

Official Journal

of the European Union

L 147

English edition

Legislation

Volume 51

6 June 2008

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I

(Acts adopted under the EC Treaty/Euratom Treaty whose publication is obligatory)

REGULATIONS

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 500/2008**of 5 June 2008****establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1580/2007 of 21 December 2007 laying down implementing rules of Council Regulations (EC) No 2200/96, (EC) No 2201/96 and (EC) No 1182/2007 in the fruit and vegetable sector ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 138(1) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 1580/2007 lays down, pursuant to the outcome of the Uruguay Round multilateral trade negotiations, the criteria whereby the Commission fixes

the standard values for imports from third countries, in respect of the products and periods stipulated in the Annex thereto.

- (2) In compliance with the above criteria, the standard import values must be fixed at the levels set out in the Annex to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The standard import values referred to in Article 138 of Regulation (EC) No 1580/2007 shall be fixed as indicated in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 6 June 2008.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 June 2008.

For the Commission

Jean-Luc DEMARTY

*Director-General for Agriculture and
Rural Development*

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 350, 31.12.2007, p. 1.

ANNEX

to Commission Regulation of 5 June 2008 establishing the standard import values for determining the entry price of certain fruit and vegetables

(EUR/100 kg)

CN code	Third country code ⁽¹⁾	Standard import value
0702 00 00	MA	36,3
	MK	44,3
	TR	72,3
	ZZ	51,0
0707 00 05	TR	116,4
	ZZ	116,4
0709 90 70	TR	98,3
	ZZ	98,3
0805 50 10	AR	140,6
	TR	163,7
	US	135,2
	ZA	136,2
	ZZ	143,9
0808 10 80	AR	96,9
	BR	81,1
	CL	90,7
	CN	87,4
	MK	50,7
	NZ	108,4
	TR	85,9
	US	121,1
	UY	107,4
	ZA	81,7
	ZZ	91,1
0809 10 00	TR	193,3
	ZZ	193,3
0809 20 95	TR	408,0
	US	382,7
	ZZ	395,4

⁽¹⁾ Country nomenclature as fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1833/2006 (OJ L 354, 14.12.2006, p. 19). Code 'ZZ' stands for 'of other origin'.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 501/2008**of 5 June 2008****laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 on information provision and promotion measures for agricultural products on the internal market and in third countries**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 of 17 December 2007 on information provision and promotion measures for agricultural products on the internal market and in third countries ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Articles 4, 5, 9 and 15 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 provides that the Commission is to lay down the implementing rules for information and promotion programmes part-financed by the Community budget.
- (2) Taking account of experience gained, the prospects for market development both within and outside the Community and the new international trade situation, an overall, coherent information and promotion policy should be developed for agricultural products and their method of production, as well as for food products based on agricultural products, on the internal market and on third country markets, without encouraging the consumption of any product on grounds of its specific origin. In the interests of clarity, Commission Regulation (EC) No 1071/2005 of 1 July 2005 laying down detailed rules for applying Council Regulation (EC) No 2826/2000 on information and promotion actions for agricultural products on the internal market ⁽²⁾ and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1346/2005 of 16 August 2005 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 2702/1999 on measures to provide information on, and to promote, agricultural products in third countries ⁽³⁾ should

therefore be repealed and replaced by a single regulation, whilst maintaining, in separate chapters, the specific features of measures according to the market in which they are implemented.

- (3) In the interests of sound management, provision should be made for the drawing-up and regular updating of lists of themes, products and markets covered by information and promotion measures for agricultural products, the designation of the national authorities responsible for implementing this Regulation and the determination of the duration of the programmes.
- (4) In the interests of informing and protecting consumers, it should be specified that any message referring to the impact on health of a product passed on to consumers and other target groups under the programmes on the internal market must have a recognised scientific basis and that the sources of that information must be recognised.
- (5) In order to prevent any risk of distortion of competition, general and specific guidelines to be followed for products covered by information and promotion campaigns on the internal market should be drawn up, as should rules on the way the specific origin of products covered by information and promotion campaigns in third countries is to be referred to.
- (6) In the interests of legal certainty, it should be specified that the programmes proposed for the internal market must comply with the body of Community legislation on the products concerned and the marketing thereof and with the above guidelines.
- (7) In order to standardise the methods of selecting implementing bodies and programmes, in third countries the same rules should be applied to the measures to be carried out by the international organisations referred to in Article 6(2) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008. In the interests of legal certainty, the messages disseminated under programmes should comply with the legislation of the third countries targeted.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 3, 5.1.2008, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 179, 11.7.2005, p. 1. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1022/2006 (OJ L 184, 6.7.2006, p. 3).

⁽³⁾ OJ L 212, 17.8.2005, p. 16.

- (8) The procedure for submitting programmes and selecting the implementing body should be laid down to ensure the widest possible competition and the free movement of services, bearing in mind, where the proposing organisation is a public body, the provisions of Directive 2004/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on the coordination of procedures for the award of public works contracts, public supply contracts and public service contracts ⁽¹⁾.
- (9) Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 provides for the possibility for proposing organisations themselves to implement certain parts of programmes, select the implementing bodies at a later stage in the procedure, and maintain the Community contribution at a constant level not exceeding 50 % of the actual cost of each phase of the programme or 60 % in the case of the measures provided for in the fruit and vegetable sector aimed at children in schools in the Community. Detailed rules for the application of those provisions should be laid down.
- (10) Criteria governing the selection of programmes by the Member States and the examination of the selected programmes by the Commission should be established with a view to ensuring that the Community rules are complied with and that the measures to be implemented are effective. After examining the programmes, the Commission must decide which programmes are to be accepted and lay down the relevant budgets.
- (11) In the case of programmes aimed at third countries, to ensure that the Community measures are effective, the Member States must ensure that the programmes approved are consistent with, and complement, their national and regional programmes, and preferential criteria must be laid down for selecting programmes so as to optimise their impact.
- (12) In the case of programmes involving more than one Member State, provision should be made for measures to ensure that the Member States concerned cooperate in submitting and examining programmes.
- (13) In the interests of sound financial management, programmes should contain detailed rules on the financial contribution of Member States and proposing organisations.
- (14) To avoid the risk of duplication of financing, information and promotion measures on the internal market receiving support under Council Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005 of 20 September 2005 on support for rural development by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD) ⁽²⁾ should be excluded from support under Regulation (EC) No 3/2008.
- (15) The various arrangements for fulfilling the commitments entered into should be laid down in contracts to be concluded between the parties concerned and the competent national authorities within a reasonable time limit, using model contracts supplied to the Member States by the Commission.
- (16) To ensure the proper performance of such contracts, contractors should lodge a security equal to 15 % of the Community contribution and that of the Member States concerned in favour of the competent national authority. To the same end, a security should be lodged where an advance payment for each annual phase is applied for.
- (17) The checks to be carried out by the Member States should be determined.
- (18) It should be specified that the implementation of the measures covered by the contracts is to be a primary requirement within the meaning of Article 20 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2220/85 of 22 July 1985 laying down common detailed rules for the application of the system of securities for agricultural products ⁽³⁾.
- (19) To comply with budget management requirements, it is essential that a financial penalty be laid down for failure to submit intermediate payment applications on time and for late payment by Member States.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 134, 30.4.2004, p. 114. Directive as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 213/2008 (OJ L 74, 15.3.2008, p. 1).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 277, 21.10.2005, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 146/2008 (OJ L 46, 21.2.2008, p. 1).

⁽³⁾ OJ L 205, 3.8.1985, p. 5. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1913/2006 (OJ L 365, 21.12.2006, p. 52).

(20) In the interests of sound financial management and in order to avoid any risk of the payments to be made taking up the whole of the Community financial contribution and leaving no balance to pay, it should be laid down that advances and intermediate payments must not exceed 80 % of the total contribution from the Community and the Member States. To the same end, applications for payment of the balance must reach the competent national authorities within a specified time limit.

(21) The Member States should check all information and promotion material produced under the programmes. The terms for the use of such material after the end of the programmes should be laid down.

(22) In the light of experience and in order to monitor the proper implementation of the programmes, detailed rules should be laid down for the monitoring by the group set up to this end under Regulation (EC) No 3/2008.

(23) The Member States should check the implementation of the measures covered by this Regulation and the Commission should be kept informed of the results of the checks provided for by this Regulation. In the interests of sound financial management, provision should be made for cooperation between the Member States concerned where measures are implemented in a Member State other than the one in which the competent contracting authority is established.

(24) To protect the Community's financial interests effectively, appropriate measures should be adopted to combat fraud and gross negligence. Reimbursements and penalties should be introduced to this end.

(25) It should be clearly laid down that, in the case of multi-annual programmes, an internal evaluation report should be submitted on completion of each annual phase, even where no payment request has been made.

(26) The interest rate payable by the beneficiary of a wrongful payment should be aligned on the interest rate for amounts receivable not repaid on the due date, as referred to in Article 86 of Commission Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2342/2002 of 23 December 2002 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002 on

the Financial Regulation applicable to the general budget of the European Communities ⁽¹⁾.

(27) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for the Common Organisation of Agricultural Markets,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

CHAPTER I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

Purpose and definition

1. This Regulation lays down detailed rules for applying Regulation (EC) No 3/2008, in particular as regards the drawing-up, selection, implementation, financing and checking of the programmes referred to in Article 6 of that Regulation.

2. 'Programme' means a coherent set of operations of a scope that is sufficient to contribute towards improving information about, and sales of, the products concerned.

Article 2

Designation of the competent authorities

The Member States shall designate the competent authorities responsible for implementing this Regulation (hereinafter referred to as 'competent national authorities').

They shall notify the Commission of the name and full details of the authorities designated and any changes thereto.

The Commission shall place that information in the public domain in an appropriate form.

Article 3

Duration of programmes

Programmes shall be implemented over a period of at least one year but not more than three years from the date on which the relevant contract takes effect, as referred to in Article 16(1).

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 357, 31.12.2002, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 478/2007 (OJ L 111, 28.4.2007, p. 13).

*Article 4***Characteristics of information and promotion messages for programmes aimed at the internal market**

1. In compliance with the criteria set out in Article 3(1) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008, all information and/or promotion messages passed on to consumers and other target groups under programmes (hereinafter referred to as 'the message') shall be based on the intrinsic qualities of the product concerned or its characteristics.
2. Any reference to the origin of products shall be secondary to the central message of a campaign. However, the origin of a product may be indicated as part of an information or promotion operation in the case of a designation under Community rules or a typical product needed to illustrate the information or promotion measures.
3. Any reference in messages to be disseminated to the effects on health of consuming the products concerned shall be based on generally accepted scientific data.

Messages referring to such effects must be acceptable to the national authority responsible for public health.

A trade or inter-trade organisation as referred to in Article 6(1) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 which proposes a programme shall keep a list available for the Member State concerned and the Commission of the scientific studies and the opinions of authorised scientific institutions on which the messages in the programme referring to effects on health are based.

*Article 5***Characteristics of information and promotion messages for programmes aimed at third countries**

1. All messages shall be based on the intrinsic qualities of the product concerned or its characteristics.

These messages must comply with the legislation applicable in the third countries at which they are targeted.

2. Any reference to the origin of products shall be secondary to the central message of a campaign. However, the origin of a product may be indicated as part of an information or promotion operation in the case of a designation under Community rules or a typical product needed to illustrate the information or promotion measures.

*Article 6***Purpose of the measures to be carried out and indicative budgets**

1. The list of themes and products that may be covered by measures to be implemented on the internal market, in accordance with Article 3(1) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008, is set out in Part A of Annex I to this Regulation.

It shall be updated every two years, not later than 31 March.

2. The list of products that may be covered by measures to be implemented in third countries, in accordance with Article 3(2) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008, is set out in Part A of Annex II to this Regulation. The list of third country markets on which those measures may be carried out is set out in Part B of Annex II.

They shall be updated every two years, not later than 31 December.

3. The indicative annual budgets for the various sectors are set out in Annex III.

CHAPTER II

SELECTION OF PROGRAMMES REFERRED TO IN ARTICLES 6 TO 8 OF REGULATION (EC) No 3/2008*Article 7***Programmes aimed at third countries in collaboration with international organisations**

1. Where Article 6(2) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 applies, the international organisations referred to in that Article must submit, on request by the Commission, proposals for the programmes scheduled for the following year.

The conditions for the grant and payment of the Community contribution referred to in Article 13(4) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 shall be governed by an assistance agreement concluded between the Community and the international organisation concerned.

2. Directive 2004/18/EC shall apply where measures are implemented by the international organisations referred to in Article 6(2) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008.

*Article 8***Submission of programmes**

1. For the purpose of implementing the operations under programmes, the Member State concerned shall publish a call for proposals each year.

No later than 30 November each year in the case of the internal market and no later than 31 March each year in the case of third countries, the trade and inter-trade organisations in the Community which are representative of the sectors concerned (hereinafter referred to as 'proposing organisations') shall submit their programmes to the Member State.

Programmes shall be submitted in a form prescribed by the Commission and be available on its website. This format shall be attached to the calls for proposals referred to in the first subparagraph.

2. The programmes submitted in accordance with paragraph 1 shall:

- (a) comply with Community rules governing the products concerned and their marketing;
- (b) comply with the specifications stipulating exclusion, selection and award criteria distributed to that end by the Member States concerned;
- (c) contain sufficient detail to enable their compliance with the applicable rules and their cost/benefit ratio to be evaluated.

3. For the purposes of implementing its programmes, each proposing organisation shall select one or more implementing bodies by an appropriate competitive procedure validated by the Member State concerned. Where this selection has been made before the programme is submitted, the implementing body may take part in drawing up the programme.

*Article 9***Pre-selection of programmes by Member States**

1. The Member States shall draw up a provisional list of the programmes they select on the basis of the criteria laid down in the specifications referred to in Article 8(2)(b).

2. The Member States shall check programmes aimed at third countries in particular against the following criteria:

- (a) consistency between the strategies proposed and the objectives set;

(b) the quality of the proposed measures;

(c) their likely impact in increasing demand for the products concerned;

(d) assurances that the proposing organisations are effective and representative;

(e) the technical capacities of the proposed implementing body and assurances that it is effective.

3. In addition to the requirements laid down in Article 8 and this Article, programmes aimed at the internal market shall comply with the guidelines for promotion on the internal market referred to in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 and set out in Part B of Annex I to this Regulation.

4. Where a programme involving more than one Member State is planned, the Member States concerned shall jointly select the programme and nominate a coordinating Member State. They shall undertake to contribute to the financing of the programmes in accordance with Article 14(2) and agree on administrative collaboration procedures to facilitate the monitoring, implementation and checking of the programmes.

5. In the case of programmes aimed at third countries, the individual Member States shall ensure that any national or regional measures they undertake are in agreement with measures part-financed under Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 and that the programmes submitted complement national and regional campaigns.

*Article 10***Priority in selecting programmes aimed at third countries**

1. Among the programmes referred to in Article 6(1) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 submitted by several Member States, preference shall be given, in the case of programmes aimed at third countries, to those covering a group of products and placing particular emphasis on quality, nutritional value and food safety aspects of Community production.

2. In the case of programmes involving a single Member State or a single product, preference shall be given to those that emphasise the Community interest in particular in terms of the quality, nutritional value, safety and representativeness of European agricultural and food production.

*Article 11***Selection of programmes by the Commission**

1. No later than 15 February of each year in the case of the internal market and no later than 30 June of each year in the case of third countries, the Member States shall send the Commission the list referred to in Article 9(1) including, where applicable, the list of implementing bodies which they have selected, where these have already been selected in accordance with Article 8(3), and a copy of each programme.

In the case of programmes involving more than one Member State, this notification shall be made by common accord of the Member States concerned.

2. The Commission shall inform the Member States concerned if it finds that all or part of a programme submitted does not comply with:

- (a) the Community rules; or
- (b) the guidelines, in the case of the internal market; or
- (c) the criteria referred to in Article 9(2), in the case of third countries.

The information referred to in the first subparagraph shall be communicated within 60 calendar days of receipt of the list referred to in Article 9(1).

3. In accordance with the third subparagraph of Article 7(2) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008, the Member States shall send their amended programmes to the Commission within 30 calendar days of receiving the information referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article.

After checking the amended programmes the Commission shall decide, no later than 30 June in the case of the internal market and no later than 30 November in the case of third countries, which programmes it may part-finance in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 16(2) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008.

4. The proposing organisation(s) shall be responsible for the proper implementation and management of the programmes selected.

*Article 12***Approval of implementing bodies by the Member State**

1. The implementing body selected in accordance with Article 8(3) shall be approved by the Member State, which shall inform the Commission thereof before the contract referred to in Article 16(1) is signed.

2. The Member State shall check that the implementing body selected has the necessary financial and technical resources to ensure that the measures are implemented in the most effective manner in accordance with Article 11(3) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008. It shall inform the Commission of the procedure followed to this end.

*Article 13***Implementation of certain parts of a programme by the proposing organisation**

1. A proposing organisation may implement certain parts of a programme in accordance with Article 11(2) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 subject to the following conditions:

- (a) the proposing organisation meets the requirements set out in Article 11(3) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008;
- (b) the proposing organisation has at least five years' experience of implementing such measures;
- (c) the part of the programme carried out by the proposing organisation accounts for no more than 50 % of its total cost, except in duly justified cases and after the Commission has given its written authorisation;
- (d) the proposing organisation ensures that the cost of the measure which it plans to carry out itself is not in excess of the normal market rates.

The Member State shall check that these conditions are met.

2. Where the proposing organisation is a body governed by public law within the meaning of the second subparagraph of Article 1(9) of Directive 2004/18/EC, the Member States shall take measures as necessary to ensure that the authorities awarding contracts enforce the provisions of that Directive.

