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**COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2019/1122**  
**of 12 March 2019**  
**supplementing Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament**  
**and of the Council as regards the functioning of the Union Registry**  
**(Text with EEA relevance)**

TITLE I  
**GENERAL PROVISIONS**

CHAPTER 1  
*Subject matter, scope and definitions*

*Article 1*

**Subject matter**

This Regulation lays down general, operational and maintenance requirements concerning the Union Registry and the independent transaction log provided for in Article 20(1) of Directive 2003/87/EC.

*Article 2*

**Scope**

This Regulation applies to allowances created for the purposes of the European Union Emissions Trading System (EU ETS).

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This Regulation also applies to annual emission allocation units (AEA).

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*Article 3*

**Definitions**

For the purposes of this Regulation, the definitions in Article 3 of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010 and in Article 3 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/331 <sup>(1)</sup> shall apply. The following definitions shall also apply:

- (1) ‘central administrator’ means the person designated by the Commission pursuant to Article 20 of Directive 2003/87/EC;
- (2) ‘national administrator’ means the entity responsible for administering on behalf of a Member State a set of user accounts under the jurisdiction of a Member State in the Union Registry, designated in accordance with Article 7;

<sup>(1)</sup> Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/331 of 19 December 2018 determining transitional Union-wide rules for harmonised free allocation of emission allowances pursuant to Article 10a of Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 59, 27.2.2019, p. 8).

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- (3) ‘account holder’ means a natural or legal person that holds an account in the Union Registry;
- (4) ‘account information’ means all information necessary to open an account or register a verifier, including all information on representatives assigned to them;
- (5) ‘competent authority’ means the authority or authorities designated by a Member State pursuant to Article 18 of Directive 2003/87/EC;

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- (6) ‘verifier’ means:
  - (a) in the case of stationary installations, aircraft operators and regulated entities, verifier as defined in Article 3, point (3), of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2067 <sup>(1)</sup>;
  - (b) in the case of maritime transport, verifier as defined in Article 3, point (f), of Regulation (EU) 2015/757 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(2)</sup>;
- (7) ‘aviation allowances’ means allowances created pursuant to Articles 3c and 3d of Directive 2003/87/EC that were issued before 1 January 2025 and allowances, created for the same purpose, stemming from emission trading systems that are linked to the EU ETS under Article 25 of that Directive;
- (8) ‘general allowances’ means allowances created pursuant to Chapter III of Directive 2003/87/EC, including allowances stemming from emission trading systems that are linked with the EU ETS pursuant to Article 25 of that Directive, and allowances created pursuant to Articles 3c and 3d of that Directive that were issued after 1 January 2025;
- (8a) ‘regulated entity allowances’ means allowances created pursuant to Chapter IVa of Directive 2003/87/EC;

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- (9) ‘process’ means an automated technical means to carry out an action relating to an account or a unit in the Union Registry;
- (10) ‘execution’ means the finalisation of a process proposed for execution that may result in completion if all conditions are fulfilled or in termination;
- (11) ‘working day’ means any day of the year from Monday to Friday;

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- (12) ‘transaction’ means a process in the Union Registry that involves the transfer of an allowance or an annual emission allocation unit from one account to another account;

<sup>(1)</sup> Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2067 of 19 December 2018 on the verification of data and on the accreditation of verifiers pursuant to Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 334, 31.12.2018, p. 94).

<sup>(2)</sup> Regulation (EU) 2015/757 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2015 on the monitoring, reporting and verification of carbon dioxide emissions from maritime transport, and amending Directive 2009/16/EC (OJ L 123, 19.5.2015, p. 55).

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- (13) ‘surrender’ means the accounting of an allowance by an stationary installation, an aircraft operator, a shipping company or a regulated entity against the verified emissions of its installation, aircraft, or ship or against fuel released for consumption;

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- (14) ‘deletion’ means the definitive disposal of an allowance by its holder without accounting it against verified emissions;
- (15) ‘money laundering’ means money laundering as defined in Article 1(3) of Directive (EU) 2015/849;
- (16) ‘serious crime’ means serious crime as defined in Article 3(4) of Directive (EU) 2015/849;
- (17) ‘terrorist financing’ means terrorist financing as defined in Article 1(5) of Directive (EU) 2015/849;
- (18) ‘directors’ means the persons discharging managerial responsibilities as defined in Article 3(1) point (25) of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014;
- (19) ‘parent undertaking’ means parent undertaking as defined in Article 2(9) of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>;
- (20) ‘subsidiary undertaking’ means subsidiary undertaking as defined in Article 2(10) of Directive 2013/34/EU;
- (21) ‘group’ means group as defined in Article 2(11) of Directive 2013/34/EU;
- (22) ‘central counterparty’ means central counterparty as defined in Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(2)</sup>;

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- (23) ‘ESR compliance period’ means the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2030 during which the Member States are to limit their greenhouse gas emissions pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2018/842;
- (24) ‘annual emission allocation unit’ means a subdivision of a Member State’s annual emission allocation determined pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 equal to 1 tonne of carbon dioxide equivalent;

<sup>(1)</sup> Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial statements and related reports of certain types of undertakings, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19).

<sup>(2)</sup> Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories (OJ L 201, 27.7.2012, p. 1).

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(25) ‘operator accounts’ means stationary installation holding accounts, aircraft operator holding accounts, maritime operator holding accounts and regulated entity holding accounts;

(26) ‘operators’ means stationary installations, aircraft operators, shipping companies and regulated entities.

**▼B***CHAPTER 2**The registries system**Article 4***Union Registry**

1. The central administrator shall operate and maintain the Union Registry, including its technical infrastructure.

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2. Member States shall use the Union Registry for the purposes of meeting their obligations under Article 19 of Directive 2003/87/EC and Article 12 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842. The Union Registry shall provide national administrators and account holders with the processes set out in this Regulation.

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3. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry conforms to the hardware, network, software and security requirements set out in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75 of this Regulation.

*Article 5***European Union Transaction Log**

1. A European Union Transaction Log (EUTL), to take the form of a standardised electronic database, is established, pursuant to Article 20 of Directive 2003/87/EC, for transactions within the scope of this Regulation. ►**M2** The EUTL shall be part of the Union Registry. ◀

2. The central administrator shall operate and maintain the ►**M2** standardised electronic database ◀ in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation.

3. The central administrator shall ensure that the ►**M2** standardised electronic database ◀ is capable of checking and recording all processes referred to under this Regulation, and complies with the hardware, network and software requirements set out in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75 of this Regulation.

4. The central administrator shall ensure that the ►**M2** standardised electronic database ◀ is capable of recording all processes described in Chapter 3 of Title I and in Titles II and III.

**▼B***Article 6***Communication links between registries ►M2** ————— ◀

1. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry maintains a communication link with the registries of greenhouse gas emissions trading systems with whom a linking agreement is in force in accordance with Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC for the purposes of communicating transactions with allowances.

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2. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry checks and records transactions with allowances and the account management processes set out in Title I, Chapter 3. All transactions involving allowances units shall take place within the Union Registry, and shall be recorded and checked before and after the account management processes are executed. The central administrator may establish a restricted communication link between the Union Registry and the registry of a third country which has signed a treaty concerning its accession to the Union.

*Article 7***National administrators**

1. Each Member State shall designate a national administrator. The Member State shall access and administer pursuant to Article 10 its own accounts and the accounts in the Union Registry under its jurisdiction through its national administrator as defined in Annex I.

2. The Member States and the Commission shall ensure that there is no conflict of interest amongst national administrators, the central administrator and account holders.

3. Each Member State shall notify the Commission of the identity and contact details of its national administrator, including an emergency telephone number to be used in the case of a security incident.

4. The Commission shall coordinate the implementation of this Regulation with the national administrators of each Member State and the central administrator. In particular, the Commission shall pursue all appropriate consultations in accordance with the Treaties on issues and procedures related to the operation of registries regulated under this Regulation and the implementation of this Regulation. The terms of cooperation, agreed between the central administrator and the national administrators shall include common operational procedures for the implementation of this Regulation, change and incident management procedures for the Union Registry, technical specifications for the functioning and reliability of the Union Registry ►M2 ————— ◀ and provisions for the tasks of the controllers of personal data gathered pursuant to this Regulation. The terms of cooperation may include the modalities of the consolidation of the external communication links, the information technology infrastructure and user account access procedures. To ensure harmonised implementation of Chapter 3 of Title I, every two years the central administrator shall provide the national administrators a report on the relevant practices in place in each Member State.

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5. The central administrator, the competent authorities and national administrators shall only perform processes necessary to carry out their respective functions in accordance with Directive 2003/87/EC and Regulation (EU) 2018/842.

**▼ B***CHAPTER 3**Accounts*

## Section 1

**General provisions applicable to all accounts***Article 8***Accounts**

1. Member States and the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry contains accounts as specified in Annex I.
2. Each account type may hold the unit types as set out in Annex I.

*Article 9***Account status**

1. Accounts shall be in one of the following status: ‘open’, ‘blocked’, ‘closure pending’ or ‘closed’. For particular years, accounts may also have the status ‘excluded’.
2. No processes may be initiated from blocked accounts, except for the processes specified in Articles 22, 31 and 56.
3. Before an account is closed, it may be set to status ‘closure pending’ for the period of available remedies against closure or until the conditions of the closure are fulfilled but not longer than 10 years. No processes may be initiated from accounts in status ‘closure pending’, it may not acquire units and all access to these accounts shall be suspended. An account having the status ‘closure pending’ can be set to ‘open’ only if all conditions for opening an account are fulfilled.
4. No processes may be initiated from closed accounts. A closed account may not be re-opened, and may not acquire units.

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5. Upon exclusion of an installation from the EU ETS pursuant to Articles 27 or 27a of Directive 2003/87/EC, the national administrator shall set the corresponding stationary installation holding account to excluded status for the duration of the exclusion.

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6. Upon notification from the competent authority that an aircraft operator's flights are no longer included in the EU ETS in accordance with Annex I to Directive 2003/87/EC in a given year, the national administrator shall set the corresponding aircraft operator holding account to excluded status, after giving prior notice to the aircraft operator concerned and until notification from the competent authority that an aircraft operator's flights are again included in the EU ETS.

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6a. Where a regulated entity is exempt from the obligation to surrender allowances in accordance with Article 30e(3) of Directive 2003/87/EC, the national administrator shall set the corresponding regulated entity holding account to excluded status for the duration of the exemption.

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7. No processes may be initiated from excluded accounts, except for the processes specified in ►**M3** Article 22, Article 48(4), Article 50(6) and (8), Article 55(2) and (3) and Article 57 ◀ and the processes specified in Articles 31 and 56 corresponding to the period where the account status was not set to excluded.

*Article 10***The administering of accounts**

1. Every account shall have an administrator who shall be responsible for administering the account on behalf of a Member State or on behalf of the Union.

2. The administrator of an account shall be determined for each account type as set out in Annex I.

3. The administrator of an account shall open, suspend access to, or close an account, change its status, approve authorised representatives, permit changes to account details that require the approval of the administrator, initiate transactions as requested by the account representative or the account holder in accordance with Article 20(6) and (7) and initiate transactions as instructed by the competent authority or the relevant law enforcement authority, in accordance with this Regulation.

4. The administrator may require the account holders and their representatives to agree to comply with reasonable terms and conditions consistent with this Regulation having regard to the issues set out in Annex II.

5. Accounts shall be governed by the laws and fall under the jurisdiction of the Member State of their administrator and the units held in them shall be considered to be situated in that Member State's territory.

**▼B***Article 11***Notifications from the central administrator**

The central administrator shall notify the account representatives and the national administrator of the proposal for execution and completion or termination of any process related to the account, and of the change of status of the account, through an automated mechanism described in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75. Notifications shall be sent in the official language(s) of the Member State of the administrator of the account.

## Section 2

**Opening and updating accounts****▼MI***Article 12***Opening accounts administered by the central administrator**

1. The central administrator shall open all ETS management accounts in the Union Registry, the EU ESR AEA Total Quantity Account, the Deletion Account under Regulation (EU) 2018/842 ('ESR Deletion Account'), the EU Annex II AEA Total Quantity Account, the EU ESR Safety Reserve Account and one ESR Compliance Account for each Member State for each year of the compliance period.

2. The national administrator designated pursuant to Article 7(1) shall act as authorised representative of the ESR Compliance Accounts.

**▼B***Article 13***Opening an auction collateral delivery account in the Union Registry**

1. A clearing system or a settlement system as defined in Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010 that is connected to an auction platform appointed pursuant to Article 26 or Article 30 of that Regulation may submit to a national administrator a request for the opening of an auction collateral delivery account in the Union Registry. The person requesting the account shall provide the information set out in Annex IV.

2. Within 20 working days of the receipt of a complete set of information in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article and Article 21, the national administrator shall open the auction collateral delivery account in the Union Registry or inform the person requesting the account of the refusal to open the account, pursuant to Article 19.

3. Allowances held in an auction collateral delivery account, shall constitute collateral security as defined in Article 2(m) of Directive 98/26/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council.

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For the purposes of Article 9(2) of Directive 98/26/EC, an auction collateral delivery account held in the Union Registry shall constitute the relevant account and shall be deemed to be located in and governed by the laws of the Member State referred to in Article 10(5) of this Regulation.

**▼ M3***Article 14***Opening stationary installation holding accounts in the Union Registry**

1. Within 20 working days of the entry into force of a greenhouse gas emissions permit, the relevant competent authority or the stationary installation shall provide the relevant national administrator with the information set out in Annex VI and shall request the national administrator to open a stationary installation holding account in the Union Registry provided that the stationary installation has an obligation to surrender allowances pursuant to Article 12 of Directive 2003/87/EC.

2. Within 20 working days of the receipt of a complete set of information in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article and Article 21, the national administrator shall open a stationary installation holding account for each installation in the Union Registry or inform the prospective account holder of the refusal to open the account, pursuant to Article 19.

3. A new stationary installation holding account may be opened only if the installation does not already have a stationary installation holding account that was opened based on the same greenhouse gas emissions permit.

**▼ B***Article 15***Opening aircraft operator holding accounts in the Union Registry**

1. Within 20 working days from the approval of the monitoring plan of an aircraft operator, the competent authority or aircraft operator shall provide the relevant national administrator with the information set out in Annex VII and shall request the national administrator to open an aircraft operator holding account in the Union Registry.

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2. Each aircraft operator shall have no more than one aircraft operator holding account.

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3. Aircraft operators performing aviation activities with total annual emissions lower than 25 000 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent per year or operating fewer than 243 flights per period for three consecutive four-month period may mandate a natural person or a legal entity to open an aircraft operator holding account and to surrender the allowances pursuant to Article 12(2a) of Directive 2003/87/EC on their behalf. Responsibility for compliance still remains with the aircraft operator. When mandating the natural person or the legal entity, the aircraft operator shall ensure that there

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is no conflict of interest amongst the mandated person or entity and competent authorities, national administrators, verifiers or other bodies subject to the provisions of Directive 2003/87/EC and the acts adopted for its implementation. In this case, the natural person or legal entity mandated shall provide the information required in accordance with paragraph 1.

4. Within 20 working days of the receipt of a complete set of information in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article and Article 21, the national administrator shall open an aircraft operator holding account for each aircraft operator in the Union Registry or inform the prospective account holder of the refusal to open the account, pursuant to Article 19.

**▼M3***Article 15a***Opening maritime operator holding accounts in the Union Registry**

1. Within 40 working days of the publication of the list referred to in Article 3gf(2), point (a), of Directive 2003/87/EC, or, for shipping companies not included in that list, within 65 working days of the first voyage falling within the scope of Article 3ga of that Directive, the shipping company shall provide the relevant national administrator with the information set out in Annex VIIa to this Regulation and shall request the national administrator to open a maritime operator holding account in the Union Registry.

2. Each shipping company shall have no more than one maritime operator holding account.

3. Within 20 working days of the receipt of a complete set of information in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article and Article 21, the national administrator shall open a maritime operator holding account for each shipping company in the Union Registry or inform the prospective account holder of the refusal to open the account, pursuant to Article 19.

By way of derogation from the first subparagraph, for the requests referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article and submitted in 2024, the deadline for the national administrator to open a maritime operator holding account shall be 40 working days from the receipt of a complete set of information.

*Article 15b***Opening regulated entity holding accounts in the Union Registry**

1. Within 20 working days of the entry into force of a greenhouse gas emissions permit, the regulated entity falling within the scope of Chapter IVa of Directive 2003/87/EC shall provide the relevant national administrator with the information listed in Annex VIIb to this Regulation and shall request the national administrator to open a regulated entity holding account in the Union Registry.

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2. Within 20 working days of the receipt of a complete set of information in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article and Article 21, the national administrator shall open a regulated entity holding account for each regulated entity in the Union Registry or inform the prospective account holder of the refusal to open the account, pursuant to Article 19.

3. Each regulated entity shall have no more than one regulated entity holding account.

4. By way of derogation from the first subparagraph, for the requests referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article and submitted in 2025, the deadline for the national administrator to open a regulated entity holding accounts shall be 40 working days from the receipt of a complete set of information.

5. A new regulated entity holding account may be opened only if the regulated entity does not already have a regulated entity holding account that was opened based on the same greenhouse gas emissions permit.

6. Where the national administrator already acquired information for the purposes of national measures in the sectors falling within the scope of Annex III to Directive 2003/87/EC, it may use this information for the purpose of opening of the regulated entity holding accounts, provided that the information fulfils the requirements set out in Article 15b of this Regulation.

*Article 15c***Opening third country government deletion accounts in the Union Registry**

1. Following the signature of a non-binding arrangement referred to in Article 25(1b) of Directive 2003/87/EC, the government of the third country or the sub-federal or regional entity may, by an official letter, request the central administrator to open a third country government deletion account in the Union Registry.

2. The third country concerned shall have no more than one single third country government deletion account.

*Article 15d***Opening tax derogation deletion accounts in the Union Registry**

1. Where a Member State notifies the Commission of the application of the exemption in accordance with Article 30e(3) of Directive 2003/87/EC and the Commission does not raise an objection to the application of that derogation, the Member State concerned shall, by an official letter, request the central administrator to open a tax derogation deletion account in the Union Registry.

2. The Member State concerned shall have no more than one tax derogation deletion account.

3. Only regulated entity allowances may be transferred to the tax derogation deletion account. Regulated entity allowances held in the tax derogation deletion account shall be deleted by the end of the year after the reference year in accordance with Article 30e(3), point (g), of Directive 2003/87/EC.

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4. The tax derogation deletion account shall be used only to fulfil the requirements set out in Article 30e(3), point (g), of Directive 2003/87/EC and the amount of allowances sent to that account in any given year shall not be higher than the difference between the amount of allowances that remains to be auctioned in the reference year following application of Article 30e(3), point (f), of that Directive and the amount of allowances to be cancelled under Article 30e(3), point (g), of Directive 2003/87/EC.

**▼B***Article 16***Opening trading accounts in the Union Registry**

1. A request for opening a trading account in the Union Registry shall be submitted to the national administrator by the prospective account holder. The prospective account holder shall provide information as required by the national administrator, which shall include, at a minimum, the information set out in Annex IV.

2. The Member State of the national administrator may require as a condition for opening a trading account that the prospective account holders have their permanent residence or registration in the Member State of the national administrator administering the account.

3. The Member State of the national administrator may require as a condition for opening a trading account that prospective account holders are registered for value added tax (VAT) in the Member State of the national administrator of the account.

4. Within 20 working days of the receipt of a complete set of information in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article and Article 21, the national administrator shall open a trading account in the Union Registry or inform the prospective account holder of the refusal to open the account, pursuant to Article 19.

*Article 17***Opening national holding accounts in the Union Registry**

The competent authority of a Member State shall instruct the national administrator to open a national holding account in the Union Registry within 20 working days of the receipt of the information set out in Annex III.

*Article 18***Registering verifiers in the Union Registry**

1. A request for registering a verifier in the Union Registry shall be submitted to the national administrator. The person requesting the registration shall provide information as required by the national administrator, including the information set out in Annexes III and V.

2. Within 20 working days of the receipt of a complete set of information in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article and Article 21, the national administrator shall register the verifier in the Union Registry or inform the prospective verifier of the refusal, pursuant to Article 19.

**▼B***Article 19***Refusal to open an account or register a verifier**

1. The national administrator shall verify whether the information and documents provided for account opening or registration are complete, up-to-date, accurate and true.

