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**COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 2002/54/EC**  
**of 13 June 2002**  
**on the marketing of beet seed**  
(OJ L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 12)

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► <u>M3</u>	Commission Implementing Directive (EU) 2016/317 of 3 March 2016	L 60	72	5.3.2016
► <u>M4</u>	Commission Implementing Directive (EU) 2021/971 of 16 June 2021	L 214	62	17.6.2021

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**COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 2002/54/EC**  
**of 13 June 2002**  
**on the marketing of beet seed**

*Article 1*

This Directive shall apply to the production with a view to marketing, and to the marketing of beet seed within the Community.

It shall not apply to beet seed shown to be intended for export to third countries.

*Article 2*

1. For the purpose of this Directive:

(a) 'marketing': shall mean the sale, holding with a view to sale, offer for sale and any disposal, supply or transfer aimed at commercial exploitation of seed to third parties, whether or not for consideration.

Trade in seed not aimed at commercial exploitation of the variety, such as the following operations, shall not be regarded as marketing:

- the supply of seed to official testing and inspection bodies,
- the supply of seed to providers of services for processing or packaging, provided the provider of services does not acquire title to seed thus supplied.

The supply of seed under certain conditions to providers of services for the production of certain agricultural raw materials, intended for industrial purposes, or seed propagation for that purpose, shall not be regarded as marketing, provided the provider of services does not acquire title to either the seed thus supplied or the product of the harvest. The supplier of seed shall provide the certification authority with a copy of the relevant parts of the contract made with the provider of services and this shall include the standards and conditions currently met by the seed provided.

The conditions for the application of this provision shall be determined in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2).

(b) 'beet': means sugar and fodder beet of the species *Beta vulgaris* L.;

(c) 'basic seed': means seed

(i) which has been produced under the responsibility of the breeder according to well-defined practices for the maintenance of the variety;

(ii) which is intended for the production of seed of the category 'certified seed';

(iii) which, subject to the provisions of Article 5, satisfies the conditions laid down in Annex I for basic seed; and

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(iv) which has been found by official examination or, in the case of the conditions laid down in Annex IB, either by official examination or examination carried out under official supervision to satisfy the conditions set out in (i), (ii) and (iii);

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- (d) 'certified seed': means seed
  - (i) which is of direct descent from basic seed;
  - (ii) which is intended for the production of beet;
  - (iii) which, subject to the provisions of point (b) of Article 5, satisfies the conditions laid down in Annex I for certified seed; and

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- (iv) which has been found by official examination or by examination carried out under official supervision to satisfy the conditions set out in (i), (ii) and (iii).

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- (e) 'monogerm seed': means genetically monogerm seed;
- (f) 'precision seed': means seed designed for use in precision drills which, as required under Annex I, part B(3)(b)(bb) and (cc), gives single seedlings;
- (g) 'official measures': means measures taken
  - (i) by State authorities; or
  - (ii) by any legal person whether governed by public or by private law, acting under the responsibility of the State; or
  - (iii) in the case of ancillary activities which are also under State control, by any natural person duly sworn for that purpose;

provided that the persons mentioned under (ii) and (iii) derive no private gain from such measures.

- (h) 'small EC packages': means packages containing the following certified seeds:

- (i) monogerm or precision seed: not exceeding 100 000 clusters or grains or a net weight of 2,5 kg excluding, where appropriate, granulated pesticides, pelleting substances or other solid additives;
- (ii) seed other than monogerm or precision seed: not exceeding a net weight of 10 kg, excluding, where appropriate, granulated pesticides, pelleting substances or other solid additives.

2. The different types of varieties, including the components, eligible for certification under the provisions of this Directive, may be specified and defined in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 28(2).

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3. When the examinations under official supervision referred to in paragraph (1)(c)(iv) and (1)(d)(iv) is carried out, the following requirements shall be complied with:

A. Field inspection

- (a) The inspectors shall:
  - (i) have the necessary technical qualifications;
  - (ii) derive no private gain in connection with the carrying out of the inspections;

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- (iii) have been officially licensed by the seed certification authority of the Member State concerned and this licensing shall include either the swearing-in of inspectors or the signature by inspectors of a written statement of commitment to the rules governing official examinations;
- (iv) carry out inspections under official supervision in accordance with the rules applicable to official inspections.
- (b) The seed crop to be inspected shall be grown from seed which has undergone official post-control, the results of which have been satisfactory.
- (c) A proportion of the seed crops shall be checked by official inspectors. That proportion shall be at least 5 %.
- (d) A proportion of samples from the seed lots harvested from the seed crops shall be drawn for official post control and, where appropriate, for official laboratory seed testing in respect of varietal identity and purity.
- (e) The Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of the national provisions governing examination under official supervision, adopted pursuant to this Directive. The penalties provided for must be effective, proportionate and dissuasive. Penalties may include the withdrawal of the licence provided for in (a)(iii), from officially licensed inspectors who are found guilty of deliberately or negligently contravening the rules governing official examinations. The Member States shall ensure that any certification of the seed examined is annulled in the event of such contravention unless it can be shown that such seed still meets all relevant requirements.

**B. Seed testing**

- (a) Seed testing shall be carried out by seed-testing laboratories which have been authorised for that purpose by the seed certification authority of the Member State concerned under the conditions set out in (b) to (d).
- (b) The seed-testing laboratory shall have a seed analyst-in-charge who has direct responsibility for the technical operations of the laboratory and has the necessary qualifications for technical management of a seed-testing laboratory.