CHAPTER III

FINANCING OF PROGRAMMES

Article 14

General financing rules

1. The Community's financial contribution shall be paid to the Member States concerned.

2. Where several Member States contribute to the financing of a programme, their shares shall complement the financial contributions of each of the proposing organisations established in their respective territories. In such cases, Community financing shall not exceed the limits referred to in Article 13(2) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008.

3. Details of the financial contributions provided for in Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 shall be given in the programme communicated to the Commission.

Article 15

Special rules for the internal market

1. Where Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 applies, the procedure provided for in Article 11(1), (2) and (3) and Articles 14 to 23 of this Regulation shall apply.

In the case of the programmes provided for in Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008, the contracts shall be concluded between the Member States concerned and the implementing bodies selected.

2. Information and promotion operations receiving support under Council Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005 shall not be eligible for a Community financial contribution under this Regulation.

Article 16

Conclusion of contracts and provision of securities

1. As soon as the Commission adopts the decision referred to in Article 11(3), the proposing organisations concerned shall be informed by the Member States whether or not their applications have been accepted.

The Member States shall conclude contracts with the selected proposing organisations within 90 calendar days of notification

of the Commission decision referred to in Article 11(3). Beyond that deadline, no contracts may be concluded without prior authorisation from the Commission.

2. The Member States shall use the model contracts provided by the Commission.

Where appropriate, the Member States may amend certain terms in the model contracts in line with national rules, provided that this does not infringe Community legislation.

3. Contracts may not be concluded by the two parties until a security equal to 15 % of the maximum annual financial contribution from the Community and the Member States concerned has been lodged in favour of the Member State by the proposing organisation in accordance with Title III of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2220/85 in order to ensure satisfactory performance of the contract.

However, if the contracting organisation is a body governed by public law or acts under the supervision of such a body, the competent national authority may accept a written guarantee from the supervisory body covering the percentage specified in the first subparagraph, provided that the supervisory body undertakes to verify that:

(a) the obligations entered into are properly discharged; and

(b) the sums received are used properly to discharge the obligations entered into.

Proof that the performance security has been lodged must reach the Member State within the time limit laid down in paragraph 1.

4. The primary requirement within the meaning of Article 20 of Regulation (EEC) No 2220/85 shall be implementation of the measures provided for in the contract.

5. The Member State shall immediately send the Commission a copy of the contract and proof that the performance security has been lodged.

It shall also send a copy of the contract concluded by the selected proposing organisation with the implementing body. That contract shall contain the provision that the implementing body must submit to the checks provided for in Article 25.

Article 17

Arrangements for the payment of advances

1. Within 30 calendar days of the contract referred to in Article 16(1) being signed and, in the case of multiannual programmes, within 30 days of the beginning of each 12-month period, the contracting organisation may submit an application for an advance payment to the Member State concerned, together with the security provided for in paragraph 3 of this Article. Beyond that date, no applications for an advance may be made.

Each advance payment shall amount to no more than 30 % of the annual contribution from the Community and the Member State(s) concerned, as referred to in Article 13(2) and (3) respectively of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008.

2. The Member State shall pay an advance within 30 calendar days of submission of the application for advance payment. Except in cases of *force majeure*, where the payments are made late the amount of the monthly advance paid by the Commission to the Member State shall be reduced in accordance with Article 9 of Commission Regulation (EC) No 883/2006 ⁽¹⁾.

3. The advance shall be paid on condition that the contracting organisation lodges a security equal to 110 % of that advance in favour of the Member State in accordance with Title III of Regulation (EEC) No 2220/85. The Member State shall immediately forward to the Commission a copy of each application for an advance payment and proof that the corresponding security has been lodged.

However, if the contracting organisation is a body governed by public law or acts under the supervision of such a body, the competent national authority may accept a written guarantee from the supervisory body covering the percentage specified in the first subparagraph, provided the supervisory body undertakes to pay the amount covered by its guarantee if entitlement to the advance as paid is not established.

Article 18

Intermediate payments

1. Applications for intermediate payments of the Community and Member State contributions shall be submitted by the proposing organisations to the Member States before the end of the calendar month following the month in which each period of three months calculated from the date of signing of the contract referred to in Article 16(1) expires.

Such applications shall cover the payments made during the three-month period concerned and shall be accompanied by a

summary financial statement, copies of the relevant invoices and supporting documents and an interim report on the implementation of the contract during the quarter concerned (hereinafter referred to as 'three-monthly report'). Where no payment has been made or no activities have been carried out during the three-month period concerned, these documents shall be sent to the competent national authority within the deadline referred to in the first subparagraph.

Except in cases of *force majeure*, where an application for intermediate payment accompanied by the documents referred to in the second subparagraph is submitted late, the payment shall be reduced by 3 % for each whole month by which it is overdue.

2. The intermediate payments shall be paid only on condition that the Member State has checked the documents referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 1.

3. Intermediate payments and the advance payments referred to in Article 17 taken together may not exceed 80 % of the total annual financial contribution from the Community and the Member States concerned referred to in Article 13(2) and (3) respectively of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008. Once that level is reached, no new intermediate payment applications may be submitted.

Article 19

Payment of the balance

1. Applications for payment of the balance shall be submitted by the proposing organisation to the Member State within four months of completion of the annual measures covered by the contract referred to in Article 16(1).

To be considered admissible, the application shall be accompanied by a report (hereinafter referred to as 'annual report') comprising:

- (a) a summary of the work carried out and an evaluation of the results obtained, as can be ascertained at the date of the report;
- (b) a summary financial statement showing all expenditure scheduled and incurred.

The annual report shall be accompanied by copies of the invoices and supporting documents relating to the payments made.

Except in cases of *force majeure*, where an application for payment of the balance is submitted late, the balance shall be reduced by 3 % for each month by which it is overdue.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 171, 23.6.2006, p. 1.

2. The balance shall be paid only on condition that the Member State has checked the invoices and documents referred to in the third subparagraph of paragraph 1.

Where the primary requirement referred to in Article 16(4) is not satisfied in full, the balance payable shall be reduced proportionately.

Article 20

Payments by the Member State

Member States shall make the payments referred to in Articles 18 and 19 within 60 calendar days of receipt of the application for payment.

However, this deadline may be suspended at any time in the 60-day period after the payment application is first registered by notifying the creditor contracting organisation that its application is not admissible, either because the sum is not payable, or because the application is not supported by the requisite evidence for all the additional applications, or because the Member State deems it necessary to have further information or to undertake checks. The payment period shall start running again from the date of receipt of the information requested or the date of the checks undertaken by the Member State, which must be forwarded or undertaken, as the case may be, within 30 calendar days of the notification.

Except in cases of *force majeure*, where the payments are made late the amount of the monthly advance paid by the Commission to the Member State shall be reduced in accordance with Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 883/2006.

Article 21

Securities

1. The security referred to in Article 17(3) shall be released on condition that definitive entitlement to the advance as paid has been established by the Member State concerned.

2. The security referred to in Article 16(3) must remain valid until the balance is paid and shall be released by means of a letter of discharge issued by the competent national authority.

The security shall be released within the time limit and on the terms laid down in Article 20 for payment of the balance.

3. Any securities forfeited and penalties imposed shall be deducted from the expenditure part-financed by the Community and declared to the European Agricultural Guarantee Fund (EAGF).

Article 22

Documents to be submitted to the Commission

1. The annual report shall be submitted after completion of each annual phase even where no application for payment of the balance is lodged.

2. Within 30 calendar days following payment of the balance referred to in Article 19(2), the Member State shall send the Commission the summary statements referred to in points (a) and (b) of the second subparagraph of Article 19(1).

3. The Member State shall send the Commission twice a year the quarterly reports required for intermediate payments in accordance with Article 18.

The first and second quarterly reports shall be sent within 60 calendar days of receipt of the second quarterly report by the Member State and the third and fourth quarterly reports together with the summary statements referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article.

The annual report for the previous year may include the quarterly report concerning the fourth quarter.

4. Within 30 calendar days following payment of the balance, the Member State shall send the Commission a financial statement detailing the expenditure incurred under the contract, presented in a format prescribed by the Commission and sent to the Member States. The statement shall be accompanied by the Member State's reasoned opinion on the implementation of the tasks set for the phase just ended.

The statement shall also certify that, in the light of checks carried out in accordance with Articles 18(2) and 19(2), all the expenditure may be considered eligible under the terms of the contract.

CHAPTER IV

MONITORING AND CONTROL

Article 23

Use of material

1. The Member States shall check that the information and promotion material produced and used under the programmes financed under this Regulation complies with the Community rules.

They shall send the Commission a list of material approved.

2. The material produced and financed under a programme as referred to in paragraph 1, including graphic, visual and audiovisual works and websites, may be used subsequently provided that prior written authorisation is obtained from the Commission, the proposing organisations concerned and the Member States which contribute financially to the programme, account being taken of the contractors' rights under the national law governing the contract.

Article 24

Monitoring of programmes

1. The Monitoring Group provided for in Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008 shall meet regularly to monitor progress in implementation of the various programmes in receipt of financing under this Regulation.

To that end, the Monitoring Group shall be informed of the timetable for the planned measures under each programme, the quarterly and annual reports and the results of the checks carried out in accordance with Articles 18, 19 and 25 of this Regulation.

The Group shall be chaired by a representative of the Member State concerned. Where programmes involve more than one Member State, it shall be chaired by a representative designated by the Member States concerned.

2. Commission officials and other staff may take part in activities organised under a programme in receipt of financing under this Regulation.

Article 25

Checks by the Member States

1. The Member State concerned shall determine the most appropriate means of checking the programmes and measures covered by financing under this Regulation and shall notify the Commission thereof.

The checks described shall be undertaken each year on at least 20 % of the programmes completed in the previous year, covering a minimum of two programmes, and shall relate to at least 20 % of the total budget of the programmes completed during the previous year. The selection of programmes for sampling shall be based on a risk analysis.

The Member State shall send the Commission a report on each programme checked, describing the results of the checks carried

out and the anomalies detected. The report shall be sent as soon as it has been finalised.

2. In particular by means of technical and accounting checks at the premises of the contracting organisation and the implementing body, the Member States shall take the steps necessary to verify that:

- (a) the information and supporting documents supplied are accurate; and
- (b) all the obligations laid down in the contract referred to in Article 16(1) have been fulfilled.

Without prejudice to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1848/2006 ⁽¹⁾, the Member States shall inform the Commission at the earliest opportunity of any irregularities detected during checks.

3. In the case of programmes involving more than one Member State, the Member States concerned shall take the necessary steps to coordinate their checks and shall inform the Commission thereof.

4. The Commission may take part at any time in the checks provided for in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3. To that end, the competent national authorities in the Member States shall send the Commission, at least 30 days prior to the checks, a provisional schedule of the checks to be carried out by the Member State.

The Commission may carry out any additional checks it considers necessary.

Article 26

Recovery of undue payments

1. In cases of undue payment, the beneficiary shall reimburse the amounts in question plus interest for the period between payment and the reimbursement by the beneficiary.

The interest rate to be used shall be laid down in accordance with Article 86(2)(b) of Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2342/2002.

2. Amounts recovered and the relevant interest shall be paid to the Member States' paying agencies or departments and deducted by them from the expenditure financed by the EAGF in proportion to the Community financial contribution.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 355, 15.12.2006, p. 56.

*Article 27***Penalties**

1. In the case of fraud or gross negligence, the proposing organisation shall repay twice the difference between the amount initially paid and the amount actually due.

2. Subject to Article 6 of Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 ⁽¹⁾, the reductions under this Regulation shall be without prejudice to additional penalties pursuant to other provisions under Community or national law.

CHAPTER V

REPEAL, TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS*Article 28***Repeal**

Regulations (EC) Nos 1071/2005 and 1346/2005 are hereby repealed.

However, the repealed Regulations shall continue to apply to information and promotion programmes for which funding is decided on by the Commission before the entry into force of this Regulation.

References to the repealed Regulations shall be construed as references to this Regulation and shall be read in accordance with the correlation table in Annex IV.

*Article 29***Entry into force**

This Regulation shall enter into force on the seventh day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 June 2008.

For the Commission
Mariann FISCHER BOEL
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 312, 23.12.1995, p. 1.

ANNEX I

INTERNAL MARKET

A. LIST OF THEMES AND PRODUCTS

- Fresh fruit and vegetables
- Processed fruit and vegetables
- Fibre flax
- Live plants and products of ornamental horticulture
- Olive oil and table olives
- Seed oils
- Milk and milk products
- Fresh, chilled or frozen meat, produced in accordance with a Community or a national quality scheme
- Marking of eggs for human consumption
- Honey and beekeeping products
- Quality wines produced in a specified region (psr), table wines with a geographical indication
- Graphic symbol for the outermost regions as laid down in agricultural legislation
- Protected designation/s of origin (PDO), protected geographical indication/s (PGI) or traditional speciality/ies guaranteed (TSG) in accordance with Council Regulations (EC) No 509/2006 ⁽¹⁾ or (EC) No 510/2006 ⁽²⁾ and products registered under these schemes
- Organic farming in accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 2092/91 ⁽³⁾ and products registered according to that Regulation
- Poultrymeat

B. GUIDELINES

These guidelines suggest which messages, target groups and channels should be central to the information or promotion programmes for the different product categories.

Without prejudice to the priorities presented in Article 8(1) of Regulation (EC) No 3/2008, programme proposals should in general be prepared taking into account the following principles:

- when programmes are proposed by more than one Member State they should have coordinated strategies, actions and messages,
- programmes should preferably be multiannual and with a sufficient scope to have a significant impact on the targeted markets. Where appropriate, they may be implemented on the markets of more than one Member State,
- the messages of the programmes should provide objective information about the intrinsic characteristics and/or nutritional value of the products as part of a balanced diet, about their production methods or how environmentally friendly they are,
- programmes should have key messages which are of interest to the consumers, professionals and/or the trade of several Member States.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 93, 31.3.2006, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 93, 31.3.2006, p. 12.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 198, 22.7.1991, p. 1.

FRESH FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

1. Overview of the situation

While the Community production of fruit and vegetables is increasing, consumption is on the whole static.

There is a noticeable lack of interest among consumers, which is even stronger amongst the young, notably children and adolescents in educational establishments. This is not conducive to a balanced diet.

2. Goals

The aims are to improve the image of the products as being 'fresh' and 'natural', encourage their regular consumption and bring down the average age of consumers. The latter may be attained by encouraging young people, and in particular children and adolescents in educational establishments, to consume the products concerned.

3. Target groups

- Households
- Children in educational establishments
- Mass caterers
- Doctors and nutritionists

4. Main messages

- To promote a 'five-a-day'-type approach (recommendation to eat at least five servings of fruit or vegetable per day). This approach should be favoured in the case of promotion of fresh fruit and vegetables specifically targeting children and adolescents in educational establishments
- The products are natural and fresh
- Quality (safety, nutritional value and taste, production methods, environmental protection, link with the product's origin)
- Enjoyment
- Balanced diet
- Variety and seasonal nature of the supply of fresh products; information on their tastes and uses
- Traceability
- Accessibility and ease of preparation: many fresh fruit and vegetables require no cooking

5. Main channels

- Electronic channels (Internet sites presenting available products, with online games for young people)
- Telephone information lines
- PR contacts with the media and advertising (e.g. specialised journals, women's press, youth magazines and papers)
- Contacts with doctors and nutritionists
- Educational measures targeting children and adolescents in educational establishments by involving teachers and school canteen managers
- Point-of-sale information actions to consumers
- Other channels (leaflets and brochures with information on the products and recipes, children's games, etc.)
- Visual media (cinema, specialised TV channels)
- Radio spots
- Participation in trade fairs

6. Duration of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months, giving priority to multiannual programmes that set objectives for each phase.

PROCESSED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

1. Overview of the situation

The sector faces increasing competition from several third countries.

As demand is gradually increasing, in particular because of the ease of consumption of these products, it is important for the Community industry to be able to benefit from this potential. Therefore support for information and promotion actions is justified.

2. Goals

The image of the product needs to be modernised and made more youthful, giving the information needed to encourage consumption.

3. Target groups

- Households
- Mass caterers and school canteens
- Doctors and nutritionists

4. Main messages

- Quality (safety, nutritional value and taste, preparation methods)
- Ease of use
- Enjoyment
- Variety of supply and availability throughout the year
- Balanced diet
- Traceability

5. Main channels

- Electronic (Internet sites)
- Telephone information lines
- PR contacts with the media and advertising (e.g. specialised journals, women's press, culinary and trade press),
- Demonstrations at points of sale
- Contacts with doctors and nutritionists
- Other channels (leaflets and brochures featuring products and recipes)
- Visual media
- Participation in trade fairs

6. Duration of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months, giving priority to multiannual programmes that set objectives for each phase.

FIBRE FLAX

1. Overview of the situation

The liberalisation of international trade in textiles and clothing has brought Community flax into sharp competition with flax from outside the Community offered at very attractive prices. It is also in competition with other fibres. At the same time, consumption of fibre flax is tending to stagnate.

2. Goals

- To develop the image and reputation of Community flax and to capitalise on its distinctive qualities
- To increase consumption of this product
- To inform consumers about the characteristics of new products placed on the market

3. Target groups

- Leading professionals in the sector (stylists, designers, makers, editors)
- Distributors
- Textiles, fashion and interior design educational establishments (teachers and students)
- Opinion leaders
- Consumers

4. Main messages

- The quality of the product comes from the conditions in which the raw material is produced, the use of suitable varieties and the know-how brought to bear all along the production chain
- Community flax offers a wide range of products (clothing, decoration, household linen) and a wealth of creativity and innovation

5. Main channels

- Electronic channels (Internet sites)
- Trade shows and fairs
- Information measures targeting users downstream (designers, makers, distributors, editors)
- Information at points of sale
- Relations with the specialist press
- Educational information measures in fashion colleges, textile engineering courses, etc.

