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**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 874/2004
of 28 April 2004**

**laying down public policy rules concerning the implementation and functions of the .eu Top Level
Domain and the principles governing registration**

(Text with EEA relevance)

(OJ L 162, 30.4.2004, p. 40)

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▼B**COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 874/2004****of 28 April 2004**

laying down public policy rules concerning the implementation and functions of the .eu Top Level Domain and the principles governing registration

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 733/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 April 2002 on the implementation of the .eu Top Level Domain (⁽¹⁾), and in particular Article 5(1) thereof,

Having consulted the Registry in accordance with Article 5(1) of Regulation (EC) No 733/2002,

Whereas:

- (1) The initial implementation stages of the .eu Top Level Domain (TLD), to be created pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 733/2002, have been completed by designating a legal entity, established within the Community to administer and manage the .eu TLD Registry function. The Registry, designated by Commission Decision 2003/375/EC (⁽²⁾), is required to be a non-profit organisation that should operate and provide services on a cost covering basis and at an affordable price.
- (2) Requesting a domain name should be possible through electronic means in a simple, speedy and efficient procedure, in all official languages of the Community, through accredited registrars.
- (3) Accreditation of registrars should be carried out by the Registry following a procedure that ensures fair and open competition between Registrars. The accreditation process should be objective, transparent and non-discriminatory. Only parties who meet certain basic technical requirements to be determined by the Registry should be eligible for accreditation.
- (4) Registrars should only accept applications for the registration of domain names filed after their accreditation and should forward them in the chronological order in which they were received.
- (5) To ensure better protection of consumers' rights, and without prejudice to any Community rules concerning jurisdiction and applicable law, the applicable law in disputes between registrars and registrants on matters concerning Community titles should be the law of one of the Member States.
- (6) Registrars should require accurate contact information from their clients, such as full name, address of domicile, telephone number and electronic mail, as well as information concerning a natural or legal person responsible for the technical operation of the domain name.
- (7) The Registry policy should promote the use of all the official languages of the Community.
- (8) Pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 733/2002, Member States may request that their official name and the name under which they are commonly known should not be registered directly under .eu

(¹) OJ L 113, 30.4.2002, p. 1.

(²) OJ L 128, 24.5.2003, p. 29.

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TLD otherwise than by their national government. Countries that are expected to join the European Union later than May 2004 should be enabled to block their official names and the names under which they are commonly known, so that they can be registered at a later date.

- (9) A Member State should be authorised to designate an operator that will register as a domain name its official name and the name under which it is commonly known. Similarly, the Commission should be authorised to select domain names for use by the institutions of the Community, and to designate the operator of those domain names. The Registry should be empowered to reserve a number of specified domain names for its operational functions.
- (10) In accordance with Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 733/2002, a number of Member States have notified to the Commission and to other Member States a limited list of broadly-recognised names with regard to geographical and/or geopolitical concepts which affect their political or territorial organisation. Such lists include names that could either not be registered or which could be registered only under the second level domain in accordance with the public policy rules. The names included in these lists are not subject to the first-come first-served principle.
- (11) The principle of first-come-first-served should be the basic principle for resolving a dispute between holders of prior rights during the phased registration. After the termination of the phased registration the principle of first come first served should apply in the allocation of domain names.
- (12) In order to safeguard prior rights recognised by Community or national law, a procedure for phased registration should be put in place. Phased registration should take place in two phases, with the aim of ensuring that holders of prior rights have appropriate opportunities to register the names on which they hold prior rights. The Registry should ensure that validation of the rights is performed by appointed validation agents. On the basis of evidence provided by the applicants, validation agents should assess the right which is claimed for a particular name. Allocation of that name should then take place on a first-come, first-served basis if there are two or more applicants for a domain name, each having a prior right.
- (13) The Registry should enter into an appropriate escrow agreement to ensure continuity of service, and in particular to ensure that in the event of re-delegation or other unforeseen circumstances it is possible to continue to provide services to the local Internet community with minimum disruption. The Registry should also comply with the relevant data protection rules, principles, guidelines and best practices, notably concerning the amount and type of data displayed in the WHOIS database. Domain names considered by a Member State court to be defamatory, racist or contrary to public policy should be blocked and eventually revoked once the court decision becomes final. Such domain names should be blocked from future registrations.
- (14) In the event of the death or insolvency of a domain name holder, if no transfer has been initiated at the expiry of the registration period, the domain name should be suspended for 40 calendar days. If the heirs or administrators concerned have not registered the name during that period it should become available for general registration.
- (15) Domain names should be open to revocation by the Registry on a limited number of specified grounds, after giving the domain name holder concerned an opportunity to take appropriate measures. Domain names should also be capable of revocation through an alternative dispute resolution (ADR) procedure.

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- (16) The Registry should provide for an ADR procedure which takes into account the international best practices in this area and in particular the relevant World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) recommendations, to ensure that speculative and abusive registrations are avoided as far as possible.
- (17) The Registry should select service providers that have appropriate expertise on the basis of objective, transparent and non-discriminatory criteria. ADR should respect a minimum of uniform procedural rules, similar to the ones set out in the Uniform Dispute Resolution Policy adopted by the Internet Corporation of Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN).
- (18) In view of the impending enlargement of the Union it is imperative that the system of public policy rules set up by this Regulation enter into force without delay.
- (19) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Communications Committee established by Article 22(1) of Directive 2002/21/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁽¹⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

CHAPTER I

SUBJECT MATTER

Article 1

Subject matter

This Regulation sets out the public policy rules concerning the implementation and functions of the .eu Top Level Domain (TLD) and the public policy principles on registration referred to in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EC) No 733/2002.

CHAPTER II

PRINCIPLES ON REGISTRATION

Article 2

Eligibility and general principles for registration

An eligible party, as listed in Article 4(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 733/2002, may register one or more domain names under .eu TLD.

Without prejudice to Chapter IV, a specific domain name shall be allocated for use to the eligible party whose request has been received first by the Registry in the technically correct manner and in accordance with this Regulation. For the purposes of this Regulation, this criterion of first receipt shall be referred to as the ‘first-come-first-served’ principle.

Once a domain name is registered it shall become unavailable for further registration until the registration expires without renewal, or until the domain name is revoked.

Unless otherwise specified in this Regulation, domain names shall be registered directly under the .eu TLD.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 108, 24.4.2002, p. 33.

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Domain name registration shall be valid only after the appropriate fee has been paid by the requesting party.

Domain names registered under the .eu TLD shall only be transferable to parties that are eligible for registration of .eu domain names.

*Article 3***Requests for domain name registration**

The request for domain name registration shall include all of the following:

- (a) the name and address of the requesting party;
- (b) a confirmation by electronic means from the requesting party that it satisfies the general eligibility criteria set out in Article 4(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 733/2002;
- (c) an affirmation by electronic means from the requesting party that to its knowledge the request for domain name registration is made in good faith and does not infringe any rights of a third party;
- (d) an undertaking by electronic means from the requesting party that it shall abide by all the terms and conditions for registration, including the policy on the extra-judicial settlement of conflicts set out in Chapter VI.

Any material inaccuracy in the elements set out in points (a) to (d) shall constitute a breach of the terms of registration.

Any verification by the Registry of the validity of registration applications shall take place subsequently to the registration at the initiative of the Registry or pursuant to a dispute for the registration of the domain name in question, except for applications filed in the course of the phased registration procedure under Articles 10, 12, and 14.

*Article 4***Accreditation of registrars**

Only registrars accredited by the Registry shall be permitted to offer registration services for names under the .eu TLD.

The procedure for the accreditation of registrars shall be determined by the Registry and shall be reasonable, transparent and non-discriminatory, and shall ensure effective and fair conditions of competition.

Registrars are required to access and use the Registry's automated registration systems. The Registry may set further basic technical requirements for the accreditation of registrars.

The Registry may ask registrars for advance payment of registration fees, to be set annually by the Registry based on a reasonable market estimate.

The procedure, terms of accreditation of registrars and the list of accredited registrars shall be made publicly available by the Registry in readily accessible form.

Each registrar shall be bound by contract with the Registry to observe the terms of accreditation and in particular to comply with the public policy principles set out in this Regulation.