Its seed analysts shall have the necessary technical qualifications obtained in training courses organised under conditions applicable to official seed analysts and confirmed by official examinations.

The laboratory shall be maintained in premises and with equipment officially considered by the seed certification authority to be satisfactory for the purpose of seed testing, within the scope of the authorisation.

It shall carry out seed testing in accordance with current international methods.

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(c) The seed-testing laboratory shall be:

(i) an independent laboratory;

or

(ii) a laboratory belonging to a seed company.

In the case referred to in (ii), the laboratory may carry out seed testing only on seed lots produced on behalf of the seed company to which it belongs, unless it has been otherwise agreed between that seed-company, the applicant for certification and the seed certification authority.

(d) The seed-testing laboratory's performance of seed testing shall be subject to appropriate supervision by the seed certification authority.

(e) For the purposes of the supervision referred to in (d) a proportion of the seed lots entered for the official certification shall be check-tested by official seed testing. That proportion shall in principle be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered but may also be oriented to eliminate specific doubts. That proportion shall be at least 5 %.

(f) The Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of the national provisions governing examination under official supervision, adopted pursuant to this Directive. The penalties provided for must be effective, proportionate and dissuasive. Penalties may include the withdrawal of the authorisation provided for in (a), from officially authorised seed-testing laboratories who are found guilty of deliberately or negligently contravening the rules governing official examinations. The Member States shall ensure that any certification of the seed examined is annulled in the event of such contravention unless it can be shown that such seed still meets all relevant requirements.

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4. Further measures applicable to the carrying out of examinations under official supervision may be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2).

**▼M2****▼B***Article 3*

1. Member States shall provide that beet seed may not be placed on the market unless it has been officially certified as 'basic seed' or 'certified seed'.

2. Member States shall ensure that the official examinations of seed are carried out in accordance with current international methods, in so far as such methods exist.

**▼B***Article 4*

Notwithstanding Article 3(1), Member States shall provide that

- bred seed of generations prior to basic seed, and
- seed as grown, marketed for processing, provided that the identity of the seed is ensured, may be placed on the market.

*Article 5*

Member States may, by way of derogation from the provisions of Article 3,

- (a) authorise the official certification and marketing of basic seed which does not satisfy the conditions laid down in Annex I in respect of germination; to this end all necessary measures shall be taken to ensure that the supplier guarantees a specific germination which he shall state for marketing purposes on a special label bearing his name and address and the reference number of the seed lot;
- (b) in order to make seed rapidly available, notwithstanding the fact that the official examination to check compliance with the conditions laid down in Annex I in respect of germination has not been concluded, authorise the official certification and the marketing as far as the first buyer by way of trade of seed of the categories 'basic seed' or 'certified seed'. Certification shall be granted only on presentation of a provisional analytical report on the seed and provided that the name and address of the first recipient are indicated; all necessary measures shall be taken to ensure that the supplier guarantees the germination ascertained at the provisional analysis; this germination shall be stated for marketing purposes on a special label bearing the name and address of the supplier and the reference number of the lot.

These provisions shall not apply to seed imported from third countries, save as otherwise provided in Article 22 in respect of multiplication outside the Community.

Member States making use of the derogation provided for in either subparagraph (a) or (b) shall assist each other administratively as regards control.

*Article 6*

1. Notwithstanding Article 3(1), Member States may authorise producers in their own territory to place on the market:

- (a) small quantities of seed for scientific purposes or selection work;
- (b) appropriate quantities of seed for other test or trial purposes, provided it belongs to varieties for which an application for entry in the catalogue has been submitted in the Member State in question.

In the case of genetically modified material, such authorisation may be granted only if all appropriate measures have been taken to avoid adverse effects on human health and the environment. For the environmental risk assessment to be carried out in this respect, the provisions of Article 7(4) of Directive 2002/53/EC shall apply accordingly.

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2. The purposes for which the authorisations referred to in paragraph 1(b) may be given, the provisions relating to the marking of packages, and the quantities and the conditions under which Member States may grant such authorisation shall be determined in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2).

3. Authorisations granted before 14 December 1998 by Member States to producers in their own territory for the purposes set out in paragraph 1 shall remain in force pending determination of the provisions referred to in paragraph 2. Thereafter, all such authorisations shall respect the provisions established in accordance with paragraph 2.

*Article 7*

Member States may, as regards the conditions laid down in Annex I, impose additional or more stringent requirements for the certification of seed produced in their own territory.

*Article 8*

The Member States shall provide that the description of the genealogical components which may be required is, if the breeder so requests, treated as confidential.

*Article 9***▼M2**

1. Member States shall require that, for the checking of varieties, and for the examination of seed for certification, samples are drawn officially or under official supervision in accordance with appropriate methods. However seed sampling with a view to controls pursuant to Article 25 shall be carried out officially.

1a. When the seed sampling under official supervision provided for in paragraph 1 is carried out, the following requirements shall be complied with:

- (a) seed sampling shall be carried out by seed samplers who have been authorised for that purpose by the seed certification authority of the Member State concerned under the conditions set out in (b), (c), and (d);
- (b) seed samplers shall have the necessary technical qualifications obtained in training courses organised under conditions applicable to official seed samplers and confirmed by official examinations.

They shall carry out seed sampling in accordance with current international methods;

(c) seed samplers shall be:

- (i) independent natural persons;
- (ii) persons employed by natural or legal persons whose activities do not involve seed production, seed growing, seed processing or seed trade;

or

- (iii) persons employed by natural or legal persons whose activities involve seed production, seed growing, seed processing or seed trade.

