Pursuant to the second indent of Article 9(1)(a) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 (1), the Explanatory Notes to the Combined Nomenclature of the European Union (2) are hereby amended as follows:

On page 344, the explanatory note to CN subheading 8536 69 10 to 8536 69 90 is replaced by the following:

‘Other
These subheadings include electromechanical plugs (so-called male type connectors) and sockets (so-called female type connectors) which permit connection, for example, between appliances, cables and connector boards.

The connectors may have a plug or socket on both sides or a plug or socket on one side and another contact device on the other (for example, crimp, clamp, soldered or screw-type) see the examples in figures 1 and 2.

Figure 1:
On one side the cable is connected to the connector by means of a crimp/clamp connection. On the other side the connection is made by plugging the male-type/female type connector.

![Figure 1](image1.png)

Figure 2:
On one side, the cable is connected to the connector by means of a crimp/clamp connection. On the other side, the connection is made by plugging the female-type connector. In addition, this connector is also fitted with an additional connection in the form of a male-type connector.

These subheadings also include plug-in couplings comprising a plug and socket pair (two pieces). The plug and the socket pieces each have one socket and one other contact device.

![Figure 2](image2.png)

These subheadings do not include connection or contact elements with which an electrical connection is solely established by other means (for example, crimp, screw-type, soldered or clamp terminals). These are covered by subheading 8536 90 (see the examples in figures 3 to 7).

However plugs and sockets, threaded internally or externally, are included.

(2) OJ C 76, 4.3.2015, p. 1.
Figures 3 and 4:
On one side the cable is connected to the connector by means of a crimp/clamp connection. On the other side the connection is made by using a screw or a bolt and nut.

Figures 5, 6 and 7:
The electrical connection is not made by plugging. There is no male or female type connector present. The electrical connection is made by screwing or clamping.

On page 344, the explanatory note to CN subheading 8536 69 10 is replaced by the following:

For coaxial cables
This subheading covers only plugs and sockets used for coaxial connections (see the examples in figures 1 to 6).
Figure 5
Threaded coaxial plug

Figure 6
Coaxial adapter