6. Duration of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months, giving priority to multiannual programmes that set objectives for each phase.

LIVE PLANTS AND ORNAMENTAL HORTICULTURE PRODUCTS

1. Overview of the situation

The supply situation of the sector is characterised by increasing competition between products from the Community and products from third countries.

The evaluation studies of the promotion campaigns carried out between 1997 and 2000 suggest that, in order to facilitate the sale of Community production within the Community, the whole chain from producer to distributor needs to be better organised and rationalised, and consumers should be better informed about the intrinsic qualities and varieties of Community products.

2. Goals

- To increase the consumption of flowers and plants of Community origin
- To encourage practices which benefit the environment and increase knowledge about environmentally friendly production methods
- To strengthen the partnership between professionals from several Member States, allowing, among other things, the most advanced knowledge in the sector to be shared, and to better inform all participants in the production chain.

3. Target groups

- Producers, nurseries, distributors and other operators in the sector
- Students and schoolchildren
- Opinion multipliers: journalists, teachers
- Consumers

4. Main messages

- Information on the quality and variety of Community products
- Environmentally friendly production methods
- Techniques for producing more durable products

- An optimum mix of varieties of plants and flowers
- The role of plants and flowers in well-being and quality of life

5. Main channels

- Media contacts
- Fairs and exhibitions: stands representing products of several Member States
- Training measures for professionals, consumers and students
- Actions for sharing knowledge about greater product durability
- Consumer information measures through the press, and also through initiatives such as catalogue publishing, gardener's calendars and possibly 'plant of the month' campaigns
- Increased use of electronic media (Internet, CD-ROM, etc.)

6. Duration of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months, giving priority to multiannual programmes presenting a strategy and properly justified objectives for each phase.

OLIVE OIL AND TABLE OLIVES

1. Overview of the situation

While the supply of olive oil and table olives is on the increase, the outlets on the internal and international markets are important to safeguard the Community market equilibrium. The situation at the level of demand for these products varies widely between traditional consumer markets and those where they are a relatively new phenomenon.

In the 'traditional consumer' Member States (Spain, Italy, Greece and Portugal), the products concerned are generally well known and consumption is high. These are mature markets where the prospects for any overall increase in demand are limited, but taking into account their current share of the consumption of olive oil they continue to be of great interest to the sector.

In the 'new consumer' Member States, per capita consumption has progressed but is still substantially lower (in the Community as constituted on 30 April 2004) or marginal (in the majority of the new Member States which joined on 1 May 2004). Many consumers are not aware of the qualities or of the various uses of olive oil and table olives. This is thus a market with scope for increasing demand.

2. Goals

- As a priority: to increase consumption in the 'new consumer' Member States by increasing market penetration, and to increase consumption by diversifying the use of these products and by providing necessary information
- To consolidate and develop consumption in the 'traditional consumer' Member States by improving information to consumers about lesser-known aspects and getting young people into the habit of buying the products

3. Target groups

- Persons responsible for purchases: in the case of 'traditional consumer' Member States mainly those between 20 and 40 years of age
- Opinion leaders (food critics, chefs, restaurants, journalists) and general and specialised press (gastronomy, women's, various lifestyle magazines)
- Medical and paramedical press
- Distributors (in the 'new consumer' Member States)

4. Main messages

- The gastronomic qualities and organoleptic characteristics of virgin olive oil (flavour, colour, taste) have nuances connected with the varieties, production areas, harvests, PDOs/PGIs, etc. This diversity offers a wide range of culinary sensations and possibilities
- The different categories of olive oil

- Olive oil, due to its nutritional qualities, is a major element in a healthy and balanced diet: it succeeds in combining culinary pleasures with the requirements of a balanced and healthy diet
- Information on the rules concerning control, certification of quality and of labelling of olive oils
- Information on all olive oils and/or table olives registered as PDOs/PGIs throughout the Community
- Table olives constitute a healthy and natural product, adapted both for a user-friendly consumption and for the preparation of elaborate dishes
- Varietal characteristics of table olives

More specifically in the 'new consumer' Member States:

- Olive oil, and in particular the extra virgin category, is a natural product, resulting from tradition and ancient know-how, which is appropriate for a modern cooking style emphasising flavour; it can easily be associated with both Mediterranean cuisine and with any contemporary cooking
- Advice concerning use

More specifically in the 'traditional consumer' Member States:

- the advantages of purchase of bottled olive oil (with labelling containing useful information to the consumer),
- modernisation of the image of a product with a long history and a major cultural dimension.

Without prejudice to Article 4(3), information on the nutritional qualities of olive oil and table olives must be based on generally accepted scientific data and fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2000/13/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾.

5. Main channels

- Internet and other electronic means (e.g. CD-ROM, DVD)
- Promotion at points of sale (tasting, recipes, information)
- Press relations and public relations (events, participation in consumer fairs, etc.)
- Publicity (or publicity editorials) in the press (general, women's, gastronomy, lifestyle)
- Joint actions with the medical and paramedical profession (public relations in medical circles)
- Audiovisual media (TV and radio)
- Participation in trade fairs

6. Duration and scope of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months, giving priority to multiannual programmes, presenting for each phase a strategy and duly justified objectives.

Priority will be given to programmes to be implemented in at least two 'new consumer' Member States.

SEED OILS

In this sector, programmes concentrating on rapeseed oil or presenting the characteristics of different seed oils will be given priority.

A. RAPESEED OIL

1. Overview of the situation

Following the reform of the common agricultural policy, rapeseed production does not receive any specific support and has to become market-oriented. With increased possibilities for production and as an alternative to cereal crops, which are characterised by structural overproduction, promotion of rapeseed oil will contribute to the balance in the arable crops market and the consumption of different vegetable oils in the Community. The Community is currently a net exporter of rapeseed oil.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 109, 6.5.2000, p. 29.

During the past decades rape varieties with valuable nutritional characteristics have been developed. This has resulted in improved quality. New products such as cold-pressed rapeseed oils with a particular nutty taste have been developed.

The nutritional value of rapeseed oil has been the subject of worldwide research with results confirming the beneficial dietary and physiological characteristics of the product. General practitioners, nutritionists and consumers should be informed about these latest research results.

2. Goals

- To improve awareness of the characteristics of rapeseed oil and recent developments
- To increase consumption by informing consumers and the medical and paramedical professions about the use and nutritional value of rapeseed oil

3. Target groups

- Households, in particular persons responsible for purchases
- Opinion leaders (journalists, chefs, medical and nutritional professions)
- Distributors
- Medical and paramedical press
- Agri-food industry

4. Main messages

- The nutritional value of rapeseed oil makes it an important part of a balanced and healthy diet
- The beneficial fatty acids composition of rapeseed oil
- Advice for use
- Information on the evolution of the product and its varieties

Without prejudice to Article 4(3), information on the nutritional qualities of rapeseed oil must be based on generally accepted scientific data and fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2000/13/EC.

5. Main channels

- Promotion at points of sale (tasting, recipes, information)
- Publicity (or publicity editorials) in the press (general, women's, gastronomy, lifestyle)
- Public relations (events, participation in food fairs)
- Joint actions taken with the medical and paramedical profession
- Joint actions with restaurants, the catering business and chefs
- The Internet

6. Duration of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months.

B. SUNFLOWER OIL

Programmes for sunflower oil will be given priority only if and when justified by market conditions.

1. Overview of the situation

Over 2 million ha in the Community are used to grow sunflowers, and production of sunflower seeds exceeds 3,5 million tonnes per year. Sunflower oil consumed in the Community has mainly been produced from seeds grown in the Community. However, the decline in crushing will reduce EU sunflower oil production during the 2004/2005 marketing year. As world prices are on the increase and shortages of supply are possible, priority is not given to programmes concentrating on sunflower oil alone. It can, nevertheless, be included in programmes covering different seed oils of Community origin.

Sunflower oil as a product has particular advantages for certain uses such as frying. It is also high in unsaturated fatty acids and rich in vitamin E. The purpose of campaigns is to inform consumers and traders/distributors about the different uses, types and characteristics of sunflower oil, and about the Community legislation concerning its quality. The campaigns should be designed so as to give objective information.

2. Goals

To inform consumers and the trade operators about the following:

- different uses of sunflower oil, its characteristics and nutritional value,
- legislation and standards governing quality rules on labelling.

3. Target groups

- Households, in particular persons responsible for purchases
- Opinion leaders (journalists, chefs, medical and nutritional professions)
- Distributors
- Agri-food industry

4. Main messages

The main messages of the programmes should provide information on the following:

- benefits of the appropriate use of sunflower oil. For example, oil produced from sunflower seeds has a higher vitamin E content than other vegetable oils. Sunflower oil is well known for its light taste and frying performance,
- legislation and standards governing the quality of sunflower oil,
- fatty acids composition and nutritional value of sunflower oil,
- results of scientific research and technical development of sunflower oil and other vegetable oils.

Without prejudice to Article 4(3), information on the nutritional qualities of sunflower oil must be based on generally accepted scientific data and fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2000/13/EC.

5. Main channels

- Distribution of information materials at points of sale (POS and to the trade)
- Publicity (or publicity editorials) in the press (general, women's, gastronomy, lifestyle)
- Public relations (events, participation in food fairs)
- The Internet

6. Duration of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months.

MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS

1. Overview of the situation

There has been a drop in the consumption of liquid milk, particularly in the major consumer countries, mainly due to the competition from soft drinks targeted at young people. Various milk substitutes are gradually replacing the consumption of liquid milk. By contrast, there is an overall increase in the consumption of milk products expressed in milk equivalent.

2. Goals

- To increase liquid milk consumption in markets where potential for growth exists and to maintain consumption levels in saturated markets
- To increase the consumption of milk products in general
- To encourage consumption of milk and milk products by young people as future adult consumers

3. Target groups

Consumers in general, focusing in particular on:

- children and adolescents, especially girls aged 8 to 13,
- women of different age groups,
- elderly people.

4. Main messages

- Milk and milk products are healthy and natural, suited to modern living and enjoyable
- Milk and milk products have specific nutritional value beneficial in particular for certain age groups
- Messages must be positive and take account of the specific nature of consumption on the different markets
- There is a large variety of milk products suitable for different consumers in different consumption situations
- Low-fat choices of milk and milk products are available and are more appropriate for certain consumers
- The continuity of the main messages must be ensured during the entire programme in order to convince consumers of the benefits of regular consumption of milk and milk products

Without prejudice to Article 4(3), information on the nutritional qualities of milk and milk products must be based on generally accepted scientific data and fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2000/13/EC.

5. Main channels

- Electronic channels
- Telephone helplines
- Contacts with the media and advertising (e.g. specialised journals, women's press, the youth press)
- Contacts with doctors and nutritionists
- Contacts with teachers and schools
- Other channels (leaflets and brochures, children's games, etc.)
- Demonstrations at points of sale
- Visual media (cinema, specialised TV channels)
- Radio spots
- Participation in exhibitions and fairs

6. Duration and scope of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months, giving priority to multiannual programmes that set objectives for each phase.

FRESH, CHILLED OR FROZEN MEAT, PRODUCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A COMMUNITY OR NATIONAL QUALITY SCHEME

1. Overview of the situation

Health problems which have affected many livestock products have highlighted the need to strengthen consumer confidence in Community meat products.

This involves providing objective information on Community and national quality systems and controls that they require in addition to the general legislation on controls and food safety. These rules and controls form an additional guarantee by providing product specifications and additional control structures.

2. Goals

- Information campaigns are limited to products produced under the Community quality schemes (PDO/PGI/TSG and organic farming) and under quality schemes recognised by the Member States and fulfilling the criteria defined in Article 32 of Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005. Without prejudice to Article 15(2) of this Regulation, information campaigns funded under this Regulation cannot be funded under Regulation (EC) No 1698/2005 as well.

- Their aim is to ensure objective and exhaustive information on the rules of Community and national quality schemes for meat products. They should inform consumers, opinion leaders and distributors of the product specifications and effective controls required under these quality systems.

3. Target groups

- Consumers and their associations
- Persons responsible for household purchases
- Institutions (restaurants, hospitals, schools, etc.)
- Distributors and their associations
- Press and opinion leaders

4. Main messages

- Quality schemes guarantee a specific production method and controls which are stricter than those required by legislation
- Quality meat products have specific characteristics or a quality which is superior to usual commercial standards
- Community and national quality regimes are transparent and ensure complete traceability of products
- The labelling of meats allows the consumer to identify quality products, their origin and their characteristics

5. Main channels

- The Internet
- Public relations with the media and advertising (scientific and specialised press, women's and culinary journals, newspapers)
- Contacts with consumer associations
- Audiovisual media
- Written documents (leaflets, brochures, etc.)
- Information at points of sale

6. Duration and scope of the programmes

The programmes should have at least national coverage or cover several Member States.

Twelve to 36 months, giving priority to multiannual programmes that set justified targets for each phase.

MARKING OF EGGS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION

1. Overview of the situation

In accordance with Article 4(1) of Council Regulation (EC) No 1028/2006 ⁽¹⁾, a code identifying the producer and the system employed to rear the laying hens is stamped on the shell of all eggs intended for human consumption. This code is composed of a number identifying the farming method (0 = organic, 1 = free range, 2 = barn, 3 = cage), the ISO code of the Member State where the production centre is located and a number allocated to the production centre by the relevant authority.

2. Goals

- To inform the consumer of the new standards for marking eggs and fully explain the meaning of the code printed on eggs
- To provide information on egg-production systems by means of the code printed on eggs
- To provide information about existing traceability systems

3. Target groups

- Consumers and distributors
- Opinion leaders

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 186, 7.7.2006, p. 1.

4. Main messages

- To publicise and explain the new code printed on eggs in compliance with Commission Directive 2002/4/EC ⁽¹⁾, and the characteristics of the different categories of eggs to which this code refers
- The messages should not express preference for one production method over another and not include claims concerning the nutritional value and health impacts of the consumption of eggs. There should be no discrimination between eggs originating from different Member States

5. Main channels

- Electronic channel (website, etc.)
- Printed material (brochures, leaflets, etc.)
- Information at points of sale
- Advertising in the press and in food magazines, women's magazines, etc.
- Relations with the media

6. Duration of the programme

Twelve to 24 months.

HONEY AND BEEKEEPING PRODUCTS

1. Overview of the situation

The Community quality honey and beekeeping products sector, which receives very little Community support, faces increasing global competition. The fact that production costs are high in the Community makes the situation even more difficult.

Since 2001 the sector has been subject to Council Directive 2001/110/EC ⁽²⁾ introducing labelling which links quality and origin. Supported programmes must concentrate on Community honeys and beekeeping products with complementary indications concerning the regional, territorial or topographical origin, or quality labels certified either by the Community (PDO, PGI, TSG or organic) or by a Member State.

2. Goals

- Inform consumers about the diversity, organoleptic qualities and the conditions of production of Community beekeeping products
- Inform consumers about the qualities of non-filtered and non-pasteurised Community honeys
- Help consumers understand the labelling of Community honey and encourage producers to develop clear labelling
- Orient consumption of honey towards quality products by drawing attention to their traceability

3. Target groups

- Consumers, particularly those in the 20-40 age group
- Elderly people and children
- Opinion leaders

4. Main messages

- Information on the Community legislation on food safety, hygiene in production, quality certification and labelling
- Honey is a natural product based on tradition and established know-how, which has various uses in a contemporary cuisine
- The great diversity of honeys of different geographical and botanical origins and of different seasons
- Advice on use and nutritional value
- Safeguarding pollination is essential to the maintenance of biodiversity

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 30, 31.1.2002, p. 44.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 10, 12.1.2002, p. 47.

5. Main channels

- Advertisements in the general and specialised press (gastronomy, lifestyle)
- Internet, cinema, and other audiovisual media (TV, radio)
- Points of sale
- Participation in exhibitions and fairs
- Public relations for the general public, organisation of events for actions in restaurants and the catering industry
- Information in colleges (presentations for teachers and students at hotel and catering colleges)

6. Duration and scope of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months, giving priority to multiannual programmes presenting a strategy and properly justified objectives for each phase.

QUALITY WINES PSR, TABLE WINES WITH A GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATION

1. Overview of the situation

Wine production is ample while consumption is static or even in decline for certain types of wine, while supply from third countries is on the increase.

2. Goals

- To increase the consumption of Community wines
- To inform consumers about the variety, quality and production conditions of Community wines and the results of scientific studies

3. Target groups

- Distributors
- Consumers, excluding young people and adolescents referred to in Council Recommendation 2001/458/EC ⁽¹⁾
- Opinion leaders: journalists, gastronomic experts
- Educational establishments in the hotel and catering sector

4. Main messages

- Community legislation strictly regulates production, quality indications, labelling and marketing, so guaranteeing for consumers the quality and traceability of the wine on offer
- The attraction of being able to choose from a very wide selection of Community wines of different origins
- Information on Community wine cultivation and its links with regional and local conditions, customs and tastes

5. Main channels

- Information and public relations measures
- Training for distributors and caterers
- Contacts with the specialised press
- Other channels (Internet site, leaflets and brochures) to guide consumers in their choice and to develop ideas for consumption at family events and festive occasions
- Fairs and exhibitions: stands presenting products of several Member States

6. Duration of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months, giving priority to multiannual programmes that set objectives for each phase.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 161, 16.6.2001, p. 38.

PRODUCTS WITH A PROTECTED DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN (PDO), A PROTECTED GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATION (PGI) OR TRADITIONAL SPECIALITY GUARANTEED (TSG)

1. Overview of the situation

The Community system for protecting product names provided for in Regulations (EC) No 509/2006 and (EC) No 510/2006 is a priority in the implementation of the quality strand of the common agricultural policy. It is therefore necessary to continue previous efforts to run campaigns by which the denominations and the products bearing the protected names are made known to all potential actors in the chain of production, preparation, marketing and consumption of these products.

