## Request for a preliminary ruling from the Högsta domstolen (Sweden) lodged on 20 October 2014 — Canadian Oil Company Sweden AB, Anders Rantén v Riksåklagaren

(Case C-472/14)

(2014/C 448/19)

Language of the case: Swedish

## Referring court

Högsta domstolen

## Parties to the main proceedings

Applicants: Canadian Oil Company Sweden AB, Anders Rantén

Defendant: Riksåklagaren

## Questions referred

- 1) Does it run counter to REACH (¹) that a person who, in the course of a business, imports a chemical product into Sweden in respect of which there is an obligation to notify under REACH must notify it in accordance with the Swedish legislation to the Kemikalieinspektionen for registration in the Swedish product register?
- 2) If the answer to question 1 is negative, does the Swedish obligation to notify run counter to Article 34 TFEU, having regard to the exceptions in Article 36 TFEU?

<sup>(</sup>¹) Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC (OJ 2006 L 396, p. 1).