

## COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2062/92

of 30 June 1992

fixing, for the 1992 harvest, the norm and intervention prices and the premiums granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco, the derived intervention prices for baled tobacco, the reference qualities, and the production areas

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 of 21 April 1970 on the common organization of the market in raw tobacco <sup>(1)</sup>, and in particular Article 2 (5), Article 4 (4) and (5) and Article 6 (8) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission <sup>(2)</sup>,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament <sup>(3)</sup>,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee <sup>(4)</sup>,

Whereas the Commission has proposed a reform of the common organizations of the market in raw tobacco which will apply from the 1993 harvest; whereas, therefore, the provisions applicable to the previous harvest should be maintained for the 1992 harvest, subject to amendments indispensable for the transition to the new system; whereas, with this in mind, it will not be necessary to fix the maximum guaranteed quantity for each variety or group of varieties as provided for in the first subparagraph of Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 for the 1993 harvest;

Whereas, when the prices for raw tobacco are fixed, account should be taken of the objectives of the common agricultural policy; whereas the objectives of the common agricultural policy are, in particular, to ensure a fair standard of living for the agricultural community, to assure the availability of supplies and to ensure that supplies reach consumers at reasonable prices;

Whereas the norm and intervention prices for leaf tobacco must be fixed in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70 in order, in particular, to encourage producers to convert to the cultivation of those varieties which are most in demand and most competitive as well as being the least harmful to health;

Whereas it is again desirable to fix, in respect of the 1992 harvest, derived intervention prices both for the varieties which, before the common organization of the market came into force or, in the case of varieties grown in Greece, Spain and Portugal, prior to accession, qualified for a price guarantee at the baled-tobacco stage and for the varieties which are grown mainly in Germany, in order to take account of the marketing practices in that country;

Whereas, when the provisions on prices, premiums and production quantity-control arrangements are applied, account should be taken of the differences in quality depending on the characteristics of the soil and the climate; whereas those conditions are met for the varieties Badischer Burley and Paraguay; whereas prices, premiums and maximum guaranteed quantities should consequently be fixed for specific production areas for these varieties;

Whereas the premium granted to purchasers of Community tobacco is intended to enable them to pay producers of leaf tobacco a price which is at the level of the norm price, account being taken of the trend in world market prices, and the level of prices established by the interaction of supply and demand on the Community market;

Whereas the premium is identical for all tobaccos of the variety in question, regardless of the quality of the tobacco delivered; whereas, however, this would encourage the production of low-quality tobacco; whereas, therefore, the premium for quantities of low-quality tobacco purchased by a processor in excess of a percentage corresponding to the normal quantity of low-quality tobacco relative to the total harvested quantity should be reduced;

Whereas the abovementioned prices and the amount of the premium must be fixed for each variety produced in recognized production areas and for a reference quality defined in such a way that as objective an assessment as possible can be made of the quality of the tobacco;

Whereas, for the 1992 harvest, the recognized production areas for each variety of tobacco should be specified and the definitions of the reference qualities should be those laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 1738/91 <sup>(5)</sup>,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

For the 1992 harvest, the reference qualities and recognized production areas for each of the varieties of

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 94, 28. 4. 1970, p. 1. Last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 860/92 (OJ No L 91, 7. 4. 1992, p. 1).

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No C 119, 11. 5. 1992, p. 71.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No C 150, 15. 6. 1992.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No C 169, 6. 7. 1992.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 163, 26. 6. 1991, p. 13.

Community-produced leaf tobacco referred to in Article 2 (3) (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, shall be as set out respectively in Annexes I and III to this Regulation.

#### *Article 2*

For the 1992 harvest, the reference qualities and recognized production areas referred to in Article 6 (3) (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, for each of the varieties of Community-produced baled tobacco in respect of which a derived intervention price is fixed, shall be as set out respectively in Annexes II and III to this Regulation.

#### *Article 3*

1. For the 1992 harvest, the norm and intervention prices and the amounts of the premium granted to purchasers of leaf tobacco, referred to in Articles 2 and 3 of Regulation (EEC)

No 727/70, and the derived intervention prices for baled tobacco referred to in Article 6 of the said Regulation, shall be as set out in Annex IV to this Regulation.

2. Without prejudice to Article 7a of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70, the prices and premiums shall apply only provided that each of the varieties was grown in the corresponding production areas as set out in Annex III to this Regulation.

3. Where the quantity of tobacco of low class, category or quality purchased by a processor exceeds, relative to his total purchases of the variety in question, the percentage indicated in Annex IV, the premium shall be reduced by 30% in respect of the quantity in excess of the percentage in question.