▼B*Article 5***Provisions for registrars**

Without prejudice to any rule governing jurisdiction and applicable law, agreements between the Registrar and the registrant of a domain name cannot designate, as applicable law, a law other than the law of one of the Member States, nor can they designate a dispute-resolution body, unless selected by the Registry pursuant to Article 23, nor an arbitration court or a court located outside the Community.

A registrar who receives more than one registration request for the same name shall forward those requests to the Registry in the chronological order in which they were received.

Only applications received after the date of accreditation shall be forwarded to the Registry.

Registrars shall require all applicants to submit accurate and reliable contact details of at least one natural or legal person responsible for the technical operation of the domain name that is requested.

Registrars may develop label, authentication and trademark schemes in order to promote consumer confidence in the reliability of information that is available under a domain name that is registered by them, in accordance with applicable national and Community law.

CHAPTER III

LANGUAGES AND GEOGRAPHICAL CONCEPTS

*Article 6***Languages**

Registrations of .eu domain names shall start only after the Registry has informed the Commission that the filing of applications for the registration of .eu domain names and communications of decisions concerning registration is possible in all official languages of the Community, hereinafter referred to as ‘official languages’.

For any communication by the Registry that affects the rights of a party in conjunction with a registration, such as the grant, transfer, cancellation or revocation of a domain, the Registry shall ensure that these communications are possible in all official languages.

The Registry shall perform the registration of domain names in all the alphabetic characters of the official languages when adequate international standards become available.

The Registry shall not be required to perform functions using languages other than the official languages.

*Article 7***Procedure for reserved geographical and geopolitical names**

For the procedure of raising objections to the lists of broadly recognised names in accordance with the third subparagraph of Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 733/2002, objections shall be notified to the members of the Communications Committee established by Article 22 (1) of Directive 2002/21/EC and to the Director-General of the Commission’s Directorate-General Information Society. The members of the Communications Committee and the Director-General may designate other contact points for these notifications.

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Objections and designations of contact points shall be notified in the form of electronic mail, delivery by courier or in person, or by postal delivery effected by way of registered letter and acknowledgement of receipt.

Upon the resolution of any objections, the Registry shall publish on its web site two lists of names. The one list shall contain the list of names that the Commission shall have notified as ‘not registrable’. The other list shall contain the list of names that the Commission shall have notified to the Registry as ‘registrable only under a second level domain’.

▼M1*Article 8***Reservation of names by countries and alpha-2 codes representing countries**

1. The list of names set out in the Annex to this Regulation shall only be reserved or registered as second level domain names directly under the .eu TLD by the countries indicated in the list.
2. Alpha-2 codes representing countries shall not be registered as second level domain names directly under the .eu TLD.

▼B*Article 9***Second level domain name for geographical and geopolitical names**

Registration of geographical and geopolitical concepts as domain names in accordance with Article 5(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 733/2002 may be provided for by a Member State that has notified the names. This may be done under any domain name that has been registered by that Member State.

The Commission may ask the Registry to introduce domain names directly under the .eu TLD for use by the Community institutions and bodies. After the entry into force of this Regulation and not later than a week before the beginning of the phased registration period provided for in Chapter IV, the Commission shall notify the Registry of the names that are to be reserved and the bodies that represent the Community institutions and bodies in registering the names.

CHAPTER IV**PHASED REGISTRATION***Article 10***Eligible parties and the names they can register**

1. Holders of prior rights recognised or established by national and/or Community law and public bodies shall be eligible to apply to register domain names during a period of phased registration before general registration of .eu domain starts.

‘Prior rights’ shall be understood to include, *inter alia*, registered national and community trademarks, geographical indications or designations of origin, and, in as far as they are protected under national law in the Member-State where they are held: unregistered trademarks, trade names, business identifiers, company names, family names, and distinctive titles of protected literary and artistic works.

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'Public bodies' shall include: institutions and bodies of the Community, national and local governments, governmental bodies, authorities, organisations and bodies governed by public law, and international and intergovernmental organisations.

2. The registration on the basis of a prior right shall consist of the registration of the complete name for which the prior right exists, as written in the documentation which proves that such a right exists.

3. The registration by a public body may consist of the complete name of the public body or the acronym that is generally used. Public bodies that are responsible for governing a particular geographic territory may also register the complete name of the territory for which they are responsible, and the name under which the territory is commonly known.

*Article 11***Special characters**

As far as the registration of complete names is concerned, where such names comprise a space between the textual or word elements, identifiability shall be deemed to exist between such complete names and the same names written with a hyphen between the word elements or combined in one word in the domain name applied for.

Where the name for which prior rights are claimed contains special characters, spaces, or punctuations, these shall be eliminated entirely from the corresponding domain name, replaced with hyphens, or, if possible, rewritten.

Special character and punctuations as referred to in the second paragraph shall include the following:

~ @ # \$ % ^ & * () + = ◊ { } [] | \ / : ; ' , . ?

Without prejudice to the third paragraph of Article 6, if the prior right name contains letters which have additional elements that cannot be reproduced in ASCII code, such as ä, é or ñ, the letters concerned shall be reproduced without these elements (such as a, e, n), or shall be replaced by conventionally accepted spellings (such as ae). In all other respects, the domain name shall be identical to the textual or word elements of the prior right name.

*Article 12***Principles for phased registration**

1. ►**M1** Phased registration shall not start before the requirement of the first paragraph of Article 6 is fulfilled. ◀

The Registry shall publish the date on which phased registration shall start at least two months in advance and shall inform all accredited Registrars accordingly.

The Registry shall publish on its website two months before the beginning of the phased registration a detailed description of all the technical and administrative measures that it shall use to ensure a proper, fair and technically sound administration of the phased registration period.

2. The duration of the phased registration period shall be four months. General registration of domain names shall not start prior to the completion of the phased registration period.

Phased registration shall be comprised of two parts of two months each.

During the first part of phased registration, only registered national and Community trademarks, geographical indications, and the names and

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acronyms referred to in Article 10(3), may be applied for as domain names by holders or licensees of prior rights and by the public bodies mentioned in Article 10(1).

During the second part of phased registration, the names that can be registered in the first part as well as names based on all other prior rights can be applied for as domain names by holders of prior rights on those names.

3. The request to register a domain name based on a prior right under Article 10(1) and (2) shall include a reference to the legal basis in national or Community law for the right to the name, as well as other relevant information, such as trademark registration number, information concerning publication in an official journal or government gazette, registration information at professional or business associations and chambers of commerce.

4. The Registry may make the requests for domain name registration subject to payment of additional fees, provided that these serve merely to cover the costs generated by the application of this Chapter. The Registry may charge differential fees depending upon the complexity of the process required to validate prior rights.

5. At the end of the phased registration an independent audit shall be performed at the expense of the Registry and shall report its findings to the Commission. The auditor shall be appointed by the Registry after consulting the Commission. The purpose of the audit shall be to confirm the fair, appropriate and sound operational and technical administration of the phased registration period by the Registry.

6. To resolve a dispute over a domain name the rules provided in Chapter VI shall apply.

*Article 13***Selection of validation agents**

Validation agents shall be legal persons established within the territory of the Community. Validation agents shall be reputable bodies with appropriate expertise. The Registry shall select the validation agents in an objective, transparent and non-discriminatory manner, ensuring the widest possible geographical diversity. The Registry shall require the validation agent to execute the validation in an objective, transparent and non-discriminatory manner.

Member States shall provide for validation concerning the names mentioned in Article 10(3). To that end, the Member States shall send to the Commission within two months following entry into force of this Regulation, a clear indication of the addresses to which documentary evidence is to be sent for verification. The Commission shall notify the Registry of these addresses.

The Registry shall publish information about the validation agents at its website.

*Article 14***Validation and registration of applications received during phased registration**

All claims for prior rights under Article 10(1) and (2) must be verifiable by documentary evidence which demonstrates the right under the law by virtue of which it exists.

The Registry, upon receipt of the application, shall block the domain name in question until validation has taken place or until the deadline passes for receipt of documentation. If the Registry receives more than

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one claim for the same domain during the phased registration period, applications shall be dealt with in strict chronological order.

The Registry shall make available a database containing information about the domain names applied for under the procedure for phased registration, the applicants, the Registrar that submitted the application, the deadline for submission of validation documents, and subsequent claims on the names.