2. Goals

Information and promotion campaigns should not focus on one or only a very limited number of product names, but rather on groups of names either of certain product categories or of products produced in one or several regions in one or several Member States.

The objectives of these campaigns should be to:

- provide comprehensive information on the content, the operation and the Community nature of the schemes and, in particular, on their effects on the commercial value of the products with protected names which after registration benefit from the protection granted by these schemes,
- enhance knowledge of the Community logos for PDO/PGI and TSG products among consumers, distributors and food professionals,
- encourage producer/processor groups not yet taking part in these schemes to register the names of products which satisfy the basic requirements,
- encourage producers/processors in the regions concerned but not yet taking part in the schemes to participate in the production of the products bearing the registered names by conforming to the approved specifications and inspection requirements laid down for the various protected names,
- stimulate demand for the products concerned by informing consumers and distributors of the existence, significance and benefits of the schemes, and of the logos, the criteria for awarding designations, the relevant checks and controls, and the traceability system.

3. Target groups

- Producers and processors
- Distributors (supermarkets, wholesalers, retailers, caterers, canteens, restaurants)
- Consumers and consumer associations
- Opinion multipliers

4. Main messages

- The products bearing the protected names have specific characteristics associated with their geographical origin; in the case of products with a PDO, the quality or characteristics of the products are essentially or exclusively linked to the particular geographical environment (with its inherent natural and human factors). In the case of products with a PGI, the products possess a specific quality or reputation which can be attributed to the geographical origin; the geographical link must occur in at least one of the stages of production, processing or preparation
- The products with a TSG have specific characteristics associated with their particular traditional methods of production or with the use of traditional raw materials
- The Community logos for PDO, PGI and TSG are symbols that are understood throughout the Community as designating products meeting specific conditions of production linked to their geographical origin or to their tradition and subject to inspection
- Other quality aspects (safety, nutritional value, taste, traceability) of the products concerned
- The presentation of some PDO, PGI or TSG products as examples for the potential of successful commercial enhancement of products whose names are registered under the protection schemes
- These protection schemes support the Community's cultural heritage, support the diversity of agricultural production and the maintenance of the countryside

5. Main channels

- Electronic (Internet sites)
- PR contacts with the media (specialised, women's and culinary press)
- Contacts with consumer associations
- Point of sale information and demonstrations
- Audiovisual media (specific TV spots, etc.)
- Written documents (leaflets, brochures, etc.)
- Participation at trade fairs and shows
- Information and training seminars/actions on the functioning of the Community schemes for PDOs, PGIs and TSGs

6. Duration of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months. Priority will be given to multiannual programmes with clearly defined objectives and strategy for each phase.

INFORMATION ON THE GRAPHIC SYMBOL FOR THE OUTERMOST REGIONS

1. Overview of the situation

This guideline refers to the outermost regions of the Community as defined in Article 299(2) of the Treaty. The outside evaluation study shows that the Community's 1998/1999 information campaign on the graphic symbol (logo) for the outermost regions was received with a great deal of interest on the part of those operating in the sector.

As a result, some producers and processors sought approval for their quality products, so that they could use the logo.

In view of the short run of this first campaign, it is appropriate to continue improving the various target-groups' awareness of the logo by continuing the measures to inform them about its meaning and benefits.

2. Goals

- To publicise the existence, meaning and benefits of the logo
- To encourage producers and processors in the regions concerned to use the logo
- To improve awareness of the logo among distributors and consumers

3. Target groups

- Local producers and processors
- Distributors and consumers
- Opinion multipliers

4. Main messages

- The product is typical and natural
- It originates in a Community region
- Quality (safety, nutritional value and taste, production method, link with origin)
- The product's exotic nature
- Variety of the supply, including out of season
- Traceability

5. Main channels

- Electronic channels (Internet site, etc.)
- Telephone helplines
- PR contacts with the media (specialised, women's and culinary press)
- Demonstrations at points of sale, fairs and shows, etc.
- Contacts with doctors and nutritionists

- Other channels (leaflets, brochures, recipes, etc.)
- Audiovisual media
- Publicity in the specialised and local press.

6. Duration of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months.

ORGANIC FARMING PRODUCTS

1. Overview of the situation

The consumption of organic farming products is particularly popular among urban populations, but the market share of these products is still fairly limited.

The level of awareness among consumers and other interested groups about the characteristics of organic farming production methods is increasing but is still inadequate.

In the Community Action Plan for Organic Food and Farming ⁽¹⁾, information and promotion actions are considered a key instrument in further developing the demand for organic food.

2. Goals

Information and promotion campaigns should not focus on one or a few selected products, but rather on groups of products or on the organic farming system as applied in one or more regions in one or more Member States.

The objectives of these campaigns should be to:

- encourage the consumption of organic farming products,
- enhance consumer awareness of the labelling, including the Community logo for organic products,
- provide comprehensive information and broaden awareness of the benefits of organic farming, in particular with regard to environmental protection, animal welfare, maintenance of the countryside and development in rural areas,
- provide comprehensive information on the content and the functioning of the Community rules on organic farming,
- encourage individual producers, processors and producer/processor/retailer groups not yet taking part in organic farming to convert to this production method; encourage retailers, retailer groups and restaurants to sell organic products.

3. Target groups

- Consumers in general, consumer associations and specific subgroups of consumers
- Opinion multipliers
- Distributors (supermarkets, wholesalers, specialised retailers, caterers, canteens, restaurants)
- Teachers and schools

4. Main messages

- Organic products are natural, suited to modern daily living and a pleasure to consume; they result from production methods that particularly respect the environment and animal welfare; organic farming supports the diversity of agricultural production as well as the maintenance of the countryside
- The products are subject to stringent production and inspection rules, including full traceability to ensure that products originate from farms under an organic inspection system
- Use of the words 'organic', 'ecological' and 'biological' and their equivalents in other languages with respect to food products is protected by law. The Community logo is the symbol for organic products which is understood throughout the Community and which indicates that the products meet strict Community production criteria and have undergone stringent checks. Information on the Community logo may be supplemented with information on the logos introduced in the Member States
- Other quality aspects (safety, nutritional value, taste) of the products concerned can be underlined

⁽¹⁾ COM(2004) 415 final.

5. Main channels

- Electronic (Internet sites)
- Telephone helplines
- PR contacts with the media (specialised journalists, women's press, culinary press, food industry press)
- Contacts with consumer associations
- Information at points of sale
- Actions in schools
- Audiovisual media (in particular specific TV spots)
- Written documents (leaflets, brochures, etc.)
- Participation at trade fairs and shows
- Information and training seminars/actions on the functioning of the arrangements for organic food and farming

6. Duration of the programmes

Twelve to 36 months. Priority will be given to multiannual programmes with clearly defined objectives and strategy for each phase.

POULTRYMEAT

1. Overview of the situation

The crisis of consumer confidence in poultrymeat resulting from the reports on avian influenza in the media has resulted in a substantial fall in consumption. Consumer confidence in poultrymeat of Community origin should therefore be strengthened.

To achieve this, objective information on Community production systems (marketing standards) and the controls required should be provided in addition to the general legislation on controls and food safety.

2. Goals

- The information and promotion campaigns are restricted to products from the EU.
- The aim is to:
 - ensure that objective and complete information is provided on the rules for the Community and national production systems for the safety of poultrymeat products; in particular consumers must be provided with complete and precise information on marketing standards,
 - inform consumers of the diversity and organoleptic and nutritional properties of poultrymeat,
 - draw consumers' attention to traceability.

3. Target groups

- Consumers and consumer associations
- The person responsible for shopping in the household
- Institutions (restaurants, hospitals, schools, etc.)
- Distributors and distributors' associations
- Journalists and opinion leaders

4. Main messages

- Poultrymeat marketed on the territory of the EU is governed by Community rules covering the entire chain of production, slaughter and consumption
- Safety measures are in place, including controls
- General health advice on the handling of food products of animal origin

5. Main channels

- The Internet

- PR contacts with the media and advertising (scientific and specialised press, women's press, newspapers and food and cookery magazines)

- Contacts with consumer associations

- Audiovisual communication

- Written documentation (folders, brochures, etc.)

- Point-of-sale information

6. Duration and extent of the programmes

The programmes must provide national coverage at least or relate to more than one Member State.

From 12 to 24 months, with a preference for multiannual programmes with targets laid down for each stage.

ANNEX II

THIRD COUNTRIES

A. LIST OF PRODUCTS WHICH MAY BE COVERED BY PROMOTIONAL MEASURES

- Fresh, chilled and frozen beef, veal and pigmeat; food preparations based on these products
- Quality poultrymeat
- Milk products
- Olive oil and table olives
- Table wines with a geographical indication. Quality wines produced in a specified region (psr)
- Spirit drinks with a geographical or reserved traditional indication
- Fresh and processed fruit and vegetables
- Products processed from cereals and rice
- Fibre flax
- Live plants and ornamental horticulture products
- Protected designation(s) of origin (PDO), protected geographical indication(s) (PGI) or traditional speciality(ies) guaranteed (TSG) in accordance with Council Regulations (EC) Nos 509/2006 or 510/2006
- Organic farming products in accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 2092/91

B. LIST OF THIRD COUNTRY MARKETS IN WHICH PROMOTIONAL MEASURES MAY BE CARRIED OUT

A. Countries

- South Africa
- Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
- Australia
- Bosnia and Herzegovina
- China
- South Korea
- Croatia
- India
- Japan
- Kosovo
- Montenegro
- Norway
- New Zealand

— Russia

— Serbia

— Switzerland

— Turkey

— Ukraine

B. Geographical areas

— North Africa

— North America

— Latin America

— South-east Asia

— Middle East

ANNEX III

Indicative annual budgets for the various sectors provided for in Article 6

1. Fresh fruit and vegetables: EUR 10 million
 2. Processed fruit and vegetables: EUR 2 million
 3. Fibre flax: EUR 1 million
 4. Live plants and products of ornamental horticulture: EUR 3 million
 5. Olive oil and table olives: EUR 7 million (of which a minimum of EUR 3 million for third countries)
 6. Seed oils: EUR 2 million
 7. Milk and milk products: EUR 4 million
 8. Fresh, chilled or frozen meat, produced in accordance with a Community or national quality scheme: EUR 4 million
 9. Marking of eggs: EUR 2 million
 10. Honey and beekeeping products: EUR 1 million
 11. Quality wines psr, table wines with a geographical indication: EUR 3 million
 12. Products with a protected designation of origin (PDO), a protected geographical indication (PGI) or traditional speciality guaranteed (TSG): EUR 3 million
 13. Information on the graphic symbol for the outermost regions: EUR 1 million
 14. Organic farming products: EUR 3 million
 15. Poultrymeat: p.m.
-

ANNEX IV

Correlation table

Regulation (EC) No 1071/2005 (internal market)	Regulation (EC) No 501/2008 (single Commission Regulation)	Regulation (EC) No 1346/2005 (third countries)
Article 1	Article 1	Article 1
Article 2	Article 2	Article 2
Article 3	Article 3	Article 3
Article 4	Article 4	—
—	Article 5	Article 4
Article 5	Article 6(1)	—
—	Article 6(2)	Article 5
Article 7(2)(b)	Article 6(3) in part	—
—	Article 7	Article 6 and second subparagraph of Article 10(3)
Article 7(1)(2)(a) and (c), and Article 7(3)	Article 8	Article 7(1), second subparagraph of Article 7(2), and Article 7(3)
Article 7(2) except for points (a) and (c), and Article 7(4)	Article 9	Article 7(2) except for first subparagraph, and Article 7(4) and (5)
—	Article 10	Article 8
Article 8	Article 11	Article 9
Article 9(1)	Article 12	Article 10(1)
Article 9(2) and (3)	Article 13	Article 10(2) and first subparagraph of Article 10(3)
Article 10(1), (2) and (3)	Article 14	Article 11
Articles 6 and 10(4)	Article 15	—
Article 11	Article 16	Article 12
Article 12	Article 17	Article 13
Article 13	Article 18	Article 14
Article 14	Article 19	Article 15
Article 15	Article 20	Article 16
Article 16	Article 21	Article 17
Article 17	Article 22	Article 18
Article 18	Article 23	Article 19
Article 19	Article 24	Article 20
Article 20	Article 25	Article 21
Article 21	Article 26	Article 22
Article 22	Article 27	Article 23
Article 23	Article 28	Article 24
Article 25	Article 29	Article 26

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 502/2008**of 5 June 2008****amending Annexes I, II and IX to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3030/93 on common rules for imports of certain textile products from third countries**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3030/93 of 12 October 1993 on common rules for imports of certain textile products from third countries⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 19 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The common rules for imports of certain textile products from third countries should be updated to take account of some new developments.
- (2) Ukraine became a full member of the World Trade Organisation on 16 May 2008.
- (3) Some amendments made to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff⁽²⁾

also affect certain codes in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 3030/93.

- (4) Regulation (EEC) No 3030/93 should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (5) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Textile Committee set up by Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 3030/93,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Annexes I, II and IX to Regulation (EEC) No 3030/93 are amended as set out in the Annexes to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply with effect from 16 May 2008.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 5 June 2008.

For the Commission

Peter MANDELSON

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 275, 8.11.1993, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 139/2008 (OJ L 42, 16.2.2008, p. 11).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 360/2008 (OJ L 111, 23.4.2008, p. 9).

ANNEX I

'ANNEX I

TEXTILE PRODUCTS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 1 ⁽¹⁾

1. Without prejudice to the rules for the interpretation of the combined nomenclature, the wording of the description of goods is considered to be of indicative value only, since the products covered by each category are determined, within this Annex, by CN codes. Where there is an "ex" symbol in front of a CN code, the products covered in each category are determined by the scope of the CN code and by that of the corresponding description
2. When the constitutive material of the products of categories 1 to 114 originating in China is not specifically mentioned, these products shall be taken to be made exclusively of wool of or fine animal hair, of cotton or of man-made fibres.
3. Garments which are not recognisable as being garments for men or boys or as being garments for women or girls are classified with the latter.
4. Where the expression "babies' garments" is used, this is meant to cover garments up to and including commercial size 86.

Category	Description CN code 2008	Table of equivalence	
		pieces/kg	g/piece
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
GROUP I A			
1	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale 5204 11 00, 5204 19 00, 5205 11 00, 5205 12 00, 5205 13 00, 5205 14 00, 5205 15 10, 5205 15 90, 5205 21 00, 5205 22 00, 5205 23 00, 5205 24 00, 5205 26 00, 5205 27 00, 5205 28 00, 5205 31 00, 5205 32 00, 5205 33 00, 5205 34 00, 5205 35 00, 5205 41 00, 5205 42 00, 5205 43 00, 5205 44 00, 5205 46 00, 5205 47 00, 5205 48 00, 5206 11 00, 5206 12 00, 5206 13 00, 5206 14 00, 5206 15 00, 5206 21 00, 5206 22 00, 5206 23 00, 5206 24 00, 5206 25 00, 5206 31 00, 5206 32 00, 5206 33 00, 5206 34 00, 5206 35 00, 5206 41 00, 5206 42 00, 5206 43 00, 5206 44 00, 5206 45 00, ex 5604 90 90		
2	Woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics 5208 11 10, 5208 11 90, 5208 12 16, 5208 12 19, 5208 12 96, 5208 12 99, 5208 13 00, 5208 19 00, 5208 21 10, 5208 21 90, 5208 22 16, 5208 22 19, 5208 22 96, 5208 22 99, 5208 23 00, 5208 29 00, 5208 31 00, 5208 32 16, 5208 32 19, 5208 32 96, 5208 32 99, 5208 33 00, 5208 39 00, 5208 41 00, 5208 42 00, 5208 43 00, 5208 49 00, 5208 51 00, 5208 52 00, 5208 59 10, 5208 59 90, 5209 11 00, 5209 12 00, 5209 19 00, 5209 21 00, 5209 22 00, 5209 29 00, 5209 31 00, 5209 32 00, 5209 39 00, 5209 41 00, 5209 42 00, 5209 43 00, 5209 49 00, 5209 51 00, 5209 52 00, 5209 59 00, 5210 11 00, 5210 19 00, 5210 21 00, 5210 29 00, 5210 31 00, 5210 32 00, 5210 39 00, 5210 41 00, 5210 49 00, 5210 51 00, 5210 59 00, 5211 11 00, 5211 12 00, 5211 19 00, 5211 20 00, 5211 31 00, 5211 32 00, 5211 39 00, 5211 41 00, 5211 42 00, 5211 43 00, 5211 49 10, 5211 49 90, 5211 51 00, 5211 52 00, 5211 59 00, 5212 11 10, 5212 11 90, 5212 12 10, 5212 12 90, 5212 13 10, 5212 13 90, 5212 14 10, 5212 14 90, 5212 15 10, 5212 15 90, 5212 21 10, 5212 21 90, 5212 22 10, 5212 22 90, 5212 23 10, 5212 23 90, 5212 24 10, 5212 24 90, 5212 25 10, 5212 25 90, ex 5811 00 00, ex 6308 00 00		
2 a)	Of which: Other than unbleached or bleached 5208 31 00, 5208 32 16, 5208 32 19, 5208 32 96, 5208 32 99, 5208 33 00, 5208 39 00, 5208 41 00, 5208 42 00, 5208 43 00, 5208 49 00, 5208 51 00, 5208 52 00, 5208 59 10, 5208 59 90, 5209 31 00, 5209 32 00, 5209 39 00, 5209 41 00, 5209 42 00, 5209 43 00, 5209 49 00, 5209 51 00, 5209 52 00, 5209 59 00, 5210 31 00, 5210 32 00, 5210 39 00, 5210 41 00, 5210 49 00, 5210 51 00, 5210 59 00, 5211 31 00, 5211 32 00, 5211 39 00, 5211 41 00, 5211 42 00, 5211 43 00, 5211 49 10, 5211 49 90, 5211 51 00, 5211 52 00, 5211 59 00, 5212 13 10, 5212 13 90, 5212 14 10, 5212 14 90, 5212 15 10, 5212 15 90, 5212 23 10, 5212 23 90, 5212 24 10, 5212 24 90, 5212 25 10, 5212 25 90, ex 5811 00 00, ex 6308 00 00		