#### *Article 4*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 30 June 1992.

*For the Council*  
*The President*  
Arlindo MARQUES CUNHA

## ANNEX I

## Leaf tobacco: varieties and their reference qualities for the 1992 harvest

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
1	Badischer Geudertheimer, Pereg, Korso	<p>Class 1 Hauptgut (top-quality leaf)</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, dark brown to mottled brown, of uniform length</p> <p>Packaging: tobacco graded, tied in hands, in temporary bales or in other packaging, with or without non-tobacco material</p> <p>Moisture: 26 %</p>
2	Badischer Burley E and hybrids thereof	<p>Class 1 Hauptgut (top-quality leaf)</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, fleshy, reddish brown to light brown, of uniform length</p> <p>Packaging: tobacco graded, tied in hands, in temporary bales or in other packaging, with or without non-tobacco material</p> <p>Moisture: 25 %</p>
3	Virgin D and hybrids thereof	<p>Class 1 Leaf</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, yellow to reddish yellow; variations in colour such as brownish to greenish yellow are allowed up to a third of the leaf's surface</p> <p>Packaging: tobacco graded, tied in hands, in temporary bales or in other packaging, with or without non-tobacco material</p> <p>Moisture: 19 %</p>
4	(a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof (b) Dragon vert and hybrids thereof, Philippin, Petit Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appelterre	<p>Class 2 Middle leaf</p> <p>Class 2: leaf sound, with minor defects as regards colour, texture, or ripeness but with satisfactory combustibility</p> <p>Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf)</p> <p>Moisture: 27 %</p>
5	Nijkerk	<p>Class 2 Tips</p> <p>Class 2: — either leaf of second length (not exceeding 45 cm) with very gummy texture, fleshy, still undamaged; strong and elastic, without prominent veins, well ripened producing a lively brown to dark brown colour</p> <p>— or leaf of first length (exceeding 45 cm) with a texture still gummy, fleshy and still undamaged; strong, with relatively prominent veins, of all colours except bottle green</p> <p>Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf)</p> <p>Moisture: 27 %</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
6	(a) Misionero and hybrids thereof (b) Rio Grande and hybrids thereof	<p>2nd quality leaf</p> <p>2nd quality: leaf fully developed over 45 cm, not coarse grained, lively to fairly lively light, somewhat yellowish colour, reasonably firm and undamaged; reasonably good combustibility</p> <p>Packaging: tobacco graded and tied in hands or straight laid (loose leaf)</p> <p>Moisture: 27%</p>
7	Bright	<p>Leaf in category A</p> <p>Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of various shades of yellow</p> <p>Packaging: in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 16%</p>
8	Burley I	<p>Leaf in category A</p> <p>Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, of open possibly firm texture, stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a more or less lively nut-brown colour</p> <p>Packaging: in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg or tied in hands of 25 to 30 leaves with non-tobacco material (fascicoli)</p> <p>Moisture: 19%</p>
9	Maryland	<p>Leaf in category A</p> <p>Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, with slight curing defects and only slightly mottled, of average texture with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a rather lively reddish brown colour</p> <p>Packaging: in temporary bales of 30 to 40 kg or tied in hands of 25 to 30 leaves with non-tobacco material (fascicoli)</p> <p>Moisture: 19%</p>
10	(a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof (b) Moro di Cori (c) Salento	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf fully ripe, of firm texture, without curing and condition defects, brown in colour, with some damage, with good combustibility</p> <p>Packaging: in hands of 25 to 30 leaves tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli)</p> <p>Moisture: 23%</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
11	(a) Forchheimer Havana II c (b) Nostrano del Brenta (c) Resistente 142 (d) Gojano (e) Hybrids of Badischer Geudertheimer	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf of firm or light texture, sound, without any curing defects, brown to greenish in colour, with some damage, leaf ripe, sound, brown to mottled brown (hybrids of Badischer Geudertheimer)</p> <p>Packaging: tobacco graded, tied in hands or in temporary bales with non-tobacco material</p> <p>Moisture: 26 %</p>
12	(a) Beneventano (b) Brasile Selvaggio and similar varieties	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf sufficiently ripe, firm texture or possibly coarse or thin, with minor defects as regards curing and fermentation and damage</p> <p>Packaging: in hands of 25 to 30 leaves tied with non-tobacco material (fascicoli)</p> <p>Moisture: 24 %</p>
13	Xanti-Yakà	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile, of oval or elliptical shape, stems (midribs) not too prominent and well-spaced veins, with some curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk, with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility</p> <p>The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 20 cm</p> <p>Packaging: in temporary bales of 15 to 20 kg or 'stringed' in cases of 30 to 40 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 17 %</p>