Every applicant shall submit documentary evidence that shows that he or she is the holder of the prior right claimed on the name in question. The documentary evidence shall be submitted to a validation agent indicated by the Registry. The applicant shall submit the evidence in such a way that it shall be received by the validation agent within forty days from the submission of the application for the domain name. If the documentary evidence has not been received by this deadline, the application for the domain name shall be rejected.

Validation agents shall time-stamp documentary evidence upon receipt.

Validation agents shall examine applications for any particular domain name in the order in which the application was received at the Registry.

The relevant validation agent shall examine whether the applicant that is first in line to be assessed for a domain name and that has submitted the documentary evidence before the deadline has prior rights on the name. If the documentary evidence has not been received in time or if the validation agent finds that the documentary evidence does not substantiate a prior right, he shall notify the Registry of this.

If the validation agent finds that prior rights exist regarding the application for a particular domain name that is first in line, he shall notify the Registry accordingly.

This examination of each claim in chronological order of receipt shall be followed until a claim is found for which prior rights on the name in question are confirmed by a validation agent.

The Registry shall register the domain name, on the first come first served basis, if it finds that the applicant has demonstrated a prior right in accordance with the procedure set out in the second, third and fourth paragraphs.

CHAPTER V

RESERVATIONS, WHOIS DATA AND IMPROPER REGISTRATIONS

Article 15

Escrow agreement

1. The Registry shall, at its own expense, enter into an agreement with a reputable trustee or other escrow agent established within the territory of the Community designating the Commission as the beneficiary of the escrow agreement. The Commission shall give its consent to that agreement before it is concluded. The Registry shall submit to the escrow agent on a daily basis an electronic copy of the current content of the .eu database.

2. The agreement shall provide that the data shall be held by the escrow agent on the following terms and conditions:

- (a) the data shall be received and held in escrow, undergoing no procedure other than verification that it is complete, consistent, and in proper format, until it is released to the Commission;
- (b) the data shall be released from escrow upon expiration without renewal or upon termination of the contract between the Registry

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- and the Commission for any of the reasons described therein and irrespectively of any disputes or litigation between the Commission and the Registry;
- (c) in the event that the escrow is released, the Commission shall have the exclusive, irrevocable, royalty-free right to exercise or to have exercised all rights necessary to re-designate the Registry;

- (d) if the contract with the Registry is terminated the Commission, with the cooperation of the Registry, shall take all necessary steps to transfer the administrative and operational responsibility for the .eu TLD and any reserve funds to such party as the Commission may designate: in that event, the Registry shall make all efforts to avoid disruption of the service and shall in particular continue to update the information that is subject to the escrow until the time of completion of the transfer.

*Article 16***WHOIS database**

The purpose of the WHOIS database shall be to provide reasonably accurate and up to date information about the technical and administrative points of contact administering the domain names under the .eu TLD.

The WHOIS database shall contain information about the holder of a domain name that is relevant and not excessive in relation to the purpose of the database. In as far as the information is not strictly necessary in relation to the purpose of the database, and if the domain name holder is a natural person, the information that is to be made publicly available shall be subject to the unambiguous consent of the domain name holder. The deliberate submission of inaccurate information, shall constitute grounds for considering the domain name registration to have been in breach of the terms of registration.

*Article 17***Names reserved by the Registry**

The following names shall be reserved for the operational functions of the Registry:

eurid.eu, registry.eu, nic.eu, dns.eu, internic.eu, whois.eu, das.eu, coc.eu, eurethix.eu, eurethics.eu, euthics.eu

*Article 18***Improper registrations**

Where a domain name is considered by a Court of a Member State to be defamatory, racist or contrary to public policy, it shall be blocked by the Registry upon notification of a Court decision and shall be revoked upon notification of a final court decision. The Registry shall block from future registration those names which have been subject to such a court order for as long as such order remains valid.

*Article 19***Death and winding up**

1. If the domain name holder dies during the registration period of the domain name, the executors of his or her estate, or his or her legal heirs, may request transfer of the name to the heirs along with submission of the appropriate documentation. If, on expiry of the regis-

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tration period, no transfer has been initiated, the domain name shall be suspended for a period of 40 calendar days and shall be published on the Registry's website. During this period the executors or the legal heirs may apply to register the name along with submission of the appropriate documentation. If the heirs have not registered the name during that 40-day period, the domain name shall thereafter become available for general registration.

2. If the domain name holder is an undertaking, a legal or natural person, or an organisation that becomes subject to insolvency proceedings, winding up, cessation of trading, winding up by court order or any similar proceeding provided for by national law, during the registration period of the domain name, then the legally appointed administrator of the domain name holder may request transfer to the purchaser of the domain name holders assets along with submission of the appropriate documentation. If, on expiry of the registration period, no transfer has been initiated, the domain name shall be suspended for a period of forty calendar days and shall be published on the registry's website. During this period the administrator may apply to register the name along with submission of appropriate documentation. If the administrator has not registered the name during that 40-day period, the domain name shall thereafter become available for general registration.

CHAPTER VI

REVOCATION AND SETTLEMENT OF CONFLICTS*Article 20***Revocation of domain names**

The Registry may revoke a domain name at its own initiative and without submitting the dispute to any extrajudicial settlement of conflicts, exclusively on the following grounds:

- (a) outstanding unpaid debts owed to the Registry;
- (b) holder's non-fulfilment of the general eligibility criteria pursuant to Article 4(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) 733/2002;
- (c) holder's breach of the terms of registration under Article 3.

The Registry shall lay down a procedure in accordance with which it may revoke domain names on these grounds. This procedure shall include a notice to the domain name holder and shall afford him an opportunity to take appropriate measures.

Revocation of a domain name, and where necessary its subsequent transfer, may also be effected in accordance with a decision issued by an extrajudicial settlement body.

*Article 21***Speculative and abusive registrations**

1. A registered domain name shall be subject to revocation, using an appropriate extra-judicial or judicial procedure, where that name is identical or confusingly similar to a name in respect of which a right is recognised or established by national and/or Community law, such as the rights mentioned in Article 10(1), and where it:

- (a) has been registered by its holder without rights or legitimate interest in the name; or
- (b) has been registered or is being used in bad faith.

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2. A legitimate interest within the meaning of point (a) of paragraph 1 may be demonstrated where:

- (a) prior to any notice of an alternative dispute resolution (ADR) procedure, the holder of a domain name has used the domain name or a name corresponding to the domain name in connection with the offering of goods or services or has made demonstrable preparation to do so;
- (b) the holder of a domain name, being an undertaking, organisation or natural person, has been commonly known by the domain name, even in the absence of a right recognised or established by national and/or Community law;
- (c) the holder of a domain name is making a legitimate and non-commercial or fair use of the domain name, without intent to mislead consumers or harm the reputation of a name on which a right is recognised or established by national and/or Community law.

3. Bad faith, within the meaning of point (b) of paragraph 1 may be demonstrated, where:

- (a) circumstances indicate that the domain name was registered or acquired primarily for the purpose of selling, renting, or otherwise transferring the domain name to the holder of a name in respect of which a right is recognised or established by national and/or Community law or to a public body; or
- (b) the domain name has been registered in order to prevent the holder of such a name in respect of which a right is recognised or established by national and/or Community law, or a public body, from reflecting this name in a corresponding domain name, provided that:
 - (i) a pattern of such conduct by the registrant can be demonstrated; or
 - (ii) the domain name has not been used in a relevant way for at least two years from the date of registration; or
 - (iii) in circumstances where, at the time the ADR procedure was initiated, the holder of a domain name in respect of which a right is recognised or established by national and/or Community law or the holder of a domain name of a public body has declared his/its intention to use the domain name in a relevant way but fails to do so within six months of the day on which the ADR procedure was initiated;
- (c) the domain name was registered primarily for the purpose of disrupting the professional activities of a competitor; or
- (d) the domain name was intentionally used to attract Internet users, for commercial gain, to the holder of a domain name website or other on-line location, by creating a likelihood of confusion with a name on which a right is recognised or established by national and/or Community law or a name of a public body, such likelihood arising as to the source, sponsorship, affiliation or endorsement of the website or location or of a product or service on the website or location of the holder of a domain name; or
- (e) the domain name registered is a personal name for which no demonstrable link exists between the domain name holder and the domain name registered.