In the event of justified doubts, the national administrator may request assistance by another national administrator in carrying out the verification referred to in the first subparagraph. The administrator that has received such request may refuse it. The prospective account holder or verifier may explicitly ask the national administrator to request such assistance. The national administrator shall inform the prospective account holder or verifier of such assistance request.

2. A national administrator may refuse to open an account or register a verifier:

- (a) if the information and documents provided are incomplete, out-of-date or otherwise inaccurate or false;
- (b) if a law enforcement authority provides information or if information is available by other means to a national administrator that the prospective account holder, or, if it is a legal person, any of the directors of the prospective account holder, is under investigation or has been convicted in the preceding five years for fraud involving allowances, money laundering, terrorist financing or other serious crimes for which the account may be an instrument;
- (c) if the national administrator has reasonable grounds to believe that the accounts may be used for fraud involving allowances, money laundering, terrorist financing or other serious crimes;
- (d) for reasons set out in national law.

3. ►**M3** Where the national administrator refuses to open an operator account in accordance with paragraph 2, the account may be opened upon instruction from the competent authority. ◀ All access to the account shall be suspended in accordance with Article 30(4) until the reasons for refusal listed in paragraph 2 are no longer present.

4. If the national administrator refuses to open an account, the person requesting the account opening may object to the competent authority or the relevant authority under national law, who shall either instruct the national administrator to open the account or uphold the refusal in a reasoned decision, subject to requirements of national law that pursue a legitimate objective compatible with this Regulation and are proportionate.

*Article 20***Authorised representatives**

1. The central administrator shall ensure that authorised representatives of accounts in the Union Registry can access the relevant accounts and have one of the following rights on behalf of the account holder:

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- (a) initiate processes;
- (b) approve processes, if required;
- (c) initiate processes and approve processes initiated by another authorised representative.

2. At the opening, each account shall have at least two authorised representatives with one of the following combination of rights:

- (a) one authorised representative with the right to initiate processes and one with right to approve processes;
- (b) one authorised representative with the right to initiate processes and approve processes initiated by another authorised representative and one with right to approve processes;
- (c) one authorised representative with right to initiate processes and one with the right to initiate processes and approve processes initiated by another authorised representative;
- (d) two authorised representatives with the right to initiate processes and approve processes initiated by another authorised representative.

3. Verifiers shall have at least one authorised representative who initiates relevant processes on behalf of the verifier. A representative of a verifier may not be representative of any account.

4. Account holders may decide that the approval of a second authorised representative is not necessary to propose transfers for execution to accounts on the trusted account list set up pursuant to Article 23. The account holder may withdraw such decision. The decision and the withdrawal of the decision shall be communicated in a duly signed statement submitted to the national administrator.

5. In addition to the authorised representatives specified in paragraphs 1 and 2, accounts may also have authorised representatives with 'read only' access to the account.

6. If an authorised representative cannot access the Union Registry for technical or other reasons, the national administrator, in accordance with the rights assigned to that authorised representative, may initiate or approve transactions on behalf of the authorised representative upon request, provided that the national administrator allows such requests and that the access of the authorised representative was not suspended in accordance with this Regulation.

7. If authorised representatives of an account cannot access the Union Registry, account holders may request the national administrator to propose a process for execution in their name, in accordance with this Regulation, provided that the national administrator allows such requests. Such requests may not be made for accounts in closed status.

8. The data exchange and technical specifications laid down in Article 75 may set a maximum number of authorised representatives for each account type.

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9. Authorised representatives shall be natural persons over 18 years of age. All authorised representatives of a single account shall be different persons but the same person can be an authorised representative on more than one account. The Member State of the national administrator may require that at least one of the authorised representatives of an account shall be a permanent resident in that Member State, except for representatives of verifiers.

*Article 21***Nominating and approval of authorised representatives**

1. When requesting the opening of an account or the registration of a verifier, the prospective account holder or verifier shall nominate a number of authorised representatives in accordance with Article 20.

2. When nominating an authorised representative, the account holder shall provide information as required by the administrator. That information shall include, at a minimum, the information set out in Annex VIII.

If the prospective authorised representative has already been nominated to an account and if the account holder so requests, the national administrator may use the documentation that was submitted at the earlier nomination for the purposes of verification referred to in paragraph 4.

3. Within 20 working days of the receipt of a complete set of information required in accordance with paragraph 2, the national administrator shall approve an authorised representative, or inform the account holder of its refusal. Where evaluation of the nominee information requires more time, the administrator may extend the evaluation process by up to 20 additional working days, and notify the extension to the account holder.

4. The national administrator shall verify whether the information and documents provided for nominating an authorised representative are complete, up-to-date, accurate and true.

In the event of justified doubts, the national administrator may request assistance by another national administrator in carrying out the verification referred to in the first subparagraph. The administrator that has received such request may refuse it. The prospective account holder or verifier may explicitly ask the national administrator to request such assistance. The national administrator shall inform the prospective account holder or verifier of such assistance request.

5. A national administrator may refuse to approve an authorised representative:

- (a) if the information and documents provided are incomplete, out-of-date or otherwise inaccurate or false;

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- (b) if a law enforcement authority provides information or if information is available by other means to a national administrator that the prospective representative is under investigation or has been convicted in the preceding five years for fraud involving allowances, money laundering, terrorist financing or other serious crimes for which the account may be an instrument;
- (c) for reasons set out in national law.

6. If the national administrator refused to approve an authorised representative, the account holder may object to the relevant authority under national law, who shall either instruct the national administrator to approve the representative or uphold the refusal in a reasoned decision, subject to requirements of national law that pursue a legitimate objective compatible with this Regulation and are proportionate.

*Article 22***Updating of account information and information on authorised representatives**

1. All account holders shall notify the national administrator within 10 working days of changes to the account information. In addition, account holders shall confirm to the national administrator by 31 December each year that their account information remains complete, up-to-date, accurate and true.

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2. Operators shall notify the administrator of their account within 10 working days if they have undergone a merger or a split.

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3. The notification of change shall be supported by information as required by the national administrator in conformity with this Section. Within 20 working days of the receipt of such a notification and supporting information, the relevant national administrator shall approve the update of the information. The administrator may refuse to update the information in accordance with Article 21(4) and (5). The account holder shall be notified of any such refusal. Objections to such refusals may be raised with the competent authority or the relevant authority under national law in accordance with Article 19(4).

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4. At least once every three years, the national administrator shall review whether the account information remains complete, up-to-date, accurate and true, and shall request that the account holder notify any changes as appropriate. For operator accounts and verifiers, the review shall take place at least once every five years. The national administrators shall by the last day of the month following 12 months after the date of entry into force of this Regulation and at least once every year thereafter, review the accounts which do not contain information on the Legal Entity Identifier or status of trading venue or central counterparty referred to in Table III-I of Annex III.

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5. The account holder of an operator holding account may only sell or divest of its operator holding account together with the installation linked to the operator holding account.

6. Subject to paragraph 5, no account holder may sell or divest of the ownership of its account to another person.

7. Where the legal entity holding an account in the Union registry changes due to a merger or a split of account holders, the account holder shall be the legal successor of the previous account holder upon submission of the documentation required pursuant to ► **M3** Articles 14, 15, 15a, 15b or 16 ◀.

8. An authorised representative may not transfer its status as such to another person.

9. An account holder or a verifier may request the removal of an authorised representative. Upon receipt of the request, the national administrator shall suspend the access of the authorised representative. Within 20 working days of the receipt of the request, the relevant administrator shall remove the authorised representative.

10. An account holder may nominate new authorised representatives in accordance with Article 21.

11. If the administering Member State of an aircraft operator changes in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 18a of Directive 2003/87/EC, the central administrator shall update the national administrator of the corresponding aircraft operator holding account. Where the administrator of an aircraft operator holding account changes, the new administrator may require the aircraft operator to submit the account opening information that it requires in accordance with Article 15 and the information about authorised representatives that it requires in accordance with Article 21.

**▼ M3**

11a. If the administering authority in respect of a shipping company changes in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 3gf of Directive 2003/87/EC, the central administrator shall update the national administrator of the corresponding maritime operator holding account. Where the administrator of a maritime operator holding account changes, the new administrator may require the shipping company to submit account opening information in accordance with Article 15a and information about authorised representatives in accordance with Article 21.

12. Subject to paragraphs 11 and 11a, the Member State responsible for managing an account shall not change.

**▼ B***Article 23***Trusted account list****▼ M2**

1. Accounts in the Union Registry shall have a trusted account list.

**▼ B**

2. Accounts held by the same account holder and administered by the same national administrator shall be automatically included on the trusted account list.

3. The EU Allocation Account and the Union Deletion Account shall be automatically included on the trusted account list

**▼ M2**

3a. The central administrator may set a threshold above which transactions can only be performed to accounts that appear in the trusted account list.

3b. Account representatives may set thresholds for transactions for their own accounts. Such limits have to be approved by a second account representative or a national administrator.

**▼ B**

4. Changes to the trusted account list shall be proposed for execution and finalised through the procedure set out in Article 35. The change shall be initiated and approved by two authorised representatives entitled to initiate and approve processes respectively. The execution of the proposed change shall be immediate for the deletion of accounts from the trusted account list. For all other changes to the trusted account list the execution shall take place at 12.00 Central European Time (CET) on the fourth working day following the proposal.

## Section 3

**Closure of accounts***Article 24***Closure of accounts**

Subject to Article 29, within 10 working days of the receipt of a request from the account holder of an account other than those specified in Articles 25 and 26, the administrator shall close the account.

**▼ M3***Article 24a***Closure of third country government deletion accounts**

The central administrator shall close a third country government deletion account within 10 working days of the end of the time period set out in the non-binding arrangement referred to in Article 25(1b) of Directive 2003/87/EC.

**▼ B***Article 25***▼ M3****Closure of stationary installation holding accounts****▼ B**

1. The competent authority shall notify the national administrator within 10 working days of the withdrawal of a greenhouse gas emissions permit or knowledge of cessation of operation of an installation. Within 10 working days of such a notification, the national administrator shall record the relevant date in the Union Registry.

**▼B**

2. ►**M3** The national administrator may close a stationary installation holding account if the following conditions are fulfilled: ◀

- (a) the installation ceased operation or the greenhouse gas emissions permit was withdrawn;
- (b) the year of last emission is registered in the Union Registry;

**▼M3**

(c) verified emissions were registered for all years when the stationary installation was included in the EU ETS;

**▼B**

- (d) the operator of the relevant installation has surrendered an amount of allowances equal to or greater than its verified emissions;
- (e) no return of excess allowances is pending pursuant to Article 48(4).

*Article 26***Closure of aircraft operator holding accounts**

1. The competent authority shall notify the national administrator within 10 working days of notification by the account holder or of discovering after examining other evidence, that the aircraft operator merged into another aircraft operator or the aircraft operator has ceased all its operations covered by Annex I to Directive 2003/87/EC.

2. The national administrator may close an aircraft operator holding account if the following conditions are fulfilled:

- (a) notification pursuant to paragraph 1 has been made;
- (b) the year of last emission is registered in the Union Registry;
- (c) verified emissions were registered for all years when the aircraft operator was included in the EU ETS;
- (d) the aircraft operator has surrendered an amount of allowances equal to or greater than its verified emissions;
- (e) no return of excess allowances is pending pursuant to Article 50(6).

**▼M3***Article 26a***Closure of maritime operator holding accounts**

1. The competent authority shall notify the national administrator within 10 working days of notification by the account holder, or of discovering after examining other evidence, that the shipping company merged into another shipping company or the shipping company has ceased all its operations covered by Annex I to Directive 2003/87/EC.

**▼M3**

2. The national administrator may close a maritime operator holding account if the following conditions are fulfilled:
- (a) notification pursuant to paragraph 1 has been made;
  - (b) the year of last emission is registered in the Union Registry;
  - (c) verified emissions subject to surrender requirements in accordance with Articles 3gb and 12 of Directive 2003/87/EC were registered for all years when the shipping company was included in the EU ETS;
  - (d) the shipping company has surrendered an amount of allowances equal to or greater than its verified emissions subject to surrender requirements in accordance with Articles 3gb and 12 of Directive 2003/87/EC.

*Article 26b***Closure of regulated entity holding accounts**

1. Where the competent authority withdraws a greenhouse gas emissions permit or receives a notification by the account holder, or discovers after examining other evidence, that the regulated entity has merged into another regulated entity or has ceased all its operations covered by Annex III to Directive 2003/87/EC, it shall notify the national administrator within 10 working days of the withdrawal, the notification by the account holder or the discovery, as applicable.
2. The national administrator may close a regulated entity holding account if the following conditions are fulfilled:
- (a) notification from the competent authority pursuant to paragraph 1 has been received;
  - (b) the year of last emission is registered in the Union Registry;
  - (c) verified emissions were registered for all years when the regulated entity was included in the EU ETS;
  - (d) the regulated entity has surrendered an amount of allowances equal to or greater than its verified emissions.

**▼B***Article 27***Removing verifiers**

1. Within 10 working days of the receipt of a request by a verifier to remove the verifier from the Union Registry, the national administrator shall remove the verifier.
2. The competent authority may also instruct the national administrator to remove a verifier from the Union Registry where one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

**▼ B**

- (a) the verifier's accreditation has expired or has been withdrawn;
- (b) the verifier ceased operation.

**▼ M1***Article 27a***Closure of the ESR Compliance Account**

The central administrator shall close an ESR Compliance Account not earlier than one month after the determination of the compliance status figure for that account pursuant to Article 59f, and after giving prior notice to the account holder.

On closure of the ESR Compliance Account, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry transfers the AEAs remaining in the ESR Compliance Account to the ESR Deletion Account.

**▼ B***Article 28***Closure of accounts and removal of authorised representatives on the administrator's initiative**

1. If the situation giving rise to the suspension of access to accounts pursuant to Article 30 is not resolved within a reasonable period despite repeated notifications, the competent authority or the relevant law enforcement authority may instruct the national administrator to close those accounts for which access is suspended.

**▼ M3**

In the case of operator accounts, the competent authority or the relevant law enforcement authority may instruct the national administrator to set to blocked status those accounts for which access is suspended until the competent authority determines that the situation giving rise to the suspension no longer subsists.

**▼ B**

2. If on a trading account no transactions have been recorded for a period of one year, the national administrator may close that trading account after having notified the account holder that the trading account will be closed within 40 working days unless the national administrator receives a request that the account be maintained. If the national administrator does not receive any such request from the account holder, the national administrator may close the account or set its status to closure pending.

**▼ M3**

3. The national administrator shall close an operator account upon instruction from the competent authority on the basis that there is no reasonable prospect of further allowances being surrendered or excess allowances being returned.

**▼ B**

4. The national administrator may remove an authorised representative if it considers that the approval of the authorised representative should have been refused in accordance with Article 21(3), and in particular if it discovers that the documents and identification information provided upon nomination were incomplete, out-of-date or otherwise inaccurate or false.

**▼B**

5. The account holder may object to the change of account status of an account in accordance with paragraph 1 or the removal of an authorised representative in accordance with paragraph 4 with the authority competent under national law within 30 calendar days, who shall either instruct the national administrator to reinstate the account or the authorised representative or uphold the change of account status or removal in a reasoned decision, subject to requirements of national law that pursue a legitimate objective compatible with this Regulation and are proportionate.

*Article 29***Positive balance on accounts under closure**

If there is a positive balance of allowances on an account which an administrator is to close in accordance with Articles 24, 25, 26 and 28, the administrator shall request the account holder to specify another account to which such allowances shall be transferred. If the account holder has not responded to the administrator's request within 40 working days, the administrator may transfer the allowances to its national holding account or set the account status to closure pending.

*Section 4***Suspension of access to accounts***Article 30***Suspension of access to accounts**

1. An administrator may suspend the access of an authorised representative to any account or verifier in the registry or to processes to which that authorised representative would otherwise have access if the administrator has reasonable grounds to believe that the authorised representative has:

- (a) attempted to access accounts or processes for which he is not authorised;
- (b) repeatedly attempted to access an account or a process using an incorrect username and password; or
- (c) attempted to compromise the security, the availability, the integrity or the confidentiality of the Union Registry ►**M2** ————— ◀, or of the data handled or stored therein.

2. An administrator may suspend all access of authorised representatives to a specific account or a verifier where one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- (a) the account holder died or ceased to exist as a legal person;
- (b) the account holder did not pay fees;

**▼B**

- (c) the account holder violated the terms and conditions applicable to the account;
- (d) the account holder did not agree to changes in the terms and conditions set by the national administrator or the central administrator;
- (e) the account holder did not notify changes to account information or provide evidence concerning the changes to account information, or evidence concerning new requirements on account information;
- (f) the account holder failed to maintain compliance with the Member State requirement to have an authorised representative with a permanent residence in the Member State of the national administrator;
- (g) the account holder failed to maintain compliance with the Member State requirement that the account holder have a permanent residence or registration in the Member State of the administrator of the account.

3. An administrator may suspend all access of authorised representatives to a specific account or verifier in any of the following cases:

- (a) for a maximum period of four weeks if the administrator has reasonable grounds to believe that the account was used or will be used for fraud, money laundering, terrorist financing, corruption or other serious crimes. In this case, provisions of Article 67 shall be applied accordingly. Upon instruction from the financial intelligence unit the period may be extended;
- (b) on the basis of and in accordance with national law provisions that pursue a legitimate objective.

4. The national administrator may suspend all access of authorised representatives to a specific accounts or verifiers if it considers that the opening of the account or the registration of the verifier should have been refused in accordance with Article 19 or that the account holder no longer meets the requirements for the opening of the account.

5. The national administrator may suspend all access of authorised representatives to all accounts of an account holder if it receives information that the account holder has become subject of insolvency procedures. This suspension may be maintained until the national administrator receives official information about who has the rights to represent the account holder and the authorised representatives are confirmed or new authorised representatives are nominated in accordance with Article 21.

6. The administrator of the account shall reverse the suspension immediately once the situation giving rise to the suspension is resolved.

7. The account holder or account representative may object to the suspension of its access in accordance with paragraphs 1 to 3 to the competent authority or the relevant authority under national law within 30 calendar days, who shall either instruct the national administrator to reinstate access or uphold the suspension in a reasoned decision, subject to requirements of national law that pursue a legitimate objective compatible with this Regulation and are proportionate.

**▼ B**

8. The competent authority or the Commission may also instruct the national administrator or the central administrator to implement a suspension for one of the grounds set in paragraphs 1 to 5.

9. A national law enforcement authority of the Member State of the administrator may also request the administrator to implement a suspension on the basis of and in accordance with national law.

**▼ M3**

10. Where the holder of an operator account is prevented from surrendering in the 10 working days preceding the surrender time-limit laid down in Article 12(3) and Article 30e(2), respectively, of Directive 2003/87/EC due to suspension in accordance with this Article, the national administrator shall, if so requested by the account holder, surrender the number of allowances specified by the account holder.

**▼ B**

11. If there is a positive balance of allowances on an account to which access was suspended, the competent authority or the relevant law enforcement authority, in accordance with relevant national law provisions, may instruct the national administrator to transfer immediately the allowances to the relevant national account or set the account status to ‘closure pending’.

## TITLE II

## SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR THE UNION REGISTRY FOR THE UNION EMISSIONS TRADING SYSTEM

## CHAPTER 1

*Verified emissions and compliance**Article 31***▼ M3****Verified emissions data for operators**

1. Whenever required by national law, each operator shall select a verifier from the list of verifiers registered with the national administrator administering its account.

**▼ B**

2. The national administrator, the competent authority or, upon decision of the competent authority, the account holder or the verifier shall enter emissions data for the previous year.

3. Annual emissions data shall be submitted using the format set out in Annex IX.

**▼ M3**

4. Upon satisfactory verification in accordance with Article 15 of Directive 2003/87/EC of an operator’s report on the emissions from an installation during a previous year, of an aircraft operator’s report on the emissions from all aviation activities it performed during a previous year, or of the regulated entity’s report on its emissions during a previous year, the verifier or the competent authority shall approve the annual emissions data.

**▼ M3**

For shipping companies, the verifier or the competent authority shall approve the annual emission data upon satisfactory verification of a shipping company's aggregated emissions data at company level in accordance with Article 3ge of that Directive. For regulated entities, the verifier or the competent authority shall approve the annual emissions data upon satisfactory verification in accordance with Article 15 of Directive 2003/87/EC.