14	(a) Perustitza (b) Samsun	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile (Perustitza) or with leaf stalks (Samsun), of elliptical-lanceolate shape with fine points (Perustitza) or elliptical and rounded (Samsun), without prominent stems (midribs) and with veins at a rather acute angle, with slight curing defects, generally of light texture, in colour from yellow to brown (Perustitza), or reddish (Samsun), with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk, with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility</p> <p>The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 25 cm</p> <p>Packaging: in temporary bales of 15 to 20 kg or 'stringed' in cases of 30 to 40 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 17 %</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
15	Erzegovina and similar varieties	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile, of oval or elliptical shape, with fairly prominent stems (midribs) and fairly open veins, with some curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk, with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility</p> <p>The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 35 cm</p> <p>Packaging: in temporary bales of 15 to 20 kg or 'stringed' in cases of 30 to 40 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 17%</p>
16	(a) Round Tip (b) Scafati (c) Sumatra I	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: lower middle leaf, sorted by length in the following proportions:</p> <p>first length (38 cm and over): 60 %</p> <p>second length (from 32 to under 38 cm): 35 %</p> <p>third length (from 25 to under 32 cm): 5 %</p> <p>Leaf of convenient size, fully ripe and of uniform colour, sound, without damage, fine texture, tensile and elastic, stems and veins not prominent, well fermented and in good condition, good combustibility, of typical flavour and aroma, suitable for wrapping cigars, including about 25 % broken leaf</p> <p>Packaging: in hands tied with a non-tobacco material (fascicoli)</p> <p>Moisture: 22 %</p>
17	Basma	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 15 cm long, colour golden-yellow, orange to yellow-red, with good elasticity, shiny, fairly bodied, porous structure and fine texture, with strong, typical aroma, good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 45 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe showing slight damage and/or curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 20 cm long, colour light yellow, yellow-green, reddish or light brown, with fairly porous structure and fine texture, medium elasticity, moderately shiny and bodied, with strong, typical aroma, very good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: growers' bales of 15 to 25 kg, formed in the traditional way from two rows of pastals (leaves straight laid). In the districts of Astakos and Chrysoupolis packing is in 'armathodema'</p> <p>Moisture: 17%</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
18	Katerini and similar varieties	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 20 cm long, colour light yellow or orange to reddish, of porous structure, good elasticity, shiny, fairly bodied, fine texture and very good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as above constitutes 45 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe with slight damage and/or curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 25 cm long, colour yellow, orange, yellow-green, reddish or light brown, of porous structure, moderately bodied, medium elasticity and shiny, fine texture and very good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: strings are usually bulked using the 'Baski' system before packing. Packing is in bales of 25 to 35 kg using traditional 'Kaloup' system</p> <p>Moisture: 16 %</p>
19	(a) Kaba-Koulak classic (b) Elassona	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except top leaves, up to 25 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and to 20 cm long for Elassona, Karatzova and Kontoula, of moderate to deep yellow colour, good elasticity, shiny, of porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe, with some slight damage and/or curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 30 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and 25 cm long for Elassona, Karatzova and Kontoula, colour yellow, yellow-green, reddish, of fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, medium elasticity and moderately shiny, excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 53 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: growers' bales of 15 to 30 kg, made up in the traditional form of two rows of 'armathodema'</p> <p>Moisture: 17 %</p>
20	(a) Kaba-Koulak non-classic (b) Myrodata Smyrnis, Trapezous, Phi 1	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the top leaves, up to 30 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and Trapezous, 20 cm long for Phi 1 and 15 cm long for Myrodata Smyrnis, of light yellow to reddish colour, good elasticity, shiny, fairly porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 35 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and Trapezous, 25 cm long for Phi 1 and 20 cm long for Myrodata Smyrnis, of yellow,</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
20 (cont'd)	(a) Kaba-Koulak non-classic (b) Myrodata Smyrnis, Trapezous, Phi 1	<p>yellow-green or light brown colour, of fairly porous structure, fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, very good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 53 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: growers' bales of 25 to 35 kg, made up using the traditional 'armathodema' system or of 35 to 50 kg using the 'Kaloup' system</p> <p>Moisture: 17%</p>
21	Myrodata Agrinion	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, without curing defects, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 25 cm long, of yellow to deep orange colour, of good elasticity, shiny, porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 30 cm long, of yellow, yellow-green or light reddish colour, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 53 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: growers' bales of 15 to 30 kg made up in the traditional way in two rows of 'armathodema'</p> <p>Moisture: 15%</p>