4. The provisions in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 may not be invoked so as to obstruct claims under national law.

▼B*Article 22***Alternative dispute resolution (ADR) procedure**

1. An ADR procedure may be initiated by any party where:
 - (a) the registration is speculative or abusive within the meaning of Article 21; or
 - (b) a decision taken by the Registry conflicts with this Regulation or with Regulation (EC) No 733/2002.
2. Participation in the ADR procedure shall be compulsory for the holder of a domain name and the Registry.
3. A fee for the ADR shall be paid by the complainant.
4. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, or specified otherwise in the registration agreement between registrar and domain name holder, the language of the administrative proceeding shall be the language of that agreement. This rule shall be subject to the authority of the panel to determine otherwise, having regard to the circumstances of the case.
5. The complaints and the responses to those complaints must be submitted to an ADR provider chosen by the complainant from the list referred to in the first paragraph of Article 23. That submission shall be made in accordance with this Regulation and the published supplementary procedures of the ADR provider.
6. As soon as a request for ADR is properly filed with the ADR provider and the appropriate fee is paid, the ADR provider shall inform the Registry of the identity of the complainant and the domain name involved. The Registry shall suspend the domain name involved from cancellation or transfer until the dispute resolution proceedings or subsequent legal proceedings are complete and the decision has been notified to the Registry.
7. The ADR provider shall examine the complaint for compliance with its rules of procedure, with the provisions of this Regulation and with Regulation (EC) No 733/2002, and, unless non-compliance is established, shall forward the complaint to the respondent within five working days following receipt of the fees to be paid by the complainant.
8. Within 30 working days of the date of receipt of the complaint the respondent shall submit a response to the provider.
9. Any written communication to a complainant or respondent shall be made by the preferred means stated by the complainant or respondent, respectively, or in the absence of such specification electronically via the Internet, provided that a record of transmission is available.

All communications concerning the ADR procedure to the holder of a domain name that is subject to an ADR procedure shall be sent to the address information that is available to the Registrar that maintains the registration of the domain name in accordance with the terms and conditions of registration.

10. Failure of any of the parties involved in an ADR procedure to respond within the given deadlines or appear to a panel hearing may be considered as grounds to accept the claims of the counterparty.
11. In the case of a procedure against a domain name holder, the ADR panel shall decide that the domain name shall be revoked, if it finds that the registration is speculative or abusive as defined in Article 21. The domain name shall be transferred to the complainant if the complainant applies for this domain name and satisfies the general eligibility criteria set out in Article 4(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 733/2002.

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In the case of a procedure against the Registry, the ADR panel shall decide whether a decision taken by the Registry conflicts with this Regulation or with Regulation (EC) No 733/2002. The ADR panel shall decide that the decision shall be annulled and may decide in appropriate cases that the domain name in question shall be transferred, revoked or attributed, provided that, where necessary, the general eligibility criteria set out in Article 4(2)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 733/2002 are fulfilled.

The decision of the ADR panel shall state the date for implementation of the decision.

Decisions of the panel are taken by simple majority. The alternative dispute panel shall issue its decision within one month from the date of receipt of the response by the ADR provider. The decision shall be duly motivated. The decisions of the panel shall be published.

12. Within three working days after receiving the decision from the panel, the provider shall notify the full text of the decision to each party, the concerned registrar(s) and the Registry. The decision shall be notified to the Registry and the complainant by registered post or other equivalent electronic means.

13. The results of ADR shall be binding on the parties and the Registry unless court proceedings are initiated within 30 calendar days of the notification of the result of the ADR procedure to the parties.

Article 23

Selection of providers and panellists for alternative dispute resolution

1. The Registry may select ADR providers, who shall be reputable bodies with appropriate expertise in an objective, transparent and non-discriminatory manner. A list of the ADR providers shall be published on the Registry's website.

2. A dispute which is submitted to the ADR procedure shall be examined by arbitrators appointed to a panel of one or three members.

The panellists shall be selected in accordance to the internal procedures of the selected ADR providers. They shall have appropriate expertise and shall be selected in an objective, transparent and non-discriminatory manner. Each provider shall maintain a publicly available list of panellists and their qualifications.

A panellist shall be impartial and independent and shall have, before accepting appointment, disclosed to the provider any circumstances giving rise to justifiable doubt as to their impartiality or independence. If, at any stage during the administrative proceedings, new circumstances arise that could give rise to justifiable doubt as to the impartiality or independence of the panellist, that panellist shall promptly disclose such circumstances to the provider.

In such event, the provider shall appoint a substitute panellist.

▼B

CHAPTER VII

FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 24

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

▼M2*ANNEX*

1. List of names per country and the countries that can register them

AUSTRIA

1. österreich	22. oesterrike	43. republicaustria
2. oesterreich	23. republik-österreich	44. repúblicaaustralia
3. republik-österreich	24. rakousko	45. républiqueautriche
4. republik-oesterreich	25. republika-rakousko	46. repubblicaaustralia
5. afstria	26. repubblica-austria	47. republiekoostenrijk
6. dimokratia-afstria	27. austrija	48. repúblicaaustralia
7. østrig	28. republika-austrija	49. tasavaltitävalta
8. republikken-østrig	29. respublika-austrija	50. republikösterreich
9. oestrig	30. ausztria	51. republikarakousko
10. austria	31. Osztrák-Köztársaság	52. republikaaustrija
11. republic-austria	32. Republika-Austriacka	53. respublikaaustrija
12. república-austria	33. rakúsko	54. OsztrákKöztársaság
13. autriche	34. republika-rakúsko	55. RepublikaAustriacka
14. république-autriche	35. avstrija	56. republikarakúsko
15. oostenrijk	36. republika-avstrija	57. republikaavstria
16. republiek-oostenrijk	37. awstrija	58. republikaawstria
17. república-austria	38. republika-awstrija	59. austria
18. itävalta	39. republikösterreich	60. vabariik-austria
19. itävallan-tasavalta	40. republikoesterreich	61. vabariikaustria
20. itaevalta	41. dimokratiaafstria	
21. österrike	42. republikkenøstrig	

BELGIUM

1. belgie	18. vlaams-gewest	35. flandern
2. belgië	19. waals-gewest	36. wallonien
3. belgique	20. brussels-hoofdstedelijk-gewest	37. bruessel
4. belgien	21. flandre	38. brüssel
5. belgium	22. bruxelles	39. flaemische-gemeinschaft
6. bélégica	23. communauté-flamande	40. flämische-gemeinschaft
7. belgica	24. communaute-flamande	41. franzoesische-gemeinschaft
8. belgio	25. communaute-française	42. französische-gemeinschaft
9. belgia	26. communaute-francaise	43. deutschsprachige-gemeinschaft
10. belgija	27. communaute-germanophone	44. flaemische-region
11. vlaanderen	28. communauté-germanophone	45. flämische-region
12. wallonie	29. région-flamande	46. wallonische-region
13. wallonië	30. region-flamande	47. region-brussel-hauptstadt
14. brussel	31. région-wallonne	48. region-brüssel-hauptstadt
15. vlaamse-gemeenschap	32. region-wallonne	49. flanders
16. franse-gemeenschap	33. région-de-bruxelles-capitale	50. wallonia
17. duitstalige-gemeenschap	34. region-de-bruxelles-capitale	51. brussels