**▼ B**

5. The emissions approved in accordance with paragraph 4 shall be marked as 'verified' in the Union Registry by the national administrator or the competent authority. The competent authority may decide that instead of the national administrator, the verifier shall be responsible for marking emissions as 'verified' in the Union Registry. ► **M3** All approved emissions shall be marked verified by the deadlines set in Article 32. ◀

**▼ M3**

6. The competent authority may instruct the national administrator to correct the annual verified emissions for any operator to ensure compliance with Articles 3gd, 3ge, 14 and 15 of Directive 2003/87/EC, by entering the corrected verified or estimated emissions for that operator for a given year in the Union Registry.

**▼ B**

7. ► **M3** Where, on 1 May of each year, no verified emissions figure has been recorded in the Union Registry for a stationary installation or an aircraft operator for a previous year or the verified emissions figure was proven to be incorrect, any substitute emissions figure estimate entered in the Union Registry shall be calculated as closely as possible in accordance with Articles 14 and 15 of Directive 2003/87/EC. ◀

**▼ M3**

Where, on 1 May of each year, no verified emissions figure has been recorded in the Union Registry for a shipping company for a previous year or the verified emissions figure was proven to be incorrect, any substitute emissions figure estimate entered in the Union Registry shall be calculated as closely as possible in accordance with Articles 3gd and 3ge of Directive 2003/87/EC.

Where, on 1 June of each year, no verified emissions figure has been recorded in the Union Registry for a regulated entity for a previous year or the verified emissions figure was proven to be incorrect, any substitute emissions figure estimate entered in the Union Registry shall be calculated as closely as possible in accordance with Articles 14 and 15 of Directive 2003/87/EC.

*Article 32***Blocking of accounts due to a failure to submit verified emissions**

1. If, on 1 April of each year, the annual emissions for the preceding year of a stationary installation, an aircraft operator or a shipping company, or, on 1 May of each year, the annual emissions corresponding to the amount of fuel released for consumption for the preceding year by a regulated entity, have not been entered and marked as "verified" in the Union Registry, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry sets the corresponding operator account to a blocked status.

**▼ M3**

2. When all overdue verified emissions of an operator for that year have been recorded in the Union Registry, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry sets the corresponding operator account to open status.

**▼ B***Article 33***Calculation of compliance status figures**

1. ► **M3** The central administrator shall ensure that on 1 October of each year, the Union Registry indicates the compliance status figure for the preceding year for every stationary installation holding account, aircraft operator holding account and maritime operator holding account that is not in a closed status by calculating the sum of all allowances surrendered for the current period less the sum of all verified emissions in the current period and including the preceding year, plus a correction factor. ◀

The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry calculates the compliance status figure before the closure of the account pursuant to ► **M3** Articles 25, 26, 26a and 26b ◀.

**▼ M3**

1a. For the period from 2024 to 2030, derogations pursuant to Article 12(3-e) to 12(3-b) of Directive 2003/87/EC shall be taken into account in the calculation of the compliance status for shipping companies.

1b. For 2024 and 2025, the rules laid down in Article 3gb of Directive 2003/87/EC shall be taken into account in the calculation of the compliance status for shipping companies.

1c. From 2026, the verified emissions of shipping companies shall also include methane and nitrous oxide.

**▼ B**

2. For the trading periods 2008-2012 and 2013-2020, the correction factor referred to in paragraph 1 shall be zero if the compliance status figure of the last year of the previous period was greater than zero, but shall remain the same as the compliance status figure of the last year of the previous period if this figure is less than or equal to zero. For the trading periods starting on 1 January 2021, the correction factor referred to in paragraph 1 shall be the same as the compliance status figure of the last year of the previous period.

**▼ B**

3. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry records the compliance status figure for every installation and aircraft operator for each year.

**▼ M3***Article 33a***Calculation of compliance status figures for regulated entities**

1. From 2028, the central administrator shall ensure that on 1 June of each year, the Union Registry indicates the compliance status figure for the preceding year for every regulated entity with a regulated entity holding account that is not in a closed status. This shall be done by calculating the sum of all allowances surrendered for the current period less the sum of all verified emissions corresponding to their fuel released for consumption in the current period and including the preceding year. The compliance status figure shall not be calculated for accounts that had their previous compliance status figure zero or positive and the year of last emissions was set to a year before the preceding year.

2. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry calculates the compliance status figure before the closure of the account pursuant to Article 26b.

3. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry records the compliance status figure for every regulated entity for each year.

**▼ B***CHAPTER 2****Transactions*****Section 1****General***Article 34*

Only transactions expressly provided for in this Regulation for each account type shall be initiated by that account type.

*Article 35***Execution of transfers**

1. For all transactions specified in this Chapter, an out of band confirmation shall be required by the Union Registry before the transaction can be proposed for execution. Subject to Article 20(4), a transaction shall only be proposed for execution where an authorised representative initiated and another account representative has approved the transaction out of band.

**▼B**

2. The central administrator shall ensure that all transfers specified in Article 55 to accounts indicated on the trusted account list are executed immediately if they are proposed for execution between 10:00 and 16:00 CET on working days.

A transfer to accounts indicated on the trusted accounts list proposed for execution at any other time shall be executed on the same working day at 10:00 CET, if it is proposed for execution before 10:00 CET, or on the following working day at 10:00 CET, if it is proposed for execution after 16:00 CET.

3. The central administrator shall ensure that all transfers specified in Article 55 to accounts not indicated on the trusted account list and transfers from an Auction Collateral Delivery Account, proposed for execution before 12.00 CET of a working day, are executed at 12.00 CET of the following working day. Transactions proposed for execution after 12.00 CET of a working day shall be executed at 12.00 CET of the second working day following the day of proposal for execution.

4. The central administrator shall ensure that transfers are finalised before 16.00 CET on the day of execution.

5. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry enables to abort a transaction, which is subject to execution rules set out in paragraph 3, before its execution. An authorised representative may initiate aborting a transaction at least two hours before its execution. If aborting a transaction was initiated because of suspected fraud, the account holder shall immediately report it to the competent national law enforcement authority. That report shall be forwarded to the national administrator within 7 working days.

6. If an account representative or the account holder suspects that a transfer, which is subject to execution rules in paragraph 3, was proposed for execution fraudulently, at the latest two hours before its execution, the account representative or the account holder may request the national administrator, or the central administrator where appropriate, to abort the transfer on behalf of the account representative or the account holder. The account holder shall report the suspected fraud to the competent national law enforcement authority immediately following the request. That report shall be forwarded to the national administrator or the central administrator where appropriate, within 7 working days.

7. Upon proposal for execution, a notification shall be sent to all account representatives indicating the proposed execution of the transfer. Upon initiation of aborting a transaction pursuant to paragraph 5, a notification shall be sent to all account representatives and the national administrator administering the account.

**▼B**

8. For the purposes of Article 3(11), Member States may decide that for a given year national public holidays are not to be considered as working days for the purposes of application of this Regulation in that Member State. Such decision shall specify those days and shall be published by 1 December of the year preceding the year concerned.

*Article 36***Nature of allowances and finality of transactions**

1. An allowance shall be a fungible, dematerialised instrument that is tradable on the market.

2. The dematerialized nature of allowances shall imply that the record of the Union Registry shall constitute prima facie and sufficient evidence of title over an allowance, and of any other matter which is by this Regulation directed or authorised to be recorded in the Union Registry.

3. The fungibility of allowances shall imply that any recovery or restitution obligations that may arise under national law in respect of an allowance shall only apply to the allowance in kind.

Subject to Article 58 and the reconciliation process provided for in Article 73, a transaction shall become final and irrevocable upon its finalisation pursuant to Article 74. Without prejudice to any provision of or remedy under national law that may result in a requirement or order to execute a new transaction in the Union Registry, no law, regulation, rule or practice on the setting aside of contracts or transactions shall lead to the unwinding in the registry of a transaction that has become final and irrevocable under this Regulation.

An account holder or a third party shall not be prevented from exercising any right or claim resulting from the underlying transaction that they may have in law, including to recovery, restitution or damages, in respect of a transaction that has become final in the Union Registry, for instance in case of fraud or technical error, as long as this does not lead to the reversal, revocation or unwinding of the transaction in the Union Registry.

4. A purchaser and holder of an allowance acting in good faith shall acquire title to an allowance free of any defects in the title of the transferor.

**▼M3**

5. Allowances falling within the scope of Chapter IVa of Directive 2003/87/EC shall not be fungible with allowances falling within the scope of Chapters II and III of that Directive. Allowances falling within the scope of Chapter IVa of Directive 2003/87/EC shall not be held on stationary installation holding accounts, aircraft operator holding accounts, maritime operator holding accounts or third country government deletion accounts.

**▼B**

## Section 2

**Creation of allowances***Article 37***Creation of allowances****▼M3**

1. The central administrator may create an EU Total Quantity Account, an EU Aviation Total Quantity Account, an EU Allocation Account, an EU Aviation Allocation Account, an EU Auction Account, an EU Aviation Auction Account, an EU Regulated Entity Total Quantity Account and an EU Regulated Entity Auction Account as appropriate, and shall create or cancel accounts and allowances as made necessary by Union acts, including as may be required by Directive 2003/87/EC or Article 10(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010.

**▼B**

2. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry assigns each allowance a unique unit identification code upon its creation. ►**M3** Regulated entity allowances shall be made distinguishable at all times from general allowances. ◀

3. Allowances created from 1 January 2021 onwards shall include an indication showing in which ten-year period beginning from 1 January 2021 they were created.

4. The central administrator shall ensure that the ISIN-codes defined in ISO 6166 for the allowances are displayed in the Union Registry.

5. Subject to paragraph 6, allowances created pursuant to the national allocation table of a Member State which has notified the European Council of its intention to withdraw from the Union pursuant to Article 50 of the Treaty on European Union, or to be auctioned by an Auction Platform appointed by such a Member State, shall be identified by a country code and shall be made distinguishable according to the year of creation.

6. Allowances created shall not be identified with a country code:

- (a) For years where Union law does not yet cease to apply in that Member State by 30 April of the following year or where it is sufficiently ensured that the surrender of allowances must take place in a legally enforceable manner before the Treaties cease to apply in that Member State;
- (b) If allowances were created in respect of years where ensuring compliance with Directive 2003/87/EC for emissions taking place during these years is required by an agreement setting out arrangements for the withdrawal of a Member State which has notified its intention to withdraw from the Union, and the instruments of ratification of both parties to the withdrawal agreement are deposited.

**▼B**

## Section 3

**Account transfers before auctions and allocation***Article 38***▼M3****Transfer of general allowances for stationary installations and maritime operators to be auctioned**

1. The central administrator shall, in a timely manner, transfer on behalf of the relevant auctioning Member State, as well as for the innovation fund established pursuant to Article 10a(8) of Directive 2003/87/EC, for the modernisation fund established pursuant to Article 10d of Directive 2003/87/EC, for the Recovery and Resilience Facility established pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2021/241 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>, and for the Social Climate Fund established by Regulation (EU) 2023/955 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(2)</sup>, as represented by their auctioneer appointed in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, general allowances for stationary installations and maritime operators from the EU Total Quantity Account into the EU Auction Account in a quantity corresponding to the annual volumes determined pursuant to Article 10 of that Regulation.

**▼B**

2. In case of adjustments to the annual volumes in conformity with Article 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, the central administrator shall transfer a corresponding quantity of general allowances from the EU Total Quantity Account to the EU Auction Account or from the EU Auction Account to the EU Total Quantity Account, as the case may be.

**▼M3***Article 39***Transfer of general allowances for stationary installations to be allocated free of charge**

The central administrator shall, in a timely manner, transfer general allowances for stationary installations from the EU Total Quantity Account into the EU Allocation Account in a quantity corresponding to the sum of the allowances allocated free of charge according to the national allocation table of each Member State.

**▼B***Article 40***Transfer of aviation allowances to be auctioned**

1. The central administrator shall, in a timely manner, transfer on behalf of the relevant auctioning Member State as represented by

<sup>(1)</sup> Regulation (EU) 2021/241 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 February 2021 establishing the Recovery and Resilience Facility (OJ L 57, 18.2.2021, p. 1).

<sup>(2)</sup> Regulation (EU) 2023/955 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 10 May 2023 establishing a Social Climate Fund and amending Regulation (EU) 2021/1060 (OJ L 130, 16.5.2023, p. 1).

**▼B**

its auctioneer appointed in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, aviation allowances from the EU Aviation Total Quantity Account to the EU Aviation Auction Account in a quantity corresponding to the annual volumes determined pursuant to that Regulation.

2. In case of adjustments to the annual volumes in conformity with Article 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, the central administrator shall transfer a corresponding quantity of aviation allowances from the EU Aviation Total Quantity Account to the EU Aviation Auction Account or from the EU Aviation Auction Account to the EU Aviation Total Quantity Account, as the case may be.

*Article 41***Transfer of aviation allowances to be allocated free of charge**

1. The central administrator shall, in a timely manner, transfer aviation allowances from the EU Aviation Total Quantity Account to the EU Aviation Allocation Account in a quantity corresponding to the number of aviation allowances to be allocated free of charge determined by the Commission's decision adopted on the basis of Article 3e(3) of Directive 2003/87/EC.

2. If the number of aviation allowances to be allocated free of charge is increased by a decision pursuant to Article 3e(3) of Directive 2003/87/EC, the central administrator shall transfer further aviation allowances from the EU Aviation Total Quantity Account to the EU Aviation Allocation Account in a quantity corresponding to the increase of the number of aviation allowances to be allocated free of charge.

3. If the number of aviation allowances to be allocated free of charge is decreased by a decision pursuant to Article 3e(3) of Directive 2003/87/EC, the central administrator shall delete aviation allowances on the EU Aviation Allocation Account in a quantity corresponding to the decrease of the number of aviation allowances to be allocated free of charge.

**▼M3***Article 42a***Transfer of regulated entity allowances to be auctioned**

1. The central administrator shall, in a timely manner, transfer on behalf of the relevant auctioning Member State and for the Social Climate Fund established by Regulation (EU) 2023/955, as represented by their auctioneer appointed in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010 regulated entity allowances from the EU Regulated Entity Total Quantity Account into the EU Regulated Entity Auction Account in a quantity corresponding to the annual volumes determined pursuant to Article 13 of that Regulation.

**▼M3**

2. In case of adjustments of the annual volumes of allowances in accordance with Article 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, the central administrator shall transfer a corresponding quantity of regulated entity allowances from the EU Regulated Entity Total Quantity Account to the EU Regulated Entity Auction Account or from the EU Regulated Entity Auction Account to the EU Regulated Entity Total Quantity Account, as the case may be.

**▼B***Article 43***Transfer of general allowances to the EU Total Quantity-Account**

At the end of each trading period, the central administrator shall transfer all allowances remaining on the EU Allocation Account to the EU Total Quantity Account.

*Article 44***Transfer of aviation allowances to the EU Aviation Total Quantity Account**

At the end of each trading period, the central administrator shall transfer all allowances remaining on the EU Special Reserve Account to the EU Aviation Total Quantity Account.

*Article 45***Deletion of aviation allowances**

The central administrator shall ensure that, at the end of each trading period, all allowances remaining on the EU Aviation Allocation Account shall be transferred to the Union Deletion Account.

**Section 4****Allocation to stationary installations***Article 46***Entry of national allocation tables into the Union Registry**

1. Each Member State shall notify its national allocation table for the period 2021-2025 and for the period 2026-2030 to the Commission by 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2025 respectively. Member States shall ensure that national allocation tables include the information set out in Annex X.

2. The Commission shall instruct the central administrator to enter the national allocation table into the Union Registry if it considers that the national allocation table is in conformity with Directive 2003/87/EC, Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/331 and decisions adopted by the Commission pursuant to Article 10c of Directive 2003/87/EC. It shall otherwise reject the national allocation table

**▼B**

within a reasonable period and inform the Member State concerned without delay, stating its reasons and setting out criteria to be fulfilled for a subsequent notification to be accepted. That Member State shall submit a revised national allocation table to the Commission within three months.

*Article 47***Changes to the national allocation tables**

1. The central administrator shall ensure that any change to the national allocation table pursuant to the rules governing free allocation to stationary installations are carried out in the Union Registry.

2. Upon introduction of a change pursuant to paragraph 1, a notification shall be sent to the national administrator administering the installation affected by the change.

3. A Member State shall notify the Commission of changes to its national allocation table concerning allocation free of charge pursuant to Article 10c of Directive 2003/87/EC.

On receiving a notification pursuant to the first subparagraph, the Commission shall instruct the central administrator to make the corresponding changes to the national allocation table held in the Union Registry if it considers that the changes to the national allocation table are in conformity with Article 10c of Directive 2003/87/EC. It shall otherwise reject the changes within a reasonable period and inform the Member State concerned without delay, stating its reasons and setting out criteria to be fulfilled for a subsequent notification to be accepted.

**▼M3***Article 48***Free allocation of general allowances**

1. The national administrator shall indicate in the national allocation table for each stationary installation, for each year and for each legal basis set out in Annex X, whether or not an installation should receive an allocation for that year.

2. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry transfers general allowances for stationary installations automatically from the EU Allocation Account in accordance with the relevant national allocation table to the relevant open stationary installations holding account with compliance status A, as set out in Table XIV-I of Annex XIII, or to the relevant blocked stationary installation holding account, having regard to the modalities of the automatic transfer specified in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75.

**▼ M3**

3. Where an excluded stationary installation holding account does not receive allowances under paragraph 2, allowances for the years of exclusion shall not be transferred to the account, should it be set to open status for subsequent years.

4. The central administrator shall ensure that a stationary installation can perform transfers returning excess allowances to the EU Allocation Account where the national allocation table of a Member State has been changed pursuant to Article 47 to correct for an over allocation of allowances to the stationary installation, and the competent authority has requested the stationary installation to return such excess allowances.

5. The competent authority may instruct the national administrator to transfer returning excess allowances to the EU Allocation Account where the over allocation of allowances is a consequence of allocation after a stationary installation ceased the activities carried out in the installation to which the allocation relate, without informing the competent authority.

**▼ B****Section 5****Allocation to aircraft operators***Article 49***Changes to the national aviation allocation tables**

1. Member States shall notify the Commission of changes to their national aviation allocation tables.

**▼ M3**

2. The Commission shall instruct the central administrator to make the corresponding changes to the national aviation allocation tables in the Union Registry if it considers that the change to the national aviation allocation table is in accordance with Directive 2003/87/EC. It shall otherwise reject the changes within a reasonable period of time and inform the Member State without delay, stating its reasons and setting out criteria to be fulfilled for a subsequent notification to be accepted.

**▼ B**

3. If a merger between aircraft operators involves aircraft operators that are administered by different Member States, the change shall be initiated by the national administrator administering the aircraft operator whose allocation is to be merged into the allocation of another aircraft operator. Before carrying out the change, consent shall be obtained from the national administrator administering the aircraft operator whose allocation will incorporate the allocation of the merged aircraft operator.

**▼ B***Article 50***▼ M3****Free allocation of allowances to aircraft operators****▼ B**

1. The national administrator shall indicate for each aircraft operator and for each year whether or not the aircraft operator should receive an allocation for that year in the national aviation allocation table.

**▼ M3**

2. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry transfers aviation allowances, and from 1 January 2025 general allowances, automatically from the EU Aviation Allocation Account to the relevant open aircraft operator holding account with compliance status A, as set out in Table XIV-I of Annex XIII, or to the relevant blocked aircraft operator holding account in accordance with the relevant allocation table, having regard to the modalities of the automatic transfer specified in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75.

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3. Where an agreement pursuant to Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC is in force and requires transferring aviation allowances to aircraft operators holding accounts in the registry of another greenhouse gas emissions trading system, the central administrator, in cooperation with the administrator of the other registry, shall ensure that the Union Registry transfers general allowances from the EU Aviation Allocation Account to the corresponding accounts in the other registry.

4. Where an agreement pursuant to Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC is in force and requires transferring aviation allowances corresponding to another greenhouse gas emissions trading system to aircraft operators holding accounts in the Union Registry, the central administrator, in cooperation with the administrator of the other registry, shall ensure that the Union Registry transfers those aviation allowances from the corresponding accounts of the other registry to the aircraft operator holding accounts in the Union Registry, upon approval by the competent authority responsible for the administration of the other greenhouse gas emissions trading system.

