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IV

(Notices)

NOTICES FROM EUROPEAN UNION INSTITUTIONS, BODIES, OFFICES AND AGENCIES

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DECISION

of 14 May 2018

appointing one member of the Management Board of the European Chemicals Agency

(2018/C 169/01)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC (1), and in particular Article 79 thereof,

Whereas

- (1) Article 79 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 provides that the Council is to appoint one representative from each Member State as member of the Management Board of the European Chemicals Agency ('the Management Board').
- (2) By Decision of 11 May 2015 (2) the Council appointed 15 members of the Management Board.
- (3) The Estonian Government has informed the Council of its intention to replace the Estonian representative on the Management Board and has submitted a nomination for a new representative, who should be appointed for a period which runs until 31 May 2019,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Ms Enda VESKIMÄE, Estonian, born on 17 May 1956, shall be appointed member of the Management Board of the European Chemicals Agency in place of Ms Aive TELLING for the period running from 14 May 2018 to 31 May 2019.

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its adoption.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 2018.

For the Council The President E. ZAHARIEVA

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 396, 30.12.2006, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ Council Decision of 11 May 2015 appointing 15 members of the Management Board of the European Chemicals Agency (OJ C 161, 14.5.2015, p. 2).

EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Euro exchange rates (¹) 15 May 2018

(2018/C 169/02)

1 euro =

	Currency	Exchange rate		Currency	Exchange rate
USD	US dollar	1,1883	CAD	Canadian dollar	1,5253
JPY	Japanese yen	130,77	HKD	Hong Kong dollar	9,3280
DKK	Danish krone	7,4492	NZD	New Zealand dollar	1,7222
GBP	Pound sterling	0,87900	SGD	Singapore dollar	1,5908
SEK	Swedish krona	10,2928	KRW	South Korean won	1 279,12
CHF	Swiss franc	1,1910	ZAR	South African rand	14,8389
ISK	Iceland króna	122,60	CNY	Chinese yuan renminbi	7,5606
NOK	Norwegian krone	9,5673	HRK	Croatian kuna	7,3833
BGN	Bulgarian lev	1,9558	IDR	Indonesian rupiah	16 715,82
	· ·		MYR	Malaysian ringgit	4,7009
CZK	Czech koruna	25,551	PHP	Philippine peso	62,424
HUF	Hungarian forint	316,93	RUB	Russian rouble	73,8220
PLN	Polish zloty	4,2837	THB	Thai baht	38,049
RON	Romanian leu	4,6331	BRL	Brazilian real	4,3439
TRY	Turkish lira	5,2719	MXN	Mexican peso	23,4398
AUD	Australian dollar	1,5857	INR	Indian rupee	80,8720

⁽¹⁾ Source: reference exchange rate published by the ECB.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION

Publication of the total number of allowances in circulation in 2017 for the purposes of the Market Stability Reserve under the EU Emissions Trading System established by Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council

(2018/C 169/03)

1. INTRODUCTION

In 2015, the Council and the European Parliament took the decision to establish a Market Stability Reserve ('MSR') (1) under the EU Emissions Trading System (ETS) established by Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (2). The MSR will operate as of 2019. The purpose of the MSR is to avoid that the EU carbon market operates with a large structural surplus of allowances, with the associated risk that this prevents the EU ETS from delivering the necessary investment signal to deliver on the EU's emission reduction target in a cost-efficient manner.

The Decision states that, by 15 May each year and starting in 2017, the Commission shall publish the total number of allowances in circulation. This figure determines whether allowances intended to be auctioned in the subsequent year should be placed into the reserve.

On 12 May 2017, the Commission published the total number of allowances in circulation amounting to around 1,6 billion allowances (3). However, in line with the agreed MSR rules, this publication did not trigger any reserve feed.

This Communication is the second publication for the purposes of the MSR, and concerns the year 2017. It contains the actual total number of allowances in circulation and sets out in detail how this figure has been calculated. As the MSR will start operating in 2019, this publication is the first of its kind that will lead to the placement of allowances in the reserve.

2. FUNCTIONING OF THE MARKET STABILITY RESERVE

The MSR functions in an automatic manner where the total number of allowances in circulation is outside of a predefined range. Allowances are added to the reserve, if the total number of allowances in circulation exceeds the threshold of 833 million allowances. Allowances are released from the reserve, if the total number of allowances in circulation is lower than 400 million allowances. Allowances are added to the reserve by auctioning less, and released from the reserve by auctioning 100 million more allowances in the future.

The publication of the total number of allowances in circulation, on the basis of which allowances will be added to or released from the reserve, is therefore a key element for the operation of the reserve.