⁽¹⁾ Covers only categories 1 to 114, with the exception of Belarus, Russian Federation, Uzbekistan and Serbia, for which categories 1 to 161 are covered.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
3	<p>Woven fabrics of synthetic fibres (discontinuous or waste) other than narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics (incl. terry fabrics) and chenille fabrics</p> <p>5512 11 00, 5512 19 10, 5512 19 90, 5512 21 00, 5512 29 10, 5512 29 90, 5512 91 00, 5512 99 10, 5512 99 90, 5513 11 20, 5513 11 90, 5513 12 00, 5513 13 00, 5513 19 00, 5513 21 10, 5513 21 30, 5513 21 90, 5513 23 10, 5513 23 90, 5513 29 00, 5513 31 00, 5513 39 00, 5513 41 00, 5513 49 00, 5514 11 00, 5514 12 00, 5514 19 10, 5514 19 90, 5514 21 00, 5514 22 00, 5514 23 00, 5514 29 00, 5514 30 10, 5514 30 30, 5514 30 50, 5514 30 90, 5514 41 00, 5514 42 00, 5514 43 00, 5514 49 00, 5515 11 10, 5515 11 30, 5515 11 90, 5515 12 10, 5515 12 30, 5515 12 90, 5515 13 11, 5515 13 19, 5515 13 91, 5515 13 99, 5515 19 10, 5515 19 30, 5515 19 90, 5515 21 10, 5515 21 30, 5515 21 90, 5515 22 11, 5515 22 19, 5515 22 91, 5515 22 99, 5515 29 00, 5515 91 10, 5515 91 30, 5515 91 90, 5515 99 20, 5515 99 40, 5515 99 80, ex 5803 00 90, ex 5905 00 70, ex 6308 00 00</p> <p>3 a) Of which: Other than unbleached or bleached</p> <p>5512 19 10, 5512 19 90, 5512 29 10, 5512 29 90, 5512 99 10, 5512 99 90, 5513 21 10, 5513 21 30, 5513 21 90, 5513 23 10, 5513 23 90, 5513 29 00, 5513 31 00, 5513 39 00, 5513 41 00, 5513 49 00, 5514 21 00, 5514 22 00, 5514 23 00, 5514 29 00, 5514 30 10, 5514 30 30, 5514 30 50, 5514 30 90, 5514 41 00, 5514 42 00, 5514 43 00, 5514 49 00, 5515 11 30, 5515 11 90, 5515 12 30, 5515 12 90, 5515 13 19, 5515 13 99, 5515 19 30, 5515 19 90, 5515 21 30, 5515 21 90, 5515 22 19, 5515 22 99, ex 5515 29 00, 5515 91 30, 5515 91 90, 5515 99 20, 5515 99 40, 5515 99 80, ex 5803 00 90, ex 5905 00 70, ex 6308 00 00</p>		
GROUP I B			
4	<p>Shirts, T-shirts, lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtlenecked jumpers and pullovers (other than of wool or fine animal hair), undervests and the like, knitted or crocheted</p> <p>6105 10 00, 6105 20 10, 6105 20 90, 6105 90 10, 6109 10 00, 6109 90 20, 6110 20 10, 6110 30 10</p>	6,48	154
5	<p>Jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, waistcoats, twinsets, cardigans, bed-jackets and jumpers (others than jackets and blazers), anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like, knitted or crocheted</p> <p>ex 6101 90 80, 6101 20 90, 6101 30 90, 6102 10 90, 6102 20 90, 6102 30 90, 6110 11 10, 6110 11 30, 6110 11 90, 6110 12 10, 6110 12 90, 6110 19 10, 6110 19 90, 6110 20 91, 6110 20 99, 6110 30 91, 6110 30 99</p>	4,53	221
6	<p>Men's or boys' woven breeches, shorts other than swimwear and trousers (incl. slacks); women's or girls' woven trousers and slacks, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres; lower parts of track suits with lining, others than category 16 or 29, of cotton or of man-made fibres</p> <p>6203 41 10, 6203 41 90, 6203 42 31, 6203 42 33, 6203 42 35, 6203 42 90, 6203 43 19, 6203 43 90, 6203 49 19, 6203 49 50, 6204 61 10, 6204 62 31, 6204 62 33, 6204 62 39, 6204 63 18, 6204 69 18, 6211 32 42, 6211 33 42, 6211 42 42, 6211 43 42</p>	1,76	568
7	<p>Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, whether or not knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or man-made fibres</p> <p>6106 10 00, 6106 20 00, 6106 90 10, 6206 20 00, 6206 30 00, 6206 40 00</p>	5,55	180
8	<p>Men's or boys' shirts, other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, cotton or man-made fibres</p> <p>ex 6205 90 80, 6205 20 00, 6205 30 00</p>	4,60	217
GROUP II A			
9	<p>Terry towelling and similar woven terry fabrics of cotton; toilet linen and kitchen linen, other than knitted or crocheted, of terry towelling and woven terry fabrics, of cotton</p> <p>5802 11 00, 5802 19 00, ex 6302 60 00</p>		
20	<p>Bedlinen, other than knitted or crocheted</p> <p>6302 21 00, 6302 22 90, 6302 29 90, 6302 31 00, 6302 32 90, 6302 39 90</p>		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
22	Yarn of staple or waste synthetic fibres, not put up for retail sale 5508 10 10, 5509 11 00, 5509 12 00, 5509 21 00, 5509 22 00, 5509 31 00, 5509 32 00, 5509 41 00, 5509 42 00, 5509 51 00, 5509 52 00, 5509 53 00, 5509 59 00, 5509 61 00, 5509 62 00, 5509 69 00, 5509 91 00, 5509 92 00, 5509 99 00		
22 a)	Of which acrylic ex 5508 10 10, 5509 31 00, 5509 32 00, 5509 61 00, 5509 62 00, 5509 69 00		
23	Yarn of staple or waste artificial fibres, not put up for retail sale 5508 20 10, 5510 11 00, 5510 12 00, 5510 20 00, 5510 30 00, 5510 90 00		
32	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or terry fabrics of cotton and narrow woven fabrics) and tufted textile surfaces, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres 5801 10 00, 5801 21 00, 5801 22 00, 5801 23 00, 5801 24 00, 5801 25 00, 5801 26 00, 5801 31 00, 5801 32 00, 5801 33 00, 5801 34 00, 5801 35 00, 5801 36 00, 5802 20 00, 5802 30 00		
32 a)	Of which: Cotton corduroy 5801 22 00		
39	Table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen, other than knitted or crocheted, other than of terry towelling or a similar terry fabrics of cotton 6302 51 00, 6302 53 90, ex 6302 59 90, 6302 91 00, 6302 93 90, ex 6302 99 90		

GROUP II B

12	Pantyhose and tights, stockings, understockings, socks, anklesocks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, other than for babies, including stockings for varicose veins, other than products of category 70 6115 10 10, ex 6115 10 90, 6115 22 00, 6115 29 00, 6115 30 11, 6115 30 90, 6115 94 00, 6115 95 00, 6115 96 10, 6115 96 99, 6115 99 00	24,3 pairs	41
13	Men's or boys' underpants and briefs, women's or girls' knickers and briefs, knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres 6107 11 00, 6107 12 00, 6107 19 00, 6108 21 00, 6108 22 00, 6108 29 00, ex 6212 10 10	17	59
14	Men's or boys' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres (other than parkas) (of category 21) 6201 11 00, ex 6201 12 10, ex 6201 12 90, ex 6201 13 10, ex 6201 13 90, 6210 20 00	0,72	1 389
15	Women's or girls' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes; jackets and blazers, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres (other than parkas) (of category 21) 6202 11 00, ex 6202 12 10, ex 6202 12 90, ex 6202 13 10, ex 6202 13 90, 6204 31 00, 6204 32 90, 6204 33 90, 6204 39 19, 6210 30 00	0,84	1 190
16	Men's or boys' suits and ensembles, other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres, excluding ski suits; men's or boys' tracksuits with lining, with an outer shell of a single identical fabric, of cotton or of man-made fibres 6203 11 00, 6203 12 00, 6203 19 10, 6203 19 30, 6203 22 80, 6203 23 80, 6203 29 18, 6203 29 30, 6211 32 31, 6211 33 31	0,80	1 250
17	Men's or boys' jackets or blazers, other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres 6203 31 00, 6203 32 90, 6203 33 90, 6203 39 19	1,43	700

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
18	Men's or boys' singlets and other vests, underpants, briefs, nightshirts, pyjamas, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles, other than knitted or crocheted 6207 11 00, 6207 19 00, 6207 21 00, 6207 22 00, 6207 29 00, 6207 91 00, 6207 99 10, 6207 99 90 Women's or girls' singlets and other vests, slips, petticoats, briefs, panties, nightdresses, pyjamas, négligees, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles, other than knitted or crocheted 6208 11 00, 6208 19 00, 6208 21 00, 6208 22 00, 6208 29 00, 6208 91 00, 6208 92 00, 6208 99 00, ex 6212 10 10		
19	Handkerchiefs, other than knitted or crocheted 6213 20 00, ex 6213 90 00	59	17
21	Parkas; anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like, other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres; upper parts of tracksuits with lining, other than category 16 or 29, of cotton or of man-made fibres ex 6201 12 10, ex 6201 12 90, ex 6201 13 10, ex 6201 13 90, 6201 91 00, 6201 92 00, 6201 93 00, ex 6202 12 10, ex 6202 12 90, ex 6202 13 10, ex 6202 13 90, 6202 91 00, 6202 92 00, 6202 93 00, 6211 32 41, 6211 33 41, 6211 42 41, 6211 43 41	2,3	435
24	Men's or boys' nightshirts, pyjamas, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles, knitted or crocheted 6107 21 00, 6107 22 00, 6107 29 00, 6107 91 00, 6107 99 00 Women's or girls' nightdresses, pyjamas, negligees, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles, knitted or crocheted 6108 31 00, 6108 32 00, 6108 39 00, 6108 91 00, 6108 92 00, ex 6108 99 00	3,9	257
26	Women's or girls' dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres 6104 41 00, 6104 42 00, 6104 43 00, 6104 44 00, 6204 41 00, 6204 42 00, 6204 43 00, 6204 44 00	3,1	323
27	Women's or girls' skirts, including divided skirts 6104 51 00, 6104 52 00, 6104 53 00, 6104 59 00, 6204 51 00, 6204 52 00, 6204 53 00, 6204 59 10	2,6	385
28	Trousers, bib and brace overalls, breeches and shorts (other than swimwear), knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres 6103 41 00, 6103 42 00, 6103 43 00, ex 6103 49 00, 6104 61 00, 6104 62 00, 6104 63 00, ex 6104 69 00	1,61	620
29	Women's or girls' suits and ensembles, other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres, excluding ski suits; women's or girls' tracksuits with lining, with an outer shell of an identical fabric, of cotton or of man-made fibres 6204 11 00, 6204 12 00, 6204 13 00, 6204 19 10, 6204 21 00, 6204 22 80, 6204 23 80, 6204 29 18, 6211 42 31, 6211 43 31	1,37	730
31	Brassieres, woven, knitted or crocheted ex 6212 10 10, 6212 10 90	18,2	55
68	Babies' garments and clothing accessories, excluding babies' gloves, mittens and mitts of categories 10 and 87, and babies' stockings, socks and sockettes, other than knitted or crocheted, of category 88 6111 90 19, 6111 20 90, 6111 30 90, ex 6111 90 90, ex 6209 90 10, ex 6209 20 00, ex 6209 30 00, ex 6209 90 90		
73	Tracksuits of knitted or crocheted fabric, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres 6112 11 00, 6112 12 00, 6112 19 00	1,67	600