5. Where an excluded aircraft operator holding account does not receive allowances under paragraph 2, allowances for the years of exclusion shall not be transferred to the account, should it be set to open status for subsequent years.

6. The central administrator shall ensure that an aircraft operator can transfer returning excess allowances to the EU Aviation Allocation Account where the national aviation allocation table of a Member State has been changed pursuant to Article 49 to correct for an over allocation of allowances to the aircraft operator, and the competent authority has requested the aircraft operator to return such excess allowances.

**▼ B**

7. The competent authority may instruct the national administrator to transfer returning excess allowances to the EU Allocation Account where the over allocation of allowances is a consequence of allocation after an aircraft operator ceased the activities to which the allocation relate, without informing the competent authority.

**▼ M3**

8. The competent authority may instruct the national administrator to transfer returning excess allowances to the EU Allocation Account where the over allocation of allowances is a consequence of an annual allocation issued for a year for which the aircraft operator holding account has been subsequently changed to excluded status.

**▼ B***Article 51***▼ M3****Return of allowances from aircraft operators****▼ B**

When a change to the national aviation allocation table is carried out pursuant to Article 25a of Directive 2003/87/EC after the transfer of allowances to the aircraft operator holding accounts for a given year in accordance with Article 50 of this Regulation, the central administrator shall execute any transfer required by any measure adopted pursuant to Article 25a of Directive 2003/87/EC.

**Section 6****Auction***Article 52***Entry of auction tables into the ► M2 Union Registry ◀**

1. Within one month of the determination and before the publication of an auction calendar pursuant to Articles 11(1), 13(1), 13(2) or 32(4) of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, the relevant settlement system or clearing system as defined in Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010 shall provide the Commission with the corresponding auction table.

**▼ M3**

The settlement system or clearing system referred to in the first subparagraph shall provide a single auction table for each calendar year for the auctioning of general allowances, and for the auctioning of aviation allowances in the period until 31 December 2024, and shall ensure that the auction table includes the information set out in Annex XII.

**▼ B**

2. The Commission shall instruct the central administrator to enter the auction table into the ► M2 Union Registry ◀ if it considers that the auction table is in conformity with Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010. It shall otherwise reject the auction table within a reasonable period and inform the settlement system or clearing system, as defined in Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, without delay, stating its reasons and

**▼B**

setting out the criteria to be fulfilled for a subsequent submission to be accepted. The said settlement system or clearing system shall accordingly submit a revised auction table to the Commission within three months.

3. Each auction table or revised auction table which is subsequently entered into the ►**M2** Union Registry ◀ pursuant to paragraph 2 of this Article shall constitute a transfer order, as defined in Article 2(i) of Directive 98/26/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council.

Without prejudice to Article 53(3), the moment of submission of each such auction table or revised auction table to the Commission, shall constitute the moment of entry of a transfer order into a system, as defined in Article 2(a) of Directive 98/26/EC, pursuant to Article 3(3) of that Directive.

*Article 53***Changes to the auction tables**

1. The relevant settlement system or clearing system as defined in Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010 shall immediately notify the Commission of any necessary amendment to the auction table.

2. The Commission shall instruct the central administrator to enter the revised auction table into the ►**M2** Union Registry ◀ if it considers that the revised auction table is in conformity with Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010. It shall otherwise reject the changes within a reasonable period and inform the said settlement system or clearing system without delay, stating its reasons and setting out the criteria to be fulfilled for a subsequent notification to be accepted.

3. The Commission may instruct the central administrator to suspend the transfer of allowances as specified in an auction table if it becomes aware of a necessary amendment to the auction table that the aforementioned settlement system or clearing system has failed to notify.

**▼M3***Article 54***Auctioning of allowances**

1. The Commission shall instruct the central administrator, in a timely manner, to transfer, on request of the auctioning Member State and with regard to the Innovation fund, the Modernisation fund, the Recovery and Resilience Facility or the Social Climate Fund, as represented by its auctioneer appointed in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, the following to the relevant auction collateral delivery account in accordance with the relevant auction table:

- (a) general allowances from the EU Auction Account;
- (b) until 31 December 2024, aviation allowances from the EU Aviation Auction Account;

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- (c) from 1 January 2025, general allowances for aviation from the EU Aviation Auction Account;
- (d) from 1 January 2027, regulated entity allowances from the EU Regulated Entity Auction Account.

2. The account holder of the relevant auction collateral delivery account shall ensure the transfer of the auctioned allowances to the successful bidders or their successors in title in accordance with Article 47(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010.

3. The authorised representative of an auction collateral delivery account may be required to transfer any allowances that were not delivered from the auction collateral delivery account to the EU Auction Account, the EU Aviation Auction Account or the EU Regulated Entity Auction Account respectively.

**▼B****Section 7****Trading***Article 55***Transfers of allowances**

1. Subject to paragraph 2, upon request of an account holder, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry carries out a transfer of allowances to any other account unless such a transfer is prevented by the status of the initiating or receiving account.

**▼M3**

2. Operator accounts may only transfer allowances to an account on the trusted account list set up pursuant to Article 23.

3. Holders of operator accounts may decide that transfers are possible from their account to accounts not on the trusted account list set up pursuant to Article 23. Holders of operator accounts may withdraw such decision. The decision and withdrawal of the decision shall be communicated in a duly signed statement submitted to the national administrator.

4. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry indicates if the transfer represents a bilateral transaction. The transfer shall be considered a bilateral transaction, unless that transaction has been executed through a market venue's systems and reported pursuant to Article 26(5) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>(1)</sup>, or has been cleared at a central counterparty pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 648/2012.

<sup>(1)</sup> Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 84).

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5. Upon initiation of a transfer, the authorised representative shall indicate whether the transfer has been executed between account holders that belong to the same group.

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## Section 8

**Surrender of allowances***Article 56***Surrender of allowances**

1. ►M3 An operator shall surrender allowances by proposing to the Union Registry to: ◀

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- (a) transfer a specified number of allowances from the relevant operator account into the Union Deletion Account;
- (b) record the number and type of transferred allowances as surrendered for the emissions of the operator in the current period.

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2. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry prevents proposal for execution of surrendering allowances that are not to be taken into account for the calculation of the compliance status figure pursuant to Article 33(1).

3. An allowance that was already surrendered may not be surrendered again.

4. Where an agreement is in force in accordance with Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC, paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this Article shall apply to units issued under the greenhouse gas emissions trading system linked to the EU ETS.

5. Allowances which have a country code pursuant to Article 37(5) may not be surrendered.

## Section 9

**Deletion of allowances***Article 57***Deletion of allowances**

1. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry carries out any request from an account holder pursuant to Article 12 (4) of Directive 2003/87/EC to delete allowances held in the accounts of the account holder by:

- (a) transferring a specified number of allowances from the relevant account into the Union Deletion Account;
- (b) recording the number of transferred allowances as deleted for the current year.

2. Deleted allowances shall not be recorded as surrendered for any emissions.

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## Section 10

**Transaction reversal***Article 58***Reversal of finalised processes initiated in error**

1. If an account holder or a national administrator acting on behalf of the account holder unintentionally or erroneously initiated one of the transactions referred to in paragraph 2, the account holder may propose to the administrator of its account to carry out a reversal of the completed transaction in a written request. The request shall be duly signed by the authorised representative or representatives of the account holder that are authorised to initiate the type of transaction to be reversed and shall be posted within ten working days of the finalisation of the process. The request shall contain a statement indicating that the transaction was initiated erroneously or unintentionally.

2. Account holders may propose the reversal of the following transactions:

- (a) surrender of allowances;
- (b) deletion of allowances.

3. If the administrator of the account establishes that the request fulfils the conditions under paragraph 1 and agrees with the request, it may propose the reversal of the transaction in the Union Registry.

4. If a national administrator unintentionally or erroneously initiated one of the transactions referred to in paragraph 5, it may propose to the central administrator to carry out a reversal of the completed transaction in a written request. The request shall contain a statement indicating that the transaction was initiated erroneously or unintentionally.

5. National administrators may propose the reversal of the following transactions:

- (a) allocation of general allowances;
- (b) allocation of aviation allowances.

6. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry accepts the proposal for reversal made pursuant to paragraph 1, blocks the units that are to be transferred by the reversal and forwards the proposal to the central administrator provided that all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) a transaction surrendering or deleting allowances to be reversed was not completed more than 30 working days prior to the account administrator's proposal in accordance with paragraph 3;

**▼M3**

- (b) after the reversal of surrendering transaction no operator would become non-compliant as a result of the reversal.

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7. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry accepts the proposal for reversal made pursuant to paragraph 4, blocks the units that are to be transferred by the reversal and forwards the proposal to the central administrator provided that the following conditions are met:

- (a) the destination account of the transaction to be reversed still holds the amount of units of the type that were involved in the transaction to be reversed;
- (b) the allocation of general allowances to be reversed was carried out after the withdrawal date of the installation's permit or after the installation fully or partially ceased operations.

8. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry completes the reversal with units of the same unit type on the destination account of the transaction that is being reversed.

*CHAPTER 3**Links with other greenhouse gas emission trading systems**Article 59***Implementation of linking arrangements**

The central administrator may create accounts and processes and undertake transactions and other operations at appropriate times to implement agreements and arrangements made pursuant to Articles 25 and 25a of Directive 2003/87/EC.

**▼M3***Article 59-a***Authorised transactions for third country government deletion accounts**

Allowances held in third country government deletion accounts shall be deleted. Allowances shall not be transferred from third country government deletion accounts. No other transactions shall be possible from those accounts.

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## TITLE IIA

**SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR ACCOUNTING TRANSACTIONS UNDER REGULATIONS (EU) 2018/842 AND (EU) 2018/841***CHAPTER 1**Transactions under Regulation (EU) 2018/842**Article 59a***Creation of AEAs**

1. At the beginning of the compliance period, the central administrator shall create:

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- (a) in the EU ESR AEA Total Quantity Account a quantity of AEAs equal to the sum of the annual emission allocations for all Member States for all the years of the compliance period as set out in Article 10(2) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 and in the Decisions adopted pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842;
- (b) in the EU Annex II AEA Total Quantity Account a quantity of AEAs equal to the sum of all annual emission allocations for all eligible Member States for all the years of the compliance period as set out in the Decisions adopted pursuant to Articles 4(3) and (4) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 based on the percentages notified by Member States under Article 6(3) of that Regulation.
2. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry assigns each AEA a unique unit identification code upon its creation.

*Article 59b***Annual emission allocation units**

AEAs shall be valid for the purpose of meeting the Member States' greenhouse gas emissions limitation requirements pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 and their commitments under Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2018/841. They shall be transferable only pursuant to conditions laid down in Article 5(1) to (5), Article 6, Article 9(2) and Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 and Article 12(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/841.

*Article 59c***Transfer of AEAs to each ESR Compliance Account**

1. At the beginning of the compliance period, the central administrator shall transfer a quantity of AEAs corresponding to the annual emission allocation for each Member State for each year as set out in Article 10(2) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 and in the Decisions adopted pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 from the EU ESR AEA Total Quantity Account into the relevant ESR Compliance Account.

2. Where on the closure of the Member State ESD Compliance Account for year 2020 pursuant to Article 31 of Regulation (EU) No 389/2013, the total quantity of greenhouse gas emissions expressed in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent in that ESD Compliance Account exceeds the sum of all AEAs, international credits, tCERs and ICERs, the amount corresponding to the quantity of emissions in excess, multiplied by the abatement factor specified in Article 7(1)(a) of Decision 406/2009/EC, shall be deducted from the quantity of the AEAs transferred to the Member State ESR Compliance Account for year 2021 pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article.

**▼ M1***Article 59d***Introduction of the relevant greenhouse gas emissions data**

1. In a timely manner, upon availability of the relevant reviewed greenhouse gas emissions data for a given year of the compliance period for the majority of Member States, the central administrator shall enter the total quantity of the relevant reviewed greenhouse gas emissions expressed in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent for each Member State in its ESR Compliance Account for that given year of the compliance period.
2. The central administrator shall also enter the sum of the relevant reviewed greenhouse gas emissions data for all Member States for a given year in the EU ESR AEA Total Quantity Account.

*Article 59e***Calculation of the balance of the ESR Compliance Account**

1. Upon introduction of the relevant greenhouse gas emissions data pursuant to Article 59d, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry calculates the balance of the respective ESR Compliance Account by subtracting the total quantity of reviewed greenhouse gas emissions expressed in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent in the respective ESR Compliance Account from the sum of all AEAs in the same ESR Compliance Account.
2. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry displays the balance of each ESR Compliance Account.

*Article 59f***Determination of the compliance status figures**

1. The central administrator shall ensure that 6 months after the introduction of the relevant greenhouse gas emissions data pursuant to Article 59d of this Regulation for the year 2025 and 2030 the Union Registry determines the compliance status figure for each ESR Compliance Account for the year 2021 and 2026 by calculating the sum of all AEAs, credits pursuant to Article 24a of Directive 2003/87/EC and LMUs less the total quantity of reviewed greenhouse gas emissions expressed in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent in the same ESR Compliance Account.
2. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry determines the compliance status figure for each ESR Compliance Account for each of the years 2022 to 2025 and 2027 to 2030 by calculating the sum of all AEAs, credits pursuant to Article 24a of Directive 2003/87/EC and LMUs less the total quantity of reviewed greenhouse gas emissions expressed in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent in the same ESR Compliance Account at a date falling one month following the determination of the compliance status figure for the previous year.

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The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry records the compliance status figure for each ESR Compliance Account.

*Article 59g***Application of Article 9(1)(a) and (b) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842**

1. Where the compliance status figure determined pursuant to Article 59f of this Regulation is negative, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry transfers the exceeding quantity of reviewed greenhouse gas emissions expressed in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent multiplied by the factor of 1,08 specified in Article 9(1)(a) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 from a Member State's ESR Compliance Account for the given year to its ESR Compliance Account for the next year.
2. At the same time, the central administrator shall block the ESR Compliance Accounts corresponding to the remaining years of the compliance period, of the Member State concerned.
3. The central administrator shall change the ESR Compliance Account status from blocked to open for all the remaining years of the compliance period as of the year for which the compliance status figure determined pursuant to Article 59f is zero or positive.

*Article 59h***Use of flexibility laid down in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842**

The central administrator shall ensure that, upon request of a Member State, the Union Registry carries out a transfer of AEAs from the EU Annex II AEA Total Quantity Account to that Member State's ESR Compliance Account for a given year of the compliance period. Such transfer shall not be carried out in any of the following cases:

- (a) the Member State's request is submitted before the calculation of the balance of the ESR Compliance Account or after the determination of the compliance status figure for the given year;
- (b) the Member State that made the request is not listed in Annex II to Regulation (EU) 2018/842;
- (c) the requested amount exceeds the total remaining balance of the Annex II to Regulation (EU) 2018/842 amount available for that Member State as set out in the Decisions adopted pursuant to Articles 4(3) and (4) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 and taking into account any downward revision of the amount pursuant to the second subparagraph of Article 6(3) of that Regulation;

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- (d) the requested amount exceeds the quantity of the excess emissions for the given year, calculated taking into account the quantity of AEAs transferred from that Member State's ESR Compliance Account for a given year to its LULUCF Compliance Account pursuant to Articles 59x(3) or 59za(2).

*Article 59i***Borrowing of AEAs**

The central administrator shall ensure that, upon request of a Member State, the Union Registry carries out a transfer of AEAs to that Member State's ESR Compliance Account for a given year of the compliance period from its ESR Compliance Account for the following year of the compliance period. Such transfer shall not be carried out in any of the following cases:

- (a) the Member State's request is submitted before the calculation of the balance of the ESR Compliance Account or after the determination of the compliance status figure for the given year;
- (b) the requested amount exceeds 10 per cent of the following year's annual emission allocation as determined pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 in respect of the years 2021 to 2025 and 5 per cent of the following year's annual emission allocation as determined pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 in respect of the years 2026 to 2029.

*Article 59j***Banking of AEAs**

The central administrator shall ensure that, upon request of a Member State, the Union Registry carries out a transfer of AEAs from that Member State's ESR Compliance Account for a given year of the compliance period to its ESR Compliance Account for any of the following years of the compliance period. Such transfer shall not be carried out in any of the following cases:

- (a) the Member State's request is submitted before the calculation of the balance of the ESR Compliance Account for the given year;
- (b) in respect of the year 2021, the requested amount exceeds the positive balance of the account as calculated pursuant to Article 59e;
- (c) in respect of the years 2022 to 2029, the requested amount exceeds the positive balance of the account as calculated pursuant to Article 59e of this Regulation or 30 % of that Member State's cumulative annual emission allocations up to that year, as determined pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842;

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- (d) the status of the ESR Compliance Account initiating the transfer does not allow the transfer.

*Article 59k***Use of Land Mitigation Units**

The central administrator shall ensure that, upon request of a Member State, the Union Registry carries out a transfer of Land Mitigation Units from a Member State's LULUCF Compliance Account to that Member State's ESR Compliance Account. Such transfer shall not be carried out in any of the following cases:

- (a) the requested amount exceeds the available quantity of LMUs eligible for transfers into the ESR Compliance Account pursuant to Article 59x or the remaining amount;
- (b) the requested amount exceeds the available amount according to Annex III to Regulation (EU) 2018/842 or the remaining amount;
- (c) the requested amount exceeds the quantity of the emissions for the given year less the quantity of AEAs for the given year as set out in Article 10(2) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 and the Decisions adopted pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of that Regulation, and less the sum of all the AEAs banked from previous years to the current or any following year pursuant to Article 59j of this Regulation;
- (d) that Member State has not submitted its report in accordance with the second subparagraph of Article 7(1) of Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 on its intention to use of the flexibility set out in Article 7 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842;
- (e) that Member State has not complied with the Regulation (EU) 2018/841;
- (f) the transfer is initiated before the calculation of the balance of the LULUCF Compliance Account of that MS or after the determination of the compliance status figure for the given compliance period pursuant to Articles 59u and 59za;
- (g) the transfer is initiated before the calculation of the balance of the ESR Compliance Account of that MS or after the determination of the compliance status figure for the given year.

*Article 59l***Ex ante transfers of a Member State's annual emission allocation**

The central administrator shall ensure that, upon request of a Member State, the Union Registry carries out a transfer of AEAs from the ESR Compliance Account for a given year of that Member State to the ESR Compliance Account of another Member State. Such transfer shall not be carried out in any of the following cases:

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- (a) in respect of the years 2021 to 2025, the requested amount exceeds five per cent of the given year's annual emission allocation of the initiating Member State as determined pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 or the remaining amount available;
- (b) in respect of the years 2026 to 2030, the requested amount exceeds ten per cent of the given year's annual emission allocation of the initiating Member State as determined pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 or the remaining amount available;
- (c) the Member State has requested the transfer to an ESR Compliance Account for a year before the given year;
- (d) the status of the ESR Compliance Account initiating the transfer does not allow the transfer.

*Article 59m***Transfers after the calculation of the balance of the ESR Compliance Account**

The central administrator shall ensure that, upon request of a Member State, the Union Registry carries out a transfer of AEAs from the ESR Compliance Account for a given year of that Member State to the ESR Compliance Account of another Member State. Such transfer shall not be carried out in any of the following cases:

- (a) the Member State's request is submitted before the calculation of the balance of the account pursuant to Article 59e;
- (b) the requested amount exceeds the positive balance of the account as calculated pursuant to Article 59e or the remaining amount;
- (c) the status of the ESR Compliance Account initiating the transfer does not allow the transfer.

*Article 59n***Safety Reserve**

Upon introduction of the relevant greenhouse gas emissions data pursuant to Article 59d of this Regulation for the year 2030, the central administrator shall create in the EU ESR Safety Reserve Account a quantity of additional AEAs equal to the difference between 70 % of the sum of reviewed emissions for the year 2005 of all Member States as determined following the methodology in the Decision adopted pursuant to Article 4(3) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 and the sum of the relevant reviewed greenhouse gas emissions data for all Member States for the year 2030. Such amount shall be between 0 and 105 million AEAs.