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In the case referred to in (iii), a seed sampler may carry out seed sampling only on seed lots produced on behalf of his employer, unless it has been otherwise agreed between his employer, the applicant for certification and the seed certification authority;

- (d) the performance of the seed samplers shall be subject to proper supervision by the seed certification authority. When automatic sampling is in operation appropriate procedures must be adhered to and officially supervised;
- (e) for the purposes of the supervision referred to in (d) a proportion of the seed lots entered for official certification shall be check-sampled by official seed samplers. That proportion shall in principle be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification but may also be oriented to eliminate specific doubts. That proportion shall be at least 5 %. This check sampling does not apply to automatic sampling.

The Member States shall compare the seed samples drawn officially with those of the same seed lot drawn under official supervision;

- (f) the Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of the national provisions governing examination under official supervision, adopted pursuant to this Directive. The penalties provided for must be effective, proportionate and dissuasive. Penalties may include the withdrawal of the authorisation provided for in (a), from officially authorised seed samplers who are found guilty of deliberately or negligently contravening the rules governing official examinations. The Member States shall ensure that any certification of the seed sampled is annulled in the event of such contravention unless it can be shown that such seed still meets all relevant requirements.

1b. Further measures applicable to the carrying out of seed sampling under official supervision may be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 28(2).

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- 2. For the examination of seed for certification, samples shall be drawn from homogeneous lots; the maximum weight of a lot and the minimum weight of a sample are given in Annex II.

*Article 10*

- 1. Member States require that basic seed and certified seed be marketed only in sufficiently homogeneous lots and in sealed packages bearing, as prescribed in Articles 11, 12 or 13, whichever is appropriate, a sealing system and markings.
- 2. Member States may, for the marketing of small quantities to the final consumer, provide for derogations from the provisions of paragraph 1 in respect of packaging, sealing and marking.

**▼B***Article 11*

1. Member States shall require that packages of basic seed and certified seed, except where seed of the latter category takes the form of small EC packages, be sealed officially or under official supervision in such a manner that they cannot be opened without damaging the sealing system or leaving evidence of tampering on either the official label provided for in Article 12 or the package.

In order to ensure sealing, the sealing system shall comprise at least either the official label or the affixing of an official seal.

The measures provided for in the second subparagraph shall not be necessary where a non-reusable sealing system is used.

In accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2), it may be established whether a particular sealing system fulfils the provisions of this paragraph.

2. Member States shall require that, except in the case of small EC packages, packages shall not be resealed on one or more occasions unless this is done officially or under official supervision. If packages are resealed, the fact of resealing, the date of resealing and the authority responsible therefore shall be stated on the label required under Article 12.

3. Member States shall require that small EC packages be sealed in such a manner that they cannot be opened without damaging the sealing system or leaving evidence of tampering on the label or package. In accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2), it may be established whether a particular sealing system complies with the provisions of this paragraph. Packages shall not be resealed on one or more occasions except under official supervision.

*Article 12*

Member States shall require that packages of basic seed and certified seed, except where seed of the latter category takes the form of small EC packages:

- (a) be labelled on the outside with an official label which has not previously been used, which satisfies the conditions laid down in Annex III, part A, and on which the information is given in one of the official languages of the Community. The colour of the label shall be white for basic seed and blue for certified seed. When a label with a string-hole is used, its attachment shall be ensured in all cases with an official seal. If, in cases under point (a) of Article 5, the basic seed does not satisfy the conditions laid down in Annex I in respect of germination, this fact shall be stated on the label. The use of official adhesive labels shall be authorised. In accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2) the indelible printing under official supervision of the prescribed information on the package according to the label's model may be authorised;
- (b) contain an official document, in the same colour as the label, giving at least the information required under Annex III, part A(I)(3), (5), (6), (11) and (12). This document shall be drawn up in such a manner that it cannot be confused with the official label referred to under (a). This document is not necessary if the information is printed indelibly on the package or if, in accordance with the provisions under (a), an adhesive label or a label of non-tear material is used.

**▼B***Article 13*

1. Member States shall require that small EC packages:
  - (a) bear on the outside, in accordance with Annex III, part B, a supplier's label, a printed notice or stamp in one of the official languages of the Community; in the case of transparent packages this label may be placed inside, provided it can be read through the package; the label shall be white in colour for basic seed and blue in colour for certified seed.
  - (b) bear on the outside or on the supplier's label provided for in point (a) an officially assigned serial number; should an official adhesive label be used, the label shall be white in colour for basic seed and blue in colour for certified seed; the methods of attaching the said serial number may be fixed in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2).
2. Member States may require that an official adhesive label containing all or part of the information laid down in Annex III, part B, be used for marking small EC packages packed in their territory; insofar as the information is given on such label, the marking provided for in point (a) of paragraph 1 shall not be required.

*Article 14*

Member States may provide that, on request, small EC packages of certified seed are sealed and marked officially or under official supervision pursuant to Article 11(1) and Article 12.

*Article 15*

Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that, in the case of small packages of seed, the identity of the seed can be checked in particular at the time when seed lots are divided up. To this end, they may require that small packages divided up in their territory be sealed officially or under official supervision.

*Article 16*

1. In accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2), it may be provided that, in cases other than those already provided for in this Directive, packages of basic or certified seed of any kind shall bear a supplier's label (which may either be a label separate from the official label or take the form of suppliers' information printed on the package itself). The particulars to be provided on any such label shall also be established in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2).
2. The label referred to in paragraph 1 shall be drawn up in such a manner that it cannot be confused with the official label referred to in Article 12.