22	Zichnomyrodata	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, without curing defects, from all positions on the plant except top leaves, up to 20 cm long, light yellow to light orange colour, good elasticity, shiny, porous structure, fine texture; excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 25 cm long, colour yellow, yellow-green or light reddish, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 53 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: growers' bales of 15 to 30 kg made up in the traditional way in two rows of 'armathodema'</p> <p>Moisture: 17%</p>
23	Tsebelia	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, without curing defects, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 35 cm long, colour yellow-red, orange to reddish, of porous structure, good elasticity and shiny, fairly bodied, fine texture and very good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 45 % of quality I/III</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
23 (cont'd)	Tsebelia	<p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with minor curing defects, from all positions on the plant, up to 40 cm long, colour light yellow, yellow-green, reddish or light brown, fairly porous structure, fairly elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, fairly fine texture, very good combustibility; includes leaves with slight disease blemishes and/or minor damage</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: growers' bales of 30 to 40 kg, made up in two rows of 'armathodema'</p> <p>Moisture: 14%</p>
24	Mavra	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, without curing defects, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 30 cm long, colour yellow-reddish or orange to reddish, with porous structure, fine texture, good elasticity and shiny, fairly bodied, good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 45 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, showing minor curing defects, from all positions on the plant, up to 40 cm long, colour yellowish, yellow-green (lemon), reddish or light brown, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, of good combustibility; includes also leaves with slight disease blemishes and/or minor damage</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: growers' bales of 30 to 50 kg, made up in two rows of 'armathodema'</p> <p>Moisture: 14%</p>
25	Burley EL	<p>Quality A leaves</p> <p>Quality A: leaf fully ripe, fully developed, undamaged, sound, without curing defects, from the middle stalk position, of uniform medium nut-brown to nut-red colour, porous structure, fine texture, excellent combustibility</p> <p>Packaging: growers' bales of 50 to 70 kg, made up in two rows of 'armathodema', no strings (leaves loose)</p> <p>Moisture: 22%</p>
26	Virginia EL	<p>Quality A leaves</p> <p>Quality A: leaf fully ripe, fully developed, sound, undamaged, without curing defects, of uniform lemon yellow to medium orange colour, well bodied, fine texture and good combustibility, mainly from the middle stalk position</p> <p>Packaging: growers' bales of 30 to 40 kg, made up in two rows of 'armathodema', no strings (leaves loose)</p> <p>Moisture: 19%</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
27	Santa Fé	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without curing defects, with stems (midribs) completely dried, brown in colour, with some damage</p> <p>Packaging: tobacco graded in uniform temporary bales</p> <p>Moisture: 18 %</p>
28	Fermented Burley	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without curing defects, with stems (midribs) completely dried, with good combustibility, nut-brown to cinnamon in colour, with some damage</p> <p>Packaging: tobacco graded in uniform temporary bales</p> <p>Moisture: 18 %</p>
29	Havana E	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, fine texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, without curing defects, with stems (midribs) completely dried brown, light brown or greenish in colour, with some damage</p> <p>Packaging: tobacco graded in uniform temporary bales</p> <p>Moisture: 18 %</p>
30	Round Scafati	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: leaf of reasonable size, well ripened, of uniform colour, sound, undamaged, fine texture, strong and elastic, with fine stems (midribs) and veins, in good condition, with good combustibility, with typical flavour and aroma, suitable for wrapping cigars; about 25 % broken leaf acceptable</p> <p>Packaging: in uniform temporary bales containing hands tied with non-tobacco material</p> <p>Moisture: 18 %</p>
31	Virginia E	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, sound, lemon yellow or orange in colour</p> <p>Packaging: in uniform temporary bales of 33 to 45 kg not tied in hands and with the leaves separated according to their position on the stalk</p> <p>Moisture: 16 %</p>
32	Burley E	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, sound, of various shades of cinnamon colour</p> <p>Packaging: in uniform temporary bales of 33 to 45 kg not tied in hands and with the leaves separated according to their position on the stalk</p> <p>Moisture: 18 %</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
33	Virginia P	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, open and elastic texture, oily, lemon yellow to orange in colour, shiny, length exceeding 40 cm, leaves from the first and last positions on the stalk not included</p> <p>Packaging: in temporary bales of 45 kg with the leaves arranged in order</p> <p>Moisture: 17%</p>
34	Burley P	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, open and elastic texture, bright colour, length exceeding 40 cm, leaves from the first and last positions on the stalk not included</p> <p>Packaging: in temporary bales of 35 kg with the leaves arranged in order</p> <p>Moisture: 22%</p>