*Article 59o***First round of distribution of the Safety Reserve**

1. The central administrator shall ensure that, upon request of a Member State, the Union Registry carries out a transfer of AEAs from the EU ESR Safety Reserve Account to that Member State's

**▼ M1**

ESR Compliance Account for any of the years from 2026 to 2030 as required by the Member State. Such transfers shall not be carried out in any of the following cases:

- (a) the request refers to an ESR Compliance Account for a year other than the years 2026 to 2030;
- (b) the Member State's request is made before the calculation of the balance for the year 2030;
- (c) the Member State's request is made less than 6 weeks before the determination of the compliance status figure for the ESR Compliance Account for the year 2026;
- (d) the request was made by a Member State which is not listed in the Decision published pursuant to Article 11(5) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842;
- (e) the requested amount exceeds 20 % of that Member State's overall overachievement in the period from 2013 to 2020 as determined in the Decision published pursuant to Article 11(5) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 or the amount as reduced pursuant to paragraph 3 of this Article, or the remaining amount available;
- (f) the quantity of AEA's sold to other Member States pursuant to Articles 59l and 59m exceeds the quantity of AEA's acquired from other Member States pursuant to Articles 59l and 59m;
- (g) the requested amount exceeds the quantity of the excess emissions for the given year when taking into account the following:
  - (i) the quantity of AEA's for the given year as set out in the Decisions adopted pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842;
  - (ii) the quantity of AEA's acquired to or sold from the ESR Compliance Account for the given year, pursuant to Articles 59l and 59m;
  - (iii) the full quantity of AEA's banked from previous years to the current or any following years pursuant to Article 59j;
  - (iv) the total quantity of AEA's allowed for borrowing to that year under Article 59i;
  - (v) the quantity of LMUs eligible for the transfers into the ESR Compliance Accounts pursuant to Article 59x or the remaining amount available pursuant to Article 59m.

2. Six weeks before the determination of the compliance status figure for the year 2026, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry calculates and displays the total sum of AEA's requested by all Member States under paragraph 1.

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3. Where the sum referred in paragraph 2 is higher than the total quantity of AEAs in the EU ESR Safety Reserve Account, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry carries out a transfer of each amount requested by each Member State reduced on a pro rata basis.

4. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry calculates the pro rata reduced amount by multiplying the requested amount by the ratio of the total quantity of AEAs in the EU ESR Safety Reserve Account and the total amount requested by all Member States pursuant to paragraph 1.

*Article 59p***Second round of distribution of the Safety Reserve**

1. Where the sum referred in Article 59o(2) is lower than the total quantity of AEAs in the EU ESR Safety Reserve Account, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry authorises additional requests from Member States provided that:

- (a) Member State's request is made at the earliest six weeks before the determination of the compliance status figure for the year 2026 but no later than 3 weeks before the determination of the compliance status figure for the year 2026;
- (b) the request was made by a Member State which is listed in the Decision published pursuant to Article 11(5) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842;
- (c) the quantity of AEAs sold to other Member States pursuant to Articles 59l and 59m does not exceed the quantity of AEAs acquired from other Member States pursuant to Articles 59l and 59m;
- (d) the transferred amount does not exceed the quantity of the excess emissions for the given year when taking into account all the amounts listed under Article 59o(1)(g) and the quantity of AEAs received pursuant to Article 59o.

2. If the sum of all valid requests is higher than the remaining total amount, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry calculates the amount to be transferred for each valid request by multiplying the remaining total quantity of AEAs in the EU ESR Safety Reserve Account with the ratio of that request to the sum of all requests fulfilling the criteria set out in paragraph 1.

*Article 59q***Adjustments**

1. In case of adjustments pursuant to Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 or of any other modification of the sum specified in Article 59a of this Regulation that would lead to an increase of a Member State's annual emission allocation during the compliance period, the central

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administrator shall create the corresponding quantity of AEA in the EU ESR AEA Total Quantity Account and transfer it in the relevant ESR Compliance Account of the Member State concerned.

2. In case of adjustments pursuant to Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 or of any other modification of the sum specified in Article 59a of this Regulation that would lead to a decrease of a Member State's annual emission allocation during the compliance period, the central administrator shall transfer the corresponding quantity of AEA from the Member State's relevant ESR Compliance Account to the ESR Deletion Account.

3. Where a Member State notifies a downward change of the percentage under the second subparagraph of Article 6(3) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 and following the corresponding amendment to the amounts specified in the Decision adopted pursuant to Article 4(3) of Regulation (EU) 2018/842, the central administrator shall transfer the corresponding quantity of AEA from the EU Annex II AEA Total Quantity Account to the ESR Deletion Account. The total amount available for that Member State under Article 6 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842 shall be modified accordingly.

*Article 59r***Transfers of previously banked AEA**

The central administrator shall ensure that, upon request of a Member State, the Union Registry carries out a transfer of AEA to a Member State's ESR Compliance Account for a given year of the compliance period from its ESR Compliance Account for any of the following years of the compliance period. Such transfer shall not be carried out where:

- (a) the requested amount exceeds the quantity of AEA banked pursuant to Article 59j in the ESR Compliance Account from which the transfer is intended;
- (b) the Member State's request is made before the calculation of the balance or after the determination of the compliance status figure of the ESR Compliance Account to which the transfer is intended.

*Article 59s***Execution and reversal of transfers**

1. For all transfers specified in this Title, Articles 34, 35 and 55 shall apply.

2. Transfers to the ESR Compliance Accounts initiated in error may be reversed at the request of the national administrator. In such cases, Article 62(4), (6), (7) and (8) shall apply.

▼ B

TITLE III  
COMMON TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

▼ M2

CHAPTER 1

*Technical requirements of the Union registry*

▼ B

Section 1  
Availability

*Article 60*

Availability and reliability of the Union Registry  
▶ M2 ————— ◀

1. The central administrator shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that:

- (a) the Union Registry is available for access by account representatives and national administrators 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- (b) the communication links referred to in Article 6 ▶ M2 ————— ◀ are maintained 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- (c) backup hardware and software necessary in the event of a breakdown in operations of the primary hardware and software is provided for;

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(d) the Union Registry responds promptly to requests made by account representatives.

2. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry incorporates robust systems and procedures to safeguard all relevant data and facilitate the prompt recovery of data and operations in the event of failure or disaster.

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3. The central administrator shall keep interruptions to the operation of the Union Registry ▶ M2 ————— ◀ to a minimum.

*Article 61*

**Helpdesks**

1. National administrators shall provide assistance and support to account holders and account representatives in the Union Registry that are administered by them through national helpdesks.

2. The central administrator shall provide support to national administrators through a central helpdesk for the purposes of helping them to provide assistance in accordance with paragraph 1.



## Section 2

### Security and authentication

#### Article 62

##### Authentication of the Union Registry

The identity of the Union Registry shall be authenticated ►**M2** ◀ having regard to the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75.

#### Article 63

##### Accessing accounts in the Union Registry

1. Account representatives shall be able to access their accounts in the Union Registry through the secure area of the Union Registry. The central administrator shall ensure that the secure area of the Union Registry website is accessible through the internet. The website of the Union Registry shall be available in all official languages of the Union.

2. National administrators shall be able to access the accounts they administer in the Union Registry through the secure area of the Union Registry. The central administrator shall ensure that this secure area of the Union Registry website is accessible through the internet.

3. Communications between authorised representatives or national administrators and the secure area of the Union Registry shall be encrypted having regard to the security requirements set out in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75.

4. The central administrator shall take all necessary steps to ensure that unauthorised access to the secure area of the Union Registry website does not occur.

5. If the security of the credentials of an authorised representative has been compromised, this authorised representative shall immediately suspend its access to the relevant account, inform the administrator of the account thereof and request new credentials. If the account cannot be accessed in order to suspend the access, the authorised representative shall immediately request the national administrator to suspend its access.

#### Article 64

##### Authentication and authorisation in the Union Registry

1. The central administrator shall ensure that national administrators and each authorised representative are assigned credentials to authenticate them for the purposes of accessing the Union Registry.

2. An authorised representative shall only have access to accounts in the Union Registry for which he is authorised and shall only be able to request the initiation of processes for which he is authorised pursuant to Article 21. That access or request shall take place through a secure area of the website of the Union Registry.

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3. In addition to the credentials referred to in paragraph 1, an authorised representative shall use secondary authentication to access the Union Registry, having regard to the types of secondary authentication mechanisms set out in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75.

4. The administrator of an account may assume that a user who was successfully authenticated by the Union Registry is the authorised representative registered under the provided authentication credentials, unless the authorised representative informs the administrator of the account that the security of his credentials has been compromised and requests a replacement of his credentials.

5. The authorised representative shall take all necessary measures to prevent the loss, theft or compromise of its credentials. The authorised representative shall immediately report to the national administrator the loss, theft or compromise of its credentials.

*Article 65***Suspension of all access due to a security breach or a security risk**

1. The central administrator may temporarily suspend access to the Union Registry ►**M2** ————— ◀ or any part thereof where it has a reasonable suspicion that there is a breach of security or a serious risk affecting the security of the Union Registry ►**M2** ————— ◀ within the meaning of Commission Decision (EU, Euratom) 2017/46 <sup>(1)</sup>, including the back-up facilities referred to in Article 60. In case the reasons for suspension persist for more than five working days, the Commission may instruct the central administrator to keep the suspension in place.

The central administrator shall promptly inform all national administrators about the suspension, its reasons and the likely duration.

2. A national administrator who becomes aware of a breach of security or a security risk shall promptly inform the central administrator. The central administrator may take the measures referred to in paragraph 1.

3. A national administrator who becomes aware of a situation, as described in paragraph 1, which requires the suspension of all access to the accounts that it administers in accordance with this Regulation, shall suspend all access to all accounts it administers and shall promptly inform the central administrator. The central administrator shall inform all national administrators as soon as possible.

4. Account holders shall be informed about measures taken pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 with such prior notice of the suspension as practicable. The notice shall include the likely duration of the suspension and shall be clearly displayed on the public area of the Union Registry web site.

<sup>(1)</sup> Commission Decision (EU, Euratom) 2017/46 of 10 January 2017 on the security of communication and information systems in the European Commission (OJ L 6, 11.1.2017, p. 40).

**▼B***Article 66***Suspension of access to allowances in the case of a suspected fraudulent transaction**

1. A national administrator or a national administrator acting on instruction of the competent authority or a relevant authority under national law may suspend access to allowances in the part of the Union Registry it administers in any of the following cases:

- (a) for a maximum period of four weeks if it suspects that the allowances have been the subject of a transaction constituting fraud, money laundering, terrorist financing, corruption or other serious crime;
- (b) if suspension is on the basis of and in accordance with national law provisions that pursue a legitimate objective.

For the purposes of point (a) of the first subparagraph, provisions of Article 67 shall be applied accordingly. Upon instruction from the financial intelligence unit the period may be extended.

2. The Commission may instruct the central administrator to suspend access to allowances in the Union Registry ►**M2** ————— ◀ for a maximum period of four weeks if it suspects that the allowances have been the subject of a transaction constituting fraud, money laundering, terrorist financing, corruption or other serious crime.

3. The national administrator or the Commission shall immediately inform the competent law enforcement authority of the suspension.

4. A national law enforcement authority of the Member State of the national administrator may also request the administrator to implement a suspension on the basis of and in accordance with national law.

*Article 67***Cooperation with relevant competent authorities and notification of money laundering, terrorist financing or criminal activity**

1. The central administrator and the national administrators shall cooperate with public bodies charged with the supervision of compliance under Directive 2003/87/EC and public bodies competent for the oversight of primary and secondary markets in allowances in order to ensure that they can acquire a consolidated overview of allowances markets.

2. The national administrator, its directors and its employees shall cooperate fully with the relevant competent authorities to establish adequate and appropriate procedures to forestall and prevent operations related to money laundering or terrorist financing.

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3. The national administrator, its directors and its employees, shall cooperate fully with the financial intelligence unit (FIU) referred to in Article 32 of Directive (EU) 2015/849 by promptly:

- (a) informing the FIU, on their own initiative, where they know, suspect or have reasonable grounds to suspect that money laundering, terrorist financing or criminal activity is being or has been committed or attempted;
- (b) providing the FIU, at its request, with all necessary information, in accordance with the procedures established by the applicable legislation.

4. The information referred to in paragraph 2 shall be forwarded to the FIU of the Member State of the national administrator. The national measures transposing the compliance management and communication policies and procedures, referred to in Article 45(1) of Directive (EU) 2015/849, shall designate the person or persons responsible for forwarding information pursuant to this Article.

5. The Member State of the national administrator shall ensure that the national measures transposing Articles 37, 38, 39, 42 and 46 of Directive (EU) 2015/849 apply to the national administrator.

6. Account holders shall immediately report any fraud or suspected fraud to the competent national law enforcement authority. That report shall be forwarded to the national administrators.

*Article 68***Suspension of processes**

1. The Commission may instruct the central administrator to temporarily suspend the acceptance ►**M2** ◀ of some or all processes originating from the Union Registry if it is not operated and maintained in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation. It shall immediately notify national administrators concerned.

2. The central administrator may temporarily suspend the initiation or acceptance of some or all processes in the Union Registry for the purposes of carrying out scheduled or emergency maintenance on the Union Registry.

3. A national administrator may request the Commission to reinstate processes suspended in accordance with paragraph 1 if it considers that the outstanding issues that caused the suspension have been resolved. If this is the case, the Commission shall instruct the central administrator to reinstate those processes. It shall otherwise reject the request within a reasonable period and inform the national administrator without delay, stating its reasons and setting out criteria to be fulfilled for a subsequent request to be accepted.

4. The Commission may, including at the request of a Member State which has notified the European Council of its intention to withdraw from the Union pursuant to Article 50 of the Treaty on European Union, instruct the central administrator to temporarily suspend the acceptance by the ►**M2** Union Registry ◀ of relevant processes for that Member State relating to free allocation and auctioning.

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5. Where, pursuant to Article 53(1), the clearing system of the auction platform notifies the Commission of an amendment to an auction table due to the withholding of allowances in accordance with Article 22(5) of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, the central administrator shall enter that notified revised auction table in the Union Registry and shall not transfer the allowances concerned.

6. Where the clearing system of the relevant auction platform fails to notify an amendment to an auction table pursuant to paragraph 5, and if such a notification has been made by an auctioneer appointed in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, the central administrator shall suspend the transfer of allowances for that Member State.

7. Where, following a new appointment of an auctioneer in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, the clearing system of the auction platform notifies the Commission of an amendment to an auction table regarding the identity and the contact details of the new auctioneer, the central administrator shall enter the revised auction table in the Union Registry and shall transfer the allowances on behalf of the new auctioneer to the auction collateral delivery account of the clearing system of the relevant auction platform.

8. Except where an auction has been cancelled in accordance with Article 7(5) or (6) or Article 9 of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010, the central administrator shall suspend the transfer of allowances as specified in the respective auction table entered in the Union Registry in any of the following cases:

- (a) the relevant auction platform is not able to conduct the auctions pursuant to Article 27(1), point (b), of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010;
- (b) the required auction proceeds generated pursuant to Article 10a(9), Article 10e and Article 30d(4) of Directive 2003/87/EC have been reached.

In the cases referred to in the first subparagraph, the clearing system of the auction platform shall submit, with utmost urgency, the revised auction table to the central administrator, who shall enter it in the Union Registry.

**▼B***Article 69***Suspension of linking agreements**

In case of suspension or termination of an agreement under Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC, the central administrator shall take the appropriate measures in accordance with the agreement.

## Section 3

**Automated checking, recording and completing of processes***Article 70***Automated checking of processes**

1. All processes must conform to the general IT-requirements of electronic messaging that ensure the successful reading, checking

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and recording of a process by the Union Registry. All processes must conform to the specific process-related requirements set out in this Regulation.

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2. The central administrator shall ensure that the ► M2 Union Registry ◀ conducts automated checks having regard to the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75 of this Regulation for all processes to identify irregularities and discrepancies, where a proposed process does not conform to the requirements of Directive 2003/87/EC, Regulation (EU) 2018/842 and this Regulation.

**▼ M2***Article 71***Detection of discrepancies**

In the case of processes completed through the direct communication link referred to in Article 6(2), the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry terminates any processes where it identifies discrepancies upon conducting the automated checks referred to in Article 72(2), and informs the administrator of the accounts involved in the terminated transaction thereof. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry immediately informs the relevant account holders that the process has been terminated by returning an automated check response code.

**▼ B***Article 72***Detection of discrepancies within the Union Registry**

1. The central administrator and Member States shall ensure that the Union Registry contain check input codes and check response codes to ensure the correct interpretation of information exchanged during each process. The check codes shall have regard to those contained in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75.

2. The central administrator shall ensure that, prior to and during the execution of all processes, the Union Registry conducts appropriate automated checks to ensure that discrepancies are detected and incorrect processes are terminated in advance of automated checks being conducted by the ► M2 Union Registry ◀.

**▼ M2***Article 73***Reconciliation – detection of inconsistencies by the Union Registry**

1. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry periodically initiates data reconciliation to ensure that the records of accounts and holdings of allowances match the executed transactions in the Union Registry. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry records all processes.

2. If during the data reconciliation process referred to in paragraph 1 an inconsistency is identified regarding accounts or holdings of allowances as part of the periodic reconciliation process, the central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry prevents any further processes to be completed with any of the accounts or holdings of

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allowances which are the subject of the inconsistency. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry immediately informs the central administrator and the administrators of the relevant accounts or holdings of allowances of any inconsistency.

*Article 74***Finalisation of processes**

1. All transactions and other processes communicated to the Union Registry in accordance with Article 6(2) shall be final when all automated checks are executed. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry automatically aborts the completion of a transaction or process if that transaction or process could not be completed within 24 hours of its communication.

2. The data reconciliation process referred to in Article 73 shall be final when all inconsistencies for a specific time and date for specific accounts or holdings of allowances have been resolved, and the data reconciliation process has been successfully re-initiated and completed.

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## Section 4

**Specifications and change management***Article 75***Data exchange and technical specifications**

1. The Commission shall make available to national administrators data exchange and technical specifications laying down operational requirements for the Union Registry including the identification codes, automated checks, response codes and data logging requirements, as well as the testing procedures and security requirements.

2. The data exchange and technical specifications shall be drawn up in consultation with the Member States.

3. Standards developed in accordance with agreements under Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC shall be consistent with the data exchange and technical specifications drawn up in accordance with paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article.

*Article 76***Change and release management**

If a new version or release of the Union Registry software is required, the central administrator shall ensure that the testing procedures set out in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75 are completed ► **M2** ————— ◀.

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## CHAPTER 2

*Records, reports, confidentiality and fees*

## Article 77

**Processing of information and personal data**

1. In relation to the processing of personal data in the Union Registry ► **M2** ————— ◀, the national administrators shall be regarded as controllers within the meaning of Article 4(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679. In relation to its responsibilities under this Regulation and the processing of personal data involved therein, the Commission shall be regarded as a controller within the meaning of Article 3(8) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725.

2. In the case of a personal data breach detected by a national administrator, it shall without undue delay inform the central administrator and other national administrators about the nature and possible consequences of the breach and the measures taken and proposed to be taken to address the personal data breach and to mitigate the possible adverse effects.

3. In the case of a personal data breach detected by the central administrator, it shall without undue delay inform the national administrators about the nature and possible consequences of the breach and the measures taken by the central administrator and proposed to be taken by national administrators to address the personal data breach and to mitigate the possible adverse effects.

4. Arrangements on the respective responsibilities of the controllers for compliance with their data protection obligations shall be included in the terms of cooperation drawn up pursuant to Article 7(4).

5. The central administrator and Member States shall ensure that the Union Registry ► **M2** ————— ◀ only store and process the information concerning the accounts, account holders and account representatives as set out in Table III-I of Annex III, Tables VI-I and VI-II of Annex VI, Table VII-I of Annex VII, and Table VIII-I of Annex VIII. Any other information to be provided pursuant to this Regulation shall be stored and processed outside the Union Registry ► **M2** ————— ◀.

6. National administrators shall ensure that information required by this Regulation but not stored in the Union Registry ► **M2** ————— ◀ are processed in accordance with the relevant provisions of Union and national law.

7. No special categories of data as defined in Article 9 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 shall be recorded in the Union Registry ► **M2** ————— ◀.