*Article 17*

In the case of seed of a variety which has been genetically modified, any label or document, official or otherwise, which is affixed to or accompanies the seed lot, under the provisions of this Directive, shall clearly indicate that the variety has been genetically modified.

**▼B***Article 18*

Member States shall require that any chemical treatment of basic seed or certified seed be noted either on the official label or on the supplier's label and on the package or inside it.

*Article 19*

For the purpose of seeking improved alternatives to certain provisions set out in this Directive, it may be decided to organise temporary experiments under specified conditions at Community level in accordance with the provisions referred to in Article 28(2).

In the framework of such experiments, Member States may be released from certain obligations laid down in this Directive. The extent of that release shall be defined with reference to the provisions to which it applies. The duration of an experiment shall not exceed seven years.

*Article 20*

Member States shall ensure that seed which is placed on the market under the provisions of this Directive, whether mandatory or discretionary, is not subject to any marketing restrictions as regards its characteristics, examination requirements, marking and sealing other than those laid down in this or any other Directive.

*Article 21*

The conditions under which bred seed of generations prior to basic seed may be placed on the market under the first indent of Article 4 shall be as follows:

- (a) it must have been officially inspected by the competent certification authority in accordance with the provisions applicable to the certification of basic seed;
- (b) it must be packed in accordance with this Directive, and
- (c) the packages must bear an official label giving at least the following particulars:
  - certification authority and Member State or their distinguishing abbreviation,
  - lot reference number,
  - month and year of sealing, or
  - month and year of the last official sampling for the purposes of certification,
  - species, indicated at least in roman characters, under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the authors' names, or under its common name, or both; indication whether sugar beet or fodder beet,
  - variety, indicated at least in roman characters,
  - the description 'pre-basic seed',
  - number of generations preceding seed of the category 'certified seed'.

The label shall be white with a diagonal violet line.

**▼B***Article 22*

1. Member States shall provide that beet seed
  - which has been produced directly from basic seed officially certified in one or more Member States or in a third country which has been granted equivalence under Article 23(1)(b), and
  - which has been harvested in another Member State,

shall, on request and without prejudice to the provisions of Directive 2002/53/EC, be officially certified as certified seed in any Member State if that seed has undergone field inspection satisfying the conditions laid down in Annex I, part A, for the relevant category and if official examination has shown that the conditions laid down in Annex I, part B, for the same category are satisfied.

Where in such cases the seed has been produced directly from officially certified seed of generations prior to basic seed, Member States may also authorise official certification as basic seed, of the conditions laid down for that category are satisfied.

2. Beet seed which has been harvested in the Community and which is intended for certification in accordance with paragraph 1 shall:

- be packed and labelled with an official label satisfying the conditions laid down in Annex IV(A) and (B), in accordance with Article 11(1), and
- be accompanied by an official document satisfying the conditions laid down in Annex IV(C).

The provisions in the first subparagraph on packing and labelling may be waived if the authorities responsible for field inspection, those drawing up the documents for the certification of seeds which have not been definitively certified and those responsible for certification are the same, or if they agree on exemption.

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3. The Member States shall also provide that beet seed harvested in a third country shall, on request, be officially certified if:

- (a) it has been produced directly from basic seed officially certified in one or more Member States or in a third country which has been granted equivalence under Article 23(1)(b);
- (b) it has undergone field inspection satisfying the conditions laid down in an equivalence decision made under Article 23(1)(a) for the relevant category;
- (c) official examination has shown that the conditions laid down in Annex I, part B for the same category are satisfied.

**▼B***Article 23*

1. The Council, acting by a qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall determine whether:

(a) in the case provided for in Article 22, the field inspections in the third country satisfy the conditions laid down in Annex I, part A;

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(b) beet seed harvested in a third country and affording the same assurances as regards its characteristics and the arrangements for its examination, for ensuring its identity, for marking and for control is equivalent in these respects to seed harvested within the Community and complying with the provisions of this Directive.

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2. Paragraph 1 shall also apply in respect of any new Member State from the date of its accession to the date on which it is to bring into force the laws, regulations or administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive.

*Article 24*

1. In order to remove any temporary difficulties in the general supply of basic or certified seed that occur in the Community and cannot be otherwise overcome, it may be decided in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2) that Member States shall permit, for a specified period, the marketing throughout the Community in quantities necessary to resolve the supply difficulties of seed of a category subject to less stringent requirements, or of seed of a variety not included in the 'Common Catalogue of Varieties of Agricultural Plant Species' or in the national catalogues of varieties of the Member States.

2. For a category of seed of any given variety, the official label shall be that provided for the corresponding category; for seed of varieties not included in the abovementioned catalogues the colour of the official label shall be brown. The label shall always state that the seed in question is of a category satisfying less stringent requirements.

3. Rules for the application of paragraph 1 may be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2).

*Article 25*

1. Member States shall ensure that official inspections are carried out in relation to the marketing of beet seed, at least by random checks, to verify compliance with the requirements and conditions of this Directive.

2. Without prejudice to the free movement of seed within the Community, Member States shall take all necessary measures to ensure that they are supplied with the following particulars during the marketing of quantities exceeding two kilograms of seed imported from third countries:

- (a) species;
- (b) variety;
- (c) category;
- (d) country of production and official inspection authority;

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(e) country of dispatch;

(f) importer;

(g) quantity of seed.