## ANNEX II

## Baled tobacco: varieties and their reference qualities for the 1992 harvest

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
1	Badischer Geudertheimer, Pereg, Korso	<p>Class 1 Hauptgut (top-quality leaf)</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, dark brown to mottled brown, of uniform length, fermented normally</p> <p>Packaging: in bales, cases or cartons of approximately 75 to 220 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 16%</p>
2	Badischer Burley E and hybrids thereof	<p>Class 1 Hauptgut (top-quality leaf)</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, fleshy light brown to reddish or dark brown, of uniform length, fermented normally</p> <p>Packaging: in bales or cases of approximately 75 to 220 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 15%</p>
3	Virgin D and hybrids thereof	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: leaf ripe, sound, without blemish, yellow to reddish or brownish yellow, fermented normally</p> <p>Packaging: in bales, cases or cartons of approximately 75 to 220 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13%</p>
7	Bright	<p>Leaf in category A</p> <p>Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of various shades of yellow</p> <p>Packaging: in barrels of approximately 280 to 450 kg or cartons of approximately 150 to 210 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13%</p>
8	Burley I	<p>Leaf in category A</p> <p>Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, without curing defects, of open possibly firm texture, stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a more or less lively nut-brown colour</p> <p>Packaging: in barrels of approximately 280 to 450 kg or cartons of approximately 150 to 210 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13%</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
9	Maryland	<p>Leaf in category A</p> <p>Category A: leaf sufficiently ripe, with slight curing defects and only slightly mottled, of average texture, stems (midribs) and veins not too prominent, sound, of a rather lively reddish brown colour</p> <p>Packaging: in barrels of approximately 280 to 450 kg or cartons of approximately 150 to 210 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13%</p>
10	(a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof (b) Moro di Cori (c) Salento	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf fully ripe, of firm texture, without curing and condition defects, brown in colour, with some damage, of good combustibility</p> <p>Packaging: in barrels of approximately 280 to 450 kg, bales of approximately 170 to 200 kg or cartons of 150 to 200 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 16%</p>
11	(a) Forchheimer Havana II c (b) Nostrano del Brenta (c) Resistente 142 (d) Gojano (e) Hybrids of Badischer Geudertheimer	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf in firm or light texture, sound, without any curing defects, brown to greenish in colour, with some damage; leaf ripe, sound, dark brown to mottled brown, normally fermented (hybrids of Badischer Geudertheimer)</p> <p>Packaging: in bales, cases or cartons of approximately 75 to 200 kg or in barrels of approximately 225 to 450 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 16%</p>
12	(a) Beneventano (b) Brasile Selvaggio and similar varieties	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf sufficiently ripe, firm texture or possibly coarse or thin, with minor defects as regards curing and fermentation and damage</p> <p>Packaging: in bales of approximately 120 kg or barrels of approximately 330 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 16%</p>
13	Xanti-Yakà	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile, of oval or elliptical shape, stems (midribs) not too prominent and well-spaced veins, with some curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk, with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility</p> <p>The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 20 cm</p> <p>Packaging: in small bales of approximately 18 to 50 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13%</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
14	(a) Perustitza (b) Samsun	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile (Perustitza) or with leaf, stalks (Samsun) of elliptical lanceolate shape with fine points (Perustitza) or elliptical and rounded (Samsun) without prominent stems (midribs) and with veins at a rather acute angle, with slight curing defects, generally of light texture, in colour from yellow to brown (Perustitza) or reddish (Samsun), with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility</p> <p>The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 25 cm</p> <p>Packaging: in small bales of approximately 18 to 50 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>
15	Erzegovina and similar varieties	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: leaf reasonably sound and ripe, sessile, of oval or elliptical shape, with fairly prominent stems (midribs) and fairly open veins, with some curing defects, mainly of light texture, from yellow to brown in colour, with marked damage but in good condition, taken from all positions on the stalk, with discreet flavour, sufficient aroma and good combustibility</p> <p>The length of the middle leaves not to exceed 35 cm</p> <p>Packaging: in small bales of approximately 18 to 50 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>
16	(a) Round Tip (b) Scafati (c) Sumatra I	<p>Leaf in category B</p> <p>Category B: lower middle leaf, sorted by length in the following proportions:</p> <p>first length (38 cm and over): 60 %</p> <p>second length (from 32 to under 38 cm): 35 %</p> <p>third length (from 25 to under 32 cm): 5 %</p> <p>leaf of convenient size, fully ripe and of uniform colour, sound, without damage, fine texture, tensile and elastic, stems and veins not prominent, well fermented and in good condition, good combustibility, of typical flavour and aroma, suitable for wrapping cigars, including about 25 % broken leaf</p> <p>Packaging: in bales of approximately 70 to 90 kg or cartons of approximately 180 to 210 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 16 %</p>
17	Basmas	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 15 cm long, colour golden-yellow, orange to yellow-red, with good elasticity and shiny, fairly bodied, porous structure and fine texture, with strong, typical aroma, good combustibility</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
17 (cont'd)	Basmas	<p>Leaf as described above (I/II) constitutes 45 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects and slight disease blemishes, up to 20 cm long, colour light yellow, reddish or light brown, with fairly porous structure and fine texture, medium elasticity, moderately shiny and bodied, with strong, typical aroma, very good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above (III) constitutes 55 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: bales (tongas) of approximately 30 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>
18	Katerini and similar varieties	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 20 cm long, colour light yellow or orange to reddish, of porous structure, good elasticity, shiny, fairly bodied, fine texture and very good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above (I/II) constitutes 45 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe with slight damage and curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 25 cm long, colour yellow, orange, yellow-green, reddish or light brown, of porous structure, medium elasticity and shiny, fairly bodied, fine texture and very good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: bales (tongas) of approximately 30 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>