**▼B***Article 78***Records**

1. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry stores records concerning all processes, log data and account holders for five years after the closure of an account.
2. Personal data shall be removed from the records after five years of the closure of an account or after five years of the closure of business relationship, as defined in Article 3(13) of Directive (EU) 2015/849, with a natural person.
3. Personal data may be retained, with access restricted to the central administrator, for additional five years only for the purposes of investigation, detection, prosecution, tax administration or enforcement, auditing and financial supervision of activities involving allowances, or of money laundering, terrorism financing, other serious crime or market abuse for which the accounts in the Union Registry may be an instrument, or of breaches of Union or national law ensuring the functioning the EU ETS.
4. For the purposes of investigation, detection, prosecution, tax administration or enforcement, auditing and financial supervision of activities involving allowances, or of money laundering, terrorism financing, other serious crime or market abuse for which the accounts in the Union Registry may be an instrument, or of breaches of Union or national law ensuring the functioning the EU ETS, personal data controlled by national administrators may be retained after the closure of the business relationship until the end of a period corresponding to the maximum prescription period of these offences laid down in the national law of the national administrator.
5. Account information containing personal data, gathered pursuant to the provisions of this Regulation and not stored in the Union Registry or the EUTL shall be retained according to the provisions of this Regulation.
6. The central administrator shall ensure that national administrators are able to access, query and export all records held in the Union Registry in relation to accounts that are or were administered by them.

*Article 79***Reporting and availability of information**

1. The central administrator shall make available the information referred to in Annex XIII to the recipients set out in Annex XIII in a transparent and organised manner. The central administrator shall take all reasonable steps to make available the information referred to in Annex XIII at the frequencies set out in Annex XIII. The central administrator shall not release additional information held ► **M2** ————— ◀ in the Union Registry unless this is permitted under Article 80.

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2. National administrators may also make available the part of the information referred to in Annex XIII that they have access to in accordance with Article 80 at the frequencies and to the recipients set out in Annex XIII in a transparent and organised manner on a site publicly accessible via the internet. National administrators shall not release additional information held in the Union Registry unless this is permitted under Article 80.

*Article 80***Confidentiality**

1. All information, including the holdings of all accounts, all transactions made, the unique unit identification code of the allowances held or affected by a transaction, held in ►**M2** ————— ◀ the Union Registry shall be considered confidential except as otherwise required by Union law, or by provisions of national law that pursue a legitimate objective compatible with this Regulation and are proportionate.

The first subparagraph also applies to any information gathered pursuant to this Regulation and held by the central administrator or the national administrator.

2. The central administrator and the national administrators shall ensure that all persons who work or who have worked for them or entities to whom tasks are delegated, as well as experts instructed by them, are bound by the obligation of professional secrecy. They shall not divulge any confidential information which they may receive in the course of their duties, without prejudice to requirements of national criminal or taxation law or the other provisions of this Regulation.

3. The central administrator or national administrator may provide data stored in the Union Registry ►**M2** ————— ◀ or gathered pursuant to this Regulation to the following entities:

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(a) the police or another law enforcement or judicial authority, tax authorities of a Member State and the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO);

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- (b) the European Anti-fraud Office of the European Commission;
- (c) the European Court of Auditors;
- (d) Eurojust;
- (e) the competent authorities referred to in Article 48 of Directive (EU) 2015/849;
- (f) the competent authorities referred to in Article 67 of Directive 2014/65/EU;
- (g) the competent authorities referred to in Article 22 of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014;
- (h) European Securities and Markets Authority, established by Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>;

<sup>(1)</sup> Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 establishing a European Supervisory Authority (European Securities and Markets Authority), amending Decision No 716/2009/EC and repealing Commission Decision 2009/77/EC (OJ L 331, 15.12.2010, p. 84).

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- (i) Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators established by Regulation (EC) No 713/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>
- (j) competent national supervisory authorities;
- (k) the national administrators of Member States and the competent authorities referred to in Article 18 of Directive 2003/87/EC;
- (l) the authorities mentioned in Article 6 of Directive 98/26/EC;
- (m) the European Data Protection Supervisor and the competent national data protection authorities.

4. Data may be provided to the entities referred to in paragraph 3 upon their request to the central administrator or to a national administrator if such requests are justified and necessary for the purposes of investigation, detection, prosecution, tax administration or enforcement, auditing and financial supervision of activities involving allowances, or of money laundering, terrorism financing, other serious crime, market abuse for which the accounts in the Union Registry may be an instrument, or of breaches of Union or national law ensuring the functioning of the EU ETS. ► **M2** Those entities shall make any requests to the central administrator or to a national administrator by using the template set out in Annex XIV. ◀

Without prejudice to requirements of national criminal or taxation law, the central administrator, the national administrators or other authorities, bodies natural or legal persons, which receive confidential information pursuant to this Regulation, may use it only in the performance of their duties and for the exercise of their functions, in the case of the central administrator and the national administrators, within the scope of this Regulation or, in the case of other authorities, bodies or natural or legal persons, for the purpose for which such information was provided to them and/or in the context of administrative or judicial proceedings specifically relating to the exercise of those functions.

Any confidential information received, exchanged or transmitted pursuant to this Regulation shall be subject to the conditions laid down in this Article. Nevertheless, this Article shall not prevent the central administrator and the national administrators from exchanging or transmitting confidential information in accordance with this Regulation.

This Article shall not prevent the central administrator and the national administrators from exchanging or transmitting, in accordance with national law, confidential information that has not been received from the central administrator or a national administrator of another Member State.

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4a. The competent authorities referred to in Article 22 of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 shall receive, upon request to the central administrator if and as long as such requests are justified and necessary for the purposes referred to in paragraph 4, first subparagraph, data stored in the Union Registry at regular intervals determined in consultation with the central administrator.

<sup>(1)</sup> Regulation (EC) No 713/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 establishing an Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (OJ L 211, 14.8.2009, p. 1).

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5. An entity receiving data in accordance with paragraph 4 shall ensure that the data received is only used for the purposes stated in the request in accordance with paragraph 4 and is not made available deliberately or accidentally to persons not involved in the intended purpose of the data use. This provision shall not preclude these entities to make the data available to other entities listed in paragraph 3, if this is necessary for the purposes stated in the request made in accordance with paragraph 4.

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6. The entities that have received data under the conditions described above shall share with the central administrator, if they deem necessary, their general conclusions on the legal or technical implications of the transactions with allowances, including general findings to improve the understanding of the legal implications of the processes analysed and to contribute to policy developments without referring to data of individual accounts or transactions.

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7. Europol shall obtain permanent read-only access to data stored in the Union Registry ► **M2** ————— ◀ for the purposes of Article 18 of Regulation (EU) 2016/794 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup>. Europol shall keep the Commission informed of the use it makes of the data.

8. National administrators shall make available through secure means to all other national administrators and the central administrator the name, nationality and date and place of birth of persons for whom they refused to open an account in accordance with points (a), (b) and (c) of Article 19(2), or whom they refused to nominate as an authorised representative in accordance with points (a) and (b) of Article 21(5), and the name, nationality and birth date of the account holder and the authorised representatives of accounts to which access has been suspended in accordance with Articles 30(1)(c), 30(2)(a), 30(3)(a) and (b) and Article 30(4) or of accounts that have been closed in accordance with Article 28. National administrators shall ensure that the information is kept up to date and no longer shared when the grounds giving rise to sharing cease to exist. The information shall not be shared for more than five years.

National administrators shall inform the persons concerned about the fact that their identity was shared with other national administrators and about the duration of this information sharing.

The persons concerned may object to the information sharing at the competent authority or the relevant authority under national law within 30 calendar days. The competent authority or the relevant authority shall instruct the national administrator either to stop sharing the information or maintain the sharing of information in a reasoned decision, subject to requirements of national law.

<sup>(1)</sup> Regulation (EU) 2016/794 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 May 2016 on the European Union Agency for Law Enforcement Cooperation (Europol) and replacing and repealing Council Decisions 2009/371/JHA, 2009/934/JHA, 2009/935/JHA, 2009/936/JHA and 2009/968/JHA (OJ L 135, 24.5.2016, p. 53).

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The persons concerned may require the national administrator sharing information pursuant to the first subparagraph to present them the personal data that was shared concerning them. National administrators shall comply with such requests within 20 working days of receiving the request.

9. National administrators may decide to notify to national law enforcement and tax authorities all transactions that involve a number of units above the number determined by the national administrator and to notify any account that is involved in a number of transactions within a period that is above a number determined by the national administrator.

10. ►**M2** ————— ◀ The Union Registry shall not require account holders to submit price information concerning allowances.

11. The auction monitor appointed pursuant to Article 24 of Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010 shall have access to all information concerning the auction collateral delivery account held in the Union Registry.

*Article 81***Fees**

1. The central administrator shall not charge any fees to account holders in the Union Registry.

2. National administrators may charge reasonable fees to account holders and verifiers administered by them.

3. National administrators shall notify the central administrator of the fees charged and of any changes in the fees within ten working days. The central administrator shall display fees on a public website.

*Article 82***Interruption of operation**

The central administrator shall ensure that interruptions to the operation of the Union Registry are kept to a minimum by taking all reasonable steps to ensure the availability and security of the Union Registry ►**M2** ————— ◀ within the meaning of Decision (EU, Euratom) 2017/46 and by providing for robust systems and procedures to safeguard all information.

## TITLE IV

**TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS***Article 83***Implementation**

Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to implement this Regulation, and in particular for national administrators to comply with their obligations to verify and review information submitted pursuant to Articles 19(1), 21(4) and 22(4).

**▼B***Article 84***Further use of accounts**

1. Accounts, as specified in Chapter 3 of Title I of this Regulation, opened or used pursuant to Commission Regulation (EU) No 389/2013 shall remain in use for the purposes of this Regulation.
2. Person holding accounts opened pursuant to Article 18 of Regulation (EU) No 389/2013 shall be transformed into trading accounts.

*Article 85***Use restrictions**

1. Kyoto units as defined in Article 3(12) of Regulation (EU) No 389/2013 may be held in ETS accounts in the Union Registry until 1 July 2023.
2. After the date referred to in paragraph 1, the central administrator shall provide national administrators with a list of the ETS accounts holding Kyoto units. On the basis of this list, the national administrator shall request the account holder to specify a KP account to which such international credits shall be transferred.
3. If the account holder has not responded to the national administrator's request within 40 working days, the national administrator shall transfer the international credits to a national KP account or an account defined by national law.

*Article 86***Provision of new account information**

Account information required by this Regulation that was not required by Regulation (EU) No 389/2013 shall be submitted to national administrators at the latest during the next review referred to in Article 22(4).

*Article 87***Amendments to Regulation (EU) No 389/2013**

Regulation (EU) No 389/2013 is amended as follows:

- (1) in Article 7 the following paragraph 4 is added:

‘4. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry maintains a communication link with the registries of greenhouse gas emissions trading systems with whom a linking agreement is in force in accordance with Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC for the purposes of communicating transactions with allowances.’;

- (2) in Article 56 the following paragraphs 4 and 5 are added:

**▼B**

‘4. Where an agreement pursuant to Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC is in force and requires transferring aviation allowances to aircraft operators holding accounts in the registry of another greenhouse gas emissions trading system, the central administrator, in cooperation with the administrator of the other registry, shall ensure that the Union Registry transfers those aviation allowances from the EU Aviation Allocation Account to the corresponding accounts in the other registry.

5. Where an agreement pursuant to Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC is in force and requires transferring aviation allowances corresponding to another greenhouse gas emissions trading system to aircraft operators holding accounts in the Union Registry, the central administrator, in cooperation with the administrator of the other registry, shall ensure that the Union Registry transfers those aviation allowances from the corresponding accounts of the other registry to the aircraft operator holding accounts in the Union Registry, upon approval by the competent authority responsible for the administration of the other greenhouse gas emissions trading system.’;

(3) in Article 67 the following paragraph 5 is added:

‘5. Where an agreement is in force in accordance with Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC, paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this Article shall apply to units issued under the greenhouse gas emissions trading system linked to the EU ETS.’;

(4) Article 71 is replaced by the following:

*‘Article 71*

**Implementation of linking arrangements**

The central administrator may create accounts and processes and undertake transactions and other operations at appropriate times to implement agreements and arrangements made pursuant to Articles 25 and 25a of Directive 2003/87/EC.’;

(5) the following Article 99a is inserted:

*‘Article 99a*

**Suspension of linking agreements**

In case of suspension or termination of an agreement under Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC, the central administrator shall take the measures in accordance with the agreement.’;

(6) in Article 105, the following paragraph 3 is added:

‘3. Standards developed in accordance with agreements under Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC shall be consistent with the data exchange and technical specifications drawn up in accordance with paragraphs 1 and 2.’;

(7) Article 108 is replaced by the following:

**▼B**

*Article 108*

**Records**

1. The central administrator shall ensure that the Union Registry stores records concerning all processes, log data and account holders for five years after the closure of an account.

2. Personal data shall be removed from the records after five years of the closure of an account or after five years of the closure of business relationship, as defined in Article 3(13) of Directive (EU) 2015/849, with the natural person.

3. Personal data may be retained, with access restricted to the central administrator, for additional five years only for the purposes of investigation, detection, prosecution, tax administration or enforcement, auditing and financial supervision of activities involving allowances, or of money laundering, terrorism financing, other serious crime or market abuse for which the accounts in the Union Registry may be an instrument, or of breaches of Union or national law ensuring the functioning the EU ETS.

4. For the purposes of investigation, detection, prosecution, tax administration or enforcement, auditing and financial supervision of activities involving allowances, or of money laundering, terrorism financing, other serious crime or market abuse for which the accounts in the Union Registry may be an instrument, or of breaches of Union or national law ensuring the functioning the EU ETS, personal data controlled by national administrators may be retained after the closure of the business relationship until the end of a period corresponding to the maximum prescription period of these offences laid down in the national law of the national administrator.

5. Account information containing personal data, gathered pursuant to the provisions of this Regulation and not stored in the Union Registry or the EUTL shall be retained according to the provisions of this Regulation.

6. The central administrator shall ensure that national administrators are able to access, query and export all records held in the Union Registry in relation to accounts that are or were administered by them.'

(8) in Annex XIV, the following point 4a is inserted:

'4a. On 1 May each year, the following information shall be published on agreements which are in force pursuant to Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC recorded by the EUTL by 30 April:

(a) holdings of allowances issued in the linked emissions trading system on all accounts in the Union Registry;

**▼B**

- (b) number of allowances issued in the linked emissions trading system used for compliance in the EU ETS;
- (c) sum of allowances issued in the linked emissions trading system that were transferred to accounts in the Union Registry in the preceding calendar year;
- (d) sum of allowances that were transferred to accounts in the linked emissions trading system in the preceding calendar year.<sup>2</sup>

*Article 88***Repeal**

Regulation (EU) No 389/2013 is repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.

However, Regulation (EU) No 389/2013 shall continue to apply until 1 January 2026 to all operations required in relation to the trading period between 2013 and 2020, to the second commitment period of the Kyoto Protocol and to the compliance period as defined in Article 3 (30) of that Regulation.

*Article 89***Entry into force and application**

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 1 January 2021, with the exception of Article 87, which shall apply from the day of entry into force.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

▼ **M3**

## ANNEX I

Table I-I

## Account types and unit types that may be held in each account type

Account type name	Account holder	Account Administrator	No of accounts of this type	Allowances		Units from ETS linked under Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC	Allowances covered by Chapter IVa of Directive 2003/87/EC
				General allowances	Aviation allowances		
<b>I. ETS management accounts in the Union Registry</b>							
EU Total Quantity Account	EU	central administrator	1	<b>Yes</b>	No	No	No
EU Aviation Total Quantity Account	EU	central administrator	1	Yes	<b>Yes</b>	No	No
EU Regulated Entity Total Quantity Account	EU	central administrator	1	No	<b>No</b>	No	Yes
EU Auction Account	EU	central administrator	1	<b>Yes</b>	No	No	No
EU Regulated Entity Auction Account	EU	central administrator	1	No	<b>No</b>	No	Yes
Third country government deletion account	Third country government	Central administrator	One for each third country government involved in a non-binding arrangement with the EU	Yes	Yes	No	No
Tax derogation deletion account	Member State	Central administrator	One for each Member State using the derogation under Article 30e(3) of the ETS Directive	No	No	No	Yes
EU Allocation Account	EU	central administrator	1	<b>Yes</b>	No	No	No
EU Aviation Auction Account	EU	central administrator	1	Yes	<b>Yes</b>	No	No
EU Aviation Allocation Account	EU	central administrator	1	Yes	<b>Yes</b>	No	No
Union Deletion Account	EU	central administrator	1	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>

## ▼ M3

Account type name	Account holder	Account Administrator	No of accounts of this type	Allowances		Units from ETS linked under Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC	Allowances covered by Chapter IVa of Directive 2003/87/EC
				General allowances	Aviation allowances		
Auction Collateral Delivery Account	Auctioneer, Auction platform, Clearing System or Settlement System	national administrator that has opened the account	one or more for each auction platform	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

## II. ETS holding accounts in the Union Registry

Stationary installation holding account	Operator	national administrator of the Member State where installation is located	one for each installation	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Aircraft operator holding account	Aircraft operator	national administrator of the Member State administering the aircraft operator	one for each aircraft operator	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
National holding account	Member State	national administrator of the Member State holding the account	one or more for each Member State	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maritime operator holding account	Operator	national administrator of the Member State determined pursuant to Article 3gf of Directive 2003/87/EC	one for each shipping company	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Regulated Entity holding account	Regulated entity	national administrator of the Member State where the regulated entity is located	one for each regulated entity	No	No	No	Yes

▼ **M3**

Account type name	Account holder	Account Administrator	No of accounts of this type	Allowances		Units from ETS linked under Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC	Allowances covered by Chapter IVa of Directive 2003/87/EC
				General allowances	Aviation allowances		

**III. ETS trading accounts in the Union Registry**

Trading account	Person	national administrator or central administrator that has opened the account	as approved	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
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**Table I-II****Accounts for the purpose of accounting transactions pursuant to Title IIA**

Account type name	Account holder	Account Administrator	No. of accounts of this type	AEA	Accounted emissions/ accounted removals	LMU	MFLFA
EU ESR AEA Total Quantity Account	EU	central administrator	1	Yes	No	No	No
ESR Deletion Account	EU	central administrator	1	Yes	No	Yes	No
EU Annex II AEA Total Quantity Account	EU	central administrator	1	Yes	No	No	No
EU ESR Safety Reserve Account	EU	central administrator	1	Yes	No	No	No
ESR Compliance Account	Member State	central administrator	1 for each of the 10 compliance years for each Member State	Yes	No	Yes	No

**▼B**

*ANNEX II*

**Terms and conditions**

*Payment of fees*

1. The terms and conditions regarding any registry fees for establishing and maintaining accounts and registering and maintaining verifiers.