The manner in which these particulars are to be presented may be determined in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2).

**▼M1***Article 26*

1. Community comparative tests and trials shall be carried out within the Community for the post-control of samples of beet seed placed on the market under the provisions of this Directive, whether mandatory or discretionary, and taken during sampling. The comparative tests and trials may include the following:

- seed harvested in third countries,
- seed suitable for organic farming,
- seed marketed in relation to the conservation *in situ* and the sustainable use of plant genetic resources.

2. These comparative tests and trials shall be used to harmonise the technical methods of certification and to check satisfaction of the conditions with which the seed must comply.

3. The Commission, acting in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2), shall make the necessary arrangements for the comparative tests and trials to be carried out. The Commission shall inform the Committee referred to in Article 28(1) about the technical arrangements for holding the tests and trials and the results thereof.

4. The Community may make a financial contribution to the performance of the tests and trials foreseen in paragraphs 1 and 2.

The financial contribution shall not exceed the annual appropriations decided by the budgetary authority.

5. The tests and trials which may benefit from a Community financial contribution, and detailed rules for the provision of the financial contribution, shall be established in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 28(2).

6. The tests and trials foreseen in paragraphs 1 and 2 may be performed only by State authorities or legal persons acting under the responsibility of the State.

**▼B***Article 27*

Amendments to be made to the content of the annexes in the light of the development of scientific or technical knowledge shall be adopted according to the procedure referred to in Article 28(2).

**▼B***Article 28*

1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Standing Committee on Seeds and Propagating Material for Agriculture, Horticulture and Forestry set up by Article 1 of Council Decision 66/399/EEC (¹).

2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 4 and 7 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply.

The period laid down in Article 4(3) of Decision 1999/468/EC shall be set at one month.

3. The committee shall adopt its rules of procedure.

*Article 29*

This Directive shall be without prejudice to the provisions of national laws justified on grounds of the protection of health and life of humans, animals or plants or the protection of industrial and commercial property.

*Article 30*

1. Specific conditions may be established in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 28(2) to take account of developments in the areas of:

- (a) conditions under which chemically treated seed may be marketed;
- (b) conditions under which seed may be marketed in relation to the conservation *in situ* and the sustainable use of plant genetic resources, including seed mixtures of species which also include species listed in Article 1 of Directive 2002/53/EC, and are associated with specific natural and semi-natural habitats and are threatened by genetic erosion;
- (c) conditions under which seed suitable for organic production may be marketed.

2. The specific conditions referred to in paragraph 1, point (b) shall include in particular the following points:

- (a) the seed of these species shall be of a known provenance approved by the appropriate authority in each Member State for marketing the seed in defined areas;
- (b) appropriate quantitative restrictions.

**▼M2***Article 30A*

In accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 28(2), a Member State may, if it so requests, be wholly or partially released from the obligation to apply the provisions of this Directive, with the exception of Article 20, in so far the growing of beets and the marketing of beet seed are of minimal economic importance in its territory.

(¹) OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2289/66.

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*Article 31*

Member States shall submit to the Commission the text of the main provisions of domestic law they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.

The Commission shall inform the other Member States thereof.

*Article 32*

No later than 1 February 2004, the Commission shall submit a detailed evaluation of the simplification of the certification procedures introduced by Article 1 of Directive 98/96/EC. This evaluation shall focus in particular on the possible effects on the quantity of the seed.

*Article 33*

1. Directive 66/400/EEC as amended by Directives listed in Annex V, part A, is hereby repealed without prejudice to the obligations of the Member States concerning the deadlines for transposition, of the said Directives set out in Annex V, part B.
2. References to the Directive shall be construed as references to this Directive and shall be read in accordance with the correlation table in Annex VI.

*Article 34*

This Directive shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

*Article 35*

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

**▼B***ANNEX I***CONDITIONS FOR CERTIFICATION****A. Crop**

1. The previous cropping of the field shall not have been incompatible with the production of seeds of *Beta vulgaris* of the variety of the crop, and the field shall be sufficiently free from such plants which are volunteers from previous cropping.
2. The crop shall have sufficient identity and purity of variety.
3. The seed producer shall submit all the multiplications of a given variety of seed for examination by the certification authority.
4. In the case of certified seed of all categories there shall be at least one field inspection, either official or under official supervision, and in the case of basic seed at least two official field inspections, one of stecklings and one of the seed-producing plants.
5. The cultural condition of the field and the stage of development of the crops shall be such as to permit identity and varietal purity to be adequately checked.

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- 5a. In the case where, following the implementation of points 2 to 5, there is still doubt as to the varietal identity of the seed, the certification authority may use, for the examination of that identity, an internationally recognised and reproducible biochemical or molecular technique, in accordance with the applicable international standards.