19	(a) Kaba-Koulak classic (b) Ellassona	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except top leaves, up to 25 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and to 20 cm long for Ellassona, Karatzova and Kontoula, of moderate to deep yellow colour, good elasticity, shiny, of porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe with some slight damage and/or curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 30 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and 25 cm long for Ellassona, Karatzova and Kontoula, of yellow to reddish colour, of fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, medium elasticity, shiny, excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 53 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: bales (tongas) of approximately 30 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
20	(a) Kaba-Koulak non-classic (b) Myrodata Smyrnis, Trapezous, Phi 1	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except top leaves, up to 30 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and Trapezous, 20 cm long for Phi 1 and 15 cm long for Myrodata Smyrnis, of light yellow to reddish colour, good elasticity, shiny, fairly porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above (I/II) constitutes 47 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 35 cm long for Macedonia Kaba-Koulak and Trapezous, 25 cm long for Phi 1, and 20 cm long for Myrodata Smyrnis, of yellow to light brown colour, fairly porous structure, fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, very good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above (III) constitutes 53 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: bales (tongas) of approximately 30 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>
21	Myrodata Agrinion	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 25 cm long, of yellow to deep orange colour, of good elasticity, shiny, porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above (I/II) constitutes 47 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 30 cm long, of yellow to light reddish colour, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above (III) constitutes 53 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: bales (tongas) of approximately 30 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 14 %</p>
22	Zichnomyrodata	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except top leaves, up to 20 cm long, from light yellow to light orange in colour, good elasticity, shiny, porous structure, fine texture and excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 47 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with slight curing defects, with slight disease blemishes, from all positions on the plant, up to 25 cm long, of yellow to light reddish colour, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, excellent combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above (III) constitutes 53 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: bales (tongas) of approximately 30 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
23	Tsebelia	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 30 cm long, colour yellow-red, orange to reddish, of porous structure, elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, fine texture and very good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above (I/II) constitutes 45 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with minor curing defects, from all positions on the plant, up to 40 cm long, colour from light yellow to reddish or light brown, fairly porous structure, fairly elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, fairly fine texture, very good combustibility; includes also leaves with slight disease blemishes and/or minor damage</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: bales (tongas) of approximately 30 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>
24	Mavra	<p>Quality I/III leaves</p> <p>Quality I/III: leaf ripe, undamaged, sound, well cured, from all positions on the plant except the first 'protomana', up to 30 cm long, colour yellow-reddish or orange to reddish, with porous structure, fine texture, elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, good combustibility</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 45 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Leaf ripe and reasonably undamaged, with minor curing defects, from all positions on the plant, up to 40 cm long, colour from yellowish to reddish or light brown, fairly porous structure and fairly fine texture, fairly elastic and shiny, fairly bodied, of good combustibility; includes also leaves with slight disease blemishes and/or minor damage</p> <p>Leaf as described above constitutes 55 % of quality I/III</p> <p>Packaging: bales (tongas) of approximately 30 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>
25	Burley EL	<p>Quality A leaves</p> <p>Quality A: leaf fully ripe, fully developed, undamaged, sound, well cured, from the middle stalk position, of uniform medium nut-brown to nut-red colour, porous structure, fine texture, excellent combustibility</p> <p>Packaging: bales of approximately 100 kg, cases of approximately 200 kg or barrels of 240 to 280 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>
26	Virginia EL	<p>Quality A leaves</p> <p>Quality A: leaf fully ripe, fully developed, from the middle stalk position, sound, undamaged, well cured, of a uniform lemon yellow to medium orange colour, fine texture and good combustibility</p> <p>Packaging: bales of approximately 100 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
27	Santa Fé	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: Leaf ripe, sound, well fermented, brown or dark brown in colour, with some damage</p> <p>Packaging: in bales of 80 to 100 kg or in cartons of 150 to 210 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 14 %</p>
28	Fermented Burley	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: Leaf ripe, sound, well fermented, brown in colour, with some damage</p> <p>Packaging: in bales of 80 to 100 kg or in cartons of 150 to 210 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 14 %</p>
29	Havana E	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: Leaf ripe, sound, fine texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, well fermented, brown or light brown to greenish in colour, with some damage</p> <p>Packaging: in bales of 80 to 100 kg or in cartons of 150 to 210 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 14 %</p>
30	Round Scafati	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: Leaf of reasonable size, well ripened, of uniform colour, sound, without significant damage, fine texture, strong and elastic, with fine stems (midribs) and veins, in good condition, with good combustibility, with typical flavour and aroma, well fermented, suitable for wrapping cigars; about 25 % broken leaf acceptable</p> <p>Packaging: in bales of 70 to 100 kg or in cartons of 180 to 210 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 14 %</p>
31	Virginia E	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: Leaf sufficiently ripe, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, sound, of various shades of yellow from lemon to orange</p> <p>Packaging: in cartons of 170 to 210 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 14 %</p>
32	Burley E	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: Leaf sufficiently ripe, open texture, with stems (midribs) and veins not very prominent, sound, of various shades of cinnamon colour</p> <p>Packaging: in cartons of 150 to 210 kg</p> <p>Moisture: 14 %</p>