*Modification of core terms and conditions*

2. Modification of the core terms to reflect changes to this Regulation or changes to domestic legislation.

*Dispute resolution*

3. Provisions relating to disputes between account holders and choice of court for national administrator.

*Responsibility and liability*

4. The limitation of liability for the national administrator.
5. The limitation of liability for the account holder.



## ANNEX III

## Information to be submitted with requests for opening an account

1. The information set out in Table III-I.

Table III-I: account details for all accounts

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	► <b>M2</b> Displayed on the public website? ◀
1	Account type	M	Choice	No	n.a.	Yes
2	Account holder name	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Account name (given by account holder)	M	Free	Yes	No	Yes
4	Account holder's address – country	M	Choice	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Account holder's address — region or state	O	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	Account holder's address – city	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	Account holder's address – postcode	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	Account holder's address – line 1	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	Account holder's address – line 2	O	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	Account holder's company registration number	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	Account holder's telephone 1	M	Free	Yes	No	No (*)
12	Account holder's telephone 2	M	Free	Yes	No	No (*)
13	Account holder's email address	M	Free	Yes	No	No (*)
14	Date of birth (for natural persons)	M for natural persons	Free	No	n.a.	No
15	Place of birth – city (for natural persons)	M for natural persons	Free	No	n.a.	No
16	Place of birth — country	O	Free	No	n.a.	No
17	Type of document supporting identity (for natural persons)	M	Choice	Yes	Yes	No
18	Identity document number (for natural persons)	M	Free	Yes	Yes	No

**▼B**

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	►M2 Displayed on the public website? ◀
19	Identity document expiry date	M where assigned	Free	Yes	Yes	No
20	VAT registration number with country code	M where assigned	Free	Yes	Yes	No
<b>▼M3</b>						
21	ISO 17442 Legal Entity Identifier	M where assigned	Preset	Yes	No	Yes
22	Name of parent undertaking	M where assigned	Free	Yes	No	Yes
23	Name of subsidiary undertaking	M where assigned	Free	Yes	No	Yes
24	Account holder ID of the parent undertaking (given by the Union Registry)	M where assigned	Preset	Yes	No	No
25	If applicable, name of the shipping company as recorded in Thetis MRV (**)	M where assigned	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
26	Status of trading venue in accordance with Directive 2014/65/EU or central counterparty in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 648/2012	M where assigned	Choice	Yes	Yes	Yes

**▼B**

(\*) The account holder may decide that the information is ►M2 displayed on the public website. ◀

►M3 (\*\*) Thetis MRV is the automated Union information system operated by the European Maritime Safety Agency and established under Regulation (EU) 2015/757 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2015 on the monitoring, reporting and verification of carbon dioxide emissions from maritime transport, and amending Directive 2009/16/EC. ◀

**▼B***ANNEX IV***Information to be provided for opening an auction delivery account or a trading account**

1. The information set out in Table III-I of Annex III.
2. Proof that the person requesting to open an account has an open bank account in a Member State of the European Economic Area.
3. Evidence to support the identity of the natural person requesting to open an account, which may be a copy of one of the following:
  - (a) an identity card issued by a State that is a member of the European Economic Area or the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development;
  - (b) a passport;
  - (c) a document that is accepted as a personal identification document under the national law of the national administrator administering the account.
4. Evidence to support the address of the permanent residence of the natural person account holder, which may be a copy of one of the following:
  - (a) the identity document submitted under point 3, if it contains the address of the permanent residence;
  - (b) any other government-issued identity document that contains the address of permanent residence;
  - (c) if the country of permanent residence does not issue identity documents that contain the address of permanent residence, a statement from the local authorities confirming the nominee's permanent residence;
  - (d) any other document that is customarily accepted in the Member State of the administrator of the account as evidence of the permanent residence of the nominee.
5. The following documents in case of a legal person requesting to open an account:
  - (a) a document proving the registration of the legal entity;
  - (b) bank account details;
  - (c) a confirmation of VAT registration;
  - (d) the name, date of birth and nationality of the legal entity's beneficial owner as defined in point (6) of Article 3 of Directive (EU) 2015/849 including the type of ownership or control they are exercising;
  - (e) list of directors;
  - (f) account holders that are part of a group shall provide a document clearly identifying the structure of the group.

**▼M2**

**▼ M2**

For the purposes of point (f), where the document identifying the structure of the group is a copy, a public notary or other similar person specified by the national administrator shall certify that copy as a true copy. A certified copy that is issued outside the Member State requesting a copy shall be legalised, except where otherwise provided for by national law. The date of the certification or legalisation shall not be more than three months prior to the date of application.

**▼ B**

6. If a legal person requests to open an account, national administrators may ask for the submission of the following additional documents:

- (a) a copy of the instruments establishing the legal entity;
- (b) a copy of the annual report or of the latest audited financial statements, or if no audited financial statements available, a copy of the financial statements stamped by the tax office or the financial director.

7. Evidence to support the registered address of the legal person account holder, if this is not clear from the document submitted in accordance with point 5.

8. The criminal record, or any other document that is accepted by the administrator of the account as criminal record, of the natural person requesting to open an account.

If a legal person requests the opening of an account, the national administrator may request the criminal record, or any other document that is accepted by the administrator of the account as criminal record, of the beneficial owner and/or the directors of this legal person. If national administrator requests the criminal record, the justification for such request shall be recorded.

Instead of requesting the submission of a criminal record, the national administrator may request the competent authority for keeping criminal records to provide the relevant information electronically, in accordance with national law.

Documents submitted under this point may not be retained after the opening of the account.

9. If a document is provided in original to the national administrator, it may make a copy of it and indicate its authenticity on the copy.
10. A copy of a document may be submitted as evidence under this Annex if it is certified as a true copy by a notary public or other similar person specified by the national administrator. Without prejudice to the rules set out in Regulation (EU) 2016/1191, regarding documents issued outside the Member State where the copy of the document is submitted, the copy shall be legalised, except otherwise provided for by national law. The date of the certification or legalisation shall not be more than three months prior to the date of application.
11. The administrator of the account may require that the documents submitted be accompanied with a certified translation into a language specified by the administrator.
12. Instead of obtaining paper documents proving information required under this Annex, national administrators may use digital tools to retrieve the relevant information, provided that such tools are authorised under national law to provide that information.

**▼B**

*ANNEX V*

**Additional information to be provided for registering verifiers**

A document proving that the verifier requesting registration is accredited as a verifier in accordance with Article 15 of Directive 2003/87/EC.

**▼B***ANNEX VI***▼M3****Information to be provided for opening a stationary installation holding account****▼B**

1. The information set out in Table III-I of Annex III.
2. Under the data provided in accordance with Table III-I of Annex III, the operator of the installation shall be named the account holder. The name provided for the account holder should be identical to name of the natural or legal person that is the holder of the relevant greenhouse gas permit.
3. If the account holder is part of a group, it shall provide a document clearly identifying the structure of the group. If that document is a copy, it shall be certified as a true copy by a notary public or other similar person specified by the national administrator. If the certified copy is issued outside the Member State requesting a copy, the copy shall be legalised, except otherwise provided for by national law. The date of the certification or legalisation shall not be more than three months prior to the date of application.
4. The information set out in Table VI-I and VI-II of this Annex.
5. If a legal person requests to open an account, national administrators may ask for the submission of the following additional documents:
  - (a) a document proving the registration of the legal entity;
  - (b) bank account details;
  - (c) a confirmation of VAT registration;
  - (d) the name, date of birth and nationality of the legal entity's beneficial owner as defined in Article 3(6) of Directive (EU) 2015/849 including the type of ownership or control they are exercising;
  - (e) a copy of the instruments establishing the legal entity;
  - (f) a copy of the annual report or of the latest audited financial statements, or if no audited financial statements available, a copy of the financial statements stamped by the tax office or the financial director.
6. Instead of obtaining paper documents proving information required under this Annex, national administrators may use digital tools to retrieve the relevant information, provided that such tools are authorised under national law to provide that information.

**▼M3****Table VI-I: account details for stationary installation holding accounts**

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	Displayed on the public website?
1	Permit ID	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes

▼ M3

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	Displayed on the public website?
2	Permit entry into force date	M	Free	Yes	—	Yes
3	Installation name	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Installation activity type	M	Choice	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Installation address – country	M	Preset	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	Installation address – region or state	O	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	Installation address – city	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	Installation address – postcode	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	Installation address – line 1	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	Installation address – line 2	O	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	Installation telephone 1	M	Free	Yes	No	No
12	Installation telephone 2	M	Free	Yes	No	No
13	Installation email address	M	Free	Yes	No	No
14	EPRTR identification number	M where assigned	Free	Yes	No	Yes
15	Latitude	O	Free	Yes	No	Yes
16	Longitude	O	Free	Yes	No	Yes
17	Year of first emission	M	Free			Yes

▼B

Table VI-II: Details of the installation contact person

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	► <b>M2</b> Displayed on the public website? ◀
1	Contact person within Member State first name	O	Free	Yes	No	No
2	Contact person within Member State last name	O	Free	Yes	No	No
3	Contact person address – country	O	Preset	Yes	No	No
4	Contact person address – region or state	O	Free	Yes	No	No
5	Contact person address – city	O	Free	Yes	No	No
6	Contact person address – postcode	O	Free	Yes	No	No
7	Contact person address – line 1	O	Free	Yes	No	No
8	Contact person address – line 2	O	Free	Yes	No	No
9	Contact person telephone 1	O	Free	Yes	No	No
10	Contact person telephone 2	O	Free	Yes	No	No
11	Contact person email address	O	Free	Yes	No	No



## ANNEX VII

**Information to be provided for opening an aircraft operator holding account**

1. The information set out in Table III-I of Annex III and VII-I of Annex VII.
2. Under the data provided in accordance with Table III-I, the aircraft operator shall be named as the account holder. The name recorded for the account holder shall be identical to the name in the Monitoring Plan. In case the name in the Monitoring Plan is obsolete, the name in the trading registry or the name used by Eurocontrol shall be used.
3. If the account holder is part of a group, it shall provide a document clearly identifying the structure of the group. If that document is a copy, this shall be certified as a true copy by a notary public or other similar person specified by the national administrator. If the certified copy is issued outside the Member State requesting a copy, the copy shall be legalised, except otherwise provided for by national law. The date of the certification or legalisation shall not be more than three months prior to the date of application.
4. The call sign is International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO) designator in box 7 of the flight plan or, if not available, the registration marking of the aircraft.
5. If a legal person requests to open an account, national administrators may ask for the submission of the following additional documents:
  - (a) a document proving the registration of the legal entity;
  - (b) bank account details;
  - (c) a confirmation of VAT registration;
  - (d) the name, date of birth and nationality of the legal entity's beneficial owner as defined in Article 3(6) of Directive (EU) 2015/849 including the type of ownership or control they are exercising;
  - (e) a copy of the instruments establishing the legal entity;
  - (f) a copy of the annual report or of the latest audited financial statements, or if no audited financial statements available, a copy of the financial statements stamped by the tax office or the financial director.
6. Instead of obtaining paper documents proving information required under this Annex, national administrators may use digital tools to retrieve the relevant information, provided that such tools are authorised under national law to provide that information.

**Table VII-I: account details for aircraft operator holding accounts**

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	► <b>M2</b> Displayed on the public website? ◀
1	Unique code under Commission Regulation 748/2009	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes

**▼B**

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	► <b>M2</b> Displayed on the public website? ◀
2	Call sign (ICAO designator)	O	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Monitoring plan ID	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Monitoring plan – first year of applicability	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes

▼ **M3***ANNEX VIIa***Information to be provided for opening a maritime operator holding account**

1. The information set out in Table III-I of Annex III and the information set out in Tables VIIa-I and VIIa-II of this Annex.
2. Under the data provided in accordance with Table III-I of Annex III, the shipping company shall be named as the account holder.
3. Where the organisation or person, such as the manager or the bareboat charterer, that has assumed the responsibility for the operation of the ship from the shipowner and that, on assuming such responsibility, has agreed to take over all the duties and responsibilities imposed by the International Management Code for the Safe Operation of Ships and for Pollution Prevention, set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 336/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>(1)</sup> and has also assumed responsibility for the obligations to comply with the national measures transposing Directive 2003/87/EC and the obligation to surrender allowances under Articles 3gb and 12 of that Directive ('the ETS obligations'), that organisation or person shall provide a document clearly indicating that it has been duly mandated by the shipowner to comply with the ETS obligations.
4. The document referred to in point 3 shall be signed by both the shipowner and the organisation or person. If that document is in a language other than English, an English translation shall be provided. If that document is a copy, it shall be certified as a true copy by a notary public or other similar person specified by the national administrator. If the certified copy is issued outside the Member State of the national administrator, the copy shall be legalised, except otherwise provided for by national law. The date of the certification or legalisation shall not be more than three months prior to the date of application for opening an account.

The document shall include the following information:

- (a) the name and the IMO unique company and registered owner identification number of the organisation or person mandated by the shipowner;
- (b) the country of registration of the organisation or person mandated by the shipowner, as recorded under the IMO Unique Company and Registered Owner Identification Number Scheme;
- (c) the name and the IMO unique company and registered owner identification number of the shipowner;
- (d) the following information related to the contact person of the shipowner:
  - (i) first name,
  - (ii) last name,
  - (iii) job title,

<sup>(1)</sup> Regulation (EC) No 336/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 February 2006 on the implementation of the International Safety Management Code within the Community and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 3051/95 (OJ L 64, 4.3.2006, p. 1).

**▼ M3**

- (iv) business address,
  - (v) business telephone number,
  - (vi) business email address;
- (e) the date of application of the mandate from the shipowner to the organisation or person;
- (f) the IMO ship identification number of each ship falling within the scope of the mandate.
5. Where paragraph 3 does not apply, the shipowner shall provide a document listing the ships under its responsibility, as well as their respective IMO ship identification number.

In case of changes to that list of ships, the shipowner shall inform the national administrator within 20 working days and provide it with an updated document, as well as with the name and IMO unique company and registered owner identification number of the new shipping company for each of the ships no longer under the shipowner's responsibility.

6. If the account holder is part of a group, it shall provide a document clearly identifying the structure of the group. If that document is a copy, it shall be certified as a true copy by a notary public or other similar person specified by the national administrator. If the certified copy is issued outside the Member State requesting a copy, the copy shall be legalised, except otherwise provided for by national law. The date of the certification or legalisation shall not be more than three months prior to the date of application.
7. If a legal person requests to open an account, national administrators may ask for the submission of the following additional documents:
- (a) a document proving the registration of the legal entity;
  - (b) bank account details;
  - (c) a confirmation of VAT registration;
  - (d) the name, date of birth and nationality of the legal entity's beneficial owner as defined in Article 3, point (6), of Directive (EU) 2015/849 including the type of ownership or control they are exercising;
  - (e) a copy of the instruments establishing the legal entity;
  - (f) a copy of the annual report or of the latest audited financial statements, or if no audited financial statements are available, a copy of the financial statements stamped by the tax office or the financial director.
8. Instead of obtaining paper documents proving information required under this Annex, national administrators may use digital tools to retrieve the relevant information, provided that such tools are authorised under national law to provide that information.

## ▼ M3

*Table VIIa-I*  
**account details for maritime operator holding accounts**

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	Displayed on the public website?
1	IMO unique company and registered owner identification number of the shipping company	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Shipping company type	M	Choice <sup>(1)</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Shipping company name	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Shipping company country of registration <sup>(2)</sup>	M	Preset	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Shipping company address – country	M	Preset	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	Shipping company address – region or state	O	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	Shipping company address – city	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	Shipping company address – postcode	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	Shipping company address – line 1	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	Shipping company address – line 2	O	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	Shipping company telephone 1	M	Free	Yes	No	No
12	Shipping company telephone 2	M	Free	Yes	No	No
13	Shipping company email address	M	Free	Yes	No	No
14	Year of first emission	M	Free			Yes
15	Name and IMO unique company and registered owner identification number of the registered shipowner(s) for which the shipping company assumes responsibility for the ETS obligations (if applicable)	M where assigned	Free	Yes	Yes	No
16	Name and IMO unique company and registered owner identification number of the person(s) or organisation(s) other than the shipowner, which assumes the responsibilities imposed by the International Management Code for the Safe Operation of Ships and for Pollution Prevention (if applicable)	M where assigned	Free	Yes	Yes	No

<sup>(1)</sup> 'Registered owner' or 'ISM Company distinct from the registered owner'.

<sup>(2)</sup> As recorded under the IMO Unique Company and Registered Owner Identification Number Scheme.

▼ M3

**Table VIIa-II**  
**Details of the maritime operator holding account contact person**

	A	B	C	D	E	F
<b>Item No.</b>	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	Displayed on the public website?
1	Contact person within Member State first name	O	Free	Yes	No	No
2	Contact person within Member State last name	O	Free	Yes	No	No
3	Contact person business address – country	O	Preset	Yes	No	No
4	Contact person business address – region or state	O	Free	Yes	No	No
5	Contact person business address – city	O	Free	Yes	No	No
6	Contact person business address – postcode	O	Free	Yes	No	No
7	Contact person business address – line 1	O	Free	Yes	No	No
8	Contact person business address – line 2	O	Free	Yes	No	No
9	Contact person business telephone 1	O	Free	Yes	No	No
10	Contact person business telephone 2	O	Free	Yes	No	No
11	Contact person business email address	O	Free	Yes	No	No

▼ **M3***ANNEX VIIb***Information to be provided for opening a regulated entity holding account**

1. The information set out in Table III-I of Annex III.
2. Under the data provided in accordance with Table III-I of Annex III, the regulated entity shall be named the account holder. The name provided for the account holder shall be identical to the name of the natural or legal person that is the holder of the relevant greenhouse gas permit.
3. If the account holder is part of a group, it shall provide a document clearly identifying the structure of the group. If that document is a copy, it shall be certified as a true copy by a notary public or other similar person specified by the national administrator. If the certified copy is issued outside the Member State requesting a copy, the copy shall be legalised, except otherwise provided for by national law. The date of the certification or legalisation shall not be more than three months prior to the date of application for opening an account.
4. The information set out in Tables VIIb-I and VIIb-II of this Annex.
5. If a legal person requests to open an account, national administrators may ask for the submission of the following additional documents:
  - (a) a document proving the registration of the legal entity;
  - (b) bank account details;
  - (c) a confirmation of VAT registration;
  - (d) the name, date of birth and nationality of the legal entity's beneficial owner as defined in Article 3, point (6), of Directive (EU) 2015/849 including the type of ownership or control they are exercising;
  - (e) a copy of the instruments establishing the legal entity;
  - (f) a copy of the annual report or of the latest audited financial statements, or if no audited financial statements are available, a copy of the financial statements stamped by the tax office or the financial director.
6. Instead of obtaining paper documents proving information required under this Annex, national administrators may use digital tools to retrieve the relevant information, provided that such tools are authorised under national law to provide that information.

**Table VIIb-I**  
**account details for regulated entity holding accounts**

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	Displayed on the public website?
1	Permit ID	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Permit entry into force date	M	Free	Yes	—	Yes
3	Regulated entity name	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Regulated entity address – country	M	Preset	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	Regulated entity address – region or state	O	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes

## ▼ M3

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	Displayed on the public website?
7	Regulated entity address – city	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	Regulated entity address – postcode	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	Regulated entity address – line 1	M	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	Regulated entity address – line 2	O	Free	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	Regulated entity telephone 1	M	Free	Yes	No	No
12	Regulated entity telephone 2	M	Free	Yes	No	No
13	Regulated entity email address	M	Free	Yes	No	No
14	Year of first emission	M	Free			Yes

Table VIIIb-II

## Details of the regulated entity contact person

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	Displayed on the public website?
1	Contact person within Member State first name	O	Free	Yes	No	No
2	Contact person within Member State last name	O	Free	Yes	No	No
3	Contact person business address – country	O	Preset	Yes	No	No
4	Contact person business address – region or state	O	Free	Yes	No	No
5	Contact person business address – city	O	Free	Yes	No	No
6	Contact person business address – postcode	O	Free	Yes	No	No
7	Contact person business address – line 1	O	Free	Yes	No	No
8	Contact person business address – line 2	O	Free	Yes	No	No
9	Contact person business telephone 1	O	Free	Yes	No	No
10	Contact person business telephone 2	O	Free	Yes	No	No
11	Contact person business email address	O	Free	Yes	No	No



## ANNEX VIII

**Information concerning authorised representatives to be provided to the administrator of the account**

1. The information set out in Table VIII-I of Annex VIII.

**Table VIII-I: Authorised representative details**

	A	B	C	D	E	F
Item No.	Account detail item	Mandatory or Optional?	Type	Can be updated?	Update requires the approval of the administrator?	► <b>M2</b> Displayed on the public website? ◀
1	First name	M	Free	Yes	Yes	No
2	Last name	M	Free	Yes	Yes	No
3	Title	O	Free	Yes	No	No
4	Job title	O	Free	Yes	No	No
5	Employer name	O	Free	Yes	No	No
6	Department at the employer	O	Free	Yes	No	No
7	Country	M	Preset	No	n.a.	No
8	Region or state	O	Free	Yes	Yes	No
9	City	M	Free	Yes	Yes	No
10	Postcode	M	Free	Yes	Yes	No
11	Address – line 1	M	Free	Yes	Yes	No
12	Address – line 2	O	Free	Yes	Yes	No
13	Telephone 1	M	Free	Yes	No	No
14	Mobile phone	M	Free	Yes	Yes	No
15	Email address	M	Free	Yes	Yes	No
16	Date of birth	M	Free	No	n.a.	No
17	Place of birth – city	M	Free	No	n.a.	No
18	Place of birth – country	M	Free	No	n.a.	No
19	Type of document supporting identity	M	Choice	Yes	Yes	No
20	Identity document number	M	Free	Yes	Yes	No
21	Identity document expiry date	M Where assigned	Free	Yes	Yes	No
22	National registration number	O	Free	Yes	Yes	No
23	Preferred language	O	Choice	Yes	No	No
24	Rights as authorised representative	M	Multiple Choice	Yes	Yes	No

**▼B**

2. A duly signed statement from the account holder indicating that it wishes to nominate a particular person as authorised representative, confirming that the authorised representative has the right to initiate, to approve, to initiate and approve transactions on behalf of the account holder or ‘read only’ access (as set out in paragraphs 1 and 5 of Article 20 respectively).
3. Evidence to support the identity of the nominee, which may be a copy of one of the following:
  - (a) an identity card issued by a state that is a member of the European Economic Area or the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development;
  - (b) a passport;
  - (c) a document that is accepted as a personal identification document under the national law of the national administrator administering the account.
4. Evidence to support the address of the permanent residence of the nominee, which may be a copy of one of the following:
  - (a) the identity document submitted under point 3., if it contains the address of the permanent residence;
  - (b) any other government-issued identity document that contains the address of permanent residence;
  - (c) if the country of permanent residence does not issue identity documents that contain the address of permanent residence, a statement from the local authorities confirming the nominee's permanent residence;
  - (d) any other document that is customarily accepted in the Member State of the administrator of the account as evidence of the permanent residence of the nominee;
5. The criminal record, or any other document that is accepted by the administrator of the account as criminal record, of the nominee, except for authorised representatives of verifiers.