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6. The minimum distances from neighbouring pollen sources shall be:

Crop	Minimum distance
1. For the production of basic seed:	
— from any pollen sources of the genus <i>Beta</i>	1 000 m
2. For the production of certified seed:	
(a) of sugar beet:	
— from any pollen sources of the genus <i>Beta</i> not included below	1 000 m
— the intended pollinator or one of the intended pollinators being diploid, from tetraploid sugar beet pollen sources	600 m
— the intended pollinator being exclusively tetraploid, from diploid sugar beet pollen sources	600 m
— from sugar beet pollen sources, the ploidy of which is unknown	600 m
— the intended pollinator or one of the intended pollinators being diploid, from diploid sugar beet pollen sources	300 m
— the intended pollinator being exclusively tetraploid, from tetraploid sugar beet pollen sources	300 m
— between two sugar beet seed production fields in which male sterility is not used	300 m

**▼B**

Crop	Minimum distance
(b) of fodder beet:	
— from any pollen sources of the genus <i>Beta</i> not included below	1 000 m
— the intended pollinator or one of the pollinators being diploid, from tetraploid fodder beet pollen sources	600 m
— the intended pollinator being exclusively tetraploid, from diploid fodder beet pollen sources	600 m
— from fodder beet pollen sources, the ploidy of which is unknown	600 m
— the intended pollinator or one of the pollinators being diploid, from diploid fodder beet pollen sources	300 m
— the intended pollinator being exclusively tetraploid, from tetraploid fodder beet pollen sources	300 m
— between two fodder beet seed production fields in which male sterility is not used	300 m

The above distances can be disregarded if there is sufficient protection from any undesirable foreign pollinator. No isolation is necessary between seed crops using the same pollinator.

The ploidy of both seed-bearing and pollen-shedding components of seed-producing crops is to be established by reference to the common catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species compiled under Directive 2002/53/EC, or the national catalogues of varieties established under that Directive. If this information is not included for any variety, the ploidy is to be regarded as unknown, and thus a minimum isolation distance of 600 metres is required.

## B. Seed

1. The seed shall have sufficient identity and purity of variety.
2. Diseases which reduce the usefulness of the seed shall be at the lowest possible level.
3. The seed shall also satisfy the following conditions:

(a)	Minimum analytical purity (% by weight) <sup>(1)</sup>	Minimum germination (% of clusters or pure seed)	Maximum moisture content (% by weight) <sup>(1)</sup>
(aa) sugar-beet			
— monogerm seed	97	80	15
— precision seed	97	75	15
— multigerm seed of varieties with more than 85 % diploids	97	73	15
— other seed	97	68	15

**▼B**

	Minimum analytical purity (% by weight) <sup>(1)</sup>	Minimum germination (% of clusters or pure seed)	Maximum moisture content (% by weight) <sup>(1)</sup>
(bb) fodder-beet			
— multigerm seed of varieties with more than 85 % diploids, monogerm seed, precision seed	97	73	15
— other seeds	97	68	15

The percentage by weight of other seeds shall not exceed 0,3.

<sup>(1)</sup> Excluding, where appropriate, granulated pesticides, pelleting substances or other solid additives.

(b) special conditions for monogerm seed and for precision seed:

(aa) monogerm seed:

at least 90 % of the germinated clusters shall give single seedlings.

The percentage of clusters giving three or more seedlings shall not exceed five, calculated on the germinated clusters;

(bb) precision seed of sugar beet:

At least 70 % of the germinated clusters shall give single seedlings. The percentage of clusters giving three or more seedlings shall not exceed 5 %, calculated on the germinated clusters;

(cc) precision seed of fodder-beet:

In the case of varieties with a percentage of diploids exceeding 85, at least 58 % of the germinated clusters shall give single seedlings. In the case of all other seeds, at least 63 % of the germinated clusters shall give single seedlings. The percentage of clusters giving three or more seedlings shall not exceed 5 %, calculated on the germinated clusters;

(dd) in the case of seed of the category 'basic seed', the percentage by weight of inert matter shall not exceed 1,0. In the case of seed of the category 'certified seed', the percentage by weight of inert matter shall not exceed 0,5. In the case of pelleted seed of both categories, the satisfaction of the relevant conditions shall be examined on samples drawn, pursuant to Article 9(1), from processed seed which has undergone partial decortication (rubbing or grinding) but has not yet been pelleted, without prejudice to the official examination of the minimum analytical purity of the pelleted seed;

(c) other special conditions:

Member States shall ensure that beet seed may not be introduced into areas recognised as 'rhizomania-free zones' under appropriate Community procedures, unless the percentage by weight of inert matter does not exceed 0,5.

**▼B**

*ANNEX II*

Maximum weight of a seed lot: 20 metric tons

Minimum weight of a sample: 500 grammes

The maximum lot weight shall not be exceeded by more than 5 %.

**▼B***ANNEX III***MARKING****A. Official label****I. Information required**

1. 'EC rules and standards'.
2. Certification authority and Member State or their initials.

**▼M3**

- 2a. Officially assigned serial number.

**▼B**

3. Reference number of lot.
4. Month and year of sealing expressed thus: 'sealed ... (month and year)' or  
month and year of the last official sampling for the purposes of certification expressed thus: 'sampled ... (month and year)'.
5. Species, indicated at least in roman characters, under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the authors' names, or under its common name, or both; indication whether sugar beet or fodder beet.
6. Variety indicated at least in roman characters.
7. Category.
8. Country of production.
9. Declared net or gross weight or declared number of clusters or pure seeds.
10. Where weight is indicated and granulated pesticides, pelleting substances or other solid additives are used, the nature of the additive and also the approximate ratio between the weight of clusters or pure seeds and the total weight.
11. For monogerm seed: the word 'monogerm'.
12. For precision seed: the word 'precision'.
13. Where at least germination has been retested, the words 'retested ... (month and year)' and the service responsible for such retesting may be indicated. Such information may be given on an official sticker attached to the official label.

**II. Minimum dimensions**

110 × 67 mm.

**B. Supplier's label or information on the packing (small EC package)**

## Information required

1. 'Small EC package'.
2. Name and address of the supplier responsible for marking or his identification mark.
3. Officially assigned serial number.
4. Service which assigned the serial number and name of Member State or their initials.