▼M2

52. flemish-community	79. regione-fiamminga	106. regionen-bruxelles-hovedstad-somraadet
53. french-community	80. regione-vallona	107. flanderi
54. german-speaking-community	81. regione-di-bruxelles-capitale	108. flaaminkielinen-yhteiso
55. flemish-region	82. flandres	109. ranskankielinen-yhteiso
56. walloon-region	83. bruxelas	110. saksankielinen-yhteiso
57. brussels-capital-region	84. comunidade-flamenga	111. flanderin-alue
58. flandes	85. comunidade-francofona	112. vallonian-alue
59. valonia	86. comunidade-germanofona	113. bryssel-in-alue
60. bruselas	87. regiao-flamenga	114. flandry
61. comunidad-flamenca	88. região-flamenga	115. valonsko
62. comunidad-francesa	89. regiao-vala	116. brusel
63. comunidad-germanófona	90. região-vala	117. vlamske-spolecenstvi
64. comunidad-germanofona	91. regiao-de-bruxelas-capital	118. francouzske-spolecenstvi
65. region-flamenca	92. região-de-bruxelas-capital	119. germanofonni-spolecenstvi
66. región-flamenca	93. vallonien	120. vlamsky-region
67. region-valona	94. bryssel	121. valonsky-region
68. región-valona	95. flamländskt-språkomraade	122. region-brusel
69. region-de-bruselas-capital	96. fransktalande-språkomraade	123. flandrija
70. región-de-bruselas-capital	97. tysktalande-språkomraade	124. valonija
71. fiandre	98. flamländska-regionen	125. bruselj
72. vallonia	99. vallonska-regionen	126. flamska-skupnost
73. communita-fiamminga	100. bryssel-huvustad	127. frankofonska-skupnost
74. comunità-fiamminga	101. det-flamske-sprogsamfund	128. germanofonska-skupnost
75. communita-francese	102. det-franske-sprogsamfund	129. flamska-regija
76. comunità-francese	103. det-tysktalende-sprogsamfund	130. valonska-regija
77. communità-di-lingua-tedesca	104. den-flamske-region	131. regija-bruselj
78. comunità-di-lingua-tedesca	105. den-vallonske-region	

BULGARIA

1. българия	16. republicbulgaria	31. δημοκρατιατησβουλγαριας
2. bulgaria	17. republic-bulgaria	32. δημοκρατια-της_βουλγαριας
3. bulharsko	18. republic_bulgaria	33. δημοκρατια_της_βουλγαριας
4. bulgarien	19. repubblicadibulgaria	34. republiekbulgarije
5. bulgaaria	20. repubblica-di-bulgaria	35. republiek-bulgarije
6. βουλγαρία	21. repubblica_di_bulgaria	36. republiek_bulgarije
7. bulgarie	22. repubblicabulgaria	37. republikabolgarija
8. bulgarija	23. repubblica-bulgaria	38. republika-bolgarija
9. bulgarije	24. repubblica_bulgaria	39. republika_bulgarija
10. bolgarija	25. republikbulgarien	40. republikabulgaria
11. republicofbulgaria	26. republik-bulgarien	41. republika-bulgaria
12. the-republic-of-bulgaria	27. republik_bulgarien	42. republika_bulgaria
13. the_republic_of_bulgaria	28. bulgaariavabariik	43. bulharskarepublica
14. republic-of-bulgaria	29. bulgaaria-vabariik	44. bulharska-republica
15. republic_of_bulgaria	30. bulgaaria_vabariik	45. bulharska_republica

▼M2

46. republiquebulgarie	55. repúblicabulgaria	64. republiken-bulgarien
47. republique-bulgarie	56. república-bulgaria	65. republiken_bulgarien
48. republique_bulgarie	57. república_bulgaria	66. repulicabulgaria
49. republicabulgarija	58. bulgarja	67. repulica-bulgaria
50. republika-bulgārija	59. bālgarija	68. repulica_bulgaria
51. republika_bulgārija	60. bulgariantasavalta	69. köztársaságbulgária
52. repúblikabulgária	61. bulgarian-tasavalta	70. köztársaság-bulgária
53. república-bulgária	62. bulgarian_tasavalta	71. köztársaság_bulgária
54. repúblika_bulgária	63. republikenbulgarien	

CYPRUS

1. cypern	16. kipras	31. republicadechipre
2. cyprus	17. kipra	32. republicadechipre
3. cyprus	18. ċipru	33. cypernsrepublik
4. kypros	19. cypr	34. poblachtnacipíre
5. chypre	20. ciper	35. kyperskarepublika
6. zypern	21. cyprus	36. küprosevabariik
7. κυπρος	22. kibris	37. ciprusköztársaság
8. cipro	23. republikencypern	38. kiprorespublika
9. chipre	24. republiekcyprus	39. kiprasrepublika
10. chipre	25. republicofcyprus	40. republikata'ċipru
11. cypern	26. kyprosentasavalta	41. republikacypryjska
12. anchipír	27. republiquechedchypre	42. republikaciper
13. kypr	28. republikzypern	43. cyperskarepublika
14. küpros	29. κυπριακηδημοκρατια	44. kibriscumhuriyeti
15. ciprus	30. repubblicadicipro	

CZECH REPUBLIC

1. ceska-republika	16. republica-checa	31. cekijosrespublika
2. den-tjekkiske-republik	17. ceska-republika	32. csehkoztarsasag
3. tschechische-republik	18. ceska-republika	33. repubblicaceka
4. tsehhi-vabariik	19. tsekin-tasavalta	34. tsjehischerepubliek
5. τσεχικη-δημοκρατια	20. tjeckiska-republiken	35. republikaczeska
6. czech-republic	21. ceskarepublika	36. republicacheca
7. repulica-checa	22. dentjekkiskerepublik	37. ceskarepublika
8. republique-tcheque	23. tschechischerepublik	38. ceskarepublika
9. repubblica-ceca	24. tsehhivabariik	39. tsekintasavalta
10. cehijas-republika	25. τσεχικηδημοκρατια	40. tjeckiskarepubliken
11. cekijos-respublika	26. czechrepublic	41. czech
12. cseh-koztarsasag	27. repulicacheca	42. cesko
13. repubblica-ceka	28. republiquetcheque	43. tjekkiet
14. tsjehische-republiek	29. repubblicaceca	44. tschechien
15. republika-czeska	30. cehijasrepublika	45. tsehhi

▼M2

46. τσεχια	60. cechy	72. republiquetcheque
47. czechia	61. česka-republika	73. čehijasrepublika
48. chequia	62. tsehhi-vabariik	74. csehköztarsasag
49. tchequie	63. republica-checa	75. republicacheca
50. cechia	64. republique-tcheque	76. českarepublika
51. cehija	65. čehijas-republika	77. česko
52. cekija	66. cseh-köztarsasag	78. tsjichië
53. csehorszag	67. republica-checa	79. tsehhi
54. tsjegie	68. česka-republika	80. chequia
55. czechy	69. českarepublika	81. tchequie
56. chequia	70. tsehhivabariik	82. čehija
57. ceska	71. republicacheca	83. csehorszag
58. tsekinmaa		84. česka
59. tjeckien		85. čechy

DENMARK

1. danemark	7. danimarca	13. dānijs
2. denemarken	8. dinamarca	14. id-danimarka
3. danmark	9. dänemark	15. dania
4. denmark	10. dánsko	16. danska
5. tanska	11. taani	17. dánia
6. δανία	12. danija	

ESTONIA

1. eesti	5. estónia	9. εσθονία
2. estija	6. estonie	10. igaunija
3. estland	7. estonija	
4. estonia	8. estonja	11. viro

FINLAND

1. suomi	6. finlandia	11. finlande
2. finland	7. finlandja	12. φινλανδία
3. finska	8. finnország	13. soomi
4. finskó	9. suomija	14. finnland
5. finländia	10. somija	15. finsko

FRANCE

1. francia	7. gallia	13. prancuzija
2. francie	8. france	14. franciaország
3. frankrig	9. france	15. franciaorszag
4. frankreich	10. francia	16. franza
5. prantsusmaa	11. francija	17. frankrijk
6. γαλλία	12. prancūzija	18. francja