Serial No	Variety	Reference quality
33	Virginia P	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: Leaf ripe, well cured, open and elastic texture, oily, lemon yellow to orange in colour, shiny, length exceeding 40 cm, leaves from the first and last positions on the stalk not included</p> <p>Packaging: in cartons of 200 kg, not tied in hands</p> <p>Moisture: 12,5 %</p>
34	Burley P	<p>Class 1 leaf</p> <p>Class 1: Leaf ripe, well cured, open and elastic texture, bright colour, length exceeding 40 cm, leaves from the first and last positions on the stalk not included</p> <p>Packaging: in cartons of 180 kg, not tied in hands</p> <p>Moisture: 13 %</p>

## ANNEX III

## Recognized production areas for each Community-produced tobacco variety

Variety	Country	Production area
1. Badischer Geudertheimer, Pereg, Korso	Germany	Rhine valley and adjacent valleys, Mittelfranken, Brandenburg, Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania
	France	Nord-Pas-de-Calais, Picardy, Champagne-Ardennes, Alsace-Lorraine, Val-de-Loire, Poitou-Bretagne, Centre
2. Badischer Burley E and hybrids thereof	Germany	Rhine valley and adjacent valleys, Mittelfranken, Brandenburg, Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania
	France	A (*) Aquitaine, Midi-Pyrénées, Auvergne-Limousin, Alsace-Lorraine, Rhône-Alpes, Franche-Comté, Val-de-Loire, Centre, Poitou-Bretagne, Burgundy, Charente, Languedoc-Roussillon
	Italy	B (*) Piedmont, Lombardy, Veneto, Emilia-Romagna
3. Virgin D and hybrids thereof	Germany	Schleswig-Holstein, Lower-Saxony, Franconia, Rhine valley and adjacent valleys, Brandenburg, Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania, Saxony, Saxony-Anhalt, Thuringia
	France	Aquitaine, Midi-Pyrénées, Auvergne-Limousin, Champagne-Ardennes, Alsace-Lorraine, Rhône-Alpes, Franche-Comté, Provence, Val-de-Loire, Centre, Poitou-Bretagne, Charente, Languedoc-Roussillon, Normandy, Burgundy, Nord-Pas-de-Calais, Picardy, Ile-de-France
4. (a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof	France	A (*) Aquitaine, Midi-Pyrénées, Languedoc-Roussillon, Auvergne-Limousin, Poitou-Bretagne, Charente, Val-de-Loire, Centre, Rhône-Alpes, Provence, Franche-Comté, Alsace-Lorraine, Champagne-Ardennes, Picardy, Nord-Pas-de-Calais, Normandy, Burgundy
	Italy	B (*) Molise, Campania
	Belgium	C (*) Flanders
(b) Dragon vert and its hybrids thereof, Philippin, Petit Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appelsterre	France	A (*) Nord-Pas-de-Calais, Picardy, Champagne-Ardennes, Val-de-Loire, Alsace-Lorraine
	Belgium	C (*) Flanders, Hainaut, Namur, Luxembourg
5. Nijkerk	France	Departments of Lot and Aveyron
6. Misionero	France	Réunion
7. Bright	Italy	Friuli, Veneto, Lombardy, Piedmont, Tuscany, Marches, Umbria, Lazio, Abruzzi, Molise, Campania, Basilicata, Apulia, Calabria
8. Burley I	Italy	Veneto, Lombardy, Piedmont, Umbria, Emilia-Romagna, Lazio, Abruzzi, Molise, Campania, Basilicata, Apulia, Sicily
9. Maryland	Italy	Friuli, Lombardy, Tuscany, Marches, Umbria, Lazio, Molise, Campania
10. Kentucky	Italy	Veneto, Tuscany, Umbria, Lazio, Campania
	Spain	Extremadura, Andalusia
11. (a) F. Havana II c (b) Nostrano del Brenta (c) Resistente 142 (d) Gojano	Italy	Friuli, Trentino, Veneto, Tuscany, Lazio, Molise, Campania
	Italy	Veneto, Tuscany, Molise, Campania, Lazio, Apulia
12. Beneventano Brasile Selvaggio	Italy	Campania Sicily
	Italy	Abruzzi, Campania, Basilicata, Apulia

Variety	Country	Production area
14. (a) Perustitza (b) Samsun	Italy	Lazio, Abruzzi, Molise, Campania, Apulia, Sicily
15. Erzegovina	Italy	Lazio, Abruzzi, Apulia
16. Round Tip	Greece Italy	Central Macedonia Campania
17. Basmás	Greece	Thrace, Macedonia, Sterea Hellas, Thessaly
18. (a) Katerini (b) Similar varieties	Greece	Macedonia Macedonia, Sterea Hellas, Epirus, Thessaly
19. (a) Kaba Koulak classic (b) Elassona	Greece	Macedonia Thessaly
20. Kaba Koulak non-classic	Greece	Macedonia, Thessaly, Sterea Hellas, Thrace, Epirus, Peloponnese and Islands
21. Myrodata Agrinion	Greece	Sterea Hellas
22. Zichnomyrodata	Greece	Thessaly
23. Tsebelia	Greece	Epirus, Sterea Hellas
24. Mavra	Greece	Thessaly, Peloponnese, Sterea Hellas
25. Burley EL	Greece	Macedonia, Thessaly
26. Virginia EL	Greece	Sterea Hellas, Thessaly, Macedonia, Thrace, Peloponnese, Epirus
27. Santa Fé	Spain	Andalusia
28. Fermented Burley	Spain	Extremadura, Andalusia, Castile-Leon, Castile-La Mancha, Valencia (Comunidad autonoma), Navarra, Rioja, Catalonia, Madrid
29. Havana E	Spain	Castile-Leon, Navarre, Galicia, Asturias, Cantabria, zone of Campero in the Basque region
30. Round Scafati	Spain	Galicia, Asturias, Navarra, Castile-Leon, Cantabria
31. Virginia E	Spain	Extremadura, Andalusia, Castile-Leon, Castile-La Mancha
32. Burley E	Spain	Extremadura, Andalusia, Castile-Leon, Castile-La Mancha
33. Virginia P	Portugal	Beira Interior, Ribatejo Oeste, Alentejo, Autonomous Region of the Azores
34. Burley P	Portugal	Beiras, Ribatejo Oeste, Entre Douro e Minho, Tras-os-Montes, Autonomous Region of the Azores

(\*) Specific production areas as defined in Article 4 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70.