**▼B**

5. Reference number if the official serial number does not enable the lot to be identified.
6. Species, indicated at least in roman characters; indication whether sugar beet or fodder beet.
7. Variety indicated at least in roman characters.
8. 'Category'.
9. Net or gross weight or number of clusters or pure seeds.
10. Where weight is indicated and granulated pesticides, pelleting substances or other solid additives are used, the nature of the additive and also the approximate ratio between the weight of clusters or pure seeds and the total weight.
11. For monogerm seed: the word 'monogerm'.
12. For precision seed: the word 'precision'.

**▼B***ANNEX IV***LABEL AND DOCUMENT PROVIDED IN THE CASE OF SEED NOT FINALLY CERTIFIED, HARVESTED IN ANOTHER MEMBER STATE**

## A. Information required for the label

- authority responsible for field inspection and Member State or their initials,

**▼M3**

- officially assigned serial number,

**▼B**

- species, indicated at least in roman characters, under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the authors' names, or under its common name, or both; indication whether sugar beet or fodder beet,
- variety, indicated at least in roman characters,
- category,
- field or lot reference number,
- declared net or gross weight,
- the words 'seed not finally certified'.

## B. Colour of the label

The label shall be grey.

## C. Information required for the document

- authority issuing the document,

**▼M3**

- officially assigned serial number,

**▼B**

- species, indicated at least in roman characters, under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the authors' names, or under its common name, or both; indication whether sugar beet or fodder beet,
- variety, indicated at least in roman characters,
- category,
- reference number of the seed used to sow the field and name of the country or countries which certified that seed,
- field or lot reference number,
- area cultivated for the production of the lot covered by the document,
- quantity of seed harvested and number of packages,
- attestation that the conditions to be satisfied by the crop from which the seed comes have been fulfilled,
- where appropriate, results of a preliminary seed analysis.

**▼B***ANNEX V*

## PART A

**REPEALED DIRECTIVE AND ITS SUCCESSIVE AMENDMENTS**

(referred to by Article 33)

Directive 66/400/EEC (OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66)	
Council Directive 69/61/EEC (OJ L 48, 26.2.1969, p. 4)	only Article 1
Council Directive 71/162/EEC (OJ L 87, 17.4.1971, p. 24)	only concerning references made to the provisions of Directive 66/400/EEC in Articles 1 and 2
Council Directive 72/274/EEC (OJ L 171, 29.7.1972, p. 37)	only Article 1
Council Directive 72/418/EEC (OJ L 287, 26.12.1972, p. 22)	only Article 1
Council Directive 73/438/EEC (OJ L 356, 27.12.1973, p. 79)	only Article 1
Council Directive 75/444/EEC (OJ L 196, 26.7.1975, p. 6)	only Article 1
Commission Directive 76/331/EEC (OJ L 83, 30.3.1976, p. 34)	only Article 1
Council Directive 78/55/EEC (OJ L 16, 20.1.1978, p. 23)	only Article 1
Council Directive 78/692/EEC (OJ L 236, 26.8.1978, p. 13)	only Article 1
Commission Directive 87/120/EEC (OJ L 49, 18.2.1987, p. 39)	only Article 1
Commission Directive 88/95/EEC (OJ L 56, 2.3.1988, p. 42)	only Article 1
Council Directive 88/332/EEC (OJ L 151, 17.6.1988, p. 82)	only Article 1
Council Directive 88/380/EEC (OJ L 187, 16.7.1988, p. 31)	only Article 1
Council Directive 90/654/EEC (OJ L 353, 17.12.1990, p. 48)	only concerning references made to the provisions of Directive 66/400/EEC in Article 2 and to Annex II(I)(1)(a)
Council Directive 96/72/EC (OJ L 304, 27.11.1996, p. 10)	only Article 1(1)
Council Directive 98/95/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 1)	only Article 1 and to Article 9(2)
Council Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27)	only Article 1, Article 8(2) and to Article 9

**▼B****PART B****DEADLINES FOR TRANSPOSITION INTO NATIONAL LAW**

(referred to by Article 33)

Directive	Deadline for transposition
Directive 66/400/EEC	1 July 1968 (Article 14(1)) 1 July 1969 (other provisions) (¹) (²)
Directive 69/61/EEC	1 July 1969 (³)
Directive 71/162/EEC	1 July 1970 (Article 1(3)) 1 July 1972 (Article 1(1)) 1 July 1971 (other provisions) (¹)
Directive 72/274/EEC	1 July 1972 (Article 1) 1 January 1973 (Article 2)
Directive 72/418/EEC	1 July 1973
Directive 73/438/EEC	1 July 1973 (Article 1(1)) 1 January 1974 (Article 1(2))
Directive 75/444/EEC	1 July 1977
Directive 76/331/EEC	1 July 1978 (Article 1) 1 July 1979 (other provisions)
Directive 78/55/EEC	1 July 1979
Directive 78/692/EEC	1 July 1977 (Article 1) 1 July 1979 (other provisions)
Directive 87/120/EEC	1 July 1988
Directive 88/95/EEC	1 July 1988
Directive 88/332/EEC	
Directive 88/380/EEC	1 July 1992 (Article 1(8)) 1 July 1990 (other provisions)
Directive 90/654/EEC	
Directive 96/72/EC	1 July 1997 (³)
Directive 98/95/EC	1 February 2000 (Corrigendum, OJ L 126, 20.5.1999, p. 23)
Directive 98/96/EC	1 February 2000

(¹) For Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, 1 July 1973 for Article 14(1), 1 July 1974 for the other provisions concerning basic seed and 1 July 1976 for the other provisions.