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|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 19. frança | 57. champagne-ardenne | 94. guyane |
| 20. francúzsko | 58. champagneardenne | 95. martinique |
| 21. francuzsko | 59. corse | 96. reunion |
| 22. francija | 60. franche-comte | 97. réunion |
| 23. ranska | 61. franche-comté | 98. mayotte |
| 24. frankrike | 62. franchecomte | 99. saint-pierre-et-miquelon |
| 25. französischerepublik | 63. franchecomté | 100. saintpierreetmiquelon |
| 26. französische-republik | 64. haute-normandie | 101. polynesie-française |
| 27. französische_republik | 65. hautenormandie | 102. polynésie-française |
| 28. franzosischerepublik | 66. ile-de-France | 103. polynesie-francaise |
| 29. franzosische-republik | 67. île-de-France | 104. polynésie-francaise |
| 30. franzosische_republik | 68. iledeFrance | 105. polynesiefrançaise |
| 31. franzoesischerepublik | 69. îledeFrance | 106. polynésiefrançaise |
| 32. franzoesische-republik | 70. languedoc-roussillon | 107. polynesiefrancaise |
| 33. franzoesische_republik | 71. languedocroussillon | 108. polynésiefrancaise |
| 34. frenchrepublic | 72. limousin | 109. nouvelle-caledonie |
| 35. french-republic | 73. lorraine | 110. nouvelle-calédonie |
| 36. french_republic | 74. midi-pyrenees | 111. nouvellecaledonie |
| 37. republiquefrançaise | 75. midi-pyrénées | 112. nouvellecalédonie |
| 38. republique-française | 76. midipyrenees | 113. wallis-et-futuna |
| 39. republique_française | 77. midipyrénées | 114. wallisetfutuna |
| 40. républiquefrançaise | 78. nord-pas-de-calais | 115. terres-australes-et-antarctiques-françaises |
| 41. république-française | 79. nordpasdecalais | 116. terres-australes-et-antarctiques-françaises |
| 42. république_française | 80. paysdelaloire | 117. terresaustralesetantarctiquesfrançaises |
| 43. republiquefrançaise | 81. pays-de-la-loire | 118. terresaustralesetantarctique-françaises |
| 44. republique-française | 82. picardie | 119. saint-barthélémy |
| 45. republique_française | 83. poitou-charentes | 120. saintbarthélémy |
| 46. républiquefrançaise | 84. poitoucharentes | 121. saint-barthelemy |
| 47. république-française | 85. provence-alpes-cote-d-azur | 122. saintbarthelemy |
| 48. république_française | 86. provence-alpes-côte-d-azur | 123. saint-martin |
| 49. alsace | 87. provencealpescotedazur | 124. saintmartin |
| 50. auvergne | 88. provencealpescôtedazur | |
| 51. aquitaine | 89. rhone-alpes | |
| 52. basse-normandie | 90. rhône-alpes | |
| 53. bassenormandie | 91. rhonealpes | |
| 54. bourgogne | 92. rhônealpes | |
| 55. bretagne | 93. guadeloupe | |
| 56. centre | | |

GERMANY

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. deutschland | 5. allemagne | 9. germania |
| 2. federalrepublicofgermany | 6. republiquefederald'allemagne | 10. repubblicafederaledermania |
| 3. bundesrepublik-deutschland | 7. alemanna | 11. germany |
| 4. bundesrepublikdeutschland | 8. república federal de alemania | 12. federalrepublicofgermany |

▼M2

13. tyskland	56. Rheinland-Pfalz	99. hamborg
14. forbundsrepublikkentyskland	57. Rhineland-Palatinate	100. hamburgo
15. duitsland	58. Saarland	101. hambourg
16. bondsrepubliekduitsland	59. Sachsen	102. amburgo
17. nemecko	60. Sachsen-Anhalt	103. hamburgo
18. spolkovárepublikanemecko	61. Saxony	104. hanbao
19. alemania	62. Saxony-Anhalt	105. hamburuku
20. republicafederaldaalemanha	63. Schleswig-Holstein	106. hamburk
21. niemczech	64. Thüringen	107. hesse
22. republikafederalnaniemiec	65. Thuringia	108. hassia
23. németország	66. Baden-Wuerttemberg	109. nordrheinwestfalen
24. németországiszövetségitársaság	67. bade-wurtemberg	110. northrhinewestphalia
25. vokietijos	68. le-bade-wurtemberg	111. northrhine-westfalia
26. vokietijosfederacinerespublika	69. Baden-Wurttemberg	112. northrhinewestphalia
27. vacija	70. BadenWürttemberg	113. rhenanie-du-nord-westphalie
28. vacijasfederativarepublika	71. BadenWuerttemberg	114. rhenaniedunordwestphalie
29. däitschland	72. badewurtemberg	115. lasaxe
30. bundesrepublikdäitschland	73. lebadewurtemberg	116. sachsen
31. germanja	74. BadenWurttemberg	117. sajonia
32. republikafederalitagermanja	75. Baviera	118. sajónia
33. gearmaine	76. Bavière	119. saksen
34. poblachtnaidhmenagearmaine	77. Freistaat-Bayern	120. saksimaa
35. saksamaa	78. FreistaatBayern	121. saksio
36. saksamaaliitvabariik	79. Free-State-of-Bavaria	122. saksonia
37. nemcija	80. Stato-Libero-di-Baviera	123. saksonijos
38. zweznarepublikanemcija	81. Etat-Libre-Bavière	124. saška
39. γερμανία	82. Brandebourg	125. saska
40. saksa	83. Brandenburgo	126. sasko
41. saksanliittotasavalta	84. Brandenburgii	127. sassonia
42. Baden-Württemberg	85. freieundhansestadthamburg	128. saxe
43. Bavaria	86. freie-und-hansestadt-hamburg	129. saxonia
44. Bayern	87. freihansestadthamburg	130. saxónia
45. Berlin	88. freie-hansestadt-hamburg	131. szászország
46. Brandenburg	89. hansestadt-hamburg	132. szaszorszag
47. Bremen	90. hansestadthamburg	133. Σαξονία
48. Hamburg	91. stadthamburg	134. саксония
49. Hessen	92. stadt-hamburg	135. freistaat-sachsen
50. Lower-Saxony	93. hamburg-stadt	136. sorben
51. Mecklenburg-Western-Pomerania	94. hamburg	137. serbja
52. Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	95. landhamburg	138. Sorben-Wenden
53. niedersachsen	96. land-hamburg	139. Wenden
54. nordrhein-Westfalen	97. hamburku	140. lausitzer-sorben
55. northrhine-Westphalia	98. hampuriin	141. domowina

▼M2

GREECE

- | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. Grecia | 8. Griekenland | 15. Graikija |
| 2. Graekenland | 9. Grecia | 16. Gorogorszag |
| 3. Griechenland | 10. Kreikka | 17. Grecja |
| 4. Hellas | 11. Grekland | 18. Grecja |
| 5. Greece | 12. Recko | 19. Grecko |
| 6. Grece | 13. Kreeka | |
| 7. Grecia | 14. Graecia | 20. Grcija |

HUNGARY

- | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. magyarkoztarsasag | 18. hongrie | 35. ουγγαρια |
| 2. republicofhungary | 19. ungarn | 36. ουγρικιδεμοκρατια |
| 3. republiquehongrie | 20. hungria | 37. nyugatdunántúl |
| 4. republikungarn | 21. ungheria | 38. középdunántúl |
| 5. republicadehungria | 22. ungern | 39. déldunántúl |
| 6. repubblicadiungheria | 23. unkari | 40. középmagyarország |
| 7. republicadahungria | 24. hongarije | 41. északmagyarország |
| 8. ungerskarepubliken | 25. wegry | 42. északalföld |
| 9. unkarintasavalta | 26. madarsko | 43. délalföld |
| 10. denungarskerepublik | 27. ungari | 44. nyugatdunantul |
| 11. derepublikhongarije | 28. ungarija | 45. kozepdunantul |
| 12. republikawegierska | 29. vengrija | 46. deldunantul |
| 13. ungarivabariik | 30. magyarköztertasaság | 47. kozepmagyarorszag |
| 14. ungarijasrepublika | 31. magyarország | 48. eszakmagyarorszag |
| 15. vengrijosrespublika | 32. madarskarepublika | 49. eszakalfold |
| 16. magyarorszag | 33. republikamadzarska | 50. delalfold |
| 17. hungary | 34. madzarsko | |

IRELAND

- | | | |
|------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| 1. irlanda | 9. Airija | 17. irlanti |
| 2. irsko | 10. Írország | 18. irland |
| 3. irland | 11. L-Irlanda | 19. .irlande |
| 4. iirimaa | 12. ipλανδία | 20. Ipλανδία |
| 5. ireland | 13. ierland | 21. irlande |
| 6. irlande | 14. irlandia | 22. republicofireland |
| 7. irlanda | 15. Írsko | 23. eire |
| 8. Írija | 16. irska | |

ITALY

- | | | |
|------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. Repubblica-Italiana | 6. Italien | 11. Itálie |
| 2. RepubblicaItaliana | 7. Italija | 12. Italie |
| 3. Italia | 8. Itália | 13. Olaszország |
| 4. Italy | 9. Italië | 14. Itālija |
| 5. Italian | 10. Italien | 15. Włochy |

