



**Request for a preliminary ruling from the Corte suprema di cassazione (Italy) lodged on
20 September 2024 – Ambito territoriale di caccia Ancona 2 v Azienda Agricola Camarzano di RK**

(Case C-615/24, Ambito territoriale di caccia Ancona 2)

(C/2024/7307)

Language of the case: Italian

Referring court

Corte suprema di cassazione

Parties to the main proceedings

Appellant: Ambito territoriale di caccia Ancona 2

Respondent: Azienda Agricola Camarzano di RK

Questions referred

1. Must [Article 3 and Article 6(1) and (2)] of Regulation No 1408/2013, (¹) read together, be interpreted as precluding a Member State from providing for the grant of *de minimis* State aid for agriculture and granting it, during the first three years following the setting up of the databases at national level and, in any event, until such time as those databases have been fully and completely maintained, in the absence of a specific declaration by the applicant undertaking as to the amount and nature of other State aid received during the three-year fiscal period concerned?
2. In particular, during that period, does the issue of a self-certified declaration relating to any subsidies received in the previous three years constitute an essential precondition for the submission of the application for compensation and for there to be a right to receive State aid, or may such self-declaration lawfully take place only at the monitoring stage and, thus, after the State aid has been received?

(¹) Commission Regulation (EU) No 1408/2013 of 18 December 2013 on the application of Articles 107 and 108 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union to 'de minimis' aid in the agriculture sector (OJ 2013 L 352, p. 9).