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
76	Men's or boys' industrial or occupational clothing, other than knitted or crocheted 6203 22 10, 6203 23 10, 6203 29 11, 6203 32 10, 6203 33 10, 6203 39 11, 6203 42 11, 6203 42 51, 6203 43 11, 6203 43 31, 6203 49 11, 6203 49 31, 6211 32 10, 6211 33 10 Women's or girls' aprons, smock overalls and other industrial or occupational clothing, other than knitted or crocheted 6204 22 10, 6204 23 10, 6204 29 11, 6204 32 10, 6204 33 10, 6204 39 11, 6204 62 11, 6204 62 51, 6204 63 11, 6204 63 31, 6204 69 11, 6204 69 31, 6211 42 10, 6211 43 10		
77	Ski suits, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6211 20 00		
78	Garments, other than knitted or crocheted, excluding garments of categories 6, 7, 8, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 26, 27, 29, 68, 72, 76 and 77 6203 41 30, 6203 42 59, 6203 43 39, 6203 49 39, 6204 61 85, 6204 62 59, 6204 62 90, 6204 63 39, 6204 63 90, 6204 69 39, 6204 69 50, 6210 40 00, 6210 50 00, 6211 32 90, 6211 33 90, ex 6211 39 00, 6211 41 00, 6211 42 90, 6211 43 90		
83	Overcoats, jackets, blazers and other garments, including ski suits, knitted or crocheted, excluding garments of categories 4, 5, 7, 13, 24, 26, 27, 28, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75 ex 6101 90 20, 6101 20 10, 6101 30 10, 6102 10 10, 6102 20 10, 6102 30 10, 6103 31 00, 6103 32 00, 6103 33 00, ex 6103 39 00, 6104 31 00, 6104 32 00, 6104 33 00, ex 6104 39 00, 6112 20 00, 6113 00 90, 6114 20 00, 6114 30 00, ex 6114 90 00		
GROUP III A			
33	Woven fabrics of synthetic filament yarn obtained from strip or the like of polyethylene or polypropylene, less than 3 m wide 5407 20 11 Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, not knitted or crocheted, obtained from strip or the like 6305 32 81, 6305 32 89, 6305 33 91, 6305 33 99		
34	Woven fabrics of synthetic filament yarn obtained from strip or the like of polyethylene or polypropylene, 3 m or more wide 5407 20 19		
35	Woven fabrics of synthetic fibres (continuous), other than those for tyres of category 114 5407 10 00, 5407 20 90, 5407 30 00, 5407 41 00, 5407 42 00, 5407 43 00, 5407 44 00, 5407 51 00, 5407 52 00, 5407 53 00, 5407 54 00, 5407 61 10, 5407 61 30, 5407 61 50, 5407 61 90, 5407 69 10, 5407 69 90, 5407 71 00, 5407 72 00, 5407 73 00, 5407 74 00, 5407 81 00, 5407 82 00, 5407 83 00, 5407 84 00, 5407 91 00, 5407 92 00, 5407 93 00, 5407 94 00, ex 5811 00 00, ex 5905 00 70 35 a) Of which: Other than unbleached or bleached ex 5407 10 00, ex 5407 20 90, ex 5407 30 00, 5407 42 00, 5407 43 00, 5407 44 00, 5407 52 00, 5407 53 00, 5407 54 00, 5407 61 30, 5407 61 50, 5407 61 90, 5407 69 90, 5407 72 00, 5407 73 00, 5407 74 00, 5407 82 00, 5407 83 00, 5407 84 00, 5407 92 00, 5407 93 00, 5407 94 00, ex 5811 00 00, ex 5905 00 70		
36	Woven fabrics of continuous artificial fibres, other than those for tyres of category 114 5408 10 00, 5408 21 00, 5408 22 10, 5408 22 90, 5408 23 10, 5408 23 90, 5408 24 00, 5408 31 00, 5408 32 00, 5408 33 00, 5408 34 00, ex 5811 00 00, ex 5905 00 70 36 a) Of which: Other than unbleached or bleached ex 5408 10 00, 5408 22 10, 5408 22 90, 5408 23 10, 5408 23 90, 5408 24 00, 5408 32 00, 5408 33 00, 5408 34 00, ex 5811 00 00, ex 5905 00 70		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
37	Woven fabrics of artificial staple fibres 5516 11 00, 5516 12 00, 5516 13 00, 5516 14 00, 5516 21 00, 5516 22 00, 5516 23 10, 5516 23 90, 5516 24 00, 5516 31 00, 5516 32 00, 5516 33 00, 5516 34 00, 5516 41 00, 5516 42 00, 5516 43 00, 5516 44 00, 5516 91 00, 5516 92 00, 5516 93 00, 5516 94 00, ex 5803 00 90, ex 5905 00 70		
37 a)	Of which: Other than unbleached or bleached 5516 12 00, 5516 13 00, 5516 14 00, 5516 22 00, 5516 23 10, 5516 23 90, 5516 24 00, 5516 32 00, 5516 33 00, 5516 34 00, 5516 42 00, 5516 43 00, 5516 44 00, 5516 92 00, 5516 93 00, 5516 94 00, ex 5803 00 90, ex 5905 00 70		
38 A	Knitted or crocheted synthetic curtain fabric including net curtain fabric 6005 31 10, 6005 32 10, 6005 33 10, 6005 34 10, 6006 31 10, 6006 32 10, 6006 33 10, 6006 34 10		
38 B	Net curtains, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6303 91 00, ex 6303 92 90, ex 6303 99 90		
40	Woven curtains (including drapes, interior blinds, curtain and bed valances and other furnishing articles), other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres ex 6303 91 00, ex 6303 92 90, ex 6303 99 90, 6304 19 10, ex 6304 19 90, 6304 92 00, ex 6304 93 00, ex 6304 99 00		
41	Yarn of synthetic filament (continuous), not put up for retail sale, other than non-textured single yarn untwisted or with a twist of not more than 50 turns/m 5401 10 12, 5401 10 14, 5401 10 16, 5401 10 18, 5402 11 00, 5402 19 00, 5402 20 00, 5402 31 00, 5402 32 00, 5402 33 00, 5402 34 00, 5402 39 00, ex 5402 44 00, 5402 48 00, 5402 49 00, 5402 51 00, 5402 52 00, 5402 59 10, 5402 59 90, 5402 61 00, 5402 62 00, 5402 69 10, 5402 69 90, ex 5604 90 10, ex 5604 90 90		
42	Yarn of continuous man-made fibres, not put up for retail sale 5401 20 10 Yarn of artificial fibres; yarn of artificial filaments, not put up for retail sale, other than single yarn of viscose rayon untwisted or with a twist of not more than 250 turns/m and single non textured yarn of cellulose acetate 5403 10 00, 5403 31 00, ex 5403 32 00, ex 5403 33 00, 5403 39 00, 5403 41 00, 5403 42 00, 5403 49 00, ex 5604 90 10		
43	Yarn of man-made filament, yarn of artificial staple fibres, cotton yarn, put up for retail sale 5204 20 00, 5207 10 00, 5207 90 00, 5401 10 90, 5401 20 90, 5406 00 00, 5508 20 90, 5511 30 00		
46	Carded or combed sheep's or lambs' wool or other fine animal hair 5105 10 00, 5105 21 00, 5105 29 00, 5105 31 00, 5105 39 10, 5105 39 90		
47	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn) or of carded fine animal hair, not put up for retail sale 5106 10 10, 5106 10 90, 5106 20 10, 5106 20 91, 5106 20 99, 5108 10 10, 5108 10 90		
48	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn) or of combed fine animal hair, not put up for retail sale 5107 10 10, 5107 10 90, 5107 20 10, 5107 20 30, 5107 20 51, 5107 20 59, 5107 20 91, 5107 20 99, 5108 20 10, 5108 20 90		
49	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool or of combed fine animal hair, put up for retail sale 5109 10 10, 5109 10 90, 5109 90 10, 5109 90 90		
50	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair 5111 11 00, 5111 19 10, 5111 19 90, 5111 20 00, 5111 30 10, 5111 30 30, 5111 30 90, 5111 90 10, 5111 90 91, 5111 90 93, 5111 90 99, 5112 11 00, 5112 19 10, 5112 19 90, 5112 20 00, 5112 30 10, 5112 30 30, 5112 30 90, 5112 90 10, 5112 90 91, 5112 90 93, 5112 90 99		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
51	Cotton, carded or combed 5203 00 00		
53	Cotton gauze 5803 00 10		
54	Artificial staple fibres, including waste, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning 5507 00 00		
55	Synthetic staple fibres, including waste, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning 5506 10 00, 5506 20 00, 5506 30 00, 5506 90 10, 5506 90 90		
56	Yarn of synthetic staple fibres (including waste), put up for retail sale 5508 10 90, 5511 10 00, 5511 20 00		
58	Carpets, carportines and rugs, knotted (made up or not) 5701 10 10, 5701 10 90, 5701 90 10, 5701 90 90		
59	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, other than the carpets of category 58 5702 10 00, 5702 31 10, 5702 31 80, 5702 32 10, 5702 32 90, ex 5702 39 00, 5702 41 10, 5702 41 90, 5702 42 10, 5702 42 90, ex 5702 49 00, 5702 50 10, 5702 50 31, 5702 50 39, ex 5702 50 90, 5702 91 00, 5702 92 10, 5702 92 90, ex 5702 99 00, 5703 10 00, 5703 20 12, 5703 20 18, 5703 20 92, 5703 20 98, 5703 30 12, 5703 30 18, 5703 30 82, 5703 30 88, 5703 90 20, 5703 90 80, 5704 10 00, 5704 90 00, 5705 00 10, 5705 00 30, ex 5705 00 90		
60	Tapestries, handmade, of the type Gobelins, Flanders, Aubusson, Beauvais and the like, and needlework tapestries (e.g. petit point and cross stitch) made in panels and the like by hand 5805 00 00		
61	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft, assembled by means of an adhesive, other than labels and similar articles of category 62 Elastic fabrics and trimmings (not knitted or crocheted), made from textile materials assembled from rubber thread ex 5806 10 00, 5806 20 00, 5806 31 00, 5806 32 10, 5806 32 90, 5806 39 00, 5806 40 00		
62	Chenille yarn (incl. flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallised yarn and gimped horsehair yarn) 5606 00 91, 5606 00 99 Tulle and other net fabrics but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics, hand or mechanically-made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs 5804 10 11, 5804 10 19, 5804 10 90, 5804 21 10, 5804 21 90, 5804 29 10, 5804 29 90, 5804 30 00 Labels, badges and the like of textile materials, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size, woven 5807 10 10, 5807 10 90 Braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like 5808 10 00, 5808 90 00 Embroidery, in the piece, in strips or in motifs 5810 10 10, 5810 10 90, 5810 91 10, 5810 91 90, 5810 92 10, 5810 92 90, 5810 99 10, 5810 99 90		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
63	Knitted or crocheted fabric of synthetic fibres containing by weight 5% or more elastomeric yarn and knitted or crocheted fabrics containing by weight 5 % or more of rubber thread 5906 91 00, ex 6002 40 00, 6002 90 00, ex 6004 10 00, 6004 90 00 Raschel lace and long-pile fabric of synthetic fibres ex 6001 10 00, 6003 30 10, 6005 31 50, 6005 32 50, 6005 33 50, 6005 34 50		
65	Knitted or crocheted fabric, other than those of categories 38 A and 63, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres 5606 00 10, ex 6001 10 00, 6001 21 00, 6001 22 00, ex 6001 29 00, 6001 91 00, 6001 92 00, ex 6001 99 00, ex 6002 40 00, 6003 10 00, 6003 20 00, 6003 30 90, 6003 40 00, ex 6004 10 00, 6005 90 10, 6005 21 00, 6005 22 00, 6005 23 00, 6005 24 00, 6005 31 90, 6005 32 90, 6005 33 90, 6005 34 90, 6005 41 00, 6005 42 00, 6005 43 00, 6005 44 00, 6006 10 00, 6006 21 00, 6006 22 00, 6006 23 00, 6006 24 00, 6006 31 90, 6006 32 90, 6006 33 90, 6006 34 90, 6006 41 00, 6006 42 00, 6006 43 00, 6006 44 00		
66	Travelling rugs and blankets, other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres 6301 10 00, 6301 20 90, 6301 30 90, ex 6301 40 90, ex 6301 90 90		

GROUP III B

10	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted 6111 90 11, 6111 20 10, 6111 30 10, ex 6111 90 90, 6116 10 20, 6116 10 80, 6116 91 00, 6116 92 00, 6116 93 00, 6116 99 00	17 pairs	59
67	Knitted or crocheted clothing accessories other than for babies; household linen of all kinds, knitted or crocheted; curtains (incl. drapes) and interior blinds, curtain or bed valances and other furnishing articles knitted or crocheted; knitted or crocheted blankets and travelling rugs, other knitted or crocheted articles including parts of garments or of clothing accessories 5807 90 90, 6113 00 10, 6117 10 00, 6117 80 10, 6117 80 80, 6117 90 00, 6301 20 10, 6301 30 10, 6301 40 10, 6301 90 10, 6302 10 00, 6302 40 00, ex 6302 60 00, 6303 12 00, 6303 19 00, 6304 11 00, 6304 91 00, ex 6305 20 00, 6305 32 11, ex 6305 32 90, 6305 33 10, ex 6305 39 00, ex 6305 90 00, 6307 10 10, 6307 90 10		
67 a)	Of which: Sacks and bags of a kind used for the packing of goods, made from polyethylene or polypropylene strip 6305 32 11, 6305 33 10		
69	Women's and girls' slips and petticoats, knitted or crocheted 6108 11 00, 6108 19 00	7,8	128
70	Pantyhose and tights of synthetic fibres, measuring per single yarn less than 67 decitex (6,7 tex) ex 6115 10 90, 6115 21 00, 6115 30 19 Women's full length hosiery of synthetic fibres ex 6115 10 90, 6115 96 91	30,4 pairs	33
72	Swimwear, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres 6112 31 10, 6112 31 90, 6112 39 10, 6112 39 90, 6112 41 10, 6112 41 90, 6112 49 10, 6112 49 90, 6211 11 00, 6211 12 00	9,7	103
74	Women's or girls' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres, excluding ski suits 6104 13 00, 6104 19 20, ex 6104 19 90, 6104 22 00, 6104 23 00, 6104 29 10, ex 6104 29 90	1,54	650

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
75	Men's or boys' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres, excluding ski suit 6103 10 10, 6103 10 90, 6103 22 00, 6103 23 00, 6103 29 00	0,80	1 250
84	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres 6214 20 00, 6214 30 00, 6214 40 00, ex 6214 90 00		
85	Ties, bow ties and cravats other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres 6215 20 00, 6215 90 00	17,9	56
86	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender belts, braces, suspenders, garters and the like, and parts thereof, whether or not knitted or crocheted 6212 20 00, 6212 30 00, 6212 90 00	8,8	114
87	Gloves, mittens and mitts, not knitted or crocheted ex 6209 90 10, ex 6209 20 00, ex 6209 30 00, ex 6209 90 90, 6216 00 00		
88	Stockings, socks and sockettes, not knitted or crocheted; other clothing accessories, parts of garments or of clothing accessories other than for babies, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6209 90 10, ex 6209 20 00, ex 6209 30 00, ex 6209 90 90, 6217 10 00, 6217 90 00		
90	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables of synthetic fibres, plaited or not 5607 41 00, 5607 49 11, 5607 49 19, 5607 49 90, 5607 50 11, 5607 50 19, 5607 50 30, 5607 50 90		
91	Tents 6306 22 00, 6306 29 00		
93	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, of woven fabrics, other than made from polyethylene or polypropylene strip ex 6305 20 00, ex 6305 32 90, ex 6305 39 00		
94	Wadding of textile materials and articles thereof; textile fibres, not exceeding 5 mm in length (flock), textile dust and mill neps 5601 10 10, 5601 10 90, 5601 21 10, 5601 21 90, 5601 22 10, 5601 22 91, 5601 22 99, 5601 29 00, 5601 30 00		
95	Felt and articles thereof, whether or not impregnated or coated, other than floor coverings 5602 10 19, 5602 10 31, 5602 10 39, 5602 10 90, 5602 21 00, ex 5602 29 00, 5602 90 00, ex 5807 90 10, ex 5905 00 70, 6210 10 10, 6307 90 91		
96	Non-woven fabrics and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated 5603 11 10, 5603 11 90, 5603 12 10, 5603 12 90, 5603 13 10, 5603 13 90, 5603 14 10, 5603 14 90, 5603 91 10, 5603 91 90, 5603 92 10, 5603 92 90, 5603 93 10, 5603 93 90, 5603 94 10, 5603 94 90, ex 5807 90 10, ex 5905 00 70, 6210 10 90, ex 6301 40 90, ex 6301 90 90, 6302 22 10, 6302 32 10, 6302 53 10, 6302 93 10, 6303 92 10, 6303 99 10, ex 6304 19 90, ex 6304 93 00, ex 6304 99 00, ex 6305 32 90, ex 6305 39 00, 6307 10 30, ex 6307 90 99		
97	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope 5608 11 11, 5608 11 19, 5608 11 91, 5608 11 99, 5608 19 11, 5608 19 19, 5608 19 30, 5608 19 90, 5608 90 00		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
98	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, cables or rope , other than textile fabrics, articles made from such fabrics and articles of category 97 5609 00 00, 5905 00 10		
99	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar stiffened textile fabrics of a kind used for hat foundations 5901 10 00, 5901 90 00 Linoleum, whether or not cut to shape; floor coverings consisting of a coating or covering applied on a textile backing, whether or not cut to shape 5904 10 00, 5904 90 00 Rubberised textile fabric, not knitted or crocheted, excluding those for tyres 5906 10 00, 5906 99 10, 5906 99 90 Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio backcloths, other than of category 100 5907 00 10, 5907 00 90		
100	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials 5903 10 10, 5903 10 90, 5903 20 10, 5903 20 90, 5903 90 10, 5903 90 91, 5903 90 99		
101	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not, other than of synthetic fibres ex 5607 90 90		
109	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings and sunblinds 6306 12 00, 6306 19 00, 6306 30 00		
110	Woven pneumatic mattresses 6306 40 00		
111	Camping goods, woven, other than pneumatic mattresses and tents 6306 91 00, 6306 99 00		
112	Other made-up textile articles, woven, excluding those of categories 113 and 114 6307 20 00, ex 6307 90 99		
113	Floor cloth, dishcloth and dusters, other than knitted or crocheted 6307 10 90		
114	Woven fabrics and articles for technical uses 5902 10 10, 5902 10 90, 5902 20 10, 5902 20 90, 5902 90 10, 5902 90 90, 5908 00 00, 5909 00 10, 5909 00 90, 5910 00 00, 5911 10 00, ex 5911 20 00, 5911 31 11, 5911 31 19, 5911 31 90, 5911 32 10, 5911 32 90, 5911 40 00, 5911 90 10, 5911 90 90		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
GROUP IV			
115	Flax or ramie yarn 5306 10 10, 5306 10 30, 5306 10 50, 5306 10 90, 5306 20 10, 5306 20 90, 5308 90 12, 5308 90 19		
117	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie 5309 11 10, 5309 11 90, 5309 19 00, 5309 21 10, 5309 21 90, 5309 29 00, 5311 00 10, ex 5803 00 90, 5905 00 30		
118	Table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen of flax or ramie, other than knitted or crocheted 6302 29 10, 6302 39 20, 6302 59 10, ex 6302 59 90, 6302 99 10, ex 6302 99 90		
120	Curtains (incl. drapes), interior blinds, curtain and bed valances and other furnishing articles, not knitted or crocheted, of flax or ramie ex 6303 99 90, 6304 19 30, ex 6304 99 00		
121	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not, of flax or ramie ex 5607 90 90		
122	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, used, of flax, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6305 90 00		
123	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics of flax or ramie, other than narrow woven fabrics 5801 90 10, ex 5801 90 90 Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, of flax or ramie, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6214 90 00		
GROUP V			
124	Synthetic staple fibres 5501 10 00, 5501 20 00, 5501 30 00, 5501 40 00, 5501 90 00, 5503 11 00, 5503 19 00, 5503 20 00, 5503 30 00, 5503 40 00, 5503 90 10, 5503 90 90, 5505 10 10, 5505 10 30, 5505 10 50, 5505 10 70, 5505 10 90		
125 A	Synthetic filament yarn (continuous) not put up for retail sale, other than yarn of category 41 ex 5402 44 00, 5402 45 00, 5402 46 00, 5402 47 00		
125 B	Monofilament, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut of synthetic materials 5404 11 00, 5404 12 00, 5404 19 00, 5404 90 11, 5404 90 19, 5404 90 90, ex 5604 90 10, ex 5604 90 90		
126	Artificial staple fibres 5502 00 10, 5502 00 40, 5502 00 80, 5504 10 00, 5504 90 00, 5505 20 00		
127 A	Yarn of artificial filaments (continuous) not put up for retail sale, other than yarn of category 42 ex 5403 31 00, ex 5403 32 00, ex 5403 33 00		
127 B	Monofilament, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut of artificial textile materials 5405 00 00, ex 5604 90 90		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
128	Coarse animal hair, carded or combed 5105 40 00		
129	Yarn of coarse animal hair or of horsehair 5110 00 00		
130 A	Silk yarn other than yarn spun from silk waste 5004 00 10, 5004 00 90, 5006 00 10		
130 B	Silk yarn other than of category 130 A; silkworm gut 5005 00 10, 5005 00 90, 5006 00 90, ex 5604 90 90		
131	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres 5308 90 90		
132	Paper yarn 5308 90 50		
133	Yarn of true hemp 5308 20 10, 5308 20 90		
134	Metallised yarn 5605 00 00		
135	Woven fabrics of coarse animal hair or of horsehair 5113 00 00		
136	Woven fabrics of silk or of silk waste 5007 10 00, 5007 20 11, 5007 20 19, 5007 20 21, 5007 20 31, 5007 20 39, 5007 20 41, 5007 20 51, 5007 20 59, 5007 20 61, 5007 20 69, 5007 20 71, 5007 90 10, 5007 90 30, 5007 90 50, 5007 90 90, 5803 00 30, ex 5905 00 90, ex 5911 20 00		
137	Woven pile fabric and chenille fabrics and narrow woven fabrics of silk, or of silk waste ex 5801 90 90, ex 5806 10 00		
138	Woven fabrics of paper yarn and other textile fibres other than of ramie 5311 00 90, ex 5905 00 90		
139	Woven fabrics of metal threads or of metallised yarn 5809 00 00		
140	Knitted or crocheted fabric of textile material other than wool or fine animal hair, cotton or man-made fibres ex 6001 10 00, ex 6001 29 00, ex 6001 99 00, 6003 90 00, 6005 90 90, 6006 90 00		
141	Travelling rugs and blankets of textile material other than wool or fine animal hair, cotton or man-made fibres ex 6301 90 90		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
142	Carpets and other textile floor coverings of sisal, of other fibres of the agave family or the Manila hemp ex 5702 39 00, ex 5702 49 00, ex 5702 50 90, ex 5702 99 00, ex 5705 00 90		
144	Felt of coarse animal hair 5602 10 35, ex 5602 29 00		
145	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables plaited or not abaca (Manila hemp) or of true hemp ex 5607 90 20, ex 5607 90 90		
146 A	Binder or baler twine for agricultural machines, of sisal or other fibres of the agave family ex 5607 21 00		
146 B	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables of sisal or other fibres of the agave family, other than the products of category 146 A ex 5607 21 00, 5607 29 10, 5607 29 90		
146 C	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, whether or not plaited or braided, of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 5303 ex 5607 90 20		
147	Silk waste (incl. cocoons unsuitable for reeling), yarn waste and garnetted stock, other than not carded or combed ex 5003 00 00		
148 A	Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 5303 5307 10 10, 5307 10 90, 5307 20 00		
148 B	Coir yarn 5308 10 00		
149	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fibres of a width of more than 150 cm 5310 10 90, ex 5310 90 00		
150	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fibres of a width of not more than 150 cm; Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, of jute or of other textile bast fibres, other than used 5310 10 10, ex 5310 90 00, 5905 00 50, 6305 10 90		
151 A	Floor coverings of coconut fibres (coir) 5702 20 00		
151 B	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, of jute or of other textile bast fibres, other than tufted or flocced ex 5702 39 00, ex 5702 49 00, ex 5702 50 90, ex 5702 99 00		
152	Needleloom felt of jute or of other textile bast fibres not impregnated or coated, other than floor coverings 5602 10 11		
153	Used sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 5303 6305 10 10		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
154	<p>Silkworm cocoons suitable for reeling 5001 00 00</p> <p>Raw silk (not thrown) 5002 00 00</p> <p>Silk waste (incl. cocoons unsuitable for reeling), yarn waste and garnetted stock, not carded or combed ex 5003 00 00</p> <p>Wool not carded or combed 5101 11 00, 5101 19 00, 5101 21 00, 5101 29 00, 5101 30 00</p> <p>Fine or coarse animal hair, not carded or combed 5102 11 00, 5102 19 10, 5102 19 30, 5102 19 40, 5102 19 90, 5102 20 00</p> <p>Waste of wool or of fine or coarse animal hair, including yarn waste but excluding garnetted stock 5103 10 10, 5103 10 90, 5103 20 10, 5103 20 91, 5103 20 99, 5103 30 00</p> <p>Garnetted stock of wool or of fine or coarse animal hair 5104 00 00</p> <p>Flax, raw or processed but not spun: flax tow and waste (including yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5301 10 00, 5301 21 00, 5301 29 00, 5301 30 10, 5301 30 90</p> <p>Ramie and other vegetable textile fibres, raw or processed but not spun: tow, noils and waste, other than coir and abaca 5305 00 00</p> <p>Cotton, not carded nor combed 5201 00 10, 5201 00 90</p> <p>Cotton waste (incl. yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5202 10 00, 5202 91 00, 5202 99 00</p> <p>True hemp (<i>cannabis sativa</i> L.), raw or processed but not spun: tow and waste of true hemp (including yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5302 10 00, 5302 90 00</p> <p>Abaca (<i>Manila hemp</i> or <i>Musa Textilis Nee</i>), raw or processed but not spun: tow and waste of abaca (including yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5305 00 00</p> <p>Jute or other textile bast fibres (excl. flax, true hemp and ramie), raw or processed but not spun: tow and waste of jute or other textile bast fibres (including yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5303 10 00, 5303 90 00</p> <p>Other vegetable textile fibres, raw or processed but not spun: tow and waste of such fibres (including yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5305 00 00</p>		
156	<p>Blouses and pullovers knitted or crocheted of silk or silk waste for women and girls 6106 90 30, ex 6110 90 90</p>		
157	<p>Garments, knitted or crocheted, other than those of categories 1 to 123 and 156 ex 6101 90 20, ex 6101 90 80, 6102 90 10, 6102 90 90, ex 6103 39 00, ex 6103 49 00, ex 6104 19 90, ex 6104 29 90, ex 6104 39 00, 6104 49 00, ex 6104 69 00, 6105 90 90, 6106 90 50, 6106 90 90, ex 6107 99 00, ex 6108 99 00, 6109 90 90, 6110 90 10, ex 6110 90 90, ex 6111 90 90, ex 6114 90 00</p>		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
159	Dresses, blouses and shirt-blouses, not knitted or crocheted, of silk or silk waste 6204 49 10, 6206 10 00 Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, not knitted or crocheted, of silk or silk waste 6214 10 00 Ties, bow ties and cravats of silk or silk waste 6215 10 00		
160	Handkerchiefs of silk or silk waste ex 6213 90 00		
161	Garments, not knitted or crocheted, other than those of categories 1 to 123 and category 159 6201 19 00, 6201 99 00, 6202 19 00, 6202 99 00, 6203 19 90, 6203 29 90, 6203 39 90, 6203 49 90, 6204 19 90, 6204 29 90, 6204 39 90, 6204 49 90, 6204 59 90, 6204 69 90, 6205 90 10, ex 6205 90 80, 6206 90 10, 6206 90 90, ex 6211 20 00, ex 6211 39 00, 6211 49 00		