▼M2

- | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 16. Itália | 24. Emilia-Romagna | 32. Puglia |
| 17. Italja | 25. Friuli-VeneziaGiulia | 33. Sardegna |
| 18. Taliansko | 26. Lazio | 34. Sicilia |
| 19. Itaalia | 27. Liguria | 35. Toscana |
| 20. Abruzzo | 28. Lombardia | 36. Trentino-AltoAdige |
| 21. Basilicata | 29. Marche | 37. Umbria |
| 22. Calabria | 30. Molise | 38. Valled'Aosta |
| 23. Campania | 31. Piemonte | 39. Veneto |

LATVIA

- | | | |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Λετονία | 8. Latvija | 15. Letonia |
| 2. Lettorszag | 9. Lettland | 16. Lettonie |
| 3. Latvja | 10. Latvia | 17. Lettonia |
| 4. Letland | 11. Lotyssko | 18. Republicoflatvia |
| 5. Lotwa | 12. Letland | |
| 6. Letonia | 13. Lettland | |
| 7. Lotyssko | 14. Lati | 19. Latvijskajarespublika |

LITHUANIA

- | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. lietuva | 25. suduva | 49. republic_litauen |
| 2. leedu | 26. lietuvos-respublika | 50. δημοκρατιατησλιθουανιας |
| 3. liettua | 27. lietuvos_respublika | 51. δημοκρατια-της-λιθουανιας |
| 4. litauen | 28. lietuvosrespublika | 52. δημοκρατια_της_λιθουανιας |
| 5. lithouania | 29. republic-of-lithuania | 53. δημοκρατιατηςΛιθουανιας |
| 6. lithuania | 30. republic_of_lithuania | 54. δημοκρατια-της-Λιθουανιας |
| 7. litouwen | 31. republiclithuania | 55. δημοκρατια_της_Αιθουανιας |
| 8. lituania | 32. republicoflithuania | 56. repubblicadilituania |
| 9. lituanie | 33. republique-de-lituanie | 57. repubblica-di-lituania |
| 10. litva | 34. republique_de_lituanie | 58. repubblica_di_lituania |
| 11. litván | 35. republiquetlituanie | 59. republieklitouwen |
| 12. litvania | 36. republiquedelituanie | 60. republiek-litouwen |
| 13. litvanya | 37. republica-de-lituania | 61. republiek_litouwen |
| 14. litwa | 38. republica_de_lituania | 62. republicadalituania |
| 15. litwanja | 39. republicalituania | 63. republica-da-lituania |
| 16. liettuan | 40. republicadelituania | 64. republica_da_lituania |
| 17. litevská | 41. litovskajarespublika | 65. liettuantasavalta |
| 18. lietuvias | 42. litovskaja-respublika | 66. liettuan-tasavalta |
| 19. litwy | 43. litovskaja_respublika | 67. liettuan_tasavalta |
| 20. litovska | 44. litauensrepublik | 68. republikenLitauen |
| 21. aukstaitija | 45. litauens-republik | 69. republiken-litauen |
| 22. zemaitija | 46. litauens_republic | 70. republiken_litauen |
| 23. dzukija | 47. republiklitauen | 71. litevskárepublika |
| 24. suvalkija | 48. republik-litauen | 72. litevská-republika |

▼M2

73. litevská_republika	81. litván-köztársaság	89. litovskarepublika
74. leeduvabariik	82. litván_köztársaság	90. litovska-republika
75. leedu_vabariik	83. repubblikatallitwanja	91. litovska_republika
76. leedu_vabariik	84. repubblika-tal-litwanja	92. republikalitva
77. lietuvasrepublika	85. repubblika_tal_litwanja	93. republika-litva
78. lietuvas-republika	86. republikalitwy	
79. lietuvas_republika	87. republika-litwy	
80. litvánköztársaság	88. republika_litwy	94. republika_litva

LUXEMBOURG

1. luxembourg	2. luxemburg	3. letzebuerg
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MALTA

1. malta	6. therpublicofmalta	11. maltarepubblika
2. malte	7. the-republic-of-malta	
3. melita	8. repubblikatamalta	12. gozo
4. republicofmalta	9. repubblika-ta-malta	
5. republic-of-malta	10. maltarepublic	13. ghawdex

NETHERLANDS

1. nederland	4. netherlands	7. dieniederlande
2. holland	5. lespaysbas	8. lospaisesbajos
3. thenetherlands	6. hollande	9. holanda

POLAND

1. rzeczpospolitapolska	5. polonia	9. pologne
2. rzeczpospolita_polska	6. lenkija	10. polsko
3. rzeczpospolita-polksa	7. poland	11. poola
4. polska	8. polen	12. puola

PORTUGAL

1. republicaportuguesa	14. beja	27. setubal
2. portugal	15. braga	28. vianadocastelo
3. portugália	16. bragança	29. viseu
4. portugalia	17. castelobranco	30. vilareal
5. portugali	18. coimbra	31. madeira
6. portugalska	19. evora	32. açores
7. portugalsko	20. faro	33. alentejo
8. portogallo	21. guarda	34. algarve
9. portugalija	22. leiria	35. altoalentejo
10. portekiz	23. lisboa	36. baixoalentejo
11. πορτογαλία	24. portalegre	
12. portugále	25. porto	
13. aveiro	26. santarem	37. beiraalta

▼M2

38. beirabaixa	42. douro	46. minho
39. beirainterior	43. dourolitoral	47. ribatejo
40. beiralitoral	44. entredouroeminho	48. tras-os-montes-e-alto-douro
41. beiratransmontana	45. estremadura	49. acores

ROMANIA

1. românia	8. roménia	15. rumunija
2. romania	9. romênia	16. rumeenia
3. roumanie	10. romenia	17. ρουμανία
4. rumänien	11. rumunia	18. románia
5. rumanien	12. rumunsko	19. rumanija
6. rumanía	13. romunija	
7. rumänen	14. rumânia	20. roemenië

SLOVAKIA

1. slowakische-republik	28. slovakiantasavalta	55. σλοβακικη
2. republique-slovaque	29. szlovakkoztarsasag	56. slovakien
3. slovakiki-dimokratia	30. slovakrepublic	57. république-slovaque
4. slovenska-republika	31. repubblicaslovacca	58. slovenská-republika
5. slovakiske-republik	32. slovakijasrepublika	59. szlovák-köztársaság
6. slovaki-vabariik	33. slovakijosrespublika	60. slovákijos-respublika
7. slovakian-tasavalta	34. repubblicaslovacka	61. republika-słowacka
8. slovakidimokratia	35. slowaakserepubliek	62. república-eslovaca
9. slovakiki-dimokratia	36. republikaslowacka	63. slovaška-republika
10. szlovak-koztarsasag	37. republiqueslovaca	64. slovačka-republika
11. slovak-public	38. slovaskarepublika	65. lýdveldid-slovakia
12. repubblica-slovacca	39. republiqueslovaca	66. républiqueslovaque
13. slovakijas-republika	40. slovakiskarepubliken	67. slovenskárepublika
14. slovakijos-respublika	41. σλοβακικηδημοκρατια	68. szlovákköztársaság
15. repubblika-slovakka	42. slowakei	69. slovákijosrespublika
16. slowaakse-republiek	43. slovaquie	70. republikaslowacka
17. republika-slowacka	44. slovakia	71. repúblicaeslovaca
18. republika-eslovaca	45. slovensko	72. slovaškarepublika
19. slovaska-republika	46. slovakiet	73. slovačkarepublika
20. republika-eslovaca	47. slovakkia	74. lýdveldidslovakia
21. slovakiska-republiken	48. szlovakia	75. szlovákia
22. σλοβακικη-δημοκρατια	49. slovacchia	76. slovákija
23. slowakischederepublik	50. slovakija	77. slowacijja
24. republiqueslovaque	51. slowakije	78. slovaška
25. slovenskarepublika	52. slowacija	
26. slovakiskerepublik	53. eslovaquia	
27. slovakivabariik	54. slovaska	79. slovačka