(²) 1 January 1986 for Greece, 1 March 1986 for Spain, 1 January 1991 for Portugal, and 1 January 1995 for Austria, Finland and Sweden.

(³) The remaining stocks of labels bearing the abbreviation 'EEC' may continue to be used until 31 December 2001.

**▼B***ANNEX VI***CORRELATION TABLE**

Directive 66/400/EEC	This Directive
Article 1	Article 1, 1st subparagraph
Article 18	Article 1, 2nd subparagraph
Article 1a	Article 2(1)(a)
Article 2(1)(A)	Article 2(1)(b)
Article 2(1)(B)(a)	Article 2(1)(c)(i)
Article 2(1)(B)(b)	Article 2(1)(c)(ii)
Article 2(1)(B)(c)	Article 2(1)(c)(iii)
Article 2(1)(B)(d)	Article 2(1)(c)(iv)
Article 2(1)(C)(a)	Article 2(1)(d)(i)
Article 2(1)(C)(b)	Article 2(1)(d)(ii)
Article 2(1)(C)(c)	Article 2(1)(d)(iii)
Article 2(1)(C)(d)(i)	Article 2(1)(d)(iv), first indent
Article 2(1)(C)(d)(ii)	Article 2(1)(d)(iv), second indent
Article 2(1)(D)	Article 2(1)(e)
Article 2(1)(E)	Article 2(1)(f)
Article 2(1)(F)(a)	Article 2(1)(g)(i)
Article 2(1)(F)(b)	Article 2(1)(g)(ii)
Article 2(1)(F)(c)	Article 2(1)(g)(iii)
Article 2(1)(G), first indent	Article 2(1)(h)(i)
Article 2(1)(G), second indent	Article 2(1)(h)(ii)
Article 2(1a)	Article 2(2)
Article 2(2)	—
Article 2(3)(i)	Article 2(3), first subparagraph, (a)
Article 2(3)(i)(a)	Article 2(3), first subparagraph, (a)(i)
Article 2(3)(i)(b)	Article 2(3), first subparagraph, (a)(ii)
Article 2(3)(i)(c)	Article 2(3), first subparagraph, (a)(iii)
Article 2(3)(i)(d)	Article 2(3), first subparagraph, (a)(iv)
Article 2(3)(ii)	Article 2(3), first subparagraph, (b)
Article 2(3)(iii)	Article 2(3), first subparagraph, (c)
Article 2(3)(iv)	Article 2(3), first subparagraph, (d)
Article 2(3)(v)	Article 2(3), second subparagraph
Article 2(4)	Article 2(4)
Article 3	Article 3
Article 3a	Article 4
Article 4	Article 5
Article 4a	Article 6
Article 5	Article 7
Article 6	Article 8
Article 7	Article 9
Article 9	Article 10

**▼B**

Directive 66/400/EEC	This Directive
Article 10	Article 11
Article 11	Article 12
Article 11a	Article 13
Article 11b	Article 14
Article 11c	Article 15
Article 12	Article 16
Article 12a	Article 17
Article 13	Article 18
Article 13a	Article 19
Article 14(1)	Article 20
—	—
Article 14a	Article 21
Article 15	Article 22
Article 16(1)	Article 23(1)
Article 16(2)	—
Article 16(3)	Article 23(2)
Article 16(4)	—
Article 17	Article 24
Article 19	Article 25
Article 20	Article 26
Article 21a	Article 27
Article 21	Article 28
Article 22	Article 29
Article 22(1)	Article 30(1)
Article 22(2)(i)	Article 30(2)(a)
Article 22(2)(ii)	Article 30(2)(b)
—	Article 31 (¹)
—	Article 32 (²)
—	Article 33
—	Article 34
—	Article 35
ANNEX I, part A, point (01)	ANNEX I, part A, point (1)
ANNEX I, part A, point (1)	ANNEX I, part A, point (2)
ANNEX I, part A, point (2)	ANNEX I, part A, point (3)
ANNEX I, part A, point (3)	ANNEX I, part A, point (4)
ANNEX I, part A, point (4)	ANNEX I, part A, point (5)
ANNEX I, part A, point (5)	ANNEX I, part A, point (6)
ANNEX I, part B, point (1)	ANNEX I, part B, point (1)
ANNEX I, part B, point (2)	ANNEX I, part B, point (2)
ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(a)	ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(a)
ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(b)(aa)	ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(b)(aa)
ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(b)(aa)(a)	ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(b)(bb)

**▼B**

Directive 66/400/EEC	This Directive
ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(b)(bb)	ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(b)(cc)
ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(b)(cc)	ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(b)(dd)
ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(c)	ANNEX I, part B, point (3)(c)
ANNEX II	ANNEX II
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(1)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(1)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(2)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(2)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(3)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(3)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(3a)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(4)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(4)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(5)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(5)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(6)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(6)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(7)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(7)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(8)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(8)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(9)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(9)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(10)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(10)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(11)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(11)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(12)
ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(12)	ANNEX III, part A, point (I)(13)
ANNEX III, part A, point (II)	ANNEX III, part A, point (II)
ANNEX III, part B	ANNEX III, part B
ANNEX IV	ANNEX IV
—	ANNEX V
—	ANNEX VI

(<sup>1</sup>) 98/95/EC, Article 9(2) and 98/96/EC, Article 8(2).

(<sup>2</sup>) 98/96/EC, Article 9.