In the context of the recently agreed revision of the EU ETS (4), important changes were made to the functioning of the MSR. During the period from 2019 to 2023, the percentage of the total number of allowances in circulation determining the number of allowances put in the reserve if the threshold of 833 million allowances is exceeded is temporarily doubled from 12% to 24%. Similarly, the percentage applied to determine the MSR feeds in the first eight months of operation of the reserve in 2019 is also doubled from 8% to 16%. (5) In addition, as from 2023, allowances held in the MSR above the previous year's auction volume will no longer be valid.

On the basis of this Communication, 16% of the total number of allowances in circulation will therefore be placed in the reserve over the first 8 months of 2019 starting as of 1 January. A corresponding amount will be deducted from Member States' auction volumes, following their respective auction shares. In this context, it is important to recall that until 31 December 2025, allowances redistributed for the purposes of solidarity and growth within the Union are not taken into account to determine the relevant shares.

⁽¹) Decision (EU) 2015/1814 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 October 2015 concerning the establishment and operation of a market stability reserve for the Union greenhouse gas emission trading scheme and amending Directive 2003/87/EC (OJ L 264, 9.10.2015, p. 1).

⁽²⁾ Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 October 2003 establishing a scheme for greenhouse gas emission allowance trading within the Community and amending Council Directive 96/61/EC (OJ L 275, 25.10.2003, p. 32).

⁽³⁾ See Communication from the Commission, C(2017) 3228 final, available at: https://ec.europa.eu/clima/sites/clima/files/ets/reform/docs/c_2017_3228_en.pdf

^(*) Directive (EU) 2018/410 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 March 2018 amending Directive 2003/87/EC to enhance cost-effective emission reductions and low-carbon investments, and Decision (EU) 2015/1814 (OJ L 76, 19.3.2018, p. 3).

^(*) See Article 1(5) of Decision (EU) 2015/1814 according to which 12 % of the total number of allowances in circulation are annually put in the reserve and 8 % during the first eight months of the operation of the reserve (1 January to 1 September 2019) and Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2018/410 according to which these percentages are doubled until 31 December 2023.

Likewise, 24 % of the total number of allowances in circulation to be published in May 2019 will be placed in the reserve over a 12-month period from 1 September 2019 onwards instead of being auctioned by Member States.

3. THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALLOWANCES IN CIRCULATION

According to Article 1(4) of Decision (EU) 2015/1814, the total number of allowances in circulation 'shall be the cumulative number of allowances issued in the period since 1 January 2008, including the number issued pursuant to Article 13(2) of Directive 2003/87/EC in that period and entitlements to use international credits exercised by installations under the EU ETS in respect of emissions up to 31 December of that given year, minus the cumulative tonnes of verified emissions from installations under the EU ETS between 1 January 2008 and 31 December of that same given year, any allowances cancelled in accordance with Article 12(4) of Directive 2003/87/EC and the number of allowances in the reserve.'

In short, the total number of allowances in circulation relevant for MSR feeds and releases is calculated by the following formula:

TNAC = Supply – (Demand + allowances in the MSR)

There are three different elements that determine the total number of allowances in circulation: first, the supply of allowances since 1 January 2008; second, the number of allowances surrendered and cancelled ('demand'); and third, the holdings of the reserve.

As foreseen in Decision (EU) 2015/1814, aviation allowances and verified aviation emissions are not considered in this context.

3.1. Supply

The supply of allowances to the market is determined by five different elements:

- allowances banked from 2008-12 ('phase 2'),
- allowances auctioned between 1 January 2013 (1) and 31 December 2017,
- allowances allocated for free since 1 January 2013 until 31 December 2017, including allowances allocated from the new entrants' reserve ('NER'),
- allowances monetised by the European Investment Bank (EIB) for the purposes of the 'NER300' programme, and
- international credit entitlements exercised by installations in respect of emissions up to 31 December 2017.

The number of allowances banked from phase 2 of the EU ETS is 1 749 540 826 allowances (2). This 'banking total' represents the total number of allowances issued during phase 2 of the EU ETS, which were not surrendered to cover verified emissions or cancelled. For the purpose of the determination of the total number of allowances in circulation it therefore represents the number of ETS allowances in circulation at the start of the period 2013-20 ('phase 3') on 1 January 2013 and is taken into account as such in the calculation.

According to the reports from the auctions on the common auction platform and on the relevant opt-out platforms (3), the number of allowances auctioned between 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2017, including the so-called early auctions, is 3 725 458 000.