## ANNEX IV

Norm prices, intervention prices and premiums for leaf tobacco from the 1992 harvest  
 Derived intervention prices for baled tobacco from 1992 harvest

(ECU/kg)

Serial No	Variety	Norm price	Intervention price	Premium	Derived intervention price	Maximum % Article 3 (3)
1	Badischer Geudertheimer, Pereg, Korso	3,637	3,091	2,530	4,636	30 <sup>(2)</sup>
2	Badischer Burley E and hybrids thereof	4,504	3,829	2,956	5,417	45 <sup>(3)</sup>
3	Virgin D and hybrids thereof	4,618	3,925	2,922	5,171	30 <sup>(3)</sup>
4	(a) Paraguay and hybrids thereof (specific production areas A and C)	3,394	2,885	2,348	—	20 <sup>(4)</sup>
	(b) Dragon vert and hybrids thereof, Philippin, Petit Grammont (Flobecq), Semois, Appelterre					
	(c) Paraguay and hybrids thereof (specific production area B)					
5	Nijkerk	3,351	2,849	2,128	—	20 <sup>(4)</sup>
6	(a) Misionero and hybrids thereof	3,123	2,654	2,155	—	30 <sup>(5)</sup>
	(b) Rio Grande and hybrids thereof					
7	Bright	4,063	3,454	2,457	4,756	30 <sup>(6)</sup>
8	Burley I	2,474	2,102	1,748	3,202	30 <sup>(6)</sup>
9	Maryland	3,307	2,811	1,872	4,007	30 <sup>(6)</sup>
10	(a) Kentucky and hybrids thereof	2,791	2,373	1,902	3,341	30 <sup>(6)</sup>
	(b) Moro di Cori					
	(c) Salento					
11	(a) Forchheimer Havanna II c	2,351	1,763 <sup>(1)</sup>	1,658	2,957 <sup>(1)</sup>	30 <sup>(6)</sup>
	(b) Nostrano del Brenta					
	(c) Resistente 142					
	(d) Gojano					
	(e) Hybrids of Badischer Geudertheimer					
12	(a) Beneventano	1,270	1,079	0,935	1,825	30 <sup>(6)</sup>
	(b) Brasile Selvaggio and similar varieties					
13	Xanti-Yakà	3,056	2,598	2,251	4,324	45 <sup>(6)</sup>
14	(a) Perustitza	2,893	2,459	2,142	3,737	45 <sup>(6)</sup>
	(b) Samsun					
15	Erzegovina and similar varieties	2,599	2,209	1,930	3,371	45 <sup>(6)</sup>
16	(a) Round Tip	13,816	11,744	8,345	18,731	30 <sup>(6)</sup>
	(b) Scafati					
	(c) Sumatra I					
17	Basmas	6,080	5,168	3,067	6,902	20 <sup>(7)</sup>
18	Katerini and similar varieties	5,064	4,305	2,729	6,185	20 <sup>(7)</sup>
19	(a) Kaba Koulak classic	3,774	3,208	1,950	4,687	20 <sup>(7)</sup>
	(b) Elassona					
20	(a) Kaba Koulak non-classic	2,843	2,417	1,335	3,799	20 <sup>(7)</sup>
	(b) Myrodata Smyrna, Trapezous and Phi I					
21	Myrodata Agrinion	3,752	3,189	1,970	4,608	20 <sup>(7)</sup>
22	Zichnomyrodata	3,898	3,313	2,078	4,805	20 <sup>(7)</sup>
23	Tsebelia	2,359	1,769 <sup>(1)</sup>	1,914	3,072 <sup>(1)</sup>	20 <sup>(7)</sup>

Serial No	Variety	Norm price	Intervention price	Premium	Derived intervention price	Maximum % Article 3 (3)
24	Mavra	2,303	1,727 <sup>(1)</sup>	1,565	3,025 <sup>(1)</sup>	20 <sup>(7)</sup>
25	Burley EL	2,247	1,910 <sup>(1)</sup>	1,496	3,031 <sup>(1)</sup>	20 <sup>(6)</sup>
26	Virginia EL	3,572	3,036	2,951	4,240	30 <sup>(6)</sup>
27	Santa Fé	1,381	1,174	0,300	2,031	30 <sup>(4)</sup>
28	Fermented Burley	2,236	1,901	0,929	2,918	30 <sup>(4)</sup>
29	Havanna E	2,873	2,442	1,949	3,627	30 <sup>(4)</sup>
30	Round Scafati	7,529	6,400	5,134	11,408	30 <sup>(8)</sup>
31	Virginia E	4,252	3,614	2,209	5,031	30 <sup>(4)</sup>
32	Burley E	2,960	2,516	1,717	3,782	30 <sup>(4)</sup>
33	Virginia P	4,256	3,617	2,350	4,944	30 <sup>(4)</sup>
34	Burley P	3,067	2,607	1,717	3,890	30 <sup>(4)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Account being taken of the application of Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 727/70.

<sup>(2)</sup> Class III Obergut.

<sup>(3)</sup> Class III.

<sup>(4)</sup> Class 3.

<sup>(5)</sup> 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> qualities.

<sup>(6)</sup> Category C.

<sup>(7)</sup> Grade IV.

<sup>(8)</sup> Classes 3 and 4.