</i>
Big-eye scad	BIS	<i>Selar crumenophthalmus</i>
Yellowstripe scad	TRY	<i>Selaroides leptolepis</i>
Carangids n.e.i.	CGX	Carangidae
Black pomfret	POB	<i>Formio niger</i>
Common dolphinfish	DOL	<i>Coryphaene hippurus</i>
Silver pomfret	SIP	<i>Pampus argenteus</i>
Butterfishes, silver pomfrets	BUX	Stromateidae
Goldstripe sardinella	SAG	<i>Sardinella gibbosa</i>
Indian oil sardine	IOS	<i>Sardinella longiceps</i>
Sardinellas n.e.i.	SIX	<i>Sardinella spp.</i>
Southern African pilchard	PIA	<i>Sardinops ocellatus</i>
Redeye round herring	RRH	<i>Etrumeus teres</i>
Stolephorus anchovies	STO	<i>Stolephorus spp.</i>
Anchovies n.e.i.	ANX	Engraulidae
Clupeoids n.e.i.	CLU	Clupeoidei
Dorab wolf-herring	DOB	<i>Chirocentrus dorab</i>
Wolf-herrings	DOS	<i>Chirocentrus spp.</i>
Wahoo	WAH	<i>Acanthocybium solandri</i>
Narrow-barred Spanish mackerel	COM	<i>Scomberomorus ommesson</i>
Indo-Pacific king mackerel	GUT	<i>Scomberomorus guttatus</i>
Streaked seerfish	STS	<i>Scomberomorus lineolatus</i>
Seerfishes n.e.i.	KGX	<i>Scomberomorus spp.</i>
Frigate and bullet tunas	FRZ	<i>Auxis thazard, A rochei</i>
Kawakawa	KAW	<i>Euthynnus affinis</i>
Skipjack tuna	SKJ	<i>Katsuwonus pelamis</i>
Longtail tuna	LOT	<i>Thunnus tonggol</i>
Albacore	ALB	<i>Thunnus alalunga</i>
Southern bluefin tuna	SBF	<i>Thunnus maccoyii</i>
Yellowfin tuna	YFT	<i>Thunnus albacares</i>
Big-eye tuna	BET	<i>Thunnus obesus</i>
Indo-Pacific sailfish	SFA	<i>Istiophorus platypterus</i>
Indo-Pacific blue marlin	BLZ	<i>Makaira mazara</i>
Black marlin	BLM	<i>Makaira indica</i>
Striped marlin	MLS	<i>Tetrapturus audax</i>
Marlins, sailfishes, spearfishes	BIL	Istiophoridae
Tuna-like fishes n.e.i.	TUX	Sombroidei

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Snoek	SNK	Thyrsites atun
Largehead hairtail	LHT	Trichiurus lepturus
Silver scabbardfish	SFS	Lepidopus caudatus
Hairtails, cutlassfishes, n.e.i.	CUT	Trichiuridae
Chub mackerel	MAS	Scomber japonicus
Indian mackerel	RAG	Rastrelliger kanagurta
Indian mackerels n.e.i.	RAX	Rastrelliger spp.
Mackerel-like fishes n.e.i.	MKX	Scombroidei
Swordfish	SWO	Xiphias gladius
Shortfin mako	SMA	Isurus oxyrinchus
Blue shark	BSH	Prionace glauca
Oceanic whitetip shark	OCS	Carcharhinus longimanus
Spot-tail shark	CCQ	Carcharhinus sorrah
Dusky shark	DUS	Carcharhinus obscurus
Silky shark	FAL	Carcharhinus falciformis
Milk shark	RHA	Rhizoprionodon acutus
Requiem sharks n.e.i.	RSK	Carcharhinidae
Hammerhead sharks, etc. n.e.i.	SPY	Sphyrnidae
Guitarfishes, etc. n.e.i.	GTF	Rhinobatidae
Sawfishes	SAW	Pristidae
Rays, stingrays, mantas n.e.i.	SRX	Rajiformes
Sharks, rays, skates, etc. n.e.i.	SKX	Elasmobranchii
Marine fishes n.e.i.	MZZ	Osteichthyes
Swimcrabs	CRS	Portunus spp.
Mud crab	MUD	Scylla serrata
Geryons n.e.i.	GER	Geryon spp.
Marine crabs n.e.i.	CRA	Reptantia
Tropical spiny lobsters n.e.i.	SLV	Panulirus spp.
Natal spiny lobster	SLN	Palinurus delagoae
Slipper lobsters	LOS	Scyliaridae
Andaman lobster	NEA	Metanephrops andamanicus
Giant tiger prawn	GIT	Penaeus monodon
Green tiger prawn	TIP	Penaeus semisulcatus
Indian white prawn	PNI	Penaeus indicus
Penaeus shrimps n.e.i.	PEN	Penaeus spp.
Knife shrimp	KNS	Haliporoides triarthrus
Jack-knife shrimp	JAQ	Haliporoides sibogae
Knife shrimps	KNI	Haliporoides spp.
Natantian decapods n.e.i.	DCP	Natantia
Marine crustaceans n.e.i.	CRU	Crustacea
Abalones n.e.i.	ABX	Haliotis spp.
Rock-cupped oyster	CSC	Crassostrea cucullata
Cupped oysters n.e.i.	OYC	Crassostrea spp.
Cephalopods n.e.i.	CEP	Cephalopoda
Cuttlefishes, bobtail squids	CTL	Sepiidae, Sepiolidae
Common squids	SQC	Loligo spp.
Octopuses	OCT	Octopodidae
Squids n.e.i.	SQU	Loliginidee, Ommastrephidae

▼M1

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Marine molluscs n.e.i.	MOL	Mollusca
Green turtle	TUG	<i>Chelonia mydas</i>
Marine turtles n.e.i.	TTX	Testudinata
Sea cucumbers n.e.i.	CUX	Holothuroidea
Aquatic invertebrates n.e.i.	INV	Invertebrata

▼B*ANNEX 5*

**FORMAT FOR THE SUBMISSION OF CATCH DATA FOR REGIONS
OTHER THAN THE NORTH ATLANTIC**

Magnetic media

Computer tapes: Nine track with a density of 1 600 or 6 250 BPI and EBCDIC or ASCII coding, preferably unlabelled. If labelled, an end-of-file code should be included.

Floppy discs: MS-DOS formatted 3,5" 720 K or 1,4 Mbyte discs or 5,25" 360 K or 1,2 Mbyte discs.

Record format

Byte numbers	Item	Remarks
1 to 4	Country (ISO 3-alpha code)	e.g. FRA = France
5 to 6	Year	e.g. 93 = 1993
7 to 8	Major fishing area	34 = eastern central Atlantic
9 to 15	Division	3.3 = division 3.3
16 to 18	Species	3-alpha identifier
19 to 26	Catch	Metric tonnes

Notes:

- (a) The catch field (bytes 19 to 26) should be right justified with leading blanks.
All other fields should be left justified with trailing blanks.
- (b) The catch should be recorded in the live weight equivalent of the landings, to the nearest metric tonne.
- (c) Quantities (bytes 19 to 26) of less than half a unit should be recorded as ‘-1’.
- (d) Unknown quantities (bytes 19 to 26) should be recorded as ‘-2’.