ANNEX I A

Category	Description CN-Code 2008	Table of equivalence	
		pieces/kg	g/piece
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
163 ⁽¹⁾	Gauze and articles of gauze put up in forms or packings for retail sale 3005 90 31		

⁽¹⁾ Only applies to imports from China.

ANNEX I B

1. This Annex covers textile raw materials (categories 128 and 154), textile products other than those of wool and fine animal hair, cotton and man-made fibres, as well as man-made fibres and filaments and yarns of categories 124, 125A, 125B, 126, 127A and 127B.
2. Without prejudice to the rules for the interpretation of the combined nomenclature, the wording of the description of goods is considered to be of indicative value only, since the products covered by each category are determined, within this Annex, by CN codes. Where there is an "ex" symbol in front of a CN code, the products covered in each category are determined by the scope of the CN code and by that of the corresponding description.
3. Garments which are not recognisable as being garments for men or boys or as being garments for women or girls are classified with the latter.
4. Where the expression "babies' garments" is used, this is meant to cover garments up to and including commercial size 86.

Category	Description CN code 2008	Table of equivalence	
		pieces/kg	g/piece
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
GROUP I			
ex 20	Bedlinen, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6302 29 90, ex 6302 39 90		
ex 32	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics and tufted textile surfaces ex 5802 20 00, ex 5802 30 00		
ex 39	Table linen, toilet and kitchen linen, other than knitted or crocheted and other than those of category 118 ex 6302 59 90, ex 6302 99 90		
GROUP II			
ex 12	Pantyhose and tights, stockings, understockings, socks, ankle socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, other than for babies ex 6115 10 90, ex 6115 29 00, ex 6115 30 90, ex 6115 99 00	24,3	41
ex 13	Men's or boys' underpants and briefs, women's or girls' knickers and briefs, knitted or crocheted ex 6107 19 00, ex 6108 29 00, ex 6212 10 10	17	59
ex 14	Men's or boys' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes ex 6210 20 00	0,72	1 389
ex 15	Women's or girls' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes, jackets and blazers, other than parkas ex 6210 30 00	0,84	1 190
ex 18	Men's or boys' singlets and other vests, underpants, briefs, nightshirts, pyjamas, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6207 19 00, ex 6207 29 00, ex 6207 99 90 Women's or girls' singlets and other vests, slips, petticoats, briefs, panties, nightdresses, pyjamas, negligees, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6208 19 00, ex 6208 29 00, ex 6208 99 00, ex 6212 10 10		
ex 19	Handkerchiefs, other than those of silk and silk waste ex 6213 90 00	59	17

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex 24	Men's or boys' nightshirts, pyjamas, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles, knitted or crocheted ex 6107 29 00 Women's or girls' nightdresses, pyjamas, négligés, bathrobes, dressing gowns and similar articles, knitted or crocheted ex 6108 39 00	3,9	257
ex 27	Women's or girls' skirts, including divided skirts ex 6104 59 00	2,6	385
ex 28	Trousers, bib and brace overalls, breeches and shorts (other than swimwear), knitted or crocheted ex 6103 49 00, ex 6104 69 00	1,61	620
ex 31	Brassieres, woven, knitted or crocheted ex 6212 10 10, ex 6212 10 90	18,2	55
ex 68	Babies' garments and clothing accessories, excluding babies' gloves, mittens and mitts of categories ex 10 and ex 87, and babies' stockings, socks and sockettes, other than knitted or crocheted, of category ex 88 ex 6209 90 90		
ex 73	Tracksuits of knitted or crocheted fabric ex 6112 19 00	1,67	600
ex 78	Woven garments of fabrics of heading No 5903, 5906, and 5907, excluding garments of categories ex 14 and ex 15 ex 6210 40 00, ex 6210 50 00		
ex 83	Garments of knitted or crocheted fabrics of heading No 5903, and 5907, and ski suits, knitted or crocheted ex 6112 20 00, ex 6113 00 90		
GROUP III A			
ex 38 B	Net curtains, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6303 99 90		
ex 40	Woven curtains (including drapes, interior blinds, curtain and bed valances and other furnishing articles), other than knitted or crocheted ex 6303 99 90, ex 6304 19 90, ex 6304 99 00		
ex 58	Carpets, carportines and rugs, knotted (made up or not) ex 5701 90 10, ex 5701 90 90		
ex 59	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, other than the carpets of category ex 58, 142 and 151B ex 5702 10 00, ex 5702 50 90, ex 5702 99 00, ex 5703 90 20, ex 5703 90 80, ex 5704 10 00, ex 5704 90 00, ex 5705 00 90		
ex 60	Tapestries, handmade, of the type Gobelins, Flanders, Aubusson, Beauvais and the like, and needlework tapestries (e.g. petit point and cross stitch) made in panels and the like by hand ex 5805 00 00		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex 61	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft, assembled by means of an adhesive, other than labels and similar articles of category ex 62 and of category 137 Elastic fabrics and trimmings (not knitted or crocheted), made from textile materials assembled from rubber thread ex 5806 10 00, ex 5806 20 00, ex 5806 39 00, ex 5806 40 00		
ex 62	Chenille yarn (incl. flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallised yarn and gimped horsehair yarn) ex 5606 00 91, ex 5606 00 99 Tulle and other net fabrics but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics, hand or mechanically-made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs ex 5804 10 11, ex 5804 10 19, ex 5804 10 90, ex 5804 29 10, ex 5804 29 90, ex 5804 30 00 Labels, badges and the like of textile materials, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size, woven ex 5807 10 10, ex 5807 10 90 Braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like ex 5808 10 00, ex 5808 90 00 Embroidery, in the piece, in strips or in motifs ex 5810 10 10, ex 5810 10 90, ex 5810 99 10, ex 5810 99 90		
ex 63	Knitted or crocheted fabric of synthetic fibres containing by weight 5 % or more elastomeric yarn and knitted or crocheted fabrics containing by weight 5 % or more of rubber thread ex 5906 91 00, ex 6002 40 00, ex 6002 90 00, ex 6004 10 00, ex 6004 90 00		
ex 65	Knitted or crocheted fabric, other than those of category ex 63 ex 5606 00 10, ex 6002 40 00, ex 6004 10 00		
ex 66	Travelling rugs and blankets, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6301 10 00, ex 6301 90 90		
GROUP III B			
ex 10	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted ex 6116 10 20, ex 6116 10 80, ex 6116 99 00	17 pairs	59
ex 67	Knitted or crocheted clothing accessories other than for babies; household linen of all kinds, knitted or crocheted; curtains (incl. drapes) and interior blinds, curtain or bed valances and other furnishing articles knitted or crocheted; knitted or crocheted blankets and travelling rugs, other knitted or crocheted articles including parts of garments or of clothing accessories ex 5807 90 90, ex 6113 00 10, ex 6117 10 00, ex 6117 80 10, ex 6117 80 80, ex 6117 90 00, ex 6301 90 10, ex 6302 10 00, ex 6302 40 00, ex 6303 19 00, ex 6304 11 00, ex 6304 91 00, ex 6307 10 10, ex 6307 90 10		
ex 69	Women's and girls' slips and petticoats, knitted or crocheted ex 6108 19 00	7,8	128
ex 72	Swimwear ex 6112 39 10, ex 6112 39 90, ex 6112 49 10, ex 6112 49 90, ex 6211 11 00, ex 6211 12 00	9,7	103
ex 75	Men's or boys' knitted or crocheted suits and ensembles ex 6103 10 90, ex 6103 29 00	0,80	1 250
ex 85	Ties, bow ties and cravats other than knitted or crocheted, other than those of category 159 ex 6215 90 00	17,9	56

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex 86	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender belts, braces, suspenders, garters and the like, and parts thereof, whether or not knitted or crocheted ex 6212 20 00, ex 6212 30 00, ex 6212 90 00	8,8	114
ex 87	Gloves, mittens and mitts, not knitted or crocheted ex 6209 90 90, ex 6216 00 00		
ex 88	Stockings, socks and sockettes, not knitted or crocheted; other clothing accessories, parts of garments or of clothing accessories, other than for babies, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6209 90 90, ex 6217 10 00, ex 6217 90 00		
ex 91	Tents ex 6306 29 00		
ex 94	Wadding of textile materials and articles thereof; textile fibres, not exceeding 5 mm in length (flock), textile dust and mill neps ex 5601 10 90, ex 5601 29 00, ex 5601 30 00		
ex 95	Felt and articles thereof, whether or not impregnated or coated, other than floor coverings ex 5602 10 19, ex 5602 10 39, ex 5602 10 90, ex 5602 29 00, ex 5602 90 00, ex 5807 90 10, ex 6210 10 10, ex 6307 90 91		
ex 97	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope ex 5608 90 00		
ex 98	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, cables or rope, other than textile fabrics, articles made from such fabrics and articles of category 97 ex 5609 00 00, ex 5905 00 10		
ex 99	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar stiffened textile fabrics of a kind used for hat foundations ex 5901 10 00, ex 5901 90 00 Linoleum, whether or not cut to shape; floor coverings consisting of a coating or covering applied on a textile backing, whether or not cut to shape ex 5904 10 00, ex 5904 90 00 Rubberised textile fabric, not knitted or crocheted, excluding those for tyres ex 5906 10 00, ex 5906 99 10, ex 5906 99 90 Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio backcloths, other than of category ex 100 ex 5907 00 10, ex 5907 00 90		
ex 100	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials ex 5903 10 10, ex 5903 10 90, ex 5903 20 10, ex 5903 20 90, ex 5903 90 10, ex 5903 90 91, ex 5903 90 99		
ex 109	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings and sunblinds ex 6306 19 00, ex 6306 30 00		
ex 110	Woven pneumatic mattresses ex 6306 40 00		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
ex 111	Camping goods, woven, other than pneumatic mattresses and tents ex 6306 99 00		
ex 112	Other made up textiles articles, woven, excluding those of categories ex 113 and ex 114 ex 6307 20 00, ex 6307 90 99		
ex 113	Floor cloth, dishcloth and dusters, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6307 10 90		
ex 114	Woven fabrics and articles for technical uses, other than those of category 136 ex 5908 00 00, ex 5909 00 90, ex 5910 00 00, ex 5911 10 00, ex 5911 31 19, ex 5911 31 90, ex 5911 32 10, ex 5911 32 90, ex 5911 40 00, ex 5911 90 10, ex 5911 90 90		

GROUP IV

115	Flax or ramie yarn 5306 10 10, 5306 10 30, 5306 10 50, 5306 10 90, 5306 20 10, 5306 20 90, 5308 90 12, 5308 90 19		
117	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie 5309 11 10, 5309 11 90, 5309 19 00, 5309 21 10, 5309 21 90, 5309 29 00, 5311 00 10, ex 5803 00 90, 5905 00 30		
118	Table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen of flax or ramie, other knitted or crocheted 6302 29 10, 6302 39 20, 6302 59 10, ex 6302 59 90, 6302 99 10, ex 6302 99 90		
120	Curtains (incl. drapes), interior blinds, curtain and bed valances and other furnishing articles, not knitted or crocheted, of flax or ramie ex 6303 99 90, 6304 19 30, ex 6304 99 00		
121	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not, of flax or ramie ex 5607 90 90		
122	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, used, of flax, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6305 90 00		
123	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics of flax or ramie, other than narrow woven fabrics 5801 90 10, ex 5801 90 90 Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, of flax or ramie, other than knitted or crocheted ex 6214 90 00		

