# Judgment of the Court of First Instance of 12 July 2007 — CB v Commission

(Case T-266/03) (1)

(Competition — Agreements, decisions and concerted practices — Bankcards — Decision ordering an investigation — Article 14(3) of Regulation No 17 — Statement of reasons — Proportionality)

(2007/C 199/53)

Language of the case: French

#### **Parties**

Applicant: Groupement des cartes bancaires (CB) (Paris, France) (represented by: A. Georges and J. Ruiz Calzado, lawyers)

Defendant: Commission of the European Communities (represented by: initially T. Christoforou and O. Beynet and then by T. Christoforou and F. Arbault, Agents)

#### Re:

Firstly, action for the annulment of Commission Decision C(2003) 1524/9 of 7 May 2003 in Case COMP/D1/38.606 ordering Groupement des cartes bancaires and its subsidiaries to submit to an investigation under Article 14(3) of Council Regulation No 17: First Regulation implementing Articles [81] and [82] of the Treaty (OJ, English Special Edition, Series I Chapter 1959-1962, p. 87), as amended, and, secondly, action for the removal from the file of all documents and other evidence brought to the knowledge of the Commission during the investigation and for their return to the applicant

## Operative part of the judgment

The Court:

- 1. Dismisses the action;
- 2. Orders the applicant to pay the costs.

(1) OJ C 251, 18.10.2003.

Judgment of the Court of First Instance of 11 July 2007 — Stichting Al-Aqsa v Council

(Case T-327/03) (1)

(Common foreign and security policy — Restrictive measures against certain persons and entities with a view to combating terrorism — Freezing of funds — Action for annulment — Statement of reasons)

(2007/C 199/54)

Language of the case: English

### **Parties**

Applicant: Stichting Al-Aqsa (Heerlen — Netherlands) (represented by: V. Koppe and L. Janssen, lawyer)

Defendant: Council of the European Union (represented by: M. Bishop and S. Marquardt, Agents)

#### Re:

Annulment in part, first, of Council Decision 2003/480/EC of 27 June 2003 implementing Article 2(3) of Regulation (EC) No 2580/2001 on specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities with a view to combating terrorism and repealing Decision 2002/974/EC (OJ 2003 L 160, p. 81), and, second, of Council Decision 2003/646/EC of 12 September 2003 implementing Article 2(3) of Regulation No 2580/2001 and repealing Decision 2003/1480 (OJ 2003 L 229, p. 22).

## Operative part of the judgment

The Court:

- 1. Annuls Council Decision 2006/379/EC of 29 May 2006 implementing Article 2(3) of Regulation (EC) No 2580/2001 on specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities with a view to combating terrorism and repealing Decision 2005/930 in so far as it concerns Stichting Al-Aqsa;
- Declares that there is no need to rule on the claim for a declaration, pursuant to Article 241 EC, that Council Regulation No 2580/2001 of 27 December 2001 is unlawful;
- 3. Orders the Council to bear, in addition to its own costs, the costs of Stichting Al-Aqsa:
- 4. Orders the Kingdom of the Netherlands to pay its own costs.

(1) OJ C 289, 29.11.2003.

Judgment of the Court of First Instance of 11 July 2007 — Schneider Electric v Commission

(Case T-351/03) (1)

(Non-contractual liability of the Community — Loss sustained by an undertaking as a result of a sufficiently serious breach of Community law vitiating the control procedure relating to a merger's compatibility with the common market)

(2007/C 199/55)

Language of the case: French

#### **Parties**

Applicant: Schneider Electric SA (Rueil-Malmaison — France) (represented by: A. Winckler and M. Pittie, lawyers)