The number of allowances allocated for free, including allowances allocated from the NER, since 1 January 2013 until 31 December 2017 is $4\,402\,755\,035$ (4).

300 000 000 allowances have been monetised by the EIB for the purposes of the NER300 programme (5).

The international credit entitlements exercised by installations in respect of emissions up to 31 December 2017 correspond to 419 338 468 (6).

⁽¹) This figure includes the so-called 'early auctions', i.e. allowances valid for the period 2013-20, which have been auctioned before 1 January 2013.

⁽²⁾ See Carbon Market Report 2015; COM (2015) 576

⁽³⁾ Available at: http://www.eex.com/en/products/environmental-markets/emissions-auctions/archive and https://www.theice.com/marketdata/reports/148

⁽⁴⁾ Based on an extract of the EU Transaction Log (EUTL) on 1 April 2018

⁽⁵⁾ A first tranche of 200 million allowances — sold in 2011 and 2012 — and a second tranche of 100 million allowances — sold in 2013 and 2014; see https://ec.europa.eu/clima/sites/clima/files/lowcarbon/ner300/docs/summary_report_ner300_monetisation_en.pdf for further details.

⁽⁶⁾ Based on an extract of the EUTL in 1 April 2018.

3.2. Demand

The demand consists of the total verified emissions from installations between 1 January 2013 (¹) and 31 December 2017, which is 8 942 239 207 (²), and allowances cancelled in that same period, which corresponds to 278 524 allowances.

3.3. Holdings of the MSR

Considering that the MSR will only start operating in 2019, there are currently no allowances held in the reserve.

3.4. Total number of allowances in circulation

In the light of the foregoing, the total number of allowances in circulation amounts to 1 654 574 598 allowances.

4. CONCLUSION

In line with the agreed MSR rules, over the first 8 months of 2019 starting as of 1 January a total of 264 731 936 allowances will be placed in the MSR.

The next publication will be made in May 2019 to determine reserve feeds from 1 September 2019 until August 2020.

Table 1

Overview

Supply			
(a) Banking from phase 2	1 749 540 826		
(b) total number of allowances allocated for free between 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2017, including from NER	4 402 755 035		
(c) total number of allowances auctioned between 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2017, including early auctions	3 725 458 000		
(d) the number of allowances monetised by the European Investment Bank for the purposes of the NER300 programme	300 000 000		
(e) international credit entitlements exercised by installations in respect of emissions up to 31 December 2017	419 338 468		
Sum (supply)	10 597 092 329		

Demand				
(a) Tonnes of verified emissions from installations under the EU ETS between 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2017	8 942 239 207			
(b) Allowances cancelled in accordance with Article 12(4) of Directive 2003/87/EC by 31 December 2017	278 524			
Sum (demand)	8 942 517 731			

⁽¹⁾ With respect to verified emissions in the period 2008-2012, please see explanations on the banking total (Section 3.1).

⁽²⁾ The total verified emissions are based on an extract from the EUTL on 1 April 2018 to take into account verified emissions reported by 31 March 2018. Emissions reported after that date are therefore not reflected in this total.

MSR holdings				
Number of allowances in the reserve		0		
	Total number of allowances in circulation	1 654 574 598		

V

(Announcements)

PROCEDURES RELATING TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF COMPETITION POLICY

EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Prior notification of a concentration

(Case M.8902 — 3i Group/Deutsche Alternative Asset Management/Attero Holding)

Candidate case for simplified procedure

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2018/C 169/04)

1. On 3 May 2018, the Commission received notification of a proposed concentration pursuant to Article 4 of Council Regulation (EC) No 139/2004 (1).

This notification concerns the following undertakings:

- 3i Infrastructure plc ('3iN', United Kingdom), ultimately controlled by 3i Group plc ('3i', United Kingdom),
- Deutsche Alternative Asset Management (Global) Limited ('DAAM', United Kingdom), ultimately controlled by Deutsche Bank AG ('DB', Germany),
- Attero Holding NV ('Attero', The Netherlands).

3i and DAAM acquire, within the meaning of Article 3(1)(b) of the Merger Regulation, joint control over the whole of Attero.

The concentration is accomplished by way of purchase of shares.

- 2. The business activities of the undertakings concerned are:
- 3i is an investment management business focused on mid-market private equity and infrastructure,
- DAAM manages and controls investment funds, focussing on infrastructure assets in Europe,
- Attero is a waste management company active in the collection, treatment and disposal of ordinary and hazardous waste in the Netherlands.
- 3. On preliminary examination, the Commission finds that the notified transaction could fall within the scope of the Merger Regulation. However, the final decision on this point is reserved.

Pursuant to the Commission Notice on a simplified procedure for treatment of certain concentrations under the Council Regulation (EC) No 139/2004 (²) it should be noted that this case is a candidate for treatment under the procedure set out in the Notice.

4. The Commission invites interested third parties to submit their possible observations on the proposed operation to the Commission.

Observations must reach the Commission not later than 10 days following the date of this publication. The following reference should always be specified:

M.8902 — 3i Group/Deutsche Alternative Asset Management/Attero Holding

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 24, 29.1.2004, p. 1 (the 'Merger Regulation').

⁽²⁾ OJ C 366, 14.12.2013, p. 5.

Observations can be sent to the Commission by email, by fax, or by post. Please use the contact details below:

Email: COMP-MERGER-REGISTRY@ec.europa.eu

Fax +32 22964301

Postal address:

European Commission Directorate-General for Competition Merger Registry 1049 Bruxelles/Brussel BELGIQUE/BELGIË

Prior notification of a concentration

(Case M.8882 — Kennedy Wilson/AXA/JV)

Candidate case for simplified procedure

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2018/C 169/05)

1. On 4 May 2018, the Commission received notification of a proposed concentration pursuant to Article 4 of Council Regulation (EC) No 139/2004 (1).

This notification concerns the following undertakings:

- Kennedy Wilson Holdings, Inc. ('Kennedy Wilson', United States),
- AXA SA ('AXA', France).

Kennedy Wilson and AXA acquire within the meaning of Article 3(1)(b) and 3(4) of the Merger Regulation joint control of a newly created joint venture that will be active in real estate services in Ireland.

The concentration is accomplished by way of purchase of shares in a newly created company constituting a joint venture.

- 2. The business activities of the undertakings concerned are:
- for Kennedy Wilson: real estate investment, development and management,
- for AXA: life, health and other forms of insurance, as well as investment management.
- 3. On preliminary examination, the Commission finds that the notified transaction could fall within the scope of the Merger Regulation. However, the final decision on this point is reserved.

Pursuant to the Commission Notice on a simplified procedure for treatment of certain concentrations under the Council Regulation (EC) No 139/2004 (²) it should be noted that this case is a candidate for treatment under the procedure set out in the Notice.

4. The Commission invites interested third parties to submit their possible observations on the proposed operation to the Commission.

Observations must reach the Commission not later than 10 days following the date of this publication. The following reference should always be specified:

M.8882 — Kennedy Wilson/AXA/JV

Observations can be sent to the Commission by email, by fax, or by post. Please use the contact details below:

Email: COMP-MERGER-REGISTRY@ec.europa.eu

Fax +32 22964301

Postal address:

European Commission Directorate-General for Competition Merger Registry 1049 Bruxelles/Brussel BELGIQUE/BELGIË

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 24, 29.1.2004, p. 1 (the 'Merger Regulation').

⁽²⁾ OJ C 366, 14.12.2013, p. 5.

Prior notification of a concentration

(Case M.8660 — Fortum/Uniper)

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2018/C 169/06)

1. On 7 May 2018, the Commission received notification of a proposed concentration pursuant to Article 4 of Council Regulation (EC) No 139/2004 (1).

This notification concerns the following undertakings:

- Fortum Oyj ('Fortum', Finland),
- Uniper SE ('Uniper', Germany).

Fortum acquires, within the meaning of Article 3(1)(b) of the Merger Regulation sole control of the whole of Uniper.

The concentration is accomplished by way of public bid announced on 7 November 2017.

- 2. The business activities of the undertakings concerned are:
- Fortum is an energy company principally involved in power and heat generation mainly in the Nordics but with operations elsewhere in Europe, Russia and India,
- Uniper is an energy company that comprises the former conventional power utility business and commodities business of E.ON which operates in Europe and Russia.
- 3. On preliminary examination, the Commission finds that the notified transaction could fall within the scope of the Merger Regulation. However, the final decision on this point is reserved.
- 4. The Commission invites interested third parties to submit their possible observations on the proposed operation to the Commission.

Observations must reach the Commission not later than 10 days following the date of this publication. The following reference should always be specified:

M.8660 — Fortum/Uniper

Observations can be sent to the Commission by email, by fax, or by post. Please use the contact details below:

Email: COMP-MERGER-REGISTRY@ec.europa.eu

Fax: +32 22964301

Postal address:

European Commission Directorate-General for Competition Merger Registry 1049 Bruxelles/Brussel BELGIQUE/BELGIË

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 24, 29.1.2004, p. 1 (the 'Merger Regulation').