GROUP V

124	Synthetic staple fibres 5501 10 00, 5501 20 00, 5501 30 00, 5501 40 00, 5501 90 00, 5503 11 00, 5503 19 00, 5503 20 00, 5503 30 00, 5503 40 00, 5503 90 10, 5503 90 90, 5505 10 10, 5505 10 30, 5505 10 50, 5505 10 70, 5505 10 90		
125 A	Synthetic filament yarn (continuous) not put up for retail sale ex 5402 44 00, 5402 45 00, 5402 46 00, 5402 47 00		
125 B	Monofilament, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut of synthetic materials 5404 11 00, 5404 12 00, 5404 19 00, 5404 90 11, 5404 90 19, 5404 90 90, ex 5604 90 10, ex 5604 90 90		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
126	Artificial staple fibres 5502 00 10, 5502 00 40, 5502 00 80, 5504 10 00, 5504 90 00, 5505 20 00		
127 A	Yarn of artificial filaments (continuous) not put up for retail sale, single yarn or viscose rayon untwisted or with a twist of not more than 250 turns per metre and single non-textured yarn of cellulose acetate ex 5403 31 00, ex 5403 32 00, ex 5403 33 00		
127 B	Monofilament, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut of artificial textile materials 5405 00 00, ex 5604 90 90		
128	Coarse animal hair, carded or combed 5105 40 00		
129	Yarn of coarse animal hair or of horsehair 5110 00 00		
130 A	Silk yarn other than yarn spun from silk waste 5004 00 10, 5004 00 90, 5006 00 10		
130 B	Silk yarn other than of category 130 A; silkworm gut 5005 00 10, 5005 00 90, 5006 00 90, ex 5604 90 90		
131	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres 5308 90 90		
132	Paper yarn 5308 90 50		
133	Yarn of true hemp 5308 20 10, 5308 20 90		
134	Metallised yarn 5605 00 00		
135	Woven fabrics of coarse animal hair or of horsehair 5113 00 00		
136 A	Woven fabrics of silk or of silk waste other than unbleached, scoured or bleached 5007 20 19, ex 5007 20 31, ex 5007 20 39, ex 5007 20 41, 5007 20 59, 5007 20 61, 5007 20 69, 5007 20 71, 5007 90 30, 5007 90 50, 5007 90 90		
136 B	Woven fabrics of silk or of silk waste other than those of category 136 A ex 5007 10 00, 5007 20 11, 5007 20 21, ex 5007 20 31, ex 5007 20 39, ex 5007 20 41, 5007 20 51, 5007 90 10, 5803 00 30, ex 5905 00 90, ex 5911 20 00		
137	Woven pile fabric and chenille fabrics and narrow woven fabrics of silk, or of silk waste ex 5801 90 90, ex 5806 10 00		
138	Woven fabrics of paper yarn and other textile fibres other than of ramie 5311 00 90, ex 5905 00 90		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
139	Woven fabrics of metal threads or of metallised yarn 5809 00 00		
140	Knitted or crocheted fabric of textile material other than wool or fine animal hair, cotton or man-made fibres ex 6001 10 00, ex 6001 29 00, ex 6001 99 00, 6003 90 00, 6005 90 90, 6006 90 00		
141	Travelling rugs and blankets of textile material other than wool or fine animal hair, cotton or man-made fibres ex 6301 90 90		
142	Carpets and other textile floor coverings of sisal, of other fibres of the agave family or the Manila hemp ex 5702 39 00, ex 5702 49 00, ex 5702 50 90, ex 5702 99 00, ex 5705 00 90		
144	Felt of coarse animal hair 5602 10 35, ex 5602 29 00		
145	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables plaited or not abaca (Manila hemp) or of true hemp ex 5607 90 20, ex 5607 90 90		
146 A	Binder or baler twine for agricultural machines, of sisal or other fibres of the agave family ex 5607 21 00		
146 B	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables of sisal or other fibres of the agave family, other than the products of category 146 A ex 5607 21 00, 5607 29 10, 5607 29 90		
146 C	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, whether or not plaited or braided, of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 5303 ex 5607 90 20		
147	Silk waste (incl. cocoons unsuitable for reeling), yarn waste and garnetted stock, other than not carded or combed ex 5003 00 00		
148 A	Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 5303 5307 10 10, 5307 10 90, 5307 20 00		
148 B	Coir yarn 5308 10 00		
149	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fibres of a width of more than 150 cm 5310 10 90, ex 5310 90 00		
150	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fibres of a width of not more than 150 cm; Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, of jute or of other textile bast fibres, other than used 5310 10 10, ex 5310 90 00, 5905 00 50, 6305 10 90		
151 A	Floor coverings of coconut fibres (coir) 5702 20 00		
151 B	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, of jute or of other textile bast fibres, other than tufted or flocked ex 5702 39 00, ex 5702 49 00, ex 5702 50 90, ex 5702 99 00		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
152	Needle loom felt of jute or of other textile bast fibres not impregnated or coated, other than floor coverings 5602 10 11		
153	Used sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 5303 6305 10 10		
154	Silkworm cocoons suitable for reeling 5001 00 00 Raw silk (not thrown) 5002 00 00 Silk waste (incl. cocoons unsuitable for reeling), yarn waste and garnetted stock, not carded or combed ex 5003 00 00 Wool not carded or combed 5101 11 00, 5101 19 00, 5101 21 00, 5101 29 00, 5101 30 00 Fine or coarse animal hair, not carded or combed 5102 11 00, 5102 19 10, 5102 19 30, 5102 19 40, 5102 19 90, 5102 20 00 Waste of wool or of fine or coarse animal hair, including yarn waste but excluding garnetted stock 5103 10 10, 5103 10 90, 5103 20 10, 5103 20 91, 5103 20 99, 5103 30 00 Garnetted stock of wool or of fine or coarse animal hair 5104 00 00 Flax, raw or processed but not spun: flax tow and waste (including yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5301 10 00, 5301 21 00, 5301 29 00, 5301 30 10, 5301 30 90 Ramie and other vegetable textile fibres, raw or processed but not spun: tow, noils and waste, other than coir and abaca 5305 00 00 Cotton, not carded nor combed 5201 00 10, 5201 00 90 Cotton waste (incl. yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5202 10 00, 5202 91 00, 5202 99 00 True hemp (<i>cannabis sativa</i>), raw or processed but not spun: tow and waste of true hemp (including yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5302 10 00, 5302 90 00 Abaca (<i>Manila hemp</i> or <i>Musa Textilis Nee</i>), raw or processed but not spun: tow and waste of abaca (including yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5305 00 00 Jute or other textile bast fibres (excl. flax, true hemp and ramie), raw or processed but not spun: tow and waste of jute or other textile bast fibres (including yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5303 10 00, 5303 90 00 Other vegetable textile fibres, raw or processed but not spun: tow and waste of such fibres (including yarn waste and garnetted stock) 5305 00 00		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
156	Blouses and pullovers knitted or crocheted of silk or silk waste for women and girls 6106 90 30, ex 6110 90 90		
157	Garments, knitted or crocheted, excluding garments of categories ex 10, ex 12, ex 13, ex 24, ex 27, ex 28, ex 67, ex 69, ex 72, ex 73, ex 75, ex 83 and 156 ex 6101 90 20, ex 6101 90 80, 6102 90 10, 6102 90 90, ex 6103 39 00, ex 6103 49 00, ex 6104 19 90, ex 6104 29 90, ex 6104 39 00, 6104 49 00, ex 6104 69 00, 6105 90 90, 6106 90 50, 6106 90 90, ex 6107 99 00, ex 6108 99 00, 6109 90 90, 6110 90 10, ex 6110 90 90, ex 6111 90 90, ex 6114 90 00		
159	Dresses, blouses and shirt-blouses, not knitted or crocheted, of silk or silk waste 6204 49 10, 6206 10 00 Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, not knitted or crocheted, of silk or silk waste 6214 10 00 Ties, bow ties and cravats of silk or silk waste 6215 10 00		
160	Handkerchiefs of silk or silk waste ex 6213 90 00		
161	Garments, not knitted or crocheted, excluding garments of categories ex 14, ex 15, ex 18, ex 31, ex 68, ex 72, ex 78, ex 86, ex 87, ex 88 and 159 6201 19 00, 6201 99 00, 6202 19 00, 6202 99 00, 6203 19 90, 6203 29 90, 6203 39 90, 6203 49 90, 6204 19 90, 6204 29 90, 6204 39 90, 6204 49 90, 6204 59 90, 6204 69 90, 6205 90 10, ex 6205 90 80, 6206 90 10, 6206 90 90, ex 6211 20 00, ex 6211 39 00, 6211 49 00'		

ANNEX II

'ANNEX II

EXPORTING COUNTRIES REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 1

Belarus
 China
 Russia
 Serbia
 Uzbekistan'

ANNEX III

'ANNEX IX

Supplier country	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Belarus		1,20 %	4,00 %	4,00 %	4,00 %
Uzbekistan	0,35 % ⁽¹⁾	1,20 %	4,00 %	4,00 %	4,00 %

⁽¹⁾ Except for category 1: 2005: %.

Supplier country	Group I	Group IIA	Group IIB	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Vietnam	1,0 %	5,0 %	2,5 %	10,0 %	10,0 %	10,0 %'

II

(Acts adopted under the EC Treaty/Euratom Treaty whose publication is not obligatory)

DECISIONS

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DECISION

of 3 June 2008

authorising Portugal to apply a reduced rate of excise duty on locally produced beer in the autonomous region of Madeira

(2008/417/EC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 299(2) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas:

- (1) By a request dated 30 May 2007 and referring to Article 299(2) of the Treaty, Portugal seeks a derogation from Article 90 of the Treaty in order to apply a rate of excise duty, lower than the national rate set in accordance with Council Directive 92/84/EEC of 19 October 1992 on the approximation of the rates of excise duty on alcohol and alcoholic beverages ⁽²⁾ to beer produced in Madeira, in cases where the annual production of the brewery does not exceed 300 000 hectolitres. Production in excess of 200 000 hectolitres would benefit from the reduced only to the extent it is consumed locally.
- (2) By way of justification for its request, Portugal has explained that the possibilities offered by Article 4 of Council Directive 92/83/EEC of 19 October 1992 on

the harmonisation of the structures of excise duties on alcohol and alcoholic beverages ⁽³⁾ are not sufficient to offset the disadvantages suffered by the breweries in Madeira on account of their remote location, fragmented terrain and tight local markets. Under that Article, breweries whose annual beer production does not exceed 200 000 hectolitres may benefit from reduced rates of excise duty, provided that those rates are not set at more than 50 % below the standard national rate. Portugal has made use of this provision, applying a 50 % reduction to breweries whose annual production does not exceed 200 000 hectolitres. However, it does not signify that breweries located in Madeira that reach production in excess of that threshold would be in a sufficiently strong position to face up to competition from beers from mainland Portugal (or mainland Europe). Their share of the local market would continue to diminish as a result of the strong competition that they would continue to face from foreign beers owing to the additional costs that they would have to meet as a result of their remoteness, namely maintaining high level of stocks, transport of raw and secondary materials, and packaging from mainland Portugal. Thus, even though such breweries would, upon reaching 200 000 hectolitres annual production, cease to be 'small' as defined in Article 4 of Directive 92/83/EEC, they would nonetheless continue to be small compared to the large national and multinational breweries with whom they compete. It is, therefore, essential for the continued survival of the local industry that breweries should benefit from a reduced rate in the event that their annual production exceeds 200 000 hectolitres, without however going beyond 300 000 hectolitres.

⁽¹⁾ Opinion of 11 April 2008 (not yet published in the Official Journal).
⁽²⁾ OJ L 316, 31.10.1992, p. 29.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 316, 31.10.1992, p. 21. Directive as amended by the 2005 Act of Accession.

- (3) Portugal therefore requests that the entitlement to a reduced rate, which would be set at 50 % below the standard national rate, should be available to beer produced locally by independent brewers situated in Madeira whose annual production does not exceed 300 000 hectolitres. However, where annual production exceeds 200 000 hectolitres the entitlement to a reduced rate for quantities in excess of this figure will only apply to beer which is to be consumed locally in Madeira.
- (4) A careful examination of the situation shows that it is essential to grant Portugal's request, if the brewing industry is to be maintained in the outermost region of Madeira. It is clear that, in the circumstances of this case and subject to the relevant conditions, the effect of extending the tax reduction will be to place the brewing industry of Madeira on an equal footing with its competitors in mainland Portugal and other Member States. The tax advantages gained will do no more than offset the extra costs necessarily incurred as a result of the remoteness of the industry's location.
- (5) In order not to undermine the single market, the entitlement to a reduced rate for production above 200 000 hectolitres should only apply to beer produced and consumed locally in Madeira.
- (6) Although the requested derogation from Article 90 of the Treaty is necessary to ensure that the development of the outermost region of Madeira is not jeopardised, it is also necessary to set a time limit on tax derogations. On the other hand, however, it is important to ensure that local economic operators have the requisite security to develop their commercial activities. It is appropriate, therefore, that the derogation be granted for a period of six years.
- (7) Furthermore, the production of a mid-term report should be required, so that the Commission can assess whether the conditions justifying the granting of such a derogation continue to be fulfilled.
- (8) The measures provided for in this Decision should be without prejudice to the application of Articles 87 and 88 of the Treaty,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

By way of derogation from Article 90 of the Treaty, Portugal is authorised to apply a rate of excise duty lower than the national rate fixed in accordance with Directive 92/84/EEC in the case of beer produced in the autonomous region of Madeira by independent breweries situated in that region, whose total annual production does not exceed 300 000 hectolitres. Production in excess of 200 000 hectolitres annually may benefit from the reduced rate only to the extent it is consumed locally in Madeira.

The term 'independent brewery' shall mean a brewery which is legally and economically independent of any other brewery, which uses premises situated physically apart from those of any other brewery and does not operate under licence. However, where two or more breweries cooperate, and their combined annual production does not exceed 300 000 hectolitres, those breweries may be treated as a single independent brewery.

The reduced excise duty rate, which may fall below the minimum rate, shall not be set more than 50 % lower than the standard national excise duty rate for Portugal.

Article 2

By 31 December 2010, Portugal shall send the Commission a report on the situation, to enable it to assess whether the reasons justifying the derogation provided for in Article 1 still exist.

Article 3

This Decision shall apply until 31 December 2013.

Article 4

This Decision is addressed to the Portuguese Republic.

Done at Brussels, 3 June 2008.

For the Council
The President
A. BAJUK

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 29 May 2008

on a financial contribution from the Community towards emergency measures to combat bluetongue in the United Kingdom in 2007

(notified under document number C(2008) 2161)

(Only the English text is authentic)

(2008/418/EC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 2000/75/EC of 20 November 2000 laying down specific provisions for the control and eradication of bluetongue ⁽¹⁾ and in particular Article 9(2),

Having regard to Council Decision 90/424/EEC of 26 June 1990 on expenditure in the veterinary field ⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 3(3) and Article 3(5) thereof,

Whereas:

(1) Decision 90/424/EEC lays down the procedures governing the Community's financial contribution towards specific veterinary measures, including emergency measures. With a view to helping to eradicate bluetongue as rapidly as possible, Member States shall obtain a financial contribution towards the costs of certain measures to combat outbreaks of bluetongue.

(2) Article 3(5) of Decision 90/424/EEC lay down rules on the percentage of the costs incurred by the Member State that may be covered by the Community's financial contribution.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 327, 22.12.2000, p. 74. Decision as last amended by Commission Decision 2007/729/EC (OJ L 294, 13.11.2007, p. 26).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 19. Decision as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1791/2006 (OJ L 363, 20.12.2006, p. 1).

(3) The payment of a Community financial contribution towards emergency measures to combat bluetongue is subject to the rules laid down in Commission Regulation (EC) No 349/2005 of 28 February 2005 laying down rules on the Community financing of emergency measures and of the campaign to combat certain animal diseases under Council Decision 90/424/EEC ⁽³⁾. That Regulation applies to Community financial contributions granted to Member States in respect of eligible expenditure as defined therein for certain disease eradication measures in the situations referred to in Article 3(1) of Decision 90/424/EEC.

(4) An outbreak of bluetongue occurred in the United Kingdom in 2007. The emergence of that disease represents a serious risk to the Community's livestock population.

(5) Accordingly, the United Kingdom took the necessary emergency measures in order to avoid the spread of bluetongue.

(6) On 28 November 2007, the United Kingdom provided the financial information required prior to the granting of Community financial support in accordance with Article 6 of Regulation (EC) No 349/2005.

(7) The United Kingdom has fully complied with its technical and administrative obligations as set out in Article 3 of Decision 90/424/EEC and Article 6 of Regulation (EC) No 349/2005.

(8) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

⁽³⁾ OJ L 55, 1.3.2005, p. 12.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 2

Addressee

This Decision is addressed to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Done at Brussels, 29 May 2008.

For the Commission
Androulla VASSILIOU
Member of the Commission

Article 1

Financial contribution from the Community to the United Kingdom

Without prejudice to Article 10a of Decision 90/424/EEC, a financial contribution from the Community may be granted to the United Kingdom towards the costs incurred by that Member State in taking the measures referred to in Article 3(2) of Decision 90/424/EEC to combat bluetongue in 2007.

COMMISSION DECISION

of 30 May 2008

amending Decision 2008/377/EC concerning certain protection measures relating to classical swine fever in Slovakia

(notified under document number C(2008) 2262)

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2008/419/EC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/425/EEC of 26 June 1990 concerning veterinary and zootechnical checks applicable in intra-Community trade in certain live animals and products with a view to the completion of the internal market ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 10(4) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Outbreaks of Classical Swine Fever have occurred in Slovakia, which in view of the trade in live pigs and certain pig products are liable to endanger the porcine herds of other Members States.
- (2) Commission Decision 2008/377/EC of 8 May 2008 concerning certain protection measures relating to Classical Swine Fever in Slovakia ⁽²⁾ was adopted in order to reinforce the measures taken by Slovakia within the framework of Council Directive 2001/89/EC of 23 October 2001 on Community measures for the control of Classical Swine Fever ⁽³⁾.
- (3) Article 2(2)(p) of Council Directive 64/432/EEC of 26 June 1964 on animal health problems affecting intra-Community trade in bovine animals and swine ⁽⁴⁾ defines a 'kraj' as the administrative region of Slovakia which is at least 2 000 km² in area and which is subject to inspection by the competent authorities.

- (4) Based on the results of the epidemiological inquiry carried out by the competent authorities in Slovakia it is appropriate to provide that protection measures relating to Classical Swine Fever in Slovakia should apply to certain administrative regions (kraj).
- (5) Decision 2008/377/EC should therefore be amended accordingly.
- (6) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The Annex to Decision 2008/377/EC is replaced by the text in the Annex to this Decision.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 May 2008.

For the Commission
Androulla VASSILIOU
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 29. Directive as last amended by Decision 2006/965/EC (OJ L 397, 30.12.2006, p. 22).

⁽²⁾ OJ L 130, 20.5.2008, p. 18.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 316, 1.12.2001, p. 5. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 2007/729/EC (OJ L 294, 13.11.2007, p. 26).

⁽⁴⁾ OJ 121, 29.7.1964, p. 1977/64. Directive as last amended by Decision 2007/729/EC.

ANNEX

'ANNEX

The following administrative regions in Slovakia:

- Banská Bystrica Region (Banskobystrický kraj)
 - Nitra Region (Nitriansky kraj)
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