Instead of requesting the submission of a criminal record, the national administrator may request the competent authority for keeping criminal records to provide the relevant information electronically, in accordance with national law.

Documents submitted under this point may not be retained after the nomination of the account representative has been approved.
6. If a document is provided in original to the national administrator, it may make a copy of it and indicate its authenticity on the copy.
7. A copy of a document may be submitted as evidence under this Annex if it is certified as a true copy by a notary public or other similar person specified by the national administrator. Without prejudice to the rules set out in Regulation (EU) 2016/1191, regarding documents issued outside the Member State where the copy of the document is submitted, the copy shall be legalised, except otherwise provided for by national law. The date of the certification or legalisation shall not be more than three months prior to the date of application.
8. The administrator of the account may require that the documents submitted be accompanied with a certified translation into a language specified by the national administrator.
9. Instead of obtaining paper documents proving information required under this Annex, national administrators may use digital tools to retrieve the relevant information, provided that such tools are authorised under national law to provide that information.

**▼B***ANNEX IX***Formats for submitting annual emissions data**

1. Emissions data for operators shall contain the information set out in Table IX-I, having regard to the electronic format for submitting emissions data described in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75.

**Table IX-I: ►M3 Emission data for stationary installations ◀**

1	Installation ID:		
2	Reporting year		
<i>Greenhouse Gas Emissions</i>			
		<i>in tons</i>	<i>in tons of CO<sub>2</sub>eq</i>
3	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions		
4	N <sub>2</sub> O emissions		
5	PFC emissions		
6	Total emissions	—	Σ (C3 + C4 + C5)

**▼M3**

- 1a. Emissions data for shipping companies shall contain the information set out in Table IX-Ia, having regard to the electronic format for submitting emissions data described in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75.

**Table IX-Ia****Emissions data for shipping companies**

1	Shipping company ID:		
2	IMO unique company and registered owner identification number of the shipping company		
3	Reporting year		

*Greenhouse Gas Emissions*

*Greenhouse gas emissions subject to surrender requirements before application of the derogation under Article 12(3-e) of Directive 2003/87/EC <sup>(1)</sup>*

▼ **M3**

		in tons	in tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq
4	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions subject to surrender requirements before the application of the derogation under Article 12(3-e) of Directive 2003/87/EC (Corresponds to the amount of CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in Part C, point 5, of the Report at company level <sup>(2)</sup> )		
5	CH <sub>4</sub> emissions subject to surrender requirements before the application of the derogation under Article 12(3-e) of Directive 2003/87/EC <sup>(3)</sup> (Corresponds to the amount of CH <sub>4</sub> emissions in Part C, point 5, of the Report at company level)		
6	N <sub>2</sub> O emissions subject to surrender requirements before the application of the derogation under Article 12(3-e) of Directive 2003/87/EC <sup>(4)</sup> (Corresponds to the amount of N <sub>2</sub> O emissions in Part C, point 5, of the Report at company level)		
7	<b>Total greenhouse gas emissions</b> subject to surrender requirements before the application of the derogation under Article 12(3-e) of Directive 2003/87/EC (Corresponds to the amount of greenhouse gas emissions in Part C, point 5, of the Report at company level)	—	Σ (C4 + C5 + C6)

*Greenhouse gas emissions subject to surrender requirements, taking into account the derogations from Article 12(3) of Directive 2003/87/EC provided for in Articles 12(3-e) to 12(3-b) <sup>(5)</sup>*

		in tons	in tons of CO <sub>2</sub> eq
8	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions subject to surrender requirements (Corresponds to the amount of CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in Part C, point 6, of the Report at company level)		
9	CH <sub>4</sub> emissions subject to surrender requirements <sup>(6)</sup> (Corresponds to the amount of CH <sub>4</sub> emissions in Part C, point 6, of the Report at company level)		

▼ **M3**

10	N <sub>2</sub> O emissions subject to surrender requirements <sup>(?)</sup> (Corresponds to the amount of N <sub>2</sub> O emissions in Part C, point 6, of the Report at company level)		
11	<b>Total greenhouse gas emissions</b> subject to surrender requirements (Corresponds to the amount of greenhouse gas emissions in Part C, point 6, of the Report at company level)	—	Σ (C8 + C9 + C10)

- <sup>(1)</sup> This section (lines 4, 5 and 6) only applies to shipping companies that want to benefit from the derogation laid down in Article 12(3-e) of Directive 2003/87/EC. For the emissions released in 2024 and 2025 respectively, the emissions data to be provided in lines 4, 5 and 6 shall relate to the emissions data before the application of the derogation set out in Article 12(3-e) of Directive 2003/87/EC and before the application of Article 3gb of that Directive.
- <sup>(2)</sup> The 'Report at company level' refers to the report referred to in Article 11a of Regulation (EU) 2015/757. The template of the Report at company level is established in Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/2449 of 6 November 2023 laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) 2015/757 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards templates for monitoring plans, emissions reports, partial emissions reports, documents of compliance, and reports at company level, and repealing Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1927 (OJ L, 2023/2449, 7.11.2023). That template lays down the various sections referred to in Table IX-Ia of this Annex.
- <sup>(3)</sup> From reporting year 2026.
- <sup>(4)</sup> From reporting year 2026.
- <sup>(5)</sup> For the emissions released in 2024 and 2025 respectively, the emissions data to be provided in lines 8 to 11 shall relate to the emissions data after the application of the derogation laid down in Article 12(3-e) of Directive 2003/87/EC and before the application of Article 3gb of that Directive. The percentages referred to in Article 3gb of the Directive 2003/87/EC are calculated automatically.
- <sup>(6)</sup> From reporting year 2026.
- <sup>(7)</sup> From reporting year 2026.

▼ **B**

2. Emissions data for aircraft operators shall contain the information set out in Table IX-II, having regard to the electronic format for submitting emissions data described in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75.

Table IX-II: Emissions data for aircraft operators

1	Aircraft operator ID:	
2	Reporting year	
<i>Greenhouse Gas Emissions</i>		
		<i>in tons of CO<sub>2</sub></i>

**▼ B**

3	Domestic emissions (Relates to all flights which departed from an aerodrome situated in the territory of a Member State and arrived at an aerodrome situated in the territory of the same Member State)	
4	Non domestic emissions (Relates to all flights which departed from an aerodrome situated in the territory of a Member State and arrived at an aerodrome situated in the territory of another Member State)	
5	Total emissions	$\Sigma$ (C3 + C4)

**▼ M3**

3. Emissions data for regulated entities shall contain the information set out in Table IX-III, having regard to the electronic format for submitting emissions data described in the data exchange and technical specifications provided for in Article 75.

**Table IX-III**  
**Emissions data for regulated entities**

1	Regulated entity ID:	
2	Reporting year	
<i>Greenhouse Gas Emissions</i>		
		<i>in tons of CO<sub>2</sub></i>
3	Total domestic emissions (Relates to all fuels released for consumption in the territory of a Member State)	



## ANNEX X

## National allocation table

Row No		Quantity of general allowances allocated free of charge					
		Pursuant to Article 10a(7) of Directive 2003/87/EC	Pursuant to Article 10c of Directive 2003/87/EC (transferable)		Pursuant to another provision of Directive 2003/87/EC	Total	
1	Country code of Member State						Manual input
2	Installation ID						Manual input
3	Quantity to be allocated:						
4	in year X						Manual input
5	in year X + 1						Manual input
6	in year X + 2						Manual input
7	in year X + 3						Manual input
8	in year X + 4						Manual input
9	in year X + 5						Manual input
10	in year X + 6						Manual input
11	in year X + 7						Manual input
12	in year X + 8						Manual input
13	in year X + 9						Manual input

Rows No 2 to 13 shall be repeated for each installation.

▼B

## ANNEX XI

National aviation allocation table

Row No			Quantity of aviation allowances allocated free of charge			
			Pursuant to Article 3e of Directive 2003/87/EC	Pursuant to Article 3f of Directive 2003/87/EC	In Total	
1	Country code of Member State					Manual input
2		Aircraft operator ID				Manual input
3		Quantity to be allocated				
4		in year X				Manual input
5		in year X + 1				Manual input
6		in year X + 2				Manual input
7		in year X + 3				Manual input
8		in year X + 4				Manual input
9		in year X + 5				Manual input
10		in year X + 6				Manual input
11		in year X + 7				Manual input
12		in year X + 8				Manual input
13		in year X + 9				Manual input

Rows No 2 to 13 shall be repeated for each aircraft operator.

▼B

## ANNEX XII

## Auction table

Row No	Information on the auction platform				
1	Identification code of the auction platform				
2	Identity of the auction monitor				
3	The Auction Collateral Delivery Account number				
4	Information on individual auctions of (general allowances/aviation allowances)				
5	Individual volume of the auction	Date and time of delivery to the Auction Collateral Delivery Account	Identity of the auctioneer(s) connected to each auction	Volume for the respective auctioneer(s) in the individual volume of the auction, including, where applicable, the respective volume of allowances under Article 10a(8) of Directive 2003/87/EC	Manual input
6					Manual input
7					Manual input
8					Manual input
9					Manual input
10					Manual input
11					Manual input
12					Manual input
13					Manual input
14					Manual input
15					Manual input
16					Manual input
17					Manual input
18					Manual input
19					Manual input

**▼ B***ANNEX XIII***Reporting requirements of the central administrator****I. Union Registry information related to the EU ETS****Information available to the public**

1. ► **M2** The Union Registry shall display on the public website the following information for each account: ◀

**▼ M3**

- (a) all information indicated as to be ‘displayed on the public website’ in Table III-I of Annex III, Table VI-I of Annex VI, Table VII-I of Annex VII, Tables VIIa-I and VIIa-II of Annex VIIa and Tables VIIb-I and VIIb-II of Annex VIIb;

**▼ B**

- (b) allowances allocated to individual account holders pursuant to Articles 48 and 50;
- (c) the status of the account in accordance with Article 9(1);
- (d) the year of first emissions and the year of last emissions;
- (e) the number of allowances surrendered in accordance with Article 6;
- (f) the verified emissions figure, along with its corrections for the installation related to the operator holding account for year X shall be displayed from ► **M3** 1 September ◀ onwards of year (X+1);

**▼ M3**

- (g) a symbol and a statement indicating whether the installation, aircraft operator or shipping company related to the operator accounts surrendered a number of allowances by 30 September that is at least equal to all its emissions in all past years;
- (h) a symbol and a statement indicating whether the regulated entity related to the regulated entity holding account surrendered a number of allowances by 31 May that is at least equal to all its emissions in all past years.

**▼ B**

The information referred to in points (a) to (d) shall be updated every 24 hours.

**▼ M3**

For the purposes of point (g), the symbols and the statements to be displayed are set out in Table XIV-I. The symbol shall be updated on 1 October and, except for the addition of a \* in cases described under row 5 of Table XIV-I, it shall not change until 1 October of the subsequent year, unless the account is closed before.

For the purposes of point (h), the symbols and the statements set out in Table XIV-I shall apply *mutatis mutandis*. The symbol shall be updated on 1 June and, except for the addition of a \* in cases described under row 5 of Table XIV-I, it shall not change until 1 June of the subsequent year, unless the account is closed before.

▼ M3

**Table XIV-I:**  
**Compliance statements**

Row No.	Compliance status figure according to Article 33	Verified emissions are recorded for last complete year?	Symbol	Statement
			to be displayed on the public website	
1	0 or any positive number	Yes	A	‘For installations, aircraft operators, maritime operators, the number of allowances surrendered by 30 September is greater than or equal to verified emissions. For regulated entities, the number of allowances surrendered by 31 May is greater than or equal to verified emissions.’
2	any negative number	Yes	B	‘For installations, aircraft operators, maritime operators, the number of allowances surrendered by 30 September is lower than verified emissions. For regulated entities, the number of allowances surrendered by 31 May is lower than verified emissions.’
3	any number	No	C	‘Verified emissions for preceding year were not entered until 30 September for installations, aircraft operators, maritime operators. Verified emissions for preceding year were not entered until 31 May for regulated entities.’
4	any number	No (because the allowance surrender process and/or verified emissions update process being suspended for the Member State’s registry)	X	‘For installations, aircraft operators, maritime operators entering verified emissions and/or surrendering was impossible until 30 September or 31 May for regulated entities due to the allowance surrender process and/or verified emissions update process being suspended for the Member State’s registry.’
5	any number	Yes or No (but subsequently updated by the competent authority)	* [added to the initial symbol]	‘Verified emissions were estimated or corrected by the competent authority.’

▼ B

2. ► M2 The Union Registry shall display on the public website the following general information, and shall update it every 24 hours: ◀
- the national allocation table of each Member State, including indications of any changes made to the table in accordance with Article 47;
  - the national aviation allocation table of each Member State, including indications of any changes made to the table in accordance with Article 49;

**▼B**

- (c) the total number of allowances held in the Union Registry in all user accounts on the previous day;
  - (d) the fees charged by national administrators in accordance with Article 81.
3. ►**M2** The Union Registry shall display on its public website the following general information, on ►**M3** 30 September ◀ of each year: ◀
- (a) the sum of verified emissions by Member State entered for the preceding calendar year as a percentage of the sum of verified emissions of the year before that year;
  - (b) the percentage share belonging to accounts administered by a particular Member State in the number and volume of all allowance and Kyoto unit transfer transactions in the preceding calendar year;
  - (c) the percentage share belonging to accounts administered by a particular Member State in the number and volume of all allowance and Kyoto unit transfer transactions in the preceding calendar year between accounts administered by different Member States.
4. ►**M2** The Union Registry shall display on the public website the following information about each completed transaction recorded by the Union Registry by ►**M3** 30 September ◀ of a given year on ►**M3** 1 October ◀ three years later: ◀
- (a) account holder name and Account identifier of the transferring account;
  - (b) account holder name and Account identifier of the acquiring account;
  - (c) the amount of allowances or Kyoto units involved in the transaction, including the country code, but without unique unit identification code of the allowances and the unique numeric value of the unit serial number of the Kyoto units;
  - (d) transaction identification code;
  - (e) date and time at which the transaction was completed (in Central European Time);
  - (f) type of the transaction.

The first paragraph shall not apply to transactions, where both the transferring and acquiring account was an ETS management account as indicated in Table I-I of Annex I.

5. ►**M2** On ►**M3** 1 October ◀ each year, the following information shall be published on agreements which are in force pursuant to Article 25 of Directive 2003/87/EC recorded by the Union Registry by ►**M3** 30 September ◀: ◀
- (a) holdings of allowances issued in the linked emissions trading system on all accounts in the Union Registry;
  - (b) number of allowances issued in the linked emissions trading system used for compliance in the EU ETS;

**▼ B**

- (c) sum of allowances issued in the linked emissions trading system that were transferred to accounts in the Union Registry in the preceding calendar year;
- (d) sum of allowances that were transferred to accounts in the linked emissions trading system in the preceding calendar year.

**Information available to account holders**

6. The Union Registry shall display on the part of the Union Registry's website only accessible to the account holder the following information, and shall update it in real time:

- (a) current holdings of allowances and Kyoto units, including the country code, and, as appropriate, the indication showing in which ten-year period the allowances were created, but without the unique unit identification code of the allowances and the unique numeric value of the unit serial number of the Kyoto units;
- (b) list of proposed transactions initiated by that account holder, detailing for each proposed transaction
  - (i) the elements listed in point 4 of this Annex;
  - (ii) the account number and the name of the account holder of the acquiring account
  - (iii) the date and time at which the transaction was proposed (in Central European Time);
  - (iv) the current status of that proposed transaction;
  - (v) any response codes returned consequent to the checks made by the Registry ► **M2** ————— ◀.
- (c) a list of allowances or Kyoto units transferred or acquired by that account as a result of completed transactions, detailing for each transaction
  - (i) the elements listed in point 4;
  - (ii) the account number and the name of the account holder of the transferring and the acquiring account.

**▼ M3**

6a. For the purposes of applying points 3 and 4 of this Annex to the emissions, regulated entities and allowances falling within the scope of Chapter IVa of Directive 2003/87/EC, any reference to 30 September and 1 October, respectively, according to Article 30e Directive 2003/87/EC, shall be read as a reference to 31 May and 1 June, respectively.

**▼ M1****II. Information related to accounting of transactions under Title IIA****Information available to the public**

7. The central administrator shall make publicly available the following information for each ESR compliance account and update it within 24 hours when relevant:

- (a) information on the Member State holding the account;

**▼ M1**

- (b) Annual Emission Allocations as determined pursuant to Article 4(3) and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2018/842;
- (c) the status of each ESR Compliance Account in accordance with Article 10;
- (d) the relevant greenhouse gas emissions data pursuant to Article 59d;
- (e) the compliance status figure pursuant to Article 59f for each ESR Compliance Account as follows:
  - (i) A for compliance;
  - (ii) I for non-compliance;
- (f) the quantity of greenhouse gas emissions introduced pursuant to Article 59g;
- (g) the following information about each completed transaction:
  - (i) account holder name and account holder ID of the transferring account;
  - (ii) account holder name and account holder ID of the acquiring account;
  - (iii) the amount of AEAs involved in the transaction, without unique unit identification code of the AEA;
  - (iv) transaction identification code;
  - (v) date and time at which the transaction was completed (in Central European Time);
  - (vi) type of the transaction.

**Information available to account holders**

8. The Union Registry shall display on the part of the Union Registry's website only accessible to the holder of the ESR compliance account the following information, and shall update it in real time:
- (a) current holdings of AEAs, without the unique unit identification code of the AEAs;
  - (b) list of proposed transactions initiated by that account holder, detailing for each proposed transaction:
    - (i) the elements in point 7(g);
    - (ii) the date and time at which the transaction was proposed (in central European time);
    - (iii) the current status of that proposed transaction;
    - (iv) any response codes returned consequent to the checks made by the registry ► **M2** ————— ◀.
  - (c) a list of AEAs acquired by that account as a result of completed transactions, detailing for each transaction the elements in point 7(g);
  - (d) a list of AEAs transferred out of that account as a result of completed transactions, detailing for each transaction the elements in point 7(g).

▼ M2

## ANNEX XIV

Template for a request for data stored in the Union Registry under Article 80(3) of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/1122 <sup>(1)</sup>

Request to the [*specify if the request is submitted to the central or national administrator*] of the Union Registry pursuant to Article 80(3) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/1122

1.	Entity submitting the request:	
2.	Date of the request:	
3.	Purposes for the request from the exhaustive list laid down in Article 80(4) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/1122	
4.	Description of the legal or administrative context in which the data will be used:	
5.	Precise description of the data requested, including the time period for which the data is requested:	
6.	Contact point for any queries in relation to the request:	

As required by Articles 80(4) and 80(5) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/1122, we commit to use the confidential information received pursuant to this request only for the purpose for which such information was provided and to not make the data received available deliberately or accidentally to persons not involved in the intended purpose of the data use.

[Name and signature]

<sup>(1)</sup> Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/1122 of 12 March 2019 supplementing Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the functioning of the Union Registry (OJ L 177, 2.7.2019, p. 3).