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- 5. Stresses that authorisation of the four anti-microbial substances for the treatment of poultry carcasses intended for human consumption would pose a serious threat to Community rules and standards and would constitute a setback for the efforts and adjustments made by poultry professionals with a view to reducing the incidence of bacterial infection in the European Union; points out that it would also represent a serious and extremely damaging reversal of Community policy in this area and a blow to the credibility of Community efforts to promote high food safety and hygiene standards at international level;
- 6. Draws attention to the considerable investments made in this area by European poultry professionals, in accordance with Community legislation, with a view to reducing pathogen contamination by implementing a total food chain approach;
- 7. Considers the total food chain approach, as used within the European Union, to be a more sustainable means of reducing pathogen levels in poultry meat than decontamination using anti-microbial substances at the end of the food production process;
- 8. Voices its concern at the fact that authorisation of imports of such poultry meat could undermine European standards;
- 9. Stresses that the proposal is out of step with both the European public's food safety and hygiene expectations and the demand for production models both within and outside Europe which ensure that high hygiene standards are maintained throughout the production and distribution process; stresses that it would be likely to undermine European consumer confidence in foodstuffs sold within the European Union, which remains fragile following the food safety problems that have arisen within the Union over recent years;
- 10. Acknowledges the need for suitable scientific advice taking due account of the need for consumer protection and information; considers that the arrangements ultimately adopted, whatever they may be, should not result in any distortion of competition;
- 11. Instructs its President to forward this resolution to the Council and Commission, to the governments and parliaments of the Member States and to the EFSA.

## Crisis in the fisheries sector

P6\_TA(2008)0308

European Parliament resolution of 19 June 2008 on the crisis in the fisheries sector caused by rising fuel prices

(2009/C 286 E/08)

The European Parliament,

- having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1198/2006 of 27 July 2006 on the European Fisheries Fund (1),
- having regard to the Communication from the Commission to the Council and the European Parliament on improving the economic situation in the fishing industry (COM(2006)0103),
- having regard to the conference organised by the Commission and held in Brussels on 10-11 May 2006 on new technologies in the field of fisheries,

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 223, 15.8.2006, p. 1.

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- having regard to its resolutions of 28 September 2006 on improving the economic situation in the fishing industry (1) and of 12 December 2007 on the common organisation of the market in the fisheries and aquaculture products sector (2),
- having regard to Rule 108(5) of its Rules of Procedure,
- A. whereas the current crisis facing the Community fishing industry is due to the constant rise in the price of fuel, which has risen by more than 300 % in the last five years and by more than 40 % since January 2008,
- B. whereas prices of fisheries products are similar to those of twenty years ago, and whereas in the case of some species a considerable reduction of up to 25 % has occurred since the beginning of the year owing to mass imports from illegal fishing,
- C, whereas in the fisheries sector, unlike other sectors of the economy, the price of fuel cannot affect the price of first sale of products, since in the current situation fishermen cannot set prices,
- D. whereas the rise in fuel prices is having direct and indirect repercussions on the incomes of crews, owing to the link between wages and income from the first sale of catches,
- E. whereas EU fishermen's incomes have fallen this year, despite the fact that the fishermen have incurred rising costs,
- F. whereas, in spite of the restructuring plans in force and successive business readjustments, the continual worsening of this crisis has made many companies financially unviable and other fishing enterprises have been left in high-risk situations, leading to protest demonstrations in many Member States,
- G. whereas there needs to be major investment, at both European and national level, in new technologies to increase energy efficiency in fishing vessels and in ways to reduce their dependency on fossil fuels,
- H. whereas certain Member States have initiated schemes aimed at reducing fuel consumption by their fleets and whereas such innovations are to be supported,
- I. whereas the EU has committed itself to a considerable reduction in greenhouse gas emissions under the Climate and Energy Package, and whereas the fisheries sector can contribute to this effort,
- J. whereas a solution to the current problems facing the fisheries sector can only be found if strong measures are taken at both national and European level in the short, medium and long term,
- Expresses its solidarity with the EU fishermen and calls on the Commission and the Council to envisage measures in order to resolve the present crisis in the fisheries sector;
- Calls on the Member States to speed up procedures to enable the payment of aid under Commission Regulation (EC) No 875/2007 of 24 July 2007 on the application of Articles 87 and 88 of the EC Treaty to de minimis aid in the fisheries sector (3);
- Reiterates in this context its call to the Commission to revise the abovementioned Regulation so as to increase the aid to EUR 100 000 per vessel instead of per undertaking, so that the level of aid is brought closer to that in other economic sectors;

<sup>(</sup>¹) OJ C 306 E, 15.12.2006, p. 417. (²) Texts Adopted, P6\_TA(2007)0606. (³) OJ L 193, 25.7.2007, p. 6.