▼M2

SLOVENIA

- | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. slovenija | 7. eslovenia | 13. szlovenkoztarsasag |
| 2. slovenia | 8. republikaslovenija | 14. szloven-koztarsasag |
| 3. slowenien | 9. republika-slovenija | |
| 4. slovenie | 10. republicofslovenia | 15. repubblicadislovenia |
| 5. la-slovenie | 11. republic-of-slovenia | |
| 6. laslovenie | 12. szlovenia | 16. repubblica-di-slovenia |

SPAIN

- | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. españa | 36. gobiernodearagon | 71. comunidadautonomadeextremadura |
| 2. reinodeespana | 37. gobiernoaragón | 72. comunidadautónomadeextremadura |
| 3. reino-de-espana | 38. principadodeasturias | 73. xuntadegalicia |
| 4. espagne | 39. principaudasturias | 74. comunidadautonomadegalicia |
| 5. espana | 40. asturias | 75. comunidaautónomadegalicia |
| 6. espanha | 41. asturies | 76. comunidadautonomadegalicia |
| 7. espanja | 42. illesbalears | 77. comunidadautónomadegalicia |
| 8. espanya | 43. islasbaleares | 78. larioja |
| 9. hispaania | 44. canarias | 79. gobiernodelarioja |
| 10. hiszpania | 45. gobiernodecanarias | 80. comunidadmadrid |
| 11. ispanija | 46. canaryisland | 81. madridregion |
| 12. spagna | 47. kanarischeinseln | 82. regionmadrid |
| 13. spain | 48. cantabria | 83. madrid |
| 14. spanielsko | 49. gobiernodecantabria | 84. murciaregion |
| 15. spanien | 50. castillalamancha | 85. murciaregión |
| 16. spanija | 51. castilla-lamancha | 86. murciaregione |
| 17. spanje | 52. castillayleon | 87. murciaregiao |
| 18. reinodeespaña | 53. castillayleón | 88. regiondemurcia |
| 19. reino-de-españa | 54. juntadecastillayleon | 89. regióndemurcia |
| 20. španielsko | 55. juntadecastillayleón | 90. regionofmurcia |
| 21. spānija | 56. generalitatdecatalunya | 91. regionvonmurcia |
| 22. španija | 57. generalitatdecataluña | 92. regiondimurcia |
| 23. španiělsko | 58. catalunya | 93. regiaodomurcia |
| 24. esplainia | 59. cataluña | 94. navarra |
| 25. ispania | 60. katalonien | 95. nafarroa |
| 26. ισπανία | 61. catalonia | 96. navarre |
| 27. andalucia | 62. catalogna | 97. navarracomunidadforal |
| 28. andalucía | 63. catalogue | 98. nafarroaforukomunitatea |
| 29. andalousie | 64. catalonië | 99. nafarroaforuerkidegoa |
| 30. andalusia | 65. katalonias | 100. communauteforaledenavarre |
| 31. andalusien | 66. catalunha | 101. communautéforaledenavarre |
| 32. juntadeandalucia | 67. kataloniens | 102. foralcommunityofnavarra |
| 33. juntadeandalucía | 68. katalonian | 103. paisvasco |
| 34. aragon | 69. catalonië | |
| 35. aragón | 70. extremadura | 104. paísvasco |

▼M2

105. euskadi	114. gobiernovasco	123. comunidad-valenciana
106. euskalherria	115. euskoaurilaritzia	124. comunidadvalenciana
107. paisbasc	116. governbasc	125. comunitat-valenciana
108. basquecountry	117. basquegovernment	126. comunitatvalenciana
109. paysbasque	118. gouvernementbasque	
110. paesebasco	119. governobasco	127. ceuta
111. baskenland	120. baskischeregierung	128. gobiernoceuta
112. paisbasco	121. baskitschebestuur	129. melilla
113. χώρατωνβάσκων	122. κυβέρνησητωνβάσκων	130. gobiernomelilla

SWEDEN

1. suecia	13. suede	25. konungariketsverige
2. reinodesuecia	14. royaumedesuède	26. švédsko
3. sverige	15. royaumedesuede	27. rootsi
4. kongerietsverige	16. svezia	28. svedija
5. schweden	17. regnодisvezia	29. svéderszag
6. königreichschweden	18. zweden	30. svedorszag
7. konigreichschweden	19. koninkrijkweden	
8. σουηδία	20. suécia	31. 1-isvezja
9. ΒασίλειοτηςΣουηδίας	21. reinodasuécia	32. szweja
10. sweden	22. reinodasuecia	33. švedska
11. kingdomofsweden	23. ruotsi	
12. suède	24. ruotsinkuningaskunta	34. svedska

UNITED KINGDOM

1. unitedkingdom	6. great_britain	11. northern-ireland
2. united-kingdom	7. britain	12. northern_ireland
3. united_kingdom	8. cymru	
4. greatbritain	9. england	13. scotland
5. great-britain	10. northernireland	14. wales

2. List of names per country and the countries that can reserve them

CROATIA

1. croatia	11. kroatië	21. horvātija
2. kroatia	12. kroatie	22. horvatija
3. kroatien	13. chorwacja	23. kroatija
4. kroatien	14. κροατία	24. kroazja
5. croazia	15. chorvatsko	25. chorvátsko
6. kroatien	16. charvátsko	
7. croacia	17. horvaatia	26. chrovatsko
8. croatie	18. kroaatia	
9. horvátország	19. croácia	27. hrvaška
10. horvatorszag	20. croacia	28. hrvaska

▼M2**ICELAND**

- | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. arepublicadeislândia | 16. islandrepublik | 31. repubblicadiislanda |
| 2. dejslandrepubliek | 17. islandskylosejnik | 32. republikataisland |
| 3. deijslandrepubliek | 18. islannintasavalta | 33. republicoficeland |
| 4. derepubliekvanijsland | 19. islanti | 34. republikaisland |
| 5. derepubliekvanijsland | 20. izland | 35. republikaislandia |
| 6. iceland | 21. ísland | 36. republikavisland |
| 7. icelandrepublic | 22. íslenskalýðveldið | 37. republikkenisland |
| 8. iepublikaislande | 23. köztársaságizland | 38. republikvonisland |
| 9. ijsland | 24. larepubblicadiislanda | 39. repúblicareislandia |
| 10. island | 25. larepública deislandia | 40. repúblicareislândia |
| 11. islanda | 26. larépubliquedislande | 41. républiquedislande |
| 12. islande | 27. lislande | 42. ΔημοκρατίατηςΙσλανδίας |
| 13. islandia | 28. lýðveldiðíslанд | 43. Ισλανδία |
| 14. islândia | 29. puklerkaislandska | |
| 15. islandica | 30. rahvavabariikisland | |

LIECHTENSTEIN

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. fyrstendømmetliechtenstein | 9. principatodelliechtenstein | 17. furstendømetliechtenstein |
| 2. fürstentumliechtenstein | 10. lichtensteinokunigaikštystė | 18. lichtenštajnskékniežatstvo |
| 3. principalityofliechtenstein | 11. lihtensteinasfirstiste | 19. kneževinolihtenštajn |
| 4. liechtensteinivürstiriiki | 12. prinčipalitátal-liechtenstein | 20. principadodeliechtenstein |
| 5. liechtensteininruhtinaskunta | 13. vorstedomliechtenstein | 21. lichtenštejnskéknížectví |
| 6. principautédeliechtenstein | 14. fyrstedømmetliechtenstein | 22. lichtensteinihercegség |
| 7. πριγκιπάτοτουλιχτενσ्टाइν | 15. księstwoliechtenstein | |
| 8. furstadæmisinsliechtensteins | 16. principadodoliechtenstein | |

NORWAY

- | | | |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. norge | 9. norvégia | 17. Nopßηγία |
| 2. noreg | 10. norsko | 18. norvegia |
| 3. norway | 11. nórsko | 19. norveđja |
| 4. norwegen | 12. norra | 20. norveska |
| 5. norvege | 13. norja | 21. norveška |
| 6. norvège | 14. norvegija | 22. norwegia |
| 7. noruega | 15. norvëđija | 23. norga |
| 8. norvegia | 16. noorwegen | |

TURKEY

- | | | |
|------------|-----------------------|--|
| 1. turkiye | 3. turkiyecumhuriyeti | |
| 2. türkiye | 4. türkiyecumhuriyeti | |