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- 4. Draws the attention of the Member States to the new Community Guidelines for the examination of State aid to fisheries and aquaculture (¹), which allow tax relief and reductions in social costs for Community vessels that operate outside Community waters, and asks for these measures to be applied to those vessels that request it;
- 5. Recalls that, together with the rising price of oil, one of the most recurrent claims of the EU fishing fleet with regard to the fall in the price of its products relates to massive imports of fishing products at low prices from illegal fishing, and therefore insists that:
- (a) the Council act responsibly by adopting the future directive against illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing, so that controls on imports from IUU fishing are strengthened and improved;
- (b) controls on fisheries products from third countries be intensified and improved so as to guarantee that the same standards are applied to imported products as to Community products;
- (c) information on the origin of fisheries products be improved and expanded and, above all, that the compulsory use of an informative label be guaranteed and controlled in all cases, and that fraud in the labelling of products be appropriately tackled;
- 6. Reiterates its call to the Commission to submit, as soon as possible, its proposal for the revision of the common organisation of the market in fishery and aquaculture products, taking account of the proposals of the European Parliament, with a view to allowing fishermen to have more responsibility in the setting of prices, thus guaranteeing incomes in the sector, ensuring market stability, improving the marketing of fisheries products and increasing the value added generated;
- 7. Asks for the fishing fleet adjustment plans to be brought into force in all the Member States and for the financial means necessary for a voluntary restructuring of the fleets to be provided; to this end:
- (a) calls on the Commission to establish priority criteria for the segments of the fleet that have been most affected by this crisis;
- (b) considers it essential that national Operational Programmes under the European Fisheries Fund be reviewed to allow for more targeted spending;
- (c) calls for assistance with a one-off change in fishing gear to produce less fuel-intensive fishing methods;
- (d) encourages the purchase of equipment to improve fuel efficiency;
- 8. Asks the Commission to submit proposals for a seven-year compensation scheme for CO<sub>2</sub> reduction in the fisheries sector, based on the current price of EUR 25 per tonne of CO<sub>2</sub>;
- 9. Asks the Commission to support the creation of a specific fisheries-oriented research and development fund, within the existing Seventh Research and Development Framework Programme, to help finance projects aimed at investigating alternative energy sources and improving energy efficiency in the fisheries sector;
- 10. Considers that conversion and diversification of fishing gear can contribute to a reduction in the fisheries sector's energy dependence;
- 11. Calls on the Commission and the Member States to consult widely with the fishing sector and other interested parties to solicit their ideas on the best ways to achieve such an objective, recognising that the situation and therefore the solutions will not necessarily be the same in all fisheries or regions;
- 12. Urges the Commission to formulate specific proposals to alleviate the situation in the areas most dependent on fisheries;

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ C 84, 3.4.2008, p. 10.

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- 13. Calls for the establishment of a tripartite dialogue at European level between all the players (public administrations, trade unions and fishermen) to deal with the structural problems of the sector, which are not merely a reflection of the oil price crisis, giving priority to fishermen's working conditions;
- 14. Requests that at the next Fisheries Ministers Council, due to take place in June 2008, this matter be discussed as a priority and that the necessary measures to resolve the crisis be adopted;
- 15. Instructs its President to forward this resolution to the Council, the Commission and the representatives of the European fisheries sector organisations.

## EU-Russia Summit 26-27 June 2008

P6\_TA(2008)0309

European Parliament resolution of 19 June 2008 on the EU-Russia Summit of 26-27 June 2008 in Khanty-Mansiysk

(2009/C 286 E/09)

The European Parliament,

- having regard to the Partnership and Cooperation Agreement (PCA) between the European Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and the Russian Federation, of the other part (1), which entered into force in 1997 and expired in 2007,
- having regard to the decisions of the General Affairs Council of 26 May 2008 approving the negotiating directives for an agreement that will provide a new comprehensive framework for the EU's relations with Russia.
- having regard to the objective of the EU and Russia, set out in the joint statement issued following the St Petersburg Summit held on 31 May 2003, to set up a common economic space, a common space of freedom, security and justice, a space of cooperation in the field of external security and a space of research and education, including cultural aspects,
- having regard to its previous resolutions on EU relations with Russia, and in particular its resolution of 14 November 2007 on the EU-Russia Summit (²) held in Mafra, Portugal, on 26 October 2007),
- having regard to the EU-Russia human rights consultations, and in particular their seventh round on 17 April 2008 covering freedom of the media, expression and assembly, especially in the light of the recent parliamentary and presidential elections, the functioning of civil society, the rights of persons belonging to minorities, combating racism and xenophobia, and the rights of children,
- having regard to the 2007 progress report on the implementation of the EU-Russia Common Spaces, prepared by the Commission and published in March 2008,
- having regard to the outcome of the eighth meeting of the EU-Russia Permanent Partnership Council on Freedom, Security and Justice held in St Petersburg on 24-25 April 2008,

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 327, 28.11.1997, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> Texts Adopted, P6\_TA